PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

KILLED HIS BROTHER.

THE PREMATURE DISCHARGE OF A GUN THE CAUSE.

The Child Survives Twenty-four Hours.—Medical Skill Unavailing.—The Weapon Defective.

A wild rumor was circulated on the streets of this city this morning to the effect that the body of a murdered boy had been found in a woods near Westfield.

A News reporter boarded the 11.39 a. m. train and investigated the story. He first sought Constable J. M. C. Marsh, but that gentleman had heard nothing of it the while.

He in company with the reporter, however, visited the residence of Dr. J. B. Harrison and ascertained that a fourteen-year-old son of William Kissam's had shot his brother Fred.

The facts are as follows: "Charles saw a horse bird flying over his father's farm and went into the house for the purpose of procuring his gun and killing it. After he had loaded the weapon and sauntered out his little brother followed him. Charles told him to go back to the house, at the same time turning around with his finger on the trigger on the gun. How the weapon was discharged nobody will ever know, but little Freddie fell to the ground with a heart-rending scream. Charles unconscious of what he had done ran to his brother's assistance and carried him into the house.

Dr. Harrison was hastily summoned, but his skill could not save the little fellow's life and he died yesterday morning at about one o'clock.

A post mortem examination revealed the fact that the load of shot from the gun had penetrated the right lung.

Charles, the principal of the affair is inconsolable and he walks around the house in a dazed condition refusing to partake of any food whatever. He has not been arrested.

The parents live on a farm on the Rahway road about three miles from Westfield and are well to do people.

Dr. Harrison says that he and Mr. Kissam examined the gun yesterday afternoon and found that it was defective. That fact probably accounts for its premature discharge.

New Jersey Census Figures.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The population of the Second New Jersey district was announced by the Census Bureau to-day by counties as follows:

Hudson, 274,855; increase, 86,911. Hunterdon, 35,315; increase, 3,255. Mercer, 79,803; increase, 21,742. Middlesex, 59,487; increase, 9,901. Monmouth, 39,206; increase, 1,138. Union, 73,321; increase, 16,750. Total 550,071: increase, 130,477, or 31.10 per cent.

The population of Bayonne is 18,906; increase, 9,624; Elizabeth City, 37,670, increase, 9,441; Harrison, 8,538, increase, 1,030; Hoboken, 43,661, increase, 12,585; Jersey City, 181,967, increase, 46,901; Lambertville, 34,126, decrease, 45; New Brunswick, 18,450, increase, 1,393; Perth Amboy, 9,446, increase, 4,665; Plainfield, 11,250, increase, 3,125; Rahway, 7,000, increase, 625; Trenton, 58,488, increase, 18,378.

K. of P. Grand Lodge Officers.

On the first meeting night in September nominations for Grand Lodge officers will be made in every lodge room in the State. The list of candidates is as follows:

Grand Chancellor—John Ulrich, Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, Plainfield.

Grand Vice Chancellor—Charles W. Kilhourn, Friendship, No. 30.

Grand Prelate—Walter F. Hayhurst, Lone Star Lodge, No. 16.

Grand K. of R. and S.—Geo. E. Pierson, Mariola Lodge, No. 9; Leslie S. Meeker, Palisade Lodge, No. 87.

Grand Master of R.—C. V. Wilson, Ocean Lodge, No. 83.

G. M. of A.—Peter L. Crusser, Seaside Lodge, No. 47.

Supreme Representative—W. H. McCullough, Vista Lodge, No. 40.

Fined Four Dollars.

"I'm in one and their is a reward offered for my whereabouts. I escaped from the lunatic asylum." Those were the words that greeted Policeman Giese when he awoke a man who was asleep on the sidewalk at the corner of Front and Somerset streets Friday evening. Mr. Giese saw that the fellow was intoxicated and took him to the station house. Saturday morning when arraigned before City Judge Codington he gave his name as James Haley. He pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness and a four dollar fine was imposed.

Council Meeting.

The city Common Council met in regular session at eight o'clock last evening. In the absence of President Moffett, City Clerk Coward called the meeting to order.

On motion of Mr. Spangenberg Mr. Hetfield was elected chairman.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved as corrected, after which the meeting adjourned to meet again to-morrow.

The Germans Shoot.

The shooting section of the Gesang and Turning Society indulged in a shoot yesterday morning in Keller's grove. For some time past there has been a lively competition for a $60 prize which was to be awarded to the best marksman. Mr. Christopher Bittel proved to be the lucky man. The day's festivities concluded with a ball in the society's hall on Somerset street.

Runaway Accident at Westfield.

A horse belonging to William Bilger ran away on North avenue, Westfield, shortly after twelve o'clock this afternoon. In turning a corner the wagon to which the animal was attached collided with another vehicle driven by a surveyor, overturning it, very little damage resulting.

REFORM HALL SUNDAY MEETING.

Mr. J. H. Titsworth Speaks on Prohibition in Kansas.

Mr. J. H. Titsworth of Nortonville, Kan., now spending a few weeks among relatives and friends in this city, was the speaker at the Reform Hall meeting Sabbay evening.

An old resident of Kansas, and fresh from that state, as well as a man of intelligence and a close observer, he seemed well qualified to speak on the subject, and justified the expectations.

He declared the experience of the State under ten years of Prohibition of the liquor traffic under the constitutional amendment, as being so satisfactory that public sentiment is overwhelmingly in its favor.

The amendment was adopted in 1880, with the election of St. John as Governor. He was re-elected, but was defeated for a third term, not because of any change in public sentiment, but because of a repugnance to third terms—the same which defeated in convention so popular a man as Gen. Grant.

In the defeat of St. John however the whisky element, misjudging public sentiment, took courage, considering themselves masters of the situation.

There was a lukewarmness about the enforcement of the laws, until the next election, when John A. Martin, in 1884, was elected Governor on the Republican ticket by a majority never before known. The Republican party in Kansas means prohibition, and the election of Governor Martin meant that people were determined more than ever not to have the liquor traffic renewed in the State.

Under his predecessor's regime the story got abroad that prohibition in Kansas did not prohibit. Governor Martin *"did* it didn't. *But Gov. Martin believed in* respecting the wishes of the people and upholding the laws.

The rum element soon realized to their cost that prohibition in Kansas did prohibit beyond all question. They tried to work the third party dodge and other like schemes, but failed.

Before the Supreme Court decision on the original package law the saloons were all virtually closed, and it was as rare to see a drunken man on the streets as an infuriated animal. After the Supreme Court decision saloon-keepers came cringing and sneaking from out-of-the-way places, but with the later law enacted by Congress they soon disappeared, well knowing that a saloon cannot exist in Kansas with public sentiment as it is.

The croakers and opposers of Prohibition in Kansas and elsewhere have boldly asserted that it would drive out capitalists and retard immigration. The facts by way of figures may speak for themselves.

From the estimate sent out from Washington last week by a member of Supt. Porter's staff Kansas increased in population more than the most sanguine had hoped, and by several hundred thousand more than the general estimate. The republicans there have been claiming that the State has not gained over 200,000, but the count shows a gain of nearly 700,000.

The resubmission papers and whisky organs in Nebraska have counted much on the argument that Nebraska has outstripped Kansas in the last ten years, but the count gives Kansas 684,000 gain to that in Nebraska of 555,000. In numerical increase among the 42 States Kansas stands fourth, New York and Pennsylvania are about tied for first place, Illinois is second, and Ohio third. Illinois is third with about 723,000 gained, Kansas comes next with 689,000 gain. Kansas can take special pride in view of the last few years of hard times and misfortunes, and of the efforts of the liquor press and of the Democratic party to keep people from the State by false statements about its condition and growth. Without a single city of 50,000 inhabitants Kansas rivals New York and Pennsylvania and nearly passes Illinois in growth. Cut out Chicago, Philadelphia and Brooklyn, and Kansas would show the greatest growth in the country. Wisconsin with 1,062,000 people and Kansas with 1,080,000 are close rivals for the 15th State in population. Ten years ago Kansas was barely the 30th, Wisconsin is one of the States (with its big Milwaukee breweries) that has been credited by the resubmissionists with getting our share of German immigration, but Wisconsin which ties Kansas now for 15th place is where it was ten years ago, scarcely moving while Kansas has passed North Carolina, New Jersey, Alabama and Mississippi. A great deal might be said of this remarkable growth of Kansas. It kills re-submission, but the record speaks for itself in language more eloquent than any comment.

The effectiveness of Prohibition in Kansas is shown in the shortening of the criminal dockets. Governor Humphrey says on this point: "January 1, 1889, the number of convicts in the penitentiary of this State was 215, or one to every 1,087 inhabitants January 1, 1875, the number of convicts was 445, or one to every 1,214 inhabitants. In 1880, the number was 638, or one to every 1,373 inhabitants. In 1885 the number was 674, or one to every 1,885. On January 1, 1889, the number was 961, or one to every 1,921 inhabitants. On January 1, 1887, there were 805 State prisoners in the penitentiary against 961 on January 1, 1889, and 861, January 1, 1888. There are about 60,000 convict felons in the prisons of the United States, or about one to each 1,000 population. Kansas has about one to every 2,000 population." In the judicial district which embraces the Capital the docket of the district court last January did not contain a single case. Governor Martin, in his message of 1889, stated that many of the "jails are empty, and all show a marked falling off in the number of prisoners confined." He also added that the expenses of our larger police courts has dwindled to one-fourth its former proportions, while in cities of the second and third class the occupation of police authorities is practically gone."

Kansas was the pioneer battle ground for freedom and maintainance of the Union. It has been the banner State for temperance and prohibition, and the citizens of that prosperous commonwealth point with pride to the fact that her prosperity and growth in population are due in part to temperance and prohibition.

CRESCENTS WIN ALL.

THREE DIFFERENT TEAMS VANQUISHED.

By the Almost Invincible Crescents.—The Hard Contest With the Cuban Giants.

CRESCENTS VS. CUBAN GIANTS.

The Crescents had met the Gothams, and been successful. That club was reported to be superior to all other colored clubs, and a victory over the Cuban Giants was deemed a forgone conclusion.

A great assemblage gathered to see the game, and it will long be remembered by all who were present.

The Cuban nine far excelled that of the Gothams. Their infield playing was fine. Not an error, not a break. Every ball stopped and thrown with unerring accuracy, and each a death to a Crescent.

But a single error was made by them throughout the nine innings. A ball struck by McIndoe went above second base. Bell, the second baseman, went after it but could not grasp it so as to hold it, and McIndoe was safe. It could have been caught by the centre fielder.

This single error cost the the Cubans the game. It happened in the ninth inning. Until then seventeen round O's had been marked on the bulletin. Two men were out, the error gave McIndoe his life. Gregg followed and sent a fair ball near the foul line, but between the spectators. McIndoe came home with the only and winning run. The contest closing with a score of 1 to 0.

The Cubans one and all played admirably, but he who attracted most attention was B. Jackson on first base, whose fine playing has not been excelled, if equalled, by any one occupying that position this season.

If the Cubans did so well how came the Crescents to win? He who earned and carried off the honors was Gregg. His magnificent delivery held those hard batters down to a few scattering hits, and coolness and judgement in putting out a runner on third instead of sending it to first prevented a Cuban run. He was excellently supported. But three errors were made, and the score of 1 to 0 shows how close and even was the struggle.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	DE	PO	A	E	1B	SO	LB
Hatfield, r.f.....	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Martin, s.s.....	4	0	3	1	0	3	0	1	0	1
Lafferty, 3b...	4	0	3	1	2	3	1	0	0	1
Woods, 2b.....	4	0	3	1	2	2	0	1	0	0
McIndoe, l.f....	4	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	1	0
Gregg, p.....	4	0	3	1	1	6	1	0	0	0
Bell, c.f.....	4	0	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Jones, c.....	3	0	3	0	7	1	0	0	0	0
Gillis, c.f.....	3	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
	30	1	26	4	27	14	3	1	1	3

CUBAN GIANTS.

Boyd, c.f.....	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bell, 2b.....	3	0	2	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
Jackson, 1b.....	3	0	2	0	2	0	5	0	0	3
Garrison, s.s...	4	0	3	1	2	4	0	0	0	1
B. Jackson, r.f..	4	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Nelson, l.f.....	4	0	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Catto, r.f.....	4	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	1
W. Jackson, c...	4	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Douglas, p.....	3	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	2	1
	35	0	27	6	26	14	1	1	3	7

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Cuban Giants..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned runs—Crescents, 0; Cuban Giants, 0. Two base hits—Gregg, Bell, Jones, Crescents, 2; Cuban Giants, 7. Base on balls—Boyd, Woods, Douglas, Hatfield 2, Gillis. Passed ball—W. Jackson. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—W. Berryman.

CRESCENTS DEFEAT THE ALERTS.

Labor Day morning those clubs met for the first time. For four innings the game was very evenly played, the score being tied 2 to 2 in favor of the Crescents. Afterward the Alerts went to pieces, the Crescents making 13 runs in the next five innings, and the Alerts two. The score at the close being 14 to 2.

The Crescents' batters, Shaw and Hatfield, was too powerful for the Alerts, and the fine support of the Crescents' field gave them an easy victory.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	BE	PO	A	E	LS	BB	SB
Hatfield, c.....	5	2	3	1	9	0	0	0	0	2
Martin, s.s....	5	3	3	0	1	2	2	0	0	1
Lafferty, 3b...	5	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	1
Woods, 2b....	4	3	2	2	2	3	0	0	0	1
McIndoe, l.f....	4	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	1	2
Jones, r.f.....	5	0	3	2	1	0	0	2	1	0
Bell, 1b.....	4	0	3	1	11	1	0	0	0	0
Shaw, p.....	4	0	4	0	2	2	1	0	0	0
Gillis, c.f.....	4	2	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	40	14	24	12	27	15	3	5	5	10

ALERTS.

Cook, c.f.....	4	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Liddy, 3b.....	4	0	4	1	2	5	0	0	0	0
Hagan, p.....	4	0	4	1	2	2	0	0	0	0
Ogden, 2b.....	4	1	3	0	4	3	2	0	0	1
Schwabe, s.s...	3	0	3	1	1	2	1	1	0	0
Reed, 1b.....	4	0	3	1	11	1	1	0	0	0
Ahern, l.f.....	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mills, r.f.....	3	0	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0
Chandler, c.f...	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	33	2	27	4	24	15	5	2	0	1

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	1	0	0	0	6	2	1	4	0	—14
Alerts.....	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Crescents, 8; Alerts, 0. Home runs—Shaw. Two base hits—Woods, Jones. Base on balls—Off Shaw—Schwabe, Beebe, Off Mills—McIndoe. Hit with ball—Wagstaff, Passed ball—Cook, 2. Wild pitch—Shaw, 1. Struck out by Shaw—10; by Mills, 4. Flies caught—Crescents, 5; Alerts, 3. Time of game—2:40. Umpire—W. Berryman.

CRESCENTS VS. RIDGWOODS.

At their first meeting with Arawa, Star Athletic, Trenton and Ridgwood clubs had each been successful. The Crescents have since met the first two and returned the compliment with interest, by shutting them out.

Labor Day afternoon the Crescents met the Ridgwoods for the second time, and the most interesting game was awaited as to the result, as it is the strongest organization that ever visited this city.

Our crowded columns prevent a full description.

The Ridgwoods started with Hammond in the box. He retired after three innings, the Crescents batting him freely. Livingston succeeded and pitched the remainder of the game with better success.

Gregg and Jones were the battery of the Crescents, and they put up a great game. The support was excellent, Lee playing in fine form, and McIndoe doing admirable work in the field.

After a brilliant and close contest the Crescents won by a score of 4 to 3.

Never was there such attendance, every seat was occupied, many were standing and two sides were completely lined with carriages.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	BE	PO	A	E	LS	BB	SB
Hatfield, rf.....	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Martin, ss.....	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	0	2	1
Lafferty, 3b...	4	0	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
Woods, 2b.....	3	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	1
Wagstaff, 1b...	3	0	3	1	10	0	0	0	0	1
Lee, cf.....	3	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
McIndoe, lf....	3	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gregg, p.....	3	0	3	1	0	4	0	0	0	0
Jones, c.....	3	0	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	1
Lee, 2b.....	3	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	28	4	24	6	27	12	1	1	2	5

RIDGWOODS.

Rymne, cf.....	3	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Heber, lf.....	4	1	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
Haley, c-rf.....	3	1	3	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Brant, c.....	4	0	3	0	9	1	0	0	1	0
Gates, 2b.....	3	0	3	0	3	5	0	1	1	0
Fritz, c-rf.....	4	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Lambach, 3b...	4	0	3	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
Leinbach, 1b...	4	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
Hammond, p...	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Livingston, p...	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	31	3	27	5	24	15	5	6	2	1

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents.....	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	—4
Ridgwoods.....	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	—3

Earned runs—Crescents 2, Ridgwood 1. Three base hit—Lafferty. Two base hits—Wagstaff, McIndoe, Rymne, Heber. Base on balls—Hammond 1 off Livingston 1, Hatfield 1 off Livingston 1. Struck out by Hammond 1, Martin, Wagstaff, Lee; off Gregg, Rymne, Hayley, Gates, Leinbach. Struck out by Livingston 3, Fritz 2. Passed ball—Haley 2. Wild pitch—Livingston 1, Hammond 1. Flies caught—Crescents, 5; Ridgwood 5. Time of game—1:35. Umpire—W. Berryman.

Washingtonville Wisps.

The Misses Lottie and Fannie Roast are spending a week's vacation at Mrs. Bicknells.

The schoolhouse grounds are being graded and paths made and covered with cracked stone.

The school opened to-day, the new school teacher, Mr. McGifford, in charge.

Miss Stam and Miss Philips of Brooklyn, sojourning at Mr. Beeching's returned home to-day.

Miss R. H. Halstead, a guest during the past week at the Misses Milligan's, returned to-day to Brooklyn, where she resides.

The Stars of the Valley this morning were defeated by the Actives, of Stony Hill, at a game of base ball, score 25 to 24.

There was an exceedingly interesting meeting at the chapel Sunday evening, led by Mr. H. Boyd of Potter's Press Works, a most effective speaker.

Rev. Dr. Bateman officiated at the wedding of Miss Fannie Titus to Mr. Alfred J. Wines Monday afternoon at four o'clock. The relatives and friends present numbered about fifty, and the presents were beautiful and numerous.

The Grocers' Excursion.

The grocers of this city went on an excursion yesterday to Boynton Beach. For some time past it had been thoroughly advertised, and when the train left the depot yesterday morning there were not cars enough to accommodate the people who had purchased tickets to participate in the festivities. Consequently about three hundred persons were compelled to abandon the idea of eating clams. Fully eight hundred people accompanied the grocers, however, and all were well satisfied with the pleasant day they had spent.

The Grocers' Association are not to blame for the disappointment of the three hundred people who were left, as the Committee had previously engaged fifteen cars, but the Railroad Company failed to send the cars.

JOTTINGS.

—A special service of song was held in the First Presbyterian church last Sunday evening.

—Services in honor of the Sacred Heart will be held in St. Mary's church next Friday evening.

—Evans and Hoey, the comedians, are to produce the "Parlor Match" in Music Hall next Monday evening.

—The Dauntless base ball club of this city defeated the Greenbrook's in a game of base ball yesterday by a score of 23 to 10.

—The meeting of the Exempt Firemen's Association, which was to have been held last evening, will be held next Monday evening.

—John Curtis, an employee of the District Messenger and Fire Alarm company, broke his right leg while loading telegraph poles on Steiner avenue Friday afternoon.

—A men's Christian conference will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. An excellent opportunity is afforded to these meetings for asking and answering questions.

—Engine Company, No. 2, gave their first annual picnic in Amphion Hall last evening. The affair was well attended and all present apparently enjoyed themselves. The committee in charge consisted of Messrs. A. H. Kahrman, general director; W. S. Marshfloor manager; and R. D. Sick, assistant floor manager.

—The entertainment given by the members of the Star base ball club last evening in Manning's Hall, for the replenishment of their treasury, was not a very successful affair. The competition for the cake, which was walked for, was exceedingly close. The winners in the first walk were Mr. David Martin and lady, and Mr. William Randolph and lady in the second contest. The consolation was awarded to Mr. Hatfield and lady.

—There are several others who deserve honorable mention, among them Mr. Jas. Potter. Refreshments were served and apparently enjoyed by all.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your house by carrier.

TWO BARNS BURNED.

ANOTHER SUPPOSED INCENDIARY FIRE LAST NIGHT.

Mr. F. O. Smith and Mr. H. H. Hoffman the Sufferers.—Difficulty Had to Find the Fire.

At ten o'clock last night a fire broke out in the paint shop of Ferdinand O. Smith, a frame structure located in the rear of No. 126 West Front street, and close to Stony brook.

It was about fifteen minutes later before the Plainfield fire-bell rang an alarm. Gamble Engine Company No. 1 promptly responded but wasted much time on a wrong scent, going in an opposite direction in search of the fire, as far as Central avenue and Sixth street.

At precisely half-past ten the borough fire bell began ringing vigorously, it being supposed that the fire was on that side of the brook.

By eleven o'clock the borough engine reached the fire only to find that it was in Plainfield. However the company remained awhile to see if their services were needed to assist the Plainfield fire department. It was after its arrival that Gamble was seen approaching.

It was just fifteen minutes more before a stream was got on the fire, an hour after the alarm. By this time two buildings were in ashes. It appears that the section was dropped in an old well near the fire, for water, but it was found to have none. Then it was necessary to take up hose and locate the engine on Grant avenue bridge over the brook. Extra hose was sent for and connected to take water, from which a stream was finally got on the ruins.

The second structure to take fire was four feet south of the paint storehouse. It was Mr. H. H. Hoffman's barn and carriage house.

Even had the fire department got to the fire promptly they probably could not have saved Smith's building. It was full of paint kegs and everything about the place was of an exceedingly combustible nature. It is doubtful if even Mr. Hoffman's barn could have been saved located as it was, but the length of time occupied from the time the alarm was given until a stream was actually got on the flames—one hour—shows that with such a thing possible there is need of improvement in the system.

It was a bright moonlight night. The burning buildings were on low ground, and until the fire was well under head way, the reflection was not visible in the sky, so that no blame attaches to the firemen.

The blame is on the system which does not direct the men right in the first place, causing a waste of most valuable time, since the first moments are most valuable in extinguishing flames.

There should be a regular code of fire-bell signals, so that the firemen would know the exact location of a fire.

It is true that fires have not been of such frequent occurrence until very recently, but a system should be such as to meet all emergencies.

When a stream was finally got on the heap the fire was soon extinguished. Except for the danger from stray sparks it would have been no different had the department not turned out at all, and the chief could with ease simply directed their efforts to avert any danger from sparks, in which they succeeded.

Plainfield Engine Co. No. 2 was off duty by permission, the members and their wives and sweethearts attending the company's ball, under the name of "a grand picnic," at Amphion Hall. Still, when the alarm was given, the members promply left the hall ready for duty if called upon. There was found to be no need of their services, however, and the members returned and continued to enjoy themselves until after midnight.

Mr. Hoffman estimates his loss at $300 and Mr. Smith's loss will probably reach $50.

The origin of the fire is not known. In such cases it is usual to attribute it to incendiarism, though the example made of those additional to that sort of thing a few years ago one would think ought to be a warning enough to last.

PERSONAL.

The family of Mr. Charles Potter, Jr., are at Westerly, R. I.

Mrs. Charles Runyon of Park avenue, is spending to weeks at Norristown, Pa.

John Murray, aged 53 years, died at his home on the Terrill Road last evening.

Mrs. J. R. Trusdl of Central avenue has returned from a pleasant Summer vacation.

The family of Ex Councilman Dumont will return home this week from New Hampshire.

Lawyer Wm. A. Coddington has returned to his home in this city from a week's stay at Deerfield, Pa.

The family of Mrs. H. D. Jones have returned to their home on First place from a pleasant stay in Vermont.

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Mr. Philip Giese of this city and Miss Gussie Major of Newark.

Mrs. Thomas E. Wigram and family are again occupying their Grove street home after a pleasant stay at Bellmar.

The Misses Stone of West Front street by the death of an uncle in England are said to have become sole heirs to a fortune.

Otis Woodruff was buried from his home in Westfield yesterday afternoon. His death resulted from injuries received by a fall from a wagon one week ago.

Rev. Mr. Tuttle had a warm reception Sunday in the Methodist church at the morning and evening services, at both of which he preached to large congregations.

N. Wilson, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Pine, died at his home on West Front street Sunday morning. The funeral will take place from his late residence to-morrow afternoon.

Died.

PINE—In this city, Sept. 1st, N. W. Pine, in his 20th year.

Funeral from the residence of his father, C. M. Pine, 126 West Front street, Wednesday, Sept. 3d, at two o'clock p. m. Interment private.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Store will be closed at 7 o'clock, every evening but Tuesday and Saturday.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A SMALL HOUSE, containing five rooms with closets to rent. Next to Thorn's laundry, East Third street. 8-29tf

A COMPETENT chambermaid and waitress wanted. Apply at 8 First place. 30-3*

A GERMAN girl wanted for general housework. Call at 82 Somerset street. 29-3*

FOR SALE—At 23 West Seventh street one parlor suit, a cherry bedroom suit, and one black walnut suit; a black walnut extension table and other household effects. 29-3

FOR SALE—Fine Jersey cow with calf. Inquire 27 Pearl street, North Plainfield. 29-4

LOST—Maltese cat, half grown. Return for reward 77 West Second street. 29-3*

LOST—On Saturday last, black horse handle cane, on Fifth street near Park avenue. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it with M. M. Thorn.

STRAYED—A brown Irish setter, two front paws white. Answers to the name of "Victor". Suitable reward for return to Thomas Worth, 87 Grove street.

TO LET—Small house, five rooms, on Steiner place. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 2-4

TO LET—House, No. 26 Park place, seven rooms.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 15 Bay street. Reference required.

WANTED — Two pleasant, adjoining rooms, with board. Address A. M. Runyon, 30 Park avenue.

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

No one has authority to contract bills or make purchases on my account. I will not be responsible, or bill rendered, except on my written orders. JNO. F. WILSON.

August 28, 1890. 29-3*

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. Dr. Edwards, by request of her many former patrons, has returned again to Plainfield, can only remain a few weeks, from Aug. 25, to Sept. 10. Call at once, as this is positively your last chance. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c to $1. Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4. (one flight up) Plainfield, N. J. 26-1w

H. E. SPENCER.

Grocer and gardeman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. White, granite, and earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also lessons given in fancy lace work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS

and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles O'Meara's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Deaton's Nursery, No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-30-tf

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mr. Lindsay's, also a few Greenhouse mats. Inquire at office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay. 29 West Front st.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Monday, Sept. 8th,

THE COMEDIANS

Evans and Hoey

In their Evergreen Success,

A Parlor Match,

EDITION DE LUXE HOYT'S BEST PLAY

Embellished with a whole lot of specialties. First appearance of Mr. Leroy Sisters in America.

Prices 25, 50, 75, and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired.

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

OUR HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

RELIABLE

Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY",

62 WEST FRONT ST.

Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

Safety Bicycles

—FOR—

LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $125.
Warwick	$100.
Premier	$85.
Little Giant	$65.

HIGH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables arranged wholly for training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD, N. J. AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SEVENTH STREET.

W. SCARMON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

American Universities.

We have enough of them. They are as plentiful as candidates. Whenever a man has heaped up a great mass of wealth straightway he founds a university, as it is called, and names it after himself. *One man rarely has, or is willing* to give, money enough to fit up even a small college as it ought to be, consequently we have a hundred or more American "universities" that have a course of study a shade above what a *common high school ought to be and no* more.

In the strict sense of the word a university is a school where a college graduate may go and study a profession, thus fitting himself for life work; or, if not that, *where he may pursue some branch* of science or art. The university proper begins where the college leaves off. In this higher sense we have not a real university in America. We ought to have at least four—one east, one west, one south and one at Washington. At present Johns Hopkins, in Baltimore, although run on a plan too narrow and conservative to meet the needs of a free country in the last quarter of the Nineteenth century, comes nearest in the real *university of anything in America.* Yet the Johns Hopkins school is cramped for means, and cannot do the good it might on that account.

There is a chance for some Mr. Moneybags to confer a lasting benefit on the young people of his country by endowing the school mentioned, or some other well established high institution of learning, and enabling it to gradually work up to the ideal university. But, no! Each petty moneyed man must found a school of his own, thus adding to the already too great number of ill equipped little colleges that are never more than half full of students.

Another fact works against the building up of a magnificent university in America. That is the sectarian feeling. In no other country than America does the question of theological denominations enter into the plan of an education. The European universities are not sectarian, neither are the English, to the extent of making a matter of education of one's creed. But in the United States each church denomination must try to found its own colleges. The Baptist would not have his children go to a Methodist school, and vice versa. If, irrespective of the church to which they belonged, which is their own private affair, our wealthy citizens would unite in the effort to build one great school, endowed with all that wealth and learning could bestow, one that could take rank with the best in Europe, then our children would no longer need to go to Europe for their higher education.

Better yet, if they would add their endowments to some of the state universities already in existence, on a strictly non-sectarian basis, they might at once make their names illustrious and serve mankind.

Signed Newspaper Articles.

Mr. W. D. Howells writes in Harper's *Magazine strongly in favor of signed* newspaper articles, not only editorials, but all other contributions. He says, "Every editorial, every smallest piece of reporting that involves a personal matter, should be signed by the writer, who *should be personally responsible for his* words."

Let us see. There is the great boss and maker of a thundering metropolitan daily. It bellows around the world; its influence is felt from pole to pole. Its editorials are famous for wit, sarcasm and far insight into things. The editor of that great journal sometimes hits it, even when he drops into prophecy. He gets letters from many quarters congratulating him on his wit, his foresight, his *power of singing English.* How would it do to let a howling outside world know that all this work that thrills the globe is from the hand of a little stoop shouldered, long haired fellow up in a back room, whom nobody knows, and who *works for small pay?* Such knowledge would destroy the discipline of any great newspaper office in Christendom.

Again, how would this sound? "Bridget Maloney, of Jenkintown, poured here- some on the kitchen fire to hurry it up last wash day. The *funeral of the fingers that* were found will take place to-morrow. (Signed) J. Augustus Van Artevelde."

For some reason never yet explained cholera infests the followers of Mahomet more than anybody else. The disease is raging in Japan, carried thither in part at least by Turkish vessels. With the bad drainage of Asiatic cities the pestilence is sweeping some of them like a besom of destruction.

Fort Scott, Kan., has made an increase of 120.35 per cent. since the last census, its population now being 11,887. Where is another town that can show a greater rate of increase.

Mr. Agib Ricketts was president of the Prohibition convention of Pennsylvania.

AGREED ON RECIPROCITY

Senator Aldrich's Amendment Will Be Adopted.

THE TARIFF THE WEST WISHES.

The Views of Mr. Paddock, a Republican Senator from Nebraska—He Wants the Duties on the Necessaries of Life Cut Down to the Quick.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The Aldrich reciprocity amendment to the tariff bill reported to the senate from the finance committee will pass the senate substantially if not exactly as reported, and it will pass the house in the same form. Senator Aldrich has had a conference with Speaker Reed and Maj. McKinley, and they have expressed their willingness to accept the reciprocity proposition framed by Mr. Aldrich. They are supposed to represent the judgment of the Republican side of the house. The proposition, it is supposed, will meet with very little opposition on the Democratic side. The expectation of the finance committee is that the wool schedule will pass the senate as reported from that committee. The only one of the finance committee's amendments in doubt is the amendment changing the standard of the sugar to be placed on the free list. There is a good deal of opposition from the northwest to this amendment and its fate is a matter of doubt. Mr. Paddock said the west regarded a "revision of the tariff" as meaning a "reduction of the tariff" wherever possible, and not increasing in tariff imposts, and he was confident that the demand for a lower range of duties would have to be met in an early and favorable response from congress. *Many* of these duties, now believed to be too high, had long ago done their work which had first justified their imposition. As long as a high tariff was needed to keep the wheels of industry in motion it has been unquestionably supported and properly defended.

What the West Wants.

The belief was becoming a fixed conviction in the west that some of the protected industries that the decreased cost of production should now be met by a greater decrease of duties than the manufacturers had yet been willing to accept. The people of the west were beginning to think that if many of the best protected industries were ever to learn to stand alone their hands should soon be forcibly released from the shirts of high protection to which they so persistently cling. He (Mr. Paddock) would reduce the duties on the necessities of life to the lowest point consistent with the maintenance of the home industries, and he would demand reasons that would be specific and conclusive, not only respecting the need of a duty itself but as to the need of such duty.

A Change of One Word.

Mr. Aldrich, from the finance committee to the senate a modification of the reciprocity amendment which changes a single word. Where the amendment read that the president was empowered to act when other countries impose duties on American products "reciprocally unequal and unjust" the word "unjust" is struck out and the word "unreasonable" inserted in its place.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—In the senate Mr. Hour said Mr. Platt's bill and Mr. Aldrich's bills be considered as appropriate to the day but objection was made. The tariff bill was discussed and the woolen and silk schedules were substantially as reported from the finance committee. When the bill came up the question was on the paragraph relating to wool and woolens, to which the finance committee had reported an amendment increasing the duty per pound from twice to three times the duty imposed on unwashed wool of the first class. Mr. Paddock addressed the senate in friendly criticism on the Republican party's declarations heretofore made in its platforms, but there were differences of opinion as to the details of the tariff.

The rest of Mr. Paddock's speech was mainly devoted to a refutation of the statements made by Democratic senators as to the impoverishment of the farming class and he showed that in the state of Nebraska particularly the farmers were prosperous, and the state rich and growing.

Atlantic Association.

Mr. Platt said that Mr. Paddock's statement in that respect was an unanswerable argument in favor of the protective policy. If the manufacturers of the east had reaped some benefits from the protective tariff the agriculturists of the west had reaped benefits more abundantly. Mr. Carlisle said that Mr. Platt's argument attributing the prosperity of Nebraska to the high protective tariff was a repetition of the old argument which had been once wittily illustrated in the house of representatives by S. S. Cox.

"There are no snakes in Ireland," Mr. Cox said, "and Ireland has free trade; therefore, there can be no snakes in any country that has free trade." There was not an exact connection, Mr. Carlisle said, between Mr. Cox's premises and his conclusion as there was between Mr. Platt's premises and conclusion from the speech of the senator from Nebraska.

To Tax Corporations.

Mr. Plumb gave notice of an amendment which he proposed to offer imposing an annual tax of 3 per cent. on dividends of corporations, including interests on bonds.

Finally the wool schedules were completed and Mr. Vance offered as an additional section the amendment of which he had heretofore given notice, allowing reductions of duty on goods purchased with wool, and on manufactures of farm products sold in foreign countries.

Schedule G (relating to silk and silk goods) was taken up and the finance committee's amendments were agreed to. Also an amendment striking out of paragraph 382 the words "spun silk" and adding to it the words "spun silk in skeins or ops or on beams, 35 per cent. ad valorem." The conference report on the bill in relation to collisions at sea was presented and agreed to.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—In the house Mr. Cooper (Ind.) offered a resolution discharging Representative Sayner (O.) from duty on the Hazen investigating committee on the ground that Mr. Sayner owns stock in Beam's ice ignator enterprise, which plays so prominent a part in the investigation. At Mr. Sayner's request he was relieved from duty on the committee. The speaker said he had had no knowledge of Mr. Sayner's connection with the company. The house passed the bill providing for government inspection of coal mines in the Territories and senate bill extending criminal jurisdiction of federal courts to the great lakes.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Monday Games.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 7; Toledo, 8. Hits—Syracuse, 9; Toledo, 5. Errors—Syracuse, 2; Toledo, 4. Batteries—Keefe and Briggs, Healy and Welch.

At New York (Players')—New York, 7; Buffalo, 5. Batteries—Ewing and Ewing, Twitchell and Mack.

At Brooklyn (National)—Brooklyn, 19; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries—Carruthers and Clarke, Baker and Wilson.

At Boston (Players')—Boston, 11; Cleveland, 7. Batteries—Kilroy and Kelly, Healy and Brennan.

At Boston (National)—Chicago, 4; Boston, 1. Batteries—Luby and Nagle, Nichols and Gannett.

At Philadelphia (National)—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Batteries—Mullane and Harrington, Gleason and Schriver.

At Philadelphia (Players')—Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries—Husted and Cross, Maul and Quinn.

At Rochester—Rochester, 12; Louisville, 6. Batteries—Titcomb and Grimm, Stratton and Ryan.

At Brooklyn (Players')—Brooklyn, 12; Chicago, 13. Batteries—Henning and Cook, King and Boyle.

Afternoon Games—Players' League.

At Boston—

Boston	4	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	11
Cleveland	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7

Base hits: Boston, 10; Cleveland, 9. Errors: Boston, 1; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Gumbert and Kelly; Gruber, McGill and Brennan.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pittsburg	0	2	1	1	0	0	4	x	—	9

Base hits: Philadelphia, 5; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Philadelphia, 8; Pittsburg, 2. Batteries: Sanders and Milligan, Staley and Quinn.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	1	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	x	7
Chicago	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	x	3

Base hits: Brooklyn, 11; Chicago, 10. Errors: Brooklyn, 1; Chicago, 7. Batteries: Weyhing and Kinslow, Baldwin and Farrell.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	2	1	2	3	0	2	10
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: New York, 19; Buffalo, 13. Errors: New York, 1; Buffalo, 7. Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Cunningham and Rank.

National League.

At Boston—

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	6
Boston	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	7

Base hits: Boston, 15; Chicago, 18. Errors: Boston, 11; Chicago, 7. Batteries: Stein and Ridge, Clarkson and Hardy.

At Philadelphia—

Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	8
Philadelphia	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5

Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Cincinnati, 11. Errors: Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 6. Batteries: Mullane and Harrington, Vickery and Schriver.

At Brooklyn—(First game)—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	2
Brooklyn	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	x	—	2

Base hits: Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 7. Errors: Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 6. Batteries: Anderson and Decker, Lovett and Daly.

Second game—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	4
Brooklyn	3	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	x	8

Base hits: Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 9. Errors: Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Anderson and Decker, Terry and Daly.

At New York—

New York	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—	4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Base hits: New York, 7; Cleveland, 4. Errors: New York, 4; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley, Young and Zimmer.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
New York	3,700	5,500
Brooklyn	1,440	8,000
Philadelphia	4,453	9,000
Boston	11,160	11,500
Totals	20,857	34,000

American Association.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	8
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2

Base hits: Syracuse, 11; Toledo, 13. Errors: Syracuse, 3; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Casey and Briggs, Keefe and Welch.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—	5
St. Louis	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	2

Base hits: Athletic, 12; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Athletic, 3; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: McMahon and Baldwin, Hart and Munyan.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	6	0	0	0	0	4	0	—	10
Louisville	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	6

Base hits: Rochester, 10; Louisville, 8. Errors: Rochester, 1; Louisville, 4. Batteries: Barr and McGuire, Meakin and Bligh.

At Baltimore—(First game)—

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0
Columbus	1	0	1	4	0	1	0	0	x	7

Base hits: Baltimore, 5; Columbus, 11. Errors: Baltimore, 1; Columbus, 2. Batteries: Gorman and Tate, Chamberlain and O'Connor.

Second game—

Baltimore	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	—	6
Columbus	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—	3

Base hits: Baltimore, 6; Columbus, 11. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Columbus, 3. Batteries: O'Rourke and Townsend, Easton and O'Connor. Called on account of darkness.

Atlantic Association.

At New Haven—New Haven, 4; Newark, 6. Base hits: New Haven, 5; Newark, 8. Errors: New Haven, 1; Newark, 5. Batteries: Horner and Rofford, Strand and Murphy.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 8; Lebanon, 9. Base hits: Harrisburg, 8; Lebanon, 13. Errors: Harrisburg, 6; Lebanon, 2. Batteries: Baxter and Sommers, Sumner and Keates.

The Orinoco's Terrible Experience.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, Sept. 2.—The steamship Orinoco from New York has arrived here twenty-four hours late and badly shaken up. She encountered a hurricane Aug. 31 when 100 miles northwest of this port. During the height of the gale her steam steering gear broke down and the deck load of hoops was washed overboard. A cargo of acid was jettisoned and part of the cattle carried as freight was lost. The sails, awnings and frames were washed away and the saloon was completely wrecked and flooded.

To Punish the Baron.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 2.—Baron Lagerfeit may be brought back. There is a strong inclination on the part of the bankers to punish the baron, but they were waiting for the Jefferson Iron company to take some action. It was reported yesterday that the amount of money missing with the baron amounted to nearly $100,000. So far, however, no additional suits have been entered nor have additional claimants come forward.

Three Persons Cremated.

COHO, Coin., Sept. 2.—The Wolford house was burned Monday. The fire started in a room occupied by an invalid, who, it is supposed upset the lamp. Three persons were burned to death. Their bodies were found in the ruins. One was recognized as William Pryor, a Western Union lineman. The others could not be identified.

Murdered by a Ten-Year-Old Boy.

CONCORD, Ont., Sept. 2.—Two boys named David Smith and Peter Hanson had a quarrel and came to blows. Smith stabbed Hanson in the abdomen with a pocket knife and Hanson died last night. Smith is only 10 years of age and his victim is two years his senior. Smith has been arrested.

The Thayer Murder Trial Commenced.

GENEVA, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The trial of Edward Wayman and Nelson Swartz for the murder of Enos Thayer in October, 1889, is in progress here. The court designated Hon. Solomon Hubbard and Hon. Orrel P. Cogan to assist Asst. Gen. Hunn in the defense.

HE DESIRES NO OFFICE.

Ex-Senator Platt Declined the Spanish Mission.

CONTENT TO SERVE IN THE RANKS.

He Says He Cannot Accept Public Office of Any Name or Nature—The Hearing of His Letter Upon the Question of Senator Evarts' Successor.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—It has just come out that ex-Senator T. C. Platt was some time ago offered the mission to Spain, which he declined. The letter of Secretary Blaine conveying the offer and ex-Senator Platt's reply are as follows:

Secretary Blaine's Letter.

"WASHINGTON, June 28, 1890.

"MY DEAR MR. PLATT—By the president's direction, and with great personal pleasure myself, I tender to you the mission to Spain, made vacant by the resignation of Hon. W. W. Palmer, of Michigan. Hoping that your convenience and your desires will combine to persuade you to accept the position, I am, yours very sincerely, JAMES G. BLAINE.

Mr. Platt's Reply.

"NEW YORK, July 5, 1890.

"To Hon. James G. Blaine.

"MY DEAR MR. BLAINE—I am in receipt of your esteemed favor of the 28th ult. conveying to me the president's instructions and your compliments in tendering me the mission to Spain, made vacant by the resignation of Governor Palmer, of Michigan. While properly estimating the honor conferred, and duly appreciating this evidence of the president's confidence and your personal regard, I feel constrained to return my declination of the position.

"Numerous business engagements and obligations preclude the possibility of my accepting the responsibilities of office of any name or nature, local or federal, however honorable and alluring it may be. I shall be content to continue to serve in the ranks, asking no other reward than the proud consciousness of possessing the confidence and esteem of those true Republicans who, like yourself, have made the 'grand old party' immortal. Yours faithfully, THOMAS C. PLATT."

Nothing Further to Say.

Mr. Platt stated, as this correspondence summed up the matter, he had nothing *further to say with reference to it, but his* letter would seem to conclusively prove that he is not a candidate for a seat in the United States senate to succeed the Hon. William M. Evarts.

UNCLE SAM'S FINANCES.

The Public Debt Statement for the Month of August.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The public debt statement issued from the treasury department shows a decrease in the debt during the past month amounting to $833,-873. The interest bearing debt, exclusive of bonds issued to Pacific railroads is $680,976,020, or $19,821,40 less than a month ago, while on the other hand the net cash balance or surplus in the treasury during the month has been made up from $104,-672,400, or $85,315,899. Silver treasury notes of the value of $5,009,000 were issued under the new law and are now outstanding, for which the treasury holds an equivalent in $1,580,000 standard dollars and $2,029,000 silver bullion. National bank depositaries hold $30,819,853 of government funds, or $2,060,000 less than a month ago. Customs receipts in August were $23,815,879, against $20,-619,955 in August a year ago. Internal revenue receipts were $12,557,852, or about $600,000 more than in August, 1889. On the other hand expenditures for August past were $33,830,239, against $30,269,249 in August a year ago. Pension payments during August were $18,838,627, or about $1,500,000 less than in August, 1889. The premium paid on bonds purchased last month amounted to $1,720,949, against $3,328,390 in August, 1889. The coinage of the mints during the past month of August of all kinds of money aggregated in value $3,550,-000. Of this amount $2,952,000 was in standard silver dollars and $3,440,000 in gold pieces.

Mrs. Stephenson,

38 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. For ties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid.

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how deeply the stain is,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a perfect success after 6 months. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL, 4. 19 E. FRONT ST.

Founded by Death.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 2.—As an Alderman Daniel Sharp was on his way to his home at 11 p. m. Aug. 29 he met Stephen J. McConnell and William E. Vogt, who were escorting two young ladies to their homes. It is alleged by the two men that Sharp made an insulting remark reflecting upon the character of the ladies. They attacked Sharp and pounded him so that his death took place Friday. He had been unconscious most of the time since the trouble, and had been unable to tell his story. He was 53 years old and leaves a family. Vogt and McConnell are in custody.

Social Scientists Meet.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The general meeting of the American Social Science association began here last night and will continue until Friday evening. Some of the most able, profound and advanced thinkers of the nation will read papers and discuss them. The president of the association, the Hon. Andrew White, of Ithaca, N. Y., gave the opening address in *recognition of the twenty-fifth anniversary* of the association. The address was on the subject, "Instruction in Social Science."

The Saloon in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 2.—In the constitutional convention Judge Chrisman offered the following resolution: Saloons or tippling houses or other places of public resort where liquors are sold or kept are hereby declared public nuisances and may be suppressed or abated by prosecution in the name of the state upon the sworn complaint of any citizen. The legislature shall enact such laws as are necessary to enforce the provisions of this section.

Strikers Have Them on the Hip.

TUSCOLA, Ills., Sept. 2.—More than 1,000 miners are out and Douglas and Douglas counties have left the fields and refused to work unless paid a twenty-five cent advance. Between 300 and 400 at Arcola also joined in the strike. As the crop is heavy and the time short for harvesting the growers in many cases will be compelled to pay the advance demanded.

"Ik Marvel" Broke His Arm.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 2.—While walking about the grounds of the residence of Mrs. Woodbridge, Donald G. Mitchell, better known as "Ik Marvel," author of "Reveries of a Bachelor" fell and broke his left arm.

A Waterbury Paper in Trouble.

WATERBURY, Conn., Sept. 2.—Mayor C. B. Baldwin has secured an attachment against The Sunday Herald for $20,000 in a suit against that paper for libel.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albertt, P. O. Box 1099

FRENCH AND GERMAN taught by Mons. Louis Vroux and Creditor de Forest. 2 Rue Lafayette, Montagne, Morison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School. Classes at the school house. Private ladies and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Best of references made known on application. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 25th street. 9-28-1y

MISS C. S. BELLWIG,

A graduate of the Conservatoire of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the Conservatoire, desires to take a few more pupils in French and German languages, and Pianoforte. For further particulars address Miss C. S. Bellwig, No. 54 East Fifth street. 7-16-1y

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of piano. Owest lessons either at her home or pupil's residence. Latest terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1988.

MISS FAIRCHILD,

Kindergarten and school, 48 Craig place (near Park avenue), will open on Monday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life pleasant. Parents are invited visiting hours, public exercises on Assembly Hall, Friday, Sept. 26th, at 2 p. m. French and Botany. Christmas duty. Circulars on application. 8-30-2w*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Boarding Department will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss S. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-19-3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

No. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. Dinger, Principal. 8-18-2m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lincoln place, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Office over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Late of Cornell University, 24 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 6 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence, 24 North avenue.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering and Surveying promptly attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TRALE,

Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city. Rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders and Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

CASSEY BROS., AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers,

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved odorless water closets, sewer gas and back-draft traps.

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owner whereby we are employed as agents and general manager.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the liberal favors in the past we solicit the continuance of their valued favors which will receive prompt attention.

Every effort will be given to the execution of our plans.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

PAPER BY THE POUND.

We have just received a line of note paper put up in round packages which we are offering at a bargain. Come and see it.

A. W. RAND,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

29 North avenue.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Peas or succotash	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.90

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST, MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed either in price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Zucker avenue, North Plainfield.

Russet Apples

Are the most delectable when first gathered from the tree, but they improve in flavor for weeks if kept in a cool place. Better still are

Ladies' Oxford Ties

of the same delightful russet color. They are the most comfortable shoe for summer wear. If you have not yet purchased a pair of these Russet Shoes, you should do so without delay. I have just received a large line of

John J. Kenney,

SOLE AGENT FOR RUSSET SHOES.

No. 5 Somerset street, Corner Park avenue and Somerset street.

HOUSE AND FRESCO

PAINTING,

NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 25 Third street, connected. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

A LAW BOOK SAVED HIM.

United States Minister Mizner's Life in Peril.

HE WAS FIRED UPON BY A WOMAN

Gen. Barrundia's Grief Crazed Daughter Was the Would Be Assassin—She Blamed the Minister for the Shooting of Her Father—Mizner's Marvelous Coolness.

CITY OF GUATEMALA, Sept. 2.—A daughter of Gen. Martin Barrundia, who was shot to death in the cabin of the Pacific Mail steamship Acapulco at San Jose de Guatemala last week, attempted to shoot United States Minister Mizner Monday. Mr. Mizner was at his desk translating the guarantee given to him by this government that Barrundia's life would be spared in case he was surrendered when the young woman came into the office. As the minister looked up from his work she was standing within four feet of him with a revolver in her hand.

A Startling Vision.

She saluted him, saying, "Are you the American minister?"

Mr. Mizner replied, "I am. Can I be of any service to you?"

With flashing eyes she accused him of having been directly the cause of her father's death, and announced that she meant to kill him. Mr. Mizner took the matter coolly and tried to reason with the girl, who was apparently almost crazed with excitement, and in the most tragic manner poured on him the bitterest invectives of which the Spanish language is capable.

She Fired to Kill.

At last she pulled the trigger of the pistol. Mr. Mizner had taken up a heavy law book, which he, with apparent carelessness, held between himself and the girl, and the bullet which was meant for his heart was caught in the leaves of the book.

Cool as a Cucumber.

The sound of the shot attracted attention, and before a second shot could be fired assistance arrived, and the pistol was taken from the young woman. In describing the entire exciting interview Mr. Mizner maintained the utmost coolness, though the only thing between him and the muzzle of a pistol held in the hands of a woman who evidently intended to shoot was a heavy law book. His coolness unquestionably saved his life. Policemen were called in and the young woman was arrested.

Barillas Offers Protection.

As soon as President Barillas heard of the occurrence he sent his respects and offered the power of his government to protect the American legation. Mr. Mizner, however, declined the offer, will not prosecute the lady and insists that no further notice shall be taken of the affair. It is generally believed here that Barrundia would have been in no danger of death had he not resisted arrest.

SENATOR SHERMAN'S SCHEME.

He Favors Reciprocity with the Dominion of Canada.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Senator Sherman has introduced in the senate a resolution providing for reciprocity with Canada. It will be offered as an amendment to the tariff bill. The resolution is as follows:

Whenever it shall be certified to the president of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada shall by law or regulation admit free of duty into all its ports coal mined in the United States he shall make proclamation of that fact and thereafter while such law or regulation is in force coal mined in the dominion of Canada shall be admitted free of duty into all the ports of the United States.

And whenever it shall be duly certified to the president of the United States that the government of the dominion of Canada has declared a desire to enter into such commercial arrangements with the United States as will result in the *complete or partial removal of duties upon* trade between Canada and the United States he shall appoint three commissioners to meet those who may be designated to represent the government of Canada to consider the best method of extending trade relations between Canada and the United States and to ascertain on what terms greater freedom of intercourse between the countries can best be secured, and said commissioners shall report to the president, who shall lay the report before congress. And the necessary expenses of the commissioners appointed by the president, including their compensation at the rate of $10 a day each for the time necessarily employed in said duty, shall be paid out of the appropriation for the collection and the customs revenue.

Investigating the Central Strike.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The state board of arbitration commenced the investigation of the Central railroad strike today in the court of common pleas, part 1. The witnesses to be examined by the board will consist of Master Workman Lee, of District Assembly No. 246; a number of the discharged men, General Master Workman Powderly, some of the members of the general executive board and Mr. Webb and other officials of the company. Gen. Roger A. Pryor appeared as counsel for the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderly does not consider that the point raised that the board of arbitration has no existence, now that the time for which the members were appointed has expired, is material, as the legality of the board has been passed on by eminent lawyers.

The Grant Monument Controversy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—H. T. Collins, a member of the New York Grant monument association, telegraphed the representatives Flower, Belden and Quinn yesterday that if the Plumb resolution looking to the removal of the Grant remains to Washington was not acted upon Monday, the plans for the monument in New York would be adopted today.

New Hampshire Democrats Meet.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 2.—The state Democratic convention is in session here today. The general feeling is favorable to the nomination of Charles H. Amsden for governor, although Col. Thomas Cogswell will receive a handsome complimentary vote if he allows his name to be used. It is conceded that Warren B. Daniel will be nominated for congress.

The Tennis Tournament.

NEWPORT, Sept. 2.—In all the comers' tennis tournament the semi-finals were played yesterday. Knapp defeated Hobart and Campbell downed Huntington. The final match in the all comers is being played today and on Wednesday the championship doubles and singles will be played at 10:30 a. m., which will finish the tournament.

BICYCLISTS MEET.

Winners of the Important Races at Hartford, Conn.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 2.—A large crowd attended the bicycle races Monday. Following are the results of the contests:

One Mile Novice—C. R. Brewer, of Hartford, first; H. G. Weigand, of Brooklyn, second; W. H. Miller, of Brooklyn, third. Time, 3m. 7¾s.

One Mile Novice Rover Type Safety—C. S. Stedman, of Hartford, first; E. C. Fowler, of Hartford, second. Time, 3m. 13 1-5s.

One Mile Steel League of American Wheelmen Championship—Best time, 3m. 4 3s., by H. B. Arnold, of New Britain.

One Mile Tricycle Race Open—P. G. Berlo, of Boston, and C. E. Kluge, of Jersey City, first; D. C. Shea and William Harding, of Hartford, second. Time, 3m. 31¾s.

One Mile (3 minute class)—C. A. Tenner, of Millbury, Mass., first; J. W. Robertson, of Taunton, Mass., second; C. H. Wood, third. Time, 3m. 49¼s.

Three Mile Lap Race—C. E. Kluge, first; G. N. Barrett, of Chicago, second; A. M. Beers, of Everett, Mass., third. Time, 10m. 6s.

One Mile Open Rover Type Safety—P. J. Berlo, first; Hayland Smith, of New Bedford, second; William Schumacher, third. Time, 3m. 6¾ 4-5s.

One Mile Open Championship of America—A. S. Lumsden, of Chicago, first; A. R. Rich, second; E. G. Anthony, third. Time, 2m. 44⅝s.

H. E. Lauris beat the mile record of 2m. 30s. making the distance in 3m. 32¾s.

Flyers at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 2.—At the first day of the annual race "meet" of the New York state division, League of American Wheelmen, time limits were placed on all the races and all were run within the required time. One of the fastest half miles on record was made by A. A. Zimmerman, *of the New Jersey Athletic club. He cut* the pace from the start and finished in 1m. 14⅘s., 3⅘ seconds slower than the American record and three-quarters of a second slower than the English record. W. F. Murphy won the two mile safety state championship. The 6:30 class ordinary was won by Henry, of Warren, Pa. The other races resulted as follows:

One Mile Novice Ordinary—C. E. Penny, of Rochester, 3m. 1s.; J. B. Pelden, of Utica, 3m. 2 1-5s.

Two Mile Tandem State Championship—C. S. and W. F. Murphy, of New York, 6m. 23s.; G. B. Penn and F. C. Yehl, of Syracuse, 6m. 22 3-5s.

Two Mile Ordinary—A. A. Zimmerman, 5m. 59 2-5s.; H. Hazelton, of Philadelphia, 5m. 48 2-5s.

One Mile Tandem State Championship—C. M. and W. F. Murphy, 2m. 43 2-5s.; G. B. Penn and F. C. Yehl, 2m. 45 1-5s.

One Mile Ordinary (3:10 class)—Charles A. Brady, of Rochester, 3m. 2-5s.; W. A. Parker, of Rome, 3m. 3-5s.

Two Mile Safety State Championship—W. F. Murphy, 6m. 36⅘s.; W. F. Gassler, 6m. 37 2-5s.

Five Mile Safety State Championship—W. F. Murphy, 16m. 44s.; C. J. Irvin, 16m. 44 2-5s.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

In the Republican convention held at Batavia, N. Y., Assemblyman Miller was renominated.

Rev. George R. Snyder, of Ocean Grove, N. J., was nominated for congress by the Prohibitionists of the Third congressional district of New Jersey.

The executive committee of the Republican county committee, at New York, have decided to expel Frederick S. Gibbs from the executive committee and to recommend the expulsion from the county committee.

The Fourteenth Brooklyn Veterans unveiled the granite marker on Culp's hill, *Gettysburg*, Pa., Labor day. Col. E. B. Dyke was present and Col. Louis Stegman delivered the oration.

No estrangement between Mr. and Mrs. Daingerfield has been caused by the Blunt-Daingerfield trouble at Alameda, Cal., N. J., and it is not believed that Mr. Daingerfield will challenge Blunt.

A girl at Moncton, N. B., who was addicted to eating brown paper, has slept seven days without waking and is still asleep.

Arkansas went Democratic Monday. There was no bloodshed, but polling books were stolen and there many irregularities.

Eighty miners were suffocated by a mine explosion in Gallicia.

A bill appropriating $10,000 to enable the postmaster general to experiment with the introduction of the free delivery system in offices of the fourth class has been introduced in the senate.

To Provide for an Income Tax.

Wilson, of the Fifth district, Mr. Gibson has introduced in the senate a bill to provide an income tax. The bill provides that there shall be collected for 1891 and annually thereafter a tax of 2 per cent. upon the gains, profits and income of every resident of the United States or citizen temporarily residing abroad. This tax is to be upon all property, rents, interests, premium *on gold and coupon, gains and income of* any employment or vocation, including salary as member of congress. It is provided that military or naval pensions and the sum of $2,000 of the income of any person shall be exempt under certain conditions. The salaries of the president of the United States, the judges of the United States and officers of any state are to be exempt. The tax is to be assessed and collected by the commissioner of the internal revenue under an elaborate system provided in the bill.

Weather Indications.

Warmer and generally from fair to partly cloudy.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. E. DUCKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the account of the subscriber, one of the Executors of Harriet D. Hunt, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, on Wednesday, the 1st day of September next.

AARON B. BUNNINGHAM.

Dated July 1st, 1890. 7-5-9 new H

SHERIFF'S SALE — New Jersey Supreme Court, Union County, Chancery Division. Between William Vreeland, complainant, and John A. Van Ness, defendant. Fi. fa. No. 61 Jan. Term, 1890. Debt, $1,000 and interest. Judgment.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the right, title and interest of the above-named defendant, of, in and to so much of the following described lands and premises as lies in the County of Plainfield, in the County of Union and State of New Jersey.

Beginning at a point in the centre of Front street and corner of the property of Samuel M. Allen; thence along said other lands of said Allen in a northerly direction north four degrees and forty-five minutes west, a distance of eleven hundred and sixty and sixty-eight one-hundredths (1160.68) feet to a point; thence still along said other lands of said Allen north nineteen degrees and sixteen minutes west, a distance of eighty two and fifteen one-hundredths (82.15) feet to a point; thence still along said other lands of C. N. Allen north forty-four degrees and fifty-five minutes west, a distance of forty-two (42) feet to a point in the northwesterly side of Midway; thence along said northwesterly side of Midway, forty-*six degrees and thirteen minutes west, a dis*tance of seven hundred and ninety-six and five-tenths (796.5) feet to a point; thence north forty-four degrees and twenty-one minutes west, a distance of twenty hundred and ninety feet and fifty-eight one hundredths (2090.58) feet to a point in the centre of Front street aforesaid; thence south forty-four degrees and twenty-one minutes east a distance of one hundred and twelve and thirty-two one-hundredths (112.32) feet to a point and place of beginning, containing forty-five and three hundred and eighty-one thousandth acres of land, excepting and reserving a piot of ground fifty feet square, now used as the old burying ground on the northeasterly line of the herein described lot to be used only by the Cole family with a right of way along the northeasterly line of the herein described tract from Front street to said burial plot for the purpose of horses and carriages or other vehicles to and from the same at ten feet in width for said purpose. Being the same premises conveyed to the said John A. Van Ness by Joseph Cross, Executor of Samuel Cross, by deed bearing date on or about the twenty second day of November, A. D. 1848, and recorded December 20, 1849, in the office of the Clerk of Union County, in book 35 of deeds of said county, on page 38, &c.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

ANTHONY ENGELBRECHT, Sol'r. and Att'y. Fees—$14.00. J.&E.N. 7-21 td.

SHERIFF'S SALE—In chancery of New Jersey.—Between Isennet Ilitlin, complainant, and Jacob Hilton and Elizabeth Hilton, his wife, defendants. Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the township of Ragewood, in the county of Union, and state of New Jersey.

Beginning in the middle of the road leading from Jacob Hilton and Plainfield road to the house now known as Hunter avenue on a corner of William H. Brown's land; thence southerly along said Brown's line one hundred and twenty five feet, to be the same more or less to the middle of said Hunter ave; and thence westerly along said Brown's line one hundred and forty-five feet to the place of beginning.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Sol'rs. Fees—$5.00. J.&E.N. 7-21d

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand.

Horse Blankets and Robes

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14 tfm

MOY'S

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Root Corn Killer on North's principle. Sure or no Cure. Prevents Corns. Stops Pain. Gives Comfort. Only 15 cents. Sold by druggists.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THE SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses Reefers in navy blue and striped, medium weight.

Ladies' Jackets in black, colored and cream cloths, ready-made and to order.

Children's Jackets, from 3 years to 14, in plain and two piece suits with sailor and pointed skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade Infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them,

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

What a Crop of Corn I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to ROGERS BROS., and buy a pair of those gold filling shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We also have a stock of with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET

Don't Miss This.

Pay cash for your goods and when your purchases amount to $20 we will present you with an elegant volume of "Stanley in Africa." Purchase cards must be filed by November 1, 1890.

The most wonderful and thrilling book ever published.

The best, most complete and finely illustrated account of Stanley's travels.

The most wonderful discoveries! Thrilling adventures, marvelous escapes and dazzling achievements of the great explorer, and other renowned travelers, pioneers and missionaries.

Beautifully and elaborately illustrated with *nearly three hundred engravings. Value $6.*

Sugar 4 1-2 c lb, new crop ten 20c lb, good coffee for 20c lb, 6 lb baking powder 50c, 3 lbest Rorsecca oil, 150 test 10c gallon, good family flour 50c per bag.

TEAS, TEA AND

COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY, ETC.

21 1-2 West Front street.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

BARGAINS

in wagons, carts, harnesses, pungs, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farris Spring Wagon. John F. Wade, Rear street North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any company in the country. Office North avenue Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Solvay Process Co. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any part of Plainfield along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning train and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is a command to give a thorough first-class service.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the increase of business requires.

The present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washington. Beyond Washington I turn into Front.

Connect with the 6: 9, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 6:37 and 10 a. m. trains for Jersey City. Leave Somerset street for Washington, 10 minutes before each departure.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

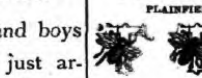
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue.

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 6.8, 7.5, 8.0, 8.27, 9.26, 9.56, 10.26, 11.26, 12.26, 1.26, 2.26, 3.26, 4.26, 5.26, 6.26, 7.26, 8.26, 9.26, 10.26, 11.26 p. m. 12.26 a. m. Leave New York for Plainfield at 1.30, 3.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 midnight. Sunday at 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 midnight.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.48, 6.05, 6.25, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.30, 10.05, 11.05, 12.05 p. m. 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. 12.05 a. m. Leave Newark at 7.10, 7.30, 8.35, 9.05, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 7.30, 8.40, 9.05, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35, 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Connects at Elizabeth for Newark and Connects at Elizabeth for Newark.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.05, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05, 12.45 p. m. 2.05, 3.45, 5.05, 6.45, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 9.05, 9.45, 11.05 a. m. 12.45, 2.05, 3.45, 5.05, 6.45, 8.05, 9.45, 11.05 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.05, 10.05, 11.39, 1.40, 5.20, Sunday 8.11 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport and Scranton.

9.00 a. m. For High Bridge Branch Easton, 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9.00 a. m. For High Bridge Branch Easton, 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

12.05 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Shamokin, Williamsport and Scranton.

3.34 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5.00 p. m. For High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., etc. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Reading and Harrisburg.

8.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sunday at 5.45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown.

5.45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg.

8.00 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre. Sunday at 8.00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 8.37, 10.05, 11.50, a. m. 12.05, 3.37, 5.05, 6.45, 7.51, 9.34 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 8.00, 8.37, 10.05, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 3.37, 5.05, 6.45, 7.51, 9.34 p. m. For Asbury Park at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 3.37, 5.05, 6.45, 7.51, 9.34 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 3.37, 5.05, 6.45, 7.51, 9.34 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Freehold 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, 11.50 a. m., 5.05, 7.51, 9.34, 7.05 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.37, 5.45, 8.00, 9.05, 11.50 a. m., 12.05, 2.50, 3.34, 5.34 p. m. For Intermediate Ocean Grove 3.37, 8.00, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 2.50 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3.37, 5.45, 8.00, 10.05, 11.50, a. m. 12.05, 2.50, 3.34, 5.34, 7.05, 9.34 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 8.00, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 2.50, 7.05, 9.34 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3.37, 5.45, 9.05, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 2.50, 3.34 p. m. Sundays at 3.37, 8.00, 11.50 a. m. 12.05, 2.50, 7.05, 9.34 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN, ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—Taxi a. m. to meet 7.58 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway, 8th st. to Second place; to Fourth ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train
3d	do 9.15	do	9.32 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.17 do
5th do	10.45	do	11.02 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.02 p. m. do
7th do	1.15 p. m.	do	1.32 do
8th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	4.00 do	to meet	4.17 p. m. train.
10th do	5.00 do	do	5.17 do
11th do	6.00 do	do	6.17 do
12th do	6.45 do	do	7.02 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer streets, North Plainfield, connecting with trains as per table, and make same connections.

Stages will also leave Depot upon over a new route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.47, 10.32, 11.32 a. m. 12.32, 1.32, 2.32, 3.32, 4.32, 5.32, 6.32 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept express, ladies' driving or calling purposes. Stable Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies' driving parties, in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, 2d house 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 1. 1-25-1

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Family work and goods called for promptly. Satisfaction guaranteed.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many an evening this season, Ice Cream Soda, The Nutritious Milk Shake are still very popular.

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

The City Pharmacy Destine for the tooth. Supersedes. Pleasant to the taste, 25c. per bottle

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Geo. H. Fairchild,

(Successor to R. R. Fairchild)

Furniture and Bedding,

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

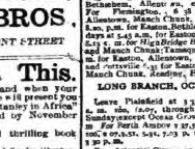
PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM.

FURNITURE

Spring Beds Tables and chairs, Baby Carriages the largest assortment in town.

PLAINFIELD

DRIVELESS EXCAVATING COMPANY



JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two lots in operation in Hampton. Plans approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers, by Physi'cs, Chemists call 24.

Builders Cards.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church.

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to,

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style).....15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC,

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine grocerier.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 481.

W. J. PIERSON, No. 13 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 26 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manager.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEAR-NO-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FOUR POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all the season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Stroms P. O. Box 1268. Jobbing attended to. Best management cheerfully on all kind work or job

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET;

and 32 Park avenue

P. O. Box 838,

FURNITURE AND FRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Leave our orders. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Cliffdale Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE.

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER,

138 Park Avenue, City.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

HORTICULTURAL NEWS, NOTES AND COMMENTS.

One of the Most Ornamental of the Orchids Both in Its Large Foliage and in the Handsome Curiously Formed Flowers, with Their Ribbon Like Petals.

The noble specimen of the orchid selenipedium caudatum, which furnishes the subject of the cut here reproduced from *Garden and Forest*, is an interesting illustration of the exceedingly curious form orchid flowers sometimes develops.

Selenipedium caudatum is remarkable for the long, ribbon like, pendulous petals, which when the flower first expands are three or four inches long, but continue growing for about ten days, at the end, of which they are sometimes two feet or more long. This plant is also remarkable for the large size of the flowers, the upper sepal being sometimes six or seven inches long, and for the handsome markings of the lip, which is bronze green, with the enfolded lobes ivory white, spotted with purple inside

A REMARKABLE ORCHID.

the brown or yellow brown border which surrounds the aperture. The fine specimen here shown forms part of Mr. F. L. Ames' very rich collection at North Easton, Mass., and is probably the largest in the United States.

Dwarf Evergreens.

The dwarf conifers fill a place in ornamental planting that no other plants can, and their merits entitle them to more attention and use. In a general way our cultivated varieties of evergreens may be designated as tall, low growing, and dwarf. Those which are tall are appropriately planted on spacious grounds, the low growing on those of smaller extent and the dwarf on either, only there must be a careful discrimination of varieties for the various places they are to occupy.

A variety of pinus mugho, called rotundata, a very upright and makes a small tree some eight or ten feet in height, and can very usefully be employed with taller evergreens. Some species and varieties of juniper exhibit the spreading habit of growth in a very pleasing manner, and one of the very best of them is juniperus sabina. Its height is from two to three feet, but it continues to grow and spread laterally, eventually covering a space of twelve or fifteen feet in diameter. The color is a dark green, and, in winter especially, appears to excellent advantage. Often a small narrow space needs something to furnish it and this juniper finds there a fitting place. There is one variety of this sabina, called alpina, which is still more dwarf, and another known as the tamarisk leaved, tamariciifolia, also trailing, with distinct and handsome foliage. All the above are natives of the mountainous regions of southern Europe, but are quite hardy here.—Vick.

Transplanting Large Trees.

An English forester who claims to have had large experience says: "Some time ago I was surprised to find that those trees which had been dug round and lifted the same season, and generally the same day as dug round, were growing better than most of those that had been previously prepared. The only principle upon which this can be accounted for is that in the one check, such as though it be, is less injurious to the trees than the two checks with an interval between. If a tree growing upon a dry, open soil and in full vigor be dug carefully round and removed forthwith to other suitable soil and, at the roots, cut, bruised and mutilated though they be, will heal up and recover better than if the operation had been performed at two separate periods, as commonly practiced and generally recommended."

Over Production of Grapes.

Some varieties of grapes have the ability to wither at the shock of overbearing for a time, but all will succumb if it is persisted in. The variety most likely to overbear is the Delaware. Vines apparently in perfect health (which had overborne the previous year) suddenly gave out, the leaves fell, and the fruit never ripened. It takes them two or three years to recover. Concord will not show overtaxing so soon. The best paying, the earliest and the poorest is the Champion.—New York Farmers' Institute.

Squandered on the Roads.

We have during the last fifty years squandered, it is estimated in this state for scraping up mud from our roads upward of $200,000,000, about $7,000,000 being now annually expended for this purpose. This system might be pursued to the end of time with no good effect in making permanent improvements. In Allegheny county we have 2,000 miles of roads, not a single mile of which is equal to the worst mile of the national turnpike in Wood county, which was built sixty years ago.—Col. T. P. Roberts, of Pittsburg.

Professor N. S. Shaler, of Harvard, estimates that in New England the cost to the public arising from bad country roads, as well as from the waste money expended on them, amounts to not less than $10 a year on each household.

ACROSS THE DESERT.

GALLANT MARCH OF A CALIFORNIA ARMY IN 1862.

Braving Torrid Heat and Burning Sands to Wave the Stars and Stripes in Arizona, New Mexico and Western Texas. A Thrilling Adventure.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

MONG the unwritten deeds of the civil war the march of the California column of Union volunteers from southern California nearly a thousand miles across the deserts of Arizona to Santa Fe, N. M., in the summer of 1862, is one of the most remarkable and probably one of the least known. The object of the expedition, which was undertaken in a desperate emergency and accomplished with undaunted energy and daring, was to forestall the Confederates in the occupation of the southern route to the gold coast, and prevent the founding of a southwestern territory under Confederate rule. The summer of 1861 had been an eventful one in the states, and the Union authorities had paid scant attention to affairs beyond the Mississippi. As open rebellion never sleeps, and every malcontent is a soldier and an organizer to a certain degree, the Confederate cause grew day by day in the far away empire along the Rio Grande and the Gila. By the first of August all the forts of southern New Mexico were in the hands of the Confederates, and the commander, Col. John R. Baylor, by proclamation constituted the Confederate territory of Arizona. Soon afterward Gen. H. H. Sibley arrived and assumed command of the Confederate "Army of New Mexico" and set out to capture Fort Craig, the extreme southerly post of Union forces in the territory. About this time Gen. E. R. S. Canby was sent from Washington to organize the Union militia and what defense he could of eastern New Mexico.

The Union commander on the Pacific coast was Gen. H. G. Wright, and to him occurred the bold idea of striking the Arizona Confederates in the rear by a force organized in California; to march across the desert, recapture the government forts along the southern border, reclaim all the region to the Union and open the old southern mail route between Santa Fe, New Mexico and Fort Yuma, Cal. The plan was immediately approved in Washington and troops were designated to form the expedition. Col. James H. Carleton, of the First California volunteers, was chosen leader. The intention was to move during the winter, and thus spare the men and animals the exposure in the burning Colorado and Gila deserts, which in summer are considered impassable. The distance to be marched from the rendezvous on the coast to the Rio Grande was upward of 1,000 miles, and that nearly all through a region of complete desolation. But an insurmountable obstacle to the winter march presented itself at once in the shape of unprecedented rains. The country was flooded, open plains became quagmires, and cattle and horses were swallowed up without a chance of rescue. Vehicles of transportation could not move, and after long delay supplies were at length sent by water through the gulf of California to Fort Yuma, and a depot was established there.

The volunteers for the enterprise were California miners and pioneers, and they came to the camps from all parts of the mining country on foot. When the rains ceased they began to move from the western coast toward Fort Yuma. Here a desert of 100 miles intervened, and as rapidly as the water disappear that wells had to be dug along the route to supply men and horses. When the rear of the column came along there was so little water in the freshly made wells that it had to be dipped in pint cups. By the middle of April the column was ready to move eastward from Fort Yuma. The number, including employes, was about 1,500, and was organized as follows: First California infantry; Fifth California infantry, three companies; First California cavalry, five companies; Second California cavalry, one company; Battery A, Third United States artillery.

The points of supply between Fort Yuma and the Rio Grande were Tucson, a half way station, and Pima Villages, the homes of the agricultural Pima Indians, between Fort Yuma and Tucson. Agents were sent forward to buy wheat and hay of the Indians and hold it for the troops. The Confederates occupied Tucson and were pushing westward, and Carleton's advance encountered them within fifty miles of Fort Yuma. Gen. Sibley's instructions on taking command of the Arizona Confederates had been to enlist volunteers promptly in all that region, to open negotiations with the wild Apaches of Mexican territory for supplies, and as soon as the Union forces could be driven from New Mexico on the east the Confederates would move toward the coast with the cry "On to San Francisco!"

This point gained, the Mexican states adjoining would enter the Union, and an outlet for African slavery and a supply of treasure would be secured to the south at one grand stroke. To prevent the consummation of this dark scheme was the work, both under extremely hazardous conditions, namely, Col. Carleton's struggling column in the wild gorges of Arizona, and Gen. Canby's garrisons of the forts on the Rio Grande, between Sibley and his base of supplies in Texas. With his ad-

IN THE DESERT.

vance thus retarded chiefly to the destruction of the Union forces as he passed them, in the year, Sibley had cut his head to California by extending his outposts toward the Colorado.

Col. Carleton's California column was preceded by two companies of infantry scouts and one of cavalry, and as they advanced the Confederate outposts fell back, destroying all forage on the route. Between Fort Yuma and Pima Villages the very hot weather and the scarcity of water and nourishing grass began to tell heavily, and the first sufferings to men and animals. At Pima Villages the command halted to gather some growing crops for the animals, and on May 14 set out for Tucson. It is a pathetic story that is told in the records of this expedition—how, day after day, day after day, in addition to the fatiguing march, a long and often fruitless search was made for grass and water.

The advance reached Fort Breckenridge, on the Gila, May 18 and hoisted the Stars and Stripes, then pressed on to Tucson. The Texan Confederates abandoned the place without a struggle and Carleton waited for his straggling column to close up. The battery of artillery was moved with difficulty. Water for the horses had to be borne in a tank, one holding 600 gallons having been placed on a truck. The rear of the column reached Tucson June 8, and Carleton proclaimed martial law in the territory. Supplies were bought across the line, since the Confederates had retired for the march to the Rio Grande, and Carleton sent forward an express to notify Gen. Canby, on the east, of his approach. The messenger was Lieutenant John Jones, Sergt. Wheeling of the First volunteers, and a Mexican guide. But the haunts of the murderous Apache Indians between Tucson and the fort were infested, and Carleton's couriers were promptly set upon. Sergt. Wheeling and the guide were killed, but Jones escaped the savages only to fall into the hands of the Confederates, who read his dispatches, learning of Carleton's expedition and his purposes. Upon this the Confederates determined to capture Carleton, and Jones, by some means, got word to Canby, who sent out a force to Mesilla, the Confederate headquarters.

On the 21st of June Col. E. E. Eyre, First cavalry, with 140 men of his regiment, was sent by Carleton on a forced reconnaissance toward the Rio Grande. He reached Apache Pass on the 28th, and halted at the fine spring of water to refresh and graze the animals. The Indians would lie in wait at this pass and attack travelers, and Col. Eyre kept his party alert. Suddenly, while busy drawing water, shots were heard at some distance, and the camp was soon surrounded by Indians well armed. After a parley the chief consented to let the soldiers go unmolested. It was found later that three of the men in the grazing fields had been killed and mutilated with lance and scalping knife, and after dark a volley was fired into the camp, killing a guard and wounding the surgeon. Eyre pressed on without further adventure, and on July 4 reached Fort Thorn (old Fort Floyd), above Mesilla, and across the river from Forts Fillmore and Bliss. This was the first time the Union flag had floated on the Rio Grande below Fort Craig, where Canby was, since the Confederate occupancy.

On the 25th of July Col. Carleton left Tucson with the remainder of the column. At Apache Pass the Indians attempted to keep the troops from the spring, and a fight ensued in which two volunteers were killed and two wounded. Several Indians were killed and the rest retreated. Again, at Dragoon, a garrison of 100 men to hold the pass. On Aug. 10 the command reached Las Cruces, in Texas, opposite Mesilla, and Col. Eyre was, for a time, been halted by orders from the eastern department. The active colonel had, however,

SHOT, STABBED AND SCALPED.

occupied Mesilla, A. T., and Fort Bliss and Fort Fillmore, in Texas. On the 20th the Union flag was raised over Fort Quitman, on the Rio Grande, and, also over Fort Davis, 100 miles in the direction. The last was performed by Capt. Shirland's company, First cavalry. Communication with Gen. Canby had been established. The California column was included in his department and supplied with funds. The long and anxious march was over and the purposes of the expedition had been carried out.

In his report of the expedition Col. Carleton stated with soldierly modesty: "The southern overland mail route has been opened, and the military posts in Arizona, southern New Mexico and northwestern Texas have been occupied by troops composing the column from California. Thus far the instructions of the general commanding the department of the Pacific have been carried out.

"It was no fault of the troops from California that the Confederate forces fled before them. It is but just to say that their having thus fled is mainly to be attributed to the gallantry of the troops under Gen. Canby's command. That they were hurried in their flight by the timely arrival of the advance guard of the California column there can be no doubt.

After commending the officers of the battery of artillery "for their incessant toil by day and night," the colonel added: "Theirs was the first battery that ever crossed the desert. I am sure that he who crosses the next one will be considered an accomplished soldier."

Of the achievement of his men he wrote: "The march of the column from California in the summer months across the great desert in the direct season that has ever occurred in the history of arms is a military achievement creditable to the soldiers of the American army; but it would not be just to appropriate to the success of this march in any ability on my part. The success was gained only by the high physical and moral energies of the peculiar class of officers and men who composed the column from California. With any other troops I should have failed."

In the light of disclosures made since the war sent Col. Carleton's claims are found to be entirely too modest. Gen. Sibley certainly intended to raise an army of southern sympathizers in New Mexico, and to raid and California and supply it from Mexico. The objective aim of the campaign, in his own words, "was the conquest of California."

The successful march of a formidable body of men through the heart of this territory under the difficulties described was a menace strong enough to paralyze Confederate recruiting and drive away all support from the native populace and the Apaches. And in fact it did. The march was unique and effective stroke, creditable to the mind that conceived it and to the devoted men who carried it out.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

The cigarette habit is flourishing tremendously in Austria. The number of cigars smoked in that country during the past year was 1,000,000,000, showing a reduction of 75,000,000 from the preceding year. On the other hand the consumption of cigarettes rose to 892,000,000, or an increase of 50,000,000.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FOR THE ESPECIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF BRIGHT BOYS AND GIRLS.

The Adventure in Which a Confident Little Maid Who Thought She Was Not Afraid of Anything Was Vanquished by a Queer Foe.

"I'm not afraid of anything."
Cried Bessie, with a shout,
Who thought herself the bravest lass
In all Northampton town.

One day this hearty little maid
To see the granary went,
A well filled barn all on one arm
With gifts by mother sent.

But what is this? A noisy flock
Of geese are down the road;
They threaten with their horny bills—
A most unpleasant crowd.

BESSIE AND THE GEESE.

Then Bessie's heart began to quake,
And puckered grew her brow,
"Oh, Dame Quickly, come Jones John,
Do come and help me now!"

"Why, Bessie!" cries the laughing boy;
"And can it really be
That you are frightened of a bird,
Although you laughed at me?"

Then Bessie sobbed, "Don't blame me, John
It really is no use
I'm not afraid of anything,
Except perhaps a goose!"

The Lesson Bessie Taught.

L. S. Hunt tells the following little story in The Examiner:

Bessie must have wakened in the morning with a plan in her busy little head for teaching certain members of the Newton family a lesson. The first thing she did was to go into the library, and finding on a chair a new magazine that Harry had left there she pulled off a cover. "There!" thought she, "I'll teach Harry not to leave so valuable a thing as a book where it doesn't belong." Then she went into the boys' room, and finding a borrowed book out of place she remarked to herself: "This will never do. Any borrowed book should always be carefully put away. I'll just destroy this one to teach Master Willie a lesson." So she soon defaced its pretty, bright cover badly.

Next she visited Marjory's room, and finding more dust on the floor than should have been there, she evidently thought of the saying, "Dirt is misplaced matter," and gave Marjory a gentle hint by tipping the contents of the scrap basket out upon the floor. Then she went into the sitting room, and finding Alice's hat on a little work stand, she thought, "Another thing out of order should be taught." So she pulled out the feather, leaving the hat and trimmings on the floor.

When all was done she cuddled up on the lounge, well satisfied with her morning's work. At the dinner table four members of the family looked as though each wished some one else would speak first. Finally, mamma said:

"I see Bessie has been trying to teach us again."

Four voices answered faintly, "Yes."

"She certainly has taught us once more that there should be a place for everything and everything should be in its place," said papa.

"Including Bessie herself," added mamma.

And Bessie? Well, Bessie was a 6-months-old puppy, with innocent, soft brown eyes.

Six Little Maids of Lynn.

HOLDING A WALKING MATCH.

Six little maidens on the beach at Lynn
Holding a walking match, who will win?
Six rods out and six rods in,
This is the length of the race at Lynn.
—Lizzie Moe and Wynne.

Finish What You Begin.

My old grandfather used to say when had a way, tells a writer in Golden Days, of making her children finish their work. If they began setting they must complete it. If they undertook to build a fire in the kitchen it must not leave it until it was done, and nothing of the work or play to which they set their hands would she allow them to abandon incomplete.

How much of life is wasted in unfinished work! Many a man uses up his time in wonderful beginnings. He is devoted to begin ten things and leave them undone, would finish five of them and make them good. Finish your work.

Finish your work. Life is brief. Time is short. Put patient, persistent toil into the matter, and it will succeed one complete undertaking will yield yourself more pleasure and the world more profit than a dozen fair plans.

Collection of Feathers and Lace.

These are now being worn in Paris, made of feathers, fringe and lace, elaborately looked, and tied with ribbons at the back, so that they hang down in bows and ends. They are frequently of light colors for evening wear, matching the dress, and on account of the black collarettes there are flocks of novelties here. Some people who do not wear fur collarettes have collarettes made in the same way of satin and lace. Black lace is best, but any colored satin looks well with it. Some of these collarettes are made so that it may simply with ruchings at the edge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of those remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 15c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1 25 We clos the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Announcement of 5 & 10 cent Store

WE DON'T

Give Every-one a Present,

but to make room for new goods, old stock must go even if we have to give it away, when a low price isn't tempting enough in shape of it. The children of course are the favorites when presents are to be given. But the older ones always go out smiling too, and if you would know the reason why, when you want anything in

HOUSE-FURNISHINGS

just call on

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSHINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS :

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—30c shirt for 20c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' RALF HOSE—12c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—30c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 33c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parcasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c; GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 2qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Horse Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

200 Parasols in stripes, checks, solid colors and black. These goods are manufacturers samples and are sold less than wholesale jobber's prices. 20 pieces fine challies, equal in appearance to all wool goods at 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

We will open the latter part of this week 1 case fine lawns at 3 cents per yard. Large line of ladies and Misses blouses and jumps. Great reductions in millinery goods just at hand.

Embroideries and lace flouncings in endless variety.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front Street.

Joseph Krewson

Successor to Tuttle J. Carey, to whom refer come is made.

Furniture Express

89 WEST FRONT STREET.

[LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No 2 Park Avenue.

2d and 3d floors, Box 1596

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-15-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P O. Box 797.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 28.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars is always taken to coal, it is at the mines, and is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and screening the coal. This with the use of the latest self-dumping wagon, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The best of coal and prompt attention guaranteed. Telephone 128. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

latest shapes in

Boonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Ribbons, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Jackets Cut & quickly. Pleating Stamping and Pressing. Hemstitching done. Ostrich Feathers Cleaned and Curled at short notice. 11 E.

14 West Front St.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes cast and one for every fraction over fifty cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE H. SHIPPAM, LEWIS ELY,
HORACE E. HUDE, W. P. HAINES,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF,
Committee.

Dated August 4, 1890.

ANOTHER HORSE THIEF.

He Steals a Team of Horses from the Half-Way House.

Benjamin Curry was arrested Saturday night by Officer Walsh on complaint of David Hastings of Newark, who charged him with stealing a team of horses and a carriage from the sheds of the Half-way House, between Elizabeth and Rahway, while he and a friend were at supper.

Yesterday morning Hastings appeared and made a formal complaint against the prisoner, who was duly committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury. This morning Curry was taken to a gallery, where his picture was taken for the purpose of being placed in the rogue's gallery.—Elizabeth Herald.

Ballot Reform Requires Many Blanks.

Under our new Election law County Clerk Crowell has received from Secretary of State Kelsey notice of the official election blanks which will be distributed by the State Department. There is a big lot of them necessary, and this is the list: Blank oaths for the Board of Registry and poll clerks, two canvassing books, two registry books, two blanks for lists to be posted, one registry book for additional or third copy of registry, two poll books and two registry desks, one each for the agent of the two principal parties; four blanks for precinct election returns, and for use of the County Board of Canvassers, three blanks of election returns.

Fire at Round Brook.

At about five o'clock yesterday morning the shrieking of locomotive whistles called out the Round Brook fire department. The Ramsey flats in that place were discovered to be afire. The flames originated in the cellar under the store of Eugene Matthews, and for some time burned fiercely. The prompt action of the department, however, saved the building, in which damage only resulted.

The building was occupied by twelve families, and they ran out half clothed when the fire was discovered. The estimated loss is about $300. The building, which is frame, is owned by Mr. J. Newton Voorhees of Flemington.

Another Runaway.

Manager Sitter of the District Telegraph and Fire Alarm Company had a narrow escape from serious injury, while descending the hill in Washington Valley, Saturday evening. He in company with an employe named Bradley, were seated on a wagon load of poles, when suddenly and without warning the king-bolt broke, causing the wagon to run up on the horse's heels. This frightened the animal and caused it to run away. Mr. Sitter held on to the reins, however, and finally succeed in running the frightened horse into a fence, thus stopping it. Both men escaped with a few slight bruises.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded in the county clerk's office:

Randolph M. Stiles and Frances E. Marsh, *exrs will of Manning Steele* Plainfield, to James H. Havens of New York; and to Plainfield at the intersection of the Steele avenue with Plainfield avenue 300x496 ft. $6,325.56
Randolph M. Steele and Frances E. Marsh, Manning estate of Plainfield, to Anna F. Marshall, lot w s Central avenue, Plainfield, 200x80 ft. 1
Randolph M. Steele to Anna F. Marshall, land on w s Central avenue, Plainfield, 80x200 ft. 1

Mr. Dunbar Released.

The Coroner's jury, in the case of Mrs. Frederick Dunbar, returned a verdict yesterday that death resulted from natural causes. Her husband *was released on his own recognizance*, bail being fixed at $1,000, to answer, at the October term of the Union county court, to the charge of burying his wife without a permit.

A Runaway in North Plainfield.

A horse belonging to John Childs of Rahway ran away on Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield yesterday afternoon. Mr. Childs was thrown out and his left wrist was fractured. The animal was caught on Mountain avenue after it had succeeded in wrecking the wagon.

M. of P. Parade.

Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias of this city went to Red Bank Monday and participated in the annual parade of the First Regiment which took place there. The Plainfield Division presented a good appearance.

Awful.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday we will put on sale ten cases of ladies' and misses' Oxford ties at 50 cents, that have sold for $1 and $1.50 all Summer. Also a broken lot of ladies' and gents' shoes, some as low as 75 cents a pair. Come early and get a good pick, for the sale only lasts for three days. Rogers Bros., 12 West Front street.

ELOPED WITH THE COACHMAN.

Detectives in Search of Erring Daily Ashton.

A number of Plainfielders from this city who took the 5.39 a. m., train for New York yesterday morning were witnesses of an unusual sight. Seated together in one of the cars was a girl apparently about eighteen years of age, and a colored man apparently about thirty five or forty years of age. The couple acted very lovingly and attracted considerable attention and their actions drew forth much comment.

A dispatch from Netherwood, Penns Traula brings the intelligence that the couple had eloped. It appears that the colored man's name is William Thompson and that he had up to Sunday evening been employed in the family of Mr. Henry Ashton as a coachman. Early Monday morning Mr. Ashton sent word to the barn to have his team hitched up as he wanted to take his family out for a drive. Thompson's wife sent word back by the messenger that the coachman had taken the team at twelve o'clock the night before for the purpose, he said of visiting a sick sister who lived a few miles distant.

Shortly afterward Mrs. Ashton informed her husband that *Emily the daughter*, could not be found. A visit to her room furnished proof of his erring daughter's flight. A letter to her father told of her love for Thompson, her effor to conquer it and her final yielding for a passion which could bring nothing but disgrace upon herself and family.

Mr. Ashton and a number *of* friends started in pursuit *of* the fleeing couple, but could find no trace of them. The horses were found tied to a tree. Detectives were put on the case and are now on the track of erring girl.

Miss Ashton is said to be very pretty. Thompson is described as an intelligent negro, but very uncouth. He has a wife and four children.

JOTTINGS.

—Thirteen canalaoops, raised by a farmer near Bridgeton, N. J., filled a barrel.

—The regular meeting of Warren Engine Company, No. 1, was held last evening.

—The City Common Council will meet in adjourned session at eight o'clock to-night.

—The borough Council will meet in regular session next Friday evening at eight o'clock.

—The Middlesex Gun Club will hold a "shoot" on its grounds in Dunellen to-morrow.

—The Crescents will cross bats with the Trentons in a game of ball next Saturday afternoon.

—Mr. A. S. Titsworth has a card among our special notices which will be of interest to G. A. R. men.

—The Union County Board of Freeholders will meet in the Court House at Elizabeth to-morrow afternoon.

—A regular meeting of the Plainfield Bicycle Club will be held next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

—A number of the children of St. Mary's parochial school enjoyed an excursion to New Brunswick yesterday.

—On the second page the announcements under the head of Educational cards will be of interest. Read them.

—Miss Jeannette Mattison will resume instruction on the piano on Sept. 8th. Her card appears in another column.

—A portion of the effects of John J. Paterson of Cottage place were sold a few days ago to satisfy a claim for board.

—*The colored people of this vicinity will* hold a camp meeting in Hyde's grove next Sunday afternoon and evening.

—Insurance adjusters were in this city a few days ago and adjusted the life insurance policy of the late Marshal Brown.

—On Sunday next the annual State Convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will be held in Turn Hall, New Brunswick.

—A small fire at the residence of Mr. J. B. Stickle on East Fifth street Monday evening was extinguished before much damage resulted.

—Duckworth, the highway robber who was sentenced to State prison some eight years ago from this county, will be released within a few weeks, having served out his sentence.

—It is said that women enumerators did the best work in the recent census. While men frequently became overpowered by heat, spirits, or the stress of their emotions, women always had their coats about them.

—The members of Cascade Engine Company No. 1, took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening. The apparatus was located on the well at the corner of Fourth and New streets. It was found to be in good working order.

—Mr. John H. Cash of Westfield, will this week commence the issue of a weekly paper in that village, to be known as the Westfield Leader. Mr. Cash has had considerable experience in the newspaper business and his many friends wish him success in his new venture.

—A prominent lawyer said recently: "The new election law is so cumbersome, complicated, and expensive that a change will be demanded in the near future. This is most likely what was contemplated by those who planned and passed it.—New Brunswick Home News.

—The Sussex Register says: "The tomato is having a great run in London as a medical agent, especially for liver complaint. One correspondent secures a leading journal that he found in the tomato a specific for a chronic throat trouble, and if there is any virtue in the vegetable as a hair renewer and corn cure, the extensive experimentation now going on is sure to bring it out."

—Western Massachusetts cities recently voted on the question of granting licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquor during the coming year, and ten of them decided in the negative—a gain of three over last year. The result was a surprise in some towns, and old users of liquors have worked; but even the proxy well informed people say that the secret ballot is one chief cause, because the voter was enabled to declare his preference without its being known.

Awful.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday we will put on sale ten cases of ladies' and misses' Oxford ties at 50 cents, that have sold for $1 and $1.50 all Summer. Also a broken lot of ladies' and gents' shoes, some as low as 75 cents a pair. Come early and get a good pick, for the sale only lasts for three days. Rogers Bros., 12 West Front street.

FROM OVER THE STATE.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

The cranberry harvest begins to-day in Burlington and Atlantic counties.

Hundreds of gunners filled the parks at Mays Landing yesterday to open the Fall shooting season for game birds.

Burglars were loose in May's Landing on Saturday night. Two houses were entered. There was a good deal of excitement there yesterday.

A number of prominent business men at *Mr. Holly, members of the Board of Trade*, contemplate the establishment of a street railway in that town.

Two-year-old Louis Kossing, 608 Roberts street, so badly cheved his own clubbing fingers yesterday that a Cooper Hospital surgeon had to dress them.

Hammonton Methodists have torn down their old meeting house to make way for a new one. The pastor, Rev. P. Cline, was an active workman among the demolishers.

The Sheriff of Ocean County has offered a reward for the capture of David Fleming, alias Lorenzo Atkinson, a burglar who escaped from the jail at Toms River a few nights ago.

An unusually severe electrical storm visited Bridgeton and vicinity on Saturday night and did considerable damage to property and the growing crops. The Court house was struck by lightning and the roof was badly shattered.

A veteran whale ship attracts much attention at the Inlet at Atlantic City. She has on board bombs, guns, harpoons, lances and other devices for killing whales. She is forty-two years old, has made fifteen voyages, each lasting from two to four years, and has captured 950 whales, including seventy on a single voyage.

PERSONAL.

Policeman Lynch is *e*njoying his vacation.

Mr. S Gibson of Paterson is visiting Plainfield friends.

Dr. T. S. Davis and family are home again from Europe.

Mr. David Krymer of West Fifth street is visiting relatives in Easton.

Mrs. Charles Sandford and family are expected home to-day from Watch Hill, R. I.

Miss Rita Krymer of West Fifth street is *on a visit to relatives in Hunterdon county.*

Mrs. William Bachman, formerly of this city, but now of Newark, is visiting friends here.

Mr. J. C. Closson has returned to his home in this city from a month's stay at Atlantic City.

Mr. William Kaufman has returned to his home in this city from a two weeks' stay at the seashore.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig A. Marsh have returned to their home in this city from a European trip

The Misses Runyon have returned to their home on Central avenue from a pleasant visit to Asbury Park.

Mr. Lindsley Woolley of THE NEWS is enjoying a month's vacation among friends in Monmouth county.

Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, returned yesterday from a month's vacation.

Miss *Lillie Grogan has returned to her home* in Westfield from a pleasant visit to her aunt Mrs. John Nugent at Philadelphia.

Mr. Edward Baland of Pittsburg, Pa., has accepted a position as one of the engineers in the Electric Light plant in this city.

Mr. W. R. MacClymont the talented young organist of Washington avenue played at St. Chrysostom church New York City on Sunday

Mr. D. C. Nolan formerly of this city, but now of Yonkers, N. Y., spent Sunday and Monday with his parents on Manning avenue, North Plainfield.

Mr. L. Wilson and family, of Mayoress, *Georgia, returned home Monday after a brief* stay with Mr. and Mrs. George W. Whitlock, of East Sixth street.

The eleventh anniversary of the dedication of St. Mary's church will be celebrated next Sunday. A visiting clergyman will deliver an address on this occasion.

The funeral of the late N. W. Fine took place from the residence of his parents on West Front street, this afternoon at half-past two o'clock. Interment was private.

Messrs. Frank L. C. Matin, E. L. Walk, Jr., A. L. C. Marsh, D. H. Lenox and Stuart H. Paterson of this city were registered at the West End House, Asbury Park, Monday

Notice has been received of the marriage of Mr. Wm. Long of this city to Miss Kate Liverman of New Brunswick, at the M. E. Church. The marriage occurred yesterday.

The second "barn party" of the season was held in the capacious barn on the premises of Mr. Trust at Green Brook, Friday evening. The barn was decorated with flags, flowers, shrubs, Chinese lanterns etc., and presented a gay appearance. Large parties from New York and Plainfield were in attendance. After an evening long to be remembered for the pleasure enjoyed the Plainfielders returned home. The others stayed until the following morning. When returning they were met at the Dunellen depot by the Plainfield party. Between them they succeeded in giving a "good send off" in the shape of a serenade. Their rollicking songs, brought "all Dunellen," as one of the party put it, out to listen.

—There are always compensations in this world. The fruit crop has proved a failure this year, but the outlook is excellent for a good oyster crop. The supply will be ample and the quality of the best. The oyster, be it be known, is now in the ascendant. Sapolio is his. "We love 'em, we love 'em, and who shall dare to chide us for loving the jolly oysters?"—Hunterdon Democrat.

Awful.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday we will put on sale ten cases of ladies' and misses' Oxford ties at 50 cents, that have sold for $1 and $1.50 all Summer. Also a broken lot of ladies' and gents' shoes, some as low as 75 cents a pair. Come early and get a good pick, for the sale only lasts for three days. Rogers Bros., 12 West Front street.

TYPHOID FEVER.

How to Prevent the Spread of the Disease.

Heat being recognized as the best destroyer of the lower forms of animal and vegetable germs, fire would be the best disinfectant. The day is doubtless, not far distant, when every town, city and village will have its public cremation, in which the filth of each day will be incinerated the following night. Then, and not until then, will our present abominations, namely: one pools, out houses, and slop barrels, seething and festering for days and weeks at a time, without being cleaned, and other hot beds for the development and spread of disease germs become a thing of the past. The earth has been erroneously considered as a disinfectant. When the earth was new, the soil might have been a good filter and disinfectant, but countless millions have died of *intestious diseases since* the world began, and have been hidden in the bosom of the mother earth, and have their undergone a slow decomposition.

What has become of the disease germs buried with the dead? One need only go to Marlboro and look at the strange plants, the seeds of which have been buried for ages; there they *have shown their great vitality* and when exposed to the proper conditions, have at once germinated. Disease germs have been proven to have the same vitality. May they not also be dormant long after the body, with which they were buried, has decayed, waiting the time and opportunity to go forth, seeking whom they may destroy! When the *public fully realizes the danger of graveyards* in their midst, there will be instituted at once, a great reform in sanitary affairs. Whether disease germs develop or not, there is no doubt that they develop more freely in filthy surroundings. "Cleanliness is next to Godliness" and applies equally to our back yards and our bodies.

It is pretty generally admitted in scientific circles that in the majority of cases of typhoid fever, the germ has entered the body with the drinking water, hence boiling our drinking water, whether from wells, streams or pond; during the Summer and Autumn, renders it perfectly safe. Even though the water is not infected with disease germs, all *water*, which has been *exposed to the air for* any length of time, becomes filled with animalculæ. Boiling will kill these and coagulate any organic matter, which may be present, also.

The essential lesion of typhoid fever is an ulceration of certain glands in the intestines. Diarrhœas and feverish conditions occuring *in the Autumn, should never be neglected.* Rest in bed and a milk diet would doubtless cure many cases of typhoid fever, if taken in time before the ulceration began, while endeavors to keep up with an idea that the fever can be fought off will only weaken the constitution and render it more liable to succumb to the disease To prevent relapse, a liquid *diet should be continued for at least a week after the fever has subsided.*

To present one fever patient from infecting the community, great care should be taken to disinfect the patient and his surroundings; particularly, should all excretions be rendered harmless. Next to heat, corrosive sublimate is the most powerful germicide known. A solution, containing two drachms to the gal. lon, would be fatal to all disease germs. This and a violent corrosive poison, and odorless and odorless, should be labeled poison in a conspicuous manner, and kept in a safe place. A five per cent, solution of carbolic acid is another good germicide and is safer to handle, as it does not would stain and is not caustic. Chlorine gas, made by mixing one half pound of chloride of lime with water in an earthen dish, and then adding one teaspoonful of sulphuric acid, is a good and easily prepared disinfectant for the air in rooms of an infected house. Sulphurous acid gas, made by burning powdered sulphur mixed with alcohol, is another. A strong solution of permanganate of potash, is a good deodorizer, and could be used advantageously in connection with the corrosive sublimate solution to deodorize and disinfect the stools.

These few precautions being taken, the danger of a typhoid fever epidemic would be diminished.

AETIOLOGIA.

More Exaggeration.

The following is another instance of the exaggerated accounts of local affairs sent by certain local correspondents to New York papers:

Within ten day no less than six barns in Plainfield have been set on fire by incendiaries and burned, the aggregate loss being several thousand dollars. Soon after midnight yesterday morning some unknown person set fire to the barn of H. Hoffman on West Front street, and in half an hour the building was in ashes. The barn contained with the exception of Fernand O Smith, and they were also burned. Hoffman's loss is $2,500; Mr. Smith's loss is $3,000; insured for one-half of that amount.

Mr. Hoffman's loss is estimated at about $200 and Mr. Smith's at $300.

A Fight on Park Avenue.

Two Plainfielders, whose names could not ascertained, became involved in a fight with two men from New Brunswick, on Park avenue near the fair grounds last evening. All four parties were arrested on the warrants, and the trouble arose from one of the drivers occupying too much of the road. It is said that all the parties concerned are badly used up.

—There is no doubt about the standing of Mayor Abbett and other persons as candidates of great cleverness and originality. They are essentially different in their conceptions of humor, and nothing could be more diverse than the characters they assume in "Parlor Match." They are the life and soul of Hoyt's delightful farce, and for the most part the fun they make is of the most wholesome kind. As usual the audience went into peals of laughter every two minutes. The company is good all the way through. The Lee sisters, Edith of Miss Clara Thorpe is the same piece of humor as ever, and Miss Lillian Spencer is a pretty little girl with a bright kind of a way about her. In some days "A Parlor Match" will be dead a very high class entertainment and it is to be hoped that it will be received on the road to-day.—Pittsburg Dispatch. Messrs. Evans and Hoey will appear in Music Hall next Monday evening.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Merchant's Sudden Death

New Brunswick, N. J., Sept. 3. (Special)—Mrs. J. Bradley, a prominent resident of this city died suddenly yesterday of paralysis. She complained of feeling ill at 9 o'clock a.m. She leaves a small fortune accumulated in the restaurant business. Two brothers in Germany and two sisters in New York survive her.

What Ballot-box Will be Used?

The officials of the county are at sea as to what sort of a ballot box will be used at the coming election. The new ballot reform law does not specify the box to be used and as the opening in the Wood patent ballot box is too small to permit the depositing of the votes, after they are placed in an envelope in accordance with the new law, the question is what can be done? Some claim that this omission in the law was intentional, and was done to permit Hudson county, people to use the old-fashioned box and fraud ad libitum! —Ex.

—Charles Perrine was arrested last evening by Policeman McGee, on the charge of assaulting some Italian laborers, near Scotch Plains. Perrine was recently released from State prison, after serving out a ten years' sentence.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Awful.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday we will put on sale ten cases of ladies' and misses' *Oxford ties at 50 cents, that have sold for $1* and $1.50 all Summer. Also a broken lot of ladies' and gents' shoes, some as low as 75 cents a pair. Come early and get a good pick, for the sale only lasts for three days. Rogers Bros., 12 West Front street.

Cent-a-Word Column.

LOST.—A gold breast pin. Suitable reward. 60 East Front street. 2-6

TO LET—Small house, five rooms, on Steiner place. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 2-4

TO LET—House, No. 26 Park place, seven rooms. 2-5

TYPEWRITING—For business men, lawyers, ministers, authors, editors, lodges and societies done carefully. Inquire at Fairview bookstore, or Miss A. M. Thompson, 114 Richmond street.

WANTED—A first class cook, must be willing to assist upstairs once a week. References required. Call 69 West Seventh street.

WANTED—Colored girl as chambermaid and waitress. Apply 120 Central avenue. 3-2

WANTED—Strong, intelligent boy. Call at News office.

WANTED—Two large unfurnished sunny rooms for mother and daughter, or the second story of a small house. Between Park and Central avenue. Near boarding house. Address 50 Madison avenue.

WANTED—Two connecting girls, cook and laundress and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Apply 170 West Front street. 2-26

WANTED—At once, an experienced young man of tact and ability, having a thorough knowledge of the grocery trade. Apply, with references, United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association, leading grocers, Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED—Agents, local and traveling at once, to sell ornamental shrubs, roses, trees and fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish references, as to good character. Charles H. Chase, Rochester, N. Y.. Mention this paper. 3-3

WANTED—An active man for each section, salary $75 to $100, to locally represent a successful N. Y. Company incorporated to supply dry goods, clothing, shoes, jewelry, etc., to consumers at cost. Also a lady of tact, salary $40, to enroll members ($60,000 now enrolled, $100,000 paid in). Reference required. Empire Co-operative Association (credit well rated). Lock box 610, N. Y. s-m-tf.

Special Notices.

COMRADES! I will be in my office, No. 61 North avenue, Thursday, Sept. 4th, from 9 a. m. to 1:30 p. m., to prepare pension vouchers.

A. S. TITSWORTH,
Notary Public.

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Edwards, by request of her many friends here, has returned again to Plainfield; can only remain a few weeks, from Aug. 26, to Sept. 15. Call at once, as this is positively the last chance. Office hours, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 25c to $1. Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4, (one flight up) Plainfield, N. J. 3-1w

H. B. SPENCER,
Grocer and stationer, 26 and 28 North street. Celery plants, best varieties, white and colored plants, for sale. Choice provisions. White, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Your order solicited. Finest grade ammoniated Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND
and wool braids, soutache, and shoulder cords, both by hand, in the finest patterns, and also a selection of braiding patterns given in doing the work. By Mrs. Charles Mayer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 tfm

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles Mayer's. Shop next to 54 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-24-tf

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and evergreens, plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to lease; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unobstructed, at Denman's Nursery, No. 127 Rhinelander avenue.

CELERY PLANTS
for sale at Mrs. Lindsley's, after 4 p. m. 6-tf
Celery plants, best varieties, for sale at reduced by Mrs. Lindsley. 35 West Front st.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

29 W. FRONT. STREET,
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Monday, Sept. 8th,

THE COMEDIANS

Evans and Hoey

In their Evergreen Success,

A Parlor Match,

EDITION DE LUXE HOYT'S BEST PLAY

Embellished with a whole lot of goodiings. *First* appearance of the *Leroy* sisters in America.

Prices 35, 50, 75, and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

Don't Miss This.

Pay cash for your goods and when your purchases amount to $20 we will present you with an elegant volume of "Stanley in Africa" purchase cards must be filled by November 1890.

The most wonderful and thrilling book ever published.

The best, most complete and finely illustrated account of Stanley's travels.

The most wonderful discoveries! Thrilling adventures, marvelous escapes and dazzling achievements of the great explorer, and other renowned travelers, pioneers and missionaries.

Beautifully and elaborately illustrated with nearly three hundred engravings Value $6.

Sugar 4 1/2 c lb, new crop tea 20c lb good coffee for 20c lb, o. k. baking powder 20c lb best kerosene oil, 120 test 10c gallon, good family flour 30c per bag.

UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at Mrs. Fancy Goods store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Safety Bicycles

—FOR—

LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $125.
Warwick	$125.
Olympic	85.
Little Giant	65.

HIGH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

RELIABLE

Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY",

62 WEST FRONT ST.

Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Segar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses *Leather in sorts* and colors, medium weight.

A full line of medium weight underwear for ladies', gentlemen and children.

Children's and Misses' flannel dresses in plain and two piece suits with blouse and plaited skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired.

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAND MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-22-1y.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD, AND TWENTY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SUMMIT STREET.

W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $4.00 PER ANNUM.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 65.

John Boyle O'Reilly.

When *John Boyle O'Reilly died one* of the most gifted spirits that ever found a home in America passed from among us. His very superabundance of gifts made him less famous than he would otherwise have been. Poet, orator, athlete, novelist, patriot, journalist and philanthropist, he was all these and more, and distinguished in each field. He was a man of splendid physique, handsome and soldierly.

When only 20 years old he joined the Prince of Wales' own regiment, the Fourth Queen's Dragoon Guards, in the British army, for no other purpose than to make proselytes to the cause of freedom for Ireland and the world. Two years he continued this missionary work. Then he was discovered and sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude, with transportation. At first he was condemned to be shot, but the sentence was afterward commuted. The notorious Col. Valentine Baker, of the Fourth Hussars, himself a magnificent cavalryman, shook his fist at the departing convict, and said with an oath. "Confound you, Reilly, you have ruined the best regiment in the British army."

When he was in Australia friends in all parts of the world set about aiding him to escape. He had even then that marvelous personal magnetism which drew all hearts to him. A good convict would *have settled down to work*, with no thought of anything beyond sleeping and rations. But O'Reilly kept his eyes open. The sufferings of those years were transmuted into some of the finest gold of literature that has been produced on American soil. From his Australian experiences as convict O'Reilly wrought out that marvelous novel, "Moondyne." Many of the Australian poems are among his best, too, notably "The Dukite Snake." And yet he died before his finest work was done.

If O'Reilly had devoted himself to novel writing alone he would have been one of the first romancers of his time; if to poetry alone, he would have won greater fame than Swinburne; if to oratory, his speeches would have rung around the world. But with all these gifts he earned his daily bread as a journalist from the time he landed in America, after his escape from Australia, till the day of his death. To the day of his death also he was an escaped convict, and with all his fame and splendid gifts would have been arrested the moment he set foot on British soil in any part of the world.

How Many Congressmen?

The old fight that comes every ten years, as soon as the census is figured up, will soon be on again—that is, how many members shall have seats in the United States house of representatives? At present there is one congressman to each 151,912 inhabitants of a state. On this basis there are now in the house 332 members. The hall is so crowded that the members cannot sit comfortably, and only a few of them have the luck of sliding out when the proceedings are dull, which is quite often, they would not have nearly room enough. Sooner or later the people's representatives must have a new hall.

In case the present apportionment—one member for 151,912 inhabitants—continues, then the number of congressmen will reckon up into the four hundreds. In case the next apportionment is increased, making each member represent 200,000 or thereabouts of the population, a very large rub comes in. The New England states will lose no less than six or seven of their present congressmen. This they will of course fight while New England has tongue and breath, and that would be a good while. Some of the middle states would also lose, while the west and the manufacturing states of the new south would gain immensely. How to please all parties will be one of the problems for congress to study over.

Pensions.

An announcement is made which is profoundly important if true. A German chemist of Chicago, Professor J. Hirsch, claims that he has discovered how to extract aluminum from common clay at a cost of fifteen cents a pound, or even less. What renders the story still more marvelous is the fact that the professor does not want any financial backing to put his discovery on the market. He has all the money he wants already, he says. He has leased two six-story buildings for manufacturing, and will commence work immediately. At first he will only turn out 300 pounds a day, but that will be a large quantity, since aluminum is *so light. If this is a bona fide* discovery we shall not need to go any further for something new with which to astonish the world at the time of the Columbian exposition. This is enough. Many things can be made of the beautiful metal of the future before the fair opens, and our lean, poverty stricken clay hills will be transmuted into something better than gold mines.

MORE RECIPROCITY TALK

Senators Who Favor Secretary Blaine's Pet Plan.

TWO ESTIMATES THAT DIFFER.

Republicans Can See a Net Surplus of $17,000,000 After Uncle Sam's Bills Are Paid, but the Democrats Figure Out a Deficiency of $11,500,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The senate resumed discussion of the tariff bill, taking up the sugar schedule. Mr. Carlisle gave notice early in the day that he would propose an amendment to strike out the entire *sugar bounty paragraphs.* Mr. Hale brought up his reciprocity amendment immediately after the reading of the journal, and made a long speech in support of it. The discussion, mainly on reciprocity, lasted through the entire day. At 5:30 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 p. m., when the discussion was continued. In the course of his speech Mr. Hale said the people of the United States had witnessed with great impatience the falling off of her trade with Central and South America. The Pan-American conference proved that the eminent men of all the countries affected were anxious for an increase of trade and for reciprocity. Mr. Hale earnestly objected to the proposed removal of the duty on sugar *unless it was* done on the reciprocity plan.

One Objection Answered.

It had been urged, Mr. Hale said, against his amendment in certain quarters that "none of these sugar producing countries with which arrangements of reciprocity were desired were willing to enter into a *form of treaty, to give to the* United States such advantages as were set forth in it. The answer to that was plain and obvious, and that was that there was not one of those countries that did not greatly desire the repeal of American duties on their products.

Senator Evarts Asks a Question.

Mr. Evarts asked attention to what he called a "very pregnant point"—namely, a sentence in the letter from a Brazilian merchant which Mr. Hale had quoted at sentence being, "We cannot admit your products and manufactures free; but we will make a little difference between the tariff on your importations and the tariff of other nations."

What practical results, Mr. Evarts asked, would come to the United States from only a little difference in favor of American products? Mr. Hale replied that that was a matter which time alone could tell. It was evident that the feeling not only of Brazil, but of the other South American countries, was strongly bent toward reciprocal arrangements.

Senator Aldrich Favors Reciprocity.

Mr. Aldrich made a long statement about receipts and expenditures of the government and of the probable effect of the tariff bill on the finances, reaching the conclusion that the expenditures for the current fiscal year would be about $411,000,000. The revenue for the year was estimated at $400,000,000, and if the tariff bill was passed he figured out a decrease of $53,500,000 in revenue if sugar were put on the free list, thus leaving a surplus of about $15,000,000 at the end of the year. In concluding he said he favored putting sugar on the free list, and was in favor of a further extension of reciprocal trade.

The Evening Session.

In the evening session Mr. Gibson moved a substitute for the sugar schedule of the paragraph in the existing law imposing duties on sugar. Mr. Dolph concluded his speech against any reciprocity with Canada in the matter of coal, timber or agricultural products. Mr. Vance argued in support of the amendment offered by him reducing the rates of duty on all manufactures of cotton and linen, all woolen and cotton goods, on earthen ware and glass ware and on all materials used for fertilizers when such goods were purchased abroad by any citizen of the United States by exchange of American farm products, or by products of the sale of such farm products. There would be a surplus this year of 5,000,000 bales of cotton and 100,000,000 bushels of wheat and 500,000 bbls of corn, and what, he asked, was to be done with all that surplus if the foreign market was not to be used?

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The house took up Hemphill, Republican, of South Carolina's election case from Arkansas, but after brief statements by Messrs. Cooper and Wilson the case was laid aside, and Mr. Cannon made a statement of the probable surplus after all appropriations are made for the fiscal year 1891. He estimated a net surplus of $17,000,000. Mr. Sayers, for the democrats, also submitted an estimate, in which he produced figures which he claimed would show a net deficiency of $11,500,000 for 1891.

Mr. Cannon's Estimate.

A critical examination of the appropriations made during this and the last preceding session of congress will justify the statement, Mr Cannon said, that *had the* last session of congress made appropriations in the same degree of liberality that seemed to have governed that congress at its first or long session, and had it provided, as it should have done so as to avoid the $29,151,451 of deficiencies which it devolved upon this congress, the sum total of appropriations at this session would have been no greater, if not less, than they were at the last session.

The total revenues for 1891, including postal receipts, he estimated at $67,414,337. Taking from this amount the total appropriations left a surplus of $6,270,245, and, adding to this the value of net cash in the treasury, fractional coin in the treasury and the amount of the national bank fund act of 1890, made a total surplus of $186,-980,416. Specified reductions from this amount left a net surplus of $16,974,998. If the government redeemed the $80,053,-750 of four and a half per cent. bonds so as to carry $48,000,000 of them into the sinking fund, under its requirements for 1892, the net surplus as shown above would be increased by that amount to $64,974,998 in Mr. Cannon's opinion.

Mr. Sayers' Democratic Estimate.

Mr. Sayers (Tex.) submitted the views of the minority of the appropriation committee, reviewing the fiscal situation from the Democratic standpoint. The minority put the aggregate appropriations for the current fiscal year at $661,584,779, as against $661,584,779 at the present session, thus making an excess of appropriations over revenues of $11,630,442. Deficiencies they say will be annually heavy this year—in the matter of pensions alone $44,994,394—and in conclusion they confidently venture the opinion that the unexpended surplus the present fiscal year will not be sufficient to meet expenditures, a thing that has not occurred since 1873.

The speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Crisp as a member of the Rasm investigating committee in place of Mr. Speyer, resigned.

BICYCLE RECORDS BROKEN.

Winners at the Hartford and Syracuse L. A. W. Races.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The three mile and the five mile tandem records were broken at the second day's meeting of the L. A. W. The three mile race was won by W. F. Gunther, of New York, and C. J. Iten, of Rochester, in 6m. 18s., the best previous record being 6m. 24s. G. M. Fee, of W. F. Murphy, of the New York A. C. finished, the only other contestants, kept right on to beat the five mile record. Their *time was 10m. 5s., a lowering of 1 minute* and 7 seconds of the previous world's record. The other races were as follows:

One mile novice safety, H. Ward Kelly, of Rochester, won in 3m. 19¼s. Two miles ordinary, W. F. Murphy, of New York, won in 5m. 55s. One-half mile safety, W. E. Banker, of New York, won in 1m. 18s. One mile ordinary, A. A. Zimmerman, of Jersey City, N. J., won in 3m. 20¾s. One mile safety, W. F. Murphy, of New York, won in 3m. 18⅝s. Three mile ordinary, A. A. Zimmerman, of Bergen, N. J., won in 10m. 27s. One mile (3m. 30s. class) safety, F. F. Kammer, of Rochester, won in 3m. 5s. Five mile ordinary, W. F. Murphy, of New York, won in 16m. 55s. One-half mile dash, J. R. Hazleton, of Philadelphia, won in 1m. 14⅗s. The two mile team race was won by Bergen, N. J., against Syracuse 20 points to 10.

The Winners at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Sept. 3.—At the second day of the Hartford Wheel club's tournament A. E. Limsden, of Chicago, succeeded in breaking the half mile record of 1m. 14⅘s., held by Osmond, the English rider. He lowered this record two-fifths of a second. The winners were: One mile handicap, S. S. Gerrether, Philadelphia (80 yards) in 2m. 30 3-5s. One mile tandem safety, state L. A. W. championship. D. C. Shea and William Harding, in 3m. 8 2-5s. Three *mile lap race with time limit of 10m. 30s.* E. C. Anthony, Taunton. The time was: First, 3m. 10 1-4s.; second, 7m. 3-5s.; third, and that is all that there was not one of those countries that did not greatly desire the repeal of American duties on their products.

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HE ADVISED AGAINST IT.

Mr. Powderly Did Not Favor the Central Strike,

BUT FOREDICTED CERTAIN DEFEAT

Interesting Secret Correspondence of the Knights of Labor Laid Before the Empire State Board of Arbitration—Testimony of Vice President Webb.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—When the state board of arbitration convened, H. Walter Webb testified on behalf of the Central railroad concerning the recent strike. He said that the company had not had any controversy with its men. On Aug. 8 a body of men left the employ of the road, which was now being operated without them. Seventy-eight men had been discharged, seventeen of whom were Knights of Labor. Of these Engineer Trunz had been discharged because work was slack; Engineer Lee and engineer Conrad McCarthy, Converse, Molloy and Brown because their work was unsatisfactory. Lee, Mr. Webb said, had told Mr. Toucey that if he did not get money from the road he would make trouble for it. Mr. Webb said he had declined to discuss arbitration with Mr. Powderly or Mr. Holland.

Ex-Employes Testify.

William A. Stevens, an ex-employee of the Central, testified that he was discharged without written notice or assigned reason after he had told the assistant superintendent he was a Knight of Labor. Dennis McCarthy testified that he had worked faithfully for the New York Central railroad for twenty years as freight brakeman *and baggage man.* He was working in the latter capacity in July when he was discharged without assigned cause. On Aug. 1 Mr. Toucey told him he would either have to quit the Knights of Labor or quit the company. Mr. Toucey said, "Suppose there should be trouble, which would you stick to, the knights of labor or the company?"

"I said I would stick to the company if it was right and to the knights if they were right. 'Well, I am getting tired of this,' said Mr. Toucey. 'This man Lee is sucking my heart's blood out of me and he's got to stop.' He said that Lee kept going to him with complaints from various delegations until he was tired of it. Then he told me again that I'd have to quit the company or the order. I told him I would do neither and reminded him of my long and faithful service to the road. He admitted it."

E. J. Lee Takes the Stand.

E. J. Lee, district master workman of the Knights of Labor, who ordered the strike, was the next witness. He said he was discharged in July, no reason being given. As district master workman he had presented many complaints to Superintendent Toucey on behalf of the men. On one occasion he presented a complaint which Mr. Toucey refused to consider, and upon being asked what report he would make he said:

"I shall tell them you have to pay so much money for dividends on watered stock that you have none left for the men and the road and engine to do the work for you." He denied ever having threatened to make trouble for the road, and insisted that he had done all he could to prevent the strike.

Mr. Webb Did Not Understand Them.

James J. Holland, a member of the executive committee of the Knights of Labor, said he visited Mr. Webb just before the strike under instructions from the executive board to endeavor to adjust the difficulty. Mr. Webb told him there was no trouble to discuss. Witness then repeated the story of his interview with Mr. Toucey and his proposition to submit to the board of arbitration, all the men were reinstated. Witness said that Mr. Toucey told him he was sorry, but that Mr. Webb did not understand the temper of the old employes as he and Mr. Depew did.

Secret Letters from Mr. Powderly.

Gen. Pryor read a letter from Mr. Powderly dated Feb. 8, 1890, in which the latter commended Mr. Lee and his associates for their course, but warned them against rashness or precipitate action in the future. He reminded them of the unfortunate strike on the Reading road and its result, and bade them avoid the same mistakes. He also bade them to morally regard the company's rights while endeavoring to secure their own. Gen. Pryor then read Mr. Lee's response dated Feb. 19, written in the same spirit. Then he read another from Mr. Powderly on Feb. 14, acknowledging Mr. Lee's letter. A fourth letter from Mr. Powderly, dated April 17, contained the following:

Mr. Powderly's Advice.

By all means do everything in your power to avoid a strike for it will prove a failure and will be just what the New York Central company wants the men to do. If a strike takes place on that road the West Shore will be put to work and do it as effectually as to break the spirits of the men or strike. You know that neither the Knights of Labor nor any organization can let this time support a strike and if they could it would not be a success on a great railway, owing to the strength of such corporations. I am informed that Mr. Depew is anxious to have the men strike before the system is organized and consolidated into against such a step.

He Protested to the Very Last.

*Another letter from Mr. Lee to Mr. Pow*derly tells of Lee's discharge, and Mr. Powderly's reply still cautioning the men to be patient and advises them to do nothing until Mr. Depew comes back from Europe, reminding them that he is the friend of the present president of the United States. This ambition, he urges, will keep him from refusing reasonable requests. Other letters in the same spirit followed, the anti-strike series concluding with a very long letter dated Aug. 6, two days before the strike, which contains the strongest protests against the anticipated strike.

On Aug. 6, just on the eve of the strike, Mr. Powderly wrote these prophetic words:

Brother Lee, it is madness for the men of the New Central to think of striking. They cannot win, and you know it as well as I do. Only the most disastrous results can follow. I will say that a strike on a system of railways can succeed in these days. The New York Central management knows that if organization can be kept up among the men until the World's fair they will not be able to refuse the men any just demands. *Now, I want you to keep your power before you have succeeded in organizing other* roads, and with a defeat now they know that the chances for a reorganization before then is an impossibility and that the men will always be at their mercy. We cannot assist you in the coming struggle, for the workmen of this age will not respond to assessments to support a strike, no matter how just it is, and for that reason we could only look on and see you fail.

General Master Workman Powderly *was* the last witness, most of his testimony was similar to what he had repeatedly stated in newspaper interviews. He looks very pale and his appearance seemed to indicate that the strain of the last few weeks had been rather too much for him.

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FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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Educational.

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches the Italian method of singing, as taught by Giovanni, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Add ess 73 East Fifth street. 9 3 2m*

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta D. C. Box 1091.

FRENCH AND GERMAN, taught by Messrs. Louis Viroux and Credner, graduates of the School of Languages, Madison Square, New York. Special instruction at the Plainfield High School, and private lessons to families and gentlemen at their private residences. Correspondence invited. Free translations from the French and German. Classes forming. Address Berlitz School, No. 1 West 34th street. 9-26-1y

MISS L. S. HALLWIG, a graduate of the Gymnase of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a good special certificate from the Berlin Conservatory, has had scholar, gives lessons to ladies and gentlemen, in French and German languages, and also in Music, at her residence, 107 Somerset street, or Terms and particulars address Miss C. S. Hallwig, No. 34 East Fifth street. 9-16-1y*

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Violin and Piano, gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Address Miss Jeannette Mattison, Rest of residence, No. 147 Somerset street.

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and school, 48 Craig place (near Park avenue), will reopen Wednesday, September 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Calisthenics and reading receive a with the children in American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. 7 20 2m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For parti ulars address Miss R. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY, No. 25 East Front street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DODGE, Principal. 8 18 3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

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E. B. VOORHEES, D. V. S., Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3 and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUSHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, 215 County Road, Scotch Plains. Surveying and Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Office, 107 and 109 Fifth street.

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All kinds of lead machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

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Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit a continuance of the same with our present agency.

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Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20	$1.50
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Bread Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.50

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Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Bad lanes promptly furnished.

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Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Berckman. Everything pertaining to the business attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Calls answered day or night.

UNDER DEADLY WHEELS.

A Prominent Philadelphia Attorney Ground to Pieces.

A FATAL SMASHUP IN THE WEST.

Two Persons Were Killed and Sixteen Injured in a Wreck Near Eagle Gorge, Washington—The Names of the Dead and the Seriously Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3.—Lawrence Lewis, Jr., one of the most brilliant young members of the Philadelphia bar, was ground into pieces in the presence of hundreds of horrified spectators at Frazer station, on the Pennsylvania railroad, Tuesday. Mr. Lewis was living at Green Hill, and had kissed his wife and children goodby but half an hour before the accident, leaving them to come to Philadelphia. The train which bore Mr. Lewis away from them forever stopped at Frazer as usual to unload its passengers, who had to be transferred to the Parkesburg train coming down the main line. Standing with his face to the train approaching from the west, and not thinking of the train backing from the east, Mr. Lewis lingered in conversation until the express train was coming to a stop and then quickly started across the tracks toward it.

Ground Beneath the Wheels

The tall end of the Westchester train caught him and he fell and disappeared under the crushing wheels. His remains *were carefully gathered up by the trainmen* and given to an undertaker, and soon after the terrible news was broken as mildly as possible to his wife and children at Green Hill.

A Distinguished Attorney.

Mrs. Lewis is the daughter of Henry K. Kelly, of the firm of Samuel & Frank Field. The couple had been married seven years. Mr. Lewis was the son of Robert M. Lewis and nephew of Lawrence Lewis, trustees of the vast estate left by Lawrence Lewis. He distinguished himself in the management of the French spoliation claims and the editing of "the weekly notes of cases." He would have inherited a large fortune from the Lewis estate at the age of 34.

Two Killed and Sixteen Hurt.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—News has just been received here of a disaster on the Northern Pacific railroad near Eagle Gorge, in the *state of Washington*. Eastbound passenger train No. 3 was thrown from the track by a broken rail, and the mail, express and baggage cars, the smoker, emigrant car and two coaches were thrown from the track. Two were killed. They are: J. D. Keppler, of Red Bluff, Cal.; B. Young, umpire of the Northwest league.

Sixteen in all were injured. Their names are: George Brahsky, of Spokane Falls; R. S. Campbell, of Oregon; E. T. Furniss, of Tacoma; V. G. Frost, of Ellensburg; Mrs. Dr. A. H. Fowler, of Holyoke, Mass.; C. Gresset, of Ellensburg; E. W. Healy, of Tracy, Minn.; F. W. Jacobs, cook on dining car; George H. Purple, of Edgemoor, Mich.; Todd Randall, of Glenville, Minn.; E. H. Woodson, a tourist.

THEY FELL TO DEATH.

Defectively Constructed Scaffoldings Caused Many Fatalities.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 3.—A swinging scaffold on a building in course of construction on Claremont avenue fell Tuesday, precipitating four carpenters who occupied it a distance of thirty-five feet to the ground. Theodore Brand and Hermann Matthias were killed and the other two were badly injured.

It is claimed that the ropes supporting the scaffold were rotten. The coroner will investigate.

One Killed, Two Fatally Injured.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—Shortly before noon a scaffolding in the large building at the corner of Canal and Dauphin streets fell with a crash from the third story to the cellar. William Harvey, a carpenter, was instantly killed. Two painters named Henry Albright and William Ray, were fatally injured. Several others employed in the building were seriously hurt.

Thrown from Their Carriage.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 3.—At Mount Holyoke Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Tainter and their 6-year-old daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith, all of Springfield, were driving down the mountain when their horse ran away and the entire party were thrown to the ground. Mr. Tainter had a leg and shoulder sprained. Mrs. Tainter was severely bruised in the face, her face badly cut, and it is feared her skull is fractured. The little girl was dangerously hurt about the head and Mr. and Mrs. Smith were severely injured.

Insanity in Cal Wood's Pica.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The trial of Cal Wood for the murder of Leander Pasco, has begun at Caldwell. The defense challenged the entire panel of 100 names of jurors on the ground that the extra panel was not drawn according to the statute. Judge Fish sustained the challenge and ordered a new panel of 100 jurors drawn, and the court adjourned for the day. The defense entered a plea of insanity.

Republican Losses in New Hampshire.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 3.—One hundred towns in the state give Page (Rep.) for governor 17,321; Brigham (Dem.), 9,858; Allen (Pro.), 7,623. The Republican majority over all is 6,040, against 14,458 in 1888. The returns show a Republican net loss of 7,764 as compared with the vote in 1888.

Rev. Alfred Nevin Dead.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 3.—Rev. Alfred Nevin, editor of the Lutheran and author in the Presbyterian church, died at his residence Sept. 3, aged 75 years. At one time he was editor of some of the church papers and has filled many of the most prominent official positions in the church.

Fred Gibbs Indorsed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The Republicans of the Thirteenth assembly district to the number of 500 met in the Grand Opera House hall last evening, and indorsed the action of the Hon. Fred S. Gibbs and censured the county committee for expelling Mr. Gibbs from that committee.

Stabbed Her with a Butcher Knife.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Andrew McNeill, father of Robert McNeill, who was murdered by Actor Charles Webster two weeks ago, was arraigned in the police court on the charge of having stabbed his 18-year-old daughter, Katie, with a butcher knife, and was held in $1,500 bail for trial.

A Young Woman's Awful Death.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 3.—Hattie Deerk, aged 20 years, was struck and killed by a Pennsylvania railroad train here last night, while crossing the tracks.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Boston—										
Boston	3	4	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	10
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Boston, 12; Cleveland, 13. Errors: Boston, 3; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Radbourne and Murphy; Zeiher and Sutcliffe.

At Philadelphia—										
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pittsburg	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5

Base hits: Philadelphia, 10; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 1. Batteries: Buston and Cross, Tener and Hurley.

At Brooklyn—										
Brooklyn	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	4
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Brooklyn, 10; Chicago, 6. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Sowders and Daily, Buston and Farrell.

At New York—(First game)—										
New York	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
Buffalo	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: New York, 8; Buffalo, 6. Errors: New York, 2; Buffalo, 3. Batteries: Ewing, Crane and Ewing, Rasford and Mack.

Second game—										
New York	0	6	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	14
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	12

Base hits: New York, 17; Buffalo, 13. Errors: New York, 8; Buffalo, 3. Batteries: Ewing, O'Day and Vaughn; Stafford and Mack.

National League.

At Boston—										
Boston	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 7; Chicago, 10. Errors: Boston, 0; Chicago, 7. Batteries: Getzein and Gazaell, Hutchinson and Kittridge.

At Philadelphia—										
Cincinnati	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	6
Philadelphia	4	2	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	14

Base hits: Philadelphia, 15; Cincinnati, 14. Errors: Philadelphia, 2; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries: Smith and Gray, Foreman and Harrington.

At Brooklyn—										
Pittsburg	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4
Brooklyn	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	5

Base hits: Pittsburg, 8; Brooklyn, 6. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Day and Decker, Carruthers and Clarke.

At New York—										
New York	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

Base hits: New York, 9; Cleveland, 4. Errors: New York, 1; Cleveland, 1. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley, Viau and Zimmer.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
New York	870	201
Boston	1,018	437
Philadelphia	657	2,149
Boston	1,491	2,494
Totals	4,036	5,284

American Association.

At Wilmington—										
Athletic	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
St. Louis	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Athletic, 6; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Athletic, 2; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: Stecher and Riddle, Neal and Frost.

At Syracuse—										
Syracuse	1	1	0	1	0	0	5	0	2	10
Toledo	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6

Base hits: Syracuse, 12; Toledo, 6. Errors: Syracuse, 2; Toledo, 4. Batteries: Keefe and Fitz, Cushman and Sage.

At Rochester—										
Rochester	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	7
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Rochester, 9; Louisville, 7. Errors: Rochester, 3; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Miller and McKeever, Kelly and Ryan.

At Baltimore—										
Baltimore	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Baltimore, 5; Columbus, 5. Errors: Baltimore, 5; Columbus, 4. Batteries: German and Townsend; Knauss, Gastright, Doyle and O'Connor.

An Umpire Fight at Boston.

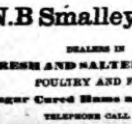
BOSTON, Sept. 3.—At the first National league game here Tuesday between Boston and Chicago, the regular umpire failing to appear in time for the first game, Nagle, of the Chicagos, was selected. After the first half of the first inning had been played, Fessenden, the regular official, arrived. The Bostons insisted on Fessenden relieving Nagle, but Chicago objected and Nagle gave the Bostons notice that he would forfeit the game to Chicago unless the game was proceeded with. The Bostons refused and Nagle decided the game forfeited to Chicago. But Fessenden in the meantime had called upon the Chicagos to proceed under penalty of forfeiture, and as they refused he gave the game to Boston, 9 to 0. Fessenden afterward said he would not have acted had he known that part of the game had been played.

Single Tax Men in Session.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The resolution adopted by the National Single Tax convention state that the organization shall be known as the National Single Tax league; that the general committee of the national league shall consist of one member from each state and territory and the District of Columbia; that this committee shall have power to elect known single tax men from states and territories not represented in this conference; that we gladly recognize the religious feeling that animated our desire for justice, and recommend that the national committee be urged to encourage the cooperation of such parties in full accord with our views as may be organized to advocate the single tax on ethical grounds. William Croasdale, August Lewis, Louis F. Post, Read Gordon and G. St. John Lawrence were chosen delegates at large. The national committee was then appointed, consisting of one member from each state.

Cast Ashore on a Barren Island.

NORWALK, Conn., Sept. 3.—Monday noon Misses Esther and Nellie Hoyt, nieces, and Lyman Hoyt, nephew of ex-United States Treasurer James WS Hyatt, and Misses Annie and Ida Hosegood and Charles Hosegood, went in a small skiff on a picnic. Their failure to return, coupled with the fact that a heavy sea was on, caused great anxiety, and searching parties hunted for them all night. Yesterday a special steamer found the party all safe on a small piece of land called Bott's island, though suffering from hunger and exposure. The heavy weather had carried them further out than they intended to go, and they were carried ashore on the island.



NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N.B. SMALLEY, / 94 SOMERSET ST.
B.B. BROWN /

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Mrs. Caroline A. Van Arnam, 69 years of age, wife of John T. Van Arnam, of Lansingburg, N. Y., shot herself through the head. She was still unconscious.

Wheeler Bears, founder of the spring and axle business at Bridgeport, Conn., and well known in this trade throughout the country, died Sept. 2 from paralysis.

Governor Hill has sent a special messenger to the Grant monument fund committee, of New York, to say that he would be glad to co-operate with them in any way. The committee will meet soon to consider the plans presented by various sculptors.

Benjamin Sharow, a prominent resident of Dutchess county and a well known horseman died Sept. 2. He was 72 years old.

E. & B. Holmes, extensive lumber dealers of Buffalo, N. Y., have made an assignment. The total amount of preferences, including wages due and costs of the assignment, reaches about $100,000.

George W. Shoup was nominated for congress by the Twelfth Pennsylvania district Republican convention.

O. S. Campbell defeated W. P. Knapp in *the finals at the all comers tennis' tournament* at Newport, R. I. Campbell will now play H. W. Slocum, Jr., for the championship of America.

The New York state Republic committee renominated Judge Earl, of the court of appeals, and adopted a platform indorsing the McKinley and Lodge bills. Judge Earl is a Democrat.

Burrundia's followers in Guatemala City threaten Minister Misner with assassination.

The Central road is taking back its old employes in Albany.

Lord Sackville, as lord of the manor, has, through his agent, made a claim upon the Stratford on Avon town council for encroachment and rent in respect of the American fountain and clock tower presented to the town by Mr. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, three years ago, and which were publicly accepted by Mr. Henry Irving.

Republicans at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The executive committee of the National League of Republican Clubs was in session at Congress hotel last night. The full committee, two exceptions, was present and the absentees came today. An all day session is being held. The principal business of the meeting is to map out a plan of campaign *for the fall*, with special *reference to* the election of congressmen. One of the matters to be settled upon is the date for the next annual convention of the league, which will take place in Cincinnati. It is probable that the date will be set down in the early part of May next. Another object is to discuss the feasibility of incorporating under the laws both the national and state leagues. The state leagues of Florida, with fifty-eight clubs, and of Texas, with seventy-five clubs, will probably be admitted to the national organization at this meeting. President Thurston will address the convention of the state league of clubs, which will meet here tomorrow.

NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., August 27, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that August H. Khrone has applied to the Common Council of the City of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors in quantities less than one quart to be consumed on the premises occupied by him, situate at 29 West Sixth street, in the third Ward, which application is signed by

Henry Proescher,	William Bailey
James Hamilton,	Peter Collins
Thomas Chamberlain,	Patrick Lynch
Henry Lutz,	W. Chamberlain

citizens and freeholders. All persons having any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the City Clerk on or before Monday, the 1st day of September, 1890.

Done in accordance with the requirements of an "Ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. August 12, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Matthew Kilpatrick has applied to the Common Council of the city of Plainfield for a license to sell spirituous, vinous, malt or brewed liquors in quantities less than one quart to be consumed on the premises occupied by him, situate at 79 West Sixth street, in the third Ward, which application is signed by

Henry Proescher,	William Bailey
James Hamilton,	Thomas Burke,
Thomas Chamberlain,	Joseph Pooch.
Henry Lutz,	John Clyne.
	William Callahan.

citizens and freeholders. All persons having any reason why such license should not be granted are requested to make known the same in writing to the City Clerk on or before Monday, the 1st day of September, 1890.

Done in accordance with the requirements of an "Ordinance to license inns and taverns and to regulate and prohibit the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors."

J. B. COWARD, City Clerk.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers.

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Paint Firemen Mostly Injured.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 3.—A fire started in the kitchen of a lobster saloon, Hennessy's, where a gasoline stove was used, and the department was called to put it out. While the firemen were in the room the gasoline stove exploded and instantly burned four of the firemen. Lieut. Hynes was badly injured and will probably die. Second Assistant Cook was burned, will probably be disfigured. Fireman McArthur and Capt. Conway were slightly burned and bruised.

New York Is Kicking Now.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The board of aldermen have passed resolutions alleging that the management of the city is defective; that the local statistics indicate that it is deficient to the extent of not less than 200,000 persons, and applying to the president of the United States, the secretary of the interior and the superintendent of the census to order a recount.

Collided with a Hotel.

MATTVILLE, Pa., Sept. 3.—A coal train on the New York, Ontario and Western railroad ran off the track here last night. A number of the cars crashed into a small hotel standing close to the track, completely wrecking the building and killing William Lyons, who was inside. The track was blocked for many hours. The trainman escaped injury by jumping.

A Big Soap Works Burned.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 3.—Fire last night destroyed the factory of the Miller Soap company, a large four story brick building. Loss, $60,000; insurance, $30,000.

Weather Indications.

Slightly warmer, more sultry and from fair to partly cloudy, followed by light rain [illegible] by the night.

MOY'S

What a Crop of Corn I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn just go to ROGERS BROS., and buy a pair of the world-famous RACERS. They are perfect in every way and will do it for you. We are always stocked with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest

Don't forget the Celebrated Hecla Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street, ETC.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Office and residence, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood work. P. O. Box 1561.

DAMAGES

D. B. WARDELL, notary, conveyancer, patents, bankruptcy, fail and use the Improvement on the carvin iron wagon. John F. Watts, Race street N. P. Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Scotch Plains, on easy terms. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Mulford, Real Estate broker. Call and see them. If you find above can level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Petitioner. Agents for the Reliable Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, First South Second street.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Second street to Watchung avenue. Beyond the borough limits ten cents.

Connect with the 6: 9, 7.20 and 9.27 a. m. trains for New York. Also the 2.40 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips continue to Washington ville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 1 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.20, 8.40, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.36, 6.49, 6.59, 7.46, 8.06, 8.30, 9.00, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 11.15 p. m. Sunday, 4.37, 5.54, 8.06, 8.30, 9.00, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 11.15 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 8.00, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.00, 8.45, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 7.45, 8.45, 10.20, 11.20, 12.45, 1.20, 2.20, 3.45, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.45, 1.20, 2.20, 3.45, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday 8.45, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.45, 1.20, 2.20, 3.45, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.20, 11.20 a. m., 2.20, 4.20, 6.20, 8.20, 10.20 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 11.20 a. m., 8.20, 10.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.20, 10.45 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m. Sunday 8.45 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre, Scranton.

7.20, 8.40 a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 5.05 p. m.

For Phillipsburg, 10.30 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

Manch Chunk 9.40 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, 9.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m. For Allentown, Bethlehem, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Harrisburg, Upper Lehigh, Delphos, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.50 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, 9.40 a. m., 2.40 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 4.30 p. m. For Phillipsburg, 4.30 p. m. For Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Mahanoy City, Delphos, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 4.30 p. m. For Flemington, 6.30 p. m. For Allentown, Manch Chunk, Easton and Harrisburg, 6.30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown, 6.30 p. m. Sunday 8.45 a. m. For Manch Chunk, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem and Harrisburg, 8.45 a. m. For Easton, Allentown & Scranton; 8.45 a. m. For Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.05 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin, 8.45 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Harrisburg, 8.45 a. m.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 8.37, 10.05, 11.20, a. m., 12.00, (noon, through coach) 1.18, 3.31 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 3.37, 8.00, 8.37, 9.30 a. m. For Port Jervis 8.37, 10.05 a. m., 3.31 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m., 6.07, 8.37, 5.31, 7.03 p. m. Sunday 3.37, 4.30, 5.30, 3.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 3.00 p. m.

For Peekskill 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, 8.37a. m., 1.00, 3.31p. m., 7.03 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.37, 7.45, 8.05, 9.08, 11.58 a. m., 1.39, 3.30, 4.08, 5.34, 6.40, 8.05, 9.37, 11.58 p. m. Sunday 7.45, 8.05, 9.08, 11.58 a. m., 1.39, 4.08, 6.40, 8.05, 9.37, 11.58 p. m.

For Bethlehem and Washington at 3.37, 7.45, 8.05, 11.58 a. m., 1.39, 4.08, 6.40, 8.05, 11.58 p. m. Sunday 7.45, 8.05, 11.58 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.00 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 1 mile, Second place, to Crescent ave. to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.52 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.52 do
4th do	10.30	do	11.27 do
5th do	11.30	do	11.58 do
6th do	1.30	do	2.08 p. m.
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.25 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	1st Train Due.
9th do	5.30	do	meet 5.51 p. m. train.
10th do	5.00	do	5.39 do
11th do	6.00	do	6.39 do
12th do	6.45	do	7.08 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Front street, and Park and Harvard ave. every North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make connection with the above trains. Will also make return trips over all over routes leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Hotels and Carpenters kept expressly for all purposes and calling purposes. Stable Hillside avenue, near Broadway, Livery Stables after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

R. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 1-3-67

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

24 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage, and hope, if said goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNES, etc.

One City Pharmacy Destine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste. 25c per bottle

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Geo. H. Fairchild.

(Successor to R. R. Fairchild)

Furniture and Bedding,

91 EAST FRONT STREET.

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM

FURNITURE

Spring Beds Tables and chairs, Baby Carriages the largest assortment in town.

PLAINFIELD

DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our excavating is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House, Manufacturers of Fine Sod Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers, by Potatoes, Corn on the cob 15c.

Builders Cards.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bynon P. O. Box 1220. Jobbing attended to. Best manipulated observatory on all kind of [illegible]

John P. Emmons

Mason and Builder

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Travis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET;

and 32 Park avenue.

P. O. Box 338.

FURNITURE AND FINE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

Our Motto—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Grove Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE.

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane.

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

[illegible] Park avenue, [illegible]

M. M Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEAR NO-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of this season's production.

25 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2d—That the first purchaser will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bynon P. O. Box 1220. Jobbing attended to. Best manipulated observatory on all kind of [illegible]

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NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

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BEST GOODS

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U. B. Crane.

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

[illegible] Park avenue, [illegible]

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front place. P. O. Box 942.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.

I Case, 12 dozen pints (imported style)..15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 631.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLAT BB, Manager.

LAID DOWN BY THE LAW

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH A MAN'S HOUSE IS HIS CASTLE.

The Imaginary Wall by Which Legal Fiction Surrounds a Residence—Curious Cases Have Arisen Regarding the Meaning of the Word "Entry."

It is a principle well settled that the law does not regard trifles, and yet when it is a question of an officer entering a dwelling to serve a civil process it does trouble itself about very small things. For every man's house is his castle.

Though it be of thatched straw, and though the wind may whistle through it, and the rain may enter, yet the king cannot. So the rule was laid down by Sir Edward Coke.

But many curious cases have arisen regarding the meaning of the word "entry," and what constitutes a wrongful entry. It has long been settled that the officer may not break open the outer door to enter, but if the outer door be open he may break down an inner door.

So, also, the question has arisen whether it is a breaking in to open the outer door by lifting the latch or drawing back a sliding bar in the ordinary way in which persons entering a house open a door. In England it is held that such an entry is lawful and not a breaking into the castle. In the United States, however, the right of immunity in one's own house is more jealously guarded, and such an entry is considered a breaking in and is therefore unlawful. The raising of a latch or pushing open a closed but unfastened door, or any entry whatever which has no relation to the license express or implied, is unlawful.

Likewise in the case of a window. If it be found open the officer may come in, and if he finds it closed he may enter or may for this purpose be opened further; but an entry may not be made by breaking a pane or pushing in or raising a window which is closed but not fastened, even though it be hung on pulleys; not, for a stronger reason, when the window is fastened by a hasp.

The fiction underlying all these decisions is that if a man close his doors and windows the law surrounds his house with an imaginary wall as safe for practical purposes as that of a mediæval castle.

Executions in Shakespeare's Time.

In old London, whenever sentence of death by hanging was pronounced (for there were many other death penalties beside, some most blood curdlingly dreadful), the place of execution was an open field, Tyburn, where disorderly masses assembled in tens of thousands on hangman's day. Macaulay declares that at the execution of Jonathan Wild the spectators numbered no less than two hundred thousand. It was a fete occasion. Labor was suspended as much as on any holiday.

Upon the gallows, then more particularly known as the hanging tree (a thing of many limbs), the corpses of malefactors were generally kept dangling in a row, exposed for months to the pitiless play of the elements, swaying hither and thither, while the gathered flesh crawled black clouds to peck at every exposed morsel of carrion (men the wretched things had ceased to be, mainly dying "without benefit of clergy"). The garments of the hanging objects, torn to faded shreds, flapped and snapped spectra-diabolically with every gust, while the air around was rank with the penetrating stench of putrefaction.

The sight was given prominence, kept thus obtrusive to every eye and disgusting to every nostril, until each poor corpse literally blew to pieces—solely to terrorize all persons, and warn them in dumb language of the grim punishment in store for the primordial difference between meum and tuum was a most important matter, must hide world without end and be respected always accordingly; that persons must neither kill nor steal (over "the value of a shilling"); that them must be total abstinence, too, from much else likewise more or less morally reprehensible or statutorily inhibited throughout the unfortunate land of Shakespeare, if Englishmen loved life.—London Law Journal.

A "Blue Law" of Old Times.

In view of the large number of breach of promise cases which have been brought of late years the following extract from an old statute of New Jersey, passed in colonial times and, it is said, still unrepealed, which shows how our forefathers viewed this question, is of interest:

"That all women, of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, who shall after this act impose upon, seduce or betray into matrimony any of his majesty's subjects by virtue of scents, cosmetics, washes, paints, artificial teeth, false hair or high heeled shoes, shall incur the penalty of the law now in force against witchcraft and like misdemeanors."

Hard on the Twelve.

Some years ago Hon. Henry W. Paine defended a man charged with murder who was tried in the state of Maine. The defense was insanity, which was clearly proved to the satisfaction of the court and of every one else except the jury, who, to the astonishment of all, brought in a verdict of "guilty."

After receiving the verdict, the presiding judge asked Mr. Paine if he had any motion to make.

"Not at present, your honor," he replied, "my client has had his constitutional rights: he has been tried by a jury of his peers."

The verdict was afterwards set aside.

"Cash," "Net Cash" and "Prompt Cash."

A bill marked "cash" leaves it in uncertainty whether it is to be paid immediately and whether or not a discount is to be made. "Net cash" disposes of the question of discount, and "Prompt cash" disposes of the question as to when the bill is payable. By ordinary business custom cash bills may run as long as thirty days. The only way to insure prompt payment is to bill the goods "C. S. D." or "Prompt Cash."

VALUABLE LAW POINTS.

THE SIMPLE STEPS NECESSARY TO LOCATE A HOMESTEAD.

An Ex-Soldier and a Citizen Have to Take Different Courses of Procedure. These Are Herein Described in Detail. The Ex-Soldier Has the Advantage.

The steps to be taken by a citizen of the United States to entitle him to become the possessor of 160 acres of government land are exceedingly simple and the expense is trifling.

The first step, of course, is to select the land desired. Information as to the location of the public lands can be obtained from the land office at Washington. After the site has been selected, the next step is to make an affidavit before the register or receiver of the local land office in the state where the homestead is located, setting forth that the applicant is the head of a family or 21 or more years of age, or has performed service in the army or navy of the United States; that the application is made for his exclusive use and benefit, and that it is made for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and neither directly or indirectly for the use or benefit of any other person. On filing this affidavit a fee of $10 is payable.

A further condition of obtaining a patent or evidence of title to the land from the government is actual residence on the land or cultivation of it during five years, which must be proved by two witnesses, and who must further show that no part of the land has been sold or otherwise alienated. The law does not require any fee for the issue of the patent.

The procedure in the case of an honorably discharged soldier or sailor is somewhat different, and the time of his residence or cultivation of the land is shorter. He has six months after locating his homestead and filing a declaratory statement within which to commence his settlement and improvement, and if he has served four years in the army or navy, or was enlisted for that time and discharged on account of wound received or disability incurred in the line of duty, he may perfect his title by residence or cultivation for the period of one year. In other words, the term of his service in the army or navy is deducted from the five years' residence or cultivation required of other persons.

The registry fee of one dollar for each declaratory statement filed, a commission to be paid by the homestead applicant at the time of entry of 1 per cent. on the cash price as fixed by law of the land applied for, and the commission when the claim is finally established and a certificate issued therefor, and a fee of five dollars for the final certificate issued by the local land agent as the basis of the patents, constitute the total expense required of the sailor or soldier in the preemption of his homestead.

Be Wary of Killing.

In an article in The Law we find the following, which aptly points out several popular misconceptions of the law: "A man has an especial right to defend himself, if attacked in his own dwelling house, and he may prevent a burglarious entry by slaying the aggressor. In all such cases, however, the excuse for taking life has its strict limitation in necessity. A man, for example, has no right to slay a burglar whom he finds in his house, unless to prevent the burglary or to protect life from the assault of the burglar.

"The popular notion as to the existence of a sort of general right to kill a burglar, merely because he is a burglar and is found in one's house, is entirely erroneous. The pastime of 'taking a crack' at a burglar when he is retreating finds no sanction in law. The burglar has not forfeited his life to the injured party, and if the latter deliberately takes it without such necessity as is here pointed out, the law treats such act as murder. Even in the case of an injured husband finding the guilty parties in delicto, the provocation is legally deemed sufficient merely to reduce his act of killing either or both of the parties to the grade of manslaughter.

"So likewise in the case of an officer who makes an arrest, killing the prisoner is not excusable unless he resists and flees, and cannot be otherwise overtaken, and even then the right to resort to such extremity is confined to the case of arrests for that grave class of crimes designated as felonies, such as homicide, arson, robbery or burglary." In respect to the burglar the practical result is that the jury always believe a man's life in danger from the mere presence of the burglar, and the injured husband is always crazy. We do not remember any case, however, where an officer has been let off for killing an escaping misdemeanant.—Albany Law Journal.

"The Law Merchant."

This expression is frequently met with in the decisions of courts and in their reports of trial of cases. The term which means the common law, which has grown out of the usages of trade and business in their application to mercantile contracts, and is used in contradistinction to the statute law, which are statutory provisions relating to statutory law passed by the legislatures referring to any particular branch in trade. It includes the customs which have become in a measure obligatory, insurance, negotiable bills of exchange and promissory notes, checks and ordinary contracts of purchase and sale.

A Refund for an Oliver.

While cross-examining Dr. Warren a New York court lately declared that a doctor ought to be able to give an opinion of a disease without making mistakes.

"They make fewer mistakes than the lawyers," responded the physician.

"That's not so," said the counsel, "but doctors' mistakes are buried deeper under ground, a lawyer's are not."

"No," replied Warren: "but they are sometimes dug at many feet above ground."—National Legal News.

MARGUERITES.

The thick June grasses cling around her feet,
All starred with daisies in the sunshine white,
The clover lifts the bells of sweet accord,
And every meadow flush gleams on every side.

She seeks to know her fate, to learn her lot,
A daisy in her study, pure and fair;
The petals fall—"She loves me, loves me not,"
Till naught remains but stem and bare air.

Oh, maiden, poets write for us in vain,
We push the printed page aside and find
In the low murmur of your soft refrain
The sweetest music of mankind.

And the true wheels, which move the great round world,
Are those that in your slender hand you hold,
Whose spokes are milk white petals faintly curled,
That cling like thoughts around a heart of gold.
—Housewife.

TALK OF THE TABLE.

A Chicago Woman's Way of Making Meals and Aiding Digestion.

Apropos of dinner table talk, there is a family not many miles from Chicago whose feminine head has solved the problem of that brightest hour in the whole day to perfection. She has served her apprenticeship in running a household to please two, has altered her plans and increased her resources as one by one other lives have been added to and grown up in the family, until today she caters to the tastes of three grown up sons, a bright eyed lassie of 15 and a widowed sister of her own, besides the constant demands of her many years she has succeeded in pleasing.

From the time those children were old enough to come to the table she has insisted upon an absolute rule that unless each one had something bright and interesting to relate of the day's occurrences she preferred to excuse them from dining with her. Their dinner would be sent up, they might dine later or—as the boys grew older—they might dine out, but she was fond of bright and cheerful society, would especially enjoy having it surround her in her own home, and if they could not offer her some entertainment in exchange for her care in providing an excellent dinner she preferred they should dine elsewhere. Moreover, she is best pleased to have them talk of their own affairs this day, as one of her theories is that each day should bring some brightness, some pleasant episode, if not experience, seen or heard.

No greater contrast could be fancied than the scenes in that house of the breakfast table and the dinner table. This woman, who thinks, says people are not sufficiently awake at breakfast to converse. They may talk a little if they like, make plans for the day with each other, but she decidedly prefers that they all read their newspapers and look over the morning mail. Moreover, they are seldom all assembled at the early meal, for another of her theories is that it cannot be strictly necessary or convenient for one of the family to breakfast at an early hour, or vice versa, the others should be forced to do likewise. Their breakfast is the simple one of European nations, combined with the American fruit and oatmeal, and besides a notion or two of her own.

At a certain hour the urn of steaming coffee is placed on the table, with the little alcohol lamp burning underneath. A chafing dish, with a lamp also burning, is placed at the other end, and kept filled with water which the lamp keeps at boiling heat. Beside the stands a silver wire basket containing a dozen or thereabouts of eggs, and nearby is the hour glass. On the table is arranged the fruit for the *morning*. No servant *is in* attendance at this meal, and each arrival walks up to the chafing dish, drops in an egg or two, turns the hour glass and then proceeds to help himself to fruit, or the touch of the bell will bring a servant from the kitchen with a plate of oatmeal and a hot roll or a bit of buttered toast.

The simple attendance is a part of the cook's duty, which gives the waitress opportunity to attend to the arrangement of the sitting room at an early hour. Usually the members of the family do not have to pour their own coffee beside boiling their own eggs, for "mother" is generally found in the breakfast room at a little desk by the window attending to her correspondence, and the "mothering" is given for the tenant. The report concludes: "And then solemn proclamation was made that the champions and all others there present (who were by estimation above four thousand) and degree, every man in the peace of God and of the queen. And this they did, all crying with one accord, 'Long live the queen!'"—a conclusion as remarkable in one extreme as the conclusion of the earlier trial had been in the other extreme.

Trials by battel in appeals of felony were very similar to those upon writs of right, except that in the former the oaths taken by the parties were more solemn and the fight more bitter, as defeat to the defendant or appellee meant death by hanging.

Although the trial seems to have fallen into "innocuous desuetude" early in the Seventeenth century, it was never abolished by statute. So, in 1818, in the reign of George III, we find a defendant taking advantage of the existence of the old law. In that case, Ashford vs. Thornton, 1 B. and Ald. 405, an appeal of felony, the appellee, we read, "pleaded as follows: 'Not guilty, and I am ready to defend the same by my body.' And thereupon taking his glove off, he threw it upon the floor of the court." Lord Ellenborough, the chief justice, delivered his opinion as follows: "The general law of the land is in favor of the wager of battel, and it is our duty to pronounce the law as we find it and not as we may think it to be. Whatever prejudices therefore may justly exist against this mode of trial, still, as it is the law of the land, the court must pronounce judgment for it." The counsel for the appellant, after this opinion stated that he prayed for no further judgment, and the prosecution was stopped.

Here was an excellent opportunity for a revival of the old practice; but parliament, fearing a rapid extension of the old method of trial by battel, stepped in and abolished it forever.

It is said that quite recently in Pennsylvania a ruling was given in favor of the plaintiff, sustaining some obsolete practicality. Thereupon the defendant, being fiery headed and somewhat choleric, claimed that if mediæval practices were to be enforced at all they should be enforced in full, and accordingly he demanded trial by battel. As the defendant was a diminutive Dutch tailor, the point was not pressed, however, and the case was settled without any fighting, for which there have been a painful paucity of late years.—Chicago Herald.

How She Outwitted Them.

In a semi-fashionable boarding house "on the hill," in Washington, resides as a guest a maiden lady, cultured and clever. Like many people she is rather sensitive on the subject of age, and this, of course, was the subject of some quizzing among the thicker skinned boarders. The blank left at the house by the encumbrance was spread on the parlor table, and the inmates requested to fill in the various spaces with their residences, etc. Secrecy was of course out of the question, and considerable curiosity was evinced as to how our ancient maiden would treat the query as to her age.

When her turn came she was equal to the emergency. She quietly filled in all the desired information, and when the eager eyes around scanned the "age column" they found they could make nothing of it. Everything else was written out in a neat, clear hand, but here they were stumped.

"Why, Miss Arabella," said the landlady, smiling sweetly, "I am afraid the enumerator will be able to make this out," pointing to the item in question.

"That?" said Miss Arabella placidly. "It means that I am a spinster, you know, and if he can't read it they can ask the clerk of course." And she calmly retired, well aware that not a soul in the house but her self knew the word of German.—Washington Letter.

Feminine Dress in Japan.

The Japanese ladies are in a worry. Some years ago European dress began to come into vogue in Japan, but a reaction has set in. The Japanese ladies are not satisfied with the ordinary dress styles of civilization, but they are unwilling to return to their old dress, and hence they are now considering "rational dress," advocated by the various feminine dress reformers.—Chatter.

To Cure Blushing.

To cure blushing, or the continual, quick, nervous flushing of the face and neck, it is recommended to take half a wineglass of the compound infusion of gentian twice a day—one hour before the principal meal—dinner and bedtime. The gentian is sold by all good druggists, and is excellent for indigestion.—Shirley Dare's Letter.

A glue for attaching leather to iron may be made by adding about 5 per cent. of glycerine to the glue when it is melted. To add 5 per cent. of glycerine to 1 pound of glue, add 1 per cent. of gum arabic or gum tragacanth, or the two mixed. The latter will be the best.

LAWS OF OTHER DAYS.

METHODS OF TRIAL WHICH WERE MORE IN FAVOR THAN BY JURY.

Plaintiff and Defendant Compelled to Battle with Clubs from Dawn Till Darkness—Modern Instances of Demanding the Combat.

At the present day, when the jury system is receiving so many hard knocks from lawyer and layman alike, it is interesting to turn back the pages of history and read of a procedure in vogue in early English courts, especially when that procedure has survived to our own Nineteenth century. Of the trial by ordeal, wager of law and trial by battel—the three modes of trial then in general use—the last attracts our attention.

Trial by battel—"an unchristian as well as a most uncertain method of trial," as Sir William Blackstone tersely describes it—was introduced into England by the chivalrous, battle loving Normans. It was used in only three cases—trials of writs of right, appeals of felony and in the court of chivalry. In the last two the parties appeared in person, in the first by champions. For the combat a level piece of ground was set out, sixty feet square, inclosed with lists. On one side sat the judges of the court of common pleas, attired in their scarlet robes, with the learned sergeants of the law near by, to lend dignity to the scene. When the court sat, which in those early days was at sunrise (Heaven save the mark!), proclamation was first made for the parties and their champions. Then the champions, armed with staves an ell long, and protected with leather armor and leather targets, with red sandals on their feet, and bare arms and head, were escorted into the lists by two knights. Having sworn to the truth of the cause, and having taken an oath against sorcery and witchcraft, the champions then fell upon each other, bound to fight till the stars came out, or till one or the other was defeated or forced to cry "craven." If the combat turned out to be a drawn battle, the demandant failed; for the tenant, having maintained his ground, could retain possession of his land.

The smoothness with which justice usually took its course is shown by the account of an important trial by battle in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, the last reported trial of this nature in which the stake was the possession of land. At a certain day and place the champions were summoned to appear, "at which day and place," we read, "a list was made in an even and level piece of ground, set out square, sixty feet on each side due east, west, north and south, and a place or seat was made for the judges of the benches hard and above the lists, and covered with the furniture of the same bench in Westminster hall. And about the tenth hour of the day three justices of the bench repaired to the place in their robes of scarlet; there, public proclamation being three times made with an 'Oyes,' the demandants first were solemnly called and did not come; after which the maimperors of the champions were called and appeared, the champion of the demandants' first, who came into the place appareled in red sandals over armor of leather, bear legged from the knee downward, and bare headed; and after him the tenant, being brought in by the hand of a knight who carried a red baton of an ell long, tipped with horn, and a yeoman carrying a target made of double leather." The two champions were then led around the lists to the place where the justices sat, and all was ready for the fray. The demandants, however, did not appear, and the flow of blood was prevented. The cause went against them by default, and final judgment was given for the tenant. The report concludes: "And then solemn proclamation was made that the champions and all others there present (who were by estimation above four thousand) and degree, every man in the peace of God and of the queen. And this they did, all crying with one accord, 'Long live the queen!'"—a conclusion as remarkable in one extreme as the conclusion of the earlier trial had been in the other extreme.

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VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and this is the last, of those remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve especial mention. Cut at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—those 25 to 39. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and so I them at popular prices.

We deliver goods every where free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Announcement of 5 & 10 cent Store.

WE DON'T

Give Every-one a Present,

but to make room for new goods, old stock must go even if we have to give it away, when a low price isn't temptation enough to dispose of it. The children of course are the favorites when presents are to be given. But the other ones always go out smiling too, and if you would know the reason why, when you want anything in

HOUSE-FURNISHINGS

just call on

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

(1 BRADBURY, BAUS, DUNNINBERR, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS :

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 59c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—12c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 32c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Winaow Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS, 85c; GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

200 Parasols, in stripes, checks, solid colors and black. These goods are manufacturers samples and are sold less than wholesale jobber's prices. 50 pieces fine chenilles, equal in appearance to all real goods at 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

We will open the latter part of the week one line laces at 3 cents per yard. Large line of ladies and Misses blouses and Jerseys. Great reductions in millinery goods hand made hats.

Stamped linen and lace flouncings in endless variety.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Private attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1296

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Also for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU P O. Box 792.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COO

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

59 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

in store to suit the trade. This coal was bought in large enough quantities to enable me to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the most improved machinery, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal I am now delivering is of the highest existing grade. Telephone 120. Leave orders early or send. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

latest shapes in

Boonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Bonnet Cape a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Braiding. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice.

14 West Front St.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

MR. MARSH'S VIEWS RESPECTING THE WATER WORKS.

A Committee Instructed to Take Such Legal Proceedings as Thought Advisable Regarding the Enforcement of the Water Works Contract.—Two Regular Policemen Nominated and Confirmed.—A New Fire-Alarm System Adopted.—Lively Discussions.—Other Business.

The city Common Council met in adjourned regular session last evening at 8:30 o'clock. President Moffett and Councilmen Dunham, Gallup, Hatfield, Jenkins, Johnston, Roberts, Smith and Spangenberg responded to roll call.

Councilman Rushmore was absent.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A petition from the residents of Netherwood avenue, calling attention to the condition of North avenue, and requesting Council to repair that thoroughfare, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets with power.

Residents of West Front street petitioned for crosswalks at the intersection of Liberty street, Elmwood place and Plainfield avenue. The petition was referred to the Street Committee with power.

In reference to the petition of the residents of Netherwood avenue Mr. Smith stated that the Street Committee had held several consultations with the Land Improvement Company in reference to making the repairs petitioned for, and that they had practically agreed to repair same.

The residents of the Westervelt avenue extension petitioned Council to properly light that thoroughfare by electricity. The petition was referred to the Committee on Public Lights.

Patrick Bergen and others petitioned for an electric light on Cottage place. The document was referred to the Committee on Public Lights with power.

Clark W. Evans and others petitioned for electric lights on Plainfield avenue.

A motion was made to refer the matter to the Committee on Public Lights with power.

Mr. Spangenberg objected and stated that there were only ten more lights to be distributed.

Mr. Newhall said that if that was the case he thought the previous motions should be reconsidered.

Mr. Dunham stated that he understood that the thoroughfare was to be macadamized and that the residents had subscribed to have the work done with the understanding that the street was to be properly lighted.

The original motion prevailed.

John T. Odam applied for a cartman's license, and James Day and Josiah Giddis for hackmen's licenses. The petitions were referred to the Committee on License.

The Board of Engineers recommended the election of Patrick McCourt and Christopher Angenbaur as members of Engine Co. No. 2. Their recommendation was adopted.

Claims were presented as follows:

Alexander Tyworth	$38.50
John Johnson	125.00
W. B. Coddington	150.00
Robert A. Meiker	480.00
J. P. Barry	8.00
T. W. Morrison	19.95
Electric Light Company	720.00
Rudolph Herring	730.00
J. A. Hubbard	92.25
P. A. Dunham	828.00
Geo. W. Brant	92.25
F. J. Flanagan	60.00
P. Lynch	60.00
T. McCue	60.00
Chas. Giles	60.00
Jos. Cooney	60.00
W. S. Sitter	34.00
F. Kiely	26.75
Jasper B. Wilson	$28.25
J. C. Meiker	101.00
M. Carney	76.50

The various road and poor bills were also presented and referred to the proper committees.

In a communication Mayor Mais nominated Edward H. Dobbs as a regular policeman. The nomination was unanimously confirmed.

In a similar document His Honor nominated Patrick Kiely to a similar office. The nomination was confirmed, all voting aye excepting President Moffett who voted in the negative.

The monthly reports of the City Collector and Treasurer were read, referred to the Finance Committee and subsequently ordered filed.

The quarterly report of City Judge Coddington was presented, read and ordered filed. It stated that 73 persons had been arraigned before him, of which 45 were fined; 10 committed to the county jail; 10 on whom sentence was suspended, and 10 acquitted, the fines imposed amounted to $283.50. The report was received and ordered filed.

The Overseer of the Poor presented his quarterly report which was read and ordered filed.

The following communication from Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh was read and ordered filed:

To the Honorable Common Council of the City of Plainfield.

Gentlemen:—On August 21st inst. Supreme Court Justice Magie allowed a writ of certiorari applied for by Israel Lewis against J. Herbert Johnston, William Foster, Jr., Cornelius N. Hoagland, James Moore, Samuel Knox, John R. Moore and George Kyte, incorporators of the Water Works Company of Plainfield, and the inhabitants of the City of Plainfield, for the purpose of reviewing the resolution of the Common Council adopted December 27th last, purporting to give consent to said incorporators of such company, the resolution of the Common Council purporting to accept the offer and contract of said J. Herbert Johnston and others, and authorizing and instructing the Mayor and City Clerk to execute the contract with the said company, and the contract purporting to have been executed by persons named, together with all matters and proceedings of the Common Council touching and concerning the said resolutions, offer, and contract.

The probable purpose of the prosecutor is to test the constitutionality of the act of the legislature adopted April 21, 1876, under which the Water Works Company of Plainfield was formed.

With respect to this question, it is sufficient at this time to say that long before the incorporation of the said company the Corporation Counsel of this city, called the attention of the proposed incorporators and of their counsel, Mr. Hill of New York, to the fact that the constitutionality of the statute under which the incorporators proposed to organize, had several times been called in question. The titles of all such cases, and the books and pages in which the same were reported were furnished by me to the company's counsel, and were carefully examined by such counsel before the company was incorporated. The act in question has never been declared to be unconstitutional. As was declared by Vice Chancellor VanFleet in May, 1888, "The question whether that statute is valid or not is an unsettled legal problem. The question, though twice before the Supreme Court, is still unsettled." The remarks of the Vice Chancellor are as true to-day as when he uttered them. The committee of the Common Council then having the matter in charge, considered that as there appeared to be no other way under which any company could be formed for the purpose of supplying water in this city, and as the proposed incorporators, after having their attention called to the cases in which the constitutionality of this law had been questioned, were willing to invest their money, and take the risk of the statute being subsequently declared unconstitutional, the city could well afford to consent to the proposed incorporation and to the proposed contract, whereby the whole expense of construction, including the supervision of the city's engineer, was to be met by the Water Company.

The counsel for the Water Works Company adopted the view that inasmuch as the law had despite all attacks stood upon the statute books for some fourteen years, and several cities and towns were supplied with water pursuant to its provisions, it was highly improbable that the courts would declare the act invalid, and, if they did, he believed that there would be little difficulty in procuring the necessary remedial legislation which all such cities and towns would, with one voice, demand.

The counsel for the Water Works Company of Plainfield called at my office to-day and informed me that the company were making arrangements to proceed with the execution of the contract in strict accordance with the terms thereof, and that the company would be glad to unite with the city in taking any action that might be deemed advisable, looking to the full and entire completion of the contract in good faith as originally contemplated by the same. The counsel for the company also offered to join forces with the city in defence of the action brought by Mr. Lewis, in case the city should deem such concert of action advisable.

The writ was granted on express condition that argument should be had at the ensuing November term of court. The importance of the cause renders it probable that a speedy decision will be handed down by the court.

I advise that your honorable body refer the matter to some appropriate committee with power to act in conjunction with the Corporation Counsel in taking such action as the interests of the city may require.

Respectfully submitted,

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Corporation Counsel.

Dated September, 3, 1890.

Mr. Smith moved to refer the matter to a committee of three, the Corporation Counsel to be included, and that they be empowered to take such action as they deemed advisable.

Mr. Newhall stated that the course chosen was very satisfactory to him; he thought the matter should be referred to the Water Board, they would not shirk their duty, but as the Council saw fit to refer it to the committee the Board would be relieved, and he requested not to be put on the committee.

A vote was taken on the question and it was carried, Messrs. Dunham and Newhall voting no.

President Moffett said that he would appoint the Water Board as such Committee.

PLAINFIELD WATER WORKS. REPORT OF ENGINEER NO. 7.

To the Honorable, the Water Board of the City of Plainfield.

Gentlemen:—I herewith present to you the report of progress of the work during the month of August.

The wells with the connecting pipes, branches and supports have been completed, and finishing that part of the works by which the water is collected from the ground.

The building for the pumping station is under way. The foundations are completed and the walls partly up. The mountain stone used for the outside walls is hard and durable, the cement used is one of the best American brands. While the workmanship is satisfactory as far as stability and strength are concerned, it is deficient in my opinion as regards neatness when considering the probable character of the buildings to be erected in the neighborhood. The face work has a coarse and inartistic appearance, which ordinary pointing will not remedy. While this defect in no way injures the utility of the works, the conspicuous position of the building would seem to demand that some attention be given to architectural requirements. The representative of the company has expressed his intention to do in this matter what will be satisfactory.

At present two-thirds of the time has expired which the contract allowed for the completion of the works.

Although plans and specifications have long been prepared for obtaining bids for pumping machinery, tank reservoir, pipes, etc., no contracts have, as far as I know, been made for delivery. In fact no actual work has been done except the completion of the wells and the commencement of the building for the pumping station, but a small proportion of the entire work.

I have should a large force of men be employed at once, it is not practicable at this late day with the approaching Winter to properly finish all the works and to furnish private buildings and fire hydrants with water by January 1st, as contemplated by the contract. It therefore becomes necessary for me to call your attention to sections 45, 52 and 56 of the contract, which provide for non-completion of the work within the specified time.

The cause for the failure to supply the citizens with potable water and with fire protection within such time has been beyond the control of the Board and of the Engineer.

[Signed] Yours respectfully,
RUDOLPH HERRING.

Mr. Newhall arose and said: "Since the last meeting the Company have paid the $2,000 which was overdue, but since then another payment is overdue a few days and when the Supervising Engineer thinks that it is impossible to complete the Water Works within the time specified in the contract the Water Board would like to be given the power to take any legal proceedings, which in the opinion of the Corporation Counsel would be advisable. I will make the above as a motion.

Mr. Dunham seconded the motion and it was unanimously carried.

Mr. Newhall moved that the $312.50 now placed to the credit of the assessment account be transferred to the general fund. It was so ordered.

The same gentleman moved that the City Treasurer be instructed to borrow $1,000 from the City National Bank to be used for the poor fund; $5,000 for the use of the general fund; and $3,500 for the use of the Fire Department fund. It was so ordered.

Mr. Newhall moved that the City Treasurer be instructed to pay off the two fire department bonds of $500 each now due. The motion prevailed.

The Fire and Buildings Committee, through Mr. Hetfield the chairman, recommended the adoption of a fire-alarm system and suggested that the Gamewell system be given the preference. He moved that the Committee's report be received and the recommendation be adopted.

Mr. Newhall stated that he had never heard the contract read; that he was in favor of establishing a system but could not conscientiously vote for the proposed system until after hearing the agreement read or he be given the chance of perusing it himself.

Mr. Smith moved that the clerk be instructed to read the agreement. The motion prevailed.

Clerk Coward then read the agreement, after which Mr. Newhall stated that he thoroughly favored the establishment of a better fire alarm system, but thought that one important change should be made in order to guard against the possibility of any accident. He said that he noticed in the agreement that the company agreed to stretch ten miles of wire, and that only two miles of that amount was to be insulated, and in his opinion to insure perfect safety all the wire should be insulated; furthermore, he thought that the Company should be compelled to put up a guarantee that the system should work satisfactory for at least two years.

Mr. Hetfield stated that the company did not think it necessary to use in-sulated wire only on electric light poles, and he did not think it advisable for the city to go to the extra expense when it was unnecessary. He said he favored Mr. Newhall's suggestion as to the company furnishing some guarantee that the system would give satisfaction.

Mr. Charles Wann, the company's representative, was given the privilege of the floor, and he stated that the use of insulated wire was only necessary on electric light poles, and that it would cost $600 more a mile. As to the guarantee the company would agree to fix any defect in the mechanism, material or construction within two years, at their expense.

Mr. Newhall said that he dreaded the placing of any more uninsulated wire on the streets of the city. He then made a motion to the effect that all the wire to be used in the construction of the fire alarm system be insulated and that the company be required to furnish a bond for the satisfactory completion of the work.

Mr. Smith said he favored insulated wire.

After some further debate the motion as amended by Mr. Newhall was carried.

Mr. Hetfield moved that Wm. R. Johnson, the sexton of the M. E. church, be appointed to wind the town clock at a salary not to exceed $2.50 per month.

The same gentleman offered a resolution to the effect that the City Clerk be instructed to engage the necessary polling places for the use last year for the election on September 30th. It was so ordered. Also that the Committee on Fire and Buildings, in conjunction with the Chief Engineer, be instructed to locate the new signal boxes for the Fire Alarm Company. It was so ordered.

Mr. Johnston from the Committee on Licenses recommended the granting of the cartman's license of J. T. Odam, and the refusal of the back licenses of James Day and Josiah Giddis.

After some debate all the licenses were granted.

The License Committee reported that the petition of August Krohne for a license to sell liquor by the wholesale on Stebbins place complied with the law.

A motion by Mr. Smith to grant the same was seconded.

Mr. Spangenberg arose and said that he would vote against the license on the grounds that enough licenses had been granted already, and that those who were licensed should be protected.

Mr. Dunham said that Mr. Krohne had been selling liquor illegally, and that the granting of a license was to him a farce.

Mr. Smith said that the applicant had conducted his business on a strictly wholesale basis, and that he did not see any objections to the granting of the license.

Mr. Hetfield said that he did not know positively that the applicant had sold liquor illegally and thought the license should be granted.

A vote was then taken which resulted as follows:

Ayes—Gallup, Hatfield, Moffett, Roberts and Smith.

Nays—Dunham, Jenkins, Johnston, Newhall and Spangenberg.

The license was declared refused.

Michael F. Watson's application for a wholesale license to sell liquor on West Third street, was next taken up and refused by the following vote.

Ayes—Hatfield, Moffett and Smith.

Nays—Gallup, Jenkins, Johnston, Newhall, Roberts and Spangenberg.

When Matthew Kilpatrick's application to sell liquor on West Sixth street was taken up, Mr. Dunham moved that it be refused. The motion prevailed by a vote of 9 to 1, Mr. Gallup voting in favor of granting.

Mr. Spangenberg arose and said: "I do not wish it understood that I have joined any temperance society or lost faith in high license."

Mr. Dunham retorted that it was no disgrace to belong to a temperance society.

The Ironclothe Company in communication presented the two stepping stones to the city for use in front of the Public Library. They were accepted and the company was tendered a vote of thanks.

The rules were suspended and Mr. Smith called up the ordinance to macadamize Plainfield avenue. The clerk read it for the first time.

Before taking a vote Mr. Hetfield asked the Committee on Streets if they proposed macadamizing East Third street this year.

Mr. Smith replied that the citizens had not as yet subscribed the proposed 15 cents per foot.

A long discussion followed and the ordinance was finally passed to its second reading, ordered engrossed and duly advertised.

The Auditing Committee reported all the bills correct, and they were ordered paid.

Mr. Newhall moved that when the Council adjourn it would be to meet again on Monday, August 18th.

Mr. Newhall asked if a special meeting would not answer as well.

Mr. Smith replied that he expected that the Street Railway Company would then be ready to make application for a franchise, that the water question would probably come up and that he wanted to pass the street laborers' bills.

Mr. Newhall moved that all those questions be inserted in the call.

Mr. Hetfield moved to insert also the street questions. The latter motion was lost and Mr. Newhall's prevailed.

The Council then adjourned.

The Borough Tax Rate $9.34, A Large Decrease.—Room for Congratulations.

The tax-rate of the borough of North Plainfield this year will be $2.34 on the $100. Last year it was $2.44. The large decrease is notwithstanding an increase in the county tax, that $500 extra was required to expend on the streets and $500 extra for the fire department.

The bonded debt which was put on the township years ago by a decision of the Courts and has burdened the taxpayers unjustly for so many years, is this year paid off, and next year will leave the borough free of debt entirely, if no other is incurred. This will make a big further reduction, at least 30 cents on the $100, if it does not actually reduce the taxes below $2 on the hundred dollars.

Another most gratifying circumstance is that property has increased in value $172,000 during the year, largely due to the many handsome new and beautiful homes erected there.

This increase is on a valuation of $1,645,000 and is over ten per cent.

Below are the figures in detail:

Real estate	$1,540,700
Personal	361,350
Total	$1,902,250
Less amount taxable	85,250
Net amount taxable	$1,817,000

The borough government is all Republican, as it has been for several years, the people being unwilling to trust our Democratic brethren at all. There are no "combines," the officials being more interested in serving the people conscientiously. With such a showing it is any wonder that they have such public confidence and win the highest praise?

Mr. Dunbar Departs.

Frederick L. Dunbar, after his release from the Union County Jail Tuesday night, called on his friend, Detective Koren, and bade him good-by, saying that he was going away and might never see him again. The old school teacher said that he had nothing to live for, as his wife was dead, and she was the only faithful friend he had in the world. He would not go back to his old home at Connecticut, but, instead, would go to Newark, and is supposed to have gone to the residence of his wife's nephew, Mr. Crockett, who lives there.

Suicide at 91.

Alfred Townley, aged 91, living with Mrs. Richard Murphy at Bernardsville, hanged himself on Sunday at 11 a. m. The only cause that can be assigned is as he would often say, that he was tired of living. He adjusted the rope carefully from a beam in the barn, stood on a box and stepped off.

Knights-Templars' Field Day.

A field day is being held at Asbury Park to-day by the New Jersey Commanderies, Knights-Templar. The Grand Commandery of the State has established headquarters at the Cook hotel. The commanderies will go on special trains. Delegates from this city are in attendance.

JOTTINGS.

—Policemen Flanagan last night arrested a drunken man on South Second street.

—On Saturday evening next Proprietress Matzen will light up the Music Hall and exhibit the new scenery to the Directors.

—Emma A. Jones has transferred to Mr. John J. H. Pollion, property on Putnam avenue, this city. The consideration was $2,800.

—James Brown of Chimney Rock has been declared of unsound mind by a commission appointed to examine him, and a guardian will be appointed.

—A horse was attached with the blind staggers on East Second street at about half-past seven o'clock last evening. The animal plunged madly about but did no damage.

—The regular choir of the Grace church will resume its duties next Sunday. A rehearsal will be held at the usual time at which all the members are requested to be present.

Plainfield Public Library.

Librarian's report for August, 1890.

Vols. on circulation book, July 31	9,268
" added by purchase	43
" " gift	62
" now in library	9,313
Number of card holders	1,537
Cash received from fines	$11.25
" " " subscriptions	5.00
" " non residents	
Home circulation—	
Fiction	597
Juvenile	253
Biography	66
Travel	37
Philosophy	3
Religion	13
Sociology	40
History	21
Useful arts	11
Fine arts	22
Literature	73
History	44
Bound magazines (bound)	14
Total	1,496
Visitors to the building	1,989

R. L. ADAMS, Librarian.

An Interesting Shoot.

The third shooting match for the silver trophy took place yesterday afternoon at half past three at Campbell's Club House, with nine participants. Elmer R. Teeple (commonly known as "Colonel"), won after a hard struggle. With his new fifteen gun Charles Smith, (know as "Dutchy"), tied with Teeple on the twenty bird race. On shooting off the tie both broke four out of five. On the next five Teeple broke four to Smith's three, thus making a score of twenty five out of thirty. The following is the score in detail at twenty blue rocks: E. Teeple, 17; C. Smith, 17; Dan Terry, 16; Tee Kay, 16; R. S. Manning, 13; S. G. Smith, 13; T. Brantingham, 12; H. Campbell, 7; "Dog" Darby, 7. The winner of the previous shoots are Councilman S. G. Smith and T. Brantingham.

The next shoot will take place in two weeks.

Shot Himself.

Monday night Mrs. C. S. Sloan, of Plucknamin was horrified to see her son, Henry Sloan, age 41, take a double-barrelled shotgun and deliberately shoot himself, the charge entering the left lung. A physician was called, but his skill was of no avail, the patient dying yesterday morning.

Henry Sloan had always lived at Plucknamin and his father, C. S. Sloan, is a wealthy and much-respected man. Henry was very eccentric and did many strange things, but no one can explain why he committed self-murder.

When he took the gun from the pantry his mother asked him what he was going to do with it, but he refused to speak.

Arrested for Shooting Game Illegally.

A man from New York named Bernasat was arrested in North Plainfield Tuesday for illegally shooting game. When arraigned before Justice Hardy he pleaded not guilty to the charge, and furnished bonds in the sum of $100 for his appearance for trial Monday afternoon.

Colored Odd Fellows' Convention.

At 11 o'clock this morning a convention of colored Odd Fellows will meet at Montclair. A parade will be held in the evening, followed by a banquet. Most Venerable Patriarch J. B. Camp will preside. There will be dancing after the feast.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Judge Stillman and wife started yesterday for a few weeks' sojourn at Castine, Me.

Mrs. C. B. Clifton has returned to her home on West Second street from a pleasant stay at Patchogue, L. I.

Mrs. R. H. Radford and family of Park avenue, and Miss Louise Radford of West Front street, Plainfield, are registered at the Glen Ridge House, Correll-on-Hudson.

Father Smith, the pastor of St. Mary's church, will shortly give an interesting lecture on his recent travels in Europe. The reverend gentleman's health has been greatly benefitted by his trip abroad.

Mr. David Brown of Scotland, an extensive publisher, arrived in Plainfield Tuesday, in company with his daughter, Miss Mary, on a visit to his sister, Mrs. John Lindsay of West Front street. He started to-day on a visit to a brother at Newport, and intends making an extensive tour of this country and Canada, occupying about three months.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate sent free with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK. WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD horse for sale. Apply at 330 West Front street. 4-3

A GIRL wants a situation at general house work. First-class reference. 33 West Fifth street.

FURNISHED house for rent. Board taken for rent. Privilege of oth r boarders, "M.," care of EVENING NEWS.

ONLY first class button holes made at 18 East Second street. Best references, Estella M. Jackson.

TO LET—Small house, five rooms, on Steiner place. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 3-4

TO LET—House, No. 36 Park place, seven rooms. 30-5

WANTED—Colored girl as chambermaid and waitress. Apply 130 Central avenue. 4-2

WANTED—Three competent girls, cook and laundress, chambermaid and waitress, also a nurse not under 20 years. References. 130 East Front street. 4-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 16 Crescent avenue. 4-2

WANTED—Two competent girls, cook and laundress and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Apply 170 West Front street. 9-3tf

WANTED—Agents, local and traveling at once, to sell ornamental shrubs, roses, trees and fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish references as to good character. Charles H. Chase, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this paper. 8-3

YOUNG girl wants situation as chambermaid. Good references. Inquire 145 West Seventh street.

Special Notices.

CLAIRVOYANT.
Mrs. Dr. Hedrick, by request of her many former patrons, has returned again to Plainfield; can only remain a few weeks, from Aug. 25, to Sept. 10, and at once, as she is positively your last change. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c to $1. Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4, (one flight up) Plainfield, N. J. 2-1w

H. N. SPENCER.
Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. White, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND
and floss wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also lessons given in doing lace work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 27-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles O. Mann's Barber Shop, 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Deaton's Nursery, No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-30-1y

CELERY PLANTS
for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, a lso a lot of Greenhouse sash. Intelligence office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay, 25 West Front st.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

MUSIC HALL, M.H.A.

Monday, Sept. 8th,

THE COMEDIANS

Evans and Hoey

In their Evergreen Success,

A Parlor Match,

EDITION DE LUXE HOYT'S BEST PLAY

Embellished with a whole lot of good things. First appearance of the Levy sisters in America.

Prices 25, 50, 75, and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

RELIABLE

Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY",

63 WEST FRONT ST.

Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

Don't Miss This.

Pay cash for your goods and when your purchases amount to $100 we will present you with an elegant volume of "Stanley in Africa" purchase cards must be filled by November 1890.

The most wonderful and thrilling book ever published.

The best, most complete and finely illustrated account of Stanley's travels.

The most wonderful discoveries! Thrilling adventures, marvelous escapes and daunting achievements of the great explorer, and other renowned travelers, prominent missionaries.

Beautifully and elaborately Illustrated with nearly three hundred engravings Value $6. Bigger 4 1/2 x 9 in. new crop tea 15c lb; good coffee for 20c lb, c. k. baking powder 20c lb best kerosene oil, 150 test 10c gallon, good family flour $3½ per bag.

UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Pears	25	2.60
California Apricots	25	2.60
Franklin Sweet Corn	10	1.15
Standard Sweet pack of tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Peaks extra choice	17	1.80

EMPELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Bonner & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables opened wholly to trotting and breeding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

DRUNKENNESS
LIQUOR HABIT.
CURE NOW DONE AT HOME WITHOUT PUBLICITY.
DR. HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC
It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, if necessary. It is positively and permanently effective in all cases, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It never fails to effect a permanent and speedy cure. It has been given to thousands of drunkards, and in every case has effected a perfect cure. It has never been known to fail. It is manifestly impossible for any one to have any desire for intoxicating liquors after taking the Specific. It is not a nostrum but a scientific medicine, acting directly upon the liquor appetite, and is in no sense a patent medicine. It is manufactured only by the Golden Specific Co., 185 and 187 Race street, Cincinnati, O., and is sold at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, with full directions. Sent by express to any address on receipt of price. Six packages sent to any one who has designs on a drunkard, on receipt of $5. Address all orders to
H. P. REYNOLDS.

Plainfield Evening News.

THIS NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 14 SOMERSET STREET.

W. MCDERMOTT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IN PAID IN ADVANCE, AT FIFTY CENTS A MONTH.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX I. TELEPHONE CALL 23.

Attention is again called to the fact that the word "cyclone" is incorrectly applied by great newspapers to a tornado. The difference, as established by the United States Signal service, is this: A cyclone is a terrific wind storm travelling, as its name implies in a circle. Now, there is only one region where a wind can whirl in a circle, and that over a body of water, where its path is unobstructed. On land trees, hills, rocky and inequalities of the surface of the earth interfere with its regular progress. The storm which is at sea a cyclone becomes on land a tornado. It is not therefore the correct thing to speak of any storm on land as a cyclone. Don't do it.

The cholera has started out much as it is accustomed to do in seasons when it has been a general pestilence, advancing in that slow, crawling, deadly way happily little known to persons in this generation. It makes its appearance first among the pilgrims to the shrine of the prophet at Mecca. It is conveyed by them westward and northward to Turkey, Persia, Egypt and elsewhere. Thence in the mysterious way which, with all his science, man has never yet been able satisfactorily to trace, it spreads through Europe, and in a little time appears in America. In Europe it haunts the countries on the Mediterranean. Usually it does not appear in America until the next season after it has scourged Europe, and sometimes it exhausts itself in Europe and skips us altogether. Perhaps it will do so this time.

A Panic.

It is panic that makes people drown who are precipitated suddenly into the water, when the slightest motion of the hands, if the body is properly balanced, will keep them up. It is panic, blind and unreasoning, that prompts persons to jump out of a carriage with runaway horses attached. They tumble upon their heads and kill themselves. In eight cases out of ten, if they remained in the carriage they would save themselves. It is panic that makes humanity go wild in a crowded building when there is an alarm of fire, generally a false one, and climb over each other and trample one another under foot into a crushed and bleeding mass that sometimes almost has the semblance of humanity when the remains are gathered up. If these frenzied individuals had held fast to their seats and not got tangled up in the frightful mass they, too, would have saved their lives.

When panic seizes a man it is like the cramp that grips a strong swimmer. He can do nothing any more. In times of great business disaster, when old firms are falling like leaves in autumn, it is panic that makes things a hundred times worse than they otherwise would be. At such times the man who, like a gambler, keeps his nerve and reason, no matter what happens, is the man who comes out on top. The difference between a strong mind and a weak, silly one is that into desperate emergency the strong one draws itself together and thinks its way out of the difficulty, while the weak one flies all to pieces.

Brethren and sisters, keep your head on.

Another Improvement In Ships.

The French government is now making an experiment that will be watched with interest not only by the navies of the world but also by merchant marine companies. This is the building of a cruiser with three screw propellers. The fastest passenger steamers of the Atlantic, such as the Teutonic and Victoria Augusta, are twin screw vessels. It is this fact that has greatly helped to make them the ocean flyers they are.

The French naval department, however, reasoned that if two screws were good, three might be better, so they are building the Dupuy de Lorme, a cruiser of 6,200 tons, with three such propellers. The twin screw steamers were not a success at first till they were tinkered and improved from time to time. But when they were perfected they made striking changes in ocean travel, bringing down the record of crossing the Atlantic to less than six days. It may well be that the three screw ship will still further bring it down. The twin screw steamers are practically, as far as machinery and engines go, two ships in one, or rather a double ship joined by a sort of Siamese twin arrangement. There are two screws and two sets of machinery throughout.

The twin screw ship can be steered and turned much more easily than the single screw. If one screw and one whole side of the ship's machinery should be disabled, the other remaining sound, the screw still left would be able to bring her into port. It is believed that the advantages that have been doubled by the twin screws may be tripled by three of them, and that much greater speed will be gained. Perhaps before this century is ended triple screw vessels will be crossing the ocean in four days. Well, we shall see.

THE VIEWS OF VERMONT.

Mr. Edmunds Says His State Is Against Reciprocity.

THE CONSUMERS GET NO BENEFIT.

Vermont's Famous Legislator Gives His Views on an Important Question—Senator Enarts on American Shipping and Reciprocity—Mr. Veat's Criticism.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—In the senate a resolution offered by Mr. Call declaring the shooting of Gen. Barrundia an insult to the American flag was referred to the committee. The tariff bill was taken up and the sugar schedule discussed. Extended speeches on this general subject of protection were made by Messrs. Evarts, Voorhees and Gray. The evening session was devoted to speeches on the bill.

Mr. Edmunds Against Reciprocity.

When the tariff bill was taken up—the sugar schedule being under consideration—Mr. Edmunds addressed the senate. Coming to the question of reciprocity Mr. Edmunds recalled the history and the practical operations—injurious, as he claimed, to this country—of the Canadian reciprocity treaty of 1854.

He spoke of the reduction of the duty on coffee—3 cents a pound—in 1872, and stated on the authority of the American minister to Brazil that as soon as that reduction became known at Rio Janeiro the price of coffee there was put up 3 cents a pound. The same thing occurred, he said, two years afterward, when coffee was put on the free list. Experience has shown from that day to this that the American consumer gained nothing of the kind now. If the duty of 2 cents a pound were now taken off of sugar he did not believe that the price of sugar would fall 2 cents a pound. It would be safe to turn out on coffee had turned out. He did not want to be led into putting sugar on the free list on what he believed to be the fallacious and illusive idea that because sugar was now 2 cents a pound cheaper in London than in New York it would then be the same price in both places. But even if the wholesale price of sugar did fall by means of the removal of the duty the price at the grocer's would not fall.

The Reciprocity Bill Does Favor.

When he looked at any Central American or South American state he thought that any one hundred average people in that republic, or in any of them, if they consumed more of the products, merchandise, food and clothing that go to make up the comfort and luxury and happiness of mankind than any one thousand average people in the Central or South American states. Therefore, the expectation of the United States that it is to depend on a large increase of its products there was, in his opinion, one of the greatest illusions that brilliant men or sober statesmen ever fell into. It was a fallacy, he must mean by that, however, that he was not willing and glad to try it on the plan of receiving any of the products of those countries which the United States did not produce, and giving to them products which they did not produce.

Mr. Morgan's Proposed Amendment.

Mr. Morgan next spoke in support of the amendment heretofore proposed by him as a substitute for Mr. Aldrich's reciprocity amendment, providing for the levy of 5 per cent. ad valorem on corn, wheat, rye, barley, oats, hay, straw, potatoes, cotton, live domestic animals, and on cows, mules and horses, and 10 per cent. on all such articles are exported a premium of 3 per cent. shall be paid on their value to the owner. He opposed the reciprocity amendment because of the effects of them would be a surrender to Great Britain, because they would apply to sugar, molasses, hides and coffee, articles which were largely produced in British colonies.

Views of Messrs. Voorhees and Evarts.

Mr. Voorhees said the tariff bill was full of nuggets of gold for the manufacturers, but was as barren of help for the poor man as the tree that was cursed by the savour. Most of Mr. Voorhees speech was devoted to a vivid and picturesque denunciation of the McKinley bill as the anti-Christ of all preceding legislation.

Mr. Evarts next addressed the senate. He deplored the decline of American commerce. Under the weak and wicked policy of navigation and trade no steamers started from America, and the steamers of American build and owner ship under the American flag penetrated into any foreign ports. Every effort to extend foreign trade that had been made by the Republican party had been ridiculed and denounced, and had failed solely from Democratic opposition. Mr. Evarts went on to speak of the various reciprocity amendments and to criticise them as being objectionable under the "favored nation" clause of international treaties. He concluded by saying: "Make your tariff as you think right. Let others make theirs as they think right. And when you reach, as England has reached, the position that you can devour the substance of other nations better by free trade than you can prevent your own substance by protection, then change your laws."

Senator Gray Takes the Floor.

Mr. Gray said the bill had issued from the house of representatives with all the signs of the disfigurement of a great party, but its leaders and guides, who had attempted to scale the fright Alpine heights of ambition, had found their followers lagging far behind them and were now seeking (properly enough) to reform their lines on a lower plane and to meet their constituency where coming up for a freer and larger measure of exemption from taxation. He complimented Mr. Hale on his amendment, which made no bothing less than absolute free trade throughout the western hemisphere, from the Arcticocean to Cape Horn, including Cuba, Porte Rico and (if necessary) Canada.

Mr. Hale corrected the statement as to Canada, and said that he had never had any intention of including that country. "Then," said Mr. Gray, "your proposition is only less comprehensive, less promising and less statesmanlike than I had supposed."

A Young Philadelphian Drowned.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 4.—Horace M. Cloverdale, 13 years of age, of Philadelphia, was drowned on Wednesday by the upsetting of his canoe in Wreck pond, near Spring Lake beach.

SENATOR QUAY ATTACKED.

The Bitter Words of an Ohio Republican Congressman.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The house passed bill to regulate granting of leases at Hot Springs, Ark.; bill for a bridge across the Savannah by the Georgia and Atlantic railroad. The Clayton-Breckinridge case was taken up and discussed with some acrimony, but without action. Mr. Burrows (Mich.) was in the chair. Mr. Bergen (N. J.) argued in favor of the unseating of Mr. Breckinridge. After depicting the amusement of Clayton in criticised Breckenridge for not resigning his seat and thereby disowning the advantage he had gained under fraud, he had not done so, but had stood by those who had stood by him at the death.

Mr. Kennedy, an Ohio Republican, created a sensation by attacking several prominent members of his party. He drew from the details of the Clayton-Breckinridge case the conclusion that a federal election law should be enacted. He reflected severely upon the senators who have been opposed to the Lodge bill. He severely censured the Republicans of "pretended Republicans" as he termed them, who had killed the bill, and characterized the senate's action concerning the measure as a disgrace to the house. He denounced "senatorial courtesy," and alleged that it had "become a stench in the nostrils and a by-word in the mouths of all the honest citizens of the land. It makes a cloak behind which ignorant and arrogant wealth can purchase its way to power and then hide its cowardly head behind the shameless protection of senatorial silence."

"It means a cloak which shall cover up from the public gaze of an outraged people the infamies which demand investigation and which merit the punishment of broken laws."

Mr. Kennedy said the hour for senatorial courtesy had passed. Referring to the betrayal of Christ by Judas, Mr. Kennedy said it was fitting that Judas, having been guilty of the basest crime of all the centuries, should go out and hang himself. History was repeating itself. The great party of the republic, having lived for thirty five years was about to be false, and its oft repeated promises were not to be redeemed. Continuing, he said:

"It comes victorious from every field, and if it fails now it finds in its own party those who are faithless to the trust reposed in them. It is to be crucified to-day not because its chosen leaders have bartered away its principles for the tricks and petty schemes of politicians. The Judas Iscariot did it seventeen years ago in the senate and in the Judas iscariot of today. The Judas who took the thirty pieces of silver and went and hanged himself has left an example for the Matt Quays that is not worthy of their imitation. Some time since I stood upon my place on this floor and denounced a senator from my native state because he, charged with corruption and branded with infamy, he did not arise in his seat and demand an investigation and inquiry that should establish the purity of his actions. None other occupying the high place in the councils of the party to which I belong has suffered himself meanly to put out the mark to be charged with crimes and misdemeanors for which if guilty he should have been condemned under the laws of his state and have had meted out to him the fullest measure of its punishment.

"This man is a Republican; shall I now receive his support? It is just and right to main in my seat silent, because one who is accused of crimes and refuses to seek for vindication is a Republican, and that Republican the chairman of the party's executive committee? Neither decency nor honor would permit me to do so. I do not know whether the charges made against the chairman of the national Republican committee are true or false, but I do know that they have been made by journals of character and standing against him, and I do know that in the face of, these charges Matt Quay has remained silent and neither sought nor attempted to seek opportunity to vindicate himself of the charges. I do not know that as a great Republican leader he owed it to the great party at whose head he was, either to brand them as infamous or prove their falsity, or be owned it to that party to stand aside from its leadership. He has not done either, and for this I denounce him.

"The Republican party can not afford to follow the lead of a branded criminal. He has failed to justify himself, and though opportunity and ample time have been given him, he remains silent. His silence under such circumstances is the confession of guilt. An honorable man does not long abide with him who is assailed. He has delayed too long to justify the belief in his innocence, and to stand a convicted criminal before the bar of public opinion. Under such circumstances he should be driven from the head of a party, whose very life his presence imperils. The Republican party can not afford to be pretended leader. Let him be relegated to the rear. It is no longer a question of his vindication; it is now a question of the life of the party itself."

The Kearsarge Ordered to Aspinwall.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Orders have been issued by the navy department for the United States steamer Kearsarge to proceed at once to Aspinwall. It is supposed that this action is based upon rumors of a threatened railroad strike at that place. Information to that effect has been received at the state department from Consul General Adamson at Panama. The latter said he heard the rumors through the consul at Aspinwall, and that he had requested the Colombian authorities to protect American interests in the event of trouble, and had been assured that it would be done.

Gettysburg's Old Officers Re-Elected.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 4.—The directors of the Battlefield Memorial association have re-elected the old officers. The fourteenth Indiana monument will be brought to the crest of East Cemetery hill, and the Fourth Ohio memorial, which had been partially removed, will be permitted to remain where it now is. The Eleventh New York memorial also stays over front line. Lieut. Colonel Hamilton was made secretary, vice John M. Krauth, deceased.

The Lutheran Chautauqua Organized.

PENMAR, Md., Sept. 4.—The fifth annual reunion of the Lutherans of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, and District of Columbia attracted 20,000 visitors to this place. Special trains arrived from points and the reunion proves to be a great success. Special religious exercises followed, and the Lutheran Chautauqua was organized. Several addresses were made by prominent delegates and officers of various societies elected.

A Pretty Big Steal.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Advices from Buenos Ayres represent that the National bank was plundered of about $30,000,000 in so called loans to the ring that surrounded the late President Celmean. The suspension of the National Argentine bank was in Europe yesterday were promptly paid.

THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Speaker Reed Warmly Welcomed at Boston.

HIS VIEWS ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS

A Few Allusions to His Attitude in the House of Representatives—Carroll S. Page Republican, Elected Governor of Vermont—Republican at Saratoga.

BOSTON, Sept. 4.—Speaker Thomas B. Reed, who is on his way to Maine to participate in the political campaign in that state, addressed a large audience last night in Faneuil hall. Mr. Reed was given a rousing welcome. Mr. Reed expressed gratification with the reception given him, saying it was a great satisfaction to stand before the people of the United States were behind his associates and him. The strength of a nation was the strength of her united people. What terrified the wrong doers was a nation of good men. He said that all progress was over the ruins of old institutions. It was amazing to notice the history of the house of representatives and of congress, to see how in detail was carried out the principle that when things were to be done the Republican party did them. The men were entrenched behind the use and wont of their lives, and being so entrenched fought desperately against any one who undertook to inaugurate needed innovations. Continuing he said:

The Surplus Question.

"The great struggle which has been made by the Democratic house of representatives for years has been not to be economical in the expenditures of the government, but to cut down the sum total of appropriations. They have been striving in every way to pile up the surplus, not merely by taxation, but by parsimony in their action in the expenditure of money. So long as they could point to the hanging of business which resulted from the storing of money in the treasury they seemed happy, but now they are engaged in showing that the surplus has disappeared. They are unable to be contented, either with a surplus or without one. There is no doubt but that the expenditures of the government are about to approach its receipts, but any man would make a mistake if he believed that it was in any way a result of extravagance or carelessness with the public money that a dollar has been appropriated by either house which does not carry upon it the stamp of the necessities of the government, and nobody who does not carefully consider this matter can ever realize the righteous action of the Republican party in the last session of congress, and how much it has cost them to be economical in a true and proper sense.

Alleged Treasury Raids.

"There has been advertisement broadcast of this surplus, and every human need and want has been set to try and get her to get money out of the treasury for other than public purposes, but not one of these schemes has been successful. All the expenditures has been legitimate, just, and proper. We shall expend nearly over indences. Correspondences invited. Free trial dences. Correspondences invited. Free trial lessons. Terms made known on application. 8-16-1y* Bartiz School, No. 1 Somerset street.

MISS L. S. DELLVIG, A graduate of the conservatoire of Moscow, Russia, and the possessor of a gold medal presented by the Russian Empress to the best graduate in music, will receive pupils in piano music, in French and German languages, and Art Painting. For further pertticulars address Miss L. S. Dellvig, No. 54 Liberty street. 7-16-1y*

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS, Teacher of piano, gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Latest Music taught. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS FANCHER, Will open her school at 48 Craig place near the corner of Second street on Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, and the daily exercises of the school are attractive. Simple and interesting lessons with the chart on American history are daily taken up. Pupils taught French and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars can be had at the store of Messrs. Cox & Stelle. 8-20-2m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 17th. For circulars address Miss K. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18-3m

RODMAN SEMINARY, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th in the house formerly occupied by Mrs. Bertis noted d. MRS. H. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Children will re-open at Plainfield, Union county, on Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, and the daily exercises of the school are attractive. Simple and interesting lessons with the chart on American history are daily taken up. Pupils taught French and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars can be had at the store of Messrs. Cox & Stelle. 8-20-2m*

Mrs. Stephenson,

30 WEST FRONT STREET, is still mixing her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. For Teas and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware. Lamps etc., in great

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14 4m

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

TELEPHONE CALL 6. 324 FRONT ST.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

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PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER,
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a perfect protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

OUR SHORT ST. PARK PLACE

Gentlemen's Fine Calfskin and Kenney Russet SHOES

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear I have ever worn and I have had several a fine lot of shoes I have just received a fine line of Ladies' Oxford Ties

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Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

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DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

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Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed either in price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

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GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

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Pianos Moved

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REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

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QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

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Practical Mason and Builder

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Safety Bicycles

—FOR—

LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $135.
Warwick	$135.
Hirondelle	$85.
Little Giant	30.

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Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business attended to. Calls answered day or night.

A QUAKER CITY HORROR.

Three Women Burned to Death in Philadelphia.

AN OLD WOMAN'S GREAT HEROISM

She Lost Her Life in an Attempt to Save Her Adopted Daughter and Niece—The Recovery of the Bodies—A Drunken Son's Terrible Remorse.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—By the explosion or falling of a coal oil lamp from the hands of her drunken son a woman, her adopted daughter and her niece lost their lives at No. 1,304 Germantown avenue yesterday.

Names of the Dead.

The names of the dead are: Mrs. Sarah McIntyre, aged 65 years; Mamie McIntyre, her adopted daughter, aged 10 years, and Agnes Logie, her niece, aged 17 years.

At 2:25 o'clock the bodies had been taken out of the burning buildings. An hour before when Sub Officer Fell, of the Tenth district, came down Germantown avenue there were no signs of fire.

He had stopped in front of the little clothing store. There was a light moving about inside, and he passed through the glass of the door. He saw Mrs. McIntyre and her son, Charles, who was apparently preparing for bed. Suddenly the light was gone, as if blown out.

The Cry of Fire.

A moment later a red glare fell upon the glass and the cry of "Fire!" rang out. Charles McIntyre, from the foot of the stairway, came out.

"Fire! Mother! The girls!" he screamed. On the second floor of No. 1,302, next door, lived Mrs. *Mary Kelly* and her two children. She had been awakened by the crash of glass in the room of Charles McIntyre and immediately set about rousing the occupants of the houses. Above her on the third floor was Mrs. Ziegenfuss and her family of four. These two ran out from the *rear of this house*, down which these two families passed to the ground.

A Heroic Woman's Sacrifice.

Before leaving the house Mrs. Kelly and a man named Patrick Hagan saw Mrs. McIntyre come down to the second floor. Her son saw her also before he made his rush for the street. The old lady remained, however, in a room where the smoke was becoming suffocatingly dense, but the children were above in danger. As fast as her aged limbs could take her she climbed the stairs to the third floor. In attempting to save the girls she heroically sacrificed her life. In fifteen minutes after the explosion of the lamp the worst work of the fire had been accomplished and the firemen's task was comparatively easy.

Recovery of the Bodies.

When the third story was clear of smoke and the flames extinguished a ladder was hoisted. Assistant Engineer Baxter and Foreman Andrews, of Engine 29, led a party of firemen into the building. One sooner had the engineer put his head in the room and raised his lantern than he saw a body stretched upon the floor.

Bending over it he beheld Mrs. McIntyre in her night dress, badly burned about the *face and upper part of the body. A little* further, between the two beds in the room, upon their backs dead, were Agnes Logie and Mamie McIntyre. Agnes was partly dressed. Her face and body were sadly marred by the flames, and she lay bent almost double, with her hands clenched as if in fearful agony.

A Drunkard's Grief.

Mamie, 10 years old, was, like her mother, in her night dress, and her body as well as her head was frightfully burned. When McIntyre learned for the first time of his fearful bereavement he wept and then acted like a maniac. How the fire originated is not known. McIntyre, in whose room it started, does not appear to know.

BY ARBITRATION.

Thus All Future Differences Between Pan-American Nations Will Be Settled.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The president has sent to the house a letter from the secretary of state accompanied by reports adopted by the Pan-American congress, relative to the subject of international arbitration. Secretary Blaine in his letter says the act of congress, approved May 24, 1888, authorized the president to invite the several other governments of America to join the United States in a conference for the purpose of discussing and recommending for adoption some plan of arbitration for the settlement of disagreements and disputes that may hereafter arise between them. In pursuance of this invitation the conference, he says, adopted three reports:

First—Recommending a definite plan of arbitration for the settlement of differences between the American nations.

Second—Recommending the adoption of a similar plan by the nations of Europe.

Third—Declaring that the right of conquest could not be recognized by the American nations.

In his letter of transmittal the president says that the publication of the treaties contemplated by these reports will constitute one of the happiest and most hopeful incidents in the history of the western hemisphere.

Jersey Veterans Meet.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 4.—The survivors of the Twenty-ninth New Jersey volunteers held the first reunion since the civil war at Keyport in the armory of the Board guards. Adjt. Gen. William S. Stryker, of the new Jersey National guard, delivered an oration. Gen. John C. Patterson, Maj. James S. Yard, Judge Wheeler, Rev. H. M. Scudder of Freehold, Senator Henry M. Nevius, Edmund Wilson and William C. Steele, of Brooklyn, also spoke at the banquet. Ex-Superintendent George W. Walling, of the New York police, led the veterans in the march that preceded the banquet. Four hundred veterans of the old regiment were in line.

The President to Mrs. Barrundia.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Acting Secretary Wharton has sent the following telegram to the widow of Gen. Barrundia in reply to her message to the president: "The president desires me to say he has received your telegram announcing the death of your husband, Gen. Barrundia. While deeply sympathizing with you in your affliction he awaits official details of the occurrence necessary to determine his action in regard thereto. The matter, you may be assured will receive most careful attention."

To Settle the Stanley-Emin Quarrel.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 4.—King Leopold has requested Baron Wissmann, of the German East African service, to come to Brussels and help settle the quarrel between Emin and Stanley. The king believes that the differences between the two explorers grow out of misapprehensions, which Wissmann may be able to remove.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At New York—
New York.....2 1 2 3 0 0 0 1 2—11
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 1
Base hits: New York, 15; Buffalo, 6. Errors: New York, 6; Buffalo, 7. Batteries: Crane and Ewing, Twitchell and Halligan.

At Boston—
Boston.....3 1 1 1 5 1 1 0 1—13
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 1
Base hits: Boston, 16; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: Boston, 7; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Gumbert and Murphy, Bakely and Brennan.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....1 0 3 4 0 0 0 3 0—11
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Philadelphia, 4. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburg, 2. Batteries: Knell and Quinn, Mays and Quinn.

At Washington—(Exhibition game)—
Chicago.....5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—7
Brooklyn.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Chicago, 13; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: Chicago, 8; Brooklyn, 4. Batteries: Baldwin and Farrell, Murphy and Kinslow.

National League.

At Philadelphia—(First game)—
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1—5
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; New York, 11. Errors: Philadelphia, 5; New York, 4. Batteries: Vickery and Schriver, Titcomb and Buckley.

Second game—
Philadelphia.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
New York.....0 4 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—5
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; New York, 10. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; New York, 3. Batteries: Esper and Gray, Buttrick and Buckley.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2—5
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2
Base hits: Brooklyn, 16; Boston, 6. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 1. Batteries: Lovett and Daly, Clarkson and Gannel.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
New York	499	—
Brooklyn	—	5,371
Philadelphia	582	3,127
Boston	1,086	—
Washington	3,940	—
Totals	6,107	8,498

American Association.

At Philadelphia—
Athletic.....4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4
Louisville.....2 0 2 0 1 0 1 0 2—8
Base hits: Athletic, 11; Louisville, 12. Errors: Athletic, 4; Louisville, 0. Batteries: McMahon and Baldwin, Stratton and Bligh.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
St. Louis.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Base hits: Syracuse, 5; St. Louis, 8. Errors: Syracuse, 5; St. Louis, 0. Batteries: Mart and Fitz, Ramsey and Munyon.

At Rochester—
Rochester.....4 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 x—7
Columbus.....0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 x—2
Base hits: Rochester, 9; Columbus, 8. Errors: Rochester, 8. Columbus, 1. Batteries: Titcomb and Grimm, Knauss and Doyle.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2
Toledo.....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—2
Base hits: Baltimore, 5; Toledo, 8. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Toledo, 1. Batteries: O'Rourke and Tate, Healy and Welch.

Atlantic Association.

At Lebanon—Lebanon, 8; Harrisburg, 4. Base hits: Lebanon, 11; Harrisburg, 5. Errors: Lebanon, 5; Harrisburg, 6. Batteries: Swift and McCaffery; Lanfson, Eagan and Scrimmers.

Jay Gould's Sister Spoke.

ROXBURY, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Nearly 5,000 people were present at the unveiling of a monument at Roxbury, Delaware county, to the memory of Abel and Betty More, the original settlers of the village about 120 years ago. A reunion of the family descendants from all parts of the United States and Canada occurred also. Charles C. More, of Poughkeepsie, delivered the address of welcome. At noon the monument was unveiled, and Hon. J. H. More, of Michigan, spoke of the life and times of John More. Mrs. Sarah B. Northrop, a sister of Jay Gould, also delivered an address. The monument is of Scotch granite and is the gift of Jay Gould, whose native town is Roxbury.

He Tried to Kill the Dentist.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—G. T. Parker, agent for a New York shoe firm, tried to shoot Dr. Gladstone Parker, the latter's house, near the Shoreham hotel, last evening. Parker suspected that his wife was unduly intimate with Dr. Brown, and a few days ago took her to Alexandria to visit town for a week. He did not go away, but watching her, found her visiting the dentist at his residence, and he claims, in a compromising position. The dentist escaped to a rear room, locking the door. Mr. Parker banged away with the pistol through the lock without injuring Brown. A divorce suit with Brown as co-respondent will follow.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses Reefers in navy drab, *red striped*, and tan weight.

A full line of medium weight and sweet for early, genuine and only in Dudley.

Children's and misses flannel dresses in plain and two piece suits with braid and plaited skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade Ladies' long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

(By Authority.)

CHAPTER CCXCV.

An Act to provide for submitting proposed amendments to the constitution to the citizens of this state for their approval or rejection.

Whereas, Certain proposed amendments to the constitution of the state of New Jersey were at the session of the legislature of said state in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses thereof, and entered on the journals of each of said houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislature then next to be chosen; and whereas, the said proposed amendments were duly published as required by the constitution; and whereas, in the legislature then next convened, being the legislature now in session, said proposed amendments have been agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house; and whereas, the constitution of this state requires that when any amendment or amendments shall be so agreed to by the legislature proposed amendments as have been agreed to as aforesaid shall be entered on the next election to be held for that purpose only; therefore,

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That on Tuesday, the thirtieth day of September next, an election shall be held in the several townships and wards of the state at the usual places of election in each of said townships or wards for the purpose of voting for governor and senator, to enable the electors qui lities to vote for or against the proposed amendment to the constitution.

2. And be it enacted, That the judges of election in the several townships and wards who shall be in office on the thirtieth day of September next, shall be the judges of said election, and the polls shall be opened and closed at the times now fixed by law for opening and closing the polls at the annual election in the state, and the said election shall be conducted by the same officers and in the manner now provided by law in conducting the annual elections in the state, unless otherwise directed in this act.

3. And be it enacted, That at such election each voter may present a ballot on which shall be written or printed, or partly written or partly printed, the words following, namely:

For all propositions on this ballot which are not connected with ink or pencil, and against all which are so cancelled;

For the proposed amendment to art. first, section seven, clause two, third division three, which reads as follows, "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs" by omitting the words "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, and appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs," and by changing the word "to" to "officers," so that the section will now read, "appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs;"

For the proposed amendment to art. first, section eleven, clause two, by omitting the words "shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly in joint meeting," so that the same shall read "the judges of the court of common pleas shall hold their offices for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired term only."

4. And be it enacted, That each of said ballots shall be deposited in a box cast for such proposition thereon not cancelled with ink or pencil, and against each proposition so voted, and return thereof shall be made according to the judges of election.

5. And be it enacted, That all persons entitled to vote in this state for members of the legislature at the time of said election shall, in their respective townships and wards, be entitled to vote at such election, and they would be entitled to vote for members of the legislature.

6. And be it enacted, That after finally closing the polls of such election, the judges of election shall count and canvass the ballots given, and in each of the said proposed amendments to the constitution, and ascertain the number of votes given for each of the said proposed amendments, and shall certify and sign a statement thereof, stating therein the number of votes given for each of the said proposed amendments, and who number of votes were given against each of the said proposed amendments, and shall certify and sign a statement thereof, stating therein the number of votes given for each of the said proposed amendments, and who number of votes were given against each of the said proposed amendments to the constitution, and deliver one of the said statements to the sheriff of the county, and transmit another of the said statements by mail to the secretary of state, to be filed in his office as an official statement of the votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution; to enclose in a separate envelope to be addressed to the secretary of state, and deliver to the sheriff of the county, with the statement to be transmitted by mail to the secretary of state, as aforesaid, a duplicate statement of the votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said amendments, and to transmit the same by mail to the secretary of state, as aforesaid; to enclose in a separate envelope to be addressed to the clerk of the county in which the election is held, and deliver to the sheriff of said county, with the statement to be transmitted by mail to the secretary of state, as aforesaid, a duplicate statement of the votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, and to transmit the same by mail to the clerk of said county, as aforesaid; to enclose in a separate envelope to be addressed to the clerk of each of the municipalities in said county, with the statement to be transmitted by mail to the clerk of said county, as aforesaid, a duplicate statement of the votes given in said election in said municipality for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, and to transmit the same by mail to the clerk of said municipality, as aforesaid; to publish the same in full, and the aggregate votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, in one of the newspapers published in each of the counties of this state, and if there be no newspaper published in any county, to publish the same in full, and the aggregate votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, in one of the newspapers published in the county nearest to the county in which no newspaper is published; and to post up at the front door of the court house of each county in this state, a copy of the said statement of the votes given in said election in said state for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, and to transmit a copy of the said statement to the clerk of each municipality in said county, and to post up at the front door of the building in which the meetings of the said municipality are held, a copy of the said statement of the votes given in said election in said municipality for and against each of said proposed amendments to the constitution, and to transmit a copy of the said statement to the clerk of each municipality in said county, as aforesaid.

7. And be it enacted, That the same power of the section providing for by this act in the townships and wards of the state of all the acts, as is now required by law, in case of the annual election or members of the legislature.

8. And be it enacted, That all officers of election in the said election shall receive the same compensation, and be paid in the same manner as now provided for in the case of the annual election.

9. And be it enacted, That no law respecting the registration of voters shall be applicable to the election provided for by this act.

10. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to prepare and transmit to the several county clerks of this state, on or before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety, to publish the laws of that year, and the said clerks shall in the said newspapers for four weeks next preceding said election cause to be published a notice of the election to be held on said newspapers, but neglect or failure to publish as aforesaid shall not impair the validity of such election, and the secretary of state shall transmit a copy of this act to each of said newspapers.

11. And be it enacted, That the same power of the section providing for by this act in the townships and wards of the state of all the acts, as is now required by law, in case of the annual election or members of the legislature.

12. And be it enacted, That all officers of election in the said election shall receive the same compensation, and be paid in the same manner as now provided for in the case of the annual election.

13. And be it enacted, That no law respecting the registration of voters shall be applicable to the election provided for by this act.

14. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to prepare and transmit to the several county clerks of this state, on or before the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety, to publish the laws of that year, and the said clerks shall in the said newspapers for four weeks next preceding said election cause to be published a notice of the election to be held on said newspapers, but neglect or failure to publish as aforesaid shall not impair the validity of such election, and the secretary of state shall transmit a copy of this act to each of said newspapers.

15. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved June 7, 1890.

(Proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of New Jersey.)

A proposed amendment to the Constitution, subdivision 3, which reads as follows, "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, and by changing the word 'to' to 'officers,' so that the section will now read, "appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs;"

A motion to strike out section 11., clause 2, by omitting the words, "shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly in joint meeting," so that the same shall read: "2. Judges of the court of common pleas shall hold their offices for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired terms only."

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ORIENTAL HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 9-21-ly.

Little, But, Oh, My!

size is good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Kill Corns on Earth; removes them or hoft Corns or Bunions in three days, painlessly. Ask your druggist for Scatter-Corns. If he cannot supply you, send 25c. to MUNYON & CO., Newark, N. J.

MOY'S

What a Crop of Corn I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to ROGERS BROS., and buy a pair of those glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We are always excited with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Specialty—First-class workmen employed. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

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In wagons, carts, harnesses, pungs, horses. Call and see the improvements on the Peryta Iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Iron Wagon Manufacturer.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 809 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord Dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class line.

Best horses and coaches employed as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot, along Somerset street to Watchung avenue. Beyond the borough limits by order.

Connect with the 6; 9.20 and 5.07 p. m. trains for New York. On the 9.20 and 12 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips pod direct to Washington ave. Connect the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-4-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 8.30 a. m., 2.30, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 9.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.40, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open From 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.0 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.45, 8.05, 9.30, 10.50 a. m., 12.50, 2.40, 3.50, 4.50, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sundays at 5.45, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 8.35, 9.35, 10.40 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m., 12.05 a. m. Sundays at 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 7.45, 8.50, 9.55, 11.00 a. m., 12.05, 1.55, 3.10, 4.30, 5.40, 7.00, 8.00, 9.10, 10.30 p. m. Sundays at 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 12.05, 1.55, 3.10, 4.30, 5.40, 7.00, 8.00, 9.10, 10.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.30, 7.35, 8.45, 10.00, 11.15 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.40, 3.55, 5.05, 6.25, 7.25, 8.35, 9.45 p. m. Sundays at 7.30, 8.45, 10.00, 11.15 a. m., 12.20, 1.20, 2.40, 3.55, 5.05, 6.25, 7.25, 8.35, 9.45 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8.45, 9.00, 11.45 a. m., 2.30, 5.30 p. m. Sundays at 9.45, 11.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 10.45 a. m., 3.05, 5.30 p. m. Sundays 7.00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Pottsville.

9.00 a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk 6.45 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

For Flemington, 5.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem and Allentown Stage, 8.45 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Stage, 8.45 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.05 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago and the West.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 8.37, 10.01, 11.00, a. m., 12.00, (Sundays through coach) 1.17, 2.21, 3.22, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 8.37, 10.01 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.21, 3.22, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 8.52 a. m., 3.20 p. m.

For Atlantic City 8.37 a. m., 4.00 p. m. For Ocean Grove 8.37, 8.00, 11.00, 2.21, 4.30, 5.30, 5.37 p. m. Sundays 8.37, 8.52 a. m., 3.20, 5.37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.17, 3.45, 8.00, 9.45, 11.25 a. m., 12.05, 2.45, 4.05, 5.45, 6.45, 8.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays at 4.17, 9.45 a. m., 4.30, 8.45, 9.14, 6.45 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3.17, 9.45, 11.25, 2.45, 4.05, 5.45, 6.45, 8.45, 11.45 p. m. Sundays at 4.17, 9.45 a. m., 4.30, 8.45, 9.14, 6.45 p. m.

A. E. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Bruce way—Tod's, 6.15 a. m. to meet 7.05 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 4th to Madison place, to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.53 a. m. train
3d trip	9.30	do	10.07 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.37 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.40 do
6th do	1.45	do	12.09 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.54 p. m.
8th do	3.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	4.30 do	meet 5.21 p. m. train.	
10th do	5.45 do	do	6.29 do
11th do	6.45 do	do	6.07 do
12th do	8.45 do	do	9.29 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th Street, and Rockview and Mercer ave. nue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above route to meet 7.50 a. m., 9.30 a. m., 10.07 a. m., 11.37 a. m., 12.09, 2.54, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.07, 6.29, 9.29 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for Funerals. Orders left at Higgins' Livery Stable, Front street, will receive prompt attention.

Horses stabled by week in the evening, for Private parties, 75 cents.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Station on Sycamore street, 1st door South 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 1-307

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

24 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive prompt attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. Family work a specialty. Orders left at Beatty by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. Brown, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Most always on draught this season. Ice Cream Soda. The Nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular.

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous, Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 Bdwy

Geo. H. Fairchild.

(Successor to R. R. Fairchild)

Furniture and Bedding.

21 EAST FRONT STREET

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM

FURNITURE

Spring Beds, Tables and chairs, Baby Carriages. The largest assortment in town.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our operation is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers, by Private Sale. Telephone call 23.

Builders Cards.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot!

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evenings P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Best intentions cheerfully on all kinds of work

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET;

and 33 Park avenue

P. O. Box 529,

FURNITURE AND FIRE

EXPRESS

R. O. HOWELL,

THE FORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style).....15.00.

EUREKA MEDICATED TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 681.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 16 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

M. M Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEAN-ING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and re-new it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

12½ POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered large as being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

WOMAN AND HOME.

THE EVIL EFFECTS OF MRS. MARTINET'S INFANTRY DRILL.

How to Give Money to Children—Woman's Mistake in Shopping—How Baby Is Fed—The Young Women of Today.

Feminine, but Neat.

The infantry drill in some households we wot of is subversive of all the most engaging qualities of childhood. Look, for example, at Mrs. Martinet's family. Everything like impulse has been disciplined out of them. Mrs. M. herself is said to have been very strictly brought up on the automatic principle, and the strait jacket system of education which made her the statuesque creature she is she faithfully repeats upon her children. People say they are remarkably well behaved. They never romp or laugh or do anything objectionable. Whatever spoken to they respond in set phrase, as if talking out of a book.

If in their babyhood they exhibited any germs of wriggling discomfort those germs were carefully extinguished. No signs of them at present exist, and looking into the dull, untwinkling eyes of Mrs. Martinet's children one can hardly fancy that even in their long clothes they ever ventured on a chuckle or a crow.

And yet, as we have hinted, the little Martinets are considered model children. So, in fact, they are in one sense, for they are about as unimpressible as if they had been molded out of wax, or cast in plaster of paris. Their mother, who, in her cold way, is somewhat proud of the little "prestalans," in making honorable mention of their merits, sometimes declares, her acquaintances—she is too much of a machine to have friends—that they never make any noise. The idea of noiseless boys and girls! What do children come into the world for but to make a noise—to whoop, whistle, sing, dance, run, jump, fight, yell, roll in their mud and tear their clothes! Ah! Mrs. Martinet, your repressive system is all wrong. The enthusiasm of childhood should be gently and wisely guided and directed and checked sometimes. The boy is father to the man, and if the boy is systematically snuffed into silence he assured the man will never "make a noise in the world."—New York Ledger.

Woman's Mistake in Shopping.

No pursuit known to the feminine world so successfully and delusively disposes of time as shopping. The experienced husband and father knows that any engagement with his family which stands at the end of a shopping day has large chances against fulfillment. Even a woman of discretion in other matters who has but an hour at her disposal will plan enough errands for that time to crowd a half day.

"It is 3 o'clock," says the shopper. "Two hours more, and in that time I can easily call on the dressmaker up town, make several purchases at Bartle's and run in to look at the new etchings at the gallery, since I shall be so near. I'll look at the book store as I come down and select a book for Susie's birthday. Then I can take a cross town car and get home in good season."

When the great church bell chimes 6 she is shocked, dismayed and ashamed to find that she must be late to dinner and keep the family waiting, and she frets herself into such a nervous condition because of what she has done and what she has failed to do that husband and children learn to dread the days "when mother goes shopping." A little forethought, and especially the remembering what so many women forget, that it takes time to go from place to place, and that street cars are not lightning trains, would make a vast difference in many cases.—Harper's Bazar.

How to Give Money to Children.

Give your little folks a weekly allowance as soon as they are able to stand before a candy counter—that comprises what an allowance would mean to the average child everything else is the object that just so much is the limit of their pin money. (I believe I began with two cents, increasing in time to five.) Then add to that weekly whatever they may earn in little ways.

Teach them the pride of having earned pennies. Many a good habit can be inculcated by a little thought as to the right reward. For instance, a penny for having clean hands, clean nails, clean teeth, for well combed hair, for hanging up coats and hat in coming from school on the nails put low and especially for them, for filling the wood box, and so on for various things adapted to varied circumstances.

But that is not all. Teach them what the money is distinctly for, and that if the requirements of the weekly window be not met it will not be forthcoming. Teach them that they cannot have the "hair combed penny" if they come to dinner with a frowzy head, or that the door mat penny is not theirs if there are muddy tracks in the kitchen.—Cor. Good Housekeeping.

How Baby Is Fed.

My baby nurses practically when she is hungry, every four to six hours, on the average. I am inclined to think that bottled babies should not be fed oftener than once in four to six hours. Our baby is never overfed, and we never allow her to nurse until we know that she is hungry. Nor do we ever interrupt her sleep to feed her. Not long ago she woke up at noon, nursed, went to sleep again at 8 o'clock and slept till 10 o'clock at night—10 hours without nursing.

The sleep was of as much benefit to her as the food given her when she waked hungry. We hope that she will nurse until she is 12 or 15 months old, and we will not begin to give her cow's milk until we see that the cow's milk is actually insufficient. When she is ready to take solid food, which she will not be until she is 12 or 15 months old, then she will get gradually less of the milk and we may add a little fruit later. Many babies die of dyspeptic starvation by overfeeding, and I don't intend to let mine.—Interview in Boston Globe.

The Young Women of Today.

It is not enough that the young women of today shall be what their mothers are or were. They must be more. The spirit of the times calls on women for a higher order of things and the neglect-ability of the woman of the future will be great. I must not be misconstrued into saying that the future woman will be one of mind rather than of heart. Power of mind is to self no more makes a true woman than does wealth, beauty of person, or social station. But a clear mind, a well balanced mind, added to woman, just as an ivy will adorn a splendid oak; a true woman has a power, something peculiarly her own, in her moral influence, which, when duly developed, makes her queen over a wide realm of spirit.

But this she can possess only as her powers are cultivated. Cultivated womanhood the scepter of authority over the world at large. Wherever a cultivated woman dwells be sure that there you will find refinement, moral power and life in its highest form. For a woman to be cultivated she must begin early; the days of girlhood are transitory and fast fleeting, and girls are women before we know it in these rapid times. Every girl has a certain station to occupy in this life, some one place to fill, and often she makes her own station by her capacity to create and fill it. The beginning influences the end. —Ladies' Home Journal.

Feminine, but Neat.

After your soup and fish you begin to talk with your neighbor.

She is an American married to a Frenchman, and she tells you this funny little story about a famous little beauty who had been betrothed to her husband before she ever met him.

Said she: "I was a little under the weather, and so when she called I had to ask her to come to my boudoir. On my writing desk stood a picture of my husband—one he had given me when I first met him and which was framed very gorgeously in silver. After she had talked about herself a little while she went over to this little gem, gave it the most loving look and said: 'Ah, he had that taken for me.'

Angry? Of course I was angry, but my native wit didn't desert me. I waited for a few minutes after saying. 'Did he?' And then I reached out and got a little case from the table by her side, opened it and showed her the picture inside. It was the heads of my husband and myself taken together on our wedding trip, and then I announced: 'He had that taken for me. I don't think she will bore me again." You couldn't help but laugh, it was such an intensely womanly thing to do.—St. Louis Republic.

To Carve a Fowl.

Place the fork firmly into the thick part of the breast; take slices from each side of the breast bone, extending the whole length of the fowl; joint and remove the wings, and divide them at the first joint or pinion. Divide the ligaments of the legs and twist them out of their sockets, separate them at the first joint. Now enter the point of the knife at the breast in the direction of the merry thought or wish bone, which is displayed by lifting the bone first that they may be more easily severed; which lie on each side of the wish bone must be lifted up by the knife at the broad end and forced toward the breast bone until the part to which they are fastened breaks off. Cut through the ribs on each side and remove the breast. Now turn up the body bone and press the knife firmly across it, near the middle, lifting the lower end at the same time with the fork until the bone gives way, then turn the lower end from you and remove the bones from each side; this is not difficult if the point of the knife be used.—Cor. New York World.

Women and Their Teeth.

"Dentists have some decidedly funny experiences," said Dr. Howard Magnusson. "Not long ago a German woman came into my office and wanted to know if she could get a set of up stairs and down stairs teeth. Of course I knew what she meant, and she was speedily accommodated. Another woman applied for the privilege of renting a set of false teeth for an evening. She had been invited to an entertainment, but had no false teeth of her own and had at money to buy a set, so she thought that she would rent a set, that she might be able to do justice to the viands that would be set before her. Another woman had an ulster on her tooth, she said, and wanted to have it removed. The latest funny incident that happened to me was the visit paid to me a day or two ago by a woman who wanted to have her teeth sharpened so that she could eat beefsteak. That is one of the true carnivorous instinct."—Chicago Post.

The Finger Nails.

No hand can be perfect when the nails are not properly attended to and well kept. They ought to be most carefully cut with a pair of scissors made for the purpose, which rounds them off at the corners. The skin at the base of the nails should be pushed down with a soft towel each time the hands are washed. Never force the skin down with a knife or any sharp instrument. If the above plan is adhered to there is no chance of "ragnails" appearing; they only come when one omits to push down the skin. The nails ought to pass beyond the finger tips and not be cut too short. Clean them with a piece of the flannel well rubbed with soap. This is a far better plan than using a nail brush.

After cleaning the nails push them down the skin they ought to be polished. This is quite an easy matter, as the most impalpable little powders are now sold for a few shillings containing all the necessary appliances for the toilet of the nails.—Chatter.

A Pretty Baby Basket.

I should like to tell you how I made a very pretty baby basket at a cost of only a few cents. Procure some stiff pasteboard, cut two eight sided pieces as large as you want the bottom of your basket to be, cover both on one side with pink or blue lining cambric and overhand them together neatly. If desired you can ornament this white muslin to cover the cambric. Now cut sufficient pieces to be covered in the same way for the sides, having the bottom of each piece just wide enough to fit on the eight sided piece, and slanting it out toward the top to make the latter about an inch wider than the bottom. After these pieces are covered overhand them together to form a circle, sew the bottom in, add cushions and pockets to please the fancy and edge the top with cord, plaited ribbon or lace. Cross handles the basket as costly as she pleases, but as described it is dainty enough for a princess. —Cor. Housewife.

The Expression "Lady Friend."

"You don't need to explain that you're dating this or that girl as a friend—you wouldn't do it with an enemy; the only thing you do with an enemy is to fight her, so there is no need of explaining that you were walking with a lady friend; you were walking with a lady and with a gentleman—or preferably, with a man or with a friend. The expression does not tell whether your friend was a man or a woman. The good old word "lady" has been vulgarized, and now it is almost the opposite of its old meanings. You read about "fallen ladies" being arrested, of "society ladies" who know no more of what the words mean than a society ox or dog; then they read in the newspapers. "Gentleman" hasn't been so vulgarized, but it's badly worn. A man is a "gent," and should be put aside to recover.—New York Sun.

To Cure Freckles.

Freckles are of late a common ill to children who had better be left free to run and play in the sunshine; but older persons, besides guarding against unnecessary exposure, may need to increase the tone and nutrition of the skin, which can be done by washing it once or twice a day in tar soap and cold water, and afterward applying a lotion of borax and rose water.

Here and there a person is troubled with large, irregular patches, most frequent on the face and back of the hands. They are caused by a morbid disintegration of the red blood corpuscles, the debris being deposited in the meshes as pigment.

This disintegration is caused by some form of debility, indicated by disturbance of one or more internal organs. Treatment must aim to restore the nervous power and the general health. Local ailments may be applied, as in the case of freckles.

Sometimes this discoloration is spread uniformly over the entire body, and is then known as Addison's disease. Its origin is essentially the same as in more limited disorder last mentioned, but the extensive destruction of blood corpuscles gives rise to a serious anæmia or poverty of the blood.—Youth's Companion.

Improving the Calling Card.

A novel suggestion concerning the calling card is that it should be dated by the visitor, a plan which will greatly assist the receiver in keeping a record of the visit and arranging for its return at a suitable time. If this plan become general, card cases neatly fitted with an indelible pencil and miniature calendar will be in demand. Another innovation for relieving the ugly monotony of a lady's card is to decorate it somewhat after the manner of the dinner card, that is, to have a bird, a spray or the initials of the holder or less natural tints thrown across the left hand corner. This fancy, if adopted, will result in great extravagance and the cards of the wealthy will be artistic be treasured as veritable works of art.—New York Letter.

Chance for Women in Journalism.

Women make splendid typesetters, good proofreaders, good reporters and fair editors. They do not make as good editors as men, for the reason perhaps that they are not so much in contact with public men; and this simply because their sex prevents them from gathering in hotels, clubs, cafes and places of like character, where men find it convenient to sit and discuss all sorts of topics. I see no reason why women should not in the near future find daily employment as a remunerative field. They will be brought into competition with men, to be sure, but I have little doubt that they will be able to successfully hold their own.—Foster Coates in Ladies' Home Journal.

Woman's Work.

Married women would do well to paste in their scrap books the following statistics relative to woman's work. In one year a woman gets dinner 365 times, washes the dishes 1,095 times, gets the children ready for school twice a day for 180 days, puts the baby to sleep 1,460 times and makes about 300 calls. Who says that a woman has nothing to do? Armed with such an array of facts any wife may calmly wait for the test time when her husband tells her that her activity is limited in duration and degree and then simply paralyze him by quoting figures.—Exchange.

A Lifetime of Benevolence.

Elizabeth Comstock, the Quaker preacher, now aged and infirm, living at Union Springs, N. Y., has in her lifetime visited 122,000 prisoners, 195,000 sick and wounded soldiers, 85,000 inmates of poorhouses and insane asylums, both sides of the water. For thirty years she toiled in this field, and during the last years of her active life was one of the most devoted members of the W. C. T. U.—New Orleans Picayune.

Miss Charlotte Mary Yonge, who, a generation ago, conquered the world of sentimental youth with her "Heir of Redclyffe" and "Heart's-ease"—the proceeds of which she gave to the cause of church missions in New Zealand—has published a volume of work in her sixty-seven active years, but is busily engaged on her one hundred and first book, which is to be a story of the time of Vespasian.

One of the curious things in cradles shown in the National museum is the Siberian baby jumper. It is a sort of a skin basket, which is furnished with straps at each corner, and which is tied by these to an elastic pole set in the walls of the cabin. As the baby moves back and forth the pole dances up and down, and its mother thus gives it a ride with little labor.

To sweep a room without raising a dust scatter damp grass or dampened bits of paper over the carpet. This not only prevents the flying of dust, but saves the carpet from wear and tear. Either grass or paper is better than tea leaves or bran (often recommended), as the former leaves no stain or spot.

The Japanese woman ties her baby to her with a string. It has no support for its head, and this bobs up and down with every motion of the big mother, whose her baby in the same bright colors as herself, and its clothes, as soon as it is old enough to walk, are made in the same way.

One of the many cures for earache is to mix well together ten drops of laudanum, one-half grain of sulphate of morphia and one-half ounce of glycerine. A piece of cotton well saturated with this mixture should be inserted in the ear and renewed every fifteen minutes till the pain ceases.

Fully three-fourths of the babies of the world go naked until they get to be 5 or 6 years old. The Canadian Indians keep their babies naked up to a certain point, and as for the little Coreans they wear nothing but a short skirt until they are as old as our school boys.

Young girls' dresses of white muslin or of lace are made with high waist and short puffed sleeves. To utilize these dresses for various occasions long sleeves reaching low on the wrists are made separate, and are basted in at the top under the high short sleeves.

The Corean boys all wear long hair and Corean dolls wear Corean costumes. The Corean children are very fond of toys, and there are pits where all kinds of toys and kites in the Corean collection which has lately been opened in the National museum.

The effect of gum chewing has been studied carefully by an expert. In gum chewing the masseter muscles which move the jaw are abnormally developed, and the fatty substances which produces fair, plump cheeks is deteriorated.

Raisins may be easily stoned by pouring boiling water over them and letting them stand for five or ten minutes. Drain, then rub each raisin between the thumb and finger till the seeds come out clean.

Olive Schreiner, the author of "An African Farm," has, it is said, a liking for raw meat. She takes her beefsteak just warm enough to remove the effects of the ice box.

If zest be dropped upon the carpet thrown upon it an equal quantity of salt and every all up together. There will be scarcely a trace of zest left.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

APPROVED MODES IN DRESS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Artistic Dresses and Hoods for Little Girls of the Simplest but Most Attractive Character—A Pretty Dress Suit for a Boy.

Little girls nowadays often look like little fairies, only a trifle more substantial, in the picturesque garments fashioned for them by artistic fingers. There is a Puritan costume for girls from 2 to 6 years

GIRLS' SUN BONNETS.

of age of a very quaint character. It is made of light wool fabric, and is set off with a frilled cape and a frilled bonnet, and makes the little maiden appear as if she had stepped out of a picture.

In the cut is shown an exceedingly useful as well as attractive sun bonnet. It is made of white embroidery. The fronts and crown are united with puffings of mull muslin, which muslin also serves for strings.

Nothing can be prettier than the little white silk frocks for evening wear. These are daintily smocked in colored silks. The accordion plaited frocks are very graceful, but they require to be able to successfully hold their own.—Foster Coates in Ladies' Home Journal.

A dashing costume for a little man to wear at a fancy dress party or other evening occasion is a brown velvet suit. The trousers are tied at the knees with ribbon and ornamented with steel buckles. There is a little coat trimmed with steel buttons, a silk shirt and a sash.

Black Lace Trimmings.

Organdy muslin is coming into wear again, and black lace trimmings are much worn with it, either in the flounce, pelsple and large jabots diminishing toward the waist,

PETTICOAT TRIMMED WITH BLACK LACE.

In fact any way that fashion and fancy dictate, for the light black lace on the thin material forms a pretty and effective contrast.

French underclothing is some of it also trimmed with black lace, especially long petticoats to be worn with black and white evening toilets. In our illustration is shown an evening petticoat in French lawn elaborated with black lace and insertion.

Women's Shirts.

The shirts worn by women with blazers, yachting and other out of door costumes are made exactly like a man's, except that they are open the entire length for convenience in putting on and off. Some are made of cambric, some of French flannel and some of wash silk. Silver sleeve buttons are used with the shirts that are worn by women. They have heraldic designs, with a place for the initials; others have a Japanese aspect, and knots and folded ribbons are also popular. The two buttons are always different. Often they appear as sections of wide and narrow chains.

Autumn Dress Fabrics.

Bold, aggressive patterns are promised for the autumn dress fabrics. Spots bigger than a silver dollar, big stripes and checks that take an eighth of a yard to show will be worn—so they say. Rough, coarse stuffs will be the mode too. Some of the materials are of the texture of blankets. Only half a dozen yards would be needed for a dress, as quite plain skirts are liked in the only kind worn for some time to come.

Mohair Bathing Suits.

The ingenuity of the most ingenious has been exercised to bring out novelties in bathing suits. Numbered with things new this season are the suits made of mohair. This fabric is recommended for slight figures. It is not only light in weight and inexpensive, but clings less tightly than does flannel or the heavy cloth. The bathing suits made in blazer flannel have not proven popular.

Fashion Echoes.

For shoes there is a soft kind of leather called "velvet calf," which comes in a number of shades.

New riding boots there are, the foot part made in patent leather, and the uppers and leg in a soft kind of morocco, which is very cool and comfy.

Chains of all sizes and kinds prevail in bracelets. The different parts of the links are treated differently. One will be gold, another platinum, one plain, the other chased. In the center some have a rank, or there will be a line of rubies and diamonds alternating.

Long perforated cylinders of silver are called perfumers. They are intended to be fitted with cotton which has been saturated with perfume and laid in drawers.

Gold thimbles are covered with minute daisies in relief instead of being penetrated with the usual needle holes.

The stays made for the hot weather and traveling are of very soft coutil, and are made long, entirely form, to enable the tight skirts to fit well over the hips.

Spots are to be much worn in the future, and they have nothing to complain of in the matter of large ones. Some are polka dots and massive cottons, with white spots as large as peas, are very popular.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular the Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12c.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and this the last of three remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

Those are 100 sample corsets—these 25 to 50. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods every where free of charge.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

Announcement of 5 & 10 cent Store

WE DON'T

Give Every-one a Present,

but to make room for new goods, old stock must go even if we have to give it away, when a low price isn't tempting enough to dispose of it. The children of course are the favorites when presents are to be given. But the older ones always go out smiling too, and if you would know the reason why, when you want anything in

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just call on

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

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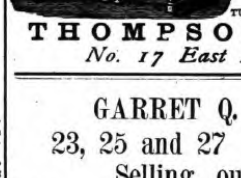

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TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

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23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.65.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—13c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 33c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c; GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET 8', $1.25 and $1.75.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

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POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

300 Parasols, in stripes, checks, solid colors and black. These goods are manufacturers samples and are sold less than wholesale jobber's prices. 50 pieces fine challies, equal in appearance to all wool goods at 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

We will open the latter part of this week 1 case fine lawns at 3 cents per yard. Large line of ladies and Misses blouses and Jumpers. Great reductions in millinery goods and childs' cloaks.

Embroidered and lace flouncings in endless variety.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Joseph Krewson

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer soon is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 83 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

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at reasonable rates.

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice, at reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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Cannel Coal

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50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was broken and screened when sent over it always takes to clean it at the mines, and is therefore usually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of Fairbanks' Standard Scales, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone No. 196. Orders promptly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

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FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Satins, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking and Stamping done to order. Feathers Dyed Cleaned and Curled at short notice. 11

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes cast and one for every fraction over fifty, cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE M. SHIPPMAN, LUDEN ELY,
HORACE E. RUDE, P. P. BAKER,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF, Committee.

Dated August 4, 1890.

The Proposed Fire Alarm System.

We are heartily in favor of any fire-alarm system that will be an improvement over the present one. There have been attempts during the past years at different times to give us a better system, but they do not seem to have attained the object. Even Mr. Wann, whose system is now offered, has been before the Council with offers on former occasions, if we remember rightly, but did not convince the gentlemen representing the city that there was any advantage in changing to it. The city did adopt an electric alarm, and the bell is now operated by one, but there seems no mode of signals that will guide the firemen correctly. The system now offered by Mr. Wann consists of some ten miles of electric wires, overhead, (only two miles of which were to be insulated.) These wires are connected to a steam gong on the electric light station. The substitution of a steam gong instead of a bell is in itself of doubtful advantage, and the objections made by Councilman Newhall in Common Council Wednesday evening to having a lot of dangerous wires overhead were quite pertinent, as his objections always are. If the wires, however, are insulated as required by Mr. Newhall's amendment to Mr. Hetfield's resolution it is still necessary to know whether the system in actual practice "fills the bill." There is much to be condemned in Mr. Hetfield's attempt to rush the proposed contract through without its contents being well-known and carefully considered by the Council and the public generally. In view of the record he and the other members of the combine have made for themselves this year, he ought to be especially careful to do nothing that would even look suspicious, unless he wishes to still further excite public indignation. The proposal, in view of the manner in which it was attempted to put it through, ought to be very carefully considered.

Board of Medical Examiners.

The State board of medical examiners met in the executive chamber at the State House Trenton, on Monday, and organized by the election of the following officers: President, Dr. William L. Rowell, of Millville; secretary, *Dr. William Perry Watson, of Jersey City*; treasurer, Dr. A. H. Worthington, of Elizabeth. Very little business of importance was transacted, and after the appointing of several committees the board adjourned until September 18. No examinations will be held *until October 9, as the board will require* until that time to prepare the list of questions and others details necessary for the opening question.

Struck a Yellow Jackets, Nest.

Henry Sebring was engaged plowing on his farm at Greenbrook yesterday, when the plow struck a huge yellow jackets nest. The bees swarmed about his head so thickly that he and his horses were driven from the field. Mr. Sebring says the bees were in passion all day. At night he built a bon fire in the spot where the nest was located and burned them to death. He says it was the largest yellow jackets nest he ever saw.

Advertised Letters.

Remaining in the post office at Plainfield the week ending Sept. 3, 1890:

Aggar, H B
Beltane, Miss Francis
Burke, Katie
Grinnell, Maggie
Jones, Dan H
Kinney, Mrs Rachel
Lewis, Geo R
Palmer, Miss Grace
Pegley, Miss Carrie
Scovel, Mrs L
Terrel, Rob't J
Wynkoop, Mrs R D
Winemiller, Mrs Mary
No 19 East Sixth street

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. R. POPE, Postmaster.

Got Off at Elizabeth.

A Plainfielder who was on the 5:59 a. m. train which conveyed the coachman named William Thompson and his employer's daughter, Miss Emily Ashton, says that the eloping couple got off at Elizabeth. He says the couple attracted the attention of every passenger in the car and many unfavorable comments were heard. The detectives have not as yet succeeded in overtaking the parties.

Perrine Committed.

Charles Perrine, the man who was sentenced by Justice Nash to thirty days imprisonment in the county jail for drunkenness, was committed to that institution yesterday. Perrine is also held on the charge of assaulting some Italians who were in the employ of ex-street Commissioner Angleman and who were working at Scotch Plains.

The Court of Special Sessions.

The Court of Special Sessions will begin the Fall term on Wednesday next. On Tuesday there will be a session of the Court of Common Pleas, and Sheriff Glasby will draw the jurors for the October term. It will be the last panel that Glasby will select prior to the ending of his term of office.

Fined for Disorderly Conduct.

The man who was arrested by Policeman Flanagan on West Second street Wednesday evening on the charge of drunk and disorderly conduct, was arraigned before City Judge Codington yesterday afternoon. He pleaded guilty to the charge and a ten dollar fine was imposed.

BASE BALL.

The Norwich Team to Visit Plainfield.—Somerville Games.

The managers of the Crescent League base ball team have at last succeeded in agreeing upon a date with the manager of the Norwich team for a game of ball to be played in this city. The day selected is Thursday, September 18th. It will be remembered that a short time ago the Crescents visited Norwich and were defeated by a score of 9 to 0. Burning under their defeat the management have since been endeavoring to arrange a return game, and have at last hit upon a suitable date. The contest will undoubtedly be a hot one and will evoke much interest.

The three games of base ball arraigned to be played against the West End club of Somerville are the chief comment among lovers of the national game. Opinions, as to who will be the victors, are about evenly divided and the games are looked for with much interest. The dates selected are September 13th, 20th and 27th. The first game is to be played at Somerville and the latter two in this city.

The Red Stars and Blue Stars of North Plainfield played a game of base ball this morning on Cooley's field. The play ers say the game was very exciting, but the Red Stars finally succeeded in conquering their opponents by a score of 22 to 20. Collmer and Conover composed the battery for the Red Stars, and Bostarli and Cooley acted in a like capacity for the Blues.

A New Telephone Line.

The New Jersey Telephone Company will begin the erection of a new metallic circuit telephone line between this city and Elizabeth within two weeks Charles Runyon, the manager of the Plainfield office, says that direct connection will be obtained with Elizabeth in about six weeks. Communication with Elizabeth is now obtained by way of Rahway. Copper instead of iron wires will be used, and nearly all the poles of the new line will be sixty feet long.

JOTTINGS.

—A stage load of Plainfielders are spending the day at Boynton Beach.

—The Borough Common Council will meet in regular session this evening.

—The public schools will reopen after the Summer vacation next Monday morning.

—The Trentons are booked for a game of base ball with the Crescents to-morrow afternoon.

—Evans and Hoey, the comedians will produce "A Parlor Match" in Music Hall next Monday evening.

—The foundation for the new Casino which is to be erected on West Seventh street, is about completed.

—Special services in honor of the Sacred *Heart will be held in St. Mary's church this* evening at eight o'clock.

—The members of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society are to give an evening sociable in T. A. B. Hall next Thursday evening.

—City Judge Codington administered the oath of office to Policeman Kiely this morning. He will go on duty this evening.

—The Alerts of Elizabeth will play a game of base ball with the Westfield Athletic Club to morrow afternoon, weather permitting.

—A wild sweet potato, found growing near Paulsboro, measured twenty inches in circumference and weighed twelve and a half pouns.

—Prof. John Reynolds, the mesmerist, has been engaged by the Reform Club to give a series of his entertainments in Reform Hall early in October.

—The rehearsal of the local choir of the Christian Endeavor Society of this city, Dunellen and New Market was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening.

—The *Knights Templar from this city* who attended their annual conclave at Asbury Park yesterday returned last evening. All report having had a most enjoyable time.

—The Plainfield Crescent League, at a meeting held Wednesday evening decided to lease the Olympia bowling alleys to be used as the club's headquarters for the present.

—City Judge Codington yesterday administered the oath of office to the newly-appointed policeman, Edward H. Dobbs and that officer went on duty for the first time last evening.

—A team of horses belonging to a ruralite became frightened on West Fourth street this afternoon and ran away. A large farm wagon to which they were attached was partially wrecked. The driver escaped injury.

—The Philadelphia and Reading, Lehigh Valley and Central Railroad of New Jersey have mutually agreed to reduce the rates on coal and pig-iron to tide-water points and on coke from inside-water and specified points in New Jersey.

—A mad dog caused considerable excitement among the residents of Stiger's Alley yesterday afternoon. Several dogs were bitten and two children and a man narrowly escaped the teeth of the brute. Officer James Baddock shot the dog.

—Elizabeth was visited Wednesday night by a mosquito plague. The insects descended on the city in clouds and swarmed into every nook and corner. Not for years has there been such an annoying visitation. It was almost impossible to do anything that kept one's hands on the portion of time. The operators in the Western Union office suffered severely, and the lights in the place were turned as low as possible. This made no difference to the mosquitoes, as they got there just the same.

—We respectfully advise the Chief of Police to make himself acquainted with the provisions of the new law prohibiting minors from smoking cigars and cigarettes, if he has not already done so, and then instruct the police to arrest all boys offending. The person of the boys would then the police now hereafter for such action. The use of tobacco is a vile habit that should be avoided and youth is the time when habits are formed.—*New Brunswick Home News.*

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are solicited, even if contrary to the views of the editor. Writers are requested to be as brief and direct as possible, however, and to give always their name, not necessarily for publication.]

Another of Its Misrepresentations Nailed.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In the issue of the PRESS of Aug. 23d last, I notice an article headed "Mr. Sender's Pension." I am sorry to hear that any member of our order should make any remarks as there stated, but the whole matter is settled by comparing the following letter with the oath of that ordered to Hon. J. R. McPherson:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
CERTIFICATE DIVISION,
BUREAU OF PENSIONS,
WASHINGTON, D. C. August 11, 1890.

Charles B. Stephens, Plainfield, N. J.

SIR:—I have the honor to inform you, in response to your inquiry, that the claim for pension of Jacob Sender, late of Co. "C." 16th New York Vol. Cavalry, has been admitted by certificate No. 687,287, which will be forwarded to the Pension Agent at New York city, for payment, in a few days.

Very respectfully,
ANDREW D. HARRISON,
Acting Commissioner.

The following is the McPherson letter referred to:

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 27, 1890.
The Hon. J. R. McPherson, U. S. Senate.
Dear Sir:—The pension claim of Jacob Sender of Plainfield, has been allowed. * * * As you have called up this case by letter of inquiry, I deem it but courteous that I should advise you of the final action as above set forth. Very respectfully,
GILBERT B. RAUM,
Commissioner.

As an organization the G. A. R. do not recommend the granting of any pension, but in an extreme case of a worthy comrade in good standing they depart from the rule and intercede in his behalf. The foregoing letter dated August 11th—over two weeks prior to Senator McPherson's—in reply to one sent by the Commissioner of Pensions, attested by the Post Adjutant, with Post seal affixed, recommending speedy action in said case.

GEO. W. MOORE, Post Adj't.
CHAS. B. STEPHENS, Post Com.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Joseph W. Sandford and family of this city are at Richfield Springs, N. Y.

The Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Honeyman of Somerset street are at Pine Hill, N. Y.

Mr. W. B. Anglemen has returned to his home in this city from Pine Hill, N. Y.

Mr. John J. Lotsenix of Chatham street, North Plainfield, starts Saturday for Boston.

Father Stafford, the assistant pastor of St. Mary's church is spending two weeks at Saratoga.

Mr. Charles De Graw has returned to his home on Park avenue from a two weeks' stay at Atlantic City.

The members of Middlesex Gun Club held a two days shoot of "shoot" on their grounds in Dunellen yesterday.

Mr. David Dunavan of West Second street *has so far recovered from his recent illness* as to be able to walk out.

The Rev. Charles B. Mitchell will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. church next Sunday after a month's vacation.

Mrs. Charles Hyde and her daughter, Miss Edith, have returned to their East Front street home from Newport.

Dr. Charles R. Theirs of West Front street will be married to Miss Florence Pelletreau of Brooklyn on Monday next.

Freeholder George Kyte of Scotch Plains is talked of as a probable candidate for sheriff on the Republican ticket this Fall.

The family of Mr. Rowland Cox returned to their home on West Seventh street Wednesday, from their annual Summer outing.

Rev. Dr. Ketcham, of the First Presbyterian church, will occupy the pulpit of the Rev. Dr. Lewis, of the Seventh-Day Baptist church, to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Mr. Frank D. Randolph of Madison avenue starts to-morrow for Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. He is one of the promising students at the Lehigh Valley University at that place.

Messrs. George Frost of West Seventh street, Fletcher Hallock of West Fifth street, and the Messrs. Krom of Madison avenue, start to-morrow for another year's study at the *Lehigh Valley University at Bethlehem*, Pennsylvania.

The funeral of the late John Murray took place from St. Mary's church yesterday morning at half-past nine o'clock. A solemn mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. *Father Smith. Interment was made in St.* Mary's cemetery.

Mrs. R. R. Fairchild and family of Grandview avenue left Plainfield to-day to join Mr. R. R. Fairchild at Yonkers, N. Y. where he has bought an old established furniture business. *Plainfield while losing a respected*, energetic citizen and merchant, congratulates Yonkers upon her acquisition. George Fairchild, who bought the furniture business here of his brother, will conduct it as heretofore at the old stand on East Front street.

S. A. Haines, a well-known resident of the Nether-wood district, returned from Saratoga this week, where he has been spending the last two months. Mr. Haines is the President of the Central Board of the National Commercial Travellers' Association of the *United States, While in Leeds, England*, on August 15, he was honored with a complimentary dinner by the United Kingdom Commercial Travellers' Association.—N. Y. Tribune.

Labor Day numerous Plainfielders were at the sea shore. Among those who took advantage of the legal holiday, to get a long full of ozone was Mr. Elon S. Rogers, the oldest employe of the firm of Randolph Bros. on West Front street. He started Sunday for Asbury Park. Monday he was on Barnegat *Pier* pulling in weak fish. He had *fair luck*, and when through could display a string of 14 fish, averaging about a pound each. Tuesday found him at Long Branch, just in time to stop the flow, and when he reached Plainfield he had $175 in hand in his old "wash basket."

AT THE OCEAN'S SIDE.

The State Homeopathic Society Will Soon Meet.

The semi-annual meeting of the New Jersey State Homeopathic Medical Society will be held Tuesday and Wednesday, September 9th and 10th, in the parlors of the Hotel Windsor, Atlantic City. The meeting will be called to order on Tuesday morning at 11:30 by President Long, and while a great portion of the time will be devoted to scientific work, the social features will not be neglected, a number of physicians having accepted the invitation extended to their wives in a former notice of the meeting to be present. The programme includes a bath in the ocean Wednesday morning, for which the secretary will be pleased to furnish tickets with his compliments. A feature of the meeting will be a banquet which will be tendered the society and visiting friends on Tuesday evening by Doctors Youngman, Crosby, Fleming and Daily of Atlantic City.

A number of papers have been promised, some of them of unusual interest. Ample time will also be given for a walk or drive through the town or along the beach.

We Couldn't do Better Ourselves.

What is the matter with the Democratic newspapers?

During the campaign they teemed with carefully written arguments intended to show that Free Trade was the one thing needful for us;

That protection meant exorbitant taxes and general impoverishment;

That in England—the great free trade country—because wages which lowers and the people are much richer, as a result of having the markets of the world.

Now these same newspapers publish the following:

The wealth of the United States is unofficially estimated at $71,000,000,000, an increase in ten years of 62 per cent. England's wealth is placed at $50,000,000,000 in 1886, but divided among a smaller population than that of the United States. Taxes in England average $20 per capita, and in the United States, $13.50.

That is why we ask our Democratic brethren, "What is the matter?"

They keep shouting for Free Trade even yet, although by the above paragraph taken from a Democratic newspaper, they, without intending to, show that taxes in Free Trade old England are over 50 PER CENT HIGHER than in protected young America, and that under our protective system, so maligned and promoted by the Republican party, we have grown to be nearly fifty per cent. richer than Free Trade has made England, and are to-day the wealthiest nation on the face of the earth.

Our Democratic brethren must wake up. If they keep on giving their case away in that manner they won't have a peg left to hang even their shred of an argument on, and will spoil the fun we have been having at their expense.

But How About Our Taxes?

The combine claim that they are saving a *few hundred dollars for the city by having* it own its own fire-horses. Mere statements unsupported by facts prove nothing. Give us the facts. If there is any saving we want to know it. We want to give the combine credit of at least saving at the spigot even if *they have been wasting at the bunghole.* We are not yet convinced that they are saving even at the spigot. The wastes at the bunghole have increased our taxes beyond those of any year in the city's history. For every hundred dollars professed to be saved one way we have shown that the combine has actually increased our taxes many thousands. We want no buncombe. We have given facts. Now facts show the most outrageous waste of public money as a result of combine rule. If the combine is doing such wonders notwithstanding that they have had thousands of dollars more money than any previous Council ever had to handle, how is it that the taxes are so much higher this year than ever before, while those of Elizabeth and Rahway, the only two other cities in the county, remain the same, with no increase of revenue from taxation and but little from increased property valuations. Even in the face of the taxes with increased valuation are less this year than last, as they with but ordinary management ought be in the city. But the borough *ins run by a "combine."* With proper management Plainfield's taxes this year ought to have been less than $2 on the $100. Last year's council, with no licenses, and, therefore, $12,000 less from this source, and nearly half a million less valuation—made the tax *rate only $2.15. The combine has made it* $2 94. The difference is due to combine rule.

A Motel Changes Hands.

Yesterday Mr. Harry Illsley, the proprietor of the Scotch Plains Hotel, sold his business to *Messrs. John Benner and Howard Wilcox* of this city. Mr. Illsley has leased a hotel near Newark and will take possession October 10th. Messrs. Benner and Wilcox will open the Scotch Plains House on October 25th.

—The oyster season is now at its height and the bivalves are being partaken of by a large number of persons as a delicacy.

—The Rahway Firemen's Association of this city will hold its regular monthly meeting in Firemen's Hall next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

CLIPPINGS FROM EXCHANGES.

H. Kirby, employed at the Lawrence Station, above Trenton, was struck by a passenger train yesterday morning and instantly killed.

Dunellen Chronicle: Peaches yesterday were held at last night throughout Middlesex County. There was no opposition to the Sheriff Collector's sale of any of the watches. He will assume the nomination for Congress.

A gang went into Patrick Lillis's saloon, at 421 Henderson street, Jersey City, yesterday afternoon and asked for a drink. They were refused and ordered out. They went into the rear yard and cut the water running. Lillis hurried out to stop the flow, and when he returned to the counter and $175 he had in his till were missing.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

Four More Companies Filed Papers at Trenton Yesterday.

Articles of incorporation of the following companies have been filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

The North American Phosphate Company, with a capital stock of $500,000. The company will have its principal office in Camden, will manufacture phosphate, and will commence business with $1,000. The incorporators are Samuel A. Barnes and D. Ramsay Patterson of Philadelphia, Richard T. Miller of Camden, Henry H. Maple, W. J. Briggs, George H. Sears of New York State.

The John G. Campbell & Company, with a capital stock of $40,000. The principal office will be located in Camden, and will print and dye cotton goods in Philadelphia. The incorporators are John G. Campbell and Edward T. Gatzel of Philadelphia, and James A. G. Campbell of Chester.

The Universal Loom Company, a New York concern, having a capital stock of $100,000, will begin the business of making machinery with $25,000

The Central Development Company is composed entirely of Atlantic City capitalists, who are going to develop Brigantine Beach into a seaside resort. The capital stock is $70,000.

This Date in History—Sept. 5.

1543—Death of Catherine Parr, wife of Henry VIII: born 1509.
1836—Death of Cardinal Richelieu; died 1642.
1776—First Continental Congress met in Philadelphia.
1793—Capture of Malta by the English under Gen. Pigot.
1862—Birth of Senator J. G. Carlisle, of Kentucky.
1864—Mount Vernon hotel at Cape May destroyed by fire; 16 lives lost.
1862—Lee's army invaded Maryland.
1870—Strasburg, France, occupied by the Germans and bombarded.
1870—French legislative chamber dissolved; Senate abolished; regular troops and national guard concentrated; M. Favre and the United States for moral support.
1872—Three women executed in Scotland for throwing pitchers on them in Paris.
1878—Last installment of $10,000,000 of the indemnity of $800,000,000 paid by France to Germany.
1887—Theatre Royal, Exeter, England, burned; 140 lives lost.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD horse for sale. Apply at 330 West Second street. 4-3

FURNISHED house for rent. Board taken for rent. Privilege of other boarders. "M.," care of EVENING NEWS. 4 3

FOR SALE—My headstone property of 8 nearly four acres. R. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-6-sat

TO LET—Small house, five rooms, on Shriner place. Inquire 197 Somerset street. 2-4

TO LET—House, No. 36 Park place, seven rooms. 30-5

WANTED—Three competent girls, cook and laundress, chambermaid and waitress, also a nurse not under 30 years. References. 170 East Front street. 4-3

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 5 Second avenue. 179

WANTED—Two competent girls, cook and laundress and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Apply 179 West Front street. 9-3tf

WANTED—Agents, local and traveling at once, to sell ornamental shrubs, roses, trees and fruits. Experience unnecessary. Salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent positions. No security required. Must furnish references as to good character. Charles H. Chase, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this paper. 3-3

Special Notices.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

PERSONS FOR EVERYBODY. Bouse & Co., the Washington pension experts, are doing a large office business at the City Hotel, Plainfield, every week, from 9 to 4 until monday afternoon next. They give free advice on all new legislation, and are among the most successful attorneys in Washington. No one should fail to call with papers for examination, as they have already made glad the hearts of a number of Plainfield claimants with large allowances.

CLAIRVOYANT. Mrs. Dr. Edwards, by request of her many former patrons, has returned again to Plainfield, and can only remain a few weeks, from Aug. 25, to Sept. 10. Call at once, as this is positively your last chance. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c to $1. Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4. (one flight up) Plainfield, N.J. 2-1w

H. R. SPENCER, Grocer and confectioner, 26 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, white and red, for sale. Choice brands of cigars and tobaccos. Fine candies a specialty. Ice cream parlor in connection. Soda water and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade cannned fruit. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and wool suits, overskirts, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Call and see them at 1 Randolph Block, or by Mrs. Charles Meyer, 24 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 29 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles H. Smith's Barber Shop 24 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 4-24-1y

TURNIPS, SHRUBS, VINES and plants, perennial plants, beautiful palms, also for sale and to lease; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, near manufactories, at Denham's Nursery, No. 129 Fifth avenue. 8-30-1y

CELERY PLANTS for sale on Mrs. E. Lindsey's, a lot a lot of Grandview avenue. Inquire of Miss Lindsey, on the premises. 29 West Front st.

FLOWER POTS
AT THE 5 AND 10 CENT STORE.
J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

AN $8 SALE.
TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL
All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,
FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.
Don't Miss This Great Bargain.
CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.
Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket Slate ernsure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

DICKINSON
12 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

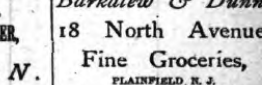
J. P. LAIRE & CO.
WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.
Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.
Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.
Greatest Stove on Earth
A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

MOY'S

First Class Caterer,
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH
PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
42 NORTH AVENUE.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.
Monday, Sept. 8th,
THE COMEDIANS
Evans and Hoey
In their Evergreen Success,
A Parlor Match,
EDITION DE LUXE BOYT'S BEST PLAY
Established with a whole lot of greenbacks. Proper appearance of the Lovey sisters in America.
Prices 35, 50, 75, and $1.
Seats on sale Friday.

RELIABLE
Country Butter and Eggs
can always be found at
"THE DAIRY",
62 WEST FRONT ST.
Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK TUE THREE B TEA.

Don't Miss This.
Pay cash for your goods and when your purchase amount to $300 we will present you with an Illuminated "Shanley in Africa" purchase cards must be filled by November 1, 1890.
The most wonderful and thrilling book ever published.
The best, most complete and finely illustrated account of Stanley's travels.
The most wonderful discoveries! Thrilling adventures, marvelous escapes and dauntless achievements of the great explorer, and other renowned travelers, pioneers and missionaries.
Beautifully and elaborately illustrated with nearly three hundred engravings Value $4.
Sugar 4 1-2 c lb, new crop tea 35c lb, good coffee for 20c lb, o. g. baking powder 25c lb best kerosene oil, 150 test 10c gallon, good family flour 50c per bag.
UNITED TEA AND
COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCI TION.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

A Great Bargain
in the following
Canned Fruit
and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.00
California Plums	25	2.50
California Apricots	25	2.50
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.10
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.10
Burlington Beans extra choice..	17	1.70

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
78 West Sixth Street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brown & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devised wholly for training & delivering purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

DRUNKENNESS
LIQUOR HABIT.
CURED WHERE THERE IS ANY ONE LEFT
BY HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC

Plainfield Evening News.

ONE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD, AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

W. HOGGINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Missing Men.

Not those who have sailed away on the high sea and never were heard of more, neither those bank presidents nor devoted husbands nor confidential clerks whose coming is so wearily and longingly waited for, but the man who ought to be at the watering places, the mountain hotels and the seaside, amusing the pretty summer girl, dancing with her, falling in love with her and finally attaching himself to her by matrimony in the good old fashion. This is the man who is missing, new complaints of his absence this summer are louder than ever.

It is to be feared that the summer man, especially the summer marrying man, has disappeared, never to return. It is useless to speculate where he has gone. Bullies to say he is not there. The summer girl must do the best she can without him. It is no good dressing elaborately for a lot of women. The presence of a few lonking man adds a feminine society an exhilaration that even good clothes cannot give. Dressing six times a day for women's eyes becomes a horrid bore. The best thing under the circumstances is perhaps to give it up altogether and form dove parties for the summer. Camps of women, where the young and old girls may shoot, fish, swim, walk, read and sleep and eat, roughing it, with no suggestion of Saratoga trunks, would not be half a bad way to spend summer. Since men cannot be found, the summer girl might well devote the warm months to health and outdoor exercise. She will, perhaps, find there is more fun in it than she thought, too. At any rate it is worth trying, another summer, if not this.

The Big Trees of California.

Those magnificent giant redwoods of California, hundreds of feet high, a hundred feet in circumference, those "brothers of the field" which called forth the most passionate admiration of Horace Greeley's soul, which have been the wonder of travelers from all parts of the earth, which are unique, there being absolutely none like them in the world — serious the American people protest quickly and emphatically there will soon be none of these glorious trees left.

It seems as if the man who would help sweep them off the earth for gain would sell his own grandmother's skeleton to the medical professors, and perhaps he would. At any rate, if we let those trees be cut up into lumber till there are none left, as threatens shortly to be the case, we shall deserve the name of a civilized people.

The big trees are in Tulare county, and a move is on foot to oppose the setting aside of the wood in which they are for a national park like the Yellowstone. Let all America speak up for this park and forevermore forever from desecration what are left of the world's only big trees. Let there be enough in this country without them. Where is the American poet who shall write a new "Woodman, spare that tree!"

Church Statistics.

About one-third of the 65,000,000 inhabitants of this land are church members. Counting out the children, who are too young to belong, that is not a bad showing. Of the church members the three denominations, Roman Catholic, Methodist and Baptist, own four-fifths. The Methodists are most numerous of any Protestant sect, having 4,980,-240 members, while the Baptists number 4,202,391. Both together have a membership about a million stronger than the Roman Catholic church alone.

These three sects named are also the most vigorous and flourishing as to increase. All alike increased in numbers about 5 per cent. during 1889. It is to be noted, however, that all Roman Catholic children are counted in the figures for that church, while only actual members are listed in the Protestant denominations.

The remaining one-fifth of American church goers are divided among the various other Protestant sects. But counting all persons who have some religious faith and attend regularly some place of worship, Christian or Jewish, there still remain 15,000,000 grown persons in this country who never go inside any church at all.

While the G. A. R. was in session at Boston one of its oldest members, William Field, of Massachusetts, died. He was, indeed, probably the oldest member, being 99 years of age at the time of his death. The war has been over twenty-five years, consequently this venerable man must have been past 60 when he joined the Union ranks.

Possibly the great railroad strike may hasten a consummation that numbers of persons are looking confidently ahead to—government control and ownership of the railroads.

The United States law against original packages went quietly into effect in Kansas, and it can no longer be known as the original package state.

OUR VERSUS KENNEDY.

Pennsylvania Republican Members Are Very Indignant.

AN ATTEMPT MADE TO GET EVEN.

The Chicken's Remarks Were a Violation of the House's Rules, but No One Called Him to Order—A Resolution Prepared by the Keystone Delegation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The speech of Mr. Kennedy (O.) delivered in the house Wednesday, in which he criticised the action of the senate in shelving the federal elections bill and attacked the personal record of Senator Quay, was the principal topic of conversation about the Capitol Thursday. Mr. Burrows (Mich.), who, as speaker pro tem., was in the chair when Mr. Kennedy delivered his remarks, says that Mr. Kennedy was not called to order by him for attacking the senate, a violation of the rules of the house, because custom has ordained that some member on the floor, and not the chairman, is the proper person to make the necessary point of order.

A Move to Get Even.

The Republican members of the Pennsylvania delegation are much incensed at Mr. Kennedy's remarks, and Mr. O'Neill has drawn up a resolution reciting that Mr. Kennedy has violated the rules and privileges of the house by using language incompliimentary to the senate and to Senator Quay, and providing that the speech shall be withheld from publication in The Record.

The resolution will be offered at the first opportunity by Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) if Mr. Kennedy will not consent to withhold his remarks. Mr. Kennedy says that he will publish his remarks in The Record when they are revised.

Mr. Quay's Alleged Intentions.

Senator Quay was in consultation with Mr. Dalzell and other Republican senators Thursday, and it is understood it was decided to be advisable to take no action in regard to Mr. Kennedy's speech.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—In the senate consideration of the tariff bill was continued under the five minute rule. The amendment of Mr. Davis to put binding twine on the free list was agreed to—34 to 28. The senate disposed of all the paragraphs in the dutiable list except sugar. Mr. Gibson withdrew the amendment offered by him on Tuesday last and offered another striking out that schedule and substituting for it the sugar provisions of the Mills bill.

The sugar schedule was laid aside informally and the cotton manufactures' schedule taken up. Amendments to reduce the rates in various paragraphs of the schedule were offered by Democratic senators and rejected by party vote. Mr. McPherson moved to strike out the paragraph relating to stockings, hose and half hose, and to substitute for it one making the rate of duty 40 per cent. ad valorem. Rejected—yeas, 20; nays, 27. Messrs. Paddock and Plumb voted with the Democrats in the affirmative.

Changes in the Bill.

Mr. Washburn demanded a yea and nay vote as an amendment to paragraph 340, reducing the rate on flax not hackled or dressed from 3 cents a pound to $20 a ton. The committee amendment was agreed to—yeas, 32; nays, 14. All the Democrats voted yea.

The negative votes were given by Senators Allen, Cameron, Casey, Dolph, Higgins, McMillan, Moody, Paddock, Pierce, Sherman, Stockbridge, Washburn and Wilson (Ia.).

The next amendment, reducing the duty on hackled flax from 4 cents a pound to 2½ a ton, was agreed to. The finance committee's amendment to reduce the duty on flax or hemp tow from $25 to $10 a ton was also adopted.

The committee amendment increasing the duty on yarn made of jute from 30 to 35 per cent. and striking out the words "sisal or manilla," was agreed to. Mr. Carlisle moved to reduce the rate to 25 per cent. Mr. Carlisle's amendment was agreed to.

Binding Twine on the Free List.

In the next paragraph, imposing a duty of 1½ cents a pound on cables, cordage and twine, the finance committee had proposed to insert the words "binding twine," and to strike out the words "binding twine, 1¼ cents per pound." Mr. Aldrich withdrew the amendment so as to leave the paragraph as it came from the house. Mr. Davis moved an amendment to strike the binding twine out of the paragraph in order to have it afterward placed on the free list. The vote was taken on Mr. Davis' amendment and it was agreed to—34 to 34. The Republicans voting were Messrs. Allison, Davis, McMillan, Mitchell, Moody, Paddock, Pierce, Plumb, Sayles, Washburn and Wilson (Ia.). Only one Democrat—Mr. Blodgett—voted nay. Mr. Aldrich moved to strike out of paragraph 347, relating to burlaps of flax, jute or hemp, the following sixty inches in width, 2 cents per pound." Agreed to.

Paragraph 350, relating to flax gill netting, nets, etc., was amended by making the duty 30 cents per pound and 40 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 25 cents and 35 per cent.

The Duty on Buttons.

In schedule N Mr. Aldrich moved to insert in place of the paragraph as to bone and horn buttons a paragraph in these words: "Buttons, vegetable ivory, bone and horn buttons, 50 per cent. ad valorem." Agreed to. Also to insert in place of the paragraph as to shoe buttons the following paragraph: "Shoe buttons made of paper, paper mache, pulp or other similar material not specially provided for, valued at not exceeding 6 cents per gross, 1 cent per gross." Agreed to.

Paragraph 430, relating to feathers and downs, was amended so as to have crude and not dressed feathers placed on the free list, and by reducing the duty on dressed feathers from 30 to 40 per cent. ad valorem. Also to have the duty on curled cloth not bleached, was amended by making the last line read 10 cents per square yard and 35 per cent. ad valorem.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—In the house Mr. Cummings, rising to a personal explanation in connection with Mr. Cannon's famous "blacklist," made a long speech in defense of himself, the speaker and the rules. The Clayton-Breckinridge election case was debated further without action. The house passed senate bill to authorize the survey of the several standard parallel between North and South Dakota.

The Panama Strike Is Over.

PANAMA, Sept. 5.—The Panama Railroad company having agreed to pay their laborers the former rate of wages the strikers have returned to work.

BOTH FLYERS FAILED.

Sunol and Palo Alto Could Not Beat Their Records.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Nearly 15,000 persons were present at Belmont park Thursday to witness the futile attempts of the stallion Palo Alto and the trotting mare Sunol to lower their records. The mare made the mile in 2:11¾, an unfortunate break marring her performance and Palo Alto trotted the distance in 2:12¾. The tenor Alfred G. in a match race with Maggie B, made a mile to wagon in 2:16¾, coming within half a second of Hopeful's wagon record of 2:16¼. The horse is in good condition.

When Sunol's trial race against time was called she made the quarter in 32½ seconds, and continued to improve her pace to the half mile post, when she left her feet. She settled down again when she reached the half mile post and trotted the last half mile without a skip. She was joined by a running horse in the last half mile which served to help her along. She made the half mile in 1:04¾, the three-quarters in 1:36½, and the mile in 2:11¾.

Then the stallion Palo Alto was brought out. After scoring three times the word was given to go. A running horse joined him at the start and ran with him to the finish. He made the mile in 2:12¾, within a quarter of a second of his record, without a skip. The quarter was made in 33¾; half, 1:05½; three-quarters, 1:38½; mile, 2:12¾.

Dr. Marvin, the driver of both Sunol and Palo Alto, said that the track was a trifle hard, and that what wind there was operated to his disadvantage. Mr. Marvin also said he had calculated to make the half mile with Sunol in 1:03, which he would have done but for the unfortunate break.

Palo Alto and Sunol will probably be taken to Cincinnati on Saturday next, where they will trot exhibition miles. In the match race, mile heats, best two in three, Alfred S, to wagon, won both heats against Maggie B to harness, in 2:21, 2:16½.

Sunol against time, purse of $5,000, to beat her own record of 2:10½, with an additional $2,500 if she beats 2:08¾, the record of Maud S. Time—Quarter, 32½; half, 1:04½; three-quarters, 1:38½; mile, 2:11¾.

Palo Alto against time, purse of $2,500, to beat his own record of 2:12¾, with an additional $2,500 if he beats the stallion record of 2:12 made by Axtell. Time—Quarter, 32½; half, 1:05½; three-quarters, 1:38½; mile, 2:12¾.

The Jumping Horse Failed.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 5.—At the meeting of the State Breeders' association Bumblebee won the race for foals of 1890; best time, 2:46½. Bartholdi Patchen won the stallion race; best time, 2:32¾. The matron stake, foals of 1889, was won by Sunbeam Patchen in 2:41¾. H. M. Little won the stallion race, foals of 1887; best time, 2:41. The jumping horse Ontario attempted to beat the record of 7 feet, but failed. His jump was 6 feet 8¾ inches. There were 20,000 persons at the fair.

DROPPED DEAD ON THE STREET.

The Sudden End of Ex-Governor Edward F. Noyes, of Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.—Ex-Governor Edward F. Noyes, of the superior court, dropped dead shortly after 11 o'clock on North Court street, near the large entrance to the jail yard, on the north side of the court house, having heard an injunction case. Coming down from the bench the judge entered into conversation with several friends, and *just as he reached the gateway he staggered* and fell, striking his head against the stonewall. After a few short gasps the general expired.

Edward Follensbee Noyes was born in Haverhill, Mass., Oct. 3, 1832. He served five years in a printing office, graduated at Dartmouth in 1857 and at the Cincinnati law school in 1858. In July, 1861, he was commissioned major of the Thirty-ninth Ohio volunteers. He was in many of the great battles of the war, lost a leg at Ralf Mills and was made brigadier general in 1865. In that year he was elected city solicitor and four years later judge of the probate court. He was chosen governor of Ohio in 1871, and in 1877 was appointed as United States minister to France. He was a member of the celebrated commission to determine the Hayes contest. In March, 1889, he was elected judge of the superior court, which office he held up to the time of his death.

A Jealous Husband's Crime.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Joseph F. Young, of this city, who fatally shot his wife and slightly wounded himself at Atlantic City, is employed by the firm of Hall & Kilbourn Manufacturing company. He is 32 years of age and has been a steady workman. Recently his wife and 6-year-old daughter went to Atlantic City at the invitation of Mrs. Young's mother, who is employed there as a nurse. Thursday a woman called on Young at his place of employment. Shortly afterward Young said he was going to Atlantic City, as something was the matter with his wife. It is known that Young was annoyed about his wife's acquaintance with the man W. Ogden, of Morton, Pa. It is supposed that the woman who called on him informed him that his wife and Ogden were together at the seashore. It is believed here that there was nothing criminal in the relations of Ogden and the woman. Young is sorry now that he fired the shot, and hopes that if his wife dies he will die too.

A Serious Explosion at Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—An explosion occurred Thursday afternoon at No. 4 colliery of the Kingston Coal company at Edwardsville, Pa., and two men were badly and one fatally injured. The following are the injured: John E. Jones, miner, frightfully burned and cannot live; John T. Armstrong, mine boss, and William D. Lewis, miner, seriously burned. The explosion was probably caused by a body of gas being set off with a naked light.

A Benwell Murder Witness Missing.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 5.—It is reported that Miss Smith, of Eastwood, the most important witness for the prosecution in the Benwell murder case, has mysteriously disappeared. Col. Benwell, father of F. C. Benwell, the murdered young man, was to have sailed Thursday from England to give evidence at the trial but a cablegram received last evening stated that the father is dying of a broken heart and will not be able to appear as a witness.

Seven Women Shot Dead.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 5.—While a colored excursion was on its way from Savannah to Albany a row ensued over a woman's choice of an escort. Fighting soon became general and pistols were freely drawn. Seven women were shot dead and several others severely wounded.

A Hotel Clerk Absconds.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 5.—J. C. Dickerson, clerk in the Shrewsbury hotel at Seabright, has absconded with a considerable sum of money belonging to his employer.

TWO HEROES WHO DIED.

A Deadly Cesspool Claims Three Victims.

ASPHYXIATED BY FOUL GASES.

One Man Went Down and Was Overcome and Two Others Who Endeavored to Save Him Met Death Beneath the Fetid Waters of the Well.

WEST BRIGHTON, S. I., Sept. 5.—Three men were suffocated to death yesterday by deadly gases in a cesspool in the rear of the dense of Mrs. Sheehan, at the corner of Broadway and Henderson street. One of the men, John Dillon, was the first to enter the cesspool and was overcome by the foul gas. Mrs. Sheehan's husband, Thomas, and *Jared Fleming* then went down into the pool to save Dillon, and they were also overcome by the deadly vapor. The bodies of the three men were taken from the pool half an hour later.

Only a Foot of Water.

The cesspool, which formed the death trap for the three unfortunate men, was nearly twenty feet deep. The waste pipes from the sinks in the house emptied into the cesspool, which contained yesterday only about a foot of water, the pipes leading to it having in some manner become clogged up. Mr. Sheehan had been attempting for several days to clean out the pipes without going down into the cesspool, but he could not accomplish his object in that way and got John Dillon, Mrs. Sheehan's brother, to help him.

To the Rescue and Death.

When the cap was lifted off the cesspool Sheehan said, "I guess it's all right, I don't smell any gas." Then Dillon secured what tools he needed and made the descend in safety. Suddenly Sheehan heard a muffled splash. He bent low over the edge and, peering down, saw the outlines of Dillon's form, who was fast being overcome by the poisonous vapors, struggling in the water. Sheehan called down but received no response. He became alarmed and hastily clambered down the ladder to rescue the man.

A World-Be Rescuer Faints.

Just then little Johnnie Sheehan, who is 13 years of age, came out of the house and approached the edge of the pool. He looked down, and to his horror saw his father and uncle lying in a heap in the pool. He realized that they were in danger, and began to cry out.

His mother was the first to arrive at the mouth of the pool. She tugged vainly at the ropes which were hanging down into the depths. James Campbell, living in the next house, hearing her cries, rushed out to the well. He rapidly removed his outer clothing, and fastening a rope under his armpits, descended the well, instructing the men, who by that time had arrived, to pull him up when he gave the signal. He was then lowered into the pool. He had not got more than half way down when the men above heard a muffled cry, and feeling the rope violently jerked, pulled Campbell to the top. He had fainted.

A Third Man to the Rescue.

"My God! can't something be done to save my husband?" cried Mrs. Sheehan, frantically. The woman became desperate, and but for the presence of the men she would have forced her way down into the pool to save her husband and brother. At this juncture James Fleming, another neighbor, arrived upon the scene. Fleming threw off his coat, and in a twinkling he slid down the rope to the ladder and descended to the bottom. A rush was made to the mouth of the pool to intercept him. Through the dim light the frantic efforts of the bystanders, Fleming bravely continued to descend.

He, Too, Went to Certain Death.

He held his breath as long as possible—long enough, in fact, to enable him to reach the spot where Thomas Sheehan lay across the prostrate body of John Dillon. The person who peered down into the black pool after Fleming saw him stoop over as if to pick up the body of Sheehan. The next moment they saw the man stand up straight as if to flee up the ladder, then suddenly wheel about, throw up his hands and fall backward into the shallow water. A short but violent struggle followed, the black waters were for the third time violently agitated, and for the third time within ten minutes a human life was sacrificed in the deadly cesspool.

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Mass Meeting.

The Crowd Full Back in Terror.

The crowd was appalled by the tragedy, and the man fell back from the edge of the pool in terror.

Fleming, the last man to lose his life in the pool, had only taken leave of his wife twenty minutes before on the street. Mrs. Fleming did not know of her husband's death until she arrived in West Brighton about 5 o'clock last evening. When a neighbor hurried up to her and told her that her husband was dead she fell in a faint in the street.

Two Children Made Fatherless.

The bodies were not taken from the pool until nearly half an hour after Dillon had gone down to his death. Grappling irons were obtained and the bodies of the unfortunate men came one by one to the surface. Sheehan and Fleming each leave five children fatherless.

A Frightful Freight Wreck.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Sept. 5.—A terrible freight wreck occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio eight miles west of here about 1 o'clock. An engine and caboose ran into the rear of the pick-up train, and the engine and sixteen cars were almost entirely destroyed. James Cowell, engineer of the freight, is missing, and is believed killed. The body of an unknown man has been found in the wreck. The cars caught fire from the engine and were destroyed.

A Big Coke Strike Anticipated.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., Sept. 5.—Preparations are being made in anticipation of a long strike at the Standard Coke works of H. C. Frick & Co. There are no indications of a speedy settlement, and it is the intention of owners and miners of the entire region has been called for next Tuesday. At this convention it is likely that a general strike will be declared until the difficulties at the Standard works are settled. The strike will affect 9,000 men.

A New Haven Player Released.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 5.—Schoenick, first baseman of the New Haven club, has been released to reduce expenses. Several others will be released unless they are out, as the attendance has greatly decreased since the partial dissolution of the Atlantic league.

To Investigate at Albany.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—The members of the state board of mediation and arbitration have gone to Albany, where they will continue investigation into the New York Central strike today.

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MISS L. F. BABCOCK

Taught by pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches the Italian method of singing, as taught by Signor Lamperti, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Add ess 73 East Fifth street. 9 12 2w*

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Will reopen on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will reopen on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address MISS E. P. KEYON, Principal. 7-18 3m

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Will reopen her school for young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8-18-3m*

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NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Estimates promptly furnished.

CALL AND SEE US

Russet Apples

Wagoned to winter, and

Russett Sensible Shoes

are the most sensible shoe for winter wear. Are the most comfortable shoe for autumn as any shoe. I have just received a fine line of

Ladies' Oxford Ties

and Russet Shoes, which I offer at the lowest prices consistent with reliable goods. Call and examine my stock at

John J. Kenney's,

21 EAST FRONT ST., and PARK AVE.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 20 Third street, corner Plainfield avenue. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

A BIG NEW YORK CRASH.

Sawyer, Wallace & Co. Fail For $2,000,000.

RUINED BY THEIR LONDON AGENT.

The Firm Was One of the Largest Commission Houses in America—The Fork Speculations of Young Sawyer in London Caused the Firm's Downfall.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., of New York, Louisville and London, the largest general commission merchants and brokers in their line in this country and perhaps in the world, have suspended payment. It is an absolute and irretrievable collapse, and the large capital of the concern is completely wiped out. It is impossible as yet to ascertain the extent of the firm's liabilities, but they are roughly estimated by members of the firm to be upward of $2,000,000.

Cause of the Failure.

The failure was caused by prolonged and reckless speculations and, it is believed, the dishonesty of L. W. Sawyer, who had charge of the London office of the concern and succeeded practically all of the European business, which was very extensive, as Sawyer, Wallace & Co. had 180 agents, embracing every city in Europe. Yesterday afternoon, just fifteen minutes after the closing of the financial and speculative exchanges, a sensational and alarming rumor spread like a prairie fire through the Wall street section. It was that the Berlin agent of Sawyer, Wallace & Co. was a defaulter to the extent of half a million dollars and had committed suicide upon the discovery of his heavy shortage, which had caused the house to announce its suspension.

It Seemed Improbable.

Sawyer, Wallace & Co. was such a big concern that the appalling possibility of its failure was received with uneasy incredulity. Curiously enough, the only portion of the alarming story which was at first generally believed was that relating to the Berlin agent's shortage. That such a house should go under seemed impossible. And yet the improbable half of the rumor proved to be the truth and the agent's reputed heavy defalcation was untrue.

The Firm's Notice.

The following announcement was sent to the various exchanges:

It is with inexpressible sorrow that we are forced to close our thirty-seven years' business career by a general assignment for the benefit of our creditors. Our partners have been completely exhausted by losses in our foreign option business extent and previously chiefly conducted through London. Owing to the number and variety of these foreign accounts we cannot state the amount of our liabilities or assets, but when we can hold a meeting of our creditors will be called, if they so desire.

Meantime we have turned over to our assignees, Mr. Marshall Ayres, of the city of New York, all our assets, both partnership and individual, without preference of creditors.

SAWYER, WALLACE & CO.

How the Firm Was Received.

Theodore Itzig, the Berlin agent whose suicide was announced, had been speculating on the wrong side of the market and had failed. His shortage was very small. Lucius Wilard Sawyer, the son of Samuel A. Sawyer, the senior member of the firm, has been manager of the London branch for five years. Mr. Sawyer is a married man, about 40 years old. He indulged in unauthorized speculation in pork and completely ruined the firm before his operations were discovered. The present firm is composed of Samuel A. Sawyer, Dexter D. Wallace and Thomas Miller. It has been in the commission business in this city for thirty-seven years, but it was not until Sept. 1, 1874, that Mr. Miller was taken into the firm. He had been the cashier of the old firm, and has since then has had charge of the finances.

Some time ago Mr. Miller made the statement that the firm of Sawyer, Wallace & Co. had assets amounting to $1,500,000, with liabilities merely nominal, and did a commission business only. So firmly were its credit and character established that large amounts of its paper were sold at the lowest rates. Sawyer, Wallace & Co. exported three-fourths of all the wheat that was sent from here to Germany, and they were also big dealers in cotton, lard, and pork. Coffee and petroleum were also handled by them. B. P. Hutchidson ("Old Hutch") was their Chicago agent.

Report on the Quincy Horror.

QUINCY, Mass., Sept. 5.—Judge Humphrey, of the district court of East Norfolk, has made his report on the inquest held on the recent Old Colony railroad disaster at Quincy. He finds that the track jack was the cause of the accident, and that Joseph F. Welsh, the section master, was guilty of criminal negligence in allowing the jack to be placed on the track at that time and under the existing circumstances, and guilty of gross negligence for not ordering its removal before the time on which this train was due to arrive at that point; that the train was three minutes late at Brockton and one minute late at Quincy.

The Gas Tank Exploded.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—One of the gas tanks at the pumping station of the Reading railroad at Ninth and Melon streets exploded last evening while being refilled by Charles Abling was knocked down and received a scalp wound. A wrench which he had been using was hurled a distance of two squares and crashed through the back window of a grocery store. The concussion broke many windows in the neighborhood. The explosion is believed to have been due to high pressure.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: Alexander C. Hensley, of Kentucky, to be chaplain in the navy; First Lieut. W. H. Miller to be captain and assistant quartermaster. Postmasters—Massachusetts—Randolph Knapp, North Attleborough. New York—Christian Schwinger, Tonawanda. Pennsylvania—Mrs. S. P. Rumsey, Wayne. Ohio—John Foreman, Fostoria.

To Lease No More Convicts.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 5.—The constitutional convention disposed of the penitentiary question by adopting a report which provides that no convict shall be leased or hired to any corporation, public or private, after Dec. 1, 1894, and that the legislature shall abandon the leasing system as soon as possible.

A New Station for Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 5.—At a special meeting of the directors of the New York and Long Branch railroad it was decided to erect a station here to cost $60,000.

REPUBLICANS AT SARATOGA.

The Officers Elected and the Business Transacted.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The State League of Republican Clubs chose the following officers: President, E. A. McAllister; vice presidents, Charles S. Smith; secretary, J. S. Hayes; treasurer, George Kennett. The new executive committee of the state league is as follows:

Albany, Jas. Burns; Broome, P. B. Vandemoss; Clinton, C. H. Moon; Columbia, F. L. Pritcher; Dutchess, J. L. De Puyster; Erie, J. Scatchard and O. P. Letchworth; Kings, J. W. Birkett, W. J. Pendrie, S. G. Calhoun and Benjamin Raphael; Montgomery, D. E. Dunn; New York, Walter Lyon, J. S. Smith, H. M. Winkoop, Rufus L. Van Allen, N. A. Knox, Theodore Brodhead, James R. O'Beirne and James P. Foster; Queens, Ed. Dowling; Rensselaer, J. L. Thompson; Richmond, W. A. Galwey; Saratoga, W. A. Pierson; Schenectady, Henry Bratt; Warren, A. B. Colvin, and Westchester, E. McCoskry.

The platform adopted by the state league indorses Harrison, Speaker Reed, the McKinley bill and the Lodge bill, and denounces "democratic obstruction." The address to the state leagues from the executive committee of the national league denounced free trade, enlarged protection, and earnestly urged the state leagues to hold up the hands of their senators and representatives in the great contest for a federal election law which shall secure to the southern members of our party their political and constitutional right as electors and to do away with the great wrongs which for twenty-five years have been constantly perpetuated in the southern half of the republic."

The denunciation of Fish and Gibbs was indorsed after a hot debate.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The committee of treasury agents, consisting of George W. Whitehead, W. S. Chance and T. H. Simonton, who were appointed to investigate certain charges preferred against United States Shipping Commissioner Reed, of New York, alleging incompetency and unfitness for office, have made their report to the secretary, exonerating the commissioner from all blame.

The senate committee on Indian affairs have made a favorable report on the senate bill (with amendments) to authorize the Seneca nation of New York Indians to lease lands within the Cattaraugus and Alleghany reservations, and to confirm existing leases.

Rev. Royal H. Pullman, a brother of George Pullman of palace car fame, has been nominated for congress by the Republicans in the Fourth district of Baltimore.

M. Alexandre Chatrian, well known French novelist, who wrote in collaboration with Emile Erckmann over the nom de plume of Erckmann-Chatrian, is dead.

Congressman Bergen, of Camden, N. J., has been renominated by the Republicans.

The Latest from Vermont.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 5.—Revised and correct compilations from 232 towns, embracing the complete gubernatorial vote of seven of the fourteen counties in the state, give Page (Rep.), 32,631; Brigham, 18,745; all others, 1,214; majority for Page, 12,672. The same towns in 1888 gave Dillingham 29,003, Shurtleff, 19,236; all others, 1,332; majority for Dillingham, 26,455. Decrease in Republican vote, 14,402, and in Republican majority, 13,783; decrease in Democratic vote, 481. Forty-seven towns are wanted to complete the total vote. One hundred and ten towns in the Second Congressional district give Grout 15,312; Shurtleff, 7,140; majority for Grout, 8,883. Ninety-two towns in the First Congressional district give Powers 11,484; Mahoney, 7,759; majority for Powers, 3,965. The number of Democratic representatives elected as per returns is about 60, or a gain of 42 over 1888.

To Desert the United States C. M. B. A.

MONTREAL, Sept. 5.—At a meeting of the Catholic Mutual Benevolent association, the motion to separate from the United States body was carried by an almost unanimous vote. It will now go before the supreme council for confirmation and when passed a Canadian supreme council will be established.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THE SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses Reefers in navy drab and striped, med. and wt. cloth.

A full line of medium weight underwear for ladies', gentlemen and children.

Children's and misses' flannel dresses in plain and two piece suits with blouse and pointed skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley& Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BECKAW, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Boston.

Boston	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 9; Philadelphia, 3. Errors: Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 10. Batteries: Daily and Murphy, Sanders and Grim.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	4
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 7; New York, 3. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; New York, 4. Batteries: Weyhing and Kinslow, Ewing and Ewing.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Buffalo, 6; Cleveland, 3. Errors: Buffalo, 3; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Cunningham and Beck, Hoffill and Brennan.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	5
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 11; Chicago, 5. Errors: Pittsburg, 8; Chicago, 1. Batteries: Staley and Quinn, King and Farrell.

National League.

At Philadelphia—

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1

Base hits: Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 13. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 3. Batteries: Nichols and Gastad, Gleason and Gray.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Pittsburg, 8; Cleveland, 4. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Anderson and Decker, Beatin and Downs.

At Brooklyn—

Brooklyn	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	7
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Brooklyn, 12; New York, 7. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; New York, 6. Batteries: Terry and Daly, Rusie and Buckley.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	7
Cincinnati	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 5. Errors: Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries: Stein, Hutchinson and Kittridge; Duryea and Keenan.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
Brooklyn	1,874	8,858
Buffalo	289	—
Philadelphia	—	2,213
Boston	6,179	—
Pittsburg	850	100
Chicago	—	3,000
Totals	5,534	7,819

American Association.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
Louisville	3	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	8

Base hits: Athletic, 7; Louisville, 10. Errors: Athletic, 4; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Green and Riddle, Daily and Ryan.

At Syracuse—

Syracuse	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	4
St. Louis	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	6

Base hits: Syracuse, 15; St. Louis, 14. Errors: Syracuse, 7; St. Louis, 4. Batteries: Keefe and Pox, Stivetts and Mangon.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Rochester, 1; Columbus, 5. Errors: Rochester, 4; Columbus, 3. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor, Callahan and McKeough.

At Baltimore—

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Toledo	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	8

Base hits: Baltimore, 5; Toledo, 14. Errors: Baltimore, 5; Toledo, 2. Batteries: Sprague and Sage, Germain and Tate.

Atlantic Association.

At New Haven—New Haven, 0; Newark, 1. Base hits: New Haven, 9; Newark, 4. Errors: New Haven, 6; Newark, 0. Batteries: Doran and Cahill, Fitzgerald and Murphy.

At Lebanon—Lebanon, 5; Harrisburg, 1. Base hits: Lebanon, 9; Harrisburg, 8. Errors: Lebanon, 9; Harrisburg, 1. Batteries: Smith and McCaffery, Gamble and Sommers.

The Democrats Would Not Agree.

CENTERVILLE, Md., Sept. 5.—The Democrats of the First district could not agree on a candidate for congress and after the 177th ballot had been cast, voted to adjourn for one week, and to meet again at Queen City. The last ballot stood: Weedon, 12; Gibson, 11; Pearce, 7. The Republican convention of the First district nominated George M. Russum for congress.

Weather Indications.

From partly cloudy to fair, generally, with slight thermal changes.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought—Sold—Repaired Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, 5c

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them They are good.

WHAT A Crop of Corn I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn or wart just go to Rosens Depot, and buy a pair of these give-it-ting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $1. We are always stocked with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET

Don A. Gaylord Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Reliable Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second street.

SPEAKER REED AT HOME.

He Says the Old Rule of the Minority is at an End.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 5.—Three thousand people welcomed Speaker Reed home last night at the city hall. Representative Fogg, who presided, presented the speaker, who was received with a prolonged burst of applause. In the course of a long speech Mr. Reed said that since 1876 a Republican house had been rare, because of frauds in the south. For years rule has been piled upon rule, and decision upon decision, to render legislation dependent upon the sufferance of the minority. Filibustering lurked in every line. The power of obstruction was without limit. But referring to the new regime he said:

"Henceforth great measures cannot be lost, and nobody know what has become of them. Party responsibility has begun, and with it also the responsibility of the people, for they can no longer elect a Democratic house and hope that the minority will neutralize their action, or a Republican house without being sure that it will keep its pledges. If we have broken the precedents of a hundred years, we have set the precedence of another hundred years, nobler than the last, wherein responsibility will rest on power, and wherein the people, with full knowledge that their servants can act, will choose those who will worthily carry out their will."

Their Liabilities $5,000,000.

BOSTON, Sept. 5.—It is now currently reported that the total liabilities of the Potter-Lovell combination will aggregate $5,000,000. At the state house it is said that the matter of the company not having complied with the law in making a statement of its condition when due had been placed in the hands of the attorney general before the failure. It is said that J. V. Farwell, of Chicago, and J. D. Cheever, of New York, though notified of their election as directors, have never accepted or taken any action in the business of the company, and there are some doubts as to their being in any way responsible or the legal officers of the company.

A Non-Union Brakeman Attacked.

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—Frank Snyder, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., a non-unionist brakeman, was attacked on the night of Aug. 29 in Albany by a gang of unknown men and beaten so badly that he will die. Snyder had left his train and was going to his hotel. When he reached a dark place he was set upon by a number of men and beaten on the head with clubs. His skull is smashed in the forehead and he is otherwise badly bruised about the head and body. He lies in an unconscious condition at the city hospital.

They Won't Leave the Knights.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 5.—The National Potters' convention decided not to leave the Knights of Labor by a large majority, the order in the west among the potters by placing a permanent organization in the western states. The convention passed resolutions of sympathy with the New York Central strikers and voted them financial aid.

Brickmakers Refuse to Arbitrate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—A sub-committee of the Brickmakers' association have notified the state board of arbitration that they have nothing to arbitrate, and that they propose to run the yards and employ whom they please. The board said they would get the statements of the walking delegates and transmit it to the association.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN, NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 21 1-2 West Front street, ETC.,

JOHN ABBOTT, Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully given. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

LABOR to wagons, carts, perambulators, pleasure harness. Call and see me before repairing on the Parvin iron wagon. John F. White, Race street N. of th Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase, Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth, Life Insurance, procured in any reputable company North avenue Plainfield Office

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth. Guaranteed to Remove Corns, Bunions and Warts. Ask your druggist for them. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price 15 cents. Prepared by the proprietors, E. T. Hoxsie & Co., Newark, N. J.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Allen's stages are in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business will justify.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset to Watchung avenue. Beyond the borough limits by order.

Connect with the 8:0, 9, 7.20 and 8.27 a. m. trains for New York. Leave the 8.27 and 12 p. m., and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Westfield—intermediate. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30 a. m., 12.45 p. m., 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.30 a. m., 2.45, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.56, 6.59, 7.46, 7.50, 8.00, 8.10, 8.25, 8.37, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 m., 12.40, 1.07, 2.40, 3.31, 4.00, 4.30, 4.40, 5.05, 5.31, 6.00, 6.34, 7.01, 7.30, 8.05, 8.30, 10.00 p. m. Leave New York from Liberty street at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30 p. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday night at 12.00, 1.15 a. m. Sundays at 9.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 7.45, 8.45, 10.05, 11.20, 12.45, 2.15, 3.45, 5.10, 6.40, 8.10, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sundays at 9.00, 10.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 6.00, 7.30, 9.00, 10.30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.45, 7.45, 9.05, 10.20, 11.50 a. m., 1.15, 2.45, 4.10, 5.40, 7.10, 8.30, 10.00 p. m. Sundays at 8.00, 9.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 12.30, 2.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9.00, 11.40 a. m., 3.55, 6.40 p. m. Sunday 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 8.45 a. m. For High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, 9.00 a. m. For Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Manch Chunk, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 11.20 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 12.45 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 2.15 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 3.45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 5.10 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 6.40 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 8.10 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 9.30 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Williamsport, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Pottsville, Reading and Lebanon, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark Connections at Elizabeth.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.35, 8.00, 8.37, 10.05, 11.00, 12.05, 1.05, 1.20, 1.37, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 1.20, 1.37, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Leave Perth Amboy 7.35, 8.00, 10.05, 11.00, 12.05, 1.05, 1.20, 1.37, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 8.50, 10.05, 7.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 1.37 a. m., 1.05 p. m. For Freehold 1.37, 8.00, 11.05, 4.05, 7.05, 11.05 p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 4.45, 8.00, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 4.05, 7.05, 11.05 p. m. Sundays 1.37, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 7.30, 11.05 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 7.30, 11.05 p. m. Sundays 1.37, 9.45, 11.05 a. m., 7.30, 11.05 p. m.

E. F. BOLMER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7.00 a. m. to meet 7.36 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 9, 9th st., to Second place; to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.52 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	do
4th do	10.30	do	10.57 do
5th do	11.30	do	11.54 do
6th do	12.45	do	12.58 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.55 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	4.30	do	4.50 do do
11th do	5.45	do	6.07 do
12th do	6.45	do	7.00 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over the route from Plainfield to Hillside. Following 6.07, 6.30, 9.07, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 2.30, 4.30, 5.30 p. m.

Honest and Carriages kept expressly for pleasure and stylish purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Remember Higgins' Corner, in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

R. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Station on Sycamore street, 1st corner 5th and 6th. Telephone Call .

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. H. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts, *Pure Fruit Flavors.*

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular.

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Superacious. Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 DUNHAM

Geo. H. Fairchild.

(Successor to R. R. Fairchild)

Furniture and Bedding,

21 EAST FRONT STREET

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM

FURNITURE

Spring Beds, Tables and chairs, Baby Carriages the largest assortment in town.

PLAINFIELD

PEERLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Sea Lawn, Garden and Fruit Fertilizers. by Prices 60, Telephone call 29.

Builders Cards.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 962.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE. 20c per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style) ..15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

PIERSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 651.

W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street, H. E. Gayle, No. 64 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Door Street, N. Plainfield.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Nyack P. O. Box 1295. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind w r o k

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET

and 33 Park avenue

P. O. Box 220.

FURNITURE AND FUR

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covers braces. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

25 PARK AVENUE.

NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

BUT THE

BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane.

HATTER AND FURNISHER.

12 Park avenue, C

ANCIENT TEMPERANCE.

DRUNKENNESS REGARDED BY OLD NATIONS AS A DISGRACE.

With Few Exceptions Grave Punishments Were Prescribed for It and Various Devices Were Employed to Prevent Its Prevalence.

Amid the great variety of treatment to which drunkenness was subjected by the ancients all law givers seem to agree in treating it as a state of disgrace; and since it is brought on deliberately it is still more odious and without excuse. Whatever individuals may think and say no nation treats it as meritorious. Yet Darius is said to have ordered it to be stated in his epitaph that he could drink a good deal of wine and bear it well—a virtue which Demosthenes observed was only the virtue of a sponge. At the Greek festival of Dionysia it was a crime not to be drunk—this being a symptom of ingratitude to the god of wine—and prizes were awarded to those who became drunk most quickly. And the Roman bacchantes, decked with garlands of ivy and amid deafening drums and cymbals, were equally applauded; but at length even the bacchanalia were suppressed by a decree of the senate about 186 B. C.

Notwithstanding these exceptions the offense of drunkenness was a source of great perplexity to the ancients, who tried nearly every possible way of dealing with it. If none succeeded probably it was because they did not begin early enough by intercepting some of the ways and means by which the individual was incited and propagated.

Severe treatment was often tried to little effect. The Mosaic law seems to have imposed stoning to death, at least if the drunkenness was coupled with any disobedience of parents. The Locrians, under Zaleucus, made it a capital offense to drink wine if it was not mixed with water; even an invalid was not exempted from punishment unless acting under a physician's order. *Pittacus, of Mitylene,* made a law that he who when drunk committed an offense should suffer double the punishment which he would do if sober, and Plato, Aristotle and Plutarch applauded this as the height of wisdom. The Roman censors could expel a senator for *being drunk and take away his horse.* Mahomet ordered drunkards to be bastinadoed with eighty blows.

Other nations thought of limiting the quantity to be drunk at one time or at one sitting. The Egyptians put some limit, though what it was is not stated. The Spartans had some limit. The Arabians *fixed the quantity at* twelve glasses a man, but the size of the glass was not, unfortunately, defined by the historians. The Anglo-Saxons went no further than to order silver nails to be fixed on the side of drinking cups, so that each might know the quantity. And it is said that this was done by King Edgar after noticing the drunken habits of the Danes. Lycurgus of Thrace went to the root of the matter by ordering the vines to be cut down, and his conduct was imitated in 704 by Terbulus of Bulgaria. The Sneyi prohibited the importation of wine, and the Spartans tried to turn the vice into contempt by systematically making their slaves drunk once a year to show their children how foolish and contemptible men looked in that state.

Drunkenness was deemed much more vicious in some classes of people than in others. The ancient Indians held it lawful to kill a king when he was drunk. The Athenians made it a capital offense for a magistrate to be drunk, and Charilaus *caused* a law to be enacted that judges on the bench and pleaders should do their business fasting. The Carthaginians prohibited magistrates, governors, soldiers and servants from any drinking.—Green Bag.

Executions in Germany.

Germany is the only civilized country in the world wherein murderers are still beheaded with an axe or sword. Neither old Emperor William nor his predecessor, King Frederick William IV, could ever be induced to sign death warrants, and hence capital punishment had become almost obsolete. The present kaiser, however, shares none of the views entertained by his predecessors in this respect. Executions have become frequent, and hardly a week passes by without the headsman, Reindl, being called upon to exercise his profession.

Just before Christmas he was summoned to Erfurt to decapitate the two murderers of a firemaster. Only the prison chaplain, the governor of the prison and the mayor of the city, with the assessors, were present at the execution. The delinquents, having been blindfolded, knelt down in turn before the block, and Herr Reindl severed each man's head from the body with a single blow of his broad bladed axe.—New York Tribune.

Blue Law Against Babbling Wives.

The following law was passed in Virginia in 1662:

"Whereas, many babbling women slander and scandalize their neighbors, for which their poor husbands are often involved in chargeable and vexatious suits and cast in great damages. Be it enacted that in actions of slander occasioned by the wife, after judgment passed for the damages, the woman shall be punished by ducking, and if the slander be so enormous as to be adjudged at greater damages than 500 pounds of tobacco, then the woman to suffer a ducking for each 500 pounds of tobacco adjudged against her husband if he refuse to pay the tobacco."—Solicitors' Journal.

Prayer of a Tired Lawyer.

Many waters when shade on a hot summer day
In the shadow she casts when she's coming by way.
You can see she's a goddess: Just look at her bust
I own I adore her; there's bosom in her talk!
Indeed no fairy virgins whose talking is taste,
Are more wise or more witty than Roman bosoms
merely taste!
Whose bosoms are her mouth, and their judgment
a sieve—
Irresistible discourse is all they can give.
What paradise more homely when intellect fails?
Oh, give me the woman whose mind will hold
ale!
—Law.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

INSTRUCTIVE ITEMS SURE TO INTEREST HORTICULTURISTS.

The Operation of Bagging Grapes, Which Secures Partial Exemption from Rot and Protection More or Less Complete from Sun Scald, Birds and Insects.

The advantages of bagging grapes are now well established, though it is admitted to be an expensive process when

BAGGING GRAPES.

done upon a large scale and retards ripening somewhat. The time of bagging varies with different persons, some applying the bags as soon as the blossoms fall, or even before, others even advocating as late as when grapes begin to color, so as not to retard ripening. Rural New Yorker, which originally illustrated the method of bagging here described, thinks that the latter time would, however, be too late to prevent rot. The best time is usually as soon as the grapes are the size of small peas. Good manila bags, No. 1 size for Delawares and Nos. 2 and 3 for varieties with large clusters, are best. Sometimes more than one cluster may be put in a single bag, when a still larger one is necessary.

The illustration shows, with a little explanation, the manner of applying bags. Fig. 1 shows the manner of slitting the bag so that it may be drawn closely around the cane. First one side of the bag and then the other is neatly folded over, and Fig. 2 shows the operation completed. A hole should be made in the lowest part of the bag to allow any water which may possibly enter to escape. In gathering, the grapes are picked and stored with the bags on, care being taken *in handling, and in a cool* place they may be kept for a long time in perfect condition.

Things Told by American Nurserymen.

At the last annual meeting of the American Nurserymen's association Professor Bailey claimed that trees root grafted upon piece roots are not so desirable as those grafted upon whole roots. This claim provoked much discussion, as many nurserymen present practiced piece grafting.

J. H. Hale, authority on peach culture in Connecticut, made the following remark: "On abrupt slopes frosts run off *like so much water, and do not harm* the blossoms or buds as they do on level ground. Trees along the fences on high ground will live and bear fruit, though peach growing be a failure in other situations in the same locality." Mr. Hale thins the fruit by pruning the trees after blooming, and after that picks off from one-half to four-fifths of the fruit. When trees look sickly Mr. Hale scatters six or eight pounds of nitrate of soda around each tree. The next spring he prunes closely, puts on more bone, potash and soda, and generally gets a good crop of fruit. He uses a borer wash, consisting of carbolic acid, potash, lime, etc., applied around the collar of the tree in May. In September the trees are examined. He has noticed that any considerable applications of nitrogen or stable manure caused shortlived and unhealthy trees.

Mr. Van Deman named the Hawkeye plum, from Iowa, as among the best of the new varieties. The Idaho pear, he thought, had not been over rated as to quality, but there was no certainty in believing it superior in hardiness to many others. The Crandall currant is a variety of the Missouri currant, and the largest of the wild varieties. It originated in Kansas, and has the merit of being proof against the attacks of the currant worm.

How to Secure Healthy Cherry Trees.

Root grafting was recommended as the surest and quickest means of securing healthy cherry trees in a recent bulletin from the Iowa Agricultural college. The scions are cut in the fall before cold weather, and are packed away in boxes of forest leaves in the cellar until required. They are then grafted on Mazzard seedling at the crown by the method known as "side grafting." The grafts when placed in nursery rows are set in the ground to the top bud of the scion, thus placing the tender root considerably below the surface and favoring the emission of roots at the junction of the scion.

A New Weigela.

Under the name of diervilla middendorfiana The Gardeners' Chronicle describes a new species of weigela, with "sulphur yellow blossoms gloxinia like in form." It further adds that in beauty it is not excelled by any of the genus.

Horticultural Notes.

The Society of American Florists holds its sixth annual meeting in Horticultural hall, Boston, Mass., Aug. 19–22.

Look out for the "rust" on blackberry and raspberry foliage, and when seen dig out and burn the affected plants at once, root and branch.

Fill vacancies among the blackberries and raspberries with young sucker plants taken up when the ground is wet, with the soil adhering to their roots.

An excellent plan for preventing plants in pots suffering from drought is to plunge them.

Pansies may now be sown for early spring forcing.

For winter flowering sow mignonette in small pots and thin out the seedlings later on.

KEEPING VEGETABLES FRESH.

Juliet Corson Gives Some Valuable Information to Housewives.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

What is the best way to keep vegetables fresh?

If the greengrocer who is in the habit of displaying his entire stock on trestle-work outside his store door, trusting to good trade to sell the most of it before it becomes unsalable from the effect of sun and dust, would follow the plan proposed by the writer some years ago, and by slow degrees gaining favor because it reduces the percentage of loss from waste, he would gratify his customers immensely in addition. The simplest trial to make is to place the bulk of his morning's purchase of perishable goods in the coolest and darkest part of his place. A dark cellar is the best of all rooms for this use, unless he has an ice box large enough to receive the vegetables, if not the cases. A cold room of course would be incomparable. Only the largest dealers have such rooms. Put the vegetables in their original cases in a cool, dark place, sprinkle them with water, and only bring them into the light in quantities as required for sale. If at night any remain unsold look them over, throw away the injured portions, again sprinkle them with cold water and leave them in the dark. By this attention given to them night and morning they will keep good several days.

If possible put that small quantity of each which serves as a sample in a glass case, after first trimming off all defective parts and washing the vegetables in cool water. Then, instead of piling them in the case, they will look fresh and inviting.

If housewives all over the country would follow the example of many of my pupils, and make it a condition of trade that their grocers shall keep their vegetables somewhat in this way, they will soon prove the advantage of it to the tradesmen's satisfaction. The points to be noted are freedom from air, dust, heat, decayed parts and keeping the fruit and vegetables in a cool dark place. One portion of the ice box racked off, or the vegetables wrapped in a large cloth, will keep them from contact with other foods, except always that nothing should ever be put into the same ice box with either milk, cream or butter. An entirely separate box must be kept for these articles if they are to be in the best condition.

To return to the idea which I have long advocated of one person buying for several neighboring families.

If every housekeeper would inform herself toward night as to supplies on hand, the requirements in quantity of the dry groceries and for the temporary supply of such perishable foods as milk, cream, butter, fresh meat, poultry, fish, vegetables and fruit, the buyer could make the round of her customers during the evening, make up her market list, *retire before 11 o'clock,* so as to rise and be at the market before 6 a. m. At any hour between 4 and 6 a. m. the vegetables and fruit are plentiful; the meats, poultry and fish can be bought later, and the dry groceries, such as sugar, tea and coffee, at any convenient hour. The goods should be delivered in bulk at the buyers' house and distributed from that point according to her orders. Just such purchases are being made in several places as the result of the first inception of the work some three or four years ago. Success depends upon the way the thing is undertaken.

So, equally, does the success of the plan for inducing dealers to take the best care of food supplies while they are passing through their hands. That the health of the family greatly depends upon this goes without saying in these days when housewives give so much thought to the government of their little kingdoms. JULIET CORSON.

The Latest Paris Fashions.

Let me describe two toilets recently seen at a garden party in Paris.

The first was of lilac veiling, with a lace flounce to the skirt, and the corsage was half lace and half veiling, and so also the sleeves. A dainty little toque of veiling had a tiny bunch of golden cowslips in front.

Another pretty gown worn there was of corn colored crepe de Chine front, with the new white "feather lace" down each side. The whole back and sides, cut princesse style, were of plaid silk, in gray, with bars of corn color, green and black in large broken lines. The plaid was made on the straight. The crepe front was accordeon plaited, and a glance at the illustration with this will show the peculiar but effective arrangement of the lace garnitures. With this was worn a white chip hat with purple pansies, and a white lace parasol with yellow and purple bow. In the back the princesse was laid in deep box plaits over a very slight cushion.

What is the reason the girls that wear low cut gowns are always the girls with long, thin necks?

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FOR THE ENTERTAINMENT AND INSTRUCTION OF GIRLS AND BOYS.

How to Make Gas Jet Propellers, According to Directions Given in Golden Days—A Pretty Toy That Will Be Found to Be Instructive.

To make a toy propeller—or rather a pair of propellers—take an ordinary cork, such as is used for ginger ale bottles, and cut it

GAS JET PROPELLERS.

through the middle. After this bore a hole through each piece with a red-hot knitting needle.

Make four cuts or notches in a slanting direction (A) in the sides of each piece and insert cardboard blades about three inches long by one inch wide (B). Now take a smooth piece of string (C) and, after making a knot at the end, slip on a glass bead (D), and following this a piece of cardboard the size of a silver half dime. These form a bearing for the propeller, which should now be threaded on to the string.

About six inches above the first propeller make another knot and repeat the above directions, taking care, however, that the second propeller has the blades in a contrary direction to the first. If the first blow carried up to the ceiling, directly over the gas jet, with the lower *propeller about twelve inches or fifteen inches* from the flame, they will be seen to revolve rapidly in opposite directions, and the effect is very curious. A bullet or other small weight attached to the end of the string to keep it straight would be an advantage.

The Garrison of One.

A French grenadier, in a war with the Austrians, was put in charge of a small fort commanding a narrow gorge, up which only two of the enemy could climb at a time. When the defenders of the fort heard that the enemy were near, being few in number they deserted and left the brave grenadier alone. But he felt that he could not give up the place without a struggle, so he barred the doors, raised the drawbridge and loaded all the muskets left behind by his comrades.

Early in the morning, with great labor, the enemy brought up a gun from the valley and laid it on the fort. But the grenadier made such good use of his loaded muskets that the men in charge of the gun could not hold their position, and were compelled to retire, and he kept them thus at bay all day long.

At evening the herald came again to demand the surrender of the fort or the garrison should be starved out. The grenadier asked for a night for consideration, and in the morning expressed the willingness of his garrison to surrender, if they might "go out with all the honors of war." This, after some demur, was agreed to, and presently the Austrian army below saw a single soldier descending the height with a whole sheaf of muskets on his shoulder, with which he marched through their lines and then threw them down.

"Where is the garrison?" asked the Austrian commander, astonished.

"I am the garrison," replied the brave man; and they were so delighted with his plucky resistance that the troops saluted him and called him the "First Grenadier of France."

The Audacious Kitten.

"Hurray!" cried the kitten, "hurray!"
As he merrily set the sails;
"I sail o'er the ocean today
To look at the Prince of Wales."

"O kitten! O kitten!" I cried,
"Why tempt the angry gales?"
"I'm going," the kitten replied,
"To look at the Prince of Wales!"

—St. Nicholas.

A City Boy's Composition.

It was a 13-year-old London lad who wrote the following composition on "Flowers:"

"Now, in the country the flowers grow wild in the fields, but not so soon so gether, and not in skwares and rounds. And nobody believes it till they go in the fields; but certainly boys and girls can run amongst them, and fill up as many as they like, and fill their arms and baskets, and bring them home to there fathers and mothers. And the teacher said if we could only go the next day there would be just as many flowers again. Some boys would not believe what the teacher said, but I believe that it is true, for I believe that God can easy do miracles, because I believe that the flowers are not stuck in by men or politicians, for they are not that about taking so much pulling out? When I am a man I shall go the next day. I should so like to live in a house in the middle of the fields, so that I could always see them flowers all round me, and the trains going by on them green banks. Perhaps when I am a man I shall try to find a house there, and a kind woman in the inside of it."

A Second Jack the Giant Killer.

There was once a small boy, but his name was not Jack.

And he hadn't a bean stalk at all;
Yet he "climbed the banister" with sturdy hack,
Which landed him safely on a high shelf.
Now the name of that banister, can any one guess?
A giant he killed with it, too!
The name of the wolf which he climbed was Bureau.

The name of the wood was Dresser.
And Work was the hatchet that slew.
—Wide Awake.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 39c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the best, of those remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing paper deserves special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We clos the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods every where free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

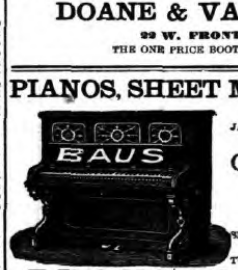
WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

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Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the specials bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—13c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 32c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parcels marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c| GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. 2Screen Doors, $1.20 each. 2Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

300 Parasols, *in stripes,* checks, solid colors and black. These goods are manufacturers samples and are sold less than wholesale jobber's prices. 50 pieces fine challies, equal in appearance to all wool goods at 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

We will open the latter part of the week 1 case fine Irish lawns at 3 cents per yard. Large line of ladies and Misses blouses and Jerseys. Great reductions in millinery goods and children's cloaks.

Embroidered and lace flouncings in endless variety.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly moved to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1896

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 702.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

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Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall, Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was prepared for domestic use in a manner taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the most improved machinery, enables us to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Orders by mail or telegraph or hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

Latest shapes in

Boonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Plushes, Buckles, Tinsels, Laces etc. Also Fancy Goods and Notions. Dress and Infants' Caps a specialty. Pinking, Stamping and Feathers Dyed, Cleaned and Curled at short notice. 11 East

14 West Front St.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SOMETHING FOR YOU!

The History of the Water Works Case.

The $1,000 now due is not paid and legal action will probably be necessary to recover it.

When THE NEWS first exposed the condition of the Water Works Company, for the protection of the taxpayers, after the company appeared unable to carry out even so small a part of its contract as paying the monthly $1,000 installments on its $8,000, Mr. Moore's reply through his organ was very brief and supercilious. He pretended to regard the matter as a mere trifle. He is reported to have said that he had thought of asking in an open letter "the editor's price". In our judgment that remark showed the man's calibre, indicating his methods. If he thought of using corrupt methods to influence THE NEWS from doing its duty, is it not reasonable to suppose that he believes in corrupt methods as a means to accomplish his purposes generally? If he has found a local paper so unmindful of its duty to the public that it should try to serve him by betraying our citizens into a false sense of security, is it fair to presume that he has used the bribery he seems to believe in, if he is correctly reported in the paper referred to? Does he not even expose to suspicion the councilmen who sought to tailor the city's house to serve him as we have already shown? If Mr. Moore believes in bribing the newspaper which serves him, and in trying to bribe THE NEWS which to the best of its ability serves the city, why would he not also be supposed to try *bribery on such of our councilmen who have served him?*

Our contemporary a few weeks ago gave two columns, and a few days ago three more, to try and give the impression that THE NEWS exposures were from some other sources and motives than appeared on the surface. They intimated that they were written by some one outside of this office other than the editor, and were intended merely to injure the company in the interest of some other imaginary company or individual. It is perhaps unnecessary to state that we began the exposures from having our suspicions aroused by the known conduct and under a belief that the concern was rotten, and was likely to mulct the city. We shall be very glad indeed to be convinced that *we have been mistaken.* The report of the engineer and the city action of Council at the meeting Wednesday evening only tends to confirm our belief.

So far as Hon. John Kean, or any gentleman of Plainfield, wanting to get the franchise away from this company we know nothing, and care less. We did not see nor hear from Mr. Kean until long after our first exposures, and then only to confirm the rumor that he had begun suit on comparatively small debts which *the company did not seem* able to pay, and was therefore presumed to be insolvent. He stated that he desired to be paid to turn the money he had loaned in good faith supposing the company to be solvent, and wanted nothing more. We took occasion to say to him then that it mattered not what the motive was, we intended to expose anything that appeared to be a fraud upon the city, and that we were satisfied that he would not risk his reputation by any act likely to do so. *We would treat him or any one else* just as we have treated Mr. Moore if the circumstances justified us. Mr. Moore or some one interested with him pretended to believe that there were sinister motives back of the exposure. What if there was? Does that alter the facts? But we suppose that pretext of his was simply a bait to catch the unsophisticated into investing, and getting caught in the same trap Mr. Kean is in.

Mr. Moore has had the use of the names of *such men as J. Herbert Johnston* If he has such a good thing, why have they not more than a merely nominal interest? The city is unlikely to have anything now that we can buy things as they are, but suppose Mr. Moore through our silence and negligence managed to float among our citizens $300,000 worth of stock and $300,000 more of bonds, and then left them in the lurch. Does it need much foresight to see the amount of injury to our citizens that would follow? We think not. *We are the friend of every* honest public enterprise that will benefit the town, but not where an attempt is made to speculate at our expense as we have lately been reluctantly led to believe is the purpose in this case.

NORTH PLAINFIELD TOWNSHIP.

Committee Meeting.—Mr. Wm. C. Smith Elected to Succeed Mr. Fairchild as Committeeman and Treasurer.

Chairman Voorhees and Committeeman Allen of the Township Committee and Township Clerk *H. J. Martin were in attendance* at the adjourned meeting held in Spencer's Hall last evening. After the meeting was called to order Clerk Martin read the minutes of section 1 of this meeting, held a short time ago as reported at the time in THE NEWS. The minutes were approved as read. A financial report from D. Ackar, District Clerk of school district No. 26, showed that the receipts for the year were $741.07, expenses $683.61.—Balance on hand $57.26.

A communication from the Unionist-Gazette requesting information as to the number of overseers in this section and the number of miles they covered was received and offered to Chairman Voorhees to answer.

A communication was then read from Road overseer Mooney, of District No. 1, asking that his resignation be accepted, to take effect at once. After some discussion it was accepted and John Archibald was appointed to fill the vacancy.

A bill and resignation were also received from Jacob Kleiner, Road overseer of District No. 2. The appointment for that district was $64.61. Kleiner's bill called for $64. It was ordered paid and Robert Philips was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Mr. Wm. C. Smith of Grandview avenue was appointed to fill the position of Committeeman and Treasurer made vacant by the removal from Plainfield of Mr. R. R. Fairchild. [The meeting was then adjourned. *Jl*

A STRANGE MONUMENT

THE CURIOSITY WHICH IS NOW AT HILLSIDE CEMETERY.

A Distinguished Jerseyman's Tribute to the Memory of His Dead Wife.

The above is an illustration of what is said to be one of the most beautiful agates to be found anywhere in the world. It was recently erected at Hillside Cemetery as a monument to commemorate the late Mrs. Charles H. Winfield, deceased. Her husband and her sister survive her, and reside in this State, the former at Jersey City, where he is the Public Prosecutor of Hudson county, and the latter in Plainfield. She is the wife of Mr. Charles Scheerenburn, the manager of the Western Union Telegraph office at this place.

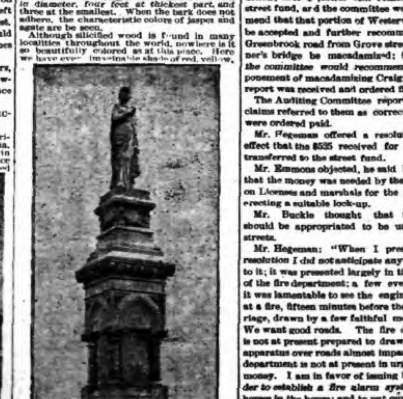
The monument is located near the entrance gate, and has attracted the greatest interest because of its remarkable beauty. In the picture it looks like the section of a tree. That is just what it is. But it is petrified into a semi-transparent gem, the same as is used in breast pins and charms. The agate weighs 1,100 lbs and came from the famous crystal forest, Kearns Canon, Apache Co., Arizona.

Mr. Herring J. Messenger, a former resident of Hunterdon county, in this State, having "raised" it, if we may use such a term, since it is taken out of the earth where it has been buried by some volcanic eruption in prehistoric times. The monument is polished on its front cross-section, the remainder being left in its natural state, just as it is in the forest. It faces East, and to be seen at its best should be visited in the morning while the sun shines on it, bringing out its fullest beauty.

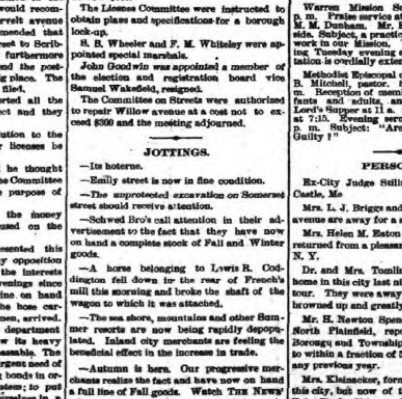
The agate is valued at thousands of dollars, and as it is so remarkable, we give the following brief description from ThePopular Science Monthly:

CHALCEDONY PARK. THE WONDERFUL SILICIFIED FOREST IN ARIZONA.

"Undoubtedly one of the greatest of American wonders is the silicified forest in Arizona, known as Chalcedony Park—a park only in name, however, for the giant trees with which it once grew there have long since fallen and silicified into agate and jasper. This marvelous deposit of agate is found in the midst of a desert country, a thousand acres. Two elevations four miles apart on the following manner. The trees were overthrown and covered with volcanic ashes and tufa; the limbs were shielded somewhat, gushing from springs or formed up by the violence of the eruption, but the trunks were completely through the ashes, cooled on reaching the tree-level, and this produced a silicification of the trees, the water, with its moisture in the tufa may have effected a partial silicification, as also may waters that may have filtered through from rain or springs, either hot or cold. But the principal silicification was by submersion, would be assisted and much altered at first. The waters would become charged with the finer particles of the tufa, partly in solution similar to that in liquid glass, the silicate of soda of commerce. The silicious residue of the tufa passed through the wood, buried in the tufa, and was retained in the cells and tissue of the wood. In this manner the stems of the wood were replaced by silica, and the form preserved evidently a slow one, and the trees, from all appearances, were partially decayed and water-logged when submerged in the mineral water. The petrifying agents generally replaced the cell walls and left the cavities and quartz filled in crystals of quartz, but also for the formation of the drusy, crystalline cavities of quartz and amethyst that are found in many of the agatized logs in question. It is evident, from the rich variety of colors, that the waters held various



THE TITUSVILLE MONUMENT.



THE POTTER MONUMENT.

brown and green. Sometimes the colors appear in bands, sometimes in clouds, and the former, then again, all blended so imperceptibly as to make a much more pleasing effect. In some specimens the original bark of the agatic trees is preserved, and in others the inner cellular tissue of the wood is found in perfect preservation. Some of the agate where the lines of demarkation become quartz crystals, and are often found in cavities of brilliant quartz crystals, or, sometimes, in cavities, with crystals of amethyst, or, sometimes, in hollow trunks are often lined with amethyst, quartz and calcite, and the whole, when polished, is of a great variety of color. Beautiful as the wood is in its petrified state, it is nothing to the agatic trees in their true beauty. Not only does the fine texture of the wood, but the variety of color, render the agatic trees peculiarly beautiful. Some of these are one hundred and fifty feet long and ten feet in diameter, and lie exposed in all conceivable positions. One section of a tree, which has been broken up, measured eight feet in diameter, ten feet in length and weighed several tons. The tree was originally about two hundred feet long. Some pieces of the trunks of these trees, which were brought to New York, ranged from eight inches to three feet in diameter, and from twenty-five to one thousand pounds in weight. The perfect preservation of these trunks is remarkable. The rings are so distinctly visible as to convince even the most incredulous of their origin. The most interesting points in the park have been suggestively named the Amber or Natural Bridge, Agate Gulch, Amethyst Point, Petrified Forest, etc. The most remarkable feature of the park, and a phenomenon perhaps unparalleled, is the natural bridge of amethyst wood, formed by a tree spanning a canon forty-five feet in depth and forty-five in width. In addition to the span, fully fifty feet of the tree rests on one side, making the tree visible for over one hundred feet. Both ends of the tree are imbedded in the sandstone. It averages three and a half feet in diameter, four feet at thickest part, and five at the smallest. When the bark does not adhere, the cleavage colors are fine. The agate are be seen.

Although silicified wood is found in many localities throughout the world, nowhere is it so beautifully colored as at this point. Here we have every imaginable shade of red, yellow,

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE REGULAR SEPTEMBER MEETING.

Spicy Conversation Intermixed With Regular Business, Last Evening.

The borough Common Council met in regular session last evening at eight o'clock. *Mayor Place*, and *Councilmen* Buckle, Emmons, Hageman, Sebring and Smalley were present. Councilman Needham was absent.

The minutes of the two previous meetings were read and approved as corrected.

A petition requesting that Grove street from Howard street to the property of Adam Fritz be put in proper repair, was read and referred to the Committee on Streets with power.

Warren Engine Company No. 1, through *its foreman*, applied for a horse to pull the hose carriage, together with a pair of shafts to use on the vehicle. The communication was referred to the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee, with power.

Claims were presented as follows:

L. Conrad	$7.25
A. J. Lester	7.00
F. Kellenberger	6.25
Geo. Conover	25.00
S. A. Coman	21.00
P. T. D. News	284.70
Thos Worth	1.25
J. F. Wright	2.30
R. J. Shaw	3.91
A. M. Griffen	13.45
Geo. E. Fairchild	1.00
P. Reader	12.40
V. Rutledge	42.90
N. Y. & Globe Gas Co	250 85

Collector H. N. Spencer presented his monthly report, which is as follows:

Borough taxes collected	$92.89
Street lights	49.69
Stores	57.25
Fire Dept	10.02
Board of Health	5.75
Total	$174.57

Monies received from the county for liquor licenses as follows:

G. Sutterlin	$150.00
F. Woerster	150.00
F. Linke	250.00

Both reports were received and ordered filed.

The report of Justice Hardy was read, received and referred to the Committee on Licenses.

Mayor Place presented a report accounting for his judicial career. It was received and ordered filed.

Mr. Sebring from the Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps reported *that the mentioned Committee had examined the ditch* and found the deed for the property in the rear of the engine house was clear of encumbrances and recommended its purchase, and they further recommended that the necessary $225 be placed in the hands of the Borough Counsel and that he be empowered to execute the contract. The report was received and ordered filed.

Mr. Hageman from the Street Committee reported that the work of macadamizing *Mercer avenue and Manly street* had been completed at a cost of $1,333.59.; that the property owners had paid 44 per cent of the actual cost; that the committee had also caused several streets to be put in good condition; that $1,292.98 still remained in the street fund, and the committee would recommend that that portion of Westervelt avenue be accepted and further recommended that Greenbrook road from Grove street to Scribner's bridge be macadamized; furthermore *the committee would recommend the post*ponement of macadamizing Craig place. The report was received and ordered filed.

The Auditing Committee reported all the claims referred to them as correct and they were ordered paid.

Mr. Freeman offered a resolution to the effect that the $535 received for licenses be transferred to the street fund.

Mr. Emmons objected, he said he thought that the money was needed by the Committee on Licenses and marshals for the purpose of erecting a suitable lock-up.

Mr. Buckle thought that the money should be appropriated to be used on the streets.

Mr. Hageman: "When I presented this *resolution I did not anticipate any opposition* to it; it was presented largely in the interests of the fire department; a few evenings since it was lamentable to see the engine on hand at a fire, fifteen minutes before the hose carriage, drawn by a faithful mare, arrived. We want good roads. The fire department is not at present prepared to draw its heavy apparatus over roads almost impassable. The department is not at present in urgent need of money. I am in favor of issuing bonds in order to establish a fire alarm system; to put horses in the house; and to put ourselves in a position where the firemen on the other side of the brook cannot laugh at us. In order to do so we must first have good roads and I think the revenue from licenses should revert to that fund.

Mr. Emmons arose to speak but Mr. Hageman objected and said the rules should be adhered to.

Mr. Emmons: "I appeal to the Council for *permission to speak a second time.*"

Mr. Smalley said that he would like to hear all the members of the Council express their views on the question.

Mr. Hageman: "I do not like to apply to "quick law." I like to hear the gentleman on the other side deliver his little speech in his eloquent manner, but I believe in adhering to the rules and not keeping council in session until the small hours of the morning.

By permission of Mayor Place, Mr. Emmons continued and said: "I do not think it right to transfer the license money from the present fund to the street fund, as the Committee on Licenses and Marshals contemplated erecting a lock-up.

Mr. Buckle thought that the public expected good roads more than they did the fire department for the simple reason that if the roads were not in good condition the fire department would be unable to get there.

Mr. Hageman asked whether or not Council could not issue bonds for the use of the fire department? The stream should be meandered. It is surprising to see the number of Plainfielders who come over here to drive on our streets. It is hardly safe now for a child to cross Jackson avenue. I think Mr. Emmons will agree with me in the matter."

Mr Emmons—"I'll not answer you."

A vote was then taken and the motion lost.

Mr. Smalley moved that the petition of the residents to macadamize Craig place be granted, providing that they increase their subscription $200.

Mr. Hageman—"I am in favor of improving the streets as soon as it is practicable. We have already expended $300 on that street. Nothing should precede the macadamizing of Greenbrook road. It has been a sink hole for dirt and money for years. Last Winter the residents of that thoroughfare were compelled to go one mile out of their way in order to reach town. We ought to macadamize the street while we have the money, and unless we put stone on it the money is thrown away.

Mr. Buckle—"I am sorry to see Mr. Smalley introduce that resolution. He did it to benefit his father who lives on that thoroughfare. A short time ago he introduced one to benefit his brother-in-law married. His motives are personal ones. I think Greenbrook road should be macadamized first."

Mr. Emmons—"I think Craig place should be macadamized first. It was the first petition presented and should be the first considered. I think the Council should have something to say in the matter as to where the money should be expended, and I second Mr. Smalley's resolution. It is a good one and I hope it will prevail."

Mr. Hageman—"*I am always sorry to see* men get into a hole which they cannot crawl out of. We might just as well vote to macadamize the rock road if a petition was presented first. Such remarks as the gentleman on the other side of the house just let drop reflect very much on his intelligence, and I think the word of a man who cannot be convinced should not have much weight on Council. I think his idea of the "first come first served" is all nonsense. I like to see *people who can afford it, contribute.*"

Mr. Smalley—"I do not arise to reply to Mr. Buckle, because I think such idle words have no weight in Council. I offered the resolution in good faith and I think the Council should have something to say,as well as the Committee on Streets. The work will not cost over $350."

Mr. Buckle—"What I meant to convey to Mr. Smalley was that I have respect for every Committee. The members of the Street Committee do not interfere with other committees and I do not think we should be interfered with. We all are here for the best interests of the borough. No one is more interested in macadamizing Craig place than myself, but *I believe the rock road ought are every day; but I think* Greenbrook road should receive the first consideration.

Mr. Sebring thought the street ought to have been macadamized when it was repaired.

Mr. Emmons—"I heartily believe that Mr. Hageman meant every word he said when he applied his words to me. I have not had the same educational advantages that he has, but thank God I have got good common sense, and I do not wander all over the streets of the borough *to secure votes to pass a resolution.*"

The resolution to macadamize the street then prevailed by a vote of 3 to 2.

The Street Committee were authorized to borrow $600.

The License Committee were instructed to obtain plans and specifications for a borough lock-up.

S. B. Wheeler and F. M. Whiteley were appointed special marshals.

John Gosling was appointed a member of the election and registration board vice Samuel Wakefield, resigned.

The Committee on Streets were authorized to repair Willow avenue at a cost not to exceed $300 and the meeting adjourned.

JOTTINGS.

—In hotcrne.

—Emily street is now in fine condition.

—The *unprotected excavation on Somerset* street should receive attention.

—Schwed Bro's call attention in their advertisement to the fact that they have now on hand a complete stock of Fall and Winter goods.

—A horse belonging to Lewis R. Coddington fell down in the rear of French's mill this morning and broke the shaft of the wagon to which it was attached.

—The sea shore, mountains and other Summer resorts are now being rapidly depopulated. Inland city merchants are feeling the beneficial effect in the increase in trade.

—Autumn is here. Our progressive merchants realize the fact and have now on hand a full line of Fall goods. Watch THE NEWS' advertisement columns and you will be made promptly aware of all good goods, and bargains, to be had.

—There were 141 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 134 in the preceding week and 163, 157, 119 and 153 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 6,938, against 7,745 in 1889.

—The time for one-mile travel has passed away and that to the invigorating and beautiful mountains is now at hand. A day can not be more delightfully spent than at Mauch Chunk and the famed Switch back and Glen Onoko.

Every person who possibly can ought to join the Reform Club excursion on Wednesday next, September 10th.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Died.

DELAMATER—In this city, September 6th, 1890, Caroline Delamater, aged 72 years.

Funeral services at the residence of her brother-in-law, Chas. F. Hance, 131 Broadway, Monday, Sept. 8th, at 2:45 p. m.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will Be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion in the same day. It is preferable to have them reach us the day before.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Only one service will be held to-morrow in the German Reformed church. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7:30, at the Jackson school-house, Terrill road.

At the Park Avenue Baptist church, Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Preaching by Prof. Green, of Brooklyn, N. Y., at 11 a. m.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Congregational church on West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

The Rev. Hobart Clark will preach in the Universalist church, Somerset street, at 10:30 a. m. Evening services at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Jas. E. Ketcham.

Rev. Jesse L. Hurlburt of this city, will occupy the pulpit of the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow morning. There will be no evening service.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cabberly pastor, *at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.* Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m.

A Sunday-school for colored and servant young christians in the intelligent story of the Apocalypse, 6 East Front street, 7.45 p. m. Bring Bibles.

Meetings at Reform Hall under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. The same denomination or attendance.

Mr. C. P. Gelhaar will conduct the Young Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday at 4:15 p. m. Some of the Boy Choir will aid in the singing. All men are invited.

Rev. Dr. Taylor will resume his duties at the church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning Prayer Sermon and Holy Communion at 11 o'clock.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Morning prayer and Holy Communion at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

The Tenth Anniversary of the dedication of St. Mary's church will be celebrated tomorrow. The Right Rev. Wm. H. de P. Ferrette, of St. Peter's College, Jersey City will preach at the 10:45 Mass.

Gospel temperance meeting at the W. C. T. U. rooms, 125 East Front street Sunday, 9:15 a. m., and 4 p. m., Saturday at 7:30 p. m., Tuesday at 4 p. m. to which all are cordially invited. Mr. S. A. Haines will speak at the 4 *o'clock meeting.*

The First Church of Christ in Plainfield will meet in Library Hall, Crescent avenue, to speak morning and evening. Morning theme: "By request" Rom. VII. 5. Evening: "Faithful in Little." Sermon to Men." All who are not christians are cordially invited.

The doors of Reform Hall will be open tomorrow for the welcome admission of all comers at the usual hours of 9:15 a. m. and 4 and 7:45 p. m. (auditorium). In the evening an interesting address will be made by Samuel Lloyd, Esq., of this city. The temperance people are cordially invited.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Praise service at 7:30 p. m. led by Mr. E. M. Richman. Mr. H. C. Pease will preside. Subject, a practical talk as to our future work in our Mission. Young people's meeting Monday evening at eight o'clock. Invitation is cordially extended to all our service.

Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, pastor. Sunday-school at 10 a. m. Preaching service at 10:30 o'clock for infants and adults, and Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at 11 a. m. Epworth League at 7:15. Evening sermon by the pastor at 8 p. m. Subject: "Are all Sinners Equally Guilty?"

PERSONAL.

Ex-City Judge Sullman and wife are at Castle, Me

Mrs. L. J. Briggs and family of Arlington avenue are away for a short vacation.

Mrs. Helen M. Eaton of 164 Broadway has returned from a pleasant sojourn at Cohoes, N. Y.

Dr. and Mrs. Tomlinson returned to their home in this city last night from a European tour. They were away six weeks, and are all browned up and greatly improved in health.

Mr. H. Newton Spencer, Tax Collector of North Plainfield, reported that the entire Borough and Township taxes are, collected to within a fraction of 5 per cent., excelling any previous year.

Mrs. Kleinecker, formerly of College place, this city, but now of the booming "World's Fair City" Chicago, is in Plainfield on a visit to her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Arndt of Park avenue. Mrs. Kleinecker's many Plainfield friends will be pleased to learn of her presence here, although it is but for a short time, as she contemplates soon returning.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD horse for sale. Apply at 230 West Front street.

FURNISHED house for rent. Board taken for rent. Privilege of other boarders. "M," care of EVENING NEWS. 4 3

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of 7 rooms, corner acres. E. S. Clark, 379 West Front street. 11-0-eod

HOLLY Grove gold medal prize butter in 1 lb rolls, 60 cents; 5 lbs, $2.75; pure Jersey milk, 7 cents; buttermilk, 6; cream, 25 cents per quart, in sealed glass jars. Geo. A. Moore's 14 Park avenue, or Holly Grove Dairy, Plainfield. 6-2

WANTED—Three competent girls, cook and laundress, chambermaid and waitress, also nurse girl, over 20 years. Reference. 180 East Front street. 4-3

WANTED—An experienced bookkeeper as to terms, State age and salary required. Address Experience, P. O. Box 694. 5-3

WANTED—A white girl for general housework. Small family. Good wages. 30 Carlton avenue.

WANTED—Two competent girls, cook and laundress and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Apply 179 West Front street. 5-3

Educational.

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches the Italian method of singing, as taught by Giovanni, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Address 72 East Fifth street. 9 2 2w*

ELOCUTION, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alpert, P. O. Box 1899.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS PAWCETT, for kindergarten and school, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough training will be given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting lessons with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. 8 30tu* 0

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. S. Brown, Principal. 7-19 2m

RODMAN SEMINARY, 125 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. G. DINGEE, Principal. 8 13 2m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Monday, Sept. 8th,

THE COMEDIANS

Evans and Hoey

In their Evergreen Success,

A Parlor Match,

EDITION DE LUXE HOYT'S BEST PLAY

Embellished with a whole lot of goodthings. First appearance of the Lovey sisters in America.

Prices 35, 50, 75, and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB

TO

Mauch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the SWITCH BACK.

Wednesday, Sept. 10.

By special train Arriving in Mauch Chunk in time for dinner, and giving *ourcitizens an opportunity to visit* Glen Onoko and to ride over the Switch Back gravity road.

Leave Plainfield 9.25 a. m., returning leave Glen Onoko and Mauch Chunk 5:10, arriving home about 8 p. m. Time allowed in Mauch Chunk and Glen Onoko $1.75. The Switch Back .50 extra.

Tickets to be had from A. Vanderbeek, H. N. Spencer, J. Voshi and W. Smith Executive Committee, J. W. A. Bauerschm, Financial Secretary.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

Don't Miss This.

Pay cash for your goods and when your purchases amount to $20 we will present you with an elegant volume of "Stanley in Africa" purchases made must be filled by November 1, 1890.

The most wonderful and thrilling book ever published.

The best, most complete and finely illustrated specimen of Stanley's travels.

The most wonderful discoveries; Thrilling adventures, marvelous escapes and dauntless achievements of the most explorer and colonial renowned travelers, pioneers and missionaries.

Beautifully and elaborately illustrated with nearly three hundred engravings. Value $2.50.

Sugar 4 1-2 c lb, new crop tea 25c lb, good coffee for 20c lb, c. c. baking powder 10c lb, best carbon oil, 10c a can, 10c gallon, good family flour 50c per bag.

UNITED TEA AND COFFEE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.75
California Peaches	20	2.25
California Apricots	20	2.25
Franklin Bread Corn	10	1.15
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Stringless Beans extra choice	12	1.35

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Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 31 NORTH SECOND STREET.

F. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

The czar of Russia must be having pleasing summer thoughts. He must naturally be looking every day for his head to be blown off by Nihilists at home. American journalists and philanthropists are bombarding him with paper bullets and petitions on the subject of how he permits prisoners to be treated in Siberia, and now all the world is on his back about the frightful persecution of the Russian Jews. Who would not be a czar?

Grant's Remains.

When Gen. Grant's body was buried in New York city it was with the understanding, expressed or understood, that New York should build a monument to mother the fame of our great soldier. Time has passed and the monument is not yet built. Subscriptions for this purpose have not reached any great sum. The New Yorkers somehow do not take much interest in the matter. The New York World calls on other cities of the Union to help erect the monument, saying that New York has done her share as far as subscriptions go.

Mr. Bayne's joint congressional resolution directs that the remains of Gen. Grant shall be removed from Riverside park at New York and be conveyed to Arlington National cemetery at Washington, there to rest finally. Whether this will be done has not yet been decided. Papers throughout the Union, however, are hearty in expressions in favor of it. They declare that there will be a noble in raising money for a splendid monument should the removal take place. The consensus of opinion seems to be this: New York belongs to one state. If the tomb is to remain there let New York erect the monument. Washington belongs to the whole nation. If the body is removed thither the whole nation will contribute to build the memorial.

John Henry Newman.

The two famous English cardinals, Newman and Manning, while alike in many ways were thoroughly dissimilar in others. Both left the church of England to be received into the Roman Catholic communion on account of what they considered errors in the Episcopal church. Both were among the most gifted and learned men of their time, but he who has died; the elder, Cardinal Newman, had a mind more inclined to pure theological discussion and love, while the one still living, Manning, in christ rather to an interest in political and social matters.

There is sometimes such a thing as too much learning and reading. The natural mind is able often to think out questions for itself and arrive at satisfactory conclusions better without constant reading and study than with it. Even boyhood's Cardinal Newman was a profound student of theology. He read everything on all sides of doctrinal questions. The result was a mind, rationally, in 1841, in his "deep and unvarying conviction," that the Episcopal church was "in schism," and that his "salvation depended on joining the church of Rome." Accordingly, in 1845, Newman was received into that church formally.

With Dr. Pusey, as far back as 1833, Newman had started the so-called Tractarian or Oxford movement in England that caught so many of the brightest intellects of Great Britain as by a wave. The foundation of the movement was a belief that somehow the church of England had in the course of centuries strayed away from the doctrine and discipline of the original Christian church in many respects, and it was the effort to bring it back to what was conceived to be its ancient purity that originated the Puseyism which set Great Britain in uproar. As Newman went farther and farther back he found himself drawn nearer and nearer to the church of Rome, until finally he entered it. The Tractarian movement had the same effect on many others. They were called "Tractarians" and the leaders of the movement published their views in the form of tracts to the public.

Newman was always a powerful controversialist, yet strangely enough with it all was so gentle and lovable in his nature that he probably had not an enemy in England. Among his sweetest, most eloquent contributions to literature are his hymns. During the season of his greatest doubt and perplexity he wrote the following:

Lead, kindly Light, amid the encircling gloom,
Lead thou me on;
The night is dark and I am far from home,
Lead thou me on;
Keep thou my feet; I do not ask to see
The distant scene; one step enough for me.

I was not ever thus, nor prayed that thou
Should'st lead me on;
I loved to choose and see my path, but now
Lead thou me on.
I loved the garish day, and spite of fears
Pride ruled my will. Remember not past years!

So long thy power has blest me, sure it still
Will lead me on
O'er moor and fen, o'er crag and torrent, till
The night is gone,
And with the morn those angel faces smile
Which I have loved long since and lost awhile!

BRECKINRIDGE PUT OUT.

A Famous Election Contest Decided in the House.

THE ARKANSAS MEMBER'S SPEECH

He Vigorously Defends Himself from the Inference of the House's Action and Denounces the Investigating Committee—The Reply of Congressman Dalzell.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—In the house the Clayton-Breckinridge election case was taken up, and Mr. Breckinridge made a speech in his own behalf. Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) closed the debate for the committee, and after a motion to recommit had been defeated and the minority report rejected, the committee report (unseating Breckinridge) was adopted—105 to 63. Mr. Breckinridge charged the chairman of the committee on elections (Mr. Rowell) with impropriety in prejudicing the case. That gentleman, in discussing contest election case, had referred to the case from the Second Arkansas district, and had declared that in that district five political murders had occurred. He called upon the gentleman to name the murdered men. Mr. Rowell said that they were Benjamin Smith, Bentley and Clayton, while an attempt had been made to assassinate Wahl. Mr. Breckinridge denied the correctness of this statement, and called attention to the fact that the gentleman himself concurred in a report which said that there was a suspicion only of these things being true. He denied that the murders were political murders. His distinguished and lamented opponent had been foully and infamously murdered. But no one had adduced any evidence that it was in any sense the result of public antipathy or had come from collective or organized effort.

His Accusers Denounced.

He said the state of Arkansas had turned loose all the criminals to shelter the murderer; for the crime was a stain upon the state, and so long as it was left in mystery it was susceptible of being used by unscrupulous men for political purposes. But men who charged, either on the floor or in the press, that the people of Arkansas had ever shown sympathy with this infamous crime, or that he (Breckinridge) had any knowledge of it to the remotest degree, uttered that which was cowardly and mean, and which they knew to be false. He then turned his attention to Judge McClure, and stated that he had been informed that on the return of the subcommittee the Republican members had indorsed McClure for an appointment to a high judicial position in Arkansas. He called upon the members of the subcommittee to deny the allegation.

The Committee's Alleged Bias.

Mr. Lacey (Ia.), the chairman of the subcommittee, said that he had recommended Judge McClure in strong terms, believing him to be one of the best and most competent men in Arkansas.

Mr. Breckinridge said that he had only alluded to the matter to show the bias of the committee. He then proceeded to quote from a statement made by Mr. Blackburn in Kentucky touching the bad character of McClure. Speaking of the murder of Mr. Clayton (whom he claimed as a personal friend) he said that it had been stated that after the murder he should have resigned his seat. To have resigned would have been to give force to the charges made against his people. It was not proper or manly to do so. He then pointed to the evidence in severe language the motive of the murder, asserting that he had been denied witnesses after he had been promised that they would be accorded him. He said in conclusion: "Come to your defiance and I take an appeal to the people republican party in the district I have the honor to represent on the broad ground of common honesty and intelligence, and will receive both your congratulations and the method of your conclusion."

Mr. Dalzell's Denunciation.

Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) read the testimony bearing on the theft of the ballot box at Plummerville and said that the theft was identical in every way to Mr. Brooks's return. Let the street here and asserted that it had been stolen by Republicans, the Republican ballot box. He pointed out on the back of the map of the state of Arkansas in such a way as to limit down the murders of the Clayton-Breckinridge to the Hooper district, he invited the attention of anything in the annals of crime and criminals which would equal it for absolute stillness. The sky of the Second district of Arkansas was luminous with blood. From her desecrated soil the blood of John M. Clayton cried to heaven, not for vengeance but for justice, and men who had left wife and children to succeed ministers to execute her just decrees.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—In the senate consideration of the tariff bill under the five minute rule was continued. The free list was considered and Davis' amendment to make binding twine free was agreed to—38 to 25. Mica was restored to the dutiable list. The consideration of the free list was concluded before adjournment. The senate committee on education and labor ordered favorable reports on the eight hour bill and other labor bills which passed the house recently. The reports were not unanimous.

Senator Evart's Proposed Amendment.

Mr. Evarts offered a prospective amendment to the tariff bill to place a duty of 10 per cent. on all teas, the growth or product of countries east of the cape of Good Hope, when imported from places west of the Cape of Good Hope, with a proviso that all teas entered for consumption, or for warehouse, or for any purpose permitted by revenue laws in the intermediate country, shall be treated as imported from that country.

Changes in the Bill.

Mr. Plumb's motion to amend the paragraph relating to gloves by striking out the additional rate of a dollar a dozen on the silk manufactured product, 22, nays, 30. Mr. Plumb was the only Republican who voted yea. Mr. Vance moved to strike out of the free list currants and dates.

Mr. Aldrich opposed the motion, and said that it showed how senators on the other side were taking a new departure. The motion was rejected. When the Davis motion placing binding twine on the free list came up all the Democrats except Mr. Blodgett voted yea, in company with the following Republicans: Messrs. Allen, Allison, Cullom, Davis, Ingalls, McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell, Moody, Pierce, Plumb, Power, Sawyer, Spooner and Washburn.

No Free Lumber.

Mr. Vest moved to insert in the free list "on timber, hewn and sawed, squared and sided, and sawed boards, planks, deals and other lumber of hemlock, white wood, sycamore, white pine and bass wood." Rejected.

The Republican senators who voted yea were Ingalls, Manderson, Paddock and Plumb. An amendment to place a duty of 35 per cent. ad valorem on posts, railroad ties and telegraph poles of cedar was agreed to. On motion of Mr. Plumb the duty on pine clapboards (paragraph 393) was reduced from $2 to $1 per 1,000.

Rides Himself on Free Trade.

Mr. Plumb moved to strike off the free list "hides, raw and uncured, whether dry, salted or pickled." Rejected—yeas, 18; nays, 31. The affirmative votes were given by Mr. Pugh and the following Republicans: Messrs. Allen, Allison, Cameron, Cullom, Higgins, Ingalls, Mitchell, Moody, Plumb, Quay, Stewart, Washburn, Wilson (Ia.) and Wolcott.

The Democrats (except Mr. Pugh) voted in the negative, together with the following Republicans: Messrs. Aldrich, Chandler, Dawes, Frye, Hale, Hawley, Hiscock, Hoar, McMillan, Pierce, Platt and Sawyer. An attempt to strike quinine out of the free list was defeated.

IN LABOR'S WORLD.

An Alleged Capitalistic Alliance to Fight Strikes.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 6.—The Chronicle-Telegraph publishes an article to the effect that a powerful alliance now exists among some of the richest corporations in the country, the object of which is protection against strikes. The institutions in the alliance employ about 90,000 workers, and the capital represented is at least 250,000 people. Among the corporations which are members of the alliance are the Westinghouse interests in this city and elsewhere, the Yale Lock company, Colt Arms company and four or five other like extensive factories in New England and elsewhere.

The compact agreed to is that in case a strike occurs to enforce unreasonable demands, whether the strike be against one or all of the associated factories, all work is to cease. The strikers are to be allowed to remain idle until they return to work voluntarily, and no factory is to employ any workmen who may have left another factory on a strike. Neither is any associated factory to seek workers during a strike from any of the federated works.

The Eight Hour Day.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The narrowness of the majority by which the Liverpool Trades Union congress adopted the principle of compulsory limitation of the working day to eight hours shows that the movement has but slight probability of resulting in parliamentary enactment. Experience shows that in England it is necessary for the working classes to be practically unanimous in their desires before parliament will grant the legislation demanded. The scheme seems, however, to be steadily growing in favor. The week will close with an overwhelming procession of workingmen to-night. It is expected that from 60,000 to 70,000 men will march. The next congress will meet in Newcastle in 1891.

Before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, in session at Leeds, Professor Munro read a paper on the effect of the adoption of such a change in the number of working hours as favored by the Liverpool congress. He made a very ingenious argument in support of the contention that the shortening of the working day would not give employment to any greater number of men than before the change. The weight of opinion was found to be in agreement with the views set forth in the essay.

Central Strikers in Politics.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—It now appears to be settled that the New York Central strikers will not return to work this fall. In accordance with resolutions adopted at the Union square mass meeting Aug. 26, a committee of twenty-five has been appointed to take initiatory steps in the movement, and will issue an address next Thursday. Among the members of the committee are Dr. Medgyn and James Redpath.

AT CRESSON SPRINGS.

During the President's Absence the White House Will Be Renovated.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 6.—President Harrison, accompanied by Mrs. Harrison and maid and Private Secretary Halford, arrived here at 7 o'clock this evening. The party traveled as regular passengers on the Chicago limited express over the Pennsylvania road. The trip was without incident. At Harrisburg Halford, where the distinguished travelers were met by Mrs. McKee, the president's daughter, his grandson Harrison McKee, Mrs. Dimmick and Miss Jeannette Halford. The addition to the presidential party filled the drawing room car they had secured from Harrisburg. During the wait at Harrisburg, where a change of cars was necessary, the president stood on the platform with his hat in hand. The oppressive heat of the day caused him great fatigue.

The president is not feeling in the best of health, but he believes that a few days in the invigorating air of the mountain will tone up his system to its normal condition. The party was heartily welcomed by the guests of the Mountain house. Upon beyond a dignified recognition by the president and a few handshakes there was no demonstration. Immediately upon leaving the train the presidential party, under the escort of Superintendent Dunham, was driven to the "Parke" cottage, where the family have been located. During the absence of the president and his family from the White House the historic old mansion will be thoroughly renovated. The amount that will be expended is about $13,000. Work begins today.

A Close Call for the Miners.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 6.—The lives of 300 men and boys working in the Cayuga mine were in deadly peril Friday after-noon through the burning of the engine house, and for a time an excitement reaching pandemonium existed about the mouth of the mine, where a great crowd of men, women and children gathered. The fire stopped the fans, shutting off all the air currents, and the suffocation of the miners seemed probable. Experienced miners, however, noticing the stoppage of the air, at once realized something was wrong at the mouth of the shaft and they fled to the workings of the Bristin mine, out of which they all escaped unharmed.

Worships Exchange Compliments.

TOULON, Sept. 6.—The British men-of-war left this morning. As the vessels passed out of the harbor the bands on the French warships played the English anthem, while those on the flagship of the British squadron responded with the "Marseillaise."

Robert L. Cope Dead.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 6.—Robert L. Cope, one of the best known financial lawyers in the Lehigh valley, died Sept. 3, aged 52 years.

MR. M'KINLEY IN MAINE.

An Interesting Speech in Speaker Reed's Behalf.

HIS RADICAL CHANGE OF HEART.

The Father of the Tariff Bill Says He Did Not Favor Mr. Reed for Speaker, but Does Now and Always Will in the Future.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Sept. 6.—A big gathering assembled here to listen to the speeches of Speaker Reed, Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, Hon. William McKinley, Jr., and Hon. B. B. Henderson. The meeting was held at the Old Orchard campaign ground, which was packed with humanity. Mr. McKinley was received very cordially. His greeting by the people was no less warm than that extended to Speaker Reed. He said:

Mr. McKinley's Speech.

"The Republican party is a party of performance. From its platform of 1856, the first national platform made by that party, every promise and every purpose has practically been fulfilled by public legislation.

"No man can read that first great utterance of the Republican party thirty-four years ago without declaring that it reads more like an inspired prophecy than the platform of a political party, and no man can read the political platform of the Republicans of 1888, made at Chicago, and then consider what has been done by the house of representatives and the congress of the United States without declaring that, so far as the popular branch of congress is concerned, every pledge of the last platform of the Republican party has been kept. We promised in that platform to revise the tariff, and, so far as the house is concerned, that great promise has been fulfilled.

Revision of the Tariff.

"The tariff has been revised, and it has been revised upon protection lines. It has been revised in the interest of the people of the United States. It has been revised for the defense of their industries and their homes, their interests and their investments, and if I had any doubt about the wisdom of the revision which we sent to the senate that doubt has long since been removed in view of the earnest protests, the bitter protests that have come from the competing and rival nations of the world against that bill. That bill was not made for England. It was not made for Germany. It was made for the people of the United States, and the people of the United States alone.

Mr. Cleveland's Message.

"Mr. Cleveland's last message of 1887 received only acclamations of praise and approval from all of the nations of the world, while the bill passed by the house has received only the condemnation and the denunciations of rival and competing nations of the world. The Mills bill received the approval of Europe. The bill passed by the house was not made for that purpose, and, therefore, thank God, it does not receive the approval of the nations of the world. When that bill becomes a law, for it will become a law, it will bring to the country a prosperity the like of which it has never felt in its history. That bill means employment to American men and American women, it means work for American workman and American wages for American citizens. That bill means the home and the fireside of the children, and the comforts and refinement of American life.

Reed Was Not His Choice.

Speaker of Mr. Reed, Mr. McKinley said: "He wasn't my first choice for speaker. I thought another gentleman should have been speaker of the House of representatives. I don't think so now. He is my first choice now, and so long as I have a seat in the house of representatives and Thomas B. Reed is my colleague and the house is Republican he shall have my vote for speaker, because I know probably as much as any other living man how much we owe to his courage, to his bravery, to his brains. I have been a little disgusted since I have been in this district.

"I have had a sort of a feeling that you do not appreciate Speaker Reed for what he is worth. I like this meeting. It looks better, but you cannot cut Mr. Reed's vote down next Monday without making every one of us hang our heads for very shame.

Mrs. Stephenson,
53 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAM
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything required.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy Goods, Lamps etc., to great

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank P. Miller.
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Gasoline Stoves.
Baldwin Refrigerators
RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.
Window Screens.
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN,
211 PECK SLIP & 27 FRONT ST.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock
of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.
Schwed Brothers
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Factory Goods store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,
DOOR, PORTER, and PARK AVE.
Gentlemen's Fine Leather and Ladies' Oxford Ties
RUSSET SHOES
Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. They can be worn with or without stockings.
Russet Apples
Delicious in winter and spring. Just received a fine lot of large, fine ones for sale by the bushel or peck.
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ALL SIZES.
Geo. W. Morrison,
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BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED
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Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,
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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
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INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN
49 North avenue.

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
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JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

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Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 898

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LADIES or GENTLEMEN.
Union $115 and $130.
Warwick $130.
Strong 80.
Little Giant 35.
HIGH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Geo. W. Morrison,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Excelled by None
18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

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INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

HOUSE AND FRESCO
PAINTING,
NO. 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.
MARSH & AYERS

Jobbing promptly attended to. First-class work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Real estate promptly Furnished.
CALL AND SEE US.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
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Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET.
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Dew. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

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RELIABLE
Country Butter and Eggs
can always be found at
"THE DAIRY",
62 WEST FRONT ST.
Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good?
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Sugar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at
N. H. Guttman's
12 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

CARNEY BROS. AGENTS
Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.
Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved odorless water closets, sewer gas and steam traps.
All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.
We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owner to handle and supply oil as agents and general manager.
Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit the continuance of their valued orders which will receive prompt attention.
2 reward! rupee vision given to the examination of soil pipes.

THAT CENTRAL SMASHUP

Leading Knights Want the Train Wreckers Punished.

THEY MAY OFFER $1,000 REWARD

Vice President Webb Says He Will Have Pinkerton Men Patrol Every Foot of the Railroad—A Big Reward for the Microscopic Detection.

New York, Sept. 6.—When Vice President Webb heard of the disaster to the Montreal express, which was hurled from the track by the efforts of train wreckers near Albany, he at once telegraphed to every station along the line of the road that the company would give $5,000 reward for information that would lead to the arrest of the wreckers. The agents along the line were requested to have the fact that the reward had been offered printed in the newspapers in the towns and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places.

To Patrol the Entire Road.

Vice President Webb told a reporter that he had come to the conclusion that the only way to protect the company's property and the lives of its patrons was to patrol every foot of the road, and he had decided to station Pinkerton men all along the line from a point above Albany down to Poughkeepsie. "That will give my friend Powderly something to chin about," he said. The guards he said would go on duty in the evening and would stay on duty until morning. During the night they would walk up and down the track from post to post, and each man would be responsible for the safety of the part of the road he was assigned to.

He Thinks Strikers Are Responsible.

When asked whether he considered the placing on the track of the obstructions that had caused the wreck the work of the company's former employes, he said, "They are the only men who are inclined to do that kind of business and why shouldn't I think they are the guilty parties."

An Account of the Wreck.

ALBANY, Sept. 6.—The Montreal express which was wrecked near here was twenty-five minutes behind time and was thundering along toward Albany at a thirty-mile rate. Twenty minutes before the first section had gone by. Within those twenty minutes monstrous hands created the obstruction, against which the engine threw itself.

There was the indescribable crash, and like a terrified horse the powerful engine gave an upward leap and the long train tortured out of shape, stood still. The locomotive was partly suspended in the air, appearing as though it might topple over in the ditch; meanwhile the engineer and fireman held their posts.

The Cars Ditched.

In the first car were twenty-two passengers. It left the track and slid down the embankment, and none of its occupants were injured except by being bruised. The second coach fared the worst of all, standing in the ditch with its trucks in the air. It contained Miss Atkinson, of Tremont, N.Y.; her young brothers, the porter and conductor. Miss Atkinson's injuries, at first supposed to be severe, proved trifling.

The third car formed a bridge across the ditch, standing at right angles with the track. All contained eight passengers. As the spectators gazed upon the three cars, tossed here and there like gigantic jackstraws, they were lost in astonishment that not one out of all the thirty-six occupants had been lost. The fourth car was suspended over the ditch, held in position by its coupling and the weight of the four cars behind it, the latter not leaving the roadbed, but extending obliquely across the north bound track.

The four shock crossed windows were quickly raised and all who could went to work with a will to rescue those imprisoned in the overturned cars and render such other assistance as they could. Most of those disabled were merely bruised or cut by the glass of broken windows.

Arranged with Fiendish Ingenuity.

Superintendent Rowell soon arrived at the scene and began his investigation. He found a carefully studied arrangement, a rail having been pounded into the cattle guards, wedged with timbers and further held by fish plates, the whole mass being in a slanting position, so as to lift the train from the rails. The results showed that the judgment which contrived the obstruction was experienced, for the wreck was as complete as the escape of passengers was miraculous. Mr. Rowell was confirmed in his opinion that the disaster had been deliberately planned when he discovered an exactly similar obstruction on the southbound track, a short distance north of the one which caused the mischief.

It is thought by some that the conspirators supposed the regular trains to have passed and intended to accomplish the destruction of the freight trains which pass over the Hudson river division at about the same hour.

Knights Want the Fiends Punished.

The general officers of the Knights of Labor are also very anxious to get the case sifted. J. J. Hilland, of the general executive board, has arrived and is in consultation with Messrs. Wright and Devlin as to the advisability of offering an additional reward of $1,000 for the conviction of the guilty on the part of the Knights of Labor. The leaders of the Knights of Labor declare that they will aid the Central Hudson road to ferret out the scoundrels.

Secretary Portley, of District Assembly 246, said that the work was not done by strikers, but by some professional thieves for the purpose of robbery. They were evidently partially familiar with the working of the road, for they had selected a place where two valuable mail and express pass.

A Mistake Costs Three Lives.

TROY, Sept. 6.—Passenger train No. 7 on the Delaware and Hudson railroad collided with a special freight at 5:30 o'clock on a curve near Westport. Thomas Murray, engineer of the passenger train, and his fireman and one other man were killed. None of the passengers were hurt. The passenger train was behind time and should have passed the freight at Howard's, but through some misunderstanding omitted to do so.

The Mayor Injured.

OLEAN, N. Y., Sept. 6.—As a train on the River division of the Western New York and Pennsylvania railroad bearing the Masonic order of this city, which had been attending a picnic at Riverside park, entered the yards here, it ran into a freight on the main track, demolishing several freight cars. The engineer of the passenger train, Peter Crane, was seriously injured, and Mayor Stowell severely bruised.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Samuel E. Warman was declared guilty of the murder of Thayer at Geneseo, N. Y., and was sentenced to die Oct. 9, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m.

At the annual reunion of the Seventh Indiana volunteers President Harrison was re-elected president of the regimental association.

Maximilian Fleischman, a well known manufacturer of yeast, doing business in New York, died at sea Sept. 1, on board the steamer Columbia, from Hamburg, which arrived at New York Sept. 5. He was 45 years old.

Capt. McMichan, the well known Cunard line commander, is dead. He was formerly commodore of the Cunard fleet, but retired from active service some time ago.

Gen. Antonio Marco, who was banished from Cuba, and his wife have arrived at *New York from Santiago.*

Robert Shelton, colored, was hanged at Laurens, S. C., for the murder of William Rayford, also colored. Last February they had a quarrel about a woman, and Shelton killed Rayford with an ax, and threw the body into an old well. He confessed at the moment that the killing was in self defense.

George Morey, a farmer of Milbrook, N. Y., while walking on the Newburg, Dutchess and Columbia railroad tracks, was struck by a train and instantly killed.

The president has approved the acts in regard to collisions at sea; constituting Cairo, Ills., a port of delivery in the customs district of New Orleans; to remove the charge of desertion from the record of William H. Fenton; granting relief to Samuel D. Harper; for the relief of the heirs or legal representatives of Robert J. Baugness, deceased; extending the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit and district courts to the great lakes and their connecting waters; for the relief of the Norfolk County Ferry company; for the relief of Isabella Hance, for the construction of two bridges across Beech river, Louisiana, and to provide an American register for the steamer Italia.

The Texas Republicans have nominated Webster Flanagan for governor and W. R. McKenson for lieutenant governor.

The president has nominated John H. B. Anstck, of Pennsylvania, to be special examiner of drugs, medicines and chemicals in the district of Philadelphia.

Alfred Townsend, aged 91 years, hung himself in a barn at Hernardsville, N. J.

Frank Tully, a former Rochester business man, who was sentenced to Auburn prison for five years and three months for forgery in 1887, has been pardoned by Governor Hill.

Andrew Carnegie, the American millionaire, is entertaining Sir Walter Foster and Lady Foster at Cluny Castle.

It is unauthorized that Dr. Peters will shortly be rewarded for his services to Germany in east Africa by receiving the appointment of governor of the Cameroons district, Germany's possessions in west Africa.

The steamers C. H. Northam and Continental, of the New Haven line, came into collision in the East river at New York. Four persons on the latter were injured. The Northam went on her way, but the captain had to turn back after passing Hell Gate, and her 300 passengers were transferred to the Mohawk and sent on by train.

Mrs. Emma Tourgee will have to serve twenty five days in jail for contempt of court in failing to answer regarding the financial affairs of her husband, Judge Albion W. Tourgee, of "A Fool's Errand" fame. The Buffalo supreme court has so decided.

Two of the largest gas wells ever struck were opened near Pittsburg Thursday, and all danger of a failure in the supply is over.

Negroes Fight Over a White Girl.

READING, Sept. 6.—For some time past Katie Runkle, a young white girl employed as a waitress at the Mansion house here, has received the attentions of John W. Brown and John Arbogast, colored, employed as porters in the same hotel. Bad feeling has existed between the dusky rivals for some weeks. Last night Arbogast was walking with the girl when Brown came toward them. Each drew a revolver and several shots was exchanged. Brown fell with a fatal wound in the head. Arbogast and the girl were arrested.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THE SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses Reefers in navy drab and striped, medium weight.

A full line of medium weight underwear for ladies, gentlemen and children.

Children's and misses flannel dresses in plain and two piece suits with blouse and plaited skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH,

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BECRAW, | 94 SOMERSET ST.

Special Notices.

PENSIONS FOR EVERYBODY. Sleight & Co., late U. S. Pension examiners, are doing a large office business at the City Hotel, and have consented to remain until Monday afternoon next. They give free advice on all new legislation, and are among the most successful attorneys in Washington. No one should fail to call with papers for examination, as they have already made glad the hearts of a number of Plainfield claimants with large allowances.

CLAIRVOYANT. Mrs. Dr. Edwards, by request of her numerous patrons, has returned again to Plainfield, can meet them a few weeks, from Aug. 28, to Sept. 13. Call at once, as this is positively your last chance. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c to $1 Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4, four flight up Plainfield, N.J. 2-1w

H. SPENCER.

Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. Salt, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Pioneer spices, pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and floss wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, sold at wholesale prices. Also lessons given in doing lace work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 34 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUB-, VINES and greenhouse plan's, beautiful palms, &c., for sale and to let; also BUILDING SITES, HIGHLAND VIEW, new nurseries, at Deeton's Nursery, No. 127 Hillside avenue. 8-30-1y

CUT FLOWERS for sale at Mrs. Tindall's, also a lot of greenhouse cash. Intelligence office, conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 93 West Front st.

USE SCATTER-GORNS

For Corns, Bunions and Enrlarged Joints. Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Circular and testimonials mailed. Address as follows:

Scatter-Gorn Co., Box 1, Plainfield, N. J. At druggists, or send 50c. silver for sample by mail. DR. H. BISCOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS AND DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger

Prices the lowest.

Design the latest.

Don't forget the Cole rated Hour Ventilator

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21 1y.

A. Gaylord & Son's

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Scotch Plain.

What a Crop of Corn I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to ROGERS BROS., and buy a pair of those glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We are always stocked with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.,

12 W. FRONT STREET

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate ensure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

(Successor to R. R. Fairchild)

Furniture and Bedding,

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND BED ROOM

FURNITURE

Spring Beds, Tables and chairs, Baby Carriage the largest assortment in town.

PLAINFIELD

OVERLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams at reasonable rates. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Particular attention paid to disinfecting. Orders rest at Park House. Manufacturers of the Best Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. bp Either 95, Tele phone call 29

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEAR SWEEP-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and will please each customer.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 20 Dorer Street, N. Plainfield.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, harnesses, pungs, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farwin Iron Pung. John P. Wolfe, East street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. Chase

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the public patronize.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washington avenue. Beyond the borough limits ten cents.

Connect with the 6:9, 7:20 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 2:37 and 5:10 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington avenue. Those who desire to leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 10:30 a. m., 2:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 3:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:30 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 8:03, 8:56, 9:50, 10:50 a. m., 12:05, 1:31, 2:35, 3:40, 4:40, 5:30, 6:25, 7:09, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sundays, 5:00, 5:37, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

Leave New York at 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:15, 9:30, 9:45, 10:00, 10:15, 10:30, 10:45, 11:00, 11:15, 11:30, 11:45, 12:00 night. Sundays at 2:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:48, 6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:27, 9:20, 10:05, 10:50, 11:30 a. m., 1:00, 2:07, 2:30, 3:25, 4:15, 5:00, 5:30, 6:15, 6:50, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Sundays, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6:45, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:05, 9:50, 10:35, 11:15 a. m., 12:30, 1:45, 2:50, 3:15, 4:05, 4:50, 5:20, 6:00, 6:35, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 p. m. Sundays, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45 a. m., 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 8:00, 8:40, 11:00, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 p. m. Sundays at 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6:45, 7:30, 8:07, 9:40, 11:20 a. m., 12:40, 2:10, 3:10, 4:10, 5:10, 6:10, 7:40, 8:40, 10:10 p. m. Sundays at 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Parlor cars on Newark connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 8:00, 8:40, 11:00, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 11:00 p. m. Sundays at 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6:45, 7:30, 8:07, 9:40, 11:20 a. m., 12:40, 2:10, 3:10, 4:10, 5:10, 6:10, 7:40, 8:40, 10:10 p. m. Sundays at 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Parlor cars on Newark connections at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:09, 8:07, 9:42, a. m., 12:00 m., 2:40, 3:56 p. m. Sundays at 5:45, 8:15, 9:05, 10:56 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 9:00, 11:42, a. m., 3:59, 5:27 p. m. Sunday 8:15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Pittsburg, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7:09 a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopezville, Phillipsburg, L. & N. R. R. Allentown, Reading, Mauch Chunk 9:42 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1:09 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

2:40 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg etc. 3:56 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Belvidere, Delaware, Allentown, etc. 8:40 p. m. For Flemington, 5:56 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg. 8:00 p.m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sunday 9:05 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, etc. Sunday 8:15 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk. Tamaqua, Hazelton, etc. 9:45 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and connects 4:35 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:17, 8:00, 8:37, 10:05, 11:00, 5:37, 7:00, 8:07, through coach) 1:21, 5:31 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8:37, 11:00 a. m., 4:37 p. m. For Perth Amboy 5:37, 8:37, 10:05, 11:00, 4. m.; 1:00, 4:37, 5:31, 7:07 p. m. Sunday 8:37, 11:00 a. m., 4:37 p. m.

For Atlantic City 8:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Cape May 8:37, 11:00, a. m., 4:00, 5:31 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:17, 5:45, 8:09, 9:46, 10:58 a. m., 1:25, 3:48, 4:56, 8:00 p. m. For Quakers at 1:17, 5:46, 8:09 a. m., 1:30, 4:56, 5:56, 8:00 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:17, 5:45, 8:09, 9:46, 10:58 a. m., 1:25, 3:48, 4:56, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 5:46, 8:09 a. m., 4:56, 8:00 p. m.

L. P. Somerindyke, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. R. Outerbridge, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:36 a. m. train. Route, Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 5 th st. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.33 a. m. train
3d "	9.15	do	9.37 do
4th do	10.30	do	10.37 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.34 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.08 p.m. do
7th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.15 do 1 p. m.
8th do	3.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	5.30 do	meet 5.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	6.30 do	do 6.51 do	
11th do	8.45 do	do 9.07 do	
12th do	11.00 do	do 11.22 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nue, to meet Plainfield connecting trains. Above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over al ove routes. Time table report as follo ws: 6.07, 8.30, 9.22, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.05, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.32 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for pleasure and outing purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, 6th and 8th. Telephone Call 4. 1-8tf

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

24 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivereance. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

FLOWER POTS

AT THE 5 AND 10 CENT STORE.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The Nutritious Milk Shake are still very popular

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNES, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponacious. Pleasant to the taste, 25c. per bottl

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Builders Cards.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly tended to at

66 West Front st.

Opp site M. E. church.

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 943.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE. 20c bottle..... $2.25 per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imported style)..15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle..... $2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

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Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

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FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

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NO GIVE AWAY HUMBUG

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BEST GOODS

FOR THE

LEAST MONEY

U. B. Crane,

HATTER AND FURNISHER,

12 PARK AVENUE

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Information About That Very Commonplace Article Called Butter.

Butter was unknown to the ancient Greeks—at least no reference is made to it by Homer or Aristotle—and even to this day is a great rarity in Mexico and South America and in certain portions of China. Herodotus and Hippocrates described it in the Fifth century, B. C., the butter which the Scythians obtained from mare's milk by violent agitation, and Dioscorides states that the best butter is made from sheep's and goat's milk. It was not in common use in England until after the Fourteenth century. It is less frequently eaten by barbarous than civilized nations. It is made from milk, chiefly from that of the cow. That from the buffalo is employed in Egypt and India, and that from the goat in other countries.

Butter is the best known of all non-nitrogenous animal foods (fats), but is composed in very different quantities, varying from the large cupful, as drank before breakfast by the Bedouins near the Red sea and Persian gulf, to the thin layer, as eaten at most meals on the slice of bread by the inhabitants of this country.

The Manufacture of Mosaic.

The manufacture of mosaic may be traced to Indian origin, and it was known in Rome before the days of the republic. The art was also practiced under the empire, not merely by the introduction of marble of several colors, but by the invention of artificial stones called in Italian smetti, which may be made in every variety of tint. When the pictures were introduced into churches they were made of mosaic, but the process was perfected during the last and the present centuries. The minute and numerous pieces of colored squares are placed upon a copper ground, with a cement of gum mastic and other materials; they are then ground to a perfect level and polished. The church of St. Lawrence, in Florence, contains the family tombs of the Medici, and is greatly admired by artists on account of the precious marbles, jaspers, agates, malachite, etc., with which the walls are embellished as mosaics.

Licensing Laws.

Licensing laws are older than most people are aware of. In 1495, so writes Dr. Cox in "Criminal Antiquity" (H. Henry VII. c. 2), "forasmuch as the kynge's grace most entirely desyrethamong al erthly thynges the prosperityе and restfulnesse of this his lande and his subjects of the same to live quietly and merely to the pleasure of God and accordinge to his lawes;" it was enacted, inter alia, that "yt be lawful to ij of the justices of the peace within their authority to reject and put away comon ale sellying in townes and places where they shall thynke convenient, and to take sworty of the kepers of ale houses, of theyr good behaving by the discretion of the sayd justices, and in the same to be advised and agreed at any time of theyr sessions."

The Rabbit's Foot as a Talisman.

The legends of "Br'er Rabbit" among the negroes of the clever devices in outwitting his natural enemies—the dog, fox and wolf—and thwarting every scheme designed by man or woman to entrap him, are without number. From these legends of the preternatural sagacity of the living rabbit came the idea that the dead rabbit had certain magic powers. The negroes believe that to carry a rabbit's foot in the pocket is not only a talisman for good luck, but a specific for disease. The left hind foot of the rabbit is believed to have the most efficacy, and if it be taken from a rabbit that runs in a graveyard its supernatural properties are believed to be quite irresistible.

The Inventor of Spectacles.

M. Speon, in his "Researches Curieuses d'Antiquite," fixes the date of the invention or discovery of spectacles between the years 1281 and 1311, and says that Alexandre de Spina, *having seen a pair made by* some other person who was unwilling to communicate the secret of their construction, ordered a pair, discovered the secret, and forthwith made it public. Italian antiquarians say that the person to whom Spina was indebted for his information was Salvino, who died in 1318, and quotes from an ancient manuscript his epitaph, which says, "Here lies Salvino Armota degli Armati, of Florence, the inventor of spectacles. May God pardon his sins."

From Greenland's Icy Mountains.

The hymn "From Greenland's Icy Mountains" was written by Reginald Heber about 1809. He was, according to the story, as told by The Spectator, sitting and writing with his father-in-law, the dean of St. Asaph's cathedral, when a gentleman present who was to preach a missionary sermon made a request that he would write a good hymn for the occasion. Heber went aside, and in a short time returned with three verses of the hymn, which he at once set to music. He added the fourth verse, and the hymn was sung the next day. Heber became bishop of Calcutta, including India, Ceylon and Australia, in 1823, and died in 1826.

Nicknames of Lincoln and Grant.

Abraham Lincoln had several nicknames, but the most appropriate one, the one that always clung to him, was "Honest Abe." Gen. U. S. Grant also had several. His mother called him "Useless Grant" because he was so dull and unhandy when a boy. He was sometimes called "The Tanner," because his trade at Galena, Ills., was that of a tanner. His schoolmates at West Point called him "Uncle Sam," and after the battle of Fort Donelson he was known as "Unconditional Surrender Grant."

Frederick the Great's Curious Will.

In the first volume of the "Wars of Frederick The Great," just published in Germany, there is the following will written by Frederick during the first Silesian war in 1742: "I am only king so long as I am one. If they kill me I wish my body to be burnt in Roman fashion and my ashes to be inclosed in an urn at Rheinsberg. In this case Knobelsdorf (his architect) shall construct a monument for me like that of Horace at Tusculum."

The Funny Sinking Mountain of Georgia.

The famous "Sinking mountain" on the Chattahoochee river makes a first class earthquake barometer. According to The St. Louis Republic, although it gradually settling all the time, its periods of greatest disquiets are when earthquakes are racking some remote part of the globe. When the great Japanese earthquake in 1854 a few years ago Sinking mountain was instantly lowered ten feet.

The Origin of "He's a Brick."

The expression of "He's a brick" is over 2,000 years old. Agesilaus, King of Sparta, 396 B. C., in closing his army at 30,000 men, pointing to them, said, "These are the walls of Sparta, and every man is a brick."

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Pretty Ideas in Quilts, Spreads, Chair Backs and Other Decorative Articles.

Designs on embroidered quilts are floral, and conventional floral, and few regulate much work, as with coarse embroidery, silk or flax good results can be obtained with little labor.

The set of chair back consists of two square cushions very slightly stuffed, intended to be thrown over the back of the chair, and united by ribbon bows. They are worked in gray on pink or white on blue, etc.

A lovely bedspread is of blue silk, shot with terra cotta, and embroidered in a conventionalized design of wild roses worked out with terra cotta and bronze silk.

An old fashioned design recently revived for embroidery on cushions is a bent branch with flowers, forming nearly a circle. On a cushion of old gold satin it shows up well when worked in green and *heliotrope shades of silk.*

Some new portfolios for illustrated papers or drawings have stiff covers lined inside with white linen, and flaps three inches deep, with a layer of the drawings to keep them in place. Deep blue satin, with terra cotta or blue gray pattern and border of plush, forms a handsome cover.

Squares of drawn work mounted on colored satin or sateen and bordered with Torchon or other linen lace make very handsome pillow shams, also bags for bed and toilet table.

Fashions in Beefsteaks.

It appears that there are fashions even in beefsteaks, and that the present ones are a disadvantage to the pockets and health of people of moderate means. The editor of Good Housekeeping quotes a Chicago butcher as follows:

"In skin, slight cattle the butchers take out the tenderloin in a single piece. The bone is extracted from what should be the sirloin, and these remarkable steaks are known as boneless butts." The meat is stripped and makes so called sirloins. Naturally this meat is anything but prime meat, and brings a correspondingly low price. The cheap restaurants are the purchasers of this meat, and through these restaurants the idea has spread that only these cuts are good. Now a prime cut of porterhouse from the finest cattle I have to ask from 25 to 28 cents for! The retail small butcher sells the same cut, but from a lower grade of kind of cattle, for from 16 to 18 cents.

"Every bit of meat in the prime carcass *from which I cut my porterhouse and sir*loin cuts is better than the very best cuts from inferior grades of cattle. People either don't know or won't believe this, but it is so. I can sell shoulder or 'chuck' steaks, for example, from primest, choicest beef at eight cents a pound. It is as good and sweet and juicy as the sirloin, but, no, people won't have it, and I have often to absolutely throw it away. It stands to reason that a shoulder piece of beef or mutton, from prime beef or mutton, is of course far better than these so called tenderloins from poor, lean cattle. The top steak off a round is equally good and equally cheap."

Another butcher says that in England they never cut steaks from the loin, the steaks known here as sirloin and tenderloin. Speaking as an expert, he says the steaks are cut further back—what are known as rump steaks. These and "chuck" steaks are the true steaks. A good chuck steak from a prime carcass is twice as healthy, twice as good eating and twice as cheap as the pretentious tenderloin of poor, lean beeves.

Grape Pie.

Pop the pulps out of the skins into one vessel and put the skins into another. Then simmer the pulp a little and run it through a colander to separate the seeds. Heat put the skins and pulp together, and they are ready for jugging or for pies. Pies prepared in this way are nearly as good as plum pie, and that is very good.

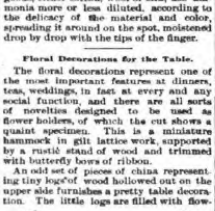
To Remove Acid Stains.

To remove the stains of acids, vinegar, sour wine, fruit juices, etc., from colored goods, either cotton, wool or silk, use ammonia more or less diluted, according to the delicacy of the material and color, spreading it around on the spot, moistened drop by drop with the tips of the finger.

Floral Decorations for the Table.

The floral decorations represent one of the most important features at dinners, teas, weddings, in fact at every and any social function, and there are all sorts of novelties designed to be used as flower holders, of which the cut shows a quaint specimen. This is a miniature hammock in gilt lattice work, supported by a rustic stand of wood and trimmed with butterfly bows of ribbon.

An odd set of pieces of china represent in a large piece of wood hollowed out on the upper side furnishes a pretty table decoration. The little logs are filled with flow-



HAMMOCK FLOWER HOLDER.

ers, a handsome combination being dark red roses for the center piece, white for both ends and yellow for the sides. An attractive arrangement used recently consisted of pink and white sweet peas massed together without foliage to form a mound in the center of the table. Low silver bowls blossoms were strewn over the cloth, with a bunch of the flowers, ribbon tied, at each plate.

Useful Hints.

For polishing furniture beeswax and turpentine is very good, but plenty of elbow grease is essential.

White paint that has become discolored may be nicely cleaned by using a little whiting in the water for washing.

For cleaning brasses belonging to mahogany furniture, use either powdered whiting or scraped rottenstone mixed with sweet oil, and rub on with a chamois skin.

The walls of each room should be brushed, a duster should be fled over a broom and then passed up and down. The dust must, of course, be shaken from time to time.

For cleaning windows and mirrors one of the best things is plain soft water and a chamois leather, having a dry chamois leather as well to polish with afterward. This process will not answer near the sea, because of the salt in the atmosphere.

The first thing to do with a carpet should be done with bath brick dust or sand and ordinary household soap. The object of the brick dust or sand is to whiten the boards. After washing leave all the doors and windows open for it to dry very quickly, which also helps to whiten the boards.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SCIENTIFIC BREVITIES AND POPULAR NEWS OF THE DAY.

Experiments Apparently Very Difficult, but Easy Enough in Practice if the Hand Be Steady—Balancing a Weight on a Nail and Key.

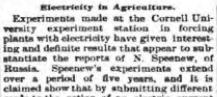
The center of gravity is the center of the leaning figure. It may be defined as that point in the body upon which the body, acting solely by the force of gravity, will balance itself in all positions. We see that animals as well as men are constantly altering the position of the center of

BALANCING A WEIGHT ON A NAIL AND KEY.

gravity. If a man bears a load he will lean forward, and if he takes up a can of water in one hand he will extend the other to preserve his balance.

The experiment shown in the accompanying illustration is apparently very difficult, but it will be found easy enough, in practice if the hand be steady. Take a key, and by means of a crooked nail or "goldfinch" attach it to a bar of wood by a string tied tightly around the bar, as in the picture. To the other extremity of the bar attach a weight, and then drive a large headed nail into the table. It will be found that the key will balance, and even move upon the head of the nail, without falling. The weight is under the table, and the center of gravity is exactly beneath the point of suspension.

Another simple experiment may prove amusing. Into a piece of wood insert the



ANOTHER SIMPLE EXPERIMENT.

points of two knives, and at the center of the end of the bar insert a needle between the knife handles. The wood and the knives may then be balanced on another needle fixed in a cork at A.

Electricity in Agriculture.

Experiments made at the Cornell University experiment station in forcing plants with electricity have given interesting and definite results that appear to substantiate the reports of N. Speenew, of Russia. Speenew's experiments extended over a period of five years, and it is claimed show that by submitting different seeds to the action of an electric current their development is rendered more rapid and complete. One series of experiments was made with pot herbs and flowering plants. The influence of the electrical treatment was shown by a larger crop and by the growth of vegetables of enormous dimensions. In another series of experiments electricity on a large scale was applied, static electricity being used instead of current electricity. The results were quicker ripening and a larger growth. Barley ripened twelve days sooner with electro-culture. Potatoes treated in the same way seldom showed disease. An important factor in this treatment is that *vines which have been subjected to it pos*sess immunity from phylloxera.

The New Giffard Gun.

In the new Giffard gun the projecting power is liquefied gas, which is stored in a steel cylinder attached to the underside of the gun barrel. This cylinder, as described by The Revue Industrielle, contains enough liquid for 150 shots and is easily detachable.

The hammer drives back the piston and closes the chamber against the pressure of *the gas and of a spring, so that a little of* the liquefied gas may escape. The instant the fluid passes out the chamber closes. The ball on which the escaping gas acts is conical.

The firing of the Giffard gun causes no heating of the air or of the mechanism, and makes very little noise, like that of the popping of a champagne cork. The gun is very light.

M. Giffard, the inventor of the gun, has long been a famous man in France. He is best known as the inventor of the Giffard injector, although his other inventions are numerous and ingenious.

The Suez Canal by Electric Light.

Judging by statistics given in Engineering, the number of vessels passing through the Suez canal at night by means of electric light is rapidly increasing. The regulations for the use of the electric light went into operation March, 1887, prior to which date the privilege of traveling by night with electric light had been restricted to vessels carrying the mails. Since then all ships which conform to the regulations are allowed to proceed by night. In 1889 the number of vessels using electric lights was 2,445. The average time of transit has been considerably shortened. In 1886 it was 20 hours 37 minutes, 23 hours 9 minutes in 1888, 21 hours 13 minutes, and in 1889 it had been reduced to 25 hours 30 minutes. The average time for vessels using the electric light in 1889 was 22½ hours. The shortest time taken by a steamer in the transit of the canal in 1889 was 14½ hours, which is ten minutes less than the fastest time on record previously.

Artificial Musk.

A process for the production of artificial musk has been patented in Germany. In the process, as described by nature, pure butyl-toluol is treated with a mixture of sulphuric and nitric acid, and the nitro compound is purified by crystallization from alcohol, the yellowish white crystals smelling strongly like musk. Curiously, a one per cent. alcoholic solution has not the smell of musk. *Only after dilution with* water does this come out, and the dilution may be carried far before the smell is lost. With 1 in 5,000 it is still quite distinct.

Saccharin as a Sweetening Agent.

The Royal Academy of Medicine at Madrid has given the opinion that the addition of saccharin to food and drinks should be prohibited, as its deleterious effects on the coats of food or drink so treated should be referred sometimes into Spain. A similar ruling leaves all the doors and windows open for it to dry very quickly, which also helps to whiten the boards.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Timely Dietetic Suggestions—What to Do When Fruit Stones Are Swallowed.

As a rule, a fruit dessert in the evening and after a mixed meal ought only to be lightly indulged in, for, says a writer in Food, the average stomach will but rarely tolerate a heavy influx of such cold and usually watery ailment as fruit. This is not the case if the fruit is eaten before or between meals. Certainly, to eat *pumelon eaten with salt or butter before or imm*ediately after the soup can be freely indulged in. Experience has taught that several of our fruit may be largely taken between the courses. In many parts of the Continent this custom prevails. The Germans eat stewed fruit with many meats, and in warmer climes such fruits as grapes, plums, figs, melons and sweet lemons are habitually eaten with all kinds of dishes, or as palate refreshers between the courses.

This is the season when the accidental swallowing of large fruit seeds often occurs, sometimes causing not only considerable inconvenience and suffering, but even occasionally resulting in death. A handy remedy, which is sanctioned by medical authority, is to be found in potatoes thoroughly cooked and eaten in large quantities, no other food being taken for several days. It is said that the properties of the potatoes are such that while expanding the stomach and intestines they also cause them to relax to such a degree that any heavy article of indigestion is readily passed through with the mass.

Many people are under the impression that cucumber is very indigestible, and when they eat it they do so under protest, and with apprehensions of possibly dire consequences. How this delusion can have arisen The Leedon Hospital thinks it difficult to say, unless it be that cucumber is often eaten with salmon and other indigestible table friends. It is not the cucumber, however, but the salmon that sits so heavily upon our stomach's throat. Cucumber, according to this authority, is in fact very digestible when eaten properly. It causes, however, much trouble when it is remembered that it consists mainly of water, and that those parts which are not water are almost exclusively cells of a very rapid growth. To eat a cucumber it is well to cut it into thin slices, and to masticate them thoroughly. Even the vinegar and the pepper that are so often added to it are beneficial to the digestion if not taken in excess.

Hereditary Tuft of White Hair.

Apropos of the tuft of white hair which the famous Londoner, Mr. Whistler, bears, The British Medical Journal draws attention to a remarkable example of similar peculiarity, published in a French journal. In an old Limousin family nearly all the members, both male and female, have from their earliest years had a tuft perfectly white hair, such as adorns the head of the well known London artist. This tuft is generally brushed over the brow, but sometimes it is on the temple, and more rarely *at the back of the head. The family has* been famous for this distinctive mark in its own part of the country for three hundred years, and it is said to be as proud of it as Redgauntlet was of the hereditary horseshoe mark on his forehead. The white lock, which can be seen in the family portraits for many generations back—what is said to be rather becoming, even to the young women of the line.

A Pretty Formula for a Correct Walk.

A graceful walk is a rare charm, and one worth taking a little trouble to acquire. Some one has given ladies a pretty formula for walking correctly, as follows: Fancy a slender cord about your chest, just beneath the arms, the ends of which an angel bears aloft, fluttering just above your head, and walk so gently and smoothly and evenly that the cord shall remain taut, yet not be permitted to break. Remember, too, to hold yourself firmly at the waist; step lightly on the ball rather than the heel of the foot; do not bend the knees, except very, very slightly, in taking a step, and keep the toes in a straight line rather than turned outward.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

A Pretty Parisian Innovation Upon the Stereotyped Dinner Party.

At a recent large and fashionable Parisian dinner party the guests were not arranged in two long lines table d'hote fashion, but instead there were a number of small tables, each laid for six or eight persons. Each guest as he arrived was handed the name of the lady he was to escort, and the number of the table at which to place themselves. The center of each table was ornamented with a basket of flowers, and about your each were placed various flowers of different colors. From the middle of each rose a little silver staff with a small cup, on which the number of the table was embroidered. At the two principal tables the host did the honors at one end and the hostess at the other. This *pretty variation of the stereotyped dinner* party is interesting to hostesses in search of novel features, for which there seems a prevailing craze. After dinner all adjourned to the lawn, which was illuminated with lights among the trees.

A Christening Party.

Simple notes of invitation written in an informal manner should be sent to friends whom you wish to invite to a christening party, says The Art Interchange. The guests sit in a circle, and the god-parents hour, and when all are assembled the ceremony takes place. A table must be arranged with a christening bowl and some white flowers at any convenient part of the room. Christenings of very young children usually take place about midday, after which a collation (which is in fact a luncheon) is served. This may be an elaborate repast or not, as you choose. It is not necessary to have favors, and menus are rarely used except for formal dinners. The most correct thing for favors is a *round fat box containing sugared al*monds. These are sold in boxes, and have the name of the child and date upon the outside.

One Thing and Another.

Noon weddings are greatly in vogue, a fashion borrowed from England.

There is an art in entertaining as in everything else which pertains to social life. Extravagant expenditure, a richly spread table, luxurious surroundings and distracting attentions often fail to impart that spirit of enjoyment which is frequently found in the simplest, most unpretentious homes.

A novelty in wedding cards revives the fashion of using a seal. In tying the cards together with a bow of silver cord.

Pretty things in note paper include a pale pink and a bright blue, also a delicate gray, each with a bit of gold tracery at the head and foot, and also the monogram. A faint silver design of scroll work on a tinted pink and gray ground looks as if it was made of gossamer, but is very effective when pressed with writing.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and *'tis the last, of those* remnants, of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing paper deserves special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods every where free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

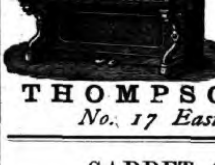
This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS



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NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

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SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park Avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.25, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—13c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 33c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12 c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's *Fruit Jars*, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE. SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

300 Parasols, in stripes, checks, solid colors and black. These goods are manufacturers samples and are sold less than wholesale jobber's prices. 50 pieces fine challies, equal in appearance to all wool goods at 5 cents per yard, worth 10 cents.

We will open the latter part of this week 1 case fine laces at 3 cents per yard. Large line of ladies and Misses blouses and Jerseys. Great reductions in millinery goods and children's caps.

Embroidered and lace flouncings in endless variety.

I. H. BOEHM, 7 West Front street.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tuttle J. Clacy, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Front street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice and reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P. O. Box 798.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most coze is at ways taken to close it at the mines, and is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the new self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 130. Counter constantly on hand. Carting and sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

Mrs. J. M. Dunn,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER.

Latest shapes in

Boonnets and Hats

FRENCH IMPORTED FLOWERS,

Feathers, Velvets, Ribbon, Buttons, Laces and Fancy Goods an Millinery. Dress and Jabinet Cape a specialty. Pleating, Stamping and Framing. Feather Dyeing Cleaned and Curled at short notice. 1 Door

14 West Front St.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republican of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention. The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes cast, and one for every fraction over fifty, cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. P. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE M. SHIPPMAN, LEWIS ELY,
HORACE E. RUNK, P. P. RABER,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF,
Committee.

Dated August 6, 1890.

Republican Primaries.

Pursuant to the above call the Republican voters of Somerset county will meet in their respective townships at the places hereinafter designated, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1890,

at 3 o'clock p. m., (except in North Plainfield, which will meet at 7 o'clock) for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the Fourth District Congressional Convention to be held in Armory Hall, Somerville, Somerset county, on Thursday, September 18th, 1890, at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be supported at the coming election in November, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention.

The representation shall be as follows:

	DELEGATES
Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel	1
Bernards—Moore's Hotel	3
Branchburg—Dilington's Hotel	2
Bridgewater—Court House	9
Franklin—Hunister's Hotel	4
Hillsborough—Dodd's Hotel	3
Montgomery—Hasserole's Hotel	2
N. Plainfield—Basement New School House	4
Warren—Bethel Hotel	2

G. S. COOK, Chairman of Ex. Com.
Dated September 4th, 1890.

Crescents vs. Tee Kay Guards.

The Crescents were to have met the Tee Kays on Saturday last, and hoped to have cancelled the defeat which they had met at their hands.

The weather, unpropitious in the forenoon, had cleared, and the afternoon was all that could be desired for excellent play.

A large crowd was present and eagerly awaited the arrival of the Trentons. At last came a telegram announcing that it rained heavily at Trenton, and that the team remained at home.

The option was given to those present to receive back their money, or to remain and witness a game in which the Crescents would supply their adversaries with a battery.

About half stayed and received a fair equivalent for their investment.

The chief interest was in accompanying the playing of Weigand and Tee Kay on first. Wiegand had the greatest solidity and was more firm on his legs but there was an airy lightness and grace with which Tee Kay moved his pondrous bulk that charmed and fascinated the beholders. The honors were about easy, but it is safe to say that the glances of beauty lingered longer upon Tee Kay.

There was also a friendly contest for points between the well known Game Chicken and Albert Jones, which latter was successful.

Winn and Chamberiain did excellent work for the Tee Kays.

They were overmatched, but made a most creditable showing.

The Crescents as usual put up a fine game when necessary, but now and then permitted themselves to trifle with their opponents, and and came near being defeated.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	H	PO	A	E	LB	SO	SB
Hatfield, c	4	0	0	0	13	3	0	0	2	0
Martin, p	4	0	0	0	2	7	1	0	1	0
Lafferty, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0
Weigand, 1b	4	0	2	2	3	15	0	0	1	0
Lever, ss	4	1	2	1	2	4	0	2	0	0
McIntyre, rf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gregg, cf	4	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Ayres, rf	3	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Lee, 3b	3	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0
	36	1	6	5	11	27	14	3	10	2

TEE KAY GUARDS.

Jones, c	3	1	2	0	4	1	0	1	0	0
Shaw, p	4	0	4	1	0	2	0	0	1	0
Cornwell, ss	4	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Winn, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Tee Kay, 1b	4	0	2	1	13	0	1	2	0	0
Murray, rf	4	0	2	1	2	0	1	2	0	0
Chamberlain, 2	3	0	4	0	0	2	0	2	0	0
Runyon, if	4	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
Demarest, 3b-cf	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	35	5	27	7	25	13	6	3	3	0

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Crescents	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Tee Kay	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	5

Earned runs—Crescents, 3; Tee Kay, 1. Three base hits—Demarest. Two base hits, Winn. Hit with ball—Cornwell, Tee Kay. Base on balls—Jones, Hatfield, 2; Martin. Passed ball—Hatfield 2. Wild pitch—Martin. Sacrifice hit—Chamberlain. Flies caught—Crescents, 9; Tee Kay, 4. Time of game, 1.45. Umpire, W. Berryman.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Dunellen post office for the month ending August 30, 1890:

Agent Penn R R; Hefty, Mat
Agent P & R R R; Johnson, Mr Robert
Allen, Miss W; Johnson, Miss Winny
Baker, Cyrus; Kenny, John
Barry, John; Lord, David S
Blackford, Nathan; Miller, Rev. ——
Calhoun, Lieu G A; McMahon, Mrs Mich
Cheek, Mrs; McMahon, Mr Charles
Cunningham, Mr W; Overland, Mrs J
Clement, Jos H Jr; Quinn, John
Curtis, Mr E; Roberts & Collin
Clawson, J E; Richardson, Wm
Dilts, Mrs W E; Smalley, Mrs Jane H
Hughes, Mrs Ida; Stephenson, Mrs
Elder, A M Prof Wm; Taylor, Mrs Jas R
Farrer, Wm; Turman, P M
Fennell, Wm; Vanderbeek, Mr Cook S
Garretson, H S; Voorhees, A P
Gordon, Miss Mary; Whiting, Fred'k A
Hancock, Rev John W; Wright, Joseph A
Hoetles Gindet's Victor; Wm Lorpier & Co
Wm Smith.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. J. H. HAROLD, Postmaster.

Blew out a Cylinder Head.

The engine drawing the train due in this city at 11:18 o'clock last evening blew out a cylinder head at Elmora last evening. The train was delayed about two hours by the accident and the Philadelphia passenger did not arrive until after one o'clock.

A LOST BUT HAPPY CHILD.

The Trouble Caused Saturday by a Drunken Man.

A drunken tramp opened the gate at the residence of Mr. T. W. Morrison on Mountain avenue, Saturday afternoon, with the intention of entering. He was espied a large St. Bernard mastiff, whose menacing attitude indicating that he disliked the intruder's appearance, led the latter to change his mind and retire. At the same time a three-year-old child of Mr. Morrison's disappeared. In great anxiety the child's mother and sister and servant inquired about the neighborhood for the child, who had as effectually got out of sight as if the earth had opened and swallowed him. Within a few moments nearly everyone in the neighborhood had begun a search in different directions. Horses were got out in an incredibly short time.

Mr. Joseph Blatz, the proprietor of Blatz's Hotel, with greatest kindness, had two of his horses quickly harnessed up, his son Frank driving one in one direction, and his niece, a young lady, driving the other in another direction.

Bright-eyed and golden-haired Miss Maggie Fritz, one of the most accomplished horseback riders in this locality, hearing of the matter, mounted a pet pony, presented to her by her father, Mr. Adam Fritz, and was galloping off in an instant up one street and down another, in the search.

Miss McLoughlin, another kind neighbor, got out her horse and carriage, and so did Mr. George Lewis here. Then bicycles were got out, and the aid of Capt. Grant was obtained. Every nook and corner for several miles around was searched. Some went up to the mountain, others searched along the brooks, and others in the woods. While in the most painful distress and heedless of the boiling sun the sister and mother hurriedly went about inquiring for a clue.

The search was kept up for over two hours before success finally rewarded their efforts. Master Frank Blatz succeeded in locating the baby on East Front street, near Richmond, fully a mile from home, going toward Scotch Plains. He was literally covered with dust, but full of joy.

A pet dog, a black and tan, which had noticed the child stray away, had accompanied him with most touching fidelity.

Master Blatz waited to get the child into his carriage, but to no purpose. It would not go without the dog, and the dog wouldn't allow the lucky young man to touch him. This was the dilemma when the child's sister arrived, and later Capt. Grant. He was taken into the carriage finally.

The child, utterly unconscious of the trouble caused, began in childish prattle to tell of the street sights for the first time in its life it supposed it saw swimming in some pond. It was thought he had been led off by the drunken man. Effort to find the man was not successful, although he had been recognized by several.

The family are extremely grateful to their neighbors for their prompt assistance, so vigorously and kindly given, by which the little one was so soon found. No one ever thought of finding him so far away.

JOTTINGS.

—The City Common Council will meet in special session one week from to-night.

—Pursuant to a resolution of the borough council Craig place is being macadamized.

—Crescent Division Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias will hold a meeting this evening.

—The Exempt Firemen's Association will hold a meeting in Firemen's Hall this evening at eight o'clock.

—Crescent Division Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, of this city, has leased a hall on Somerset street for a lodge and drill room.

—The residents of North Plainfield are very indignant with the Board of Freeholders over the non-completion of the Washington avenue bridge.

—The Somerset County Board of Freeholders will hold its regular monthly meeting in the Court House at Somerville next Tuesday afternoon.

—The opening of the reed bird season will cause much unhappiness among the sparrows, whose friends are called upon to represent "reed on hanier or toast."

—A great many people were attracted to Hillside cemetery Sunday afternoon to see the wonderful Winfield Monument illustrated and described in THE NEWS of Saturday.

—Those who have not made up their minds with regard to the proposed constitutional amendments have not much more time in which to make up what they think of them.

—This cool invigorating autumn weather has caused a renewal of the horse-back and bicycle fever. Bicyclists and equestrians are now seen in groups, taking a spin or gallop over our good roads.

—A quest highly prized alderney cow, owned by Confectioner Hageman of North Plainfield, took a cold Sunday, was taken sick in the evening and died yesterday of what is pronounced "milk fever."

—The loss by the F. O. Smith fire a week ago, amounting to $1,000, was settled to-day in full by the German Insurance Co., through their agent Mr. Harry Brokaw, whose advertisement appears elsewhere.

—Saturday night Lewis Sprigg of Howard street, North Plainfield, was arrested on the charge made by Lewis Wyckoff of shooting a revolver and threatening to shoot complainant. Sunday morning he was tried by Justice Hardy and fined $10 and costs, which he paid.

—Prosecutor Kyte, of Plainfield is named by the World as a possible candidate for sheriff. The Republicans have not yet made up their minds who will be the next sheriff of Union county, but the World has hit upon a man who does not know what it is to be beaten. He is one of the cleanest, ablest and most popular officials Union county has. If he ever made up his mind to run for office he would get it beyond a doubt. But the question is, what Republican in Fanwood can fill his place in the Board of Freeholders.—Elizabeth Journal.

The Schools Opened.

The vacation has ended, and to-day the pupils of the public schools returned to take up their studies. It has been a most favorable Summer for vacation recreations, and the teachers and scholars have had abundant opportunity in the long period since the schools closed, for the rest of their minds and for physical recuperation. The number of scholars was not disappointed when vacation days are over, but the large majority will go cheerfully back to their books, and the privileges that are given them for education.

No special exercises were held in the North Plainfield public school.

The schools of St. Mary's parochial school resumed their studies this morning. Previously they attended half-past eight o'clock mass.

At the Plainfield High School appropriate exercises were held. After some singing, Messrs. Wiley, W. J. Leonard, ex-editor of The Central Times; Dr. J. B. Protasco, of the Board of Education, and Rev. Mr. Bailey, principal of the schools, addressed the scholars. All the teachers and a large number of the scholars were present.

State Scholarships.

In accordance with the opinion of the State Superintendent of Education and with the manifest intention of the law of March 31st, 1890, the adjourned examination for scholarships at the State College 4 fill take place to-at Saturday afternoon in the Court House in Elizabeth under the direction of the County Superintendent as provided by law. All students who were examined at the June examination and did not succeed in all subjects, and any other candidates who may have been detained from that examination, who are prepared to try the examination now, will have the opportunity of taking the examination then. Students who were unsuccessful in certain subjects at the June examination need be examined only in the subjects in which they were unsuccessful. The regulations governing the examination will be in all respects those covering the June examination.

Who Stole the Watermelon?

For some time past ex-Councilman William McD. Coriell of Evona has been cherishing a watermelon which was growing in his garden in the rear of his house. In order to protect it more thoroughly from the gaze of the public he covered it up with weeds, etc. Mr. Coriell was very proud of the melon as it had assumed immense dimensions and he contemplated cutting it for his dinner yesterday. But, alas! Friday evening some miscreant entered the yard, sought out the garden and stole the watermelon, vine and all. Mr. Coriell says he would give five dollars if he could ascertain the perpetrator of such a contemptible theft.

Short Hand at the Y. M. C. A.

Among the many advantages which the Young Men's Christian Association hope to offer to the young men of Plainfield in its educational department, and to which it would call particular attention, is the short hand class. This was so successful last season, and so many young men took advantage of it, that the association will take pleasure in organizing it again. It will open some time between the first and middle of October, and will be taught by Mr. J. A. Robinson. Any young men wishing to join it should communicate with the general secretary at the rooms.

Westfield Musical Society.

The Westfield Musical Society has over one hundred and fifty members according to the first general rehearsal will be held Oct. 6. The following officers have been elected: President, James O. Clark; First Vice-President, Joseph Sherman; Second Vice-President, Robert Lackey; Secretary, W. B. Dudley; Assistant Secretary, J. W. Sexton; Financial Secretary, Charles H. Day; Treasury, J. W. Beebe; Librarian, L. A. Lightfoot; Assistant Librarian, R. P. Grant.

Two Burglars Caught.

"Come to my assistance I think there are burglars up this way." Those were the words of Special Night Watchman Moran last night. The words were addressed to Special Policeman Mattox, and that officer accompanied the nightwatchman. After a lively tussle the two policeman succeeded in lilling two opossums, who were making good headway for a neighboring chicken which were cooped up in the rear of a East Front street resident.

The A. O. H. Prosperous.

The State Convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians in New Jersey was held in Turn Hall, in New Brunswick, Saturday, with about one hundred delegates present, representing every branch in the State. The proceedings were all of a private character. The reports showed the Order in New Jersey to be grown in membership, usefulness and financial strength.

They Know Advertising Pays.

Elsewhere is a large advertisement of Messrs. Pulper & Bingham, "the hustlers," trading under the title of the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. They are so well pleased with the results of their previous advertisements in THE NEWS that they have to-day doubled the space they formerly had, feeling justified by the great growth of their business.

Base Ball Notes.

The Westfield A. C. has a great desire to get a match at the Plainfield Crescents, and has arranged two games to be played at Westfield, on September 10th and 17th. There is great rivalry between the townspeople of the two cities, and the Westfield club think they can defeat the Crescents into the dust.—Somerville Unionite-Gazette.

The Tenth Anniversary.

The tenth anniversary of the dedication of St. Mary's church was appropriately celebrated in that church yesterday. At half-past ten o'clock the Rev. Mr. Quill, a Jesuit priest from Jersey City delivered an interesting sermon. All the services were well attended and much interest was manifested.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING

Edward Conshay Saved the Life of Charles Shontz.

Yesterday a number of Plainfielders enjoyed a clam bake at the Point of Rocks. Everything passed off pleasantly until about one o'clock in the afternoon. The Edward Conshay, Charles Shontz and two other friends secured a boat and went out for the purpose of taking a row on the lake. They had succeeded in reaching that portion of the lake known as the "devil's elbow," when suddenly the boat capsized and all were treated to a ducking. The lake is very deep at that point, and two of the party were unable to swim.

Shontz is employed as a bartender in a liquor store on Somerset street, and when he found he could not touch bottom and unable to swim, he became frightened and began calling for help.

Persons who were in the vicinity of the lake ran to the banks, but Mr. Conshay rescued Shontz and a man named Wilson.

A tailor who was engaged to cut a suit for each out of potato bags, in these they clothed themselves while their clothes were drying. They returned home last evening a sadder but wiser quartette.

Fanwood Briefs.

The Newark Camera Club have loaned their choicest views to the Fanwood Club. The committee intend to exhibit them next Wednesday evening, affording the members and their friends a rare treat.

Wednesday evening, the members of the Fanwood Club had their weekly reception, bowling, etc., and then adjourned to their club parlors, when a very enjoyable game of progressive euchre was engaged in. Miss Gertie Hubbard, Mrs. C. K. Moore, A. P. Downer and W. S. Force carrying away the beautiful prizes offered.

The Township Committee met on Monday to receive claims for damage to domestic animals by dogs. No bills for damages were presented.

The assessor's list shows 188 dogs in the Township.

The tax on dogs will be about twenty-five cents per head.—Westfield Standard.

Piscataway town Notes.

The public school opened to-day.

The stone crusher will not be in operation this year at Martin's Dock, but improvements will be made in readiness for work next Spring.

Mr. Wm. H. Brundage is getting out some fine gravel from the bar south of the Albany street bridge for Mr. Ernest Donaldson to put on the paths around his new house and on the roadway.

A new driveway is about to be laid out from Martin's Dock along the Raritan River to Mr. James Donaldson's place, connecting with Academy avenue, through Highland Park to Raritan avenue, which is in the main road. The survey which is about completed and the improvement will be offered to the county as a public road.

W. C. T. U. Anniversary.

The W. C. T. U. will celebrate its anniversary to-night in the Congregational church. The exercises will commence at eight o'clock sharp. The public is invited. The annual meeting of the Society will be held to-morrow afternoon.

PERSONAL.

Mayor Male is home from a visit to Illinois.

Miss Angie Feytel of West Front street is visiting friends in Brooklyn.

Mr. Charles Matthews of this city is among the recent arrivals at Lake Hopatcong.

Mr. A. J. Beddies of Dunellen entertained his friend Mr. Edgar of Brooklyn yesterday.

Miss Anna Grosscup of Lehighton, Pa., has been appointed assistant agent at Fanwood station.

Mrs. John O'Neil has returned to her home in New York from a two weeks visit to Mr Hughes of Jackson avenue.

Many of our citizens who are afflicted with that annoying disease, hay-fever, are, at this writing of the year, compelled to shut themselves in-doors.

Mr. Albert Winter, formerly connected with the firm of Scheptin, Baldwin, Tweedy & Company, but late of Denver, Col., spent Saturday with friends in this city.

Mr. George Thatcher, the popular comedian, spent yesterday with his family in this city. Mr. Thatcher has leased his cottage for two years during which time he expects to travel.

Mr. Isaac Scribner of North Plainfield has just returned from a three week's trip to the sea shore and upper New York state. He is greatly improved in health by his rest from business cares.

Kittie Drayton, the wife of J. W. Fraley, Jr., died at Pompton, N. J., Saturday afternoon. The funeral will take place from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Adelaide Drayton to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Wales of Brooklyn were visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Schoonhoven of North avenue last Sunday. Mrs. Wales was formerly Mrs. P. P. Good, her husband, the late City Judge of Plainfield, having died some four years ago.

Miss Antoinette Allison of Somerset street, North Plainfield, returned last evening from a three months' tour of Europe. She arrived in the city on the steamer Britannic. Miss Allison spent the last few weeks of her stay at Paris. The trip has greatly benefited her health.

Mr. Orenson V. Marsh, son of Randolph Marsh of Plainfield avenue, and Miss Olive Crocker, were quietly married on Wednesday morning, at their new home, on Marsh Court, by the Rev. Dr. Graham Taylor. After the ceremony there was a wedding supper, and an enjoyable evening spent. Mr. and Mrs. Marsh were the recipients of many and costly presents. They left on the 9.30 p. m. train South for a short wedding trip, and will be at home after September 15.

Saturday's Races.

Several very interesting races took place on the track of the Gentleman's Driving Park on Park avenue Saturday afternoon. The first race was between Charles Conover's "Asia" and John Hays' "Andy." "Andy" won. Time, 2.46 1-2 and 2.38 3-4.

The second race was between the Woodbrook Farm "Colonel" and John Conover's "John C." "John C." won the first heat in 2.42 1-2 and "Colonel" won the second and third. Time, 2.38 and 2.38.

Nate Robbins' "Doctor" and Andrew Latkins' sorrel mare trotted two heats, "Doctor" won. Time, 2.50 and 3.00 minutes.

Compton C. Vail drove "Frank S.," two miles in a road wagon. Time, 2.46 1-2 and 2.43 3-4.

Mr. O. T. Waring drove "Copeland" one mile in 2.42 1-2.

Crescent Lodge Fortunate.

At the meeting of Crescent Division, Uniform Rank, K. of P., to be held this evening, Mr. George Polhemus will present the society with a handsome banging gavel, appropriately inscribed. Mr. Polhemus has been connected with the organization since its institution, and is very much interested in it welfare. Crescent Lodge, No. 61, I. O. O. F., of Scotch Plains, held Friday evening, the members presented Crescent Division with a handsome parlor organ.

—John Sullivan and Michael Kennedy were arrested for fighting. They are to appear for trial to-morrow.

—The next annual parade of the First Regiment of the Knight of Pythias of this State will be held in this city next year.

—Propertyman Mattox lit up Music Hall Saturday evening in order to show the effect of the new scenery. Several of the directors were present and they expressed themselves well satisfied with the appearance.

—Mr. L. G. Leypoldt of New York City will speak at the opening meeting of the Young Mens' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A., to be held at the Association rooms to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. Leypoldt has had a large experience in boys' work in connection with the New York City Association, and is known to the boys who have been in attendance upon the annual Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp. Every member of the society is urged to attend.

Died.

FRALEY—Pompton, N. J., Saturday, September 6th, Kittie Drayton, wife of J. W. Fraley, Jr.

Funeral from the residence of her mother, Mrs. Adelaide D. Drayton, 16 Crescent avenue, Plainfield, N. J., Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A WOMEN for general house work wanted at No. 6 East Ninth street. Reference required. 8-2

FURNITURE—A family refurnishing, offers for sale second-hand furniture, consisting of, solid mahogany pier glass, solid walnut chamber suit, desks and parlor set, etc., Apply at 120 Central avenue. 8-2

GIRL wanted for general housework. Family of two. No first place.

HOLLY Grove gold medal prize butter in 1 lb rolls, 25 cents; cream, 40 cents; pure Jersey milk, 8 cents; buttermilk, 6 cents per quart, for sale at the dairy, Grove Farm, No. 14 North avenue, or Holly Grove Dairy, Plainfield. 6-2

LOST—A bank book. Good only to owner of. Finder please return to City National Bank.

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. Reference. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1885, N. Y. m-2

WANTED—An experienced bookkeeper at once. State age and salary expected. Males only need apply. Address Experience, P. O. Box 904. 5-3

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid or waitress by a young girl. Call at 250 West Front street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 27 Bay street.

WANTED—At 26 Central avenue, a girl for general housework. Reference required.

WANTED—Two competent girls, cook and 2nd housework and chambermaid and waitress. Reference required. Apply 179 West Front street. 9-2d

YOUNG man with references desires a situation at anything. Address "Earnest" care of THE NEWS office. 9-2

Special Notices.

CRESCENT LEAGUE.

Sub rosa will be discussed by the members of the Crescent League, Laine's hall, on Tuesday night the 9th inst. at eight o'clock.

C. P. LEGGETT

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. Dr. Edwards, by request of her many former patrons, has returned again to Plainfield; can only remain a few weeks, from Aug. 28, to Sept. 10. Call at once, as this is positively your last chance. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Ladies 50c to $1. Gentlemen $1. Can be consulted at the City Hotel, Room 4. (one flight up) Plainfield, N. J. 2-1w

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and tea dealer, 76 and 78 Somerset street, Plainfield, has a large and varied assortment of choice groceries and provisions. Which are offered at wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. Fine tea a specialty. Coffee roasted from green berry. Pepper pots, etc. Pure cider vesegar. Grocers' goods ammunition, Gunpowder, etc.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND & and fine wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and at the lowest prices. Also hosiery given in doing lace work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 Jan

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS

Can get their groceries at home or near by call on at Charles D. Hart's Grocery, 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-26-1y

TERRA, SERUUS, VIRUS

and [illegible] plants, [illegible] etc., for sale and to lease, also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Duncan's Nursery, No. 197 Rhode Island avenue. 9-30-1y

CELERY PLANTS

for sale at Mrs. Lindsley's, also a lot of Quince trees, [illegible] offer, now [illegible] by Mrs. Lindsley. 29 West Front st.

Educational.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after September 15th. Circulars sent on application. 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches the Bilbro method of piano, as taught by Giovanni, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Address 73 East Fifth street. 9-2 2w*

ELOCUTION.

Elocution, Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Abbott, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,

Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS,

Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Liberal terms to suit. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS FAWCETTS,

Kindergarten and school, 48 Craig place (Grove street), re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make the studies attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. 8 20m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY,

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will reopen on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will reopen September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. Dinger, Principal. 8-15-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner will open Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Monday, Sept 8th,

THE COMEDIANS

Evans and Hoey

In their Evergreen Success,

A Parlor Match,

EDITION DE LUXE HOYT'S BEST PLAY

Embellished with a whole lot of goodthings. First appearance of the Leavy sisters in America.

Prices 35, 50, 75, and $1.

Seats on sale Friday.

EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB

TO

Manch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the SWITCH BACK,

Wednesday, Sept. 10.

By special train leaving in Manch Chunk in time for dinner, thus giving excursionists an opportunity to visit Glen Onoko and the ride over the Switch Back gravity railroad.

Leave Plainfield 9.25 a. m., returning leave Glen Onoko 2:00, Manch Chunk 3:10, arriving home about 8 p. m. Fare to Manch Chunk and Glen Onoko $1.75. The Switch Back Seperate.

Tickets to be had from A. Vanderbeek, H. N. Spencer, J. Voehl and W. Smith Executive Committee, J. W. A. Banzhaf, Financial Secretary.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. G. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember you buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities at a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Our cash sales exceed those of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profits.

New crop Tea, 35c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 35c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12½ can: O. K. Baking Powder, 20c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 5 lbs for 25c; Headquarters for 6th Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE

20 WEST FRONT STREET. 9-2d

Marsh & Ayers.

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Brown, would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no higher prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1/2 PARK AVENUE.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.35
California Plums	25	2.35
California Apricots	25	2.35
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Tomatoes	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.80

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEIGHBOR

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $95. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture we prepared to offer them at prices reasonably low. Some old places less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

W. ROBERSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, 50c. IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 31. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Peaches and apples are a disastrous failure in many parts of the Union. This is sad news to fruit lovers. But there are yet two crops that will be abundant this fall, and those are sweet potatoes and politics.

The prospect is that applications for aid under the dependent pension act will exceed half a million. The new law merely provides pensions for soldiers or their widows or children who are dependent and need aid. Those already drawing pensions, those who are able to work for their living, or those who are in government employ are not entitled to assistance under the dependent pension act. It is said, however, that numbers of persons already getting pensions or occupying good places in government employ have applied for additional help. Sufficient to say they will not get it.

Concerning Leather.

For a few years past cattle men in the west have been in despair. Beef cattle were so low in price that no profit could be realized on them. Many of the beef raisers, not knowing what else to do, sold their cattle at any price and went out of the business. It had been overdone, they said, and more beef raised than could be marketed. Herds were sold off, and even cows and calves were sacrificed. It is said there were not enough cattle in the west this summer to fatten for the market. Consequently the price of beef cattle is going up.

But we are now confronted with another fact, showing how inextricably industries are blended. There is a shortage in the leather market. In the fall of 1889 leather touched bottom, the lowest price it had ever reached in this country. Then it suddenly became scarce. The supply had been growing smaller for some time, but it was very noticeable at the beginning of the year. Up to within three years we used to import millions of calf skins annually into America. Then we suddenly began to export hides, with the glut in our own cattle market. Our cowhides are sent across the water by the thousand now, to make shoes leather for the great standing armies of Europe.

The price of rough leather has quadrupled since last January. If now Buenos Ayres will stop meddling with politics and go into leather for all it is worth she can soon pay that debt which made the trouble. For in those regions cattle are raised for their hides alone, the beef being for some reason of little worth.

A Happy Labor Community.

It has been observed that the finer and more artistic the work done by persons in mechanical occupations, as a rule the more refined is the character of the workmen themselves. This is well illustrated in the community that is gradually growing around the organ factory in Kendal Green, Mass. This is a part of the town of Weston, thirteen miles from Boston. Three years ago the owner of the factory removed it to Weston, the home of his boyhood. He himself removed thither and built a house near the factory.

The workmen at first nearly all lived in Boston, coming out to their task daily. But the city was close and stuffy. Kendal Green was sweet and country-like. Soon the absurdity of sleeping in the city in tenement rooms dawned on the mechanics. One after another they began to rent cottages at Kendal Green, and to remove there altogether, as their employer had done before them. Mr. Hastings, the proprietor of the works, then began to build cottages, which he rented to the men at moderate prices. Gradually a whole community of clean, self respecting, intelligent mechanics sprang up around that organ factory.

One more step followed. That was for the men to own their homes. That consummation is rapidly being reached. The workmen are fortunate in having an employer who looks out for their interests as well as for his own in their place. Beautiful cottages are springing up all about the factory. The land owned by the proprietor is being sold on liberal terms to the workmen, and every encouragement is offered them to beautify and improve their homes.

There is a club house, provided with reading room, lecture room, library and rooms for social recreation and games. There is a great playground for the community children. A club has been organized for women as well as for men, and to this belong the lady members of the proprietor's family, thus striking at the root of that caste feeling which has wrought so much harm among women.

There has never been a strike or unpleasantness in the works in thirty-five years. In this clean, wholesome, pleasant atmosphere the young men of the colony find there is really more fun than in the feverish dissipations of the city. Intellectual, social and athletic entertainments are all provided for.

The coming distribution of manufacturing centers will apparently be into such healthful communities as this, and away from the heart of great cities.

TO VOTE ON IT TUESDAY

The Tariff Bill's Last Days in the Senate.

WORK ON THE NICARAGUA CANAL

Over 1,800 Men Are at Work and the Construction of the Canal Proper Is Well Under Way—The Elements Even Favor the Great Scheme.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The senate will dispose of the tariff bill this week. Today is being devoted to debate on the sugar schedule, and the democratic proposition under the thirty minute rule. The agreement is that a final vote on the bill will be taken Tuesday. The chances are, however, that a vote will not be had before Wednesday or Thursday, as may be that some further time will be allowed for general debate. There is no doubt that the bill will pass, the expectation being that the division on the final vote will be on strict party lines. Mr. Frye will probably ask senate to agree to the conference report on the river and harbor bill. If there is any opposition to debate the report it will go over until the tariff bill has been disposed of. Mr. Plumb has given notice that he will call up the conference report on the land grant forfeiture bill when the tariff bill is out of the way, and Mr. Sawyer has announced his intention to ask immediate consideration for the anti-lottery bill. It is probable that before the end of the week the "steering committee" will arrange a new order of business.

They Will Seat the Negress.

Tuesday the contested election case of Langston against Venable from the Fourth district of Virginia will be called up in the house and it will be immediately followed by the case of Miller against Elliott from the Seventh district of South Carolina. The Republican members of the committee on elections have declared in favor of Messrs. Langston and Miller, both negroes, and it is safe to say that they will be seated, although Gen. Mahone, it is understood, is opposed to the seating of Langston. There will be much among the Republicans may occur in the vote on this case. In every contested election case that has been before the house this session the house has sustained the majority of the elections committee. The conference report on the general deficiency bill is expected before the end of the week, and it is possible that the tariff bill will come from the senate. There is but little disposition on the part of the Democrats to delay the bill, and it will probably be referred to, the committee on ways and means under the rules, reported back with a general substitute agreed, debated briefly and sent to conference.

Work on the Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—A. J. Monocal and several other gentlemen of the engineer staff of the Nicaragua canal construction corps have just reached Washington from Greytown on a short leave of absence. They report commendable progress already on the great engineering project. Several million dollars have been spent and the actual work of the canal construction is now well under way, and so well started under such favorable financial auspices that the success of the scheme is assured. The Nicaragua canal company has recently purchased at an enormous expense the plant of the American Dredging company, which had been doing the work on the abandoned Panama canal.

The Great Greytown Pier.

Already the pier or breakwater extending out into the gulf of Greytown is nearly completed; the actual dredging for the canal on the gulf side has begun; the telegraph line from Greytown to Lake Nicaragua, connecting with the lines on the Pacific coast is completed, and the railroad from Greytown to the lake along the line of the canal, is well under way. At present about 1,800 men and a corps of eight officers or engineers are on the ground and at work. The first work preliminary to work on the canal proper was the building of the great pier at Greytown, extending 1,800 feet out toward the deep water. This pier is necessary to protect the entrance to the canal, and work on it was begun early last January. Seven hundred feet of the pier has been completed. When work was begun at the entrance to the harbor was obstructed by a sand bar. The 700 feet of pier already built has so changed the currents that this obstructing sand bar is almost entirely worn away by the action of the water.

News of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Admiral Walker's visit to Washington last week and his conference with Secretary Tracy has been the source of much conjecture and speculation in navy circles. The idea that Admiral Walker and Rear Admiral Harmony are to succeed each other in their respective positions as commander of the white squadron and chairman of the lighthouse board does not receive much credit at the department. It is generally thought that Admiral Walker's visit was caused by discuss the future movements of the vessels now on the Atlantic station. The white squadron will probably remain home on the home station with Admiral Walker in command, while Admiral Gherardi will proceed to the European station, with the Philadelphia as his flagship, accompanied by the [illegible] and retire in such an event the Baltimore will probably return to the home station or go to China and become the flagship of the Atlantic station. Vessels are greatly needed on the Pacific station, and probably Rear Admiral will be dispatched thither from the Asiatic station.

Bennett's Horrible Suicide.

HOKEYTON FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Artemis Bennett, a farmer living eight miles south of here, committed suicide Sunday in a horrible manner. Bennett cut his bowels open and pulled them out and stamped them on the ground and afterward cut his throat. He was in the best of financial circumstances, and his domestic relations were happy.

Dropped Dead at the Theatre.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Saturday night during the sensational horse race scene in "The County Fair" at the Columbia theatre, W. D. Harbert, of 260 Southwood street, dropped dead in his seat in the parquette circle. Harbert was subject to heart disease and the exciting scene proved too much for him.

Ennis's Salary Still Unpaid.

BERLIN, Sept. 8.—The Berlin Kreuz-Zeitung alleges that Emin Pasha has not yet received the arrears of salary due him from the Egyptian government. Germany pays him $10,000 a year—the salary of a major general.

THE HUMAN FORM DIVINE.

The Winners of the Sargent Prizes for Physical Symmetry.

BOSTON, Sept. 8.—Some three years ago Dr. D. A. Sargent, director of the Hemenway gymnasium at Harvard college, offered $1,000 in two prizes to persons, male and female, whose physical proportions should most nearly approach perfect symmetry as indicated by the anthropometric chart. The object of both offers and prizes is to stimulate the youth of both sexes with a laudable incentive to systematic and judicious physical training, with a view of reaching as nearly as possible the standard of manhood and womanhood. The trials allowed for the competition was three years and there have been about 3,000 competitors. The prizes were awarded as follows: Prize No. 1 for the most perfect male development, Henry Chester Jackson, Wisconsin, Me., senior in Bowdoin college and prominent as an oarsman since entering the college. Prize for the most perfect female development, Margaret Blanche Best, Meadville, Pa., member of the summer school for Physical Training at the Hemenway gymnasium and instructor in physical training at Allegheny college.

Mr. Jackson's nearest competitor was William Fay Garceau, graduate of Bates' college and director of the Forsyth School gymnasium, Philadelphia. Miss Best's nearest rivals were two members of the Hemenway Summer school, a saleswoman in a Boston store, a teacher at Wellesley Highlands, a pupil of Lowell seminary, Auburndale, and two members of the Berkeley Ladies' Athletic club, of New York, both daughters of prominent lawyers in that city. It is understood that similar prizes are to be offered for the coming year.

PUGILISTIC MAYOR GLEASON.

His Brutal Assault Upon an Associated Press Representative.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Mayor Gleason, of Long Island, committed an unprovoked and brutal assault upon George A. Crowley, the Long Island representative of the Associated Press, last evening. Mr. Crowley was talking with a number of prominent gentlemen in Miller's Long Island City hotel when the mayor entered, and seeing Crowley, exclaimed:

"You are a loafer and a thief!"

Mr. Crowley resented the accusation, whereupon Gleason struck him a savage blow in the face, knocking him down. The mayor then fairly kicked the prostrated Crowley several times in the face, splitting his lips, smashing his nose and knocking out several teeth.

Gleason was finally dragged away and Crowley was taken into the restaurant, where the blood was washed from his face. In the melee Crowley, who is near-sighted, lost his glasses and returned to find them. As he entered the bar room Gleason again rushed at Crowley and knocked him down. The mayor was then finally forced to desist and Mr. Crowley went out in search of a warrant for Gleason's arrest, but could find no magistrate at home. The grand jury will convene today and Mr. Crowley intends to take steps to have the mayor indicted for assault.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Gloucester, N. J.—								
Athletic	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—4
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Athletic, 9; Toledo, 8. Errors: Athletic, 2; Toledo, 4. Batteries: McMahon and Riddle; Swartwood and Sage.

Standing of the Clubs.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Boston	70	42	.625	Chicago	61	55	.526
New York	69	43	.616	Pittsburg	48	61	.444
Brooklyn	69	45	.605	Cleveland	47	66	.416
Philad'a	61	54	.535	Buffalo	30	80	.272

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Brooklyn	77	39	.679	Chicago	53	48	.570
Boston	71	44	.617	New York	53	48	.570
Philad'a	68	46	.596	Cleveland	51	57	.527
Cincin'ati	60	50	.545	Pittsburg	41	69	.373

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Louisville	67	36	.650	Athletic	53	51	.510
St. Louis	61	46	.570	Rochester	52	52	.500
Columbus	59	47	.557	Syracuse	34	69	.425
Toledo	55	47	.539	Baltimore	28	78	.264

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
N. Haven	78	27	.776	Newark	54	50	.519
Lebanon	69	45	.605	Harrisb'g	42	66	.389

He Shot Two Women.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 8.—Ed Reninger, a laborer living at 101 Thirteenth street, went to the house of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Hannem, Sunday and requested his wife to come back and live with him. Mrs. Reninger refused, whereupon he drew a revolver and fired three times at his wife and twice at his mother-in-law. Mrs. Reninger received two bullets in the head and one in the arm, her mother receiving two in the head. The two women were taken to the Passavant hospital. Both will probably recover. Reninger was arrested. He charges his wife with infidelity.

A Matter of Millions.

HELENA, Mon., Sept. 8.—Henry A. Root, of New York, who represents himself and other eastern heirs of the late Senator Davis, has been in Montana several days examining the will filed by John A. Davis making Davis heir to his dead brother's millions. D. W. Carvalho, the New York expert in handwriting, after a thorough examination, pronounces the signature to the will a forgery, and the document itself spurious. This conclusion of the expert will cause still more litigation.

A Three Cornered Congressional Fight.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 8.—The Independent Political Labor league has nominated Isaiah G. Ebsery, local passenger agent of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg railroad, for congress to succeed Charles S. Barker. It is probable that ex-Congressman Greenleaf will be the Democratic nominee, and as the Republicans have already placed ex-Congressman Van Voorhis in the field, a lively fight is probable.

He Shot the Negro Dead.

WARRENTON, Ga., Sept. 8.—Tom Adams, a negro, raised a disturbance in front of the Warrenton hotel. W. J. Norris, proprietor of the hotel, ordered him away. Adams assumed a menacing attitude and Norris shot him dead. The negroes of the town are greatly incensed at the occurrence and threaten vengeance, but the white citizens are prepared and do not expect trouble.

John Rhodes Acquitted.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Sept. 8.—John Rhodes has been acquitted of the murder of his nephew, William Rhodes, whom he shot on April 19 last. The men quarrelled, William drew a revolver and was killed by John. The jury based its verdict on the theory of self defense.

William C. Kennedy Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—William C. Hee Kenny, of the wholesale drug firm of Carpenter, Hennessy & Co., of this city, died Sunday of heart disease. He was 52 years old. He was treasurer and a leading member of the Academy of Natural Sciences.

FORTY-FOUR ARE DEAD.

Frightful Loss of Life at Spokane Falls.

SEVENTEEN BODIES RECOVERED.

The Premature Explosion of an Immense Charge of Dynamite in the Northern Pacific Freight Yards Caused Terrible Havoc—Digging Out Mutilated Bodies.

SPOKANE FALLS, Sept. 8.—The work at the scene of the fatal rock cut explosion proceeded until nearly midnight, when it was ordered stopped lest some careless blow with the pick should set off one of the three other heavy blasts that had been prepared. Early in the morning the work began again, but no more bodies were recovered. The huge pile of broken rock was almost entirely removed, and it is not thought that there are any more bodies buried there, although it is possible that one or two more will be found today in a sort of pocket, from which the rock was not removed.

The Dead and Injured.

The dead so far as they have been recovered are: Henry Aptell, John Carlisle, P. A. Hales, H. T. Hughes, Henry Jacobini, Isaac Johnson, Dan McArthur, James McPherson, Homer Olsen, Roy Pinkney, Andrew Pusiowello, Joseph Ray, J. Talbo, Charles Veyeller, Henry J. Veyeller, B. Vitner and A. D. Warner.

The Seriously Injured.

Among the more seriously injured now in the hospital are:

Joe Baronie, injured internally, right ear split and scalp wounds.

John O. Blaine, injured internally.

Matthew Eslo, compound fracture of both bones of the right leg and severe scalp wounds.

Jacob Mackie, injured internally, severe bruises and scalp wounds.

Leo Rhine, shoulder blade and arm dislocated and leg broken.

John Rhine, head badly cut, three fingers of left hand amputated.

Others Reported Are Dead.

Great crowds of people swarmed about the scene of the catastrophe all day, and in the excitement many rumors were afloat which have no foundation except in the imagination.

Of the injured at the hospitals one, Hugh Hayes, died. Two others who were badly injured are reported to have died at their homes. These, with the fourteen dead at the morgue, make the total number dead thus far definitely known seventeen, with seven or eight more dangerously injured, some of whom will die.

More to Be Accounted For.

There were forty men working in the fatal cut at the time of the explosion, and of the seventeen to be accounted for only a few are known to have escaped. The foreman says he will not know how many of them escaped until the roll is called. Half a dozen of those at work in the cut at the time the explosion occurred were present to testify at the coroner's inquest in the afternoon.

It was stated that there were 130 pounds of dynamite in each of the charges which were exploded, and the coroner's jury concurred in the view that the second charge was exploded by the jar from the first.

Mangled Beyond Recognition.

The cause of the accident is of course conjectured, the only evidences giving any light on it being the statements of two witnesses, that the man who was doing the tamping became impatient as the hour of 6 drew near and drove the tamping rod with careless strokes. However this may be, he paid the penalty with his life. A piece of rock may have been dislodged in the drill hole and the driving of the tamping rod would then have acted on the explosive. The bodies at the morgue were so mangled almost beyond recognition, but most of them have been identified. The victims were mainly Swedes and Italians.

Digging Out Victims.

A later report than the above states that there are yet twenty-seven men unaccounted for, all of whom are probably buried beneath the mighty mass of rock, and that it is believed forty-four men were killed by the explosion. The men were working in a cut leveling off the ground for the new Northern Pacific freight yards. The cliff of rock on the side of the cut which was being removed was twenty feet high. The blasts are so arranged that the rock is thrown toward the cut. Not anticipating the blast, about thirty men were under the cliff when the blast exploded.

Shrieks and Groans Appall.

A great mass of rock and earth rained in the air and pitched over into the cut, burying the men beneath its awful weight. None of them had time to run, but a few escaped in a miraculous manner. Over 1,000 men were on the adjoining cuts, and at once were on the scene of the terrible accident and began with picks and shovels to hunt for the buried dead. From all over the huge mass of rock groans and shrieks issued, and the air was filled with the appeals of the wounded and dying. A short half hour and all was still.

The Harrisons at Cresson Springs.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 8.—Sunday was an ideal summer day here. The president, accompanied by Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Dimmick and Secretary Halford, attended divine worship in the large parlor of the mountain house at 11 a. m. The services were conducted by Rev. George Rodgers, an Episcopal clergyman from Altoona, Pa. Mrs. Kennedy Halford assisted in leading the singing. The young lady also sang with good effect a solo entitled, "Angel of Charities." In the afternoon the president and Mrs. Dimmick indulged in another stroll through the woods. Last night Mr. George M. Pullman, of parlor car fame, arrived on the Chicago limited express, stopping off here to pay his respects to the president.

It Was a Josiah of a Train.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Sept. 8.—The Boston express which ran into a commuters' train at the junction here Saturday evening, thus causing much excitement, was a veritable Josiah of a train, for in addition to this accident the train on its trip down from Boston killed a woman at Hartford and fatally injured two men at Meriden. None of the commuters were very seriously injured.

Death of a Well Known Steamboat Man.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 8.—D. H. Bishop, first mate of the steamboat Mary Powell, died at New Hamburg. He was a steamboat man for over thirty years and well known all along the river.

Master and Horses Perished.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Sept. 8.—During a storm lightning struck the barn of Jacob Bogart, near this city, setting fire to the building and killing Bogart and a team of horses.

Professional Cards.

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Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR H. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York City. Rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Trade Exchange Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

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Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY,"

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Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

CARNEY BROS., AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers,

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved grates and stoves, sewer gas and back water traps.

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repair; at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the proprietor of the Waverly we are employed as agents and general managers.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past, we solicit a continuance of the same, and orders which will receive prompt attention.

I reserve rooms given to the transient trade at reasonable rates.

Telephone connection. Residence, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Justice street, North Plainfield.

Mrs. Stephenson,

258 WEST FRONT STREET.

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Jellies and Wedding supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5-14 tm

Gasoline Stoves.

Baldwin Refrigerator

RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Window Screens.

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

3 1 3 4 2 3 CALL 6. FRONT

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers.

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at 11 Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FORST ST. and PARK AVE.

Gentlemen's Fine Footwear and Ladies' Oxford Ties

Russet Apples

RUSSET SHOES

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you prefer a fine you can get them of my store. I have just received a fine lot of

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street. North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same price as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Dorr Street.

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Justice street, North Plainfield.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

42 North avenue.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 818

Safety Bicycles

—FOR—

LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $125.
Warwick	$125.
Strong	$8.
Little Giant	$5.

HIGH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 FOR BESSET STREET.

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

48 North avenue.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

30 & PARK AVENUE.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

STRIKERS UNDER ARREST

Several Alleged Train Wreckers Apprehended at Albany.

J. J. REED'S ALLEGED CONFESSION

It Is Said That He Implicates Four Strikers in the Castleton Affair—Prominent Knights Sympathize with the Railroad. The Air Is Full of Rumors.

ALBANY, Sept. 8.—John J. Reed, a brakeman residing at East Albany, has been arrested at Hudson charged with wrecking the New York Central train near Castleton Thursday night. It is said that he has confessed his crime and has given the names of four companions, all of whom, it is said, are strikers. The greatest excitement prevails here, and the strikers themselves make threats against Reed. He was brought to this city very quietly and is thought to be confined in the Central depot, although Superintendent Bissell says he is not. Mr. Bissell, when seen by a United Press reporter, said: "I have nothing to say and would prefer to have things kept quiet. Today may be a day of surprises."

How the Arrest Was Made.

Capt. Robert Pinkerton said: "Nothing can be said just now. My men did not approhend the man, and even if they had, I could not talk of the case.

"The facts are difficult to obtain, but it seems that as soon as the detectives went to work they found traces of Reed, who is a well known railroad man, the whole family being in the business. He was tracked to Schodack and then to Hudson, and Saturday night one of the detectives found him at a disreputable house. The chief detective of the road clapped him on the back and said, 'Reed, we want you at Albany.'

"Who Squealed?"

"Reed turned deathly pale, and said: 'What, for that job at Castleton? Who squealed?'

"He was at once locked up and was brought here later."

Mr. Bissell's reticence in the matter, it is believed, arises from the fact that they are trying to get Reed to give the names of the others, and further rumors say that prominent Knights of Labor are concerned. Master Workman Lee said today that Reed was not a striker, but had refused to go out with them in the late trouble. He says that knights sympathize with the road and hope that all concerned will be caught.

Both Are Said to Be Knights.

Reed is unmarried and lives with his mother at East Albany. He has been missing ever since the night of the wreck. At his home last night it was stated that he was a Knight of Labor and a striker, despite the knights' denial. A man named Lone Miller, a railroad man, a knight and a striker, has also been arrested at his home in Greenbush Hollow on the charge of being one of the wreckers. It is thought that Reed has turned state's evidence and that this is the final fruits of the evidence. Other arrests are promised soon. No information of any consequence can be obtained from the railroad authorities.

IT WAS A FATAL SMOKE.

Ethel Curtis Fell Asleep Puffing a Cigarette and Was Frightfully Burned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Early last evening as a young woman who was known at her boarding house, 84 Lexington avenue, as Ethel Curtis, was reclining on a sofa in her room reading a novel and smoking a cigarette, she fell asleep and the cigarette falling from her fingers set her clothing on fire. She awoke and rushed to the window, where she was seen by two young men across the way, who ran to her rescue.

When they reached the room the girl's clothing was burned from her body and her flesh was almost roasted. She was taken to Bellevue hospital, where her injuries were pronounced fatal. Though she was known as Ethel Curtis her real name is Lizzie Brown. Her parents, R. L. Brown, live at Belleville, Canada. Van Loan is engaged in a small business there. His family shares his exile. Van Loan, with the aid of others, defrauded the bank by doctoring the accounts of his confederates and crediting them with more money than they had deposited. His father-in-law is now in prison for having profited to the extent of over $4,000 by this method.

Struck by Lightning, but Still Alive.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 8.—T. L. Mason, a telegraph operator at Canton Junction, had a remarkable escape from instantaneous death by lightning. He was in the railroad office during a storm, when suddenly a great ball of fire appeared. Mason was thrown out of his chair and was unconscious for a few minutes, and was paralized for several hours. The ball struck his left arm and passed all the way down below the elbow, leaving a broad crimson mark. It stopped just where his arm touched his vest pocket, where his watch, being attracted by the timepiece. The chain was melted and broken in several places and the watch was badly disfigured. The belt was deflected straight down his leg, where it left a broader and more hurtful track of crimson all the way down to his ankle.

A Ball Team Sold.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 8.—The St. Paul Western Association League club has been sold to C. P. Daily, general western passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railroad. The consideration was $9,000. The team management had lost $6,000 during the season, and was about to default on salaries. Mr. Daily has put up sufficient money to carry the club the remainder of the season, and engaged W. H. Watkins to manage it.

Lagueere Was the Traitor.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—The Petit National says that M. Laguerre, member of the chamber of deputies and formerly one of Gen. Boulanger's leading supporters, inspired, though he did not personally write, the recent articles published in Figaro, making revelations as to the general's political intrigues.

Hart Won the Walking Match.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 8.—The six days go-as-you-please race has close here. Only three men made the limit of 475 miles. Hart did 479 miles and got first money; Moore, 476, second money, and Cox, 475, third money.

Stone Won in the Primaries.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—At the primaries in the Twenty-third congressional district Col. Stone defeated George Shiras by a popular vote of about 8,000. Stone ran in Congressman Bayne's district and will be his successor.

A Frightful Fall at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—E. E. Smith, of Binghamton, a guest at the Bressel hotel, fell from the fifth story window of the hotel to the pavement about 1 o'clock in the morning and was instantly killed.

FOUR TICKETS IN MAINE.

Speaker Reed Is Running for Re-Election to Congress Today.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 8.—Four tickets are in the field to be voted in Maine today —Democratic, Republican, Labor and Prohibition. These tickets are made up as follows:

Democratic—For governor, William P. Thompson, of Belfast; for congress, First district, Melvin P. Frank, of Portland; Second district, Charles E. Allen, of Dexter; Third district, Charles Baker, of Belfast; Fourth district, Isaiah Crosby, of Dexter.

Republican—For governor, Edwin C. Burleigh, of Augusta; for congress, First district, Thomas B. Reed, of Portland; Second district, Nelson Dingley, Jr., of Lewiston; Third district, Seth L. Milliken, of Belfast; Fourth district, Charles A. Boutelle, of Bangor, all of whom were renominated by their party.

Labor—For governor, Isaac C. Clark, of Bangor; for congress, Third district, Lorator C. Bowman, of Searsmont. No nominations in the other districts. The Labor party has county tickets in three counties.

Prohibition—For governor, Aaron Clark, of Dennysville; for congress, Thomas Tinsley B. Hussey, of North Berwick; Second district, William H. Foster, of Livermore Falls; Third district, Luther C. Bateman, of Searsmount; Fourth district, Volney B. Cushing, of Bangor. The Prohibitionists have county tickets in eight counties.

The vote in the First district in 1888 was Thomas B. Reed (Rep.), 18,366; William Emery (Dem.), 15,855; T. B. Hussey (Pro.) 895; Robert A. Williams, 4. Reed's plurality, 2,483. In the Second district Dingley had 5,462 plurality over Allen. In the Third district Milliken had 6,581 plurality. Boutelle had 4,345 plurality over T. J. Stewart in the Fourth district. The figures on the gubernatorial election in 1889 gave Burleigh (Rep.) 18,054 more than the Democratic nominee received.

Speaker Reed will undoubtedly be re-elected by 1,000 or 1,200 plurality. His district is a close one, but it has elected a Democrat to congress but once in thirty years, and although Mr. Reed has had two very close runs the average Republican plurality in the district in the last five elections, including three presidential years, has been a little under 1,200. In 1889 the plurality was over 2,700.

The Republicans have had a thorough organization and are making every effort to get out their entire vote. Speaker Reed's private secretary, an experienced politician, has been on the ground for weeks in personal charge of the campaign. There has been more speaking on the part of the Republicans in this district this year than in any other.

Mr. Reed's friends say they will be satisfied with 1,500 plurality, but some of the sanguine really expect more. From the estimates obtainable it is doubtful if it exceeds 1,200, and may fall below that. There is much apparent indifference, and it is thought the vote will be lighter than usual, even in off years.

California's Portieth Anniversary.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 8.—The celebration of the fortieth anniversary of the admission of California to statehood is in progress here under the auspices of the Sons of the Golden West, an order composed of native-born Californians, assisted by the California Pioneers and other organizations. The city is profusely decorated with flags, banners and paintings illustrating scenes and incidents in the early history of the state. Next to thousands of American flags the most conspicuous decoration is the old "Bear flag" of California. Hundreds of stuffed grizzly bears, the insignia of the native sons, are also visible. The decorations are not confined to the city, but extend to the shipping. The celebration of admission day proper will not take place until to-morrow, but the holiday season was formally opened Saturday night with a torchlight procession, an open air concert and a display of fireworks, which attracted 100,000 people.

Defaulter Van Loan Located.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 8.—John H. Van Loan, the bookkeeper of the Second National bank, Jersey City, who fled more than a year ago, after swindling the bank out of $15,000, has been traced to a small settlement on Lake Ontario, about twelve miles from Belleville, Canada. Van Loan is engaged in a small business there. His family shares his exile. Van Loan, with the aid of others, defrauded the bank by doctoring the accounts of his confederates and crediting them with more money than they had deposited. His father-in-law is now in prison for having profited to the extent of over $4,000 by this method.

The Trustees Must Stand the Loss.

BOSTON, Sept. 8.—The supreme court has handed down an adverse decision in the case of William A. Dickinson, who appointed trustee of the estate of Lucius Boltwood, of Amherst, the loss on certain investments in Dallas Pacific stocks, bought when the stock was selling above par. The court says a trustee whose duty it is to keep trust funds safely invested ought not to hazard the safety of the property under any temptation to make extraordinary profits.

Many Heads Were Broken.

DUBLIN, Sept. 8.—A conflict between the Nationalists and the police occurred at Bergen Sunday. The officers attempted to prevent a Nationalist procession from marching through the quarter inhabited by the loyalist section of the population. A serious affray ensued, and many heads were broken before the police succeeded in enforcing their mandate. A number of arrests were made.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H.H BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Summer Howard, one of the best known politicians in Michigan, died from grief at the loss of his only child, Mrs. May Howard Foote. Mr. Howard was 55 years old.

Ex-Mayor George W. Brown, of Baltimore, is dead.

The house Saturday passed a bill granting a pension of $100 a month to Gen. Henry L. Barnum.

The Nevada Republicans have nominated R. R. Colcord for governor.

Isaac B. Sawtelle has been indicted upon three counts for the murder of his brother, Hiram B. Sawtelle, by the Stafford county (N. H.) grand jury.

Official returns show that 5,000,000 acres of land in Ireland have been cultivated in potatoes, an increase of 150,000 acres. Every crop shows a decreased yield, the greatest falling off being in flax and potatoes.

The English conservative newspapers generally condemn the proposal to erect a memorial in Westminster abbey to the late Cardinal Newman. The writers declare that Newman was a most pernicious force in Catholic thus as an Englishman, and that the abbey should be reserved for distinctively English celebrities.

Lillian Grubb, the actress, died Sept. 7 at Baltimore. She was 26 years of age.

During a quarrel at Philadelphia on Saturday, Francisco Papalio, a 12-year-old Italian, fatally stabbed Lawrence Neil, aged 11.

The Griggs foundry and machine shop, at Hightstown, N. J., were totally destroyed by fire. Loss, $10,000.

John Chapman, 50 years old, hung himself in his saloon on Straight street, Paterson, N. J. He had been drinking heavily, and it is believed that he was insane.

It is estimated that the damage done by the floods in central Europe amounts to $20,000,000. The Elbe is sixteen feet above its normal level, but is gradually falling.

Hon. Henry H. Rines, insurance commissioner of New Hampshire, died suddenly

He Knocked the Keeper Down.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 8.—A bold attempt was made Saturday afternoon by a number of prisoners confined in the county jail in this city to effect a wholesale jail delivery. James Bennett, who has just been sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, knocked down one of the keepers and made his escape. Before any of the other prisoners had gone out the keeper was joined by the sheriff and several deputies and the mob was suppressed and the ringleaders handcuffed and placed in dungeons. Bennett has not yet been recaptured.

Memorial Chapel Dedicated.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 8.—Brua Memorial chapel, on the Pennsylvania college campus here, was dedicated Sunday. The Rev. Dr. C. A. Hay delivered the sermon, and the Rev. Dr. H. W. McKnight, president of the college, dedicated the building for literary as well as sacred purposes. It was built with a bequest from the late Col. John F. Brua, formerly of the United States army, and presented to his parents. The building cost $30,000.

HERIFF'S SALE—In chancery of New Jersey—Between Fennes Britton, complainant, and Pietro Perretta and Guseppe Settarano, defendants. Fi. fa. for sale of mortgaged premises

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D., 18 90,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all that tract or parcel of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the township of Fanwood, in the county of Union and State of New Jersey:

Beginning in the middle of the road leading from Scotch Plains and Plainfield road to Fanwood by the corner of Hunter's land, on a corner of William H. Brown's land; thence running along said Brown's land four hundred and twenty-five feet, be the same more or less to a stone on land now or late of George R. Nicholl; thence easterly along said Nicholl's land two hundred and forty-five feet to a corner of land of said Bennet Britton; thence southerly along said Britton's line one hundred and twenty-five feet, be the same more or less, to the middle of said Hunter's road; thence westerly along the middle of said Hunter road one hundred and forty-five feet to the place of beginning.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Sol'rs. Fees—$5.40. 5-8td

HERIFF'S SALE — New Jersey supreme Court Union County — Abigail S. Fisher, plaintiff vs. John K. Van Ness, defendant Fi. fa., dat. No. 61 ter. Debt or damages $1,000 and costs. Judgment.

By virtue of the above stated writ of fieri facias to me directed, I shall expose for sale by public vendue, at the Court House, in the city of Elizabeth, N. J., on

WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1890,

at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the right, title and interest of the above-named defendant in, to and in and to each of the following-described lands and premises as lies in the City of Plainfield, in the County of Union and State of New Jersey:

Beginning at a point in the centre of Front street, the corner of other lands of Lucius M. Allen; thence along said other lands of said Allen as follows: one course north eighty-three degrees and forty-five minutes west, a distance of two hundred and sixty and fourteen-eighth feet (260.14) to a point; thence one hundredths (190.3) feet to a point; thence still along said other lands of said Allen north nineteen degrees and sixteen minutes west, a distance of eighty two and fifteen one-hundredths (82.15) feet to a point; thence still along said other lands of said C. M. Allen north forty-four degrees and fifty-five minutes west, a distance of forty-two and four tenths one-hundredths (42.04) feet to a point; thence still along said other lands of said C. M. Allen north forty-four degrees and fifty-five minutes west, a distance of sixty-five and eighty-seven one-hundredths (65.87) feet to a point; thence south sixty-two degrees and fifty minutes east, a distance of two hundred and ninety-six and five-tenths (296.5) feet to a point; thence south four degrees and twenty-one minutes west, a distance of one hundred and seventy-seven and fifty-eight one-hundredths (177.58) feet to a point in the centre of Front street aforesaid; thence south forty-four degrees and thirty-seven minutes west, a distance of fourteen hundred and thirteen and eighty-seven hundredths (1413.87) feet to a point in the centre of said Front street; thence north thirty-seven degrees and fifty minutes west, a distance of one hundred and twelve and thirty-two one-hundredths (112.32) feet to a point, the place of beginning, containing five acres and three hundred and eighty-one thousandths acres of land, excepting and reserving a plot of ground fifty feet square, now used as the Cole burying ground with the privilege to the Cole burying ground to be used only for the purpose of burials, and the right hereby granted to the Cole family with a right of way along the northerly line of the land hereby described from Front street to said burial plot for the purpose of ingress and egress to and from the same and to and from the same of ten feet in width.

Being a portion of the same premises conveyed to the said John K. Van Ness by Joseph Cross, Esq., special master, by deed bearing date on or about the twenty-second day of November, A. D. 1889, and recorded in Book of Deeds No. 1166, in the office of the Clerk of Union County, in book 218 of deeds of said county, on page 18, &c.

F. F. GLASBY, Sheriff.

ANDERSON, ENGLEBRIGHT, DUTTON & DAVIS, Sol'rs. Fees—$11.05. 5-8td

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 SOMERS t street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A special Bargain. 5-8t-1p.

PLAINFIELD DOORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus approved of by the Board of Health. Perfect ventilation paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of 8 Foot Leaves, Checks and Pearl Portalloors. 8p P. O. Box 664. Telephone call 29.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 25 cents per square foot,

AT NO. 20 SOMERSET STREET.

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st,

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 42 NORTH AVE

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 30 Dane Street, N. Plainfield.

What a Crowd Coin I Have

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to Somerville Place, and buy a pair of those glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $1.50. We are always stocked with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work, Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1544.

PAPERHANGING,

Whitewashing, carts, furniture, pianos, hardware. Call and see the improvements on the lawn mower. JOHN P. WOLFE, Race Track Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Bonnet street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

Accepted by any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Solable Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Goodrich's coal sheds.

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THE SEASON OF THE YEAR AT

THE BEE HIVE

Children's and Misses Beefers in navy drab and striped, medium weight.

A full line of ladies' weight underwear for ladies', gentlemen and children

Children's and misses flannel dresses in plain and two piece made with blouse and plaited skirt.

A new and complete line of high grade infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To my patrons about the route within the limits of the Borough.

By this new departure in time for morning trains will meet afternoon and evening trains.

And I want to encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

The routes will be established as rapidly as the demand requires.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washington street. Beyond the business portion of the city.

Connect with the 6:30, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. trains from New York, the 11:05 and 12 m. and 4 p. m. return trips proposed to Westfield. Connect with the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 3 and 5 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:00, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 1:15, 5:00 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:05, 6:50 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 4:50 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:50 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 6:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 5:58, 6:04, 6:30, 6:46, 7:30, 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:01 night. Sunday, 5:40, 7:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m., 12:01, 12:15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:58, 6:04, 6:30, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Passengers for Newark changing at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 9:00, 11:00 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. Sunday, 9:00 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 9:45 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 p. m. Sunday 4:30 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Phillipsburg, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Scranton.

9:00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Lehighton, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Shamokin, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Owego, Elmira, Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Dunkirk, Jamestown, Corry, Oil City, Titusville, Meadville, Erie, Ashtabula, Cleveland, Akron, Canton, Orrville, Wooster, Mansfield, Crestline, Galion, Bucyrus, Tiffin, Fostoria, Findlay, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Portland, Oregon, Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane Falls, Helena, Butte City, Los Angeles, San Diego, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Niagara Falls

MAKING GOOD JELLY.

NATURE HERSELF GIVES A HINT FOR ADULTERATION.

Are You Eating Fruit or Vegetable Jelly —Mexican Dulces Made of Squash—A Variety of Good Short Recipes from Justice Corson.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Many a good housewife wonders when the juice of fruit remains liquid, obstinately declining to meet her expectations of a jelly. The total perversity of inanimate things verifies itself too speedily for her comfort, much to her wonder, perhaps, or possibly repeating old puzzling conditions. The fruit may seem identical with that previously used with success. The question has often been asked how the proper condition may be known by the appearance, flavor, color.

By none of these indications. It really seems to be one of Dundreary's problems "that no fellow ever can find out." Undoubtedly it is of the handiwork of that great chemist the sun. The pectose of unripe fruit is transformed by the heat of the sun into pectin, the basis of fruit jelly. This substance (pectose), which exists in a number of edible roots, such as carrots, turnips and parsnips, can be changed by boiling into pectin or vegetable jelly. As a matter of fact the chemical analysis of fruits and vegetables has yielded several almost identical substances which are classed as pectose, but it would be difficult in the present stage of chemical inquiry to say which is the actual basis of jelly. Perhaps it is as vague as the origin of the odor of the fruit.

Associated with the pectose group in both fruit and vegetables is the substance called cellulose, the basis of the cell walls in fruits, leaves, stalks and roots. Its elements are similar to those of starch, and it probably figures in jams and solid sweetmeats, because it is not soluble in boiling water. The flavor of fruits and vegetables is due to the presence of acids in fruits. In the orange family, which includes all the bitter varieties, and the shaddock, lime and lemon, gooseberries, currants, barberries, cranberries, blackberries, strawberries and raspberries, citric acid prevails in combination with some potash and traces of malic acid.

The intense acid of garden rhubarb is oxalic, like that of sorrel. The taste of green grapes is somewhat like that of apples, owing to the presence of malic acid. As the fruit ripens the quantity of tartaric acid increases, and the fruit acquires diuretic and laxative qualities. The seeds and skins are astringent from the amount of tannic acid they contain. It is this which causes the unpleasant taste when they are crushed in eating and which gives the astringency to wine. The chemical analysis of grapes is confined to those varieties best known as wine producers. There are over 1,500 distinct varieties, and their medicinal properties have been known since the earliest historic or traditional times, when Bacchus was but another Siva, creator, destroyer and restorer, even as he is in these prosaic days, when five pounds of white Chasselas are allotted as a day's subsistence. Any one who has eaten the delicious Tokay and sweet white clusters of Southern California would be content with such semi-liquid nectar. The daily quantity advised when grapes are to be the dietetic from three pounds to ten or twelve, eaten from the vine preferably, thus adding the tonic of outdoor life to the food value of the delicious fruit.

Apples, pears, peaches, plums, cherries and tomatoes are all excellent from their abundance of malic acid and the cellulose and pectose necessary to produce jelly or jam. Since chemical analysis shows all these elements to be present in the vegetables already mentioned, it gives the tip to unscrupulous manufacturers of supplying the deficient flavoring acids, and presto, change! There you are! The nearest, finest jellies, flavored with whatever nicety of taste nature has bestowed as a makeweight for lack of conscience. In the tubs of "apple butter" sold as the pure fruit article the vegetables of the first above might be recognized if the observer were a clairvoyant, and pumpkin and squash masquerade as citron and kindred sweets.

A legitimate dulce is made in Southern California and New Mexico from our familiar yellow squash, for which the recipe was obtained from the obliging restaurateur. The menu for the entire dinner may interest our readers. It was served to Mrs. Laura B. Starr.

Vermicelli Soup.
Spanish Dish of Rice, with Tomatoes.
Tortillas, with Red Pepper Sauce.
Enchiladas. Frijoles.
Tamales, with Spanish Sauce.
Lettuce and Tomato Sauce.
Dessert.
Coffee.

The dulces or candied squash, was made of yellow squash, peeled and cut in half inch dice, the seeds being scraped away. Half a pailful of quicklime was slaked in water, and the squash put in the squash was soaked over night. The next morning the squash, drained from the limewater, was boiled for fifteen minutes in water actually boiling at first, until tender. A syrup was made of sugar equal in weight with the squash, about a gill of cold water being added to the sugar as a basis for the syrup; the squash being skimmed from the boiling water is boiled in the syrup until it looks clear, like citron melon preserves. A little lemon may be preserved with the squash. It is skimmed from the syrup as soon as it cooks clear, and when all is done the syrup is boiled down, until it jellies slightly when cooled. When the syrup and preserve are both cold jars containing them can be closed air tight and will keep very well.

MARGARET ELIZA WETHERBEE.

The rule seems well founded that very highly seasoned sauces or relishes are needed as a foil for the farinaceous foods so largely eaten in hot countries, and the practice is satisfactory in our own climate to continue. For instance, pepper pancakes, cayenne sauce and peppered mustard, some of the writer's hot weather dishes, all are made as hot with the expressed juice of red garden peppers, or with pepper essence, as the palate can endure. As these are special dishes readers will do well to keep these recipes, for they are not yet included in any of the writer's published books.

CAYENNE SAUCE.

Choose the large red garden peppers, wash them in cold water and wipe them perfectly dry; put them in a pan in a hot oven or before the fire, turning them, so that the heat strikes all parts, until they are tender; cut the peppers open, remove the seeds and rub the flesh through a sieve with a potato masher; the eyes should not be held over the sieve, because the pepper fumes are very irritating, but if by any mischance they should be hurt they should either be bathed in milk or covered with cloths saturated with it. The pulp of the peppers after being passed through the sieve should have enough boiling water added to make it the proper liquid consistency, seasoned with salt and then bottled for use. There is a very good essence of pepper upon the market.

JULIET CORSON.

WOMAN'S WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Which Hour in a Woman's Life Is the Happiest?

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The Ladies' Home Journal contains letters from a number of prominent women in answer to the question: Which is the happiest hour in a woman's life? Frances Willard says the happiest hour in her life was that in which she was least conscious of herself and most uplifted into holy thoughts and purposes, which is a beautiful answer. The happiest hour in Fenida Jane's life was the hour she paid off a $10,000 mortgage that it had taken ten years to liquidate. Rose Terry Cooke, who preaches that a woman ought to obey her husband, believes that the happiest hour of a woman's life is the hour of her death. Rose ought to think that way. Anybody who believes such a horrid doctrine as she pretends to could not well think otherwise. The idea of "obeying" a man! Mrs. Frank Leslie declares the happiest hour of a woman's life is when she is dressing to meet her lover after long absence. But they are all wrong. The happiest hour of a woman's life is when she is asleep.

There is no good reason why a woman should not earn her own living in paying employments unless she is the mother of little children that demand her care. On general principles why should men support women? Just as long as they do, just that long will women be dependent on them.

When women have pecuniary independence all gates will open to them of their own accord. The way to get pecuniary independence is to go in for it and get it.

From the remarks of certain ladies on the subject of women's bathing costumes and ball and dinner dresses we are to conclude that the Creator did a most improper thing when he made the human body, that magnificent and beautiful statue of pink tinted flesh. Women are a bit more immodest from wearing a bathing dress which will allow them to use the muscles freely in swimming. There is a very old and noble saying, and it is this: "Evil to him who evil thinks." It ought, however, to read as follows: "Evil is in the heart of him who evil thinks."

For four years Miss Cora L. Outcalt has been official stenographer of the supreme court of Nebraska, that grand young state which has grown so wonderfully since the last census. When this energetic girl was only 18 years old she was enrolling clerk of the Nebraska house of representatives, and filled her office to the satisfaction of all. The Nebraska State Journal says: With her savings in this place she went to St. Louis and took the course in stenography. She found work at her chosen occupation immediately. When receiving the appointment of clerk of the supreme court she has begun the study of law, looking ahead to still greater honors and emoluments. It will thus be seen that this girl of 24 has got as she has been engaged in steady and arduous labors, yet we have no record that her health broke down once under the strain. Girls' health does not break down any more from work and study, as the old fogy doctors declared it would under the strain of higher education and general employment for the sex. And they professed the greatest solicitude for the perpetuation of the race, these blessed doctors. Well, the race isn't dying out much as yet.

The way to look young is to preserve the child nature and not let the griefs and disappointments of life make any lasting impression of gloom upon you. That child brushes off the cares of to-day, but forgets all about it next morning. All our griefs are as broken toys. The youngest looking woman for her age that I know said to me: "I do have the blues sometimes. I cry my eyes out all afternoon, and then get up and go to the theatre and have a lovely time in the evening." All this is sound philosophy, except the crying part. Don't do that. It is babyish, and hurts the complexion and eyes terribly.

In the counting and handling of money in the treasury department at Washington men are nowhere compared with women in the matter of speed or the detection of counterfeit money.

Senator Blair, the great labor bloodsucker, has reported to the United States senate in behalf of the majority members of the committee on woman suffrage in favor of a constitutional amendment giving to women the right to vote. The report says: "Prejudice and custom have tended to woman the suffrage, but it is impossible to give a reason for the exercise of suffrage by man which does not apply with equal or greater force in favor of woman suffrage."

Eliza Archard Conner

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

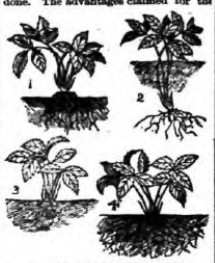
DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY HOMES.

The Fall Planting of Strawberries—The Comparative Advantages of the Single Hill, the Continuous Single Row and the Matted Bed Systems.

In many localities early fall planting of strawberries is practiced, as this insures a partial crop of berries the following season, and it is also a time when the soil works finely and the demand for labor on other crops is reduced. This planting is sometimes done as early as the 1st of August, and if the weather is favorable these early set plants produce more abundant fruit than those planted later.

Strawberries may be grown by either one of the three methods, of the single hill, the continuous single row and the matted beds. The first mentioned is specially suited to the south. It renders clean culture easy, and the fruit is usually finer, though there may not be so much of it as in the other methods. It is especially adapted to the cultivation of the larger varieties.

The advantages of the continuous row, compared with the matted bed, are that the berries will be larger, the cultivation may be partly with the cultivator, and there will be less cutting of vines to be done. The advantages claimed for the



SETTING STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

matted bed system are the greater number of bearing plants, the fact that after the first year fewer runners will be produced on the top of the bed, and that the close growth tends to keep down weeds.

Select strong, well rooted plants of the same season's growth. When set out endeavor to have the crown of the plant inserted to the level of the general surface, with the roots well spread out. Do not let the upper portion of the roots show above the soil, as in Fig. 1, nor have the crown buried, as in Fig. 2. Do not crowd the roots together in a narrow hole, as at Fig. 3, but set the plant properly, as at Fig. 4.

If pulled plants are used, the weather at time of setting is not quite so important, but a cloudy day is always a favorable time. If the plants have been procured from a distance, trim away dead leaves and puddle the roots.

Summer Pruning of Trees.

Some cultivators prefer pruning trees of the forest varieties during the season of their most active growth in summer rather than in the fall or early spring. The little bleeding will not hurt them, and the cuts heal and grow over more readily and perfectly than when the pruning is done during the dormant period. Of course the mass of leaves is an objection in some cases, and makes the disposal of the brush more troublesome. For orchard pruning, after the trees are old enough to be in fruit, it can hardly be recommended, as it would naturally cause some top. In pruning evergreens there is not much to choose as to the time. The resinous sap soon coats the cut over, so that the pruning of this class of trees can be done when most convenient.

Pot Grown Strawberry Plants.

A pour potted plant is inferior to a good layer. Good ones, however, are according to Orchard and Garden, cheaper in the end than the ordinary layer plant, for the reason that (1) there is, or should be, no loss in transplanting, as is the case with layers; (2) they may be safely set out at any time, even when hot and dry; (3) they will bear a good crop the following season; (4) if plant fed sufficiently early in the season (in July or August) they will make other plants by running, which will also bear fruit next year; (5) layer plants will not bear fruit the following season to the same extent as the potted plants, the check of transplanting layers in summer being considerable unless great pains are taken to water and shade the plants.

Fall Planting of Raspberries.

In a paper read before the Wisconsin Farmers' institute J. H. Hale said that the red, black and yellow raspberries require very much the same soil as strawberries, except that they may be grown with profit on land that is far richer in nitrogenous matter. Fall is the best time to plant all but the cap varieties. The ground should be as thoroughly prepared as for strawberries. He is satisfied that larger, finer and better berries can be grown by planting check rows five or six feet apart, giving the plants more room and air and admitting of more use of the horse and cultivator, thus securing better culture at less cost, while the yield of fruit is fully as large as from the hedge rows.

Turnips for Seed.

In Pennsylvania the seed is sown between the rows of corn after the last working. This gives turnips about two inches in diameter, the most desirable size for seed purposes. In this manner a good crop is secured at a nominal cost, as they require no working after sowing. Sufficient roots can be grown with an acre of corn to set three acres for seed the following season.—American Agriculturist.

A Strong Defense.

Near Fayetteville, Tenn., shortly after the recent cyclone which did so much damage in that state and Kentucky, old Jed Hopkins, colored, was hauled up before Squire Nason for stealing one of Col. Ballentyne's sheep.

Before the trial the squire, the colonel, Jed and several others were lounging in front of the squire's dingy little office, all hands, with the exception of Jed, relating incidents of the terrible storm; their scarce winding up with a tree who hailed up before figure

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Republican Primaries.

Pursuant to the above call the Republican voters of Somerset county will meet in their respective townships at the places hereinafter designated, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1890,

at 3 o'clock p. m., (except in North Plainfield, at 8 o'clock p. m.) for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the District Republican County and Congressional Convention to be held in Armory Hall, Somerville, Somerset county, on Thursday, September 18th, 1890, at 12 o'clock noon for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be supported at the coming election in November, and to transact such other business as shall come before said convention.

The representation shall be as follows:

TOWNSHIP AT LARGE.	DELEGATES.
Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel	1
Bernards—Moore's Hotel	2
Branchburg—Codington's Hotel	2
Bridgewater—Court House	3
Franklin—Hunter's Hotel	2
Hillsborough—Devender's Store	3
Montgomery—Meserole's Hotel	2
N. Plainfield—Somerset Nav. School House	3
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel	1

G. S. COOK, Chairman of Ex. Com.
Dated September 6th, 1890.

LAST NIGHT'S FIRE.

A Barn on Orchard Place Consumed.

At about midnight a fire bell alarm announced that the two story frame barn on Orchard place belonging to Mr. Austin Sturtevant was afire.

The steamers did not arrive as promptly as they usually do and consequently the building was a mass of flames before a stream was got on the structure.

The barn was entirely consumed, but the contents, which belonged to Mr. Charles Sturtevant, were saved. When No. 2 Engine arrived at the well at the corner of Liberty and Third streets, it was found that the fire in the engine had been improperly started, and consequently the engine could not make steam. A neighbor furnished some wood and in that way the difficulty was overcome. The firemen succeeded in saving the surrounding property. The origin of the fire is unknown. It is supposed to be an incendiary's work.

Accident at a Fire.

"Whit" Frazee, a member of the Plainfield Cornet Band met with a painful accident at the fire this morning. No. 2's hose carriage started for the fire after coupling the hose to the engine. Some one shouted to the driver to stop, and he did so. Mr. Frazee thought that the fire had been reached and began uncoupling hose. While he was thus engaged, some one shouted to the driver to start up again. He complied with the command and by starting one of the rear carriage wheels fingers on the left hand were caught in the cogs. The middle finger was amputated and the two others were badly crushed. Dr. Boone attended him.

County S. S. Society.

The 26th annual convention of the Middlesex County Sunday School Association will be held in the M. E. church, Woodbridge, Friday, 19th inst., morning, afternoon and evening. Rev. S. W. Clark, the State Secretary, Revs. Jos. W. Daily and Herman Vanderwort, of Hackensack, Rev. F. E. Beiler, of Norristown, Pa., and others are expected to be present and address the convention. All schools of the county are earnestly requested to send delegations. Provisions will be made for the entertainment of all visitors.

Found at the Library.

Mr. Samuel H. Allen, janitor of the Job Main Library, while cleaning the cellar yesterday afternoon, found under a box a most remarkable growth of fungus. It was in two pieces and pan cake in shape. The larger piece is about a foot in diameter and is of a reddish brown color on top. The bottom is of tough leathery substance greatly resembling a toad-stool in color and appearance. Mr. Allen has the monstrosity on exhibition at the Library.

Westfield's Athletic Club.

The Westfield Athletic Company has filed articles of incorporation with the County Clerk of Union. The capital of the company is $2,000. The incorporators are Albert A. Drake, George Peak, and Harris W. Green. The object of the association is the promotion of base ball, foot ball, lawn tennis, cricket and all other legitimate games and athletic sports. The Company intends to have inclosed grounds and erect a club-house.

Runaway on the Mountains.

Yesterday afternoon as Samuel Moore, a cartman, was descending Johnston's drive with a wagon load of stone, the tongue suddenly snapped in two. The accident frightened the horses and they started to run away. Mr. Moore had on to the reins, however, but the animals suddenly turned and he was thrown out. He was considerably bruised by the fall.

Exempt Firemen Organize.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the Clerk of Union County by the Exempt Firemen's Association of Fanwood, organized Sept. 2 in Excelsior Hall. The officers of the Association are: President, Thomas J. Nicholl; Vice President, John Robison; Secretary, George Kyte; Treasurer, William J. Lake.

W. C. T. U. Anniversary.

The members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city celebrated their anniversary last evening. The exercises were held in Congregational church and that edifice was well filled with friends of the organization. The reports of the various officers were listened to with much interest.

Fourteenth Regiment Reunion.

The annual reunion of the Fourteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, will be held at Hopewell, on Friday, Sept. 19th. The programme of arrangements is now in the hands of J. Newton Terrill, Secretary of Company K., and can be procured on application to him.

BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETING.

Several Thousand Dollars Paid Out, But the Schools are for Once in Thorough Repair.

The first meeting for some months of the Board of Education was held last evening in the Franklin School Building, on West Fourth street.

President Jacob Kirkner, Secretary J. W. Murray, Dr. J. B. Probasco and Rev. Dr. Shippen of the Board were in attendance. Mr. Babcock was absent on account of sickness.

Mr. Clark, son of Lewis R. Clark, former clerk of the Board, was present to fill his father's position. Miss Bulkley, principal of the schools, was also in attendance.

On account of the absence of various members of the Board, on pleasure or business trips, during the Summer, no meetings had been held for lack of a quorum, and a large number of bills and other business had accumulated. After a short discussion the following bills were read and later ordered paid:

McKesson and Robbins	$53.19
Mutual Life Insurance Co	450.39
New York Book and Slate Co	34.60
A. M. Griffin	308.70
Yeiser & Harrison	58.00
Wroloson & Buckle	66.84
Alburtus Swain	61.13
M. Powell	4.10
Wm. Hand	67.60
M. Powers	300.00
Plainfield Evening News	7.50
J. T. Odam	13.13
Geo. F. Hatfield	297.75
Odorless Excavating Co	35.00
Wm. C. Ayers	194.65
A. M. Hand & Bro	95.14
Spencer Conway	2.50
John F. Emmons	17.09
Ed. Hand	5.50
United States Express Co	5.45
J. B. Kline	280.00
Wm. Hand, Jr.	266.00
Hatfield Bros	198.00
John Johnston	226.00
Geo. Hatfield	350.00
S. R. Hope	1.18
J. J. Dixon	374.90

When the secretary had finished reading the bills and they were ordered paid, President Kirkner said "While you, gentlemen of the Board were away enjoying yourselves during the Summer, across the sea, etc., it devolved upon Dr. Probasco and I, but chiefly upon the Dr., to see that a great deal of necessary work was done. These bills are for repairs of various natures, absolutely necessary for the welfare of the scholars. The Winter supply of coal is also included. I wish to say, further, that the schools, for the first time are in thorough repair."

A communication from a resident on West Fifth street was received, complaining that a tree in the school yard, half dead and decayed, was a great annoyance to him on account of the continuous dropping of dead limbs, twigs, etc., and asked that the Board have it cut down and removed. Referred to Committee on Buildings. Various other communications were then read and referred to the proper committees with power.

Complaint was made that the name on the Irving school, which should have been put in months ago, was still unattended to. Mr. Murray was asked to see the architect.

Mr. Murray then read a financial report which showed that after all bills to date had been paid there would be a balance on hand of $5,300. This must last them through October and November. For December accounts they would have to borrow.

A committee passed by the Board that hereafter scholars breaking their slates through carelessness must furnish new ones, which heretofore the Board has done. This action was made necessary on account of the great number broken. There is about a half a ton of broken slates stowed away in the cellar. After some unimportant business had received attention the Board adjourned.

JOTTINGS.

—The North Plainfield public school will re-open next Monday.

—The members of the Westfield fire department will hold their annual parade this evening.

—The much-talked-of game of base ball between the Crescents and the Westfields is to take place on the latter club's grounds to-morrow afternoon. A large number of Plainfielders will be present.

—The Democratic congressional convention of the Third district will be held in Elizabeth, Monday, September 22. The townships of the several counties of the district will elect their delegates on Saturday, September 20th, at 4 p. m.

—Even the Democratic World admits that the chances are good for the election of a Republican senator in Somerset county, but it seems to be in some doubt with respect to Union county. It need not have any fears on that point. The Republicans will elect a senator this Fall, no matter who is placed on the Democratic ticket.—Elizabeth Journal.

—The number of accidents and fatalities to people of high and low degree this year is remarkably great. In nine cases out of ten those mishaps were the result of carelessness. All of us should bear in mind the fact that we are not infallible and keep that thought in this world, and exercise the greatest care in all things. There is no return to try our luck over again.

—Mr. Louis Spring, of Howard street, has retained Jackson & Coddington to proceed against Lewis Wyckoff, and have the latter reopened in a suit which was adjudged guilty and sentenced by Justice Hardy to pay a fine of $10 on a charge of using a revolver, and threatening to shoot his neighbor Wyckoff and burn his house down. Mr. Spring says he was never before arrested, and intends to fight this case to the bitter end to wipe out the stain unjustly put on him.

—In the interest of our worthy Board of Freeholders we desire to call attention to the fact that going on jaunts is unhealthy. A lot of officeholders of West Superior, away out in woolly Wisconsin, went on a junket. They got so much exercise that they took to export-ing. Some of them died, and the rest had to bottom and other relatives. The result was that all of them who are able to be out of bed have been invited to attend the funeral of the recorder of deeds, who was with the bibulous party.—New Brunswick Home News.

A RATHER OLD STORY.

COUNCILMAN HETFIELD AGAIN IN TROUBLE.

For Carting Coal Without a License.

Singular Secrecy Over the Arrests or Proceedings in the Matter.

Less than two weeks ago Mr. Griffen, at Sheppin's, sought Mr. Joseph Krewson, a Second ward carman, to cart their share of stock of coal from the train to the factory. Fifteen car loads were daily expected, and another fifteen car loads later.

Mr. Schoppin buys his coal direct from the mines. Last year Mr. Krewson had the job of carting it up, and found much difficulty to get men because of the severity of the work and small pay that he was not anxious for the job again, and told Mr. Griffen that if he could get some one else to do the work he would be very glad because of the reasons stated, but would do the work otherwise. Mr. Griffen departed and secured Mr. Hetfield.

Mr. Hetfield is the councilman who is supposed to be the leader of the infamous combine, and was caught some months ago in a bar room at midnight with a handful of the councilmen drinking at the bar, for which the proprietor was afterward arrested. He had no cartmen's license, but that did not seem to be any impediment to his accepting the job, and forthwith three of his wagons were put at the work.

Now it is the practice to arrest and fine any person found carting for hire without a license. Mr. Krewson concluded that the law must be respected by Councilman Hetfield, and of course he was astonished to see, just as much as by "Jos" Krewson or any other ordinary citizen required to pay a license.

When he saw Councilman Hetfield's men carting without a license, he asked himself, "What am I paying a license for? I must not." Mr. Krewson then applied to City Judge Coddington for a warrant for Mr. Hetfield's arrest. He says that the judge would not issue the warrant unless it could be shown that Mr. Hetfield was himself carting the coal without a license, but would issue a warrant for the arrest of each of Mr. Hetfield's workmen thus engaged.

Mr. Krewson thought that was queer law which would only punish the poor employee, but would allow the employer to go scot free. He then proceeded to bring things to a head however, and had the warrants issued for the arrest of the drivers.

They were not arrested, because Mr. Hetfield somehow got word within a few moments after the warrants had been prepared, appeared as counsel for the accused, and put in a plea of not guilty. That was a week ago yesterday. The NEWS reporter called upon the judge according to custom every morning since for the record of the business of the court, only to be put off with information and got everything else but the particular item.

Mr. Krewson doubtless concluded that THE NEWS was into the ring that seemed to believe in that style of justice which punishes the poor man who has no friends, but screens the rich man who has. We learned of the matter yesterday after it had got pretty well about town.

The reporter employed to look after such matters was interrogated as to why the matter had not been published, and the reporter explained as above.

Then City Judge Coddington was interviewed for an explanation that we might avoid doing him any injustice. It appeared incredible that he would leave himself open to so serious a reflection on his fairness as he seemed to have done in this case.

He was asked first, why he had refused to issue a warrant for Mr. Hetfield's arrest for violating the city ordinances upon complaint of Mr. Krewson, a duly licensed cartman, but was willing to issue one for the arrest of Mr. Hetfield's workmen. He said that he understood the ordinances to leave it optional with him, and he was not sure that he had any right to arrest Mr. Hetfield, since he was not personally carting coal.

He was then asked why he withheld the information from the public. He said he had no reason to give, as he had thought nothing about the matter, and it had probably escaped him.

There does not seem any good reason why Judge Coddington would do such a thing. He is not a candidate for office, and is not subject to the influence of the combine, and would not be supposed to knowingly risk the loss of reputation, and of going to his political death with all the odium attached to it, by double-dealing in the administration of justice.

It is just this opinion which led us to ask him in friendliness of spirit for an explanation.

The clause of the ordinance which seemed to confuse him is as follows:

Sec. 4. That no person shall drive, keep or use for hire or wages, or cause to be driven, kept or used for hire or wages any cart, truck, hack, omnibus, stage, or other vehicles for the conveyance of goods, wares, merchandise or the transaction of any kind, which, or in part of which, shall be used for the carting of coal, without first licensed, therefore, according to the provisions of this ordinance, and shall pay the sum of dollars for each and every offence; provided, that none of the requirements contained in this section shall apply to any vehicle owned by any livery stable keeper, or other person who shall occasionally hire out any of his horses or vehicles at the railway stations or elsewhere, and provided further, that the penalty for the violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be recovered for each and every offence, and that the penalty for each offence shall be double the penalty of a violation of this section for driving a cart, truck, omnibus or other vehicle for the conveyance of which a license has been obtained by the owner.

Now, if Mr. Hetfield keeps horses and carts and hires them out, as in this case, we cannot understand why the ordinance does not cover his case completely.

When a bar-keeper sells liquor in violation of the ordinance not only is he arrested, but also the proprietor himself is arrested. Or rather that was the case before the combine got control of our city, when our laws were faithfully upheld for the preservation of the peace and good order of the city, in the interest of public morals. The reason why only employees are arrested now, and not the employer, is one of those things which even the simplest is one of the mysteries. If it was any one else than Judge Coddington we might think so. In his case it seems to have been a combination of circumstances which, to say the least, so far as he is concerned, is unfortunate.

We think he is clearly in error, and that if it is right to arrest the saloon keeper for illegal selling actually done by the bar-keeper, the same rule applies here. In fact it would seem to be in accord with the principles of justice to have arrested and punished Mr. Hetfield and not his employes, who knew no better, and were innocently obeying orders as workmen, and he should be made to pay the penalty, just as any one else would be under the ordinance.

The penalty is $10 for each cart, $20 per trip. Mr. Krewson will probably ascertain the number of trips. It may help reduce the sweeping taxes due this year to combine mismanagement.

The case has been adjourned over until next Saturday to accommodate one of the witnesses, City Clerk Coward, who was unable to attend to-day.

Mr. Krewson intends to push matters and see if there is one style of justice for him and other ordinary mortals, and another for the combine. We honor him.

Mr Krewson knows his rights, and knowing them dare maintain them.

It Is Over.

The Summer season is practically over. Every day sees the seaside and mountain resorts less crowded, cottages and tents abandoned, and homes once more echoing to familiar voices. There will be tourists for a month to come, and the one who takes the latest vacation will claim that September and October are the only months for recreation, but the great majority of Summer guests will have departed for home, and the resorts will wear an air of comparative quiet. Many of they are kept open a few weeks longer. The question that mainly concerns those who have returned is, what good has the Summer season brought? Almost everyone gets weighed before and after the Summer vacation, and measures any person who has lost pounds in weight. The test is a fair one, in most cases, even if not strictly accurate. If those who have gone from home have made a good choice of resort and have experienced a radical change in their manner of living and occupation it is altogether probable that they have improved in health. It is in leaving all customary domestic and business cares behind that rest is to be found; and with this and a change of air and diet comes better health. Even considerable work, and hard work too, may have been indulged in during the vacation, and being different from the usual work, may have had beneficial effects. Heroic episodes, too, especially in the mountains have doubtless had, with some, a strengthening effect by forcing to those who were thought to be of weak what strength and endurance they had under stress of new and thrilling circumstances. Experiences of this kind not only furnish new vigor, but are the never failing source of interesting incidents in after years.

The season is over, however, and the bronzed face of the Summer tourist is turned homeward. It has been a beautiful season, one of the most perfect for Summer outing that the decade has known. It has been good for the resorts, good for the railroads, and let us hope, good for everybody, even for those who had to stay at home.

Anniversary at Summit.

Large delegations from Howell, Linden, Scarles, East Orange, Springfield, Wesconn and Talbot divisions Sons of Temperance last evening attended the anniversary of Summit division. The Plainfield folks came in a large stage. Green's hall was well filled, and it was decorated with flags, flowers and banners, while the front of the hall was brilliantly illuminated with Chinese lanterns. After instrumental and vocal music, including the singing of "The Old Oaken Bucket," with piano accompaniment, addresses were made and recitations given. The speakers from this city were Messrs. Drake and McLeod. Soon after ten o'clock a committee of ladies and gentlemen served ice cream and refreshments. A number of members of Perseverance division of this city reached Summit at eleven o'clock, having been delayed. The anniversary was a very delightful affair, and will have a tendency to advance the interests of total abstinence in the pretty town of Summit.—Elizabeth Journal.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Giles and Mrs. Laing of Bridgeport, Conn., are visiting Mrs. Pound of Central avenue.

Mr. Charles White, formerly of this city but now of Chatham, N. J., spent yesterday with friends here.

Jos English, the successful temperance reformer, is conducting a series of temperance revivals at Flemington this week.

Miss Carrie Covel of Brooklyn, a very accomplished young lady, is visiting Mrs. Taft of West Front street.

The Misses Emma and Lily Dixon of New York are visiting their aunt, Mrs. T. W. Morrison of Mountain avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Scely Rhall and son J. Linn started this morning for a two weeks carriage drive through the northern part of New Jersey.

Mr. J. W. Murray, Jr., and the Misses Murray, of corner Central avenue and Eighth street, returned from a pleasant European trip last Saturday.

Messrs. David French and Alfred Obits of Somerset street who are with Messrs. George and Will Craig on their Texas ranch, will start for home about September 15.

Miss Minnie Wilson of Greenbrook road has returned from an enjoyable sojourn at Southampton. She starts in a few days for a short visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Miss Bulkley, principal of the schools announced at the Board of Education meeting last evening that the attendance at each school was 150 higher on an average than last year.

—Grossauds vs. West Ends at Somerville Saturday.

—Harry Gardner was fined $20 for drunkenness this morning in the city court, and Mr. Robison was fined $10 for the same offence. If it was any one else than Judge Coddington we might think so. In his case it

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A FIRE AT BOUND BROOK.

Property Saved by Fire Hydrants.—But Two Valuable Horses and a Barn Consumed.

BOUND BROOK, Sept. 9th. (Special)—At eight o'clock last night fire broke out in Dr. Matthews' barn at the rear of his house on Second street.

The barn was occupied by a Dr. Davis as a stable, and was totally destroyed together with his two valuable horses, one animal being especially prized because the gift of a sister. The carriages were saved.

Not 20 feet away the barns of Alpogh & Ratt are located. They were saved by the energetic action of the firemen, by the aid of the fire hydrants alone, as the place has no engines.

The loss on the barn is $800, partly insured.

A small colored boy, employed as stable-help, is supposed to have been the cause of the fire by smoking cigarettes in the barn.

A $9,000 FIRE.

Several Brick and Frame Barns Consumed.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Sept. 9th. (Special.)—Early last evening fire occurred the large brick boarding stables at the outlet locks, used for stabling mules, and owned by R. S. Conover, and two stables adjoining, one being brick and the other frame, and both owned by John Berges. The stables were full of mules, lodging for the night, but the owners managed to rescue them. The loss is about $9,000. Partly insured.

K. of P. Notes.

At the drills of Crescent Division W. R. K. of P. held in their armory last evening Lieutenant Colonel Geo. H. Polhemus, presented a handsome gavel to the division. Capt. John H. Cerney, in a few well chosen remarks remarks received the gift in behalf of the Division. Col. Polhemus, in behalf of Goodwill Lodge No. 101 of Fanwood also presented an organ, desk and altar. The Captain also received the gifts in behalf of the Division. It was a gala night, and Goodwill Lodge will long be remembered. Lieutenant Flannery amused the Sir Knights by singing his latest selections.

The members of Goodwill Lodge, No. 101 of Scotch Plains have added to beauty of their rooms by purchasing new chairs for their offices.

Stole a Horse and Carriage.

Mr. William Kelly of East Front street drove to New Brooklyn yesterday afternoon for the purpose of purchasing some coal. He tied his horse to a hitching post in front of the hotel. While he was giving his order a man named Thomas Sullivan, who is said to have jumped into the carriage to which the horse was attached and drove the animal in the direction of this city. Mr. Kelly soon after missed the theft hastily secured a rig and gave chase. They were unable to overtake the thieves, however. Chief Runyon was notified, and after spending the night searching neighboring villages, he recovered the horse and carriage. The horse was found tied to a post on Leland avenue.

—The youth conference of christian young men will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

—Patrick Cahill, an old offender, was arrested by Special Marshal Conrad on the charge of assaulting his wife. This morning Justice Hardy held him in $100 bail for the grand jury.

—Miss Julia Jermain Ketcham calls attention in her card in another column to the fact that she will resume her lessons in voice culture on Sept. 15. Her ability is so well known that the mere mention of it is sufficient.

—Evans & Hoey variety company rendered the extravaganza known as "The Parlor Match," which half-filled the hall, went to see what was portrayed on the posters on the fences and judging by their applause considered that they had got what they paid for.

Cents-a-Word Column.

A WOMAN, aged 40, desires situation in family where she will be treated as one of them. Is eminently respectable and capable, but poor. Address "J. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-8

A WOMEN for general housework wanted at No. 6 Rose Main street. Reference required. 9-9

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 First place. 9-9

FURNITURE—A family returning to Europe for one year will sell their entire outfit of solid mahogany pier glass, solid walnut chamber set, hall, chairs and parlor set, etc. Apply at 130 Central avenue. 9-8

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 39 Kensington avenue. 9-8

GIRL WANTED at 56 Central avenue for general housework, family of three.

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TO LET—Rooms and apartments, inquire of 56 Central avenue. 9-9

WANTED—First-class cook (Swede preferred) immediately. Reference required. John F. Wilcox, Greenbrook road. 9-5

WANTED—A lot near the depot. Address with full particulars E. Johnson care Lock Box 7.

WANTED—First-class cook and laundress at 16 Franklin place. 9-5

WANTED—At once. A small house and lot to rent. State location and lowest price. Address A. B. C., Box 1,000, Plainfield. Or leave word at Dunn "Immediate" care of Evening News.

WANTED—Two competent girls, cook and housework and chambermaid and waitress. References required. Apply 124 West Front street. 9-5

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember we buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities at a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee, Imported and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Our cash sales exceed those of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profit.

New crop Tea, 25c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 25c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12c can; O. K. Baking Powder, 25c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 5 lbs for 25c; Breakfasters for Gilt Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Specialties this week in

Dress Goods, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

Worsted Plaids (double width) 12 1-2c, 36 inch Wool Flannels (all colors) 25c, 36 inch English Cashmeres 29c, all wool Print Cloths 4c, 40 inch wool cloths in stripes and plaids at 39c, worth 65c.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Good Heavy Ingrains 25, 30, 37, 42 and 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17, 33, 40 and 45c. 4-4 Oil Cloth (ex heavy) 25c, Good Fancy Mattings 4 1-2c.

7 West Front street.

Died.

WHITEHEAD—In this city, Sept. 9th, Susan, widow of the late Frame Whitehead, in her 86th year.

Funeral services from her late home, corner Liberty and 8 conds streets, Thursday, Sept. 11th, at 2:30 p. m. 9-9 R*

Educational.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-3w

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches the Italian method of singing, as taught by Giovanni, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Address 73 East Fifth street. 9 3 2w*

ELOCUTION, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alburtis, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Will receive from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils' residence. Terms moderate. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and school, 46 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction will be given, with especial care to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. 8 30m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY. No. 35 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. Dingee, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Norton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB

TO

Manch Chunk, Glen Onoko and the SWITCH BACK,

Wednesday, Sept. 10.

By special train Arriving in Manch Chunk in time for dinner, and giving excursionists an opportunity to visit Glen Onoko and to ride over the Switch Back gravity railroad.

Leave Plainfield 9.25 a. m., returning leave Glen Onoko 5.00, Manch Chunk 5.10, arriving home about 8 p. m. Fare to Manch Chunk and Glen Onoko and return, $1.00. The Switch Back .50 extra.

Tickets to be had from A. Vanderbeek, H. N. Spencer, J. Voehl and W. Smith Executive Committee, J. W. A. Bauersache, Financial Secretary.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. All is total solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	25c.	$2.85
California Plums	25	2.85
California Apricots	25	2.85
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey pack tomatoes	10	1.10
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.90

STERLE & TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth ave.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $65; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $65. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furnitures are prepared to offer them at prices reasonably low. Some odd places low than cost.

Call and assure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasers given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

BOOKS 26 WEST FRONT STREET.

Plainfield Evening News.

AND NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 31 SOUTH AVENUE.

W. ROSSELL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, $4.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 2. TELEPHONE CALL, 62.

THE MODERN DOCTOR.

The San Francisco Chronicle has views about what a doctor ought to be, and they are as follows:

The physician should be a strong and healthy man, a master of his profession, of course, and a gentleman, the last word implying gentle manners and a fine sense of honor. His appearance the sick chamber should be like "footsteps upon wool" and his presence therein a benediction. Sincere, in his every deed, he can afford even to be unconcerned in his touch, magnetic in his sympathies, discreet of speech, whatever he may know, he would always inspire not only the relatives but the patient with confidence and gratitude. If the same were not accorded the latter, prospective fees would not prevent his mingling his sincere pleasure with that of the relatives: if it were past hope his supreme duty would be to smile the terrible affliction under to bear. Would it be impertinent to ask how many American members, of a noble professional body, possess requirements?

Having thus laid down the model of what the physician ought to be, The Chronicle proceeds to give the profession a dressing down for being so far removed from this model. The doctor's education is only begun really when he secures his diploma, declares The Chronicle. There are splendid worlds to conquer in botany, in chemistry, general literature, knowledge of the world, etc. Such learning the young physician may make his own while he is waiting for patients. If he does not secure this outside, but still kindred, knowledge then he never will, for when his practice is assured he will have no time.

But young doctors care little for anything but the almighty dollar. The Chronicle thinks, and too many old doctors share like zeal. Interest in science for its own sake, splendid achievements in the world of research, are matters quite foreign to the thoughts of most. "This state of things belittles the profession, making of the divine art of healing a simple question of coin." The doctor has no right to lay aside his humanitarianism, his sympathy with woe and suffering, just because he treats sick people for his living.

As a consequence of this apathy progress in medical science is made in Europe, but scarcely at all in America.

Why is it that while we have in the medical profession so many bright and able men, all the discoveries and the invention of late years have been made in Europe? Have we not something in California called malaria that affects the liver and carries off hundreds of our citizens still in their prime, and is not this malaria a living organism? If this is so why do we not know more about it, and from whose business it is to study not only the remedies but the causes of all fevers and diseases? Surely here is a field wide open to the physicians of the world as this of bacilli, or which Pasteur and Koch are the chief pioneers, and probably even a man who is not a great scientist can work profitably in it.

Trade with Brazil.

Brazil has signified her willingness to enter into a treaty of reciprocity with the United States for mutual exchange of products. What will Brazil want from us? To begin, she will not want wheat or flour. The Swiss and Swedish colonists who settled in Brazil went into "wheat culture" extensively, and made such a success of it that they are now exporting wheat. Corn is already grown to some extent, and its culture is increasing. The Swedes and Swiss have also shown the Brazilians how to make good flour and bread.

An American resident of the new republic says there will be good demand for cheese, and a great trade may be built up in it provided we make a decent cheese and do not try on the Brazilians any of the Yankee tricks that have hurt our cheese trade with Great Britain. The Brazilians consume little fat or oils, and there will not be a market for lard or a strong one for butter. The people are a fruit and vegetable eating race. First class canned goods, especially tomatoes, will meet with ready sale. There will also be considerable demand for lean pork and bacon. But our exporters must put up the goods, particularly the cheese, in packages of the size and shape that suits Brazilians. Finally, there will be a grand demand for all kinds of machinery. So that our cheese and machinery will be our best hold with our sister republic of Brazil.

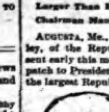
One of the most influential and wealthy Jews in Europe, Benjamin Louis Cohen, of London, appeals to all civilized nations to make common cause in appealing to the czar to stop the wholesale persecution of Hebrews now going on in the imperial realm. He says that the secret instructions issued by the Russian authorities take away from Jews all educational advantage, and forbid them to engage in mining, industry or to enter the legal profession. The Jews of Russia will consequently be driven into other countries by the hundred thousand, swelling the already overcrowded industrial ranks. The interests of no less than 4,000,000 people will be affected. Mr. Cohen especially hopes that the government of the United States, "always friendly to our race," will take up the cause of the persecuted Russian Hebrews.

Senator Blair has done some more introducing. This time it is a joint resolution proposing to amend the United States constitution so as to prohibit here forever the manufacture, sale, importation and transportation of all alcoholic liquors used as beverages. But how would anybody find out whether they were to

THE ELECTION IN MAINE.

A Largely Increased Plurality for Speaker Reed.

GOV. BURLEIGH'S BIG MAJORITY.



T. B. REED.

It May Reach 18,000—Speaker Reed's Plurality Nearly Reaches 5,000 and Is Larger Than He Ever Received Before. Chairman Manley's Message.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 9.—Chairman Manley, of the Republican state committee, sent early this morning the following dispatch to President Harrison: "Maine gives the largest Republican majority thrown in an off year since 1880, and a larger majority than given in a presidential contest since 1884, with the single exceptions of 1884 and 1888. Governor Burleigh is re-elected by a plurality exceeding 15,000. Speaker Reed is re-elected by the largest plurality ever received in the district. Congressmen Dingley, Boutelle and Milliken are re-elected by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 5,000. The Pine Tree state indorses your administration and remains firm in its advocacy of protection to American industries and American labor."

Reed's Plurality Nearly 5,000.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 9.—Forty-eight out of fifty-three towns in the First district give Reed 16,091, Frank, 11,339. Reed's plurality, 4,752, against 2,439 in 1888. The remaining towns are small and will not materially change these figures. Cumberland county is incomplete, but no doubt the Republican county ticket is elected by pluralities ranging from 1,500 to 2,000.

A Large Republican Gain.

Two hundred and ten towns give Burleigh 40,385; Thompson, 27,427; Clark, 801; scattering, 958. The same towns in 1888 gave a Republican vote of 50,951; Democratic, 37,344; Prohibition, 1,576; scattering, 1,089. Republican plurality, 13,598, against 13,007; Republican gain, 591. If the towns to hear from fall off in the same proportion the final vote should stand: Republican about 64,300; Democratic, 45,500; scattering, 3,000; total, 113,000. In 1886 the last off year, the vote stood: Republican, 46,961; Democratic, 35,406; Prohibition, 3,808; scattering, 23. Republican plurality, 11,762. This year the plurality will be about 19,000, a gain of 5,300 and 1,000 ahead of the presidential year.

The Prohibition Vote.

The Prohibition vote comes united with the scattering or omitted, so it is classed as scattering and may be considerably larger. The members of congress are all re-elected by large majorities. Mr. Reed's being doubled. The county officers are mostly Republican, the senators are probably all Republican, as in the last legislature, and the representatives must stand Republican 101, Democratic 49, Independent 1, Republicans to 26 Democrats.

The Vote in Portland.

Portland gives Burleigh 3,673; Thompson, 2,146; Clark, 104; scattering, 30. Reed's For, 3,817; Frank, 2,186; scattering, 118. Reed's plurality is 1,563, the largest ever given a member for this district. The Republican representative in the legislature (Cumningham) is defeated. Spiritualist (Dem.) winning by 9 votes.

Mr. Reed Speaks.

There was a big rally at the city hall last night and Congressman Reed spoke. He said:

"I suppose we never shall know what it is to possess the earth entirely, but I think that we have got rather an adequate notion of it after all. If anyone of you think or I imagine I know words enough to express adequately this situation he does more honor to my courage than to my good sense. You and I have held many such meetings all alone to ourselves, but what we have done today will go far beyond this district and this state.

"Hitherto I have had only to return to you my personal thanks for your kindness to one of your fellow townsmen. I believe I have a right now to give you the thanks of hundreds of thousands of good Republicans all over the United States of America, for your faithful work has deserved much more than I dare to say to you.

He Was Surprised.

"Every one of you knew that the utterly preconceived plurality that was given years ago was in some measure due merely to local causes, and for my part I did not anticipate that our uttermost exertions would enable us to repeat what was done then.

"An off year always tell on the majority party, especially after such a splendid example as that of two years ago, and a reasonable majority of one hundred might have been widely misunderstood in this country. I confess myself not to have been free from anxiety upon that point, but, my friends, my wildest dream has been more than realized. I know I do not in the least regard this matter as a personal victory. I know that it transcends that and I am thoroughly glad that it does. I am thoroughly glad that the vote of my district will be an incentive and encouragement and the bringer of hope to the Republicans all over this country, for we are engaged now in as great a battle as ever the Republican party fought.

Lifted to a Great Height.

"It is as much our duty today as it ever was in the dark days of the war to carry the banner of Republicanism, of civilization and of progress, and, my friends, you have lifted it today to a great height. It rests with the people of the United States now to see that it is carried forward. You have done your duty; now let us all hope and pray that they will do theirs from one end of the country to the other."

Mr. Reed closed by calling for three cheers for the Republican party, and they were given with vigor.

Rhode Island Politics.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 9.—The state committee have decided to hold the Republican congressional conventions at Providence on Oct. 7. It is understood that ex-Governor Herbert Ladd will be the candidate for the First district, now represented by Hon. Henry J. Spooner, and that the present incumbent, Hon. W. O. Arnold, will be nominated as his own successor.

Secretary Blaine Did Not Vote.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 9.—Secretary Blaine was unable to come to Augusta, as was his intention, being kept at Bar Harbor by an important engagement. Chairman Manley effected a pair for him.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The president has appointed a commission to select a site for a dry dock on the Pacific coast of the northern boundary of California. Capt. T. O. Selfridge, United States navy, will be president of the board. The other members will be George Mendell, corps of engineers, United States army; Hon. Thomas C. Platt, of New York; Hon. Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, and Lieut. Andrew B. Wyckoff, United States navy.

Fire has broken out afresh at the ill fated Dunbar mine.

George Buckley, of Oneonta, N. Y., a new brakeman on a Hudson River railroad train, was struck by a bridge and instantly killed.

Emil Schultze & Co., agents for sixteen Milwaukee breweries, have made an assignment at New York. Liabilities, $75,000. The house has been in existence thirty-seven years.

Representative O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, says that more than one-tenth of the members of the house are opposed to the senate resolution for the removal of the remains of Gen. Grant from New York to Arlington. Mr. O'Neill says that next Monday he will move to suspend the rules and pass the resolution.

Mrs. Joseph T. Young, who was shot by her husband at Atlantic City, N. J., is dead.

Secretary Windom has gone to Williamstown, Mass., where he will remain ten days.

Josiah Quincy has been appointed assistant district attorney at New York.

It is reported that the window glass workers and bottle blowers, numbering 10,000 men, are both going against the re-election of Grand Master Workman Powderly of the Knights of Labor.

Notorious Counterfeiters Caught.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Two notorious counterfeiters, Charles Murrell, alias Salvese, and Charles Harris, alias Carnaghlio, who came from San Francisco two months ago to fleece eastern merchants, have been arrested. Murrell was born in Italy of Swedish parents and Harris was born in Spain. They had a swindling scheme based on the claim that they could make $10 gold pieces out of baser metals by a method known only to themselves. Inspector Byrnes had them shadowed up to the time of their arrest. About ten days ago the swindlers found their arts on a rich miner from New Mexico, but Byrnes sent for the miner and put him on his guard. The inspector then had the miner introduce Detective Conway as promising victim, with the result that Conway was shown the modus operandi of the counterfeiters, and with the assistance of the two "shadows" nabbed them both.

A Serious Political Quarrel.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 9.—While quarreling over the Stone Shiras contest in the Twenty-third congressional district, John Thompson stabbed James Ford six times in the body and once in the leg. Ford, it is feared, will die. He was employed as barkeeper at Jones & Stuffer's saloon, Federal street, Allegheny, where the fight occurred. Thompson is a notorious character. A warrant is out for his arrest for violating the election laws at the Stone Shiras primaries on Saturday last. About three years ago Thompson shot and killed Jimie Weeden, a noted light weight prize fighter in this city. Thompson was arrested and locked up.

Senator Farwell Very Ill.

CHICAGO, Ills., Sept. 9.—A dispatch from Washington, D. C., says that Senator Farwell is lying dangerously ill at the Fountain house in that city and that his family and most intimate friends, as well as the physicians in charge, almost despair of his ultimate recovery. Walter Farwell, a son of the senator, however, denies that Mr. Farwell's illness is regarded as serious. Overwork and mental fatigue have rendered his health very uncertain, but his family say he is being successfully treated, and they expect he will be able to come home and be on his feet again by the latter part of this week or the beginning of next.

Rev. Dr. Spurgeon Perry Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Rev. Dr. Spurgeon Perry, aged 70, has been arrested here on a charge of stealing a valuable horse, a phaeton and a set of harness in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Aug. 21. Perry was arrested while trying to sell the horse. He had in his pockets three Mexican coupons of $37 each, representing six months' interest on three bonds of $1,000 each, and two newspaper clippings referring to the excellent work he had done as secretary and treasurer of the Ocean church at Coney Island. His real name is said to be David Spurgeon.

Sued by Athletic Players.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Seward, Robinson and Shafer, of the Athletic Baseball team, have begun separate legal proceedings against the management looking to the recovery of salaries for the month of August. It is said that none of the players have received any salary for the month of August and that the club is behind to some of them on account of June salaries. The other players will probably bring suit later in the week.

Hon. J. W. Hyatt Will Run.

NORWALK, Conn., Sept. 9.—Ex-United States Treasurer James W. Hyatt has consented to become a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor. There are rumors that Col. W. H. Stevenson, of Bridgeport, who has hitherto been the leading candidate, will now withdraw in favor of Hon. Thomas M. Waller, but this is denied by Col. Stevenson's friends. Mr. Hyatt's entrance into the field will make the contest an interesting one.

Killed by Lightning.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 9.—William H. Smith, of Ashfield, West Springfield, a farmer, aged 30, was killed by lightning in his cow pasture on Saturday. The bolt made a small hole in the top of his head, took off the rim of his hat, rent one of his shoes, and made a deep hole in the ground directly underneath the body.

Got by Quarantine with Smallpox.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9.—Schooner S. Johnson from Havre, France, arrived here with several cases of smallpox aboard. One of the sailors came ashore and wandered about the streets for some time. He was examined and found to be suffering from variloid. How the vessel passed quarantine is a mystery.

Spain's Workingmen and Free Trade.

MADRID, Sept. 9.—Prime Minister Canovas del Castillo has declared in favor of a free trade policy similar to that of Emperor William of Germany. He believes that the evils of the workingmen's condition are attributable to free trade.

An Old Mason's Death.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 9.—Rev. Ambrose Rondthaler, pastor emeritus of the Moravian church, died Sept. 8, aged 78 years. He was the oldest Mason in the Lehigh valley

THE NEWS OF CONGRESS.

Winding Up Work on the Tariff Bill.

THE SUGAR SCHEDULE SETTLED.

No Bounty for Sugar Made in This Country from Imported Molasses—Maple Sugar Helped Out—Senators Change Discrimination Against the South.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—The Senate agreed to the conference report on the river and harbor bill. During the debate on the tariff bill Mr. Plumb expressed the belief that under it there would be a deficit of $150,000,000. The finance committee's amendments to the sugar schedule were adopted, the vote on the rate imposing duties on sugars above No. 13 Dutch standard being 39 to 13. Mr. Frye's amendment giving a bounty on all sugar made from molasses was rejected without a division. The senate's amendment increasing the duty on sugars above No. 16 to six-tenths of a cent was agreed to.

A Bounty for Maple Sugar.

The finance committee's amendment to include maple sugar among those for which a bounty is to be paid was favored by Messrs. Edmunds and Blair. Mr. Carlisle declared himself opposed to all sugar bounties. The amendment was agreed to —yeas, 30; nays, 25. All the other amendments relating to maple sugar were agreed to, and the time fixed for filing notices in connection with claims for bounty was fixed prior to July 1 instead of Jan. 1 of each year.

Mr. Frye's Proposed Amendment.

Mr. Frye offered an amendment to pay a bounty of one cent a pound on sugar from imported molasses. This was a large industry which gave employment to 400 vessels and paid more than $800,000 a year freight to them. There was also, he said, an extensive cooperage connected with the business, but without a bounty the whole industry would be destroyed by the bill as absolutely as if it were struck by lightning. He failed to see why producers of sugar from molasses were not as much entitled to a bounty as the producers of sugar from cane, beet or sorghum.

Mr. Aldrich said the principle on which bounty was to be paid on cane, beet or sorghum sugar was that encouragement was to be given to domestic agricultural industries. The proposition now offered was practically to pay a bounty of five cents a gallon on all molasses imported into the United States.

The question was further discussed by Mr. Hale, Mr. Hoar and Mr. Evarts in favor of the amendment, and by Mr. Plumb, Mr. Platt, Mr. Allison, Mr. Sherman and Mr. Gibson against it. One of the arguments made against the amendment was that with a bounty of a cent a pound on molasses sugar all the sugar from Cuba would be imported in the form of molasses. Mr. Gibson and Mr. Eustis argued against the whole policy of sugar bounties, and in favor of maintaining the existing system of duties on sugar. The latter declared that he could not vote for the bounty on molasses sugar, as he looked it to be wrong in principle, framed in insincerity and equally unjust to the sugar planters of Louisiana and to the government of the United States. Finally the vote was taken and Mr. Frye's amendment was rejected without the yeas and nays.

Charges of Sectionalism.

Mr. Manderson offered an amendment for the admission free of duty of machinery for the manufacture of beet sugar, and for the refunding of duties collected on such machinery since June 30, 1890. Adopted. Mr. Eustis moved to amend the amendment so as to extend it to machinery for beet and sorghum sugar. Rejected —Yeas, 43; nay, 11. Mr. Reagan complained of exhibitions of sectionalism in the bill as illustrated in the Manderson amendment and in the high duties imposed on cotton ties, while binding twine was put on the free list. But it was useless, he said, to expect justice. Mr. Blair approved Mr. Reagan for imputations upon the northern people and upon the government to which he owed his life.

Mr. Gorman said that Mr. Reagan's assertion was true, and Mr. Blair's taunt was not manly. Mr. Aldrich gave notice that he would (for the committee) offer an amendment that the bill shall take effect on Oct. 1, 1890.

Mrs. Stephenson,

258 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Pastries and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

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NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

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RAPID ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

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HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

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RELIABLE

Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY",

62 WEST FRONT ST.

Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

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Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved colorless water closets, sewer gas and back water traps.

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

Thanking you for your favors, and soliciting a continuance of their valued orders which will receive prompt attention.

Special supply terms given to the examination of coal pipes.

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THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

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Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

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MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

Gentlemen's Fine Clothing and Merchant Tailoring

and

Ladies' Oxford Ties

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you desire a stylish and well fitted

RUSSET SHOES

are good to wear, and

Russet Apples

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Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo W. Morrison,

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(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

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Buy the Best

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FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

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LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $135.
Warwick	$135.
Stroug	95.
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Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

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Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

SHOT IN THE SHOULDER.

A Central Track Walker Fired Upon by Wreckers.

A DISASTER NARROWLY AVERTED

Another Sensational Attempt to Wreck a New York Central Train—Several Shots Were Fired at the Track Walker as He Ran to Give the Alarm.

ALBANY, Sept. 9.—The 6 o'clock train out of New York due here at 9:50 last night was thirty minutes late, and as this train is usually on time it looked suspicious. It is intimated that a blockade intended to wreck the train was discovered by a track walker at New Hamburg and the train was flagged just in time to prevent a serious accident. The blockade, it is said, consisted of steel rails and some old railroad iron. The division superintendent was not at his office, but his assistant said no word of the attempted wreck had been sent him.

A Sensational Story.

At 11:30 o'clock a passenger at the depot was found who had talked with the trainmen on the belated train. His story was highly sensational, and it was to the effect that as a point called Old Troy, near Hamburg, the train was stopped so quickly that the passengers were thrown from their seats.

There was great excitement, the people *on the train believing that* there was another accident. The cause, however, was the appearance of a track man with a red lantern and with blood streaming from a wound in his shoulder. The engineer said he heard several shots fired and then saw the man. When the trackman could speak he said that there was an obstruction on the track, and a searching party soon found a pile of ties laid across the track and branch from behind with pieces of railroad iron. The obstruction was removed and the train proceeded with a thoroughly frightened lot of passengers. *The above story was shown to the railroad* officials here, but they refused to say whether it was true or not.

Shot from an Ambush.

A railroad employe who was on the train was found later and tells another version, probably the true one. He says that two men out rowing on the river near that point saw some train boys on the tracks, and waiting until they disappeared they crawled quietly up. They found a steel rail wedged in the cattle guard in the same way as at Albany and braced up in the same way by pieces of flange iron. With all their strength they could not move it, and started down the track to warn the Chicago limited express. They met a trackman, and he, swinging his red lantern, started to stop the train. In an instant several shots rang out and one took effect in the trackman's shoulder. However, the train was stopped about 100 yards south of the obstruction. According to the description of the barricade it was of the same build as the one near Albany on Thursday night.

The Obstruction Described.

An official report received this morning shows that the obstruction was not placed like the one at Albany. There is a culvert at this point, and into that culvert were jammed several ties. These ties were then placed so that their butts pointed toward the approaching train, and if the engine had struck it the ties would only have been driven in harder and the train would have gone into the river. The obstruction was not removed at midnight and the trains were being switched on other tracks.

Three Arrests.

John Cordial, 34 years old, a conductor, and John Kiernan, 36 years old, a brakeman, have been arrested by Detective Pinkerton in charge of the wreck on the Montreal express at Castleton. Both are Knights of Labor. They were arrested on warrants issued by Justice Griffiths, of Troy, on the charge of train wrecking made by the Central officials. The arrest of Reed was the work of Detective Bryant, of Hudson, and certain associates of his, who are working together to get that $5,000 reward.

A Fatal Central Wreck.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Sept. 9.—*Shortly after* 6 a. m. eastbound train No. 39 on the Central road was nearing Lockport, when train No 39, going west, dashed around the curve and the two engines came together. Baggageman Frank Fidler, of train No. 39, was killed. His neck was broken, apparently as a result of the sudden shock, for he was not otherwise injured. He was 40 years old and lived in New York. Engineer Bradley, of Syracuse, of the westbound train, was jammed in his cab, and both his legs were broken. If he lives the injured limbs will have to be amputated.

The trains were the North Shore limited, each composed of five sleepers, a buffet car and day coach. They usually pass at Sanborn, seven miles west of here. The westbound was fifty minutes late, and it is said that the engineer of the eastbound ran on his own responsibility, intending to get to Lockport and pass the westbound there. None of the coaches left the track, and none of the passengers were injured. Engineer Brown, of the eastbound train, said that he was going to get orders at Lockport, and that the semaphore signal was not lighted or set to hold the westbound. He said he usually takes orders at Lockport Junction, but could not get there and ran down to Lockport, depending on the switchman at the west end of the yard here to hold the westbound train.

Robert Garrett Very Ill.

AIX-LA-CHAPELLE, Sept. 9.—For the past week Mr. Robert Garrett, of Baltimore, has been under medical treatment here and is still very ill. He had purposed going to Hamburg, where he had engaged rooms some ten days ago, but was taken so ill he could not leave. Mrs. Garrett and Mrs. Gwynn, her father and brother have been with him. Dr. Jacobi has been in constant attendance upon him, and expects to pull him through.

Tom Casey Knocked Out.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 9.—Tom Casey, of this city, and Arthur Upham, of New England, fought four rounds at the Audubon Athletic club last night for a purse of $600, the former being knocked out. The honors were about even up to the last when Upham landed heavily on Casey's jaw and he failed to respond to the call of time. Each man weighed 158 pounds.

A Big Strike at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 9.—About 800 finishing boys at the G. Evans; Hogan, Evans & Co.; the Peerless Glass company and Atterbury & Co.'s chimney factories on the south side have struck for an increase in pay of five cents a turn. Should the strike continue one day longer 40 of the chimney glass business would be seriously injured.

THEY FOUGHT FOR A MAN.

Two New Jersey Young Women Indulge in a Remarkable Battle.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 9.—Mary Herbert and Mabel Brown, daughters of prominent residents of Finnieville, N. J., fought a prize fight in a sixteen-foot ring pitched in an old barn on the outskirts of that village at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. The cause of the fight was rivalry for the attentions of a young man named George Woodward.

Thirty-eight rounds were fought, in which both girls were severely punished, but neither had the advantage. A draw contest was declared a draw. The combatants were stripped to the waist, and every part of their bodies exposed to view bore traces of punishment. The referee, seconds and spectators were all females, friends of the principals. Woodward has since declared that he will have nothing to do with either of the girls.

Sophia Barry was the timekeeper. Mary Woodward seconded Mamie Herbert and Laura Brown acted in the same capacity for Mabel Brown.

Two lantern in the corners threw a flickering light on the queer scene. Mabel led off first with a blow straight from the shoulder. Mamie dodged this and let fly one in return with her right. It did not land, for Mabel was too quick. There was blood in the eyes of both girls and they struck out viciously. Blow followed blow and the girls began to get winded. Time was called and the girls retired to their corners.

When time was called again they stepped up briskly and went at it hammer and tongs.

They punched each others' fair shoulders for twenty-seven rounds and then they got mad and clinched. They clawed, scratched and pulled out hair. Two tigresses could not have been more wicked. The air was full of black locks and golden tresses, and blood was flowing in little rivulets down a white background.

The girls continued to fight for thirty-eight rounds. Then they were so exhausted that neither could lift a hand, and both were badly punished. Sophia Barry finally called time and decided the fight a draw. Then the girls all shook hands and swore secrecy. The two fighters ware taken home and put to bed. Doctors were called in and their bruises bound up. The story of the disgraceful affair has leaked out and community is thoroughly shocked.

IN O'REILLY'S HONOR.

Governor Hill's Tribute to the Dead Poet's Memory.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The immense auditorium of the Metropolitan Opera house was crowded last night on the occasion of the memorial meeting of the citizens of New York in honor of John Boyle O'Reilly, the poet, soldier and patriot. There were 4,500 persons present. Capps's Seventh Regiment and the Sixty-ninth Regiment bands furnished the music. After the guests were seated Judge Brown called the meeting to order, stated its object, and introduced as chairman Governor David B. Hill. The governor said:

"I rejoice at the opportunity afforded for joining with the citizens of New York in this impressive demonstration in expressing our admiration for the life and character of that distinguished patriot whose name in our every lip to-night, our friend and the friend of humanity—John Boyle O'Reilly. (Applause.) His name needs no introduction to an American audience. It is known throughout the whole liberty loving world. The best years of his life were spent in his efforts for the amelioration of his native land, and his great struggles, his heroic deeds and his eloquence have made their mark upon the history of his time. Although Mr. O'Reilly was not a resident of this city, the fact that his memory should be respected and his deeds commemorated in every part of this republic I speak the sentiment of this great community when I assert that the Irish exile state would be proud of John Boyle O'Reilly as a son. His memory will be dear to his countrymen everywhere and dear to all the American people."

Speeches were also made by Governor Abbett, of New Jersey; Judge Fitzgerald and others. The programme included a poem, "John Boyle O'Reilly," by Joseph I. C. Clarke; the reading of the dead poet's poem, "The Patriot's Grave," by Mr. Alfred Young and appropriate musical selections and resolutions.

The Pennsylvania's Offices Gutted.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 9.—Lightning struck the offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad company at noon, and in a few minutes the building was in flames. The building was badly gutted before the fire could be extinguished. Great damage was also done by water. The loss, which cannot be estimated at present, will be heavy. There was great excitement for a time among the hundreds of clerks employed in the building, but all escaped, though there were narrow escapes from suffocation. All railroad business is temporarily suspended. The lightning entered the telegraph room, in which are stored tons of paper, and the fire communicating with these gained great headway. The bolt of lightning entered the building by means of the telegraph wires. The books, recent records, etc., of the company were saved with difficulty, but a large number of documents and old records were burned. The residence of George McClellan was also struck by lightning. Mrs. Margaret Otto was knocked senseless and has not yet recovered consciousness. Several bystanders were slightly injured.

A Conductor Under Arrest.

SALEM, Mass., Sept. 9.—Jerome A. Brown, conductor on the Salem and Lowell division of the Boston and Maine railroad, has been arrested charged with larceny of tick-

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. SHOCKEY | 94 SOMERSET ST

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Boston—										
Boston	3	4	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	10
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 22; New York, 10. Errors: Boston, 0; New York, 8. Batteries: Radbourn and Kelly; Crane, Crowley and Brown.

At Pittsburg—										
Pittsburg	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Cleveland	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 10; Cleveland, 5. Errors: Pittsburg, 1; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Morris and Quinn, Gruber and Stein.

At Buffalo—										
Buffalo	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0

Base hits: Buffalo, 11; Chicago, 14. Errors: Buffalo, 4; Chicago, 1. Batteries: Cunningham and Mack, Baldwin and Darling.

At Brooklyn—										
Brooklyn	2	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

Base hits: Brooklyn, 15; Philadelphia, 9. Errors: Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries: Bowders and Daily, Husted and Cross.

National League.

At Philadelphia—										
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Philadelphia, 4; Brooklyn, 3. Errors: Philadelphia, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Batteries: Vickery and Clements, Lovett and Daly.

At Chicago—										
Chicago	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Pittsburg, 5. Errors: Chicago, 2; Pittsburg, 3. Batteries: Luby and Kittridge, Anderson and Decker.

At New York—										
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boston	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: New York, 12; Boston, 11. Errors: New York, 5; Boston, 2. Batteries: Sharrott and Clark, Nichols and Hardie. Game called on account of darkness.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
New York	—	1,003
Brooklyn	1,100	
Chicago	—	953
Pittsburg	982	
Boston	5,877	—
Philadelphia	—	2,980
Buffalo	1,517	
Totals	9,476	4,405

American Association.

At Syracuse—										
Syracuse	7	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3	—12
Columbus	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	—5

At Philadelphia—										
Athletic	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Toledo	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—3

Base hits: Athletic, 3; Toledo, 7. Errors: Athletic, 4; Toledo, 5. Batteries: Green and Baldwin, Haag and Welsh.

At Rochester—										
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Rochester, 5; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Rochester, 2; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: Callahan and Grimm, Sowdis and Mangus.

At Baltimore—										
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	5	—8
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Base hits: Baltimore, 6; Louisville, 2. Errors: Baltimore, 3; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Morrison and Townsend, Stratton and Bligh.

Atlantic Association.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 9; Newark, 10. Base hits: Harrisburg, 13; Newark, 12. Errors: Harrisburg, 4; Newark, 3. Batteries: Eagan and Jennings, Sered and Murphy.

At New Haven—New Haven, 9; Lebanon, 1. Base hits: New Haven, 9; Lebanon, 4. Errors: New Haven, 2; Lebanon, 2. Batteries: Gilliand and Hodge, Swift, Smith and McCaffry.

The President Enjoying Himself.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 9.—Ex-Congressman Ward, of Chester, drove President Harrison to Loretto yesterday, where the famous Catholic convent is located. The president was taken in charge by Father Ryan and shown about the premises. He was invited to go through the convent, but not desiring to delay, deferred that pleasure until a later visit. On the return trip Mr. Ward drove through Gallitzen, where a crowd of urchins recognized the president and greeted him with, "Ah there, Harrison." The president acknowledged the salute by raising his hat. The urchins followed the carriage hurrahing for President Harrison and the Republican party. Last evening a very elaborate tea was given in honor of the president and his family by Hon. B. F. Jones. The Harrisons and Halfords attended en masse and had a royal good time. Later in the evening President Harrison received the election returns from Maine, arrangements having been made during the day with the special representatives of the United and Associated Press to have their bulletin services extended to this point.

Moss Must Swing.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 9.—Judge Rice overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of George W. Moss, who brutally murdered his wife on Oct. 10, 1889. He will be sentenced on Saturday.

ISAAC BROKAW & SON,

Fire Insurance,

Office, 37 Park Street, N. Plainfield

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

What is Carpet Cork? How

One Opinion of the McKinley Bill.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Pursuant to a call issued by the Leaf Tobacco Board of Trade several days ago for a meeting of leaf tobacco importers to take action on the McKinley bill, a meeting was held Monday. There was a very large attendance, including representatives of all the leading houses in the trade. The chairman, Gerson Mayer, president of the board, explained that if the McKinley bill were passed in its present shape it would result in disaster to the trade, forces the withdrawal from circulation of many millions of dollars, and possibly cause a panic in financial circles. It would be impossible to get the merchandise out of bond within the time proposed by the bill. A resolution protesting against the passage of the bill in its present form was unanimously passed.

They Favor Reciprocity.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—A meeting of members of the Produce Exchange was held to express the views of the exchange on the question of reciprocity. A resolution was adopted to the effect that "the New York Produce Exchange as a body solicits congress to take such steps of legislation or diplomatic negotiation as will insure the enlargement of foreign markets to American products." The resolution was telegraphed to Senators Evarts and Hiscock.

Found His Body in a Creek.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The body of Orlando Hayes has been found in Rondout creek. He has been missing since Friday last. It is supposed that he committed suicide while temporary insane, caused by ill health. He is a brother of Republican State Committeeman Hayes, of this district, and has been engaged in business here for many years.

Baron Wissmann's Plan.

BREMEN, Sept. 9.—At a banquet given in his honor in this city Baron Wissmann, of East African fame, announced his design of placing steamers upon Lake Victoria Nyassa and Tanganyika. He said he would go to England to arrange for the construction of vessels for service on the lakes.

The Emperor's Generosity

VIENNA, Sept. 9.—The emperor has contributed nearly $10,000 for the benefit of the sufferers by the recent floods. It is claimed that the appropriation made for the purpose of providing against floods has been inadequate, and the niggardly policy of the finance minister is severely condemned.

A Scolding Drove Her to Suicide.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Miss Nellie McMahon, 23 years old, has committed suicide by jumping in the lake because her mother *would not her* for being half an hour late in returning home one night last week.

Special Notices.

H. S. SPENCER, Grocer and vendue at, 76 and 78 bonnet street. Choice plants, new varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. White, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and floss wool shawls, head shoulder capes, hat by band, in the latest patterns, sold at whole by Miss Fanning. Also evening gloves in long lace wrist. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples.

NORTH PLAINFIELD BARBER SHOP. Gentlemen can have shave or hair cut at Charles D. Mann's Barber Shop 98 somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-21-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and green house plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to plant, also BUILDING BLOCKS, H. GILLAND, Flower Nurseries, at Leeton's Nursery, No. 127 Hillside avenue. 8-30-1y

CELERY PLANTS of the for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Green house cash. Intelligence office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay. 92 West Front st.

P. SAUMB, Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near Depot, Evergreen P. O. Box 1258. Jobbing attended to. Put contracts especially on all kind of work.

DEMAREST,
—THE—
Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,
125 PARK AVENUE.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE
Bought—Sold—Repaired
Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.
ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield. Store fixtures a specialty. Fine interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

CARRIAGES
15 to wagons, carts, furniture, gears, harness, repairing. Agent for improvements on the Parvin Iron wagon. John F. Wolfe Race street N. side Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 100 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any responsible company. Office North avenue Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord, Dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Celebrated Cortland Portland Cement and Bonkhead Lime.

Allen's Stage Line
FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will take passengers in time for morning train and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Telephone will be established as readily as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Watchung avenue, Beyond the borough limits no cross.

Leave depot at the N. J. C. 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 3:37 and 12 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Westfield. Meet all trains. Meet all trains leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:00 a. m., 1:45, 5:00 and 6 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive, 10:30 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.28, 6.58, 7.30, 8.04, 8.37, 9.08, 9.37, 10.08, 10.37, 11.08, 11.37 a. m., 12.08, 12.37, 1.08, 1.37, 2.08, 2.37, 3.08, 3.37, 4.08, 4.37, 5.08, 5.37, 6.08, 6.37, 7.08, 7.37, 8.08, 8.37, 9.08, 9.37, 10.08, 10.37, 11.08, 11.37 p. m., 12.08 night. Sunday, 5.37, 6.54, 7.30, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 a. m., 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m., 12.37 night.

Leave New York at 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Fare Plainfield to New York, 45 cents, Somerville to New York, 35 cents.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.20, 11.45 a. m., 2.45, 5.15 p. m. Sunday, 9.20 a. m., 5.15 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.30, 8.00, 10.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.45, 9.20, 11.45 a. m., 2.45, 5.15 p. m. Sunday, 9.20 a. m., 5.15 p. m.

Leave Hopatcong at 6.30, 8.00, 10.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg and all points west. Also for Somerville, Whitehouse and Lebanon.

9.20, a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Mount Olive, Ledgewood, Dover, Hackettstown, Stanhope, Waterloo, Port Morris, Lake Hopatcong, Mount Arlington, Mount Tabor, Denville, Wharton, Succasunna Plains, Mount Hope, Mount Pleasant, Mount Freedom, Morristown, Convent, Madison, Chatham, Millburn, Short Hills, Summit, Chatham, Madison, Convent, Morristown, Mount Freedom, Mount Pleasant, Mount Hope, Succasunna Plains, Wharton, Denville, Mount Tabor, Mount Arlington, Lake Hopatcong, Port Morris, Waterloo, Stanhope, Dover, Ledgewood, Mount Olive, Lebanon, High Bridge Branch, Somerville and Bound Brook.

11.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg and all points west. Also for Somerville, Whitehouse and Lebanon.

2.45 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg and all points west. Also for Somerville, Whitehouse and Lebanon.

5.15 p. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg and all points west. Also for Somerville, Whitehouse and Lebanon.

6.00 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville. 6.35 for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown and Manch Chunk. Also for Harrisburg, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., p. m. For Flemington.

7.30 p. m.—For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading Harrisburg, 8.00, p.m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays 8.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, 8.45 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk. 9.30 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville 8.35 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown and Manch Chunk. Also for Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 8.37, 10.05, 11.20, a. m. 12.00, (4.07, through coach) 3.37, 5.32 p. m. Sundays, 12.00 Ocean Grove) 3.37, 5.32 p. m. 7.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3.37, 8.00 10.05 11.20, a. m., 12.00, 4.07 p.m. 5.32, 7.03 p. m. Sundays 3.37, 8.00, 5.32, 7.03 p. m.

For Atlantic City 11.20 a. m., 5.00 p. m. For Pleasure Bay, 8.00, 11.20, a.m., 4.07, 5.00, 5.32 5.32, 7.03 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3.37, 7.45 8.00, 9.48, 11.28 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.56, 3.37, 5.32 p. m. Sundays at 8.17, 9.48, a. m., 7.30, 8.00, 5.14, 6.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 3.37, 9.48, 11.28 a.m., 1.56, 5.32 p. m. Sundays at 8.17, 9.48, a. m., 7.30, 8.00, 5.14, 6.55 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:58 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st., to Second place, to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.16 a. m.	to meet	8.58 a. m. train
3d do	9.16	do	9.57 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.57 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.57 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.58 p. m.
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.35 & 2.52 p. m.
8th do	3.46 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	4.30 do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	5.00 do	do 5.58 do	
11th do	5.45 do	do 6.07 do	
12th do	6.30 do	do 7.00 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave., North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Depot at 7:30 a. m., 8:16, 9:16, 10:00, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:00, 5:45, 6:30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for livery purposes. Horses for saddle. Saddle horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stages after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at reasonable rates.

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, 4th and 5th. Telephone Call 38.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

16 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from the date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your favors and guarantee all goods left to be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,
Pure Fruit Flavors.

FLOWER POTS
AT THE 5 AND 10 CENT STORE.
J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy
21 West Front Street
Delicious Soda Water
Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. Tooth Powders Milk Shake and still very popular
Prescriptions carefully compounded
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.
Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste, 25c. per bottle

COAL LUMBER
And Builders Supplies
LOOMIS & RICE
49 BOWNE

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Builders Cards.

G. R. Musgrave
Carpenter & Builder
Jobbing promptly attended to at
66 West Front st.
Opposite M. E. church.
RESIDENCE, 82 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 962.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

R. O. HOWELL,
THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,
PRICE TO CONSUMERS.
EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.
1 Cask, 13 dozen pints(imported style) ..15.00.
EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

P. E. S. & G. V. L. E.
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 461.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Part of line N. Y. & Long

Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET

JUST THE THING YOU WANT FOR THE SEASON OF THE YEAR AT
THE BEE HIVE
Children's and Misses Reefers in navy drab and striped, med ium weight.
A full line of all kinds of weight underwear for ladies', gents' and children
Children's and misses' flannel dresses in plain and two piece suits with blouse and plaited skirt.
A new and complete line of high grade infants long robes and long cashmere cloaks.

FIRST ANNUAL
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF
WALL PAPER.
The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.
FIFTY PORTS WORTH CONSIDERING.
1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.
2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.
3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.
SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.
A. D. Van Sciver,
OPPOSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE

BUY THE
BEST GOODS
FOR THE
LEAST MONEY
U. B. Crane,
HATTER AND FURNISHER
12 PARK PLACE

HELD THE REINS!

OMAN USUALLY MORE UN-ACIFUL THAN MAN.

A Tally-ho Driven by Women—Who Should Be Collector of Customs of the Port of New York?—A Female Ambassador—The Bride's Bonnet.

[Copyrighted by American Press Association.]

It was in Washington, and I was in one of the semi-private rooms of the Capitol allotted to chairmen of committees and such like dignitaries. I was there to try to obtain something which I wished, and to prevent something I did not wish, and to gently guide the mind of a very positive person into a course he had no intention of pursuing; in fact I was lobbying, and with what result I need not here mention, although it is marvelous sometimes to see what formidable nets can be gnawed asunder by the teeth of very little mice, and also how ungratefully the lion generally is as soon as he is free.

On this particular occasion the interview was cut short by a messenger sent to hasten my friend to his seat in the house, and as he escaped he flung back the Parthian arrow:

"If women held the reins aright"

For hours after the phrase rang in my ears. If women held the reins! Would things be better or worse for the women, for the men, for the country?

If a woman held the power of appointment to public office, for instance? If I could settle who should be our next minister to Spain? If I were president or secretary of state?

That evening, as I chatted with half a dozen women, all of the bright, clever, wide awake sort that are to be met more surely in Washington than anywhere else that I am familiar with, I suddenly propounded the query, "If any one of you had the power, whom would you make collector of the port of New York in case of a vacancy?"

"Jones, of course!"

"Oh no! Brown by all means!"

"Robinson is my man!"

"Smith!"

"Black!"

"Lake!"

"Green!"

"White!"

"Gray!" clamored nine positive voices, while in my turn I cried enthusiastically, "Why not Le Blanc?" adding:

"And now let us all give our real reasons for our nominations, and see whose are the weightiest."

"Well, Mr. Jones is a friend of mine, and I know he would like the nomination, and why shouldn't he have it?"

"And Brown has failed, poor man, and needs the income."

"Robinson met us abroad last year and was so nice and gentlemanly; he'd let all my things through the custom house duty free."

"Mr. Smith did better than that, for he was on the Caledonia when I came home alone last autumn, and he put a lot of things for Ned and Charlie in his own trunk as if they were his own."

"Like Mr. Black, who told me how to hide my laces so they never were suspected."

"Mr. Lake married my cousin, and they mean to live in New York."

"But Tom Green is such an awfully nice fellow, and always hard up, poor fellow! He's run through all his property."

"Yes, but you know White is a great yachtsman, and just fancy the moonlight parties, and breakfasts on board government steamers and all that sort of thing!"

"We are under great obligation to Mr. Gray, and I believe the salary of the collector of New York is something fabulous, is it not?"

"And Le Blanc is such a feature at my receptions with his nautical songs that a maritime appointment seems to heighten his values, as the artists say," concluded I; and then as we chatted of one thing and another some malicious sprite whistled in my ear, "If women held the reins!"

But after all, while men hold the reins, are political appointments made from so much higher motives than these? Does not one man vote and labor for his friend to be minister to the court of Germany because he expects to get bread and cheese for less than its value, or for nothing at all, and doesn't the man who wants the postoffice at Cranberry Center vote for the postmaster general who will give it him?

Personal likes and dislikes do not govern men as much as they do women, and very few men do much from gratitude, unless it is of the species defined as "A lively sense of favors to come," and they very seldom toil as women do, from pure good nature and the liking to give other people pleasure, and yet I am afraid their motives are often no higher, no more patriotic than those of the ladies I have quoted.

Tradition and Bishop Potter at the late inaugural centennial tell of an Arcadian, if not Paradisiacal, condition of politics in which everybody acted from the noblest and purest motives; when public men demanded no salaries, but hung their private fortunes into the public scoffers with more than Roman patriotism; when each man looked for another's benefit and forgot his own; when statesmen expired in saying, *Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori*, and the women flung their tea into the water, and their jewels into the melting pot.

But, alas! these times have gone, even with the snows of their winters and the roses of their summers. The world has changed and we change with it, and you cannot turn backward the hands of Time's clock.

But among the changes this same Father Time has wrought, one of the very most remarkable is that of the education, the public importance and the self appreciation of women, who in some sort of gigantic military evolution have come to the front, have unfurled new banners, unmasked new batteries and struck up new and startling music, to whose thrilling measures the seasoned veterans of the Old Guard move unsteadily, half disposed to follow its lead, half resenting its innovation.

Already the leaders of the army, that army which in the widest sense is the Grand Army of the Republic, are asking uneasily: "What shall we do with this new force? If we accept its co-operation will it not end by overpowering us? They claim their right to fight side by side with us, but isn't there danger that they won't leave us any rights at all? In other words, What if women hold the reins?

I don't know what the leaders will decide, and I don't know that it will make very much difference to the event, for I think that just as the earth turns over every day, whether we like it or not, and just as it revolves about the sun quite oblivious of what Galileo or the pope may decide, so the woman question is one beyond the control of the men or of the women themselves. The Sleeping Beauty has woke up and declines to go to sleep again. It remains to be seen what she will do next.

Still I don't think she will take command of the Grand Army just yet; I don't think she will be allowed to seize the reins even if she wants to. Men, like other ponderous and simple forces in nature, move slowly and take some time to get up their momentum, but **[illegible]** they are started it is difficult to control either their course or their speed.

I was once on an Alp, a very easy one, I assure you, and watched an enthusiastic young bride who, under her husband's admiring gaze, was trying to detach a small bowlder from its bed and send it crashing down the mountain side. She pushed, she pried with her own alpenstock until she broke it, and then with his; she got very prettily pink in the face, and tore her little gloves; she set her teeth and compressed her lips; in fact she did her honest best, and after a while raised the stone to the edge of its shallow bed, where it hung as it were by a hair. Even then she could have pushed it back, and it would have settled down as sturdily as ever. She might have sat upon it, danced on it, snapped her fingers at it and left it to vegetate forever as she found it; but instead she leaned upon her alpenstock, and with one touch of her dainty foot overcame the last atom of resistance and sent the great stolid thing upon its downward way.

What a noise it made! How it splintered itself and the other rocks! How it crushed and bruised and maimed the flowers and shrubs and all the soft green things it encountered! How quickly and precisely it would have killed that little bride had she got in its way!

Some such fancy passed through her own mind, I imagine, for after watching its downward career for a moment she drew back very pale and quiet, and putting her hand in her husband's arm drew him silently away.

Well, it isn't a good plan to set the bowlder rolling unless you are quite sure it can't harm you, and also that you don't want to use it any more; it is safer to edge it along to just the place you want it in, and then block it and shore it up and make it fast with a thousand little pebbles, each with a different name. There is always room enough to spurn it down the precipice if we want it out of the way. That, however, is not very likely to occur. However much a woman may like to handle the reins, I think she always likes to have a man upon the box with her to see how neatly she does it. I don't know that I ever saw a mail coach driven and occupied by women only, although I have seen a good many where a tiny Amazon held the ribbons and used the whip, generally more mercilessly than the man who sat close beside her would have done; and let it not be forgotten that all seen agree in accusing gentle woman of driving horses more cruelly, with less consideration and less self control than most men show toward them.

Is not that rather an ominous consideration in the question, What if women held the reins? Would not the coach of state be in some danger of breaking down if it were recklessly and intemperately driven?

A woman, especially if she has brains and energy, generally knows what end she means to attain, and is as unscrupulous as the great Napoleon in attaining it. She wishes to distance her rival in the race. How pitilessly she lashes her horses, how recklessly she drives over the prostrate body of her favorite dog, how little she cares for the rocking and tilting of the chariot! To be sure when the race is won, and she is conqueror and her rival out of sight, she pats the horses' noses and orders them all the oats they can eat, and a vet. to bind up their bleeding flanks, and she is really and sincerely broken hearted over poor Fido, and is glad that the wheel didn't come off until she reached the winning post, and in the evening of the same day she will turn pale and shiver at a ghost story, and scream at a mouse. Dear, charming, inconsistent woman. How I love you, and how I don't want to see you drive the chariot of state.

Fancy a clever, capable woman as minister of war! She has met some foreign minister at court or somewhere else, and she has had a flirtation with him; he has pleased or displeased her very much; she wishes to flatter him by yielding to his policy or she wishes to flaunt her power and glory in his face. Will she ever be so much a *statesman* and so little a woman as to resist these deeply rooted feminine traits and impulses?

If for one hope not, for a woman who ceases to move on feminine lines does not become a man, but merely an anomaly, and I do hate anomalies.

Or fancy a woman envoy plenipotentiary at a foreign court or in any branch of diplomacy; but we need hardly exert our *fancy* in this direction, for we have seen and we may read in most histories of the wild work women's dainty fingers have wrought when thrust into the hives where statesmen weave their subtle web of tapestry, so different upon its face and in its sunny side.

A world governed by women would become a mere exaggeration of its individualities instead of a composite whole. It would be like a Prince Rupert's drop struck by a hammer and fallen at one flash from an apparently solid mass to a heap of glittering atoms. Of course the mass holds within itself the principle of disintegration or it could not be so readily evolved, but woman is the hammer whose sharp blow destroys the covering that holds all these jarring particles together. That covering we will call public policy, and I believe it is safe to say that very few women know the article even by sight. And if not one woman in a hundred thousand would or could consistently follow it out.

Don't we read of floods of unavailing tears shed in royal boudoirs when a woman tries to really use her nominal sovereignty either for or against some man or some nation whom or which she either loves or hates? And doesn't the calm, cold, gray headed old minister always end by having his own way and persuading her majesty to sign the warrant for Essex's execution or the pardon of him who was to die, not for treason, but for a jibe against the favorite of the queen?

So it has gone, so it goes, so let us sincerely hope it will go, at least for our time; let us drive, let us hold the reins, but for heaven's sake have a good stout lower jaw on the box beside us, so that **[illegible]** when we drag the lumbering coach of state up to the top of the hill, or going down with it.

Mrs. Frank Leslie

Some Literary Women.

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Miss Katherine Eleanor Conway is associated with Mr. James Jeffrey Roche on the editorial staff of The Boston Pilot. She also has been a teacher. Her literary apprenticeship was served in Rochester, N. Y., where she was probably the first woman to do newspaper work. She edited The West End Journal there for five years, then became assistant on The Catholic Union Times of the same city, where she remained till 1883, when she went to Boston to assume her position on The Pilot. She has done much desultory work and a great deal of anonymous compiling and editing, besides leaving a book of poems called "On the Sunrise Slope." In 1886 she edited for Mrs. Clara Erskine Clement, the art writer, "Christian Symbols and Stories of the Saints," now in its second edition. Miss Conway says that the best school for a journalist is to be assistant on a weekly paper. She is a bright, animated little woman, with dark complexion and a fluent and forcible manner of talking.

Mrs. Elizabeth Merritt Gould, one of The Boston Herald staff, does a great deal of fine and graceful writing. She is a fair haired, sweet faced woman, with a winning manner. She made a special hit last summer as the Bar Harbor correspondent of The Herald, and is said to be the first woman who visited Lenox professionally. She was also sent out for a special interview with ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland on one occasion. Mrs. Gould writes for many papers and magazines, among them Wide Awake, Harper's Bazar and Good Housekeeping, and is very popular as a reporter of society doings.

Mrs. Cora Stuart Wheeler is a "Hub" literary woman who is known for her biographies of famous women, written for The Daughters of America and The American Magazine. She was for some years editor of The Yankee Blade, where she did a prodigious amount of literary work until her health obliged her to resign. She retains her connection with the paper, however, by conducting a household department. Mrs. Wheeler's pen name is Trebor Ohl. She is especially fond of writing on household ethics. Mrs. Wheeler also contributes stories and poems to the press. There is an energy and "fire" about her that have doubtless been important factors to her success. She is a young woman with dark hair and sparkling eyes, and is an entertaining and fluent speaker.

ANNIE L. WILLIS.

Fans for Decoration.

[Copyrighted by American Press Association.]

FIG. I.

Fans have been put to almost every decorative use under the sun, but a novel device is to make them serve for ceiling adornment. A woman of marked good taste in the arrangement of her house used them in this way in her own room. The walls were papered, the ceiling was painted a warm yellow. On this were tacked brilliant circles of fans—one at each corner, one in the center. The fans were spread to their full extent,

FIG. II.

and about three of them formed a circle. As very strong and pretty fans can be bought for five or ten cents apiece, the cost of such a decoration is small.

Fans make a striking figure in a plain room when spread and fastened a little apart all the way around the top of the walls.

THE DECLINE OF DISCIPLINE.

Being a Comparison of the Training of Young Ideas, Past and, Present.

1790.

Master Makepiece Wisdom Winthrop (to his father)—Will my honored and reverend father grant me the privilege of going to slide on yonder pond for a brief time?

His Sire—Nay, my son, it is not my desire that you should engage in such frivolous pursuits. They are a waste of time and energy, and I fear me they are in a certain degree sinful. Say no more about it, my son.

Master Makepiece Wisdom Winthrop, aged 10, says no more.

1890.

Master Harold Percy St. John, aged 10 (to his step)—Pa, can't I go skating this afternoon?

Mr. St. John—No, you can't.

"Why?"

"Cause you can't."

"What's the reason?"

"I don't want you to—that's why."

"That ain't any reason."

"It is reason enough for me, and I want you to shut right up and say no more about it."

"Jim Brown and Ted Jenkins are going."

"I don't care if they are; you're not."

"Why?"

"Because you're not!"

"Pshaw! I can't never do nothing!

"Shut up that noise!"

"Can I go then?"

"No. You can't."

"Boo-hoo-hoo! Hoo-oo-oo! I—hoo—don't—hoo—see why!"

"You'll know why if I trounce you, young man!"

"Can't I go just a little while?"

"Yes, and break through the ice and get drowned."

"I won't, either—Boo-hoo!"

"Hush! Will you be very careful?"

"Yes—yes."

"And not go where the ice is thin?"

"No."

"And you'll come home in an hour?"

"Yes—yes."

"Well, put out then, and mind if you ain't back in an hour I'll trounce you good."

"Yes, sir."

And off he goes to stay five hours and a half, but the trouncing is never more heard of.—Drake's Magazine.

Dreadful Awakening.

"Madam," said the eminent surgeon, "I am happy to say we have discovered at last the cause of your husband's condition. A small portion of the skull was fractured by the injury that deprived him of consciousness a year or more ago, and a splinter has been pressing upon the brain. I have located the fracture, and in a few minutes, with the help of my assistants, the splinter will be removed. You must not be surprised, madam, if he continued, "at anything he may say when he returns to consciousness. It has been many a long month since the injury happened to him, but you will remember that to him there has been no lapse of time whatever. If he was interrupted in the course of any remark he was making at the time of the accident he will finish that remark as soon as the pressure is removed from his brain."

The surgeon resumed his place at the bedside of the unconscious patient and the operation proceeded. It was a complete success. The moment the splinter was removed from the man's brain a natural look came into his eyes, and his anxious friends in the room adjoining heard him say in a slow, hesitating monotone:

"And so I had a half lay an egg and a half in a day and a half how many eggs will six hens lay in seven days?"—Chicago Tribune.

He Knew.

An old man would not believe he could hear his wife talk a distance of five miles over a telephone, so the writer had one in a shop several miles away where there was a telephone, and the skeptic was also in a house where there was a similar instrument, and on being told how to operate it he walked boldly up and shouted:

"Hello, Sarah!"

At that instant lightning struck the telephone wire and knocked the man down, and as he scrambled to his feet he excitedly cried, "That's Sarah, sure as fate!"—West Shore.

An Obscure Compliment.

Gwendolin—I have often wondered, Mr. Fassett, what your age may be.

Fassett—Well, miss Gwendolin, thirty-seven years have come and gone since I first saw the light.

Gwendolin (quickeningly)—And do you know how old I am?

Fassett—I do not know how old you are, but you don't look it.—Jewelers' Circular.

A Momentary Triumph.

Judge—This gentleman can identify the watch because his initials are scratched on the inside of the case.

Prisoner—No, he can't. I scratched them off.—Clothier and Furnisher.

The Other Way.

"How does your girl treat you, John?" asked the mother.

"She doesn't treat me at all, mother; I am obliged to treat her every time."—Boston Courier.

His Reputation.

Short Man (nervously)—Did you hear Brown say he owed me a licking?

Tall Man—That's all right. Brown never pays what he owes."—Louisville Courier Journal.

Wise Johnny.

Mamma—I'm sure Johnny would rather kiss his sister than any other little girl!

Johnny—Don't be a goose, mamma!—Chatter.

An "Early in the Morning Swine."

Escaped Convict—I am armed and dangerous; I have never yet shed human blood, but I must have your suit of clothes to disguise myself. What do you say? (Cooks pistol.)

Our Old Friend (without a moment's hesitation)—Help yourself, my dear fellow, help yourself. I can stay in bed as long as you as not; in fact, I'm used to it. Just (Grows)—Life.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark cotton flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12½.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of those remnants of fine cutting flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1 25. We clos the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

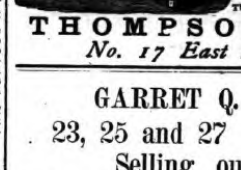
This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS



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SECOND HAND PIANOS; AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains:

GENT'S' FLANNEL SHIRT—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—12c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 33c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12½c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c; 3GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

CROQUET $', $1.25 and $1.75.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.25 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 65 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

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2d and 3d floors, Box 1586

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INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Cheesbrough Quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

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Painters and Paper hangers

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80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars in a supply taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and unloading. This, with the aid of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal can be had at the yard or delivered at residences. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Strict attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Park House. Manufacturers of Ivy Plant Leaves, Gardens and Field Fertilizers. P O Box 66, Telephone call 39.

IF SHE HELD THE REINS!

GENTLE WOMAN USUALLY MORE UNMERCIFUL THAN MAN.

A Tally-ho Driven by Women—Who Should Be Collector of Customs of the Port of New York?—A Female Ambassador—The Bride's Boxlder.

[Copyrighted by American Press Association.]

It was in Washington, and I was in one of the semi-private rooms of the Capitol allotted to chairmen of committees and such like dignitaries. I was there to try to obtain something which I wished, and to prevent something I did not wish, and to gently guide the mind of a very positive person into a course he had no intention of pursuing; in fact I was lobbying, and with what result I need not here mention, although it is marvelous sometimes to see what formidable nets can be gnawed asunder by the teeth of very little mice, and also how ungrateful the lion generally is as soon as he is free.

On this particular occasion the interview was cut short by a messenger sent to hasten my friend to his seat in the house, and as he escaped he flung back the Parthian arrow:

"If women had the wise sense"

For hours after the phrase rang in my ears. If women held the reins! Would things be better or worse for the women, for the men, for the country?

If a woman held the power of appointment to public office, for instance? If I could settle who should be our next minister to Spain? If I were president or secretary of state?

That evening, as I chatted with half a dozen women, all of the bright, clever, wide awake sort that are to be met more surely in Washington than anywhere else that I am familiar with, I suddenly propounded the query, "If any one of you had the power, whom would you make collector of the port of New York in case of a vacancy?"

"Jones, of course!"

"Oh no!" thrown by all means!"

"Robinson is my man!"

"Smith!"

"Black!"

"Lake!"

"Green!"

"White!"

"Gray!" clamored nine positive voices, while in my turn I cried enthusiastically, "Why not Le Blanc?" adding:

"And now let us all give our real reasons for our nominations, and see whose are the weightiest."

"Well, Mr. Jones is a friend of mine, and I know he would like the nomination, and why shouldn't he have it?"

"And Brown has just failed, poor man, and needs the income."

"Robinson met us abroad last year and was so nice and gentlemanly; he'd let all my things through the custom house for half duty."

"Mr. Smith did better than that, for he was on the Caledonia when I came home alone last autumn, and he put a lot of things for Ned and Charlie in his own trunk as if they were his own."

"Like Mr. Black, who told me how to hide my laces so they never were suspected."

"Mr. Lake married my cousin, and they mean to live in New York."

"But Tom Green is such an awfully nice fellow, and always hard up, poor fellow! He's run through all his property."

"Yes, but you know White is a great yachtsman, and just fancy the moonlight parties, and breakfasts on board government steamers and all that sort of thing!"

"We are under great obligation to Mr. Gray, and I believe the salary of the collector of New York is something fabulous, is it not?"

"And Le Blanc is such a feature at my receptions with his nautical songs that a maritime appointment seems to heighten his values, as the artists say," concluded I; and then as we chatted of one thing and another some malicious spirit visited in my ear, "If women held the reins!"

But after all, while men hold the reins, are political appointments made from so much higher motives than theirs? Does not every man vote and labor for his friend to be nominated clerk of the pantry because he expects to get bread and cheese for less than its value, or for nothing at all, and doesn't the man who wants the position at Cranberry Center vote for the postmaster general who will give it him?

Personal likes and dislikes do not govern men as much as they do women, and very few men do much from gratitude, unless it is of the species defined as "A lively sense of favors to come," and they very seldom toil as women do, from pure good nature and the liking to give other people pleasure, and yet I am afraid their motives are often no higher, no more patriotic than those of the ladies I have quoted.

Tradition and Bishop Potter at the late inaugural centennial tell of an Arcadian, if not Paradisiacal, condition of politics in which everybody acted from the noblest and purest motives; when public men demanded no salaries, but served their country for the honor of the public coffers with more than Roman patriotism; when each man looked for another's benefit and forgot his own; when statesmen expired in saying, *Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori*, and the women flung their tea into the water, and their jewels into the melting pot.

But, alas! those times have gone, even with the snows of their winters and the roses of their summers. The world has changed and we change with it, and you cannot turn backward the hands of Time's clock.

But among the changes this same Father Time has wrought, one of the very most remarkable is that in the education, the public importance and the self appreciation of women, who in some sort of gigantic military evolution have come to the front, have unfurled new banners, have raised new batteries and struck up new and startling music, to whose thrilling measures the seasoned veterans of the Old Guard move unsteadily, half disposed to follow its lead, half resenting its innovation.

Already the leaders of the army, that army which in the widest sense is the Grand Army of the Republic, are asking uneasily: "What shall we do with this new force? If we accept its co-operation will it not end by overpowering us? They claim their right to fight side by side with us, but isn't there danger that they won't leave us any rights at all? In other words, What if women seize the reins?

I don't know what the leaders will decide, and I don't know that it will make very much difference to the event, for I think that just as the earth turns over every day, whether we like it or not, and just as it revolves about the sun quite oblivious of what Galileo or the pope may decide, so the woman question is one beyond the control of the men or of the women themselves. The Sleeping Beauty has waked up and declines to go to sleep again. It remains to be seen what she will do next.

Still I don't think she will take command of the Grand Army just yet; I don't think she will be allowed to mine the reins even if she wants to. Men, like other ponderous and simple forces in nature, move slowly and take some time to get up their momentum, but are also cumbersome to control when they do take charge.

I was once on an Alp, a very easy one, I assure you, and watched an enthusiastic young bride who, under her husband's admiring gaze, was trying to detach a small boulder from its bed and send it crashing down the mountain side. She pushed, she pried with her own alpenstock until she broke it, and then with his; she got very prettily pink in the face, and tore her little gloves; she set her teeth and compressed her lips; in fact she did her honest best, and after a while raised the stone to the edge of its shallow bed, where it hung as it tach a small bowlder from its bed and send it crashing down the mountain side. She pushed, she pried with her own alpenstock until she broke it, and then with his; she got very prettily pink in the face, and tore her little gloves; she set her teeth and compressed her lips; in fact she did her honest best, and after a while raised the stone to the edge of its shallow bed, where it hung as it might have stuck there forever. Even then she could have pushed it back, and it would have settled down as sturdily as ever. She might have sat upon it, danced on it, snapped her fingers at it and left it to vegetate forever as she found it; but instead she leaned upon her alpenstock, and with one touch of her dainty foot overcame the last atom of resistance and sent the great stolid thing upon its downward way.

What a noise it made! How it splintered itself and the other rocks! How it crushed and bruised and maimed the flowers and shrubs and all the soft green things it encountered! How quickly and openly the bride would have killed that little bride had she got in its way!

Some such fancy passed through her own mind, I imagine, for after watching its downward career for a moment she drew back very pale and quiet, and putting her hand in her husband's arm drew him silently away.

Well, it isn't a good plan to set the bowlder rolling unless you are quite sure it can't harm you, and also that you don't want to use it any more; it is safer to edge it along to just the place you want it in, and then block it and shore it up and make it fast with a thousand little pebbles, each with a different name. There always is time enough to spurn it down the precipice if we want it out of the way. That, however, is not very likely to occur. However much a woman may like to handle the reins, I think she always likes to have a man upon the box with her to see how neatly she does it. I don't know that I ever saw a mail coach driven and occupied by women only, although I have seen a fine team in accusing gentle Amazon held the ribbons and used the whip, generally more mercilessly than the man who sat close beside her would have done; and let it not be forgotten that all men are nerve in accusing gentle woman of driving horses more cruelly, with less consideration and less self control than most men show toward them.

Is not that rather an ominous consideration in the question, What if women held the reins? Would not the coach of state be in some danger of breaking down if it were recklessly and intemperately driven?

ANNIE I. WILLIS.

Report's drop struck by a hammer and
miller at once flash from an apparently
solid mass to a heap of glittering atoms.
Of course the mass holds within itself
the principle of disintegration or it
could not be so readily evolved, but
woman is the hammer whose sharp blow
destroys the covering that holds all these
jarring particles together. That covering
we will call public policy, and I believe it is safe to say that very few
women know the article even by sight.
Not one woman in a hundred
thousand would or could consistently
follow it out.

Don't we read of floods of unavailing tears shed in royal boudoirs when a woman tries to apply the law of nominal sovereignty either for or against some man or some nation whom or which she either loves or hates? And doesn't the calm, cold, gray headed old minister always end by having his own way and persuading her majesty to sign the warrant for Essex's execution or the pardon of him who was to die, not for treason, but for a jibe against the favorite of the queen?

So it has gone, so it goes, so let us sincerely hope it will go, at least for our time; let us drive, let us hold the reins, but for heaven's sake have a good stalwart man on the box beside us, to quiet the coachman when he is disposed to run away with us.

Bret Harte Leslie

Same Literary Women.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

Miss Katherine Eleanor Conway is associated with Mr. James Jeffrey Roche on the editorial staff of The Boston Pilot. She also has been a teacher. Her literary apprenticeship was served in Rochester, N. Y., where she was probably the first woman to do newspaper work. She edited The West End Journal there for five years, then became assistant on The Catholic Union Times of the same city, where she remained till 1883, when she went to Boston to assume her position on The Pilot. She has done much desultory work and a great deal of anonymous compiling and editing, besides leaving a book of poems called "On the Sunrise Slope." In 1886 she edited for Mrs. Clara Erskine Clement, the art writer, "Christian Symbols and Stories of the Saints," now in its second edition. Miss Conway says that the best school for a journalist is to be assistant on a weekly paper. She is bright, animated little woman, with dark complexion and a fluent and forcible manner of talking.

Mrs. Elizabeth Merritt Gosse, one of The Boston Herald staff, does a great deal of fine and graceful writing. She is a fair hatred, sweet faced woman, with a winning manner. She made a special hit last summer as the Bar Harbor correspondent of The Herald, and is said to be the first woman who visited Lenox professionally. She was also sent out for a special interview with ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland on one occasion. Mrs. Gosse writes for many papers and magazines, among them Wide Awake, Harper's Bazar and Good Housekeeping, and is very popular as a reporter of society doings.

Mrs. Cora Stuart Wheeler is a "Hub" literary woman who is known for her biographies of famous women, written for The Daughters of America and The American Magazine. She was for some years editor of The Yankee Blade, where she did a prodigious amount of literary work until her health obliged her to resign. She retains her connection with the paper, however, by conducting a household department. Mrs. Wheeler's pen name is Trebor Ohi. She is especially fond of writing on household ethics. Mrs. Wheeler also contributes stories and poems to the press. There is an energy and "fire" about her that has doubtless been important factors to her success. She is a young woman with dark hair and sparkling eyes, and is an entertaining and fluent speaker.

ANNIE I. WILLIS.

Fans for Decoration.

[Copyrighted by American Press Association.]

FIG. 1.

Fans have been put to almost every decorative use under the sun, but a novel device is to make them serve for ceiling adornment. A woman of marked good taste in the arrangement of her home used them in this way in her own room. The walls were papered, the ceiling was painted a warm yellow. On this were tacked brilliant circles of fans—one at each corner, one in the center. The fans were spread to their full extent,

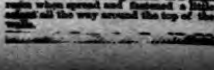

FIG. 2.

and about three of them formed a circle. As very strong and pretty fans can be bought for five or ten cents apiece, the cost of such a ceiling is trifling.

Fans make a striking frame in a plain room when spread and fastened a little apart all the way around the top of the walls.

(Given.)—Life.

THE DECLINE OF DISCIPLINE.

Being a Comparison of the Training of Young Idease, Past and, Present.

1790.

Master Makepiece Wisdom Winthrop (to his sire)—Will my honored and revered father permit the privilege of going to slide on yonder pond for a brief time?

His Sire—Nay, my son, it is not my desire that you should engage in such frivolous pursuits. They are a waste of time and energy, and I fear they are in a certain degree sinful. Say no more about it, my son.

Master Makepiece Wisdom Winthrop, aged 16, says no more.

1890.

Master Harold Percy St. John, aged 10 (to his sire)—Pa, can't I go skating this afternoon?

Mr. St. John—No, you can't.

"Why?"

"Cause you can't."

"Why?"

"I don't want you to—that's why."

"That ain't any reason."

"It's reason enough for me, and I want you to shut right up and say no more about it."

"Jim Brown and Ted Jenkins are going."

"I don't care if they are; you're not."

"Why?"

"Because you're poor."

"Shucks—that! I won't never do nothing!

"Shut up that noise!"

"Can I go then?"

"No. You can't."

"Boo-hoo-hoo! Hoo-oo-oo! I—boo—don't—boo—see why!"

"You'll know why if I trounce you, young man!"

"Can't I go just a little while?"

"Yes, and break through the ice and get drowned."

"I won't, either—Boo-hoo!"

"Hush! Will you be very careful?"

"Yes—yes."

"And not go where the ice is thin?"

"No."

"And you'll come home in an hour?"

"Yes—yes."

"Well, put out then, and mind if you ain't back in an hour I'll trounce you good."

"Yes, sir."

And off he goes to stay five hours and a half, but the trouncing is never more heard of.—Drake's Magazine.

Dreadful Awakening.

"Madam," said the eminent surgeon, "I am happy to say we have discovered at last the cause of your husband's condition. A small portion of the skull was fractured by the injury that deprived him of consciousness a year or more ago, and a splinter has been pressing upon the brain. We have raised the fracture, and in a few minutes, with the help of my assistants, the splinter will be removed. You must not be surprised, madam," he continued, "at anything he may say when he returns to consciousness. It has been many a long month since the injury happened to him, and you must remember that to him there has been no lapse of time whatever. If he was interrupted in the course of any remark he was making at the time of the accident he will finish that remark as soon as the pressure is removed from his brain."

The surgeon resumed his place at the bedside of the unconscious patient and the operation proceeded. It was a complete success. The moment the splinter was removed from the man's brain a natural look came into his eyes, and his anxious friends in the room adjoining heard him say in a slow, hesitating monotone:

"—ten and a half lay an egg and a half in a day and a half how many eggs will six hens lay in seven days?"—Chicago Tribune.

He Knew.

An old man would not believe he could hear his wife talk a distance of five miles by telephone. He'd been half seas in a shop several miles away where there was a telephone, and the skeptic was also in a place where there was a similar instrument, and on being told how to operate it he walked boldly up and shouted:

"Hello, Sarah!"

At that instant lightning struck the telephone wire and knocked the man down, and as he scrambled to his feet he excitedly cried, "That's Sarah, sure as fate!"—West Shore.

An Obscure Compliment.

Gwendolin—I have often wondered, Mr. Fassett, what your age may be.

Fassett—Well, Miss Gwendolin, thirty-seven years have come and gone since I first saw the light.

Gwendolin (hickeringly)—And do you know how old I am?

Fassett—I do not know how old you are, but you don't look it.—Jewelers' Circular.

A Momentary Triumph.

Judge—This gentleman can identify the watch because his initials are scratched on the inside of the case.

Prisoner—No, he can't; I scratched them off.—Clothier and Furnisher.

The Other Way.

"How does your girl treat you, John?" asked the mother.

"She doesn't treat me at all, mother; I am obliged to treat her every time."—Boston Courier.

His Reputation.

Short Man (nervously)—Did you hear Brown say he owed me a licking?

Tall Man—Yes, and that's all right. Brown never pays what he owes.—Louisville Courier Journal.

Wise Johnny.

Mamma—I'm sure Johnny would rather kiss his sister than any other little girl!

Johnny—Don't be a goose, mammal—Chatter.

An "Early in the Morning Swim."

Escaped Convict—I am armed and dangerous; I have never yet shed human blood, but I must have your suit of clothes to disguise myself. What do you say? (Quite plain.)

Our Old Friend (without a moment's hesitation)—Help yourself, my dear fellow, help yourself! I may be in the same fix as well as not; in fact, I'm sure to be. Just (Given.)—Life.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of those remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1 25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT,

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Selling out Cheap.

Baby Carriages, Summer Furniture.

Get a Bargain while assortment is large.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 29c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—13c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c 30 and 35 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 32c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12½ towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c. FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.35 and $1.75.

FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screw Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per doz. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 25c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 136

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 20 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom reference is made.

Furniture Express

NO WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Paralysis and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1256

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P O. Box 793.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

20 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most coal was dear, and was taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling at any time of the year. This, with one of the largest self-dumping wagons, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is screened by the most improved machinery. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Planing and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our position is unexposed to by the Board of Health. Perfect attention paid to disinfecting. Orders received at Fred Jones' Livery Stable, corners of Second Lane, Gordon and Field Furniture, 4 Potter Place, Telephone call 33.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MAD DOG AT SCOTCH PLAINS.

After Biting a Woman and Some Dogs it was Shot.

A mongrel dog caused considerable excitement in Scotch Plains this morning. After running about the streets for some time the animal started off in the direction of Plainfield. On the way it met two other dogs, and after biting them it bit a woman. The canine then ran into *Mr. Stevens'* yard and after running around for awhile, succeeded in effecting an entrance to the cellar of the house and crawled behind the *furnace*. After a thorough search the animal was routed from its hiding place and shot.

The name of the woman who was bitten is Mrs. Queens. Dr. M. B. Lenz of this city was hastily summoned and cauterized her wounds. It has since been ascertained that the dog had been travelling in the neighborhood all night and that about a dozen dogs in all had been bitten, as was also a horse belonging to Mr. Vannest.

Washingtonville Wisps.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

Mr. George Winans of Washingtonville and Miss Fannie Bonkey were married at the residence of the bride in Brooklyn, last evening, at eight o'clock. The Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham of this city performed the ceremony. Mr. John G. Bicknell acted as "best man." Miss Louisa Taylor of Brooklyn acted as bridesmaid. Among those present from the Valley were: *Mr. and Mrs. Andrew* Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Winans, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Titus, Mrs. Winans Meeks, Isaac, Silas and Albert Winans, Mr. W. H. Rogers, Miss Lizzie and Mattie Milligan, and *John G.* Bicknell. The happy couple will reside on Somerset street.

Mrs. Charles Allen has returned from Basking Ridge.

Mr. Charles Doscher has retirned to his home in Brooklyn *from a visit to relatives here.*

Assaulted His Wife.

Patrick Cahill, the man who was arrested in the borough late Monday evening on the charge of assaulting his wife, and who was later held in $100 bail by Justice Hardy to await the action of the Somerset county Grand Jury, is an old offender. He has been arrested in this city several times for various offenses, and has twice been fined in North Plainfield. His residence in the borough has been of short duration, having moved over there, it is said, to escape imprisonment on this side of the brook with which he was threatened *if again found guilty of the offense* with which he is now charged.

Plainfield.

There are many veterans of the late war living in Plainfield who believe that a handsome Grand Army hall could be erected for about the same sum that a soldiers' monument would cost. They believe that in this way surviving veterans of the late war could be provided with a home in part, and the same time the nation's dead would be as greatly honored as by a soldiers' monument. A design for the latter has already been submitted to the soldiers' memorial committee, but the plan of erecting a building will be agitated before the design is accepted.—Elizabeth Journal.

A Fight on Somerset Street.

Yesterday afternoon S. Frucht, a Jewish peddler was walking along Somerset street, when some person unknown shouted "sheeny" at him. William Burrows was standing in the door leading to French's engine room at the time and Frucht, thinking that it was him who shouted, ran over and struck him. The latter resented the assault, and struck Frucht between the eyes. A lively tussle ensued, but Frucht was finally worsted, and he took his departure, *threatening to have Burrows arrested.*

Robbed his Employer.

Last night Mr. John Rafferty, the Park avenue saloon-keeper, discharged his bartender. *When the fellow departed Mr. Rafferty* missed some of his stock. He followed the fellow and succeeded in overtaking him at the depot. Upon searching his satchel Mr. Rafferty found two hundred and fifty cigars, and a bottle of wine and several other articles. Upon recovering his property, Mr. Rafferty allowed the fellow to depart.

Firemen to Parade.

The members of Lincoln Hose Company No. 2, of Perth Amboy, have extended an invitation to the members of Plainfield Regina Company No. 2, to attend the annual parade of the Perth Amboy Fire Department, which is to be held October 13th. The local company held a meeting last evening and accepted the invitation. If the consent of the Council can be obtained No. 2's boys will take their steamer with them.

The Case Dismissed.

In the City Court yesterday James O'Neil, colored, was charged with using profane and indecent language to a conductor. O'Neil pleaded not guilty and a trial was given the prisoner. After hearing the testimony, the Judge decided that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant holding O'Neil and he consequently discharged him.

The Annual Tournament.

The members of the Middlesex Gun Club will hold their annual shooting tournament on September 30th, October 1st, 2d and 3d. It is expected that a large crowd of sportsmen will be present. Live and Inanimate targets will be shot at.

Shackleton Works Sold.

The entire plant of the Shackleton Car-Heating and Ventilating Company in East Orange Street was sold today at receiver's sale to C. C. Jordan, President of the New York Iron Car Company, for about $15,000.

—The Crescents will play a game of base ball with the West Ends at Somerville next Saturday afternoon, weather permitting.

MARRIED UNDER DIFFICULTIES.

An Irate Parent Objected, but the Ceremony Took Place.

A few days ago Annie Marienbeck informed her parents that she was going to get married. The latter lives on West Front street, near Evans. When Annie told her father the name of the prospective husband Mr. Marienbeck objected to the match and forbade his daughter entertaining such an idea. Annie defended her lover and said she would marry him—even if her father did object. Sunday was the date selected. Saturday night Annie got her wedding dress in readiness and went to bed. During the night her father in some way secured the dress and locked it in his trunk. When Annie arose Sunday morning she was unable to find the coveted garment. Upon inquiring, she was informed how her father, by *hiding the dress*, intended to prevent the ceremony. Annie demanded the dress and her father refused to give it up. Angry words passed between the two, but she eventually came to the conclusion that she could not secure the dress desired. The time for the ceremony was approaching, and Annie clothed herself in an old dress and visited the home of the bridegroom. When the latter saw her clothed as she was she expressed much surprise and asked the reason. When informed, she loaned Annie one of her best dresses.

At the hour set for the ceremony, Annie's affianced, Charles Peterson, was promptly on hand and the wedding party proceeded to St. *Mary's* church, where the *Rev. Father Smith* performed the marriage ceremony. Yesterday Annie, in company with her husband, Isaac, Silas and Albert Winans, Mr. W. H. Rogers, Miss Lizzie and Mattie Milligan, and *John G.* Bicknell. The happy couple will reside on Somerset street.

Mrs. Charles Allen has returned from Basking Ridge.

Mr. Charles Doscher has retirned to his home in Brooklyn *from a visit to relatives here.*

Napoleon Bonaparte Illustrated.

At the Netherwood, Prof. Donald Downie of Scotland lectured to the guests last evening. The lecture was entitled "The Career of Bonaparte," and was illustrated by 100 beautifully colored views.

The Professor is master of his subject, and of French history and of the language, and held the close attention of his hearers throughout the entire evening.

With his skillful steropticon operator, Mr. Ackerman, who is well known in Plainfield, *he introduced dissolving views of the "Rock of Ages,"* to the accompaniment of suitable music, and, at the end, produced a thousand effects of the famous Paris Exposition which for this vividness and startling realistic qualities were the delight of old and young.

Plainfield people will have the opportunity of enjoying these high-class literary and artistic entertainments under the auspices of the Reform Club at a date to be duly advertised.

A New Market Entertainment.

The following is the programme of the entertainment given in New Market Monday evening.

1. Organ Voluntary.
2. Scripture reading by Rev. H. R. Goodrich, of Roselle.
3. Invocation by Rev. L. O. Gremell, of Dunellen.
4. Anthem by the choir.
5. Address of welcome by Rev. J. A. Cubberly, pastor.
6. Secretary's report.
7. Singing by the Y. P. S. C. E.
8. Address by Rev. J. K. Folwell, of Westfield.
9. Address by Rev. H. R. Goodrich.
10. Reading—The Leper, by Mrs. E. H. Graves.
11. Anthem by the choir.
12. Remarks by Rev. L. E. Livermore, of New market.
13. Remarks by Rev. L. O. Grenelle.
14. Closing Hymn—"God Be With You."

Base Ball.

The Athletics will play a picked nine from the Pond Tool Works on the Crescent grounds on Friday afternoon, commencing at 3.45. The Pond boys have some good ball players from the East and a good game is anticipated.

JOTTINGS.

—The members of Gazelle Regina Company No. 1 took their apparatus out for a "wash" last evening.

—VanEmburgh and White have just received 300 dozen Mason fruit jars. They announce that they will sell them at 80c dozen.

—A grocer named Barron while endeavoring to ride a bicycle on East Front street yesterday collided with a horse. A "header" resulted.

—The Young Arlingtons were defeated by the Cuban Giants, Jr., in a game of base ball yesterday, by a score of 12 to 9. Batteries, Mattis and Leonard, Van Liew and Carter.

—The annual regimental reunion of the members of the Seventh Regiment of New Jersey Volunteers will be held at Caldwell, at the residence of Harrietta Post, on Friday, Sept. 19.

—The globes of the incandescent electric lights have already established their value as a high but *trouer*, and are now applied by doctors as a pain alleviator in the place of a poultice.

—The Plainfield firemen are endeavoring to organize a firemen's parade for this Fall. At the next meeting of Common Council they will probably ask for an appropriation to defray the expenses.

—A little girl, whose name could not be ascertained, while playing on the Washington avenue bridge, Elizabeth, on Monday afternoon fell and fell into the brook. One of her arms was fractured.

—There are at present 934 convicts confined in the state prison. This is a smaller number than there usually is. Before the end of the month 20 more will have been discharged by reason of expired terms.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of THE NEWS are always welcomed, even if contrary to the views of the editor. Writers are requested to be as brief *and concise* as possible, however, and must always enclose their name, not necessarily for publication.]

JUDGE CODINGTON EXPLAINS.

In Reply to Mr. Krewson's Story.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:

"Who steals my purse steals trash.
But he that filches from me my good name,
Robs me of that which not enriches him,
But makes me poor indeed."

The truthfulness of the above lines were never so keenly realized by me as when last night I read an article entitled "A Rather Old Story", published in THE EVENING NEWS.

Why I should be attacked in such a manner is beyond my comprehension. And while I realize that those who know me best know that it is undeserved I also realize that in certain quarters and among strangers it is calculated to do me irreparable injury, and, in view of this fact, I feel that it is but proper for me to deny any and all charges of doubledealing in the administration of justice and respect in my capacity.

In the first place my docket is a public record of all cases brought before me, and it contained a record of the case referred to in *the article. As to withholding it from public* caution, if I failed to mention it to the reporter, it was through inadvertence, and without fear or favor, as I had never been asked by Mr. Hetfield or any other person to so do. In fact I have had no conversation with Mr. Hetfield, or any one representing him, regarding the case except to take the plea of not guilty interposed by him as attorney for the defendants, and to fix a day for trial.

As to the warrant being against the workmen, instead of Mr. Hetfield, all I have to say is simply this: that the workmen were the actual drivers of the carts in question, and were guilty of the offense if it were proven that they had no license. While Mr. Hetfield's liability would defend upon the proof of whether he was owner of the carts or the principal. Should it appear on the trial that Mr. Hetfield was the owner of the carts and authorized their use as complained of, he, as I understand the ordinance, would still be liable. As to the reporter calling on this particular morning, it matters not. I called on him, as I do not remember, but usually long before 9 o'clock and ask for the court news, I gives a brief statement of the cases that have come before me to the best of my recollection.

As to attempting to shield Mr. Hetfield, such a thought has not entered my mind, as I do not know that I am under any obligation to him, and even if I were, it would not deter me from doing what I believe to be my duty.

I therefore ask the publication of this statement in order to put the matter in proper shape before the public, for which favor I am *to be had in this life, I prize a good name.*

Respectfully,
W. H. CODINGTON,
City Judge.

[The facts were all impartially stated in THE NEWS as the Judge himself states them above, as may be seen, by comparison. The fact that this particular case was kept from the public, even if accidental, was, as we stated, a very unfortunate circumstance for him, as we have said it will admit, and it is only his good reputation which saves him under the circumstances, from severe censure. —ED.]

They Are All Sick of it.

A reputable liquor dealer has written to one of the Common Council minority, asking if the city, after having demanded from licensed liquor dealers the sum of $500 for the privilege of selling liquor illegally all summer, and it has been hitherto intimated that the general violation of the liquor ordinances was with the knowledge and connivance of the combine. Another Councilman has spoken of making complaint before the police board and demanding Capt. Grant's removal. But, why blame him? Has he not seen the result of an officer doing his duty? He is a poor man, an old man, and has been in delicate health. He is paid to obey orders. He is probably doing just what the Police Board directs him to do. He is too old to earn a livelihood off the force. That he is conscientious and competent, all admit. And in view of his long service it would not be right to be too severe with him. It is the police board which ought to be proceeded against. Mr. Grant is said to be in great fear that any of his actions will displease the liquor dealers, illegal or otherwise, and to be afraid to make any arrests, lest they may order the combine to remove him. But, if that is so, and it certainly looks so, what kind of a way is that of doing his duty according to his oath to uphold the ordinances?

Chief Carey and asked him if he would help them them run down the illegal rumsellers, on condition that they raised a purse for him, stating that they had called on the saloon keepers and the latter had consented to pay him handsomely if he would serve them, which he declined to do, informing the person that it was the city's duty to protect them, and they had a right to demand it in return for the money they had paid. Chief Carey refused to do with the matter in his power position.

These incidents show however the general dissatisfaction ever among the liquor dealers with combine management.

A MYSTERIOUS AND SUDDEN DISAPPEARANCE.

Plainfield Gets too Hot for "The Combine," so They Hurry Toward Canada To-day.

At an early hour this morning the members of the Plainfield Common Council known as "the combine," pursuant to resolutions previously held in a stable known as "combine headquarters," left Plainfield in a body, going in the direction of Canada at the rate of thirty miles an hour. Plainfield is said to have got too hot for them.

The utmost secrecy was observed, and only deserters seemed as if intended to be very talkby, but one of our citizens was so rejubed to see the brethren go that he a few cents later hurried to THE NEWS office to have us spread the glad tidings. It was suggested that all the church bells be rung and a day be set apart for general rejoicing.

In view of the notorious attachment of the emigrants for saloons, some apprehension is felt that they many not be able to reach the other shore, but the friends of Plainfield will hope for the best.

LATER—The combine was only able to get as far as Newburgh. They counselled together on the boat on the way up and started back in the same manner. Whatever schemes they concocted will probably appear at the next meeting of Council or later on. There was no room for them in Canada, so they were compelled to return. They will reach here at a late hour to-night, safe we hope, sound as *Sauke*, and sober we would not swear. But, of course, again we hope for the best.

Since the foregoing was written the object of the trip has leaked out. There is such confusion in the ranks of the combine that it is likely to break up. At the last meeting Mr. Spangenberg, who is an officer in a church, concluding that the granting of licenses had gone far enough, refused to vote for any more, and the result was the rejection of the applications of August Krohne, Fitzgerald and Watson.

Councilman Smith is also said to have become disgusted and expressed his determination to cut loose, and President Moffett has *been very much worried and in great distress* over the turn of affairs.

The trip to-day was to try and patch up the differences of the members of the combine and save the wreck.

If Mr. Spangenberg votes to have the objectionable liquor license applications reconsidered it will indicate that he has been bought over. He must also vote for the measure to still further increase our taxes, already higher than ever before, through combine mismanagement.

Will he do it? Time will tell.

AN OLD SWINDLE.

The Tramp Photograph Man Around Again.

A man has been going around from house to house in this city representing that he is an agent for Simpson's photograph studio, 228 Market street, Paterson, which he told his victims had a branch store in Peace street. His little game was to take orders for photographs, coleeting from 25 to 50 cents and giving printed receipts promising that the work would be done at No. 2 Peace street, J. C. Scott's former location, upon presentation of this receipt and payment of the balance of the price any time within 30 days. He apparently found a number of dupes who are now beginning to look for their photographs, and are calling on hardware dealer Philip Weigel, Jr., who has rented the Scott building, to have their pictures taken. When a lady came in yesterday and after looking around a while asked for sitting, Mr. Weigel handed her a chair and invited her to rest as long as she desired. When she showed her receipt for 25 cents and said she was ready to pay 75 cents more for an imperial photograph the swindle came to light.

If people will patronize these tramps who offer to do work for little or nothing and demand money in advance, they must expect to be cheated. When work or goods are wanted it is much better to go to resident dealers who are responsible men and who help to support the city.—New Brunswick Home News. The fellow may visit this city so be on your guard.

PERSONAL.

Letter carrier Edward Hann is enjoying his vacation.

Mr. R. W. Ware of this city is at Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island.

Miss S. B. Peck opened a select school at Dunellen yesterday with sixteen scholars.

Mr. Frank Hampton has returned to his home in Dunellen after an extended stay in Tennessee.

Councilman M. M. Dunham of this city yesterday attended the Somerset county sunday-school convention at ——.

Sons of the late Hon. J. W. Farley, Jr., took place from the residence of her mother on Crescent avenue yesterday afternoon.

Messrs. Calvin Drake and Piranus R. Walker have been drawn to serve as members of the Middlesex county grand jury, for the October term of court.

While returning from New York on the 1.50 p. m. train yesterday afternoon Mrs. Howard Fleming of Park avenue became suddenly ill with chills and fever. He was assisted to alight from the train and taken to his home in a carriage.

—Westfield Hook and Ladder company No. 1, receiving a new truck last evening, celebrated the event by a firemen's parade. A large number of persons gathered on the streets to witness the display. A collation followed.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

OCTOBER JURORS.

The Last Panel of Sheriff Glasby's Term.

Yesterday morning Judge McCormick and Associates Hyer and Wiley sat at a session of court for the drawing of the panel of petit jurors for the October term. They are the last jurors to be selected during Sheriff Glasby's term of office. The men selected are as follows:

Elizabeth, First Ward—Charles Schnappel, John G. Hammer, Samuel Morgan, Sigmund Falck, Edwin Marsh.

Second Ward—William Connolly, Joseph A. Tofall, Louis J. Bauer, Martin Murphy.

Third Ward—Henry Smith, John J. Bantty.

Fourth Ward—Theodore F. Gray, George H. Smith.

Fifth Ward—William McKinley, Henry F. Fulkerson, Benjamin F. LaMott, Edward C. Bonnell, John W. Blakeley, Jabez Newcomb.

Sixth Ward—Peter Burdett, George W. Marshall.

Eighth Ward—Patrick Dougherty, James A. Seymour, George R. Wilson.

Plainfield—Eugene M. Laing, Abraham Anglesman, John C. Mosher, Lewis C. Dunn, Orlando E. Chamberlain.

Rahway—George E. Way, Henry Cappell, William H. Blanchard, William H. Hall.

Linden—William R. Martin.

Westfield—William Schoonover, James B. Holmes.

Cranford—Jonathan B. Winans, Elias W. Holden, Thomas McDiarmard, Edward S. Crane.

Fanwood—Hezekiah Hand, Orman Noble.

Union—Thomas Gray.

Summit—William C. Beach, Morris Spinning, Frank E. Dodd.

New Providence—Jonathan Osborn.

Springfield—Henry Barber.

Charles W. Dodd, warden of the county jail, was drawn, but his name was stricken from the list by the court.

W. C. T. U. Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union held yesterday afternoon the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson.

Corresponding Secretary—Miss May Tomlinson.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. Emma French.

Treasurer—Mrs. John McNaughton.

Vice Presidents—Mrs. Rachel Bogart, Friends Meeting House, Peace street; Mrs. David Green, Grace church; Mrs. W. J. Ford, Holy Cross church; Mrs. E. M. Shotwell, First Presbyterian church; Mrs. Edward Drake and Miss Mary Mair, Warren Mission; Mrs. Amos Andrews, Hope chapel. Mrs. St phen Cahoone and Mrs. H. N. Bates, Crescent avenue church; Mrs. Geo. S. Babcock and Mrs. D. A. Titsworth, Seventh-day Baptist church; Mrs. J. W. Johnson and Mrs. Seeley Edsall, Park avenue Baptist church. Mrs. Leonard and Miss Anna Boice, First Baptist church; Mrs. Susan Jackson and Mrs. F. M. Smith, Methodist church; Mrs. Carmon, *Parse* and Mrs. P. H. Bennett, Trinity Reformed church; Mrs. T. F. Gambling and Miss Hattie Powlinson, Congregational church.

Interesting, if True.

Between the hours of two and six o'clock on Thursday and Friday afternoon and all day Saturday, Rogers Bros. will sell all $2.50 shoes for $2.00, all $2.00 shoes for $2.50, all $3.50 shoes for $3.00.

They have a few more men's shoes left that they are closing out at 50c. Be sure and be there at two o'clock when the sale begins. They warrant every pair. "s"

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COMPETENT girl at 112 Jackson avenue wants a situation as chambermaid or to take care of children.

A COMPETENT chambermaid and waitress wanted at 8 First Place.

A MIDDLE aged woman wants situation in the cook and laundress. Good reference. Call at 34 Park avenue.

A WOMAN, aged 40, desires situation in family where she will be treated as one of them. Thoroughly respectable and capable, but poor. Address "J. L." care of EVENING NEWS. 9-6

FOR RENT—A small house. On high and healthy ground. For particulars, address P. O. Box 987.

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 Peace street. 10-6

GIRL wanted for general housework, at 56 Central avenue. Family of three.

GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply to Geo. H. Fairchild, at furniture store, East Front street. 10-8

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 33 Kensington avenue. 9 9d

LOST—Maltese kitten. Please return to 77 West Second street.

NO MALARIA—A small house for sale in North Plainfield. A rare bargain, "First come first." On high ground. Good lot. Address "Zip", care of EVENING NEWS. 9-3

PLAINFIELD, Sept. 10, 1890.

TO LET—New five-room house on Sixth street 25 feet Third. Two dollars. 10-6t

TO LET—store, stable, corner of Fourth and Watchung avenue. Suitable for meat, grocery or laundry. E. C. Halford.

THREE furnished rooms to let for light housekeeping. Address "Rooms", care of EVENING NEWS. 10-4

TO LET—Two and one-story houses on Plainfield avenue. 9-3

WANTED—First-class cook (Swede preferred) immediately. Best wages required. John F. Wilson, Grandview road. 9-3

WANTED—A boy to take charge of cows in Queens part of Plainfield. Call at EVENING NEWS office.

WANTED—Position as cook and housekeeper in private family. 6-4

WANTED—Two competent girls, work and references required. Apply 179 West Front street. 7-4tf

Died.

WHITEHEAD—*In this city*, Sept. 9th, Susan, widow of the late Frazer Whitehead, in her 84th year.

Funeral services from her late home, corner Liberty and Seconds streets, Thursday, Sept. 11th, at 2.30 p. m. 9-2 10-2

Educational.

MISS MAUD AGNES BOWERS, a graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-tf

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture and elocution on Thursday, Sept. 11th. Residence, address 51 East Fifth street. 8-5w

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock has studied the Italian method of singing, as taught by Giovanni, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of piano playing. Will also form a class in Harmony. Address 75 East Fifth street. 9 3 2w*

ELOCUTION. Lessons in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Soloist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Terms, from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of pianoforte. Those desiring instruction at her own or pupil's residence, can secure terms to classes. Best of references, No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction will be given. Special attention to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Science, Zoology, Botany, Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 30tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For circulars address Miss S. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-15 3m

ODMAN SEMINARY.
25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss. S. C. Brown, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Gerbner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Grove place, near corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Special Notices.

H. N. SPENCER,
Grocer and Provisions, 72 and 73 Somerset street, dealer in choice teas, best coffees, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions for family use. Fancy candies and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND
and dress wool shawls, and shoulder capes, sent by mail, in the finest patterns, at the lowest prices, by the Alden Thread Mills, direct to dealers in dress goods. Address Mayer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
will find the finest cuts of meat, choice poultry and fish at Charles G. Stanley's Meat Market, 24 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
Plants for spring planting, evergreens, etc., for sale and to lease; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, on Dudley's Nursery, No. 137 Bilbao avenue. 9-10-1y

CELERY PLANTS
for sale at 50c. Lindsey's, also a lot of Cabbage Plants for sale. Office, over Cleaned by Mrs. Lindsey. 10 West Front st.

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember we buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities at a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee, Imported and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Our cash sales exceed those of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profit.

New crop Tea, 25c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 25c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12c can: O. K. Baking Powder, 25c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 5 lbs for 25c; Headquarters for Gilt Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.
Specialties this week in

Dress Goods, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

Worsted Plaids (double width) 12 1-2c, 25 inch Wool Flannels (all colors) 25c, 36 inch English Cashmeres 25c, all wool Priscot Cloths 40c, 40 inch wool cloths in stripes and plaids at 50c, worth 65c.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Good Heavy Ingrains 25, 30, 37, 42 and 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17, 33, 40 and 45c. 4 1-4 Oil Cloth (ex heavy) 22c, Good Fancy Mattings 4 12 1-2c.

7 West Front street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they will continue the business and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Fanwood Township.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Health of Fanwood Township will be held at Knoxlor Hall, Scotch Plains, on the first Thursday in each month at eight o clock p. m.

For the hearing of complaints and the transaction of such business as may come before the Board.

By order of the Board of Health.
W. T. WESCOTT, Sec.
Scotch Plains, August 7th, 1890. 10-10*

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c	$2.25
California Pears	20c	2.25
California Apricots	20	2.25
Pennsylvania Corn	10	1.10
Standard Jersey pack Tomatoes	10	1.10
Springless Beans extra choice	17	1.90

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN.

Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $65; and Bedroom Suites $25, worth $35. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at low prices.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture am prepared to offer them at prices unprecedented. Call and see them at once.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 CENTRAL STREET.

W. HOSKINS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

Dreadful!

Dr. J. R. Buchanan, of Louisville, has done considerable in the way of prophesying and psychometrizing in his time, but his latest effort in that line eclipses all the rest for brilliancy and originality. He writes in The Arena that our earth is bowling along toward "an infinite horror, in which a sudden death is our happiest fate." So far as the doctor is concerned personally he does not care, since he is already on the home stretch of his last quarter of a century, and the terror will not come in his time.

But for the rest of the world, those who are still to live "twenty-three or twenty-four years," there will come a *"conventionary period"* the like of which has not been known since Noah's flood. To begin, the power of the church will be shivered to splinters—nothing left of it. The power of the state will fare little better, and "the marriage relation will approximate freedom." There will come the utter destruction of monarchy, leaving only the sultan of Turkey on his shabby and effete old throne. It is very kind of Dr. Buchanan to except the sultan from the junk shop of oblivion to which he consigns all the rest of the monarchs. But even we of the United States are not to escape. The Republican party will go to *stricks*, to be followed by the Democratic party in power; the Democrats will give no better satisfaction than the Republicans did, and they too will go down ingloriously, never to rise again. This ought to be a satisfaction to both parties. The Labor party will then take hold, and run things to suit itself.

Sanguinary revolution will break out in Europe at the beginning of the next century. Nineteen years from now we shall have in this country "war or quasi war," with scenes of so horrible a nature that in mercy to our nervous systems the doctor does not tell us what they are. Nature will follow politics and the whole planet will go to flinders. In thirteen or fourteen years cold seasons will stop growing things and there will be famine and pestilence. The Mississippi river will shake its mane and go on the rampage, and he never will stop his antics again, but will become a periodical horror, engulfing unhappy creatures along his banks without warning or mercy. The choicest horror we have left to close with. That is that in twenty-three or twenty-four years, suddenly, about the hour of noon, day not stated, in the twinkling of an eye, the whole Atlantic coast south of New England will sink fifty feet under water.

A Japanese Psalm of Life.

The poet Longfellow's old home, with its priceless memories and treasures, is still occupied by his daughter, who does many humble but lovely acts in a quiet way. Among the interesting mementoes in Longfellow's possession were an inkstand that had belonged to Coleridge and a sketch of Mtumehaha falls painted by Lord Dufferin.

But the most attractive of all in the collection, perhaps, is a very large carved bookcase containing copies of Longfellow's works in all the foreign languages into which they have been translated. A yellow Japanese fan contains the "Psalm of Life" inscribed on it in full, translated into that language. The simple words,

Tell me not in mournful numbers
Life is but an empty dream,

For the soul is dead that slumbers,
And things are not what they seem,

look like ordinary fan object characters on the fan. But when translated into the gorgeously flowing oriental tea chest tongue, and then rendered back into plain, practical English, the familiar lines read as follows:

Do not manifest your discontent in a piece of verse,
A hundred years (of life) are as one sleep;
(So soon are they gone).
The short dream (early death).
The king (Xerxes of long life),
Alike are dreams (as far as the body is concerned).
After death,
There still remains the spirit which is to live in wisdom.

The fast new cruiser Philadelphia is the second of the name. The first bore a notable part in American naval history. In the war against the pirates of Tripoli (1801 to 1805) the gallant wooden cruiser Philadelphia was wrecked and captured by the Tripolitans. They turned her into a first class war ship of their kind and placed her in the harbor with a Turkish crew aboard. In the dead of night, Feb. 16, 1803, Lieut. Decatur, with a force of eighty-three men, on board the Intrepid, a captured and remodeled Turkish war vessel, stole alongside the Philadelphia under pretense of being a friendly vessel in distress. They got near enough to the Philadelphia to set fire to her and blow her up, destroying her completely with a large number of the piratical force on board, and then sailed away safely. This exploit helped to make the fame of the American navy in those days.

A VOTE TO-NIGHT.

Senators Closing the Debate on the Tariff Bill.

IMPORTANT AMENDMENTS.

All Sugars Not Above No. 13 Dutch Standard Free.

No Protection for American Silk—Internal Revenue Features of the Bill Stricken Out—Provisions of the Finance Committee's Reciprocity Amendment Offered by Mr. Aldrich—The Large Powers Given by It to the President in the Matter of Retaliation—The Customs Commission of Five and Its Duties—Numerous Proposed Changes in the Bill Adopted or Defeated—A Vote Will Be Reached Between 5 and 5:30 O'clock This Evening.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The six hours' closing debate on the tariff bill began in the senate this morning and is still in progress.

Senators Vance, Vest and Turpie appear for the Democrats and Hiscock and Jones *(Nev.) for the Republicans. A final vote* on the bill is to be taken between 5 and 5:30 o'clock this evening.

Tuesday's Business in the Senate.

Mr. Aldrich's new reciprocity amendment to the tariff bill was adopted (38 to 29). Mr. Evarts' proposed substitute for the Aldrich reciprocity amendment was defeated. It merely directed the president to report to congress when other countries were unjustly discriminating against the products of the United States. Mr. Gray's proposed substitute directing the president to declare the ports of the United States open to all the products of any country of the American hemisphere upon which no export duties are imposed whenever and so long as the government of such country admitted to the ports thereof, free of all duties, the flour, corn meal, preserved meats, fish, vegetables, rice, lumber, agricultural implements, machinery, vessels or boats of iron, steel or wood, etc., products of the United States, was also rejected.

The Reciprocity Amendment.

All the Democrats and Senators Edmunds and Evarts voted against the Aldrich reciprocity amendment, which was as follows:

That with a view to secure reciprocal trade with countries producing the following articles, and for this purpose on and after the first day of May, 1891, whenever and so often as the president shall be satisfied that the government of any country producing any of the following sugars, molasses, coffee, tea *and hides*, and of such other articles, imposes duties or other exactions upon the agricultural or other products of the United States, which in view of the free introduction of such sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides into the United States he may deem to be reciprocally unequal and unreasonable, he shall have the power and it shall be his duty to suspend, by proclamation to that effect, the provisions of this act relating to the free introduction of such sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides, the production of such country, for such time as he may deem just, and in such case and during such time he is hereby authorized to have collected and paid upon sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides, the product of or exported from such country, such duties as he shall deem just; all sugars not above No. 13 Dutch standard in color shall pay duty on their polariscopic tests as follows, namely:

All sugars not above No. 13 Dutch standard in color and not containing more than 4 per cent of moisture, molasses, concentrated molasses, tearing by the polariscope not above 75 degs. seventy-five hundredths of one cent per pound; and for every additional degree or fraction of a degree shown by the polariscope test, two-hundredths of one cent per pound additional.

All sugars above No. 13 Dutch standard in color shall be tested by the polariscope test and pay duty as follows, namely:

All sugar above No. 13 and not above No. 16 Dutch standard of color, 2½ cents per pound.

All sugar above No. 16 and not above No. 20 Dutch standard of color, 3½ cents per pound.

All sugars above No. 20 Dutch standard of color 3 cents per pound.

Molasses testing above 56 degs. 4 cents per gallon.

Sugar drainings and sugar sweepings shall be subject to duty either as molasses or sugar, as the case may be, according to polariscope test.

On coffee 3 cents per pound.

On tea 10 cents per pound.

Hides, raw or uncured, whether dry, salted or pickled, and not specially enumerated or provided for in this act, not dressed, finished or tanned, but not advanced in value or condition by any process of manufacture or otherwise, and not specially provided for in this act, 1 cent per pound.

All wool, unmanufactured, hair, skins, raw or unmanufactured, and skins, except sheep skins, with the wool on, 1½ cents per pound.

The Free Sugar Limit Changed.

The sugar and bounty schedules of the tariff bill are to take effect March 1, 1891, and prior to Feb. 1, 1891, sugar may be refined in bond with payment of duty. All sugars not above 13 Dutch standard were placed on the free list by a vote of 35 to 32. Mr. Plumb's proposed amendment taxing the dividends of corporations 3 per cent. was rejected. His amendment providing for the appointment of a customs commission of five disinterested persons to study *the tariff question was adopted. The* duties of the commission are to be:

Duties of the Commission.

To examine into and ascertain the average price of commodities imported into the United States, both at wholesale and retail in the United States, and both in the United States and in the foreign places of production, sale or shipment, for the three years last by a wholesale proceeding and twelve months following any change in the rate of customs duties imposed upon such commodities, and the same shall be carried back for a period of twenty-five years and more if deemed advisable by such commissioners, and shall extend to all articles of foreign demand and supply, domestic and foreign, which tend to influence prices of such commodities, foreign and home, and to aid in determining the true effect of import duty, or of the change thereon in the several articles of import, domestic and foreign prices and upon productions of the same or of other commodities, upon revenue, upon immigration, upon profits of capital, rates of wages and the general welfare.

To ascertain the amounts in quantity and value of the importation of the principal commodities during each of said periods of six months proceeding and following any such change in customs duties. To ascertain, as far as practicable, the quantity and value of the same or similar commodities produced in the United States during the same respective periods. To ascertain whether in any and what instances the particular classes of customs duties have operated to increase or diminish production in the United States and to what extent increases and productions are owned or controlled by the first cost of articles produced for consumption, and when other causes (if any), have operated similarly. To ascertain in what particulars rates of customs duties during from time to time operate injuriously or favorably to the development and increase of American manufactures and productions, or operate injuriously or favorably to the consumers of such manufactured articles and productions in respect of cause for or contributing to the payment of an unreasonable prices by consumers, or the removal of such causes.

To ascertain the effect of the customs duties upon the prices of agricultural productions of the country, and their sale in United States markets and their consumption in the United States. To ascertain the effect of such customs duties, both natural and relative, in respect of the employment and the payment of remunerative wages, both actual and relative, to labor in the United States, and a comparison of the same with the labor and wages in other countries. To consider the effect of customs duties, or the absence of the same, upon the agricultural, commercial, manufacturing, mining and other industrial interests of the people of the United States. To ascertain and compare the actual cost and the selling price, both at wholesale and retail, of similar manufactured commodities in leading countries of the world, weights, measures and money in the United States and elsewhere. To ascertain the growth and development of the leading industries of countries affected by the tariff schedules in England, France, Germany, Belgium and the United States for the last twenty-five years, and to ascertain the relative cost of transportation in those countries and the United States.

The five commissioners are to be appointed by the president, serve six years, receive a salary of $7,000 a year with necessary expenses paid, and not more than three of them are to be of the same political faith.

The Reserved Amendments Disposed Of.

The internal revenue sections of the tariff bill were then ordered stricken out—yeas, 36; nays, 25. The vote on the amendment to the paragraph lowering the sugar standard to be admitted free of duty from No. 16 to No. 13 was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Aldrich, Allen, Blackburn, Blodgett, Butler, Dawes, Carlisle, Casey, Chandler, Colton, Dawes, Dixon, Evarts, Faulkner, Frye, Gibson, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Hearst, Hiscock, Ingalls, Jones (Nev.), McMillan, Manderson, Moody, Morgan, Paddock, Pasco, Platt, Plumb, Power, Quay, Reagan, Sanders, Stewart, Stockbridge and Washburn—36.

NAYS—Messrs. Bate, Berry, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Davis, Harris, Jones (Ark.), Mitchell, Pierce, Pugh, Ransom, Sherman, Spooner, Squire, Teller, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson (Ia.), Wilson (Md.) and Wolcott—34.

All the remaining amendments having been disposed of, the presiding officer announced that the bill was now before the senate for amendment. Mr. Butler moved to put on the free list bagging made of jute, manilla, sisal or other fiber (except hemp or flax) for wrapping cotton bales. Rejected—yeas, 37; nays, 39. Mr. Plumb offered an amendment providing that wherever the specific and ad valorem duties on an article shall be more than 100 per cent. *of its foreign value the duty assessed* upon it shall be 100 per cent. ad valorem, instead of the compound rate. Rejected—yeas, 36; nays, 38. Mr. Plumb was the only Republican voting in the affirmative.

Mr. Morgan offered his amendment allowing an export premium of 8 per cent. on sugar, corn, wheat, barley, oats, hay, straw, potatoes, cotton, live domestic animals, etc. Rejected.

No Protection for Yankee Silk.

Mr. Plumb called for a separate vote on the committee amendment striking out of the bill the provision for a bounty of $1 a pound on silk reeled from cocoons produced in the United States. The amendment to strike out was agreed to—yeas, 52; nays, 5 (Messrs. Edmunds, Hearst, Mitchell, Plumb and Teller).

"Shall This Bill Pass?"

No other amendment having been offered, the question was: "Shall this bill be engrossed and ordered to a third reading?" On that question the yeas and nays were taken and resulted—yeas, 38; nays, 28—a party vote. The bill was read the third time, and the question was stated to be, "Shall this bill pass?"

Portland's Rapid Growth.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 10.—The returns of the census enumeration show that the total population of *the city of Portland* and Multnomah county is 75,257, a gain of 14,254 over the former enumeration. Within the city limits, including East Portland, there are 62,442. Within the present city limits, the city limits, the number is 12,813. This is a gain of about 30 per cent. over the population of the count by the oregon state consta taken in June. according to the account in Multnomah county the gain throughout the state would give Oregon a population of 375,000, which is about what the vote of the June election led to expect. The June census gave the state 305,000.

She Won't Accept Charity.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 10.—The representatives of the widow of Capt. Allan refuse to accept *the offer of settlement* in the case of the American ship Bridgewater, seized and illegally detained by the Canadian customs authorities. A government officer stated that they did not admit that there was any just claim for damages, but as Capt. Allan's widow was reported to be in straitened circumstances the government out of sympathy had offered to pay her what they considered *sufficient* by way of compromise. This offer having been rejected, Mrs. Allan will have to establish her claim in the courts before the government will settle.

Chicago's Dual Site for the Fair.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The directors of the World's fair have selected the dual site of the Lake front and Jackson parks as the place for holding the exposition. The final and decisive ballot resulted: Lake front and Jackson parks, 23; north side, 4; west side, 3. The choice was then made unanimous. It is the design to place the grand entrance to the exposition and the buildings for fine arts and kindred displays on the lake front, and the agricultural, live stock and other exhibits at Jackson park.

Defaulter Slingluff Arrested.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Sept. 10.—William F. Slingluff has been arrested here on a warrant sworn out by Joseph M. Cranston, representing the Pennsylvania Rolled Steel Car Wheel company. He was arraigned before a magistrate and held in bail for further hearing on Saturday. Slingluff was treasurer of the Pennsylvania Rolled Steel Car Wheel company and defrauded to the amount of from $15,000 to $19,000.

The Twin City Census Scandal.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 10.—The United States grand jury has now taken hold of the census case and will investigate the alleged crookedness in Minneapolis and St. Paul. Subpœnaes are out for almost all the enumerators in both cities, and also for a number of Bohemians and Swedes, whose names are said to be duplicated.

A Murderer's Suicide.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 10.—Allen Irvin, a young man in the employ of the World-Herald, has committed suicide here by shooting himself through the heart. From papers found it is believed that his real name was Matthew Hanna and that he was in hiding, having killed a man at *Bloomington, Ills., July 4, 1884.*

Mrs. Brownell's Bequests.

HARTFORD, Sept. 10.—The will of the late Mrs. Frances Brownell of this city, gives $25,000 to found three scholarships at Trinity college, $100,000 to the Cathedral Church of St. John the Divine at New York, and $10,000 to the Missionary Society of the Episcopal church in Connecticut.

SECRET BALLOTS TRIED.

New York's New Law Given an Initial Trial.

LITTLE CHANCE FOR CORRUPTION.

The Purchaser of Votes Will Find His Occupation Gone Under the New Regime.

The Voting Was Not Absolutely Secret.

Three Men Were Disfranchised.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Herald has the following:

The first election under the new ballot reform law was held yesterday in the incorporated village of Far Rockaway, in the town of Hempstead, Queens county. The first question to ask about this mode of electing officials is, "Was absolute secrecy maintained?" The answer is "No." There was not absolute secrecy, and judging *from what took place at Far Rockaway* yesterday there never can be absolute secrecy.

In the next place, did this mode of election work to reduce or abolish the corruption of voters? Emphatically "Yes." The chances of reducing corruption are very great.

In the third, is it a more expeditious way of polling the votes? By no means. To go back to the first question on secrecy, voter after voter exposed his ballot to one or more of the six men in the enclosure with him who took down his name. But he may be said it was done through ignorance.

The Polling Place Described.

The polling place was in the village court house, a two-story frame structure. On entering the ground floor from the street the writer found a wooden bar arresting his further progress. To the right were six wooden boxes, one for every fifty voters, and there were 300 voters in the last election.

With the door having a spiral spring attachment and the bottom of it two feet from the floor, these boxes looked suggestive and peculiar. On the opposite side of the room there was a desk, on a table, the official ballots, numbered. Beside them were five ballot boxes.

How It Was Done.

The voter approached the ballot clerk, who stood behind the desk, and gave his name. At the other end of the table sat the poll clerk. The ballot clerk called out the voter's name, and the poll clerk registered it, together with the number of the ballot which the ballot clerk called. Then the voter went into the box with his two tickets.

Now, it happened in innumerable cases that when a voter came out he had forgotten all about folding his ballot. The constable, the inspector or the two *constables presdht* to keep order all had an opportunity of seeing which ticket the man was voting, or it happened that the man had folded his two ballots he forgot which one he had intended to vote, and he would open one to make sure, for the persons named to see. In any case he must ask the inspector to fold the ticket for him.

In these different ways it will be seen that the law of secrecy was violated. But it may be assumed that practice will make perfect, for the voting occurs twice a year. Still, a certain class of men will never learn.

Trouble with Folding.

The trouble is with the folding. Even when they made the longitudinal fold, which was the first one, they didn't know whether to make the second fold to cover the description of the ballot or not. This last fold had to be made below the stub, and the stub contained the voter's number. I counted within two hours four men who *came out and threw their ballots down. It* was said they were disgusted with the folding business.

A Black Eye for Corruption.

As to the reduction or abolition of corruption, it is certainly utterly impossible for a candidate as a "captain" of a district to rely upon any man to whom he has given money. If the voter knows how to fold his ticket and hands it back to the chairman or person whose duty it is to receive it, it is an absolute secret. Look at it in every possible way, the purchaser of votes has no certainty of getting the worth of his money. The law says the voter may bring a paster with him even for the whole ticket. But that is no help or guide to the purchaser, for the voter may bring it out with him again and the other party of the contract be none the wiser.

A New Way of Voting.

To answer in detail the third question, is it a more expeditious way of voting? No, for here the law allows a man to remain ten minutes in the booth preparing his ballot and compels him to remain at least three minutes. At Far Rockaway the legal time for voting was 319 minutes. There were 306 votes cast, or nearly one per minute. Six men at a time were allowed in, or one for each booth. If each man took the full limit only thirty-six could be voted *in an hour*, without deducting half a minute for depositing the ballot. Under the new law a voter can spoil three tickets. There are four tickets of each kind allowed a voter. Very few came back for the fourth set of tickets, but there were frequent calls for a second set.

The Law Not Strictly Observed.

Yesterday's election may be called an *experimental* election in this state. The provisions of the law were not strictly observed. The public was allowed to occupy the space in front of the bar. Moreover the act says that no electioneering shall go on within 150 feet of the polling place, and that was utterly disregarded. It must be so in every locality where there are no police to see that the law is carried out.

Occasionally three or four men would come out of their boxes and hold a consultation—all against the law. There was a great outcry when those who had voted lingered in the inclosure.

"Come out of that! *Put him out!*" was shouted by the watchers.

The counting began at twenty-five minutes past 6 o'clock and lasted up to ten minutes to 9. It therefore took two hours and three quarters to count the 306 votes. There were five ballot boxes—one for the reception of the ticket voted, the second for the stub of the ticket, the third for the unused ballots, the fourth for the stub of the unused ballot and the fifth for the resolutions.

Three Men Disfranchised.

Three men were unable to read or write, could not tell one ticket from another, and were therefore unable to vote, as the new law does not provide that assistance within the polling place may be given. James Finley, aged 64, who has lived in the place all his life, was disfranchised practically. His friends and many present at the time claim that he spoiled two sets of tickets by not folding them properly, and then was ordered outside and not given any more sets, though he was entitled to four sets.

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IN THE POLITICAL WORLD

Republicans in Delaware Name Richardson for Governor.

A SYNOPSIS OF THE PLATFORM.

The Latest Returns from the Maine Elections—Candidates for Governor Nominated in Kansas, New Hampshire and Minnesota—Col. Stone Nominated.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 10.—The Republican state convention met in the court house hall and nominated Harry A. Richardson, of Dover, for governor and Henry P. Cannon, of Bridgeville, for congress. It was expected that the convention would be brief, harmonious and enthusiastic, because there was no opposition to the candidates and they were named by acclamation, but much time was spent by the committee on resolutions in framing a platform.

James C. Pennewill, chairman of the state central committee called the convention to order at 12:40 o'clock. William C. Spruance, of Wilmington, was chosen temporary chairman and H. L. Hynson, of Milford, secretary. Committees on permanent organization, credentials and resolutions were appointed.

Senator Higgins Indorsed.

The committee on resolutions reported through Hon. N. B. Smithers, and Hon. George V. Massey read a supplementary set of resolutions indorsing Senator Higgins. Both sets were adopted. Following is a synopsis of the platform adopted:

A Synopsis of the Platform.

It declares for freedom and equality in the exercise of the right of suffrage and when such is prevented claims that it is the duty of those responsible to exclude persons corruptly chosen or enact laws for the prevention of the wrong; indorses the new rules of the house of representatives; advocates protection for the development and encouragement of American industries and the protection of American labor; favors reciprocity in the unlimited exchange of commodities and the opening of the market for surplus productions; favors pensions for disabled soldiers of the widows and children of dead soldiers; demands the calling of a state constitutional convention in 1901; declares against the expensive levy court system of county government of the states, and charges that the system of assessment and collection laws and their administration by the Democratic party has brought disgrace on the state and disfranchised a large number of citizens; advocates the election of state senators and representatives by the people of the respective districts, and levy court commissioners in the same way; declares for a state system of local option and high license; indorses President Harrison and his administration and Senator Higgins; advocates the taxation of moneyed securities, reform in the management of the prisons of the state in respect to the system of feeding prisoners, and the protection of the oyster and fishing industries of the state.

Minnesota Democrats Meet.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 10.—The Democratic convention here was very harmonious. The platform adopted expresses *hostility to the protective tariff and the McKinley bill.* Hon. Thomas Wilson, Dr. Ames, E. W. Durant and S. M. Owens were put in nomination for governor. The latter two withdrew, and the first ballot resulted in 365 for Wilson and 104 for Ames. Ames then retired and promised his support to Wilson in the campaign. Wilson's nomination was then made unanimous. E. E. Pahl was nominated by acclamation as the candidate for lieutenant governor.

Ex-Governor Robinson Renominated.

WICHITA, Kan., Sept. 10.—The Democratic and Labor party re-assembling convention resulted in a fusion ticket, with ex-Governor Charles Robinson for governor. D. H. Hand, of Great Bend, was nominated for lieutenant governor. State issues being in the lead in the public mind the Democrats conceded some points and the re-nominations were glad to meet them half way. The committee on resolutions asked for free and unlimited coinage of silver, reduction of the tariff, and denounced the Lodge bill.

Col. Stone Nominated.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 10.—At the Republican delegate convention of the Twenty-third congressional district, Col. William A. Stone was nominated over George Shiras for congress. Stone's majority on the popular vote was 3,033. The Shiras delegates made an attempt to bolt the convention, but were prevented from doing so by the police officers.

Casius M. Clay Made Chairman.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 10.—Cassius M. Clay was elected permanent chairman of the constitutional convention on the second ballot. H. D. McEnery, Bennet H. Young and J. Proctor Knott also were candidates. Mr. Clay was easily elected. This is a decided victory for the farmer element.

The Latest from Maine.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 10.—The Journal's returns from 338 towns are: Burleigh, 87,504; Thompson, 80,308; Clark (Pro.), 2,092. Republican plurality, 18,236. The same towns in 1886 gave 13,915 Republican plurality.

Fletcher for Governor.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 10.—The Prohibitionists nominated Josiah M. Fletcher, of Nashua, for governor.

New Rates to British Delegates.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The passenger committee of the Trunk Line association at a regular meeting made a rate of $1 per train mile for the 250 persons who are coming from Great Britain to represent the Iron and Steel institute of Great Britain at the convention to be held at Pittsburg in October. At the conclusion of the convention the delegates will visit the iron and steel industries of the south.

A Big Lumber Blaze.

MUSKEGON, Mich., Sept. 10.—The Michigan Shingle and Lumber company's mill, the largest on the lake, was burned. A million and a half feet of fine lumber and $2,000,000 shingles also burned, with the docks and slips. The mill was valued at $40,000, and the loss on the lumber and shingles is $80,000, making the total loss $100,000; insurance, $55,000.

Murderer Moss Resentenced.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 10.—George W. Moss has been sentenced by Judge Rice to be hanged for the murder of his wife. The date of his execution will be fixed by the governor. To the court Moss said: "I am convinced that the Lord does not hold me responsible for the death of my wife and I do not hold myself responsible."

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Bloom & Co., dealers in woolens at Boston, have assigned. Liabilities, $60,000; nominal assets, $60,000. The Eureka Silk company, also of Boston, have assigned.

Secretary Proctor has gone to his home in Vermont, where he will remain until he completely recovers from his recent illness.

The Merchants' National bank, of Carlisle, Pa., has made application for authority to organize a national bank.

The Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph company's body on board has arrived safely at Gothenburg.

Serious riots of strikers in Southampton resulted in the rioters being disperse by the usual forces of the police with the bayonet and the wounding of three persons.

Third Vice President Webb says that the alleged attempted wrecking of a New York Central train near Poughkeepsie was a "fake" job put up by Flagman Dunwoody in the hope of getting cash and glory.

Cordial, one of the men under arrest at Albany charged with assisting to wreck the Montreal express on the New York Central road, is thought to have made important revelations to the officials. In The Journal of the Knights of Labor Mr. Powderly declares that the knights had nothing to do with the train wrecking.

Speaker Reed's unprecedented majority has given the Republicans renewed hope of carrying a majority of the congressional elections and controlling the next house.

A Cleveland firm involved in the Potter-Lovell company matter in Boston claims to have given that company notes for $100,000 for which no value was returned.

The Swedish Mission Union.

GALESBURG, Ills., Sept. 10.—The National Swedish Mission union has closed its meeting. At the late Congressional triennial council a greeting was extended to the union abounding in kindly sentiments. The question of a reply to this greeting disclosed strong opposition on the part of some of the delegates to closer relations with the Congregationalists, and a resolution was adopted that a reply should be drafted to be presented to the next triennial council, which amounts to a postponement for two years. The more liberal are theorized over the result. The unique panacea temperance resolutions sympathizing with the Prohibitionists in their campaign in Nebraska. Carl E. Watson and P. Madsen were ordained missionaries to China. The next annual meeting will be held at Phelps Center, Neb.

Knights of Honor at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 10.—The Grand lodge of the state of New York, Knights of Honor, is in session at Congress hall. About 300 members are present. Among the prominent officers here are Grand Dictator George W. Dowd, of Port Jervis; Vice Grand Dictator C. P. Ingersoll, Past Grand Dictator Adam Warneck, Grand Reporter John Mulligan, Grand Treasurer C. M. Haywood and Grand Chaplain Tray. The meeting is for the purpose of revising the laws of the order, listening to the reports of the various committees, providing means for the benefit of the fraternity during the next two years and the election of officers. The large attendance at this meeting shows the order to be in a flourishing condition in the state.

He May Veto the River and Harbor Bill.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 10.—It rained *here nearly all day Tuesday and the president* remained at work in his library. He has directed that the bills ready for his approval be sent here. The most important of which will occupy the attention of the president during the week will probably be the river and harbor bill. Some very prominent Republicans predict that this measure, which appropriates nearly $25,000,000, will not receive the president's approval. It may be that while the bill will not be approved the president will recommend that adequate provisions be made for carrying on, under the direction of the secretary war, all work which has been begun.

He Squealed on Himself.

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—William F. Murdock, the 19-year-old lad who claimed to have discovered a rail placed across the tracks of the Boston and Maine railroad near Lynn whereby an approaching car train, warning it of danger, has been arrested. He says that he placed the obstruction on the track himself, though he disclaims any intention of wrecking the train. He says the act was done in the hope that his stopping the train would be rewarded by the company. The boy has always been of good repute.

A Big Suit Against the Pennsylvania.

SMITHPORT, Pa., Sept. 10.—The trial of the suit of Logan, Emery & Weaver vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad company has been before Judge Olsten and Morrison. The plaintiffs claim $321,000 damages for discrimination in freight rates on crude oil shipped from the oil regions to their refinery in Philadelphia. To-day granted attachments for three absent witnesses—President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania company; Comptroller Dowing, of the same corporation, and an employe named Green. The suit will take up all of this week.

Commodore Wells' Appointments.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 10.—The following staff appointments have been announced by Commodore Wells, of the National Association of Naval Veterans: Francis B. Allen, Hartford; William J. Ferguson, Philadelphia; Douglas F. O'Brien, New York; D. B. Hubbard, Chicago; J. E. Gibling, Salem, Mass.; H. J. Barber, St. Paul, Minn.; Stephen F. Blanding, Providence, R. I., and George F. Fritchner, Louisville, Ky. John C. Jackson, of New Haven, was appointed secretary.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' Leagues.

At Boston—
Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 5—6
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Boston, 6; New York, 7. Errors: Boston, 3; New York, 5. Batteries: Radbourne and Kelly, O'Day and Ewing.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 4; Philadelphia, 5. Errors: Brooklyn, 1; Philadelphia, 3. Batteries: Foutz and Cook, Buffington and Milligan.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Cleveland ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 4. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; Cleveland, 4. Batteries: Maul and Quinn, Mefell and Stein.

National League.

At Cincinnati—
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Cleveland ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Cincinnati, 6; Cleveland, 11. Errors: Cincinnati, 3; Cleveland, 2. Batteries: Mullane and Harrington, Young and Zimmerman.

At Chicago—
Chicago ..... 0 0 7 1 0 0 2 0 0—10
Pittsburg ..... 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 4—7
Base hits: Chicago, 17; Pittsburg, 14. Errors: Chicago, 3; Pittsburg, 9. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge, Day and Decker.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia ..... 0 1 0 4 2 1 0 1 0—9
Brooklyn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Base hits: Philadelphia, 13; Brooklyn, 8. Errors: Philadelphia, 0; Brooklyn, 6. Batteries: Gleason and Clements, Terry and Carruthers, Clark and Buchanan.

At New York—
New York ..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: New York, 9; Boston, 5. Errors: New York, 2; Boston, 1. Batteries: Rusie and Buckley, Getzein and Hardie.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
Philadelphia	—	5,000
New York	—	816
Cincinnati	—	1,019
Chicago	—	918
Boston	3,573	—
Brooklyn	500	—
Pittsburg	561	—
Totals	3,634	8,022

American Association.

At Syracuse—
Syracuse ..... 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—3
Columbus ..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Syracuse, 7; Columbus, 4. Errors: Syracuse, 1; Columbus, 1. Batteries: Casey and Fitz, Grimes and Doyle.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 0 0—4
Louisville ..... 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Baltimore, 10; Louisville, 12. Errors: Baltimore, 4; Louisville, 6. Batteries: German and Townsend, Ehret and Bligh.

At Rochester—
Rochester ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 0—4
St. Louis ..... 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Rochester, 8; St. Louis, 5. Errors: Rochester, 2; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: Miller and McKeough, Hart and Munyan.

Atlantic Association.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 1; Newark, 2. Base hits: Harrisburg, 8; Newark, 8. Errors: Harrisburg, 2; Newark, 1. Batteries: Cox and Jennings, Fitzgerald and Murphy.

At New Haven—New Haven, 6; Lebanon, 8. Base hits: New Haven, 5; Lebanon, 7. Errors: New Haven, 5; Lebanon, 4. Batteries: Doran and Cahill, Swift and Koons.

A Tripte Wreck.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Sept. 10.—Sunday evening the passenger train over the Black Hills and Fort Pierre railroad ran into about 110 tons of rock that had fallen on the track from an overhanging cliff about ten miles this side of Piedmont, derailing the engine and badly shaking up the passengers. A dispatch was sent by one of the road's officials by a wrecking train, *and another official telephoned for a new* engine. The engine and wrecking train collided, and a complete wreck was the result. Fifteen or twenty passengers on the train were badly injured, but none seriously. The road is a narrow gauge, and is operated between Lead City and Piedmont by the Homestead Mining company and has just been opened to the public.

A Hazing Party Punished.

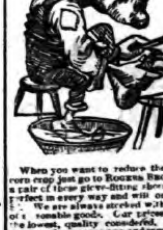
LANSING, Mich., Sept. 10.—The Agricultural college faculty have suspended the following students for a year: A. U. Wilmer, Detroit; F. P. Hatch, Grand Haven, Mich.; A. J. Keefe, Saginaw; H. B. McCloud, Grand Rapids, and J. I. Vinton, Scale. Jos. Lesser, of St. Joseph, was suspended until the spring term and four others reprimanded. The whole party of sophomores was found guilty of taking E. A. Austin, a guileless freshman, from his bed in the still hours of the night and dragging him through the limpid waters of Cedar river. He complained of the rough usage.

National Convention of Stone Masons.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10.—The national convention of stone masons, called with the object of forming a stone masons' national union of America, is in session in this city. The delegates present come from Pennsylvania, New York, Missouri, Ohio, Colorado and Maryland, representing 3,000 stone masons. They say that having heretofore been affiliated with other building trades unions, their interests were not sufficiently well considered and they have therefore determined to form a distinct national organization. A constitution and bylaws are being considered.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE
Bought—Sold—Repaired
Bargains for all—No 9 Seventh street.
ONE MAN'S MATTRESS—A Special Bargain—$21 1v.

What a Crop of Corn I Have



When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to ROGERS BROS., and buy a pair of three glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every fit and will only cost you $3. We are always stocked with a fine line of reasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.,
12 W. FRONT STREET.

The Grant Monument.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—By unanimous vote the design for the Grant monument submitted by John H. Duncan, of 237 East Fifty-third street, was adopted. Subject to such modifications as the Grant monument executive committee and the architect may agree upon. A description of the design will be given out on Thursday, the 11th inst., when a meeting of the entire association will be held.

To Cost the Pennsylvania Railroad.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Complaints have been lodged in the county clerk's office on behalf of the city to sue the Pennsylvania Railroad company from the piers, including the Cortlandt and Desbrosses street ferries. The allegation is made that the city owns the land adjoining the piers and that under water, and damages are claimed in the sum of $100,000 for adverse possession.

A Fatal Fight Over "Craps."

DENVER, Sept. 10.—A party of negroes became involved in a general row over a game of "craps" in a saloon in Elyria, and in the melee Thomas Buckner was shot dead. Orne Jackson and Charles Harris badly wounded, and several others seriously slashed.

A Death Dealing Engineer.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 10.—William Avery, a farmer, was struck and killed near the city limits by a Lehigh express train. James Stewart was the engineer. He is very unfortunate in regard to killing people, although he is a good engineer. It is said he has struck and killed upward of thirty people during his life on the road.

The Chinese Continue to Come.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 10.—It is shown by reports received from British Columbia that the number of Chinese arriving from China during the month of August was double that for August, 1889. The most of them were destined for the states.

Weather Indications.

Generally from fair to partly cloudy, with slight thermal changes.

DICKINSON
18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'S.

First Class Caterer,
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH
PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
42 NORTH AVENUE.

School Supplies
of all Kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
24 WEST FRONT STREET.

D. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evonville. P. O. Box 1275. Jobbing attended to. Plans given on application. Kind words cheerfully

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield, N. J. Residence, Watchung avenue. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

TAMARANDO
Is in wagons, carts, tarpaulins, purses, harness, sails, awnings, and all goods on the farm or iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Hamilton Place, West North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset station.
R. F. M. Chase,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. G. Halford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,
Life Insurance,
procured in any reputable company. Office 7th avenue Plainfield.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Bobbs Patent Shingle. Office Madison avenue, East Scotch and Front.

Allen's Stage Line
FARE FIVE CENTS.
To any point along the route within the Borough.
Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.
All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class service.
New Line will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.
My present route is from the depot along Park avenue to Madison avenue, Beyond the borough limits to order.
Leave depot for Park, 6:35, 7:20 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street, from which point I leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.
Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.
Comrade E. K. Allen.
PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE
8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m.; 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—9:40 a. m., 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 22 of 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:35, 5:44, 6:36, 6:44, 6:59, 7:46, 8:07, 8:45, 9:20, 9:51, 10:37, 11:20, 11:40 a. m., 12:05, 12:40, 1:20, 2:10, 2:40, 3:25, 4:05, 4:30, 5:00, 5:20, 5:45, 6:10, 6:40, 7:10, 8:05, 9:10, 10:00, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday, 3:35, 5:44, 8:45, 9:20, 9:51, 10:37, 11:20, 11:40 a. m., 12:05, 12:40, 1:20, 2:10, 2:40, 3:25, 4:05, 4:30, 5:00, 5:20, 5:45, 6:10, 6:40, 7:10, 8:05, 9:10, 10:00, 10:40, 11:40 p. m.

Leave New York at 1:45, 3:30, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00 p. m., 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00

HANDY WITH CAMERAS.

WOMEN WHO HAVE BECOME EXPERTS IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

Something About the Fair Members of the Camera Clubs of the Country—Extraordinary Advantages in Females Given by the New York Camera Club.

Ordinary folks who don't feel a profound concern in such matters, but know that amateur photography has of late taken a stronger hold than ever on the affections of many, would be surprised to find that of the large number of members belonging to the camera clubs at least one-third are women, and that in the good town of New York alone there are a score or more of ladies of leisure who know vastly more about lenses, plates, prints and processes than old Father Daguerre himself ever did. And they are by no means the mintelligent wielders of the handy little Kodak, or do they request their ambitious sons with more dollars than sense, who have been study the scientific beauties of their art and develop tone and finish by many different processes, prints of which a professional might be proud.

In 1889 the New York Camera club was organized to satisfy the growing demands of the amateur photographer. Rooms where congenial souls might meet to enjoy the pleasures of social intercourse, and use the well arranged photographic conveniences, and from this out-growth of the inception, on the payment of proper fees and dues, all the privileges of the club were extended to ladies applying for membership. They were requested to read papers before the club, submit lantern slides of their own making with successful pictures for exhibitions, and now and then at the flatteringly urgent request of the male members they leave accepted offices of importance.

A PHOTOGRAPHIC GENIUS.

Prominent among the club's lady members is Mrs. Richard P. Lounsberry, whose work, in point of artistic merit and perfection of finish, is accorded by that of the most skillful professionals. This little dark eyed woman, who is busy over her social duties, has yet found the time, thoroughly master the art of photography, to study and practice the best methods. Portraiture is her specialty, and for posing subjects she possesses a positive genius. With men, women and children she is equally successful, and scarcely ever does she see a lovely baby face framed in curls, a young friend whose features and coloring especially seem adapted to reproduce well on the plate, that the beloved camera is not produced and a most arbitrary youngster or shy girl coaxed to sit a second before the lense's searching eye.

In her studio and laboratory photographs are made of every variety. Charming old ladies in white caps, dignified bishops in their stately robes, famous literary, artistic and theatrical folk who are Mrs. Lounsberry friends look out from group frames and open albums, and more frequently than all does one find pictures of the latter or of themselves taken at *every age, in all manner of quaint costumes*, and in every stage of the day's duties and pleasures, from peeping out of the nursery's bars in little white nightgowns, like three yellow headed cherubs, they go the round of family life.

At one period in the New York Camera club's history a discussion arose among the members which was somewhat difficult to solve satisfactorily for the entire club. Many resigned to organize the American Society of Amateur Photographers, of which Miss Catherine Weed Barnes is a prominent member. Though this lady lives in Albany, and her club is domiciled in New York, her interest in its advancement never lags, and, in conjunction with two gentlemen, she edits a handsome monthly devoted to the interests of amateurs.

SEVERAL CLEVER WOMEN.

Miss Barnes is a gifted musician, and at one time was an ardent student of art, but soon improved the camera fell into her hands and since then all the time and attention to be spared from her duties was lavished on photography. She is, without doubt, the cleverest lady amateur in America. In the grounds of her spacious home in the capital city she has built a laboratory and studio perfectly equipped with all the necessary appurtenances. Fifty lenses, ground by famous makers, are counted among her most precious treasures, and the studio boasts an array of painted scenery that would stock a small theatre.

One clever little woman, Mrs. Laber, of Paterson, whose husband was a stock raiser for the city markets, purchased a small camera, and all unaided, except for the formulæ given in a paper pamphlet, taught herself to develop some most charming photographs. Looking about to know what practical use the easily acquired but valuable knowledge could be put, she decided to take views of her husband's blooded cattle. Eventually the same photographs were passed between the dealer and client many living at a distance, and in this manner many sales were negotiated and satisfactorily closed.

Any woman of intelligence can master the simple formulæ of photography if she add by a teacher, and after some experiments learn to do pretty work with a camera, for which she need not pay over $20 or $30. In and around Boston there are many well known women who use a camera constantly and well. Miss Alice Longfellow, daughter of Professor Horsford; Miss Delia Bulfinch, Miss Alice Stone Blackwell and Mrs. Isabella Barrows are but a few among them. Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, who spends a portion of every winter with her husband over Colorado, California, Norway, Scotland and the Mediterranean, is never without a very pretty leather bound box along over one shoulder a Kodak camera with which she catches delicious bits of views here and there.

Chicago is a city blessed with many of the fair and comfortable things of this world, also possesses a handsome Camera club, of which Mrs. C. B. Farwell is one of the vice presidents, and Mrs. S. Gray Burdett a director, who is not only the best amateur photographer connected with the society, but makes excellent lantern slides, a closely allied, delicate branch of the art.—New York Sun.

Mary Anderson's Farm.

The Mary Anderson farm on the Kiowa, in Colorado, is now quite abandoned. When the eminent actress purchased it a few years ago she had a herd of fine blooded horses and pedigreed cattle, but in those her relatives, when she bought it for her would never have any interest. It is the opposite, and it is fast becoming a howling wilderness.—Field and Farm.

The African woman carries her baby in a part of her dress, and the people of that country put their babies on their backs instead of making the dress fall in front and thus carrying them next to their skin.

Five-year-old William was talking about his knickers and his brother asked what he meant. "I mean the little officers on my drawers," was the ready reply.

A BARGAIN BY LETTER.

HOW A CONTRACT MAY BE MADE BY CORRESPONDENCE.

Conditions of Offer and Acceptance, When Each May Be Withdrawn—Medium by Which Acceptance Should Be Sent to Bind Party Making the Offer.

When a contract is made by letter or telegraph the question occurs, at what time or by what act is the contract completed?

The law in this country may be summarized thus: If A writes to B proposing to him a contract, the proposition remains open until it reaches B and for such time afterwards as would give B a reasonable opportunity of accepting the proposition, unless before B accepts A withdraws the offer by a subsequent letter or by telegraph. The offer may be withdrawn by A at any time before acceptance, or may be withdrawn before the proposition reaches B. For example, if the proposition was sent to B by mail, a telegram revoking the offer which reached B before the letter would prevent B from holding A by an acceptance after receipt of the letter.

It is not, however, withdrawn until a notice of withdrawal reaches B. *This is the important point.* Thus if A in Boston writes to B in New Orleans, offering a certain price for a hundred bales of cotton and the next day alters his mind and writes to B withdrawing his offer, if the first letter reaches B before the second, although after the second was written and mailed, B has a right to accept the offer before he gets the letter withdrawing it, and, by his acceptance, binds A; but if B delays his acceptance until the second letter reaches him the offer is then effectually withdrawn.

It may likewise be withdrawn by a telegram which reaches B before he has accepted the offer; but if a telegram or letter revoking the offer for any reason fails to reach B his acceptance will bind A although made after the time when in due course the letter or telegram revoking the order should have reached him. The principle underlying this rule of course is that A selects his means of communication, and if it fails him he must of course be responsible.

It is a sufficient acceptance on the part of B if he writes to A declaring his acceptance and puts his letter into the post-office, if the offer was by mail; or if he delivers to the telegraph company a message declaring his acceptance, if the offer reached him by telegraph, and the acceptance in either case is binding upon A, although the letter or telegram may *fail to reach him.* The acceptance is complete by depositing the letter in the postoffice or the message at the telegraph office.

But if the offer be by mail and the answer by telegraph, or vice versa, the contract is not complete until B's acceptance reaches A. Applying the rule that he who selects his means of communication vouches for it, it would follow that if the acceptance sent by telegraph of an offer which came by mail failed to reach A, the latter would not be bound by the acceptance.

The Power of Example.

At the conclusion of a nuisance case the judge summed up, enlarging at portentous length on a definition of the offense and the various elements that were required in proof of it, until the jury became thoroughly tired of listening to him. When he had concluded he said:

"I will retire while you are deliberating on your verdict, which requires much consideration; but I hope you understand the various points I have submitted to you."

"Oh, yes, my lord," said the foreman; "we are all agreed that we never knew before what a nuisance was until we heard your lordship's summing up."—Solicitor's Journal.

An Uncertain Description.

We commend to conveyancers the following specimen of legal acumen copied from the records in the office of the auditor of Clarke county, Washington. In a conveyance of land is embodied a bill of sale of some live stock, and the description of the two kinds of property is rather droll. The following is copied verbatim from the records:

"Also that certain lot of land on the Columbia bottom, bounded by land owned by Alexander and others. Also a white bull and twelve hogs west of the meridian line."—Green Bag.

"Failure" and "Suspension."

"Failure" in a business sense means permanent inability to meet one's engagements. "Suspension" is a temporary inability to pay liabilities as they become due. A failure is always a suspension, but a suspension may not be a failure. In ordinary speech, however, a temporary delay in payments by a solvent firm owing to a financial crisis in the money market or to some sudden and unexpected misfortune is called a suspension. Absolute bankruptcy or insolvency is called a failure.

A Court Room Reverie.

As into the fire the wood stick,
So the fool to the trial;
Where formulæ strike is blunted,
Where justice is lost in a wrangle.

To the front he leaps, the firebrands—
Keeps the court busy, busy lawyers,
And bridges all and supersedes.
Well sober and comprehends,
In their tasks and hast he reveals,
Where the fool is, there is the fire.
Whether he be in court or out,
And when your sticks and when crushed
Fresh fuel and coals and coals
And coals and coals and coals burning,
With their smoke, to blind the jury
And put out the eyes of justice.
Are at length consumed to ashes,
And the jury is discharged,
Then the fool, with his work complete,
Goes to his next stick, tough and knotty,
Where he finds more burning.
The smoke out of sight,
The fire burns low, and the coals,
And coals and coals and coals,
Become less and darker and darker,
Before Law, thy fearful sway.

—The Green Bag.

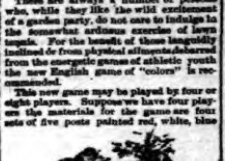
YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

ENTERTAINMENT AND INSTRUCTION FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

The New Game of "Colors" Which Has Attained Sudden Popularity in England and Likely to Have a Run in the United States.

There are always a number of persons who, while they like the wild excitement of a garden party, do not care to indulge in the violent exercises of lawn tennis. For the benefit of these languidly inclined or from physical situation debarred from the energetic games of athletic youth the new English game of "colors" is recommended.

This new game may be played by four or eight players. Suppose we have four players the materials for the game are four sets of five posts painted red, white, blue



THE NEW GAME OF "COLORS."

and green. Each player has a little rack on which she or he carries eight rings, two each of the same colors, and two small flags bearing the letters "R" or "L," signifying right or left.

There are also flags painted black to indicate a miss or "fault." The court should be 60 feet long by 30 feet wide. To arrange the court the posts are planted in sets of five, each post 2 feet 6 inches apart from its neighbor, in a figure which would form a cross, the four starting set being at one end of the ground, the end or finishing set at the extreme end of the court, exactly opposite the start, and the side sets in the middle of each side of the court. Each player being furnished with his complement of eight rings, which have previously been shaken up in a bag, two partners stand on each side of the starting set of posts facing each other. The whole object of the game is to get rid of the rings in such a manner that they retain their proper sequence on the posts. There is no throwing or running. The players walk leisurely from set to set, deposit their rings if they can, and then walk on to the next set of posts.

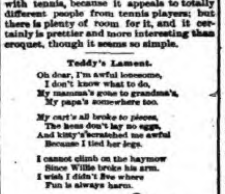
One player may get rid of a ring by placing it on his partner's ring, and any player may play two rings following, if possible. There is no hurry or scurry, but there is a certain amount of science in the game, and of course it may be varied in many ways. It may be called the quadrille of garden games. It will never in any way interfere with tennis, because it appeals to totally different people from the tennis players; but there is plenty of room for it, and it certainly is prettier and more interesting than croquet, though it seems so simple.

Teddy's Lament.

Oh dear, I'm awful lonesome,
I don't know what to do,
My mamma's gone to grandma's,
My papa's somewhere too.

My cat's all broke to pieces,
The hens don't lay no eggs,
And kitty's scratched me awful
Because I tied her legs.

I cannot climb on the haymow
Since I fell in the hay,
I wish I didn't live where
Fun is always barred.



TIRED OUT.

It's hard for little boys,
To get rid of all the noise;
I could have a watch like papa,
And don't I've mister than.

I'd drive the grays to grandma's
And take her out to ride;
I'd have two plates of pudding,
And rose and stake and slide.

Oh dear, I wish 'twas winter,
Then I'll ask Santa Claus,
No, Bertie's grown, I'm sleepy,
I am hard-by-keep-a-wake.

I wouldn't study ever,
No more I'll 'Two is though,
But 'gettin' ain't half so hard
As studyin', I know.

(Awake he cannot keep
And so Teddy goes to sleep.)

The First Girl Wrangler.

In Cambridge university, England, the student who passes best in mathematics at the annual examination is called the "senior wrangler." This odd title is derived from the schools of the middle ages, when college exercises were called disputations and those who performed them disputants, because they were always engaged in pitting two men together, one to argue pro and the other con. From disputing the word wrangling was easily derived, although why it should be applied to mathematics is not easily understood. However, it is held to be the highest honor attainable at Cambridge, and this year it was won by a girl!

It is true that her name was not announced as senior wrangler, because Cambridge university, although admitting girls to take its studies, with endless female adjuncts, will not bestow collegiate titles on them. So the name of a young man was announced to be senior wrangler, and after his name, that of Philippa Fawcett, with the statement that she passed the better examination and the feelings of the young man may be imagined.

Miss Fawcett inherits her gifts from both sides. Her mother is Millicent Garrett Fawcett, who writes on political and social economy, and her father was Professor Fawcett, the blind postmaster general of England.—Golden Days.

Never "tickle" the feet of babes or children. It is simply torture, and the nerves so touched are injured for life. There are evidences of proper conduct as well as of proper manner, that a child or grown person should be.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

ITEMS OF PRACTICAL INTEREST TO FRUIT GROWERS AND GARDENERS.

The Georges Bruant Rose Is a New Comer, Which Is Described as a Very Valuable Acquisition to American Gardens by a Recognized Authority.

This is the second season that the new rose of George Bruant has bloomed on the experiment grounds of The Rural New Yorker. It is the first known cross between a tea rose (Sombreuil) and Rose rugosa, the first cross of any kind with Rosa rugosa having been effected by the editor of The Rural New Yorker nearly two years previously, the hardy rose Harrison's yellow having then been used as the pollen plant. Mr. Carman, writing of Georges Bruant in American Garden, from which our cut is a reprint, says:

G. Bruant, in so far as buds and flowers are concerned, is a decided success. The buds are pointed, as the illustration shows, and they unfold not unlike the tea, Nipheto, for example. As the bud opens more fully one is reminded of Gen. Jacqueminot, while the full blown flower is almost its counterpart, save in color, which is a pure white. Mr. Carman does not speak in positive terms as yet respecting this rose's foliage, habit, blooming period and hardiness. The habit seems a trifle leggy and the foliage

THE GEORGES BRUANT ROSE.

scanty. Given a more vigorous growth and a closer habit, which I may still be found to possess under more favorable conditions, Mr. Carman says that the Georges Bruant must be considered a very valuable acquisition.

Why Fall Planting Is Unpopular.

Mr. G. F. Meissner, of Missouri, in remarks made at the recent convention of American nurserymen, expressed the opinion that the too early delivery of nursery stock in the autumn had much to do with *fall planting falling into disrepute.* He said that in recent years the practice of contracting to deliver this stock very early in the fall has become so prevalent that the young trees are often dug for fall planting before the wood has fully ripened. They are torn from the ground while the young rootlets are still at work, and the leaves are stripped from them while they are still busy digesting the sap, and of course they are in no condition to endure the winter.

Of course planting which may be seasonable in Ohio is not so in Tennessee, and there is a great difference in the quality of trees in this respect. For example, a currant bush or cherry tree can be dug and shipped when a wild goose plum would be ruined. The convention, after more or less talk on the subject, passed a resolution in which a disapproval and protest appeared against the lifting of trees before the leaves had ripened and the wood had attained a proper degree of maturity, and requested all members to discountenance and discourage this practice.

Dwarf Pear Trees.

"Should dwarf pear trees be pruned?" was asked at one of the New York Farmer's institutes and answered as follows:

Mr. Powell—Yes, by cutting back at least one-third.

Secretary Woodward—I should cut back one-half. Will dwarf trees become standard?

Mr. Powell—When planted deep enough they will take root from the budded stock. For this reason they should be planted not less than twenty *feet apart.* The quince root will give only a dwarf tree, and to keep it so they should be set deep enough to provide for these changes if you desire them. The Duchess is best remaining dwarf.

Budding Trees by Machinery.

A Florida genius has invented a machine for budding trees which Forest and Garden describes: Mr. Rowell's budder, being "loaded" with a bud, plows under the bark, a pull on the trigger drives the bud in, and it is left in proper position for binding. This implement is in some respects like a seed dropper. The part that holds and inserts the bud is made of different sizes or shapes, adapted to different sizes of buds and stocks. By changing the points it may be used on stocks ranging from an inch down to nearly one-eighth of an inch in diameter.

An Interesting Strawberry Test.

At the Kentucky experiment station twenty-five varieties of strawberries were tested upon a rich garden soil unclothed with clay. According to a bulletin issued regarding the test of these twenty-five kinds, Bubach No. 5 alone receive a perfect mark in a scale of ten for measure and purpose. For best wonderberry, Jessie, Gandy and Gold receive ten. In quality Henderson and Gandy receive ten and Parry nothing.

Restoring Cut Flowers.

Cut flowers have frequently been restored to freshness, even when every petal is drooping, by placing the stems in a cup of boiling hot water, leaving them until the petals have become quite smooth, then cutting off the cooked ends and placing in fresh water. For the same purpose salt water is thought good.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark curing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—prices 12c.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 39c quality for 25c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of three remnants of fine curing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 15c which is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 22 to 32. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

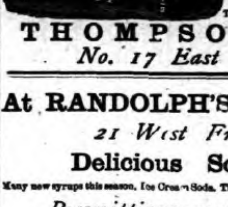
This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather: Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS



BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Superior to us. Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRT—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.85.

GENTS' HALF HOSE—12c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c and 25 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 32c, 50c waist for 40c, 85c waist for 69c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 15c towel for 12c, 20c towel for 15c, 25c towel 20c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.85.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 80c | ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET 8', $1.25 and $1.75 | FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. | Screen Doors, $1.20 each. | Jelly Tumblers 50c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONTSTREET. TELEPHONE, 120

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE GOODS AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Joseph Krewson

successor to Travis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made,

Furniture Express

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

range, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

3d and 5d floors, Box 1206

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Glass Stone Quarry, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice and reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P. O. Box 788.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

69 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when mines were glad to get orders to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction to consumers. Orders filled quickly on hand. Turning and screening done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Patronage solicited. Leave orders at Office, Corner Second and Park Place. Manufacturers of Sod Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers. Telephone No. 78.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

RECOVERED HER PROPERTY.

The Law Aids Mrs. Frucht in Securing What Belongs to Her.

The case of Rose Frucht vs. Loring Laing came up for trial yesterday afternoon before Justice Nash and the following jury: George F. Updyke, Bernard B. Gray, F. F. Huff, Cadwallader Jones, Steven Broughton and George Wyckoff.

The trial was to obtain certain property which plaintiff claimed had been levied upon illegally. It appears that a short time ago Mr. Frucht, a Jew, doing business on East Front street, made an assignment. Some of his creditors accused him of spiriting some of the merchandize away. Mr. Laing went before Justice Nodyne and secured a writ, and Constable Rockafellow levied upon certain articles which Mrs. Frucht claimed belonged to her. She produced and offered to corroborate her statement, and after a deliberation of about ten minutes the jury brought in a verdict in her favor. Constable Rockafellow delivered the property immediately; first threatening to get "square" with Mr. Frucht.

Mr. John Ridley appeared as counsel for Mrs. Frucht, and the Hon. Foster M. Voorhees represented the defense.

The Crescents Defeat the Westfield.

For the first time in New Jersey the Crescents have been defeated, so feed on the grounds of their neighbors. Westfield owned a nine and it had spat with such success, that the Crescents were formally challenge. No one expected that Westfield could win, and Plainfield in thinness went to witness the annihilation of their club. The victory went to the Crescents, but it was after a close and desperate struggle and by the score of 4 to 3.

Westfield has great reason to be proud. Their nine throughout were excellent, and worthy to compete with any that can be brought against them.

Their battery did great work, and O'Neil will be heard from hereafter.

The Crescents made but a single error, and owned their victory to the excellent fine play of Lever, and the daring base running of Martin.

CRESCENTS.

	AB	R	O	H	PO	A	E	LB	SOB
Hatfield, r.f.	3	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	1
Heiser, l.f.	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Martin, s.s.	5	2	1	1	2	3	0	2	1
Lofberry, 2b.	5	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	0
Wingard, 1b.	4	0	2	1	6	0	0	2	0
Lever, c.f.	3	0	4	0	4	1	0	0	0
Jones, c.	4	0	2	1	7	1	0	1	0
Lee, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1	2	0	2	1
Hetzel, p	4	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	2
	36	4	26	6	27	7	1	9	3

WESTFIELDS.

McMahon, c.	4	0	2	0	8	2	0	0	0
DeWitt, 1b.	4	0	0	0	9	0	1	0	0
O'Neil, p.	4	2	2	1	1	4	0	0	0
Murray, ss.	4	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	0
Wingard, 2b.	4	0	1	1	2	3	0	2	0
Johnston, c.f.	4	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	0
McLaughlin, l.f.	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bamlet, r.f.	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mullen, 3b.	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
	34	3	27	4	26	9	4	4	2

The following is the score by innings:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Crescents	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—4
Westfield	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0—3

Earned runs—Crescents, 1; Westfields, 2. Home run—Murray. Base on balls—Hatfield, 2; Martin, 2; Lever, McLaughlin, Mullen, 2. Struck out—Lever, 3; Hetzel, 3; Westfields, 5. Sacrifice—Heiser. Passed ball—McMahon. Time of game—1:50. Umpire—Mr. Roberts, of Bayonne.

Runaway Accident on Front Street.

A runaway accident occurred on East Front street this morning which had a serious termination. A German woman who lives on the mountains, was peddling produce in that vicinity, when her horse became frightened at a passing bicycle. The animal ran at a break-neck speed and in attempting to turn a corner, the woman was thrown out. Fortunately no bones were broken, but she was badly bruised and scratched. The horse was caught by a man named Wilson. The wagon was only slightly damaged, but the produce was strewn all along the street.

Threaten to Use the Shotgun.

It is alleged that the men employed on the contract for the sewer in Union township have been committing depredations on the orchard crops of the farmers. One farmer of the name of Murphy had two dozen fine head of cabbage stolen Monday night, and his neighbors report similar experiences. The farmers are indignant and threaten to form a vigilance committee to put a stop to the visits of the thieves. It is stated that some of the offenders are likely to get their skins full of buckshot.

For Past Driving.

Jerry Rowe, a driver of a butcher's wagon, was arrested some time ago for fast driving in North Plainfield, and fined.

Last Friday he again indulged in this dangerous practice. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and placed in the hands of Bogardus Matthews. It will probably be served to-day. Mr. Rowe drives a rather lively mustang which does not seem to require much urging to make it go faster than the law allows, and gets its owner thereby in trouble.

Struck by the Cars.

The train which leaves this city at about seven o'clock every morning, yesterday struck a woman who was engaged picking coal along the Central Railroad tracks near Elizabethport. The engineer stopped the train and the woman one put in the baggage car. She complained of one of her hands being very painful and it is thought that it is broken. She told a resident of this city that her name was Mrs. Schultz and that she was in the eighty-fifth year of her age.

Selling Liquor to Minors.

A warrant has been issued and given to Borough Marshal Thomas Bolledge, for the arrest of Eugene Hoerster, a beer bottler in North Plainfield. He is charged with selling liquor to Lewis Bergen of North Plainfield, Saturday evening. As Mr. Bergen is under age, Mr. Hoerster, if proven guilty of the charge, will lose his bottling.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Prisoners Arraigned and Sentenced Yesterday Morning.

Court of Special Sessions convened at Elizabeth yesterday morning, Judges McCormick, Hyde and Wiley on the bench.

The session, however, proved to be a short one, there not being any business of great importance to transact.

After several arguments had been listened to by the court, Prosecutor of the Pleas W. R. Wilson moved that the following named prisoners be arraigned and sentenced:

Henry Thomas Conrad, charged with petit larceny, plead guilty and was sentenced to the reform school.

Conrad is the boy who was arrested a short time ago by the employer, Mr. Cook, who charged him with stealing two $5 bills, to which crime he immediately confessed.

John Smith and Conrad plead guilty to assault and battery on a woman, and was sentenced by the court to one day in jail.

Smith at the time of the the alleged assault ran away to Orange, but shortly after returned, when he was taken in custody. He is a tough of the first water and owned himself that committed the assault, by striking him over the eye and in the mouth with a bunch of keys.

Lawrence Haley, charged with stealing two bushels of coal, was committed to jail for one day. This short sentence was owing to the fact that Haley had been held in jail some time before being arraigned.

Thomas Miner, the man charged with making a murderous attack on two boys with a sickle, was discharged, it being shown by affidavits that there was nothing in the case whatever. Miner it appears, was at one time an inmate of the Brooklyn almshouse.

There being no further business to be transacted the court adjourned.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Members of the Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. are reminded of the adjourned meeting of the society to be held tonight at 6 p. m. Mr. L. G Leypoldt of New York City will speak.

Such boys as would like to receive lessons in singing and reading music are invited by the Y. M. C. A. to join a new class to be organized at the Association rooms Tuesday afternoon next at 4:30 o'clock. Mr. E. A. Embury who has continued the instruction of the original class throughout the Summer will teach in the new class. Boys between 9 and 12 years of age.

In connection with the short-hand class which will soon be organized by the association the attention of the boys in higher classes of the Public schools is called to the opportunity this affords for acquiring this most useful and practical art. The study can be taken up with their other studies and without interfering with them, as the class meets but once a week. The principles of the art will be fully taught before the Spring, and then the boys who intend to enter business life will be better fitted to do so. The general secretary will be glad to meet all such inquires.

JOTTINGS.

—School children are once more at their desks.

—The Republican Congressional Convention is to held at Somerville on the 18th inst.

—The election to vote for or against the constitutional amendment is to take place Sept. 30th.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—Four candidates for membership were installed into the Iron Hall Society at a meeting held Tuesday.

—A number of Plainfielders visited the Somerset County Fair which was held at Somerville yesterday.

—Driver's fail to attend the North Plainfield Republican primaries which are to be held next Saturday evening.

—The train due in this city at 3:45 p. m. stuck and instantly killed a cow near the Elizabethport station yesterday afternoon.

—The work of macadamizing Craig Place is progressing favorably. The first layer of heavy cracked stone has been laid the entire length of the street.

—The West End base ball club played a game of base ball at Bergen Point yesterday, and succeeded in defeating the New Jersey Athletic club by a score of 4 to 3.

—The object of the combine's visit to Newburgh yesterday is given out to have been to inspect an electric railway and water works system there. Mr. Spangenberg declined to accompany them.

—The Reform Club excursion yesterday was attended by a sufficient number of patrons to have a small profit over expenses. A large number were prevented from going by the threatening weather.

—Incandescent lamps placed near the ceiling will cause it to be blacked, contrary to general belief. The blackening is not due to unconsumed carbon, but to a current of hot air which carries dust particles or coal-soot with a cold surface.—Ex.

—Says an eminent physician: "So long as men uncover their heads in theatres, halls, etc., just so long catarrh will be a national ailment, and men suffer with facial neuralgia and bronchial affections. There is no more sense in a man keeping his hat on than there is in a woman laying aside her bonnet."

—Between whisky and water the city of Plainfield seems fated to be constantly in trouble. For the past ten or twelve years it has been in constant trouble over the whisky and license questions, and it showed no much interest and determination to improve all that it is now said that one would have to appeal it wanted water as any price. But now its members of Council, its newspapers, its public men and its private citizens are by the ears on the subject of city water. Just when Plainfield will get out of trouble over these questions is a conundrum which he Sphinx could not satisfactorily solve.—Elizabeth Journal.

SHOT THE WRONG DOG.

And Left it to Die an Agonizing Death.—A Fine Imposed.

George W. Ogden appeared before Just a Nash yesterday afternoon to answer to a charge preferred by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The evidence brought out the facts that a short time ago Ogden ascended the mountains in the rear of the Wilson for the purpose of shooting a dog, which belonged to some tramp part been annoying the neighbors By mistake he shot the wrong dog, but the bullet did not kill the animal and he left it to die a lingering death. Witnesses swore that the poor dog suffered intense pain. After hearing all the evidence, Justice Nash adjudged the defendant guilty, and imposed a fine of fifteen dollars and costs. The fine was paid.

NEW JERSEY HOMOEPATHS.

Annual Session of the State Society at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 10—The semi-annual meeting of the New Jersey State Homoeopathic Medical Society was held here at Atlantic City Tuesday. About 100 members and fifty visiting physicians were present when President Samuel Long, A. M., M. D., called the convention to order. There were present T. F. Kinne, president of the American Institute of Homeopathy; T. R. Black wood, president of the West Jersey Homoeopathic Medical Society, and August Korndoerfer, president of the Homoeopathic Medical Society of the county of Philadelphia. Dr. M. D. Vorhees was made secretary of session.

Interesting papers were read upon various diseases by C. W. Butler, J. G. Street, S. H. Quint, Phoebe D. Brown, Harriet Knudson, E Rusmore, Isaac Cooper, R. R. Souter, G. B. Best, T. G. H. Bieling, R. M. Howard, J. G. Sandford, J. G. Strong, W. McGeorge, G. M. Christian, T. P. McKinsley, M. H. Woodruff.

The officers are: President, Samuel Long, New Brunswick; Vice-Presidents, M. T. Middleton, Camden; T. S. Davis, Plainfield; T. A. Mosher, Hizabeth; Recording Secretary, A. W. Bailey, Atlantic City; Corresponding Secretary, Wallace McGeorge, Woodbury; Treasurer, Francis Alfred Giles, East Orange; Necrologist, J. G. Street, Bridgeton; Board of Censors, R. M. Howard, Chairman; J. Newton Lowe, Milford; C. B. Holmes, Rahway; J. G. Streets, Bridgeton; G. A. Richards, Orange.

A number of physician from Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and New York are present and taking an active interest in the proceedings.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded in the Union county clerk's office:

Blandina C. Underhill, executor John A. Underhill, deceased, to Charles F. Oxley, of Plainfield, tracts in Rahway $115

Frederick P. Crowell, Harriet E. Sarah H. Shotwell, of Plainfield, and as Citizen are $50 feet from Dunellen ave., Plainfield, North $1,000.

Lewis D. Kelly a wife, of Woodbridge, Middlesex Co., to Moses H. Ashton, of Rahway, $6 7-10 acres in Rahway, being lot No. on the side road leading from Scotch Plains to Milton. $6,000

Lizzie F. Oxley, of Westfield, to Charles F. Oxley, of the same place, lot on Westfield ave, Westfield, 50x164, & lot 60x150 $200.

James M. Drake, of New York City, & Albert A. Drake, of Westfield, to Charles F. Oxley, of Westfield, release of said tract.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. H. Johnston of East Front street is in the Adirondacks.

The Rev. C. L. Goodrich will preach in the Seventh-Day Baptist church Saturday morning.

Miss M. L. Hotchkiss has returned to her home on Madison avenue from a visit to Vermont.

Mr. W. L. Patton and family have returned to their home on East Ninth street at Asbury Park.

Miss Scott, formerly of this city but now of Elizabeth, is visiting her friend, Miss Annie Moore.

Mr. George L. McGinnis of New Brunswick, N. J. is visiting his uncle, G. L. McGinnis of Linden avenue.

The approaching marriage of Mr. John Kulp and Miss Gussie Voehl is announced. The ceremony will take place on the 24th, inst.

Mr. Newton R. Smalley of Somerset street is having a handsome two story brick building erected on Regent street, North Plainfield.

The Misses Neal and Ella Beekman of Evons, and Miss Jennie Abbott and brother Will, of Plainfield, are rusticating along the Hartford.

Alexander Vermeule died at his home on West Second street this morning. Paralysis was the cause of death. Deceased was in the seventy-fifth year of his age.

Prof. Eugene O'Reilly has returned to this city after a six weeks' visit to friends in Washington and Chicago. He will furnish the music for the T. A. B. reception which is to be held at the T. A. B. Hall to-night.

Mrs. Susan Whitehead died at her home on West Front street Tuesday morning. She was in the eighty-sixth year of her age and was the widow of the late Pearse Whitehead. The funeral took place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

At the residence of Mr. Wm. Cain on Grove view avenue, there was a wedding last evening, a pretty home wedding. The contracting parties were Mr. Peter Rose and Miss Clara S. Mundy, both of North Plainfield. The Rev. Mr. Haggerty of Mt. Horeb officiated. After the wedding a substantial wedding feast was spread, to which all present did justice.

The following persons who were ordained to the priesthood at St. Joseph's Trigonomth, South Devon, England, on the 8th inst., by the most Rev. Dr. Vaughan, Bishop of Plymouth, was Mr. F. J. Baughan, C. S. S. R., a brother to Messrs. J. M. and W. H. Baughan of 625 Broadway, New York, and 13 East of this city, Orange, and Mr. M. Bingham of this city.

THE LAW OF THREATS.

Responsibility for the Results of Fear Established.

In a recent case before Lord Chief Justice Coleridge and Justice Mathew, Cave, Day and Smith, in order to escape from the violence of her husband, who had used threats to his wife amounting to threats against her life, the wife got out of a window, and in so doing fell to the ground and broke her leg. The husband was convicted of having willfully and maliciously inflicted grievous bodily harm on his wife. Lord Coleridge said: "I am of opinion that the conviction in this case is correct, and that the sentence should be affirmed. The principle upon which we act is laid down quite fully in the Queen against Martin. There this court held that a man who had either take advantage of or had created a panic in a theatre, and had so caused bodily harm to be occasioned to others, was answerable for the consequences of whatever had done. Here the woman came to be injured by getting out of the window, and in her fall broke her leg. Now that might have been caused by an act which was done accidentally or deliberately, in which case the prisoner would not have been guilty.

"It appears from the case, however, that the prisoner had threatened his wife more than once, and that on this occasion he came home drunk, and used words which amounted to a threat against her life, saying, 'I'll make you so that you can't go to bed;' that she, rushing to the window, got half out of the window, when she was restrained by the daughter. The prisoner threatened the daughter, who let go, and her mother fell. It is suggested that supposing the prisoner had struck his daughter's arm without hurting her, but sufficiently to cause her to let go, and she had let her mother fall, could any one doubt but that that would be the same thing as if he had pushed her out himself? If a man creates in another man's mind an immediate sense of danger which causes such person to try to escape, and in so doing he injures himself, the person who creates such a state of mind is responsible for the injuries which result. I think that in this case there was abundant evidence that there was a sense of immediate danger in the mind of the woman, caused by the acts of the prisoner, and that her injuries resulted from what such sense of danger caused her to do." The other judges concurred.—Albany Law Journal.

A case which seems to be of this character recently occurred in North Plainfield, between a brother and sister. The latter claimed that she had been cruelly beaten by her brother. He stated that he was trying to prevent her while emitted from throwing herself out of the window, and used no more force than was necessary. Yet he was bound over to await the action of the Grand Jury soon to meet.

THE LAW AS TO CHECKS.

Liability of a Bank to the Innocent Holder of a False Check it Has Declared Good—General Rules as to Certification.

The question involved in this matter will be of general interest to persons doing business with our banks.

A very important question for the holder of a certified check is, whether by certification the bank engages to the payment of the check whenever presented, or simply certifies the amount of the check is to the credit of the drawer in the bank at the time it is presented, but reserves the right to stop payment on the order of the drawer at any time before actual payment.

The answer to this inquiry is, as a general rule, that when a bank certifies a check it is bound to pay it on the depositor precisely as if it had been paid, and thereupon is bound to pay it on presentation to the holder, although it may have received an order in the meantime to stop payment.

A bank is not obliged to certify a check at all, and it does so simply as a matter of courtesy and accommodation to the holder, who may prefer certification to payment at that time. It would follow, therefore, that in granting such accommodation the bank may insist upon any condition it chooses to prescribe, and if the holder declines the condition the bank may decline to certify.

Some banks require the indorsement of the payee before certification in the same manner as they would require his indorsement before payment. The bank undoubtedly has a right to require such indorsement before payment where the check is drawn to a particular person, and as certification by a solvent bank is equivalent to payment, the same reason applies in favor of indorsement in the one case as in the other.

A curious anomaly exists in the law as to the liability of the bank towards the holder of a certified check which, after being drawn and before being certified, has been altered. Some courts have held that the bank is liable to the innocent holder of a forged check which it has certified, but that it is not liable for a check that has been altered, the reason given being that by a certification the bank guaranteed the authenticity of the drawer's signature, but not the correctness of the amount of the check; and in one case it was held, where a check was drawn for $10 and was raised to $10,000 and was certified by the bank, the innocent holder of the check could only recover the amount for which it was originally drawn; but if the check had been forged absolutely and the bank had certified it in other respects, the holder could have recovered the full amount.

—The base ball season is nearly over.

THE CHILDREN'S HOME.

What the Annual Report Shows.

The thirteenth annual report of the Plainfield Children's Home association for the year ending May 1, 1890, is just published.

The report of the treasurer, Miss E'la Sexton, shows total receipts, $2,601.81; total expenditures, $2,496.39. Balance on hand $175.02.

The members of the association [illegible] as follows:

LIFE MEMBERS.

Mrs. Abraham Underhill	$50.00
Mr. James T. Garland	50.00
" C. W. Updyke	50.00
" C. W. Drake	50.00
" James E. Cruser	50.00
Mrs. James E. Crane	50.00
" Joseph Wright	50.00
" George F. Updyke	50.00
" C. W. Hilmes	50.00

HONORARY MEMBERS.

Hon. Job Mead	$25.00
Mr. Wesley Lippincott	25.00
Mr. J. M. Titsworth	25.00
Dr. Edward Swaim	25.00
Mrs. H. Cleaves	25.00
Mr. Elliott F. Shepard	25.00
" Joseph W. Yates	25.00
" George W. Endicott, M. D.	25.00
Mrs. Otis Avery	25.00
Mr. H. C. Wentworth	25.00
Mrs. Lawrence Myers	25.00
Mr. Samuel Milbee	25.00
Mrs. Sarah Kirkner	25.00

*Deceased.

With a Capital of $150,000.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday at Elizabeth with the County Clerk by the Horst Company, of Rahway, whose capital is placed at $150,000. The Company's plant will be located at Rahway and it will have a branch in Jersey City and an office in New York. The incorporators are Thomas D. Furst, Gustav and Samuel J. Kerr, all of Brooklyn; C. Venton Patterson, of New York, and William L. Marshon, of Rahway. The Company will manufacture books and stationery.

Fourteenth Regiment Reunion.

The annual reunion of the Fourteenth Regiment, Col. Chauncey Harris' regiment, New Jersey volunteers, will be held at Hopewell on Friday, Sept. 19th. The programme of arrangements promises an interesting event for the survivors of this famous regiment, a number of whom are residents of this city.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Interesting, if True.

Between the hours of two and six o'clock on Thursday and Friday afternoons and all day Saturday Rogers Bros. will sell all $3.50 shoes for $2.00, all $3.00 shoes for $2.50, all $2.50 shoes for $2.00.

They have a few more men's shoes left that they are closing out at 90c. Be sure and be there at two o'clock when the sale begins. They warrant every pair. 8,9*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COMPETENT girl at 112 Jackson avenue wants a situation as chamberwork or to take care of children. 10-2

A WOMAN, aged 40, desires situation in family where she will be treated as one of them. Is eminently respectable and capable, but poor. Address "J. L." care of EVENING NEWS. 9-5

BOARD wanted by gentleman and wife, 2 large rooms in second story, with closet required. Address "Rahway," care of EVENING NEWS, stating location, size of room and price, which must be moderate.

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 East front. 10-6

GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply to Gen. H. Fairchild, at furniture store, 21 East Front. 10-3

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 39 Kensington avenue. 9 9d

STRAYED or stolen from W. F. Lowe, 196 Park avenue, an Irish setter answering to name of Peggy. A reward will be paid for her recovery, or any information concerning her.

TO LET—New five-room house on Richmond st-et near Third. Ten dollars. 10-2f

THREE furnished rooms to let for light housekeeping. Address "Rooms", care of EVENING NEWS. 10-6

TO LET—House and apartments, inquire of 45 North Plainfield avenue.

WANTED—Good cook, to assist in laundry work. Apply 219 Park avenue.

WANTED—A good girl for general house work. Call at No. 29 Carlton avenue

WANTED—Board, for gentleman, wife, and three children and nurse. Private family preferred. Address "Boarder," care of EVENING NEWS. 11-3

WANTED—First-class cook (Swede preferred) immediately. Reference required. John F. Wilson, Greenbrook road. 9-2

WANTED—A boy to take charge of goats in Southern part of Plainfield. Call at EVENING NEWS office.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE

Weanesday, Sept. 17.

SICKS universally conceded most elaborate production of Comic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Costumed and Coached in the most extravagantly rich manner of any similar production known to the world. Has played 300 nights in New York, 100 nights in Boston, 100 nights in Philadelphia, 100 nights in Chicago, and many other years in all the principal cities. Prices 50, 75, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLDS ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $20. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 9X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 568 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember we buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities at a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee, Imported and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Can cash you spend them of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profit.

New crop Tea, 25c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 25c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12c can; O. K. Baking Powder, 20c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 3 lbs for 25c; Headquarters for Gilt Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1093.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTHEWS, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset. 9-2w

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, M. A. graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 149 West Front street. 9-10-4f

MISS I. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music on the method of singing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Leipsic method Gloverian system. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harmony 9-3 2w*

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, and the methods used in the school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS is in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss S. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY. No. 35 Fifth avenue. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8-18-2m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Steinbeck and Miss Sawyer's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Special Notices.

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is compelled at the last moment to change her location and open again here, to remain another week in Plainfield. She must positively leave on Wednesday next, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Mrs. J. L. Anderson, pupil of Professor Sherwin of Boston, will receive lessons in vocal culture at her residence, 160 East Front street, Monday, September 15th. Mrs. Anderson refers, among others to Professor Steffens, New York, Mrs. D. Ogden Wetherspoon. 10-2w

MORAIS, SHETLAND and Astrakhan cloth, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at reasonable prices, at the residence of Mrs. Morais, 24 Grove street. Also doing fine work by Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Front street. Call and see samples. 25-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS Go to A. Cadwallader's for a nice shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop 24 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-26-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful autumn leaves, and cut flowers. Also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, for sale cheap, on Denise's Nursery, No. 32 Bilbie avenue. 9-9-7f

CHOICE PLANTS For sale at 25c. Lindsey's, also a lot of Geraniums at Lindsey's office, corner of Somerset and Second streets. 9-9-3t

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stove
and
Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No: 6. East Front Street

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter Y. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Fanwood Township.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Health of Fanwood Township will be held at Excelsior Hall, Scotch Plains, on the first Thursday in each month at eight o'clock p. m.

For the hearing of complaints and the transaction of such business as may come before the Board.

By order of the Board of Health.

F. W. WESCOTT, Sec.
Scotch Plains, August 7th, 1890. 10-12*

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Can.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c.	$2.25
California Pears	20	2.25
California Apricots	25	2.60
Franklin Sweet Corn	10	1.15
Extra Early Peas	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.80

ESTERLEE, TAYLOR & NEUMA'S
Corner Broadway and Fifth street.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $65; and Bedroom Suites $30, worth $45. Also a small Oil Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture of a small quantity.

Having rented one of our new flat styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices unreasonably low. Some old pieces for them as well.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice. [illegible]

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 10 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 67.

In two weeks after the new coinage law went into effect in America, silver in London leaped up to the highest price it had reached in twelve years.

It is now the time of year when the president of the United States will be expected at county fairs to kiss the fat boss, make graceful allusion to the big, giant pumpkin and bestow the blue ribbon on the prize fat Shorthorn heifer. Well, the president of the United States might be in worse business.

"I have offered the president of the United States to submit to arbitration the difference over the Behring sea fisheries," says Queen Victoria in her speech proroguing parliament. But the question does not need arbitration. It is a plain case of Canadian schooners infringing on rights acquired by America through purchase from Russia. That is what the state department at Washington says.

Walking Clubs.

Autumn is at hand. Its bracing air will make you feel like exercising briskly. Now is the time therefore to organize your walking clubs. The leaves will begin to turn to gold and scarlet and russet; the apples—the few there are of them—ripen and lend before your gaze inviting. Brown nuts are nearly ripe. The young squirrels scamper among the trees and turn their merry, saucy eyes toward you in challenge. The corn waves golden; the pumpkins gleam brilliant on the ground. The fried chicken, the burning baked sweet potato, the stewed pears, crimson tomato and rich cream and butter wait your coming at every farm house.

Organize walking parties, clubs of ladies and gentlemen. Take a morning—well, take any kind of a morning when it does not rain, let your feet be shod strongly and comfortably, and go for a walk of as many miles as you can make without fatigue, to begin. Hold your head erect, throw your chest upward and forward, breathe deep, your lungs up and walk. Follow not a mincing, slovenly gait, as if your knees were not strong enough to support your body, but strike a long, swinging step from the hip joints. Swing your arms as though the world belonged to you, and you had it all to move in.

Meet periodically for these walks, you and your friends, once a week at least, all you who are kept indoors, and you who are sitting at desks year in and year out. At the turning point in your journey, before you start back home, get dinner at a farmhouse and eat what we have told you about. Then home, at night a brisk, cleansing bath and to bed. You will no longer think this world is dead.

Keep these walks up till next hot weather season. This is the way to be healthy, wealthy and wise.

If Cholera Comes.

The rumored appearance of cholera in London, even to the extent of a single case, causes people to thinking. What if it should come to America? A well known English authority whom a correspondent of The New York Herald interviewed on the subject says the best thing is not to get scared and not to drink whisky. Dr. Kerr said to the newspaper man:

Let me entreat you to caution your readers, in the strongest terms, against the use of alcohol in any things—paste and alcohol. Many people have died of cholera who, humanly speaking, had no business to die, but were scared and simply because they were afraid of taking it. As regards alcohol, it is not only a potent provocative of cholera when that disease is about, but it is a most unreliable and unsafe remedy.

The next precaution is to go about one's ordinary business without fear. Avoid, as I said, all intoxicating drinks, also unripe or overripe fruit, and such articles of food as from past experience the individual knows are apt, to disagree with him. There should be moderation in eating and drinking, with meals as regular as possible, and these eaten slowly. There should also be strict attention to cleanliness, with fresh air, exercise and observance of all hygienic rules. These are practical precautions.

Past experience has convinced me that the intemperate are most likely to be attacked by cholera and least likely to recover. After the intemperate those who have a nervous dread of thinking of disease.

The eminent doctor further advises us to send for a physician at once if we think we have cholera, meantime taking some scalded milk or lime water and milk, and an ordinary hot mixture, with ginger, red pepper, laudanum, etc., in it. If you are in pain, go to bed and cover up warm and drink hot water, so as to put you into a perspiration. Hot water bottles will help check the tendency to chill. But the most important precautions are to keep your person, clothing, premises, likewise your hearts and consciences, perfectly clean, and eat lightly. Disinfectants must be freely used in houses where any sickness prevails, and, indeed, in all homes where there is any decaying vegetable or animal matter about.

Finally, don't get scared. Remember that you live in a Christian nation, among people who profess to believe there is a power that will deliver them from all troubles. It is a good plan for Christians to trust in the Lord a little once in a while.

THE BILL PASSED.

McKinley's Famous Measure Goes Through the Senate.

FINAL TARIFF SPEECHES.

The Closing Debate Was a Very Interesting One.

Senators Hoar, Hiscock and Jones, of Nevada, Give the Bill Its Closing Eulogy from the Republican Side—Bitter Words from the New York Legislator. Able Speeches on the Democratic Side by Messrs. Vance, Vest, Turpie and Others—Mr. Vest on the Sugar Schedule and the Decline of American Foreign Commerce—Charges from Mr. Vance That the South Had Been Greatly Discriminated Against in the Making of the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The tariff bill passed the senate by a vote of—yeas, 40; nays, 29, at 2:30 p. m. Wednesday. As soon as the vote was announced the senate adjourned.

The vote in detail was as follows:

The Vote on the Bill.

YEAS—Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Blair, Cameron, Carey, Casey, Chandler, Cullom, Dawes, Dixon, Frye, Hawley, Higgins, Hiscock, Hoar, Ingalls, Jones (Nev.), McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell, Palmer, Paddock, Platt, Plumb, Power, Quay, Sanders, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Squire, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Washburn, Wilson (Ia.), Wolcott—40.

NAYS—Barbour, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Brice, Call, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Faulkner, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Hearst, Jones (Ark.), Kenna, Morgan, Pasco, Pugh, Ransom, Reagan, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall, Wilson (Md.)—29.

The following pairs were announced, the first named in each couple being in favor of the bill: Messrs. Dolph and Brown, Edmunds and George, Farwell and Payne, Hale and McPherson, Morrill and Hampton, Stanford and Gibson, Pettigrew and Call.

The Senate's Conferees.

Mr. Aldrich moved that the senate insist on its amendments to the house bill and ask for a committee of conference—the conferees to consist of seven on each side. The motion was agreed to, and Messrs. Aldrich, Sherman, Allison, Hiscock, McPherson, Vance and Carlisle were appointed conferees on the part of the senate.

Mr. Hoar's Views.

When the six hours' closing debate commenced Mr. Hoar spoke first. Referring to reciprocity he said the United States should break down if possible the practice of foreign nations imposing an export duty on products used here. These goods should be excluded altogether if they could not be supplied from elsewhere.

Senator Hiscock Speaks.

Senator Hiscock made a bitter assault upon the Democratic senators who, he said, had with the aid of English, French and German manufacturers, made an open fight to destroy American labor and bankrupt American capital. There never had been a time within his knowledge when foreign agents had such a free access to committee rooms and were so active in furnishing aid to American representatives in order to retard the progress of wise legislation. And yet the representatives of the Democratic party, with an unparalleled audacity, proclaimed that the motive which actuated them was the elevation of American labor and the prosperity of American industries and of the common country.

Senator Gibson then took the floor. He claimed that under the tariff bill the whole sugar crop of Louisiana had been sacrificed and the result would be the ruin of that state. The loss to Louisiana would be nearly $1,500,000.

Senator Turpie on Labor.

Mr. Turpie spoke extensively upon the relations of laboring men to the tariff. He admitted that the laborers of Europe were often very ill paid in some lines, but in the United States they were also often very wretchedly paid. If American wages were superior to wages in other countries it was a subject for rejoicing, but it was no reason why the American laborer should be subjected to unnecessary exactions or to unjust taxation. Wages in the United States might be much higher than in Europe, and yet be much lower than justice or equity required.

They did not depend on tariff legislation, protective or prohibitory. They did not depend on any legislation. The influence of the movement of John Burns and his workmen of the Thames was not confined to London, to Europe, or to the United States. It had been felt by free labor everywhere. Applying his remarks to the tariff bill, Mr. Turpie said that that bill was a bill of attainder against wages. It was a bill calculated to diminish the means of the laborer's subsistence and therefore to diminish his means of resistance to the opposition and injustice with which he was always threatened by a reduction of wages. As the bill was the worst of tariff laws, so it would be the last that would under the guise of protection to the American laborer tax him for the benefit of exclusive privileges and strip labor of its earnings, and finally of its rights. He believed most firmly that the law would not be permanent either in its administration or its principles.

Mr. Vest's Respects to Mr. Hiscock.

Mr. Vest was the next speaker. He said he would not emulate the example of the senator from New York (Mr. Hiscock) and follow him into the domain of epithet and vituperation. That senator had charged the Democratic party with being the party of ruffianism and crime and had charged Democratic senators with being charitans, demagogues, dishonest pretenders and habitual slanderers. The Democratic party and every gentleman in it could treat that senator's assertion with contempt. For a campaign purpose and in war, in sunshine and shadow, its flag had floated in every township, county and state in the Union, and would continue to float until the country itself ceased to exist.

Mr. Vest characterized the bill as the consummation of what was called "the protective principle" in this country, and as a glaring illustration of the historic truth that class legislation never receded. He congratulated the country on the passage of the bill, because he believed that the sooner the crisis was reached the better it would be for the country and all its material industries.

Depression Stretched.

The Decay of American Commerce.

He said the decay of the foreign commerce of the United States was due to the Republican party, which refused to permit the American people to purchase their ships where they could purchase them cheapest and put them under the stars and stripes.

Mr. Vest went on to denounce the action of the finance committee and of Republican senators on the sugar schedule, and declared on the authority of a statement of Mr. Allison in 1878 that the reduction of the standard on free sugar from No. 16 to No. 13, and the increase of the duty above No. 16 from 4-10 to 6-10 cents a pound, would add $50,000,000 a year to the profits of the sugar refiners.

Coming to the question of reciprocity, Mr. Vest declared that Blaine's market was in the wrong place. The English were bound to have the wheat and corn and cotton products of the west. The South American people still wanted these products, and would not take them. Mr. Vest opposed the reciprocity amendment because it committed the country to principles which were abhorrent to the principles of the government.

More Charges of Sectionalism.

Mr. Vance said that the alleged purpose of the bill was to reduce revenues, but it was not to reduce taxation. It was intended to increase taxation while reducing revenue, and to divert that increased taxation from the pockets of the people to the pockets of private parties. He said the bill was intentionally and scandalously unequal. It was unjust in its discrimination as a southern product. It made the machinery for making beet sugar in the northwest free, and it maintained duties on the cane sugar machinery of Louisiana. Rice was a southern product, and the duty on rice was reduced. Binding twine for the westwas placed on the free list, but the duty on cotton ties was tripled. He believed that the western farmer would be ashamed to look in the face of his brother farmer of the south after that unjust discrimination. The bill had but one redeeming feature, and that was its intense and naked selfishness, which would be the means of arousing the conscience of the American people and of leading to its repeal.

Men, Not Machines, Wanted.

Mr. Jones (Nev.) made an address in commendation of the bill and of the protective system. He compared the free traders to robbers and pirates of the middle ages, and said that free trade would result in the destruction of industry. Free trade, he said, would bring the watch; protection would bring the watchmaker. Men constituted wages; machines did not. Not only was free trade delusive as a theory, but it was, in fact, falling into discredit where it existed. In conclusion, Mr. Jones said that he regarded the pending bill as one of the most beneficient measures that could be enacted into legislation, unless, indeed, the duties were made higher.

MORE ALLEGED TRAIN WRECKING.

A Misplaced Switch at Albany Damages Central Rolling Stock.

ALBANY, Sept. 11.—A misplaced switch at Lumber street in this city sent the night train eastward on the north end of the Delaware and Hudson road crashing into a freight train last night. Very fortunately the train was going but slowly, it having stopped a few feet behind the latter for some reason. No lives were lost, a few persons being thrown from their seats and bruised.

The switchman, Frank Heath, is a Knight of Labor man, who resumed his position yesterday. He says he left his switch for a few minutes and it was tampered with. The engine, express car, baggage and the passenger engine was derailed.

The bumpers of all the freight cars were smashed by the collision and a few of the cars badly damaged. The passengers were greatly excited, but only one young woman had her face cut.

John Reed, one of the train wreckers, and who is supposed to have turned state's evidence, was taken to Troy last night and locked up in the Rensselaer county jail. A writ of habeas corpus had been issued. He says he was arrested on Saturday with one Barrett and locked up in Superintendent Bissell's office. The road detectives say they will have the other two train wreckers today. Strikers have applied for work in large numbers and many were taken back.

Married by the Friends' Ceremony.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 11.—The wedding of ex-President Andrew Dickson White, of Cornell university, and Miss Helen Magill took place at Swarthmore yesterday. The Friends' ceremony was used. Miss Magill is the daughter of Dr. Edward H. Magill, ex-president of Swarthmore college. She was graduated from Swarthmore in 1875 and from Boston university in 1887. Then she went to England and achieved the distinction of being the only American woman who has been graduated from Newnham hall, Cambridge. The bride and groom entered the parlor, and after remaining for a while in silence, the groom took Miss Magill's hand and repeated the few words of the Friends' marriage ceremony: "I, Andrew Dickson White, take thee, Helen Magill, to be my lawful wife, promising, with divine assistance, to be unto thee a loving and faithful husband until death shall us part so as." The bride repeated the words also and they were married. The certificate was signed in the presence of the guests and all passed into the dining room for the wedding breakfast. The couple will make their home in Ithaca, N. Y.

Judge Must Share Kemmler's Fate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Judge Lacombe handed down a decision in the case of the Japanese murderer, Shihiok Jugigo, denying the application for a habeas corpus made by Lawyer Roger Sherman at the instance of the Japanese government, which seeks to save Jugigo from the fate of Kemmler on the ground that execution by electricity is a cruel method of punishment. The court holds that the federal constitution has declared that the law defining that method of execution is not obnoxious to the provisions of the federal constitution.

Both Members of the Firm Missing.

BUFFALO, Sept. 11.—Sherman C. Baker and Edward H. Cronin, composing the commission firm of Baker & Cronin, are missing, and are reported to have left the city under a cloud. The firm failed over a year ago and assigned to their wives, to whom they have since been acting as agents. It is said that they leave a large number of creditors.

An Appeal for Assistance.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Messrs. Russell, Macartney and Lees, Irish members of Parliament and all anti-Home Rulers, appear in the columns of The Times for donations in behalf of thirty boycotted farmers and shopkeepers in Tipperary whose business has been ruined.

Destruction Smoked.

DUNCANNON, Pa., Sept. 11.—Fire occurred here last evening which destroyed eight buildings, and for a time menaced the destruction of the principal part of the town. Loss, $15,000.

EMPIRE STATE FLOODS.

Great Fluctuations in Water—Crops and Manufactures Suffering.

RUMINA, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Nearly three inches of rain have fallen here in twenty-four hours. The creek is over its banks and under water, and much damage was done. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad is stopped by high water at Kenoza. The bridges at Port Jervis, Elmira and Wellsville. No trains have come from the west since yesterday morning. The Newark, Ontario and Western road at Watkins, where the water from Watkins Glen comes down with terrific force. The tracks of the Southern Central and Cuba road and the Wellsville and Coudersport line are washed out. Millhimers are moving cattle and goods from their lowlands. Farming is at a standstill and the crops are threatened.

A Fair Drowned Out.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The rain has fallen steadily in this city for twenty-four hours, and is falling yet. Streets are flooded and cellars flooded, compelling the use of boats. The Tompkins County fair, which opened Tuesday, with a large attendance, the entire fair ground is four feet under water. Considerable difficulty was experienced in getting the stock out. Most of the hogs and other small stock were saved, but a good many drowned. The exhibits in the tents and halls were greatly damaged and are now being dried by stoves and ranges. The fair will be given up. The damage will approximate $20,000.

Bath Gets a Bath, Too.

BATH, N. Y., Sept. 11.—A heavy rain has prevailed here for twenty-four hours. The Cohocton river has overflowed its banks and is as high as during the June flood of 1889. The Lackawanna road lost a bridge near here. They have abandoned their freight trains and the passenger trains west over the Erie. The Erie has several washouts below here. Bridges have been swept away and considerable damage has been done to the country roads. The Canisteo valley is flooded and the Erie has been unable to get any trains through. Tobacco raisers along the river fists will be heavy losers.

Wellsville Afloat.

WELLSVILLE, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The residents of Broad street, on the east side of this village, were compelled by water to fly from their houses on Wednesday morning to save their lives, and within a short time the water was rushing through the houses several feet in depth. The deleegates to the Chapter General of America, Knights of St. John and Malta, now in session here, are unable to obtain any information as to when they can hope to get away. Over the summit leading to Hornellsville the towns of Alfred, Alfred Center and Almond are reported as inundated.

Hornellsville Inundated.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Over one-third of the city is inundated and much damage has occurred. It is now raining steadily and a worse flood is feared. The Erie road is completely tied up.

THEY LISTENED TO POWDERLY.

The Famous Knight's Views on the Central Train Wrecking.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Two thousand people went to the Alhambra rink amid a torrent of rain last night to listen to an address by General Master Workman Powderly. The mayor presided at the meeting. Mr. Powderly's address was largely devoted to an exposition of the principles underlying the organization of the Knights of Labor, hostility to land monopoly, tax reform, government ownership of railroads, the prevention of child labor, equal pay for both sexes and arbitration between employer and employe.

Speaking of the strike on the Central he said that it would not cease to make itself felt until a law had been written upon the statute books putting organized labor on an equal footing with organized capital. With regard to the recent attempts to wreck Central trains, he asked for a suspension of public judgment until the truth should be brought out in the courts, expressing the utmost confidence that the responsibility of them would be traced, not to the Knights of Labor, but to the "thieves and thugs hired by the railway company under the name of Pinkerton detectives."

The following reference was made to Chauncey M. Depew: "Mr. Depew arrived

Mrs. Stephenson.

235 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

This Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand, also Horse Blankets and Robes.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller. 5-14tfn

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at th Fancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

DOOR FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Confectioner's Pastes, Leather and Russet Shoes.

Russet Apples

are good to winter, and

Ladies' Oxford Ties

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you desire a pair you can get them at any store. I have just received a fine line of

RUSSET SHOES

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Base Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Deer Street.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

MOY'S

RELIABLE

Country Butter and Eggs

can always be found at

"THE DAIRY",

62 WEST FRONT ST.

Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

CARNEY BROS. AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved odorless water closets, sewer gas and back water traps.

All kinds of fast machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owner whereby we are employed as agents and general manager of

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past, we solicit the continuance of their valued orders which will receive prompt attention.

Yours truly, [illegible]

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 16 Madison avenue, North Plainfield.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

40 North avenue.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

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JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upon Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 219

Safety Bicycles

—FOR—

LADIES or GENTLEMEN.

Union	$115 and $125.
Warwick	$135.
Strong	95.
Little Giant	80.

H'GH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

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Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 20 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

A PARTY FIGHT IN MAINE.

Alleged Warfare Between Mr. Blaine and Mr. Reed.

BOUTELLE WIDENS THE BREACH.

It Is Said That Two of Maine's Well Known Congressmen Are United in a Fight with Secretary Blaine and Senator Hale—Boutelle's Bitter Editorial.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 11.—Congressman Boutelle, of the Fourth Maine district, has taken upon himself the duty of moralizing on the results of the campaign just over. The Bangor Whig, Boutelle's paper, in a leading editorial article under the head, "The Lessons of the Victory," says:

"We are glad to note in the president's congratulatory telegram the evidence that the official head of the party recognizes that the speaker of the house of representatives has a Republican constituency behim who are entitled to respect, and it is not too much to hope that the consideration due to the representative character of the distinguished congressman from the First Maine district, in regard to public appointments at his home, will not be longer withheld at the demand of anybody.

The Portland Collectorship.

"It is a matter of public notoriety that a *Democratic collector of customs* in the city of Portland has been already held over several months beyond his full term because the senators from this state have insisted upon being allowed to select his Republican successor, with entire disregard and even contempt for the wishes or judgment of the member of congress who now holds the second office under our government and who has just received so remarkable a manifestation of the confidence of his people.

Arrogant Politics Rebuked.

"If the Hon. Thomas B. Reed, re-elected by the unprecedented majority of Monday, is not entitled to speak for his constituents in regard to an appointment in his own city no man living can claim to be so, and for any person or persons residing outside of its limits to demand that an appointment hostile to Speaker Reed shall be made in his own city by a Republican administration is the very essence of an arrogant political bossism that will not be tolerated by the people when their attention is drawn to it.

"The attempt of any set of men to dominate the politics of the state by farming out patronage and organizing treacherous warfare upon all who may ever fall under suspicion of standing in their way will never succeed in the present enlightened stage of public affairs.

They Will Have None of It.

"The Republicans of Maine cannot be held in leading strings by any self appointed rulers, and they will indignantly resent unseemly interference with the exercise of their political rights. Whether it be the attempt, however unsuccessful, to organize the entire machinery of the federal census in hostility to the Republican congressman of one district, or to undermine another by packing a custom house with his enemies, the fair minded Republicans of Maine will have none of it.

"If legislative candidates are to be bushwhacked and defeated because they refuse to pledge themselves to vote for some one somebody's political fortunes, the Intelligent rank and file of the Republican party will have something to say about it that will not be misunderstood."

In closing Boutelle or his editor says: "We feel that plain speaking is the very best service we can render."

Boutelle Versus Hale.

It has long been thought that Boutelle's senatorial aspirations found in Senator Hale an obstacle. All in all the editorial fulmination is a curious one and left vaguely, and, according to a concensus of Republican opinion in this city, unjustly. Developments are watched with the greatest eagerness. No leading Republican papers in the state take any notice of the article.

Democrats Are Jubilant.

The Democrats are jubilant. Said one of the most prominent Democrats in the state: "You now see that our party's talk about widening the breach between Blaine and Reed is all true. Boutelle couldn't get help from Blaine in his scheme to warm Hale's seat in the senate, hence the trouble between those two, who before this had been the firmest friends." Boutelle immediately goes over to Reed, and any man who has read Boutelle's paper or his speeches knew that the fire eating congressman and the czar of the house had formed an alliance.

Speaker Reed's "Recent Victory."

"The Fourth district has usually gone with the Third, and these, together with help from the Second, have for years dominated state politics. The First district fought Burleigh, and later made an attempt to remove the state house to Portland. They always have been beaten, but the great victory Reed has just won lends him and his friend Boutelle to cover and mate their strength, and Boutelle throws down the gauntlet. It's now war to the knife."

Hanlan Will Row Gaudaur.

TORONTO, ONT., Sept. 11.—Ned Hanlan says that upon consideration he has decided to row Gaudaur, but not upon the conditions contained in the articles sent to The New York Clipper by the St. Louis man. Hanlan will row him on Creve Coner lake in two months, but will not consent to allow him to name the referee, or he will allow Gaudaur fifteen seconds start if he will row on Toronto bay, the referee to be mutually agreed upon. If these conditions are not acceptable Hanlan suggests the selection of a neutral course.

A Famous Burglar Set at Liberty.

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Langdon W. Moore, once known as king of bank breakers, was released from state prison Monday, after a confinement of over ten years. He had $500, and left for New York. He is 64 years old, in good health, and expressed a determination to lead an honest life here after.

Officers of the Wabash.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11.—At the first annual meeting of the Wabash Railway company the following officers were re-elected: Edgar T. Welles, vice president; Charles M. Hays, general manager; F. L. O'Leary, treasurer; D. B. Howard, auditor; J. F. Otteson, secretary. No change is made in the board of directors.

Disastrous Indiana Cyclone.

GOSHEN, Ind., Sept. 11.—A cyclone which visited Clinton township did an immense amount of damage, wrecking houses and barns, destroying crops and blowing down outhouses and barns. All the buildings on Mrs. Stansbury's farm were leveled to the ground.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Boston—
Boston.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Boston, 7; New York, 7. Batteries: Gumbert and Kelly, W. Ewing and Brown.

At Brooklyn—
Brooklyn.....0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—3
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Brooklyn, 9; Philadelphia, 5. Batteries: Hudson, Daily and Daily; Buffinton and Gunson.

At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Pittsburg, 7; Cleveland, 6. Errors: Pittsburg, 1; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Staley and Quinn, Beasley and Brennan.

At Buffalo—(First game).
Buffalo.....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Buffalo, 8; Chicago, 12. Errors: Buffalo, 8; Chicago, 5. Batteries: Crane and Mack, King and Darling.

Second game—
Buffalo.....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Buffalo, 11; Chicago, 9. Errors: Buffalo, 1; Chicago, 4. Batteries: Twinehell and Mack, Baynton and Darling.

National League.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 0—7
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Philadelphia, 9; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Philadelphia, 1; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries: Carsey, Casmore and Gray; Lovett and Daly.

At New York—
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0—2
Boston.....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 0—4
Base hits: New York, 6; Boston, 11. Errors: New York, 9; Boston, 6. Batteries: Sharrott and Murphy, Clarkson and Hardie.

At Chicago—
Chicago.....1 0 2 1 2 0 0 1 0—7
Pittsburg.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1
Base hits: Chicago, 13; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Chicago, 2; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Luby and Nagle, Hecker and Miller.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
Brooklyn	500	—
Pittsburg	600	—
Buffalo	485	—
Boston	1,750	—
New York	—	617
Philadelphia	—	2,011
Chicago	—	867
Totals	3,870	4,475

Atlantic Association.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 2; Newark, 1. Base hits: Harrisburg, 7; Newark, 4. Errors: Harrisburg, 3; Newark, 2. Batteries: Orr and Sommers, Stalb and Murphy.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The Republicans of the Fourth congressional district of Michigan renominated J. C. Burrows for congress by acclamation.

The president has sent to the senate the nomination of Henry Sherwood to be postmaster at Washington, D. C., vice John W. Ross, resigned.

Francis Murphy, the temperance advocate, and Mrs. Rebecca Pinchor, president of the Women's Christian Temperance union, of Council Bluffs, have been married.

Mrs. Ellen Bloomer, of Ellsaville, Ulster county, N. Y., has just celebrated the hundredth anniversary of her birth.

A sea turtle weighing 1,100 pounds was captured in a fish weir at Sandwich, Mass.

Governor Buckner has nominated James M. Morton, of Fall River, Mass., to be a justice of the supreme court of Massachusetts.

Gen. S. C. Armstrong, president of the Hampton institute, Hampton, Va., and Miss Mary Ford, of Lisbon, N. H., were married at Montpelier, Vt.

Chauncey M. Depew, Archbishop Corrigan and Richard Croker have returned from their several trips abroad.

Prince George has given offense to French Canadians in Montreal by interrupting the mayor and requesting him to read his address in English first.

The body of Auguste Sanrel, a well known pianist and for two years an inmate of the Ward's Island Insane asylum, was found badly injured and bruised at the morgue in New York.

Mrs. Orville Disoway, nee Smock, of Red Bank, N. J., whose sensational marriage a month ago created such a stir in social circles, has eloped with Albert Burrows, a former sweetheart.

Massachusetts Prohibitionists nominated Dr. John Blackmar, of Springfield, for governor.

Judge Winans, of Elba, Mich., has been nominated for governor by the Democrats.

Talmage Has Secured the Funds.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Dr. Talmage has at last secured the money with which the Brooklyn Tabernacle can be completed, and the work of construction will shortly be begun. Russell Sage has advanced $125,000 for the period of one year at 6 per cent. interest. The land cost $105,000, and has been wholly paid for. Besides this collateral, Dr. Talmage turns in his life for $25,000 as part payment. The cost of the new church is estimated at $350,000, and with its new organ and other incidentals expenses the entire cost will reach $505,000. Dr. Talmage has $12,000 on hand. The Title and Guarantee company, which guaranteed the title of the land, will at once advance the sum of $80,000, and later when the building is nearly completed, will pay over the balance, $45,000.

Twenty-one Corpses Found.

DRESDEN, Sept. 11.—Twenty-one corpses of persons drowned during the floods have been found in the Elbe.

Weather Indications.

From cloudy to partly cloudy and slightly warmer, preceded by rain and followed by clearing.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. E. BROWN. | 94 SOMERSET ST

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[By Authority.]

CHAPTER CXXCV.

An Act to provide for submitting to the people certain amendments to the constitution of this state.

WHEREAS, Certain proposed amendments to the constitution of the state of New Jersey were agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the legislature of this state in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the legislature of this state in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety, with the yeas and nays thereof entered on the journals of each house, respectively, and the said proposed amendments are contained in the following words and figures, to wit:

Article [illegible] Section [illegible] of the constitution of this state is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

The legislature shall, at the session thereof next after the return of the enumeration made by the authority of the United States in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and every ten years thereafter, apportion the state into districts for the election of members of the general assembly, according to the number of inhabitants in each district, and shall have the power to alter the boundaries of the districts from time to time as occasion may require. The general assembly shall consist of not more than sixty members, and not less than the number of members of the house of assembly existing at the time of the adoption of this amendment. The number of members of the general assembly to be elected in each district shall be apportioned by the legislature among the districts formed as aforesaid, according to the number of inhabitants in each district, as ascertained by the last preceding enumeration made by the authority of the United States. Each district shall be entitled to elect one member of the general assembly, and no more. The legislature shall have the power to provide that the members of the general assembly shall be elected by districts or by counties, or partly by districts and partly by counties, as may be deemed advisable. The first election for members of the general assembly under this amendment shall be held at the general election next after the publication of the same, as hereinafter directed, unless the legislature shall, by law, provide for holding the same at an earlier date.

Section [illegible] of the constitution of this state is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

The governor shall be elected by the voters of this state at the time and place where they shall vote for members of the general assembly, and his term of office shall be four years from the second Tuesday in January next after his election. He shall be ineligible to the office of governor during the four years next after the expiration of his term of office. He shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of this state and of the militia, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States. He may convene the general assembly on extraordinary occasions. He shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons after conviction, except in cases of impeachment. He shall, from time to time, give to the general assembly information of the state of the government, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he may deem expedient. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall perform such duties as are prescribed by law. In case of the death, removal from office, resignation, inability or impeachment of the governor, or his failure to give notice that he will contest an impeachment, the president of the senate shall exercise the office of governor until another governor shall be duly elected and qualified, or the governor shall be acquitted, or shall resume the powers of his office. In case of a contested election for governor, the president of the senate shall act as governor until the question shall be finally decided. He shall receive a salary of [illegible] dollars annually, which shall not be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected. He shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States or any other power. There shall be a seal of this state, which shall be kept by the governor, and used by him officially, and shall be judicially noticed. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the state of New Jersey, sealed with the great seal of the state, signed by the governor, and countersigned by the secretary of state.

Section [illegible] of the constitution of this state is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

The governor, secretary of state, comptroller, treasurer, attorney general and supreme court shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The governor shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of the senate shall appoint all officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for in this constitution, and all officers who may be created by law. No person shall be appointed to any office who shall not have the qualifications of an elector. No person shall be appointed to any office who shall not, if required during the term for which he shall be appointed, reside in the county for which he shall be appointed. All officers appointed by the governor may be removed from office by him, on the address to him of a majority of all the members of each house of the legislature. All officers not herein otherwise directed shall hold their offices during good behavior, but may be removed by the governor on the address of a majority of each house of the legislature. All officers shall perform such duties as are required by law. All commissions shall expire on the third Tuesday of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and every three years thereafter. All vacancies occurring in offices during the recess of the senate shall be filled by the governor, but his appointments shall be submitted to the senate for their advice and consent on the first day of their next session. If any vacancy shall occur in the office of governor, secretary of state, comptroller, treasurer, attorney general or supreme court, during the recess of the senate, the president of the senate shall exercise the office of governor until the appointment of a successor, and if any vacancy shall occur in the office of president of the senate, the senate shall elect a president

WOMAN AND HOME.

UNIQUE KEEPSAKE MADE BY A DOTING MOTHER FOR HER BOY.

Pecuniary Servitude of Wives—The Woman's Department of the Farmers' Tribune—Effect of Education on Women.

A Child's Almanac.

Speaking of babies, said a lady the other day, a baby boy of my acquaintance will possess some day if he lives a treasure in the shape of a book prepared for him by his mother and entitled, "Baby's Kingdom." In the first place, she herself is an editor, always thinking of and doing something comical else ever did. The child was very popular where he lived. When he was born the fond parents had birth cards printed and mailed to their friends, announcing his arrival, name and weight. Floral offerings, telegrams and letters of congratulation began coming in thick and fast.

When the babe was 1 month old the mother procured a large book, which through her ingenuity has become a treasure. She cut out of the most fantastical, mixed rainbow tinted paper on which she first pasted one of the birth cards and, flying toward it, a gilt cupid bearing on one wing the words, "I bring glad tidings of good news." Flowers selected from the different tributes were pressed and arranged tastefully on different pages, under which were neatly written the names of the senders and dates upon which received. All through the book, so far as it is completed, the diary gives a complete history of the child's life, portions of which are laughable.

The book contains the congratulations, his first and last portrait, portraits of baby friends, with locks of their hair, name and age, a complete list of the presents received, which were numerous, and names of givers; a drawing of his hand when 4 months old, his exact measure at 6 months of age, names of all his callers, newspaper items concerning his birthday and monthly expense account. A few pages are devoted to scraps of his trousseau, an occasional bill of fare and many other keepsakes.

Several cousins, talented in the art of letter writing, sent to his address letters which were carefully pasted with bits of ribbons to the pages; the first time the father had occasion to be out of town he also sent a special letter to his son and heir. When he was 8 months of age the mother was photographed, holding the babe naked in her arms. The child was brought up from the first on the water six times a day plan, wore only like our great grandmothers did, has never been treated to a lump of sugar, does not known what candy is, has always been bathed, fed and put to sleep regularly by the clock, and as he has had an abundance of outdoor air he is in consequence a perfect picture of health. — Kansas City Times.

The Pecuniary Servitude of Wives.

Men who are rated as honorable, upright citizens, dealing justly with their fellow men, will, when a question of money comes up, treat their wives, the mothers of their children, with less honesty than they do the tax assessor, and with much less consideration than they do their office boys. The children, when not granted a certain weekly allowance, are "tipped" occasionally, but nothing goes to the wife without some begging, dignity or humiliation on her part. Let it be understood that reference is made solely to the pitiable state of things which so widely prevails in the disbursing of money in the household and the wife's private purse.

Here is an instance: For twenty years Mrs. Brown had been a faithful wife and mother, a prudent, industrious housekeeper, and a woman much beloved and respected by her friends. Mr. Brown was rated as a prosperous business man, and as generous as most men. But all the time Mrs. Brown had no money that she could absolutely call her own. The wolf system prevailed, and if by any unusual means a piece of money passed into her unaccustomed palm it had to be scrupulously accounted for to the chancellor of the domestic exchequer. She was a long suffering woman, but her soul had shaded into gray and the pinks and it it was sick and sore. Still, she had too much self respect, even under these degrading conditions, to wheedle, lie or descend to small deceptions to gain her ends, and she abhorred a "scene" as much as any man living. So the little gifts she felt like needing, the few fleeting flowers to an invalid, the bit of damask to cover a chair seat, or the small surprise for the children, had to be passed by with sometimes a rising lump in her throat, which even at times developed into "a good cry" in private. Still, she made no remonstrance. She ruled with certain dignity and she believed the existing state of things irrevocable.—Alice E. Ives in Forum.

The Womanly Woman.

The masculine woman is strong only with other women and with womanish men. The womanly woman conquers every one. With men her power is in the inverse ratio of her approach to anything resembling themselves; the woman, not the male, in her attracts, and, singularly enough, her power is greater with most women also from this heightening of her feminine side. This, however, is a very insignificant matter beside the circumstance that a woman is fulfilling her destiny and living the life appointed her, and developing for herself on the lines of nature by keeping in view the greater use she can be and the greater joy and comfort she can give through the exercise of those gifts which seem to have been set apart for her character.

And if it is the intention of nature that the qualities of the sexes shall so differentiate it is not the part of wisdom for her to obliterate such intention and make of herself a poor imitation of man, a hybrid during a masculine woman. The old story of the vine and the oak does not come into the question. In both women the same life growth is as strong and integral and self supporting as it is in the manly man. She is as distinct an entity and she is more in unison with admirable and the creative power the more utterly and thoroughly she is womanly.—Harper's Bazar.

Salads for Farmers' Wives.

The men and women of our farming communities do not live as well as they might. With the bountiful supply of vegetables, fruits and grains that grow almost them it is a wonder that they are willing to go on from day to day, year in and year out, summer and winter, eating the same things, boiled, roasted and fried, with the inevitable potato thrown in, and the never failing pie by way of finish. Somehow there is an idea among us that to care for one's food, to bestow time and thought on its selection and preparation, is beneath the mind of a sensible person. This is a mistake. Part of the skill in cooking lies in the selection of the right materials. Poetical folks call our bodies are "vessels of wrath," and ought to be kept under strict control and crucified or tortured in every possible manner.

But surely the farmer who tills the soil and reclaims the land for all the people ought to enjoy the good things that his labor produces. Instead of which he raises beef and fowls for city folks, while he is satisfied with boiled meats and vegetables and never enjoys an omelet, plants vegetables and sends the best and earliest away, while he keeps for himself only the leftovers. Why must the folks with not buy. And farmers' wives are somewhat to blame for this state of affairs. If they would take pains to make their family eat with as the very stove and dainty salads that are made from so many herbs or vegetables they would soon change this state of affairs and work a needed revolution. — Elizabeth Palmer Matthews in Good Housekeeping.

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"I feel bad," she answered, whimpering.

"What hurts you?"

"My head."

"Does it ache?"

"No."

"Where does it feel bad?"

"I don't know. I feel bad."

"Is it here?" I said, putting my hand on her forehead.

"No, it is not there."

"Well, is it here, or here, or here?" I asked, touching other parts of her head.

"No, it is in none of those places."

"Well, then, it is not in your head at all, is it?"

"Yes, I feel bad in my head." Then she repeated over and over again, "I feel bad, I feel bad," until she worked herself up into quite a fever pitch, and was sent to bed by her mother as a naughty child who did not know what was the matter with her, and who simply did not want to learn her lessons.—Youth's Companion.

Effect of Education on Women.

Given a robust and healthy woman of 17 or 18 years of age, there can be no harm in continuing her education till she is one or two-and-twenty. At the same time the objects and methods of her education might well be different from those of men. Female Bentleys and Porsons, Newtons and Herschels will certainly not be numerous, and if signs of such commanding genius display themselves by all means let the genius be cultivated to the utmost.

But every girl might be so taught that her mind, instead of being devoted to frivolous objects, should be educated in the true sense of the term, and made to recognize the importance of early training and the value of application to useful objects in order that she may begin betimes to teach without strain or effort her offspring. The arts at least are free open to her. The point when harm is produced is when weak or dull girls are made to work beyond their strength, and whether weak or strong it must surely be admitted that suitable recreation is demanded. Finally, it must not be forgotten that sound, common sense is better in the affairs of life than much knowledge, and that women are not fitted for public appointments.—New York Ledger.

Shopping Not So Extravagant.

Said a clever woman, talking about men's ideas concerning women and their shopping: "Why will you men persist in misrepresenting us? Now, don't you know that a woman, in her frequent visits to the stores and shops, and her constant watchfulness over gowns, fashions and prices, keeps herself so familiar with them that she is prepared at a moment's notice to start out to buy car loads of anything that comes under the head of shopping? She knows just what she wants, and can tell you everything, in fact can quote you figures in her fine as accurately and as generously as your stock broker with his 'shorts' and 'longs,' his 'grangers,' his 'trunk lines' and his 'specials.' (You see I know some of the terms. I will not tell you whether I know what they mean.) And when you men want anything done in the way of this much desired shopping don't you run to a woman to do it for you? Isn't it true that 'way down in your hearts you know that she can buy more for less money in half a day than a man can in two weeks?" The lady had to be pounded with considerable of a rising lump in her throat, which even at times developed into "a good cry" in private. Still, she made no remonstrance. She rules with certain dignity and she believed the existing state of things irrevocable.—Alice E. Ives in Forum.

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A Pretty Lamp Shade.

A very pretty lamp shade may be made of satin or taffeta ribbon, with white cotton lace of varying widths. The lace may be found in cream or white only, but at trifling expense may be dyed scarlet, pale, pale green or any artistic color desirable. The lace is put on plain in ribbon, as dyes are not always certain of exactly the shade they may hit in their mixing. The lamp shade three times the circumference of the frame on which it is to rest; put alternately rows of lace and of ribbon. When it is of sufficient width gather it with four or five rows of gathering into shape at the top, leaving a little standing ruffle about an inch wide of double satin ribbon. The gathering should all be in the satin on the ribbon. The narrow brass frames for these silk shades are so ventilated at the top that the heat of a Rochester lamp will not affect in the least the color of the most delicate silk.—Exchange.

"The Perfection of Table Manners."

These are the dishes that, upon her order, were brought for her dinner: "Tartlet soup," "clear fish," "roast beef," "wild duck," "sweetbreads," "vegetable chicken," "oyster salad," "stuffed green peppers," "boiled new potatoes," "stringed beans," "green corn pudding," "pickles," "glass of cake," "wine jelly," "ice cream," "orange," "bananas," and a "cup of coffee." Each of these being on a separate dish, and altogether the most overcrowded disarray upon the table. She did not eat the whole of any of them, but she did eat freely of all of them. There was no manners or mindfulness about it. She ate what she wanted and as though she wanted it. And yet she did not appear to be greedy. She was, in fact, a perfect lady at table manners. And she knew how to engage in agreeable conversation meantime.—Saratoga Cor. Albany Journal.

The Art of Conversation.

The art of conversation is to some women a gift. Like the poet, they are born with their glorious powers. But many women who converse intelligently and eloquently have cultivated and developed the art by patient care and study. Even persons of ordinary ability will find upon thinking the subject that where it is not a gift, no ability or training can be so well supplemented by art. For the untutored there are three old rules which may not prove amiss. Talk to men on the subject which belongs to their peculiar province; talk about those things which interest yourself, assuming also that they interest your hearer, and make it a point to inform yourself upon a variety of topics; never be guilty of introducing in a mixed company a subject upon which all may not be able to converse. This is a wonderful faculty in drawing people out, in making the stranger and the timid feel at ease, in putting questions so skillfully as not to appear to compel them to answer as though they were conferring a favor on you, not you seeking to entertain them; but here the rule of good breeding is the best to follow. —Exchange.

Mexican Heiresses.

It is considered a disgrace for a Mexican lady to earn her own living. The men do the cooking and make servants do the housework. If a young lady should learn stenography and typewriting or should try in any manner to earn her own living she would be considered socially. There are many heiresses there, and there are many Mexican adventurers who make their living marrying them. They are handsome, indolent and polished, and the ladies fall in love with them. A Mexican woman's beauty fades early, and when a wealthy heiress marries one of these men she generally lives long. I don't know why, says a correspondent. When she dies her husband invariably marries another wealthy girl. I call to mind a man in the City of Mexico who married three heiresses in quick succession. He became one of the richest men in that part of the country; but what a spendthrift he was! Then he visited the United States, and at every city he stopped, instead of writing home, he would telegraph long messages. Hundreds of words. At one place his telegraph bill was $600. This is but a sample of his extravagance. He would lose fortunes at the gambling table. He was finally killed in a quarrel.—New York Telegram.

The Children's Feet.

It is the part of the wise mother to carefully watch the feet of the little ones during their tender years. "Keep the head cool and the feet warm" is a faithful admonition, especially adapted to the children. With many woolen stockings should be avoided altogether, especially when they cause itching or sweating of the feet. Perspiration will be absorbed by the wool, making of the stocking a cold, clammy mass, more to be dreaded than the most tempting "mud puddle." Equip such children with firm, substantial cotton hose, providing woolen anklets or leggings, if thought best, and their feet will be warm and dry, except for outward wetting.—Cor. Good Housekeeping.

Birthstones and Their Significance.

January—Garnet: Faithfulness.
February—Amethyst: Sincerity; peace of mind.
March—Bloodstone: Firm and brave.
April—Diamond: Pride and innocence.
May—Emerald: Success in love.
June—Agate: Eloquence and amiability.
July—Ruby: Courage and a cheerful mind.
August—Sardonyx: Conjugal felicity.
September—Sapphire: Chastity and innocence.
October—Opal: Pure thoughts.
November—Topaz: Fidelity.
December—Turquoise: Success and happiness.—Jacard's Souvenir.

A Home Made Lounge.

A luxurious divan can be successfully made on a canvas covered cot. A bundle of "excelsior," a long upholsterer's needle, a ball of twine, chintz or cretonne and a deft hand are the requisites for this undertaking. To fasten the tuftings cover button molds with the cretonne or other material of the cover. Tack a valance to hang to the floor, edging it top and bottom with a narrow plaiting of the stuff. Make three long bolsters to similar to them that line the wall at the back, and have several soft pillows covered with silk or sateen.—New York World.

Every Girl Should Know.

Mrs. Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota, tells Mrs. Pierce, a strong advocate of the practical in the education of girls.

"I believe," she said, "that above everything else every girl, I care not what her circumstances in life may be, should be educated to earn her own living. In this country, where reverses of fortune are so sudden and so frequent, this must ever be the most important part of education for girls as well as the poor."—Chicago Tribune.

A baby has been born at Lancaster, N. H., which weighed only two and one-half pounds, and which has not increased in weight for a month. It is so small that an ordinary finger ring can be put on its arm to the shoulder and a tea cup can be put over its head to its shoulders. The child is not dead, but is living, in the opinion of doctors, stands as good a chance of living as the average baby of its age.

Miss Elizabeth Miles, of Colera, Ala., is the victim of a remarkable delusion. She imagines that she is Mrs. Grover Cleveland and that her husband is still president. Miss Miles met Mrs. Cleveland three years ago and became attached to her. She fell upon her horse a year ago, since which time she has been possessed of the hallucination. She was taken to the state asylum recently.

Our sense of superior delicacy is, after all, a tremendous moral support. Many of our worst faults would be called criminal than coarse. To be known as uncultured is the gift of social degradation. Convince the half-made waltzing woman that she is not fully dressed, and she will dislike herself and invent a new dance.—Miss Phelps in Forum.

"No women in the world are more alert and capable than the women of New York city," says an Englishman visiting in this country. He has dinned with them. Of what other city could it be said that 27,000 able bodied men are supported by their wives?—New York Tribune.

Chestnut hair matches wonderfully with the color of the complexion most common in European countries, where a faint red is in perfect harmony with that yellow mingled with half tones of blue gray and rose color which is the usual tint of the skin.

It is by no means unusual to see a tiny tomato on a French bonnet, two or three ripe strawberries on a broad brimmed hat, currants or strawberries imitating nature, until they look quite good enough to eat, used as trimmings.

There are now 180 women in the Berlin university lectures. It has been decided to admit only women in the future, as it has been found that their voices are much more audible than men's, owing to their higher pitch.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

STYLES THAT FIND FAVOR AT HOME AND ABROAD.

An Afternoon Costume in White That Is Popular Among Young Ladies—Pleasing Styles in Bodices—Hair Dressing for Reading and Evening.

The costume shown in the annexed cut is in white nun's veiling, and is much affected by young ladies. As will be seen,

AN AFTERNOON COSTUME.

the Garibaldi bodice has long basques and elbow sleeves made of the nun's veiling. The folded belt is fastened with mother of pearl buttons, similar to those ornamenting the yoke, and long sleeves made of embroidered muslin.

The skirt is arranged in front with a series of graduated tucks that run lengthwise, and are irregularly left to expand in informal folds. This dress is also effective in white delaine, cashmere and other light wool fabrics.

In the second cut is illustrated one of the many attractive bodices now in fashion.

The bodice here shown is made of crepe cloth, and is set off with rows of threaded ribbon, which also forms the shoulder knots as well as the bows on the sleeves

A LACE FINISHED BODICE.

and waist. The pointed ruffles at the neck and bottom of the sleeves, also the basque flounce, are of Flandres lace.

There is little novelty just at present to record in the style of hair dressing. The coiffure a la Grecque continues to hold its own, though in Paris they still adopt the Chignon, some introducing a colored bow of ribbon, confining the tresses dressed low on the neck. For morning wear there are certain hats that almost necessitate the Chignon or a small low chignon, but these styles are quite negligees and deshabilles.

Black and Yellow.

Black and yellow is a combination very much in favor just now. A young lady at a recent wedding wore a dress of jonquil yellow voile, trimmed with black ribbon, arranged as a fringed overskirt at the top and lower part of the sleeves, round the neck, and a large rosette of black striped ribbon at the waist. In hats and bonnets this combination is very fashionable. I have seen recently trimmed with these colors was a large, white openwork straw, veiled with black Chantilly lace, having two bows of buttercups, placed one quite in the front, the other at the back; in the front also were two splendid black and gold butterflies. Another was a dressy little straw wreath, with plaited black crepe, and a yellow aigrette in the center of a tuft of yellow feathers in the front. Butterflies are much worn now in all sorts of materials, lace, ribbon, tinsel, jet and steel, etc.

The Newest Lingerie.

The newest lingerie, made of white cambric, has black lace insertions. The mistress is attractive. The petticoats are especially fine. One very elaborate white lawn skirt seen was ornamented with three scallops of lace and insertion of lace. On each flounce there were slanting stripes of the lace put in at intervals of a few inches. A silk petticoat had three flounces, each of which was bordered with black lace. This was pretty. A negligee jacket of white silk, with a black lace sonave, was pretty. A white lawn wrapper with a colored bad black lace cuffs. The jacket was cut up here and there about the waist to admit of silk colored bows in and out of the material. This last formed a girdle.

Fashionable Hosiery.

Black stockings are most usually worn for walking dress and white stockings for wear with dressy and light toilets there are all kinds and varieties of pretty stockings to match or correspond with the shades of the dress and shoes. Some have pale yellow hose are embroidered with honeysuckles, and blue ones with different colored flowers. Some have lace let in up the front, some in white and others in black lace.

The Prevalence of Plaids.

Traveling dresses are being made of tweeds. Large plaids combined with plain shades are very much the fashion. Plaid silks are also being used for linings for traveling cloaks and coats. There is a new material just in hand with a bright plaid silk for one half the front of the dress and sleeves. A leather petticoat worn open with the high shoes is another novel look.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of three remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c which is so good, as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1.25. We size the entire lot for 69c pair.

Housekeepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods every where free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

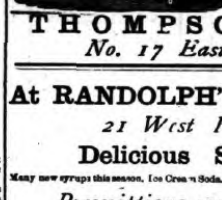
This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS



BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS,
NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 17 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle

BARGAINS!

To make room for Fall goods we will sell the balance of our summer stock cheap. Will mention a few of the special bargains.

GENT'S' FLANNEL SHIRTS—50c shirt for 39c, 75c shirt for 55c, $1.00 shirt for 75c, $1.40 shirt for $1.15, $1.75 shirt for $1.40, $2.25 shirt for $1.65.

GENT'S' HALF HOSE—12c half hose for 10c, 20c half hose for 15c, 25c half hose for 19c and 35 and 38 half hose for 25c.

CHILDREN'S SHIRT WAIST—25c waist for 21c, 40c waist for 33c, 50c waist for 40c, 65c waist for 50c.

GINGHAMS—10c ginghams for 7c, 12c ginghams for 9c.

TOWELS—12c towel for 9c, 25c towel for 19c, 30c towel for 23c, 35c towel 25c.

Fancy parasols marked down very low. Other bargains too numerous to mention.

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c. ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $1.25. 6qt.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.00 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 6 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

[illegible] WEST FRONT STREET.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

(LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue

2d and 3d floors, Box 1290

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size short notice and reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

P. O. Box 722.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cheap, is always taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening coal, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enable me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is thoroughly screened before delivery. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Went quickly and thoroughly done. Two loads in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Parties desiring prompt work can leave orders at Pierson's Hardware Store, 6 West Front street. Orders promptly attended to. Residence, 107 Somerset street, West End. Lawn, Garden and Field Fertilizers for sale. P. O. Box 1290. Telephone call 56, Plainfield.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Republican Primaries.

Pursuant to the above call the Republican voters of Somerset county will meet in their respective townships at the places hereinafter designated, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1890,

at 2 o'clock p. m., (except in North Plainfield, at 3 o'clock p. m.) for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the Fourth District Convention, which convention to be held in Armory Hall, Somerville, Somerset county, on Thursday, September 18, 1890, at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be supported at the coming election in November, and to transact such other business as shall come before said convention.

The representation shall be as follows:

TOWNSHIPS.	VOTE.
Bedminster—Bedminster Hotel	3
Bernards—Moore's Hotel	2
Bridgewater—Carlinton's Hotel	7
Bridgewater—Court House	7
Franklin—Hulsizer's Hotel	3
Hillsborough—Dorrance's Store	3
Montgomery—Mosserole's Hotel	2
N. Plainfield—Hampton's Hotel	3
Warren—Mt. Bethel Hotel	1

G. S. COOK, Chairman of Ex. Com.
Dated September 4th, 1890.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county,

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes and one for every fraction over fifty, cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE H. BEHRAN, LEWIS ELY,
HORACE E. RUDE, S. P. HASEN,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF,
Committee.

Dated August 4, 1890.

Freeholders' Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Somerset County Board of Freeholders was held on Tuesday. The Finance Committee submitted the final report of Hugh Gaston, late County Collector, and also their own report of a special meeting held on August 15th, to accept the bonds of County Collector Allen. Both report were accepted and placed on file. The report of Collector Allen showed expenditures to date of $18,183.66, and he was authorized to borrow $10,000 in anticipation of taxes.

Mr. Bullman was placed on the committee on the Union avenue bridge at Bound Brook, vice Mr. Jones. The Board then adjourned.

A Family Re-Union.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. C. Herman, Miss Herman and Mrs. J. M. Wyckoff of Le Roy, Minn., are visiting at the residence of Dr. D. C. Adams on Grove street, North Plainfield.

Mrs. Wyckoff has not visited Plainfield before in 34 years, and her mother Mrs. James Honeyman, was very much pleased to have the chance of greeting her daughter once more. A few days ago a family re-union was held at the residence of Mr. Adams at which four generations of the family were represented.

Middlesex Gun Club.

The programmes for the sixth annual tournament of the Middlesex Gun Club, which will be held at Dunellen, N. J., on Sept. 30, and Oct. 1, 2 and 3, are being distributed. The former tournaments held by the old organization have always been largely attended by the best marksmen of the country, and everything points to a more successful meeting this year. Two days are to be devoted to inanimate targets and the last two to live pigeons. Over $1,000 is offered in guarantees, and all surplus will be added. The committee in charge is Messrs. Quimby, C. Smith and T. H. Keller.

Plainfielders Robbed.

Several Plainfielders who visited the Somerville fair Wednesday, returned home minus their pocketbooks. A gentleman from this city told a reporter that the train accommodations were inadequate. He said that there were over five hundred people at the Somerville depot, and that the train was incapable of accommodating the crowd, consequently there was much crowding and he accounts for the wholesale robbery in that way.

Grand Jury Work.

The Middlesex county Grand Jury for this term is likely to have a long and tedious session. There are, it is said, over 250 cases to be presented, all of them of a trivial character and many of them, as usual, are such as should never have been sent up. There are six or seven "cells" on the Grand Jury this year, but so far no fines have been imposed.—New Brunswick Home News.

Base Ball Notes.

The Crescents of this city will visit Somerville to-morrow, weather permitting, and play a game of base ball with the West Ends of that place. A large crowd of Plainfield people will undoubtedly accompany the players. The West Ends will play two return games on the Plainfield grounds on the two following Saturday.

Wednesday next the Crescents will play another game with the Westfield's.

Mr. Bowe Acquitted.

Jerry Bowe was yesterday arrested by Marshal on a warrant charging him with fast driving. When arraigned before Justice Coddington he plead not guilty to the offense charged and a hearing was given him. He was represented by his counsel, the Hon. John Ulrich. After the evidence the Justice adjudged him not guilty and dismissed the case.

A Harvest Home.

The Ladies' Aid Society connected with the M. E. church at a recent meeting, decided to hold a Harvest Home Fair. The dates selected are October 24 and 25.

Bishop O'Farrell of the diocese of Trenton, will dedicate St. John's church at Somerville next Sunday.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

Fell From a Train and Met His Death.

William Martin, the eldest son of Mr. J. Marc Martin of Park avenue, was instantly killed on the West Shore Railroad yesterday afternoon by falling from a train which was passing over a bridge at South Bethlehem, eight miles from Albany.

Mr. Martin is a brother of Mr. Frank L. C. Martin, the Captain of the Plainfield Bicycle Club. He was well known in Plainfield.

The body will be brought to this city, and the funeral will take place from his father's residence to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock. Interment private.

JOTTINGS.

—The Bee Hive to-day makes a special announcement in kid gloves and worsteds. Read the advertisement.

—Special Policeman James Babbitt is doing patrol duty for Night Watchman Gloss, during the latter's absence from this city.

—The Plainfield Camera Club will hold a meeting in their rooms, No. 17 East Front street, Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

—The pulpit of the Rev. Dr. Lewis of the Seventh-Day Baptist church will be occupied to-morrow morning by the Rev. Mr. Goodrich, pastor of the Congregational church.

—The New Jersey State Historical society will hold its fifteenth anniversary meeting in the college buildings, New Brunswick, on Monday, Sept. 22. Those now living who were present at the organization of the society are urged to attend this meeting. Members are requested to bring with them choice or rare specimens of fruits or flowers.

—Again it is believed that the air ship has been really invented, and that it has made one ascension that may be regarded as a successful experiment. The new ship is worked by propellers and can be steered. It travelled at quite a rapid pace. The next thing is to make the practicable perfect.

—The slot machines has been called a thief very frequently of late, and roundly abused for taking pennies and not yielding any return for them. The rogues in the result, in a great measure, to evil company. If nobody had ever tried to cheat the machines the machines would be comparatively honest, and would surrender chocolate, candy, chewing gum, cologne or a record of your weight in return for the stipulates coin. But when persons with bad pennies and pieces of tin began a system of cheating on their own account without using any discretion whatever.

—Charles F. Stephens, a foreman in THE NEWS office for some four years, left town suddenly Wednesday evening owing to some alleged difficulty with his wife. A letter since received from him informs her that he will not return. He resided by on last Monday, that he would be discharged if his misconduct toward his wife continued, is being so cruel as to have attracted public notice. He had a quick, irascible temper which probably was at the bottom of all his domestic difficulty. He ceases his disbursement from this office a few years ago. He was re-employed a few months since, under the belief that he had improved in disposition, and his conduct at his work has been all that could be desired during that time. His wife is greatly distressed over the matter but it is hoped that Mr. Stephens may see his folly before it is too late. We are sorry for him.

A Doctor Minus Trousers.

A few days ago a gentleman from the far West with his family visited the residence of a North Plainfield physician. Previous to his departure from his home the visitor had purchased a new suit from his tailor, and upon arriving in this city donned it. Then he ascertained that the pants were too long and he conferred with a gentleman friend as to having them shortened. In the mean time all his clothing had been hung up in the wardrobe, and when his friend volunteered to show him a tailor he rushed up stairs procured what he supposed to be his trousers, and had them cut off. Taking them home he hung them in the closet until the next morning. Then he discovered that he had by mistake taken the doctor's trousers, and had ruined them. The doctor is a man six feet two inches in height, and he had but recently paid seventy-five dollars for the dress suit, the pants of which had been cut off about six inches.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield post office for the month ending September 10, 1890:

Abrahams, Cornelius
Brooks, Mrs. E. B.
Blacke, Bubly S
Brokaw, Miss Emma
Brown, Jessie
Brown, Peter
Clark, Mrs Anna
Cline, Jacob
Cook, Albert G
Cook, Mrs. E.
Cosey, Jessie
Duffy, Peter
Dwight, Miss
Fryer, Miss L
Kemer, Miss
Lynch, Francis
Little, Johnie
Love, Miss Lizzie
Lizzie, Miss Nellie
MacMillan, Miss Grace
Mayo, Charles
Nelson, James
Pierce, Miss
Randolph, Samuel
Robinson, Mrs. A A
Sherrill, Mrs Hiram
Smith, Miss May M
Scott, Mr.
Tuttle, Oscar
Taylor, Miss H
Williams, Mrs Mathew
Williams, Harry

Gen. Welsh Congregational church Tel von Spreckelsen Town Hall Rev. Jones.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. E. B. Force, Postmaster.

New Jersey Will Gain One Member.

Mr. Durrell of Minnesota, chairman of the house committee on the eleventh census, has introduced an apportionment bill on the basis of one representative for each 180,000 of population. This would provide for a total representation of 384. Under this apportionment Alabama, California, Colorado, Missouri, New Jersey, Oregon, Texas, Washington and Wisconsin would each gain one member; Arkansas, Illinois, Kansas and Penn. sylvania, each two; and Minnesota and Nebraska, each three. The only States to lose a representative would be Ohio, which would lose one.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(In this column expressions of opinion from correspondents are published. THE NEWS does not, even if contrary to the views of the editor, hold itself responsible to be as brief and direct as possible, however, and reserves the right to condense those parts, not essentially for publication.)

Mr. Miller Objects.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The Press publishes a great many items as news in which there is not a word of truth, as for instance:

"On the first page of this issue is told the story of a million dollar failure. The firm is one which Robert S. Miller of this city has been connected with for a great many years."

The Mr. Miller referred to has never been connected with Wallace, Sawyer & Co., but has connected with the similar firm of Sawyer, one of the oldest and most prominent members of the New York Stock Exchange.

ROBERT S. MILLER.

The Injustice of Justice.

A person accused, without money to secure counsel and without friends, is almost certain of being convicted by the petit jury of his peers and finds himself or herself one at the mercy of many. The Judge is paid by the State, the jury is paid by the State, the Sheriff and his deputies are paid by the State, the District Attorney, a brilliant lawyer, is paid by the State. In fact all the force and machinery of the State is against the account. As a matter of form, and to satisfy a lingering sense of what justice required, an attorney is assigned to the accused, but, in the majority of cases, the said attorney will not work with the diligence as he would it he were paid for his efforts; and besides, the assignment is usually a young attorney, quite briefless, and utterly unequal, from lack of experience, to cope with the District Attorney, who is usually a lawyer of acknowledged ability. In every other situation it is agreed that the party who is paid is naturally interested in favor of the party who pays, and it is also the Judge and Jury—the District Attorney "makes his record" on the number of convictions he can produce. This is recognized through the South as great injustice, and in several States the County Solicitors are now paid a fixed salary in lieu of a certain fee for each conviction. Now, where can a remedy be found which will correct this inequality before the law? We would suggest that the State shall employ Public Defenders, whose duty it shall be to appear in all criminal cases as attorneys for the defense, and who shall have an equal opportunity to employ the machinery of the law to secure to the accused a full and fair hearing. The appointees to this office should be lawyers of equal ability to the District Attorney, and their reputation and professional success should be based on the number or acquittals they secure for the accused. The question of cost should enter into a case when life and liberty are at stake. We have lately made the following proposition to the New York World, and now extend it to the world at large. If you will allow us to go with your reporters all the way through the plan and keep a watchful eye over the operations, we will be one of the twenty to give five thousand dollars each to (a) put this step into immediate operation in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and Washington, D. C., and (b) to secure legislation, both State and National, as to make the plan a permanent part of our legal machinery.—W. E. Aldrich, in "The Herald."

We urged such a step in THE NEWS several years ago, an account of observing the way poor, friendless unfortunates were treated.

"F. o. b." and "C. f. i."

These expressions, which have become quite usual in trade, have a well defined significance. "F. o. b." means "free on board," and "C. f. i." means "cost, freight and insurance." Accordingly a bill of goods purchased "f. o. b." has to be shipped to Boston "f. o. b." means that they are to be placed upon vessel or cars, as the case may be, free of all charges up to that point. If purchased "c. f. i." the seller must pay the insurance and freight until the goods arrive in Boston.

Mistaken Identity.

We need not emphasize the many errors in which a mistaken identity of a second person has been mistaken by positive and honest witnesses. Those who are old enough to remember the trial of Webster for the murder of Dr. Parkman will recall that several witnesses of the most good faith swore very positively that they saw Dr. Parkman on Washington street, in Boston, at 3 o'clock or thereabouts, on Saturday afternoon, when it was proved and agreed upon by the counsel for the prosecution that Dr. Parkman had ceased to live before noon of that day.

A singular case of mistaken identity occurred not very long ago at the Old Bailey court in London. A young man was assigned for a serious crime. It was alleged that the crime was committed on a certain day, which we will say was the 10th of March. A number of persons swore positively that the prisoner was the criminal, and a very strong web of evidence closed around him. The identity at least seemed fully proved. The prisoner, who defended his own case, did not cross-examine the prosecuting witnesses; and when the case against him was closed, he announced that he had no witnesses to call. He simply requested the judge to order the records of the court for the 10th of March (the day on which the crime was committed) to be produced. It was then proved that on that very day he was being tried at the Old Bailey for another offense, of which, by the way, he had been acquitted. This testimony was proved by a packet affidavit, of course, and on record to their court against him, and he was at once discharged.—The Green Bag.

The members of the Hope Chapel Tennyson club are desired to meet in the chapel this evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Important business will be considered.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Edward Rankmore of Park avenue left yesterday for Canada.

Mr. G. D. Hallock has returned to his home in this city after a brief stay at Ghent, N. Y.

Mr. W. C. Chan entertained about forty of his friends at his home on Leland avenue Wednesday evening.

"Reverie" for the piano is the latest production of Plainfield's talented composer, Professor Dorsey W. Hyde.

The family of the Rev. Dr. Richards returned to their home on East Front street from their annual Summer outing.

Mrs. Warren Ackerman and family have returned to their West Seventh street home from a pleasant stay at Lake Mosswauke.

Mr. Randolph Marsh of Plainfield avenue went to the Muhlenberg Hospital to-day to have an operation performed on his ankle that was crushed during the erection of the Caspar building some two years ago.

Mr. Geo. C. Gregory of Nevada, Missouri, is with his father-in-law, who has not seen for forty years, visiting Mr. George Lewis of Mountain avenue, North Plainfield. Mr. Gregory left Plainfield forty years ago and went West. This is his first visit during that time.

Wednesday afternoon occurred the marriage of Mr. Philip Gloss of this city to Miss Gussie Magor of Newark. The Rev. Dr. Schambach of the Presbyterian church performed the ceremony. Only relatives and a few intimate friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Gloss have gone to Pennsylvania to spend their honeymoon and upon their return will reside with the groom's parents on Orange street, this city.

Subscriptions and Donations for 1889 to the Children's Home.

1889.	Donations.	Subscriptions.
May.		
Elizabeth Thistlewaite	$5 00	
Mrs. J. W. Johnston	1 00	
First Baptist church Easter offering	$50 00	
King's Daughters, benevolent order	25 00	
Mrs. A. M. Powell	1 00	
A Friend, by Miss S. H. VanWink	1 25	
June.		
Mrs. A. Maxson	1 00	
Mrs. S. H. Williams	1 00	
Mrs. D. E. Titsworth	1 00	
Mrs. J. R. Trueil	1 00	
Mrs. J. D. Titsworth	1 00	
Anniversary collection	21 87	
Elliot F. Shepard	25 00	
Miss F. Fay Pierce	5 00	
Robert Rushmore	50	
H. M. D	5 00	
Cash	25	
July.		
Mr. John F. Wilson	5 00	
September.		
Mrs. J. D. Titsworth	1 00	
A. & W. Miller	32 00	
Valentine Rudolph's Little Band of Children, through Mrs. Tracy	11 00	
Mrs. E. B. Clark	5 00	
Mrs. W. H. Hyde	1 00	
A gentleman, through Mrs. Kimbal	10 00	
Mrs. Almira T. Dietz, Flemington	5 00	
Miss Elizabeth Stiger	5 00	
Crescent Avenue Sunday-school	30 00	
October.		
Mrs. Gavett	1 00	
Mrs. S. R. Krom	50	
Mrs. Wm. Berliner	2 00	
A Friend	5 00	
Mrs. E. S. Brown	5 00	
Mrs. Jane Rohne	5 00	
Miss Catharine Webster	5 00	
Mrs. A. D. Holmes	1 00	
Mrs. E. L. Wain	5 00	
Crescent Avenue church	100 45	
Mrs. Samuel Milliken	25 00	
S. Fish	10 00	
Sinclair and Donald Stuart, James Adams	Children's Fair 35 00	
Clarence Demarest, Bessie and Lena Fish, Nellie Rockafellow, Edith Demarest, Annie Hagen, Annie Taylor, Annie Hall, Francis Demarest, Mrs. A. D. Shepard	5 00	
Mrs. Chas. B. Aborn	5 00	
Mrs. M. M. Cock	2 00	
November.		
Mrs. J. Marc Martin	2 00	
Mrs. Samuel Huntington	5 00	
Mrs. J. D. Runyon, Memorial Don.	10 00	
Miss Emma Adams	5 00	
Mrs. E. F. Williams	10 00	
Miss Kate Embury	5 00	
Mrs. Jane Roome	2 00	
Mrs. J. D. Mundall	3 00	
Three little boys, first day of the month, good faith, Eddie Jennings, Clarence Vail, Geo. Townley,	5 00	
December.		
Mrs. Faber, Thanksgiving	5 00	
Mrs. Edward Gilliland	5 00	
Miss A. B. Edwards, Lecture Proceedings	$79 00	
Loving Laborers, by Florence Wagner, Treasurer	13 80	
Henry A. McGee, Christmas	10 00	
Seventh Day Bapt. Sunday School Christmas	10 00	
Mrs. Chas. Potter, Christmas	5 00	
Mrs. Titsworth, Christmas	1 00	
Wm. D. Murray	10 00	
Holy Cross Sunday-School, Christmas	25 00	
January—1890.		
Samuel P. Watkins	5 00	
Miss Sarah Jackson, Christmas	1 00	
Mrs. J. W. Yates	1 00	

Wardrobe Fund.

—The Sixth Annual Convention of the W. C. T. U. will be held in Ests. Hall, Westfield, on Thursday, September 18, 1890. The county officers are: Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, President; Mrs. T. H. Abel, Cor. Sec.; Miss Thirza Greaves, Rec. Sec.; Mrs. N. C. Nicol, Treasurer.

Interesting, If True.

Between the hours of two and six o'clock on Thursday and Friday afternoon and all day Saturday, Rogers Bros. will sell all $5.50 shoe for $3.00, all $3.00 shoe for $2.50, all $2.50 shoe for $2.00.

They have a few more men's shoes left that they are closing out at 50c. Be sure and be there at two o'clock when the sale begins. They warrant every pair.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Long Webb's Sentence.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 12.—At Freehold, Judge Conover sentenced William E. Webb, a young carriage painter of Long Branch, to ten years at hard labor in the state prison and to pay a fine of $1,000. The crime of which Webb was convicted was the enticing of George Fasty, 13 years old, of Elizabeth, N. J., from Long Branch to Highland Beach where, after beating him into insensibility, he robbed him and threw his almost lifeless body into the Shrewsbury river. Fasty recovered, after lying at the point of death for nearly two months. Webb waived trial and pleaded guilty.

This Date in History—Sept. 12.

1789—Statute of Quebec and Order of the French Knights of the Holy Ghost abolished.
1792—First Thanksgiving day in the United States.
1814—Battle of North Point, Md.
1819—Birth of Maximilian, emperor; died 1867.
1822—Birth of Richard M. Hoe, inventor of improved printing-press; died 1886.
1854—Capt. Wells and Mc-Comas, shot the British commander Gen. Ross in Baltimore, in the streets of the city and Monument streets perpetuates the event; during the bombardment the "Star Spangled Banner" was written.
1814—Battle of North Point, Md.
1815—Death of Blucher, famous soldier; born 1766.
1820—Birth of Louis IV, grand duke of Hesse-Darmstadt.
1850—Jenny Lind gave her first concert in New York.
1874—Death of Guizot, French historian.
1888—Death of Richard Anthony Proctor, astronomer; born in England 1837.
1890—Resignation of Pension Commissioner Tanner.

—Charles Peterson desires us to state that it was not him who entered his father-in-law's house and secured his wife's trunk, but that it was Constable Rockafellow, and that that officer took it with the consent of her parents.

SUGAR GIVEN AWAY.

Biggest Inducement Yet Offered.

To-morrow we will give to every purchaser of a pound of our famous 50c special mixed tea, three pounds of granulated sugar, free. United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association. 12-3t*

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Died.

MARTIN—Suddenly, Sept. 10, 1890, Wm. B., son of J. Marc Martin, aged 24 years and 7 months.

Funeral services from the residence of his father, 120 Park avenue, Saturday, Sept. 13, at four o'clock p. m. Relatives invited.

WANTED—Piano to store in return for use two hours daily. Every care taken. Address "O" Post Office, Plainfield. 12-3

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD girl wanted for general housework at 161 West Front street. 12-3

A WOMAN, aged 45, desires situation in family where she will be treated as one of them. Is eminently respectable and capable. Address "J. L." care of EVENING NEWS. 9-5

BOARD wanted by gentleman and wife. In a large room for board only, with closet required. Address "R," P. O. or EVENING NEWS, stating location, size of room and price, which must be moderate. 11-3

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 Park Place. 12-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Single top phaeton. Apply at Sharp's factory. 12-6

GIRL wanted for general housework in small family. 161 West Front street.

GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply 7 to 9 p. m. 21 Fairchild, at furniture store, East Front street. 10-3

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9 8tf

LOST—A pug dog answer to the name of "Budgy." Finder will be rewarded by returning to 60 West Seventh street.

TO LET—New five-room-house on sixth road street near Third. Ten dollars. 10-tf

THREE furnished rooms to let for light housekeeping. Address "Rooms", care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A girl as waitress and chambermaid at 32 East Fifth street. 9-12tf

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Good sidebar buggy for safety bicycle. Address R. F. Randolph, 10 West Fifth street. 12-3

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at No. 29 Carlton avenue.

WANTED—Board, for gentleman, wife, three children and nurse. Private family preferred, in or adjoining Tyrone and Anthony, east section, 61 North avenue. 11-3

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES,

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 69c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value $1.

7-hook slate, tan and brown (special), 89c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Unity" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 2c per oz.

Germantown wool, 30c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 25c per hank.

Louis Callman,

49 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 49c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Also—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 35c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c, and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLDS ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $20. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF SAME CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 16X13 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-4 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 563 PAGES, 199 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 53 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

Educational.

ELOCUTION, Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Al-berti, P. O. Box 1090.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 15 Park place. 8-2-w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils for vocal culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, A graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-tf

MISS L. H. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the late Prof. Millan, and the Leipsic method Giovannini. Will also form a class in use of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 23tf*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, Will re-open on Thursday, September 18, 1890. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss R. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY, No. 28 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. Dunbar, Principal. 8-18 3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner (late Spencer) School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Geraniums and Coleus. Intelligence office, connected by MRS. LINDSAY, 33 West Front st.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Miss Clara Stelfox, pupil of Prof. Carl Martin, of Boston, and Prof. Stelfox and Albiez, will receive pupils for vocal culture at their residence, 29 West Front street, Monday, September 22d. Mrs. Anderson refers among others to Prof. Carl Martin, New York, Mrs. D. Gage, Westfield, Mrs. Worthington. 12-6tf

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and wool shawls, and shoulder capes, for sale by agent, in the finest patterns ever sold at wholesale prices. Also for sale in dress lace work. By Mrs. Charles Mayer, 34 Pratt street. Call and see samples. 25 3m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop, 24 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Miss Van Dyke has been compelled at the request of a large number who desire to call on her, to remain in Plainfield one week longer. She positively leaves on Saturday morning, September 27th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and flowering plants, beautiful colors, for sale and to hire; also BUILDING SITES, RICH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Dunham's Nursery, No. 130 Richards avenue. 6-26-1y

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Fanwood Township.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Health of Fanwood Township will be held at Krueloer Hall, Scotch Plains, on the first Thursday in each month at eight o'clock p. m.

For the hearing of complaints and the transaction of such business as may come before the Board.

By order of the Board of Health.

F. W. WESCOTT, Sec.

Scotch Plains, August 7th, 1890. 10-13tf

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE

Weanesday, Sept. 17.

RICE'S universally conceded most elaborate production of Comic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Scened and Costumed in the most extravagantly rich manner of any similar production known to the annals of the stage. Presented in New York city for 52 nights in Boston, 100 nights in Philadelphia, 100 nights in Chicago, and the past two years in all the principal cities. Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $65; and Bedroom Suites $20, worth $30. Also wanted to rent Parlor, Bedroom, Dining, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture we offer our present stock at prices unprecedently low. Some odd pieces less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SEVENTH STREET.

W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

Lake Michigan Receating Northward.

A late number of The Chicago Tribune contains a somewhat remarkable exhibit of the manner in which the coast of Lake Michigan is changing, with respect to the city of Chicago, for the worse. The writer of the paper expresses apprehensions lest the lake move away and leave the town, and thus destroy its chief source of outgrowing New York and finally London, and becoming the biggest city in the world. Briefly stated, there is a steady movement as follows: Strong gales from the north and northeast gnaw away the sand, clay and gravel from the bluffs north of Chicago and drive them southward. At the point of the lake where Chicago is situated they stop, arrested partly by the great piers and breakwaters there, and begin to build out more and into the lake. This motion, year after year, makes always new land in front of the city on the lakeside, and drives the avenues and business houses there inland. In order to keep its lake from Chicago must, like the coral insect, continue building on and on and outward, to keep from being stranded high and dry. The writer, speaking of the wearing away of the northernmost shore under the northern gales, says:

The sandy particles and the smaller pebbles, too light for diffusion and not heavy enough to remain in place, begin their zigzag march southward under the compulsion of the littoral current, and bring up finally on a bar across some river mouth, or an accretion on the windward side of some pier, or finally on the southern curve of the lake, which is creeping northward in a race which will within a century or so certainly threaten our standing as a lake city.

That this movement is a grand one, and the impelling forces Titanic, is proved by the extent of accretions formed north of each north pier, and by the mass of new land which, from Lincoln south east of the lake, the giant enemies to be faced by our distant descendants.

Careful measurements taken as a point about station miles north of Chicago, where the bluff is about fifty feet high, showed a loss of land between the years 1869 and 1880 of thirty-six feet, or six feet per year. The place did not look peculiarly exposed, and those assuming reasons to regard the local action as especially strong at that point. Suppose the whole extent of west shore bluff of Lake Michigan to be subjected to similar attrition and we see at once what vast physical and geographical changes must have been wrought upon the lake and the surrounding country in the course of ages.

Lake Michigan is the one grand topographical feature which distinguishes Chicago from other cities, comparing its climate and causing the healthful spring coolness and autumnal delightful inspiration. All considerations of public policy demand that further encroachments on the lake should be forbidden by the state of Illinois, the "Sovereign Ruler and Lord Paramount" of this great water. We need the water more than we need the land. There is plenty of territory waiting to be annexed between 135 western limits and the Mississippi river.

The filling of the lake for park purposes may be a necessity of the present public exigency, one and a few acres allowed to be converted to private or corporate use.

The Outdoor School.

"In summer when the days were long" some genius who ought to be immortalized invented the American outdoor school. It has grown and prospered so that it has become a lover for improving and making happy and healthy a hundred thousand people every year. Something classic and beautiful there is in the thought of instruction under the trees and sky, by the waters, where the *living green of the earth meets the eye*, and the sweet, mysterious influences of nature steal into man's soul and give him back what he lost when he left her for life in cities. So Socrates gave his beautiful thoughts to his followers; so all great teachers have imparted their wisdom to mankind—even to one who was greater than all the rest—in the open air, under the shadow of grand trees, with the birds and gentle wild creatures for company.

In such spots as these the fevered unrest and agony of life drop away from us all. Here it is fitting we should hear the grand results of science, and here, accordingly, the teaching grows year by year wider and more far reaching. The most eminent specialists in different branches of learning now give instruction in the American summer school. Every branch is brought within its scope, and those who derive most benefit from it are often teachers themselves, who thus use their bravely earned vacation in preparing themselves still more thoroughly for their work. A single one of these Chautauqua summer circles is mentioned at which 600 teachers are in attendance.

The discovery of the spores or germs in the air that fasten upon a wound and cause inflammation, the additional discovery that there are antiseptic dressings which will prevent these germs from reaching the wound, and thus prevent fever and enable the injury to heal directly, is probably the greatest achievement in surgery in the latter half of the Nineteenth century.

One day there come reports that the little Spanish-American republics have concluded a solemn peace, the next that they are at it again, fighting tooth and nail, and engaged in their old trade of assassinating presidents. They will never have steady peace till all the men who want to be president have been killed, apparently.

SOMEONE PREVARICATED

How Cooper Procured His Charges Against Raum.

FOUNDED ON TRIED HAND RUMOR

Witness Flick Calls Representative Cooper a "Dirty Dog" and Other Interesting Incidents Coming to Make the Investigation Lively.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The special house committee investigating the charges against Commissioner of Pensions Raum continued their investigation. Mr. Lewis opened the proceedings by stating that he had been informed on the day that he and Mr. Smyser had a dispute the chairman had characterized his conduct as ungentlemanly. Mr. Lewis insisted that his conduct on the occasion referred to was gentlemanly, and if the statement had been made by the chairman he demanded that he retract it. Mr. Morrill (the chairman) said that he did not remember making such a statement. Mr. Flick said that if Mr. Morrill was a man of good nerve he would not retract it.

What Clerk Flick Knew.

Mr. Flick, a clerk in the war department, was called. He testified to knowing Mr. Tanner (Mr. Raum's private secretary) and conversing with him about the refrigerator company. From conversation with Mr. Tanner he said that he had gained the impression that Mr. Tanner would leave the pension office and go with the refrigerator company. He denied that Tanner had ever told him that he or his mother owned any stock in the refrigerator company. He denied that he had ever been offered stock in the company.

Where Cooper Got His Information.

Mr. Raum called Mr. Cooper and had him sworn. Mr. Raum questioned him as to whom had given him the information upon which he based his charges. Mr. Cooper replied that the matter had first come to his notice through the newspapers, but admitted that George B. Flemming and others whose names he refused to give had also told him of the matter, and upon this and newspaper information he based his charges. Mr. Flemming, he said, had received his information from Mr. Flick. Mr. Raum then demanded that Mr. Flick be recalled.

A Roundabout Method.

In answer to a question by Mr. Sawyer Mr. Cooper said Flemming had told him that Tanner had stock in the company, and that he had promised to give the names of seven other employes of the pension office who had a stock in the company. He said that he did not know the correspondents who wrote the charges. Mr. Flick began to question Mr. Cooper.

Cooper Gets Excited.

Beginning, he asked Mr. Cooper if he was aware that he was on his oath. Mr. Cooper replied that he was and thought himself a gentleman. Mr. Flick questioned him as to his veracity and Mr. Cooper, excited, answered the question ungentlemanly and cowardly.

Mr. Flick replied, "I submit that you are a dirty dog." The chairman here called both gentlemen to order and the investigation was resumed. Mr. Flick took the stand again and positively denied that he had made the statements said to have been made by him by Mr. Flemming. The committee then took a recess. During the recess Mr. Lewis succeeded in patching up the difference between Messrs. Flick and Cooper.

Gen. Bussey Testifies.

Gen. Bussey, assistant secretary of the interior department, was called by Commissioner Raum, who stated that he called Gen. Bussey particularly to give a statement in regard to the administration of the office and the issuance of orders, especially the ones complained of in the charge of Mr. Cooper. Gen. Bussey said that a large number of cases scattered through the files were believed to be complete, and it was the opinion of Mr. Raum and the other officials that this class of cases should be taken from the files for adjudication, and if they were incomplete the evidence necessary for their completion should be asked for, as otherwise they would be on the files a great while.

Mr. Raum's order (so much complained of by Mr. Cooper) was intended to do this and *was approved by him before issued by* Mr. Raum. The order, he said, had proven a benefit to the claimants and had facilitated the business of the office, and he thought that there was no chance for favoritism under it as charged. Mr. Raum's administration, he said, had greatly increased him and the office had greatly improved under it.

Mr. Cooper asked if the charge that Mr. Lemon had good upon Mr. Raum's note had been brought to his notice, and if he considered it worthy of notice.

Gen. Bussey replied that Mr. Raum's explanation of the matter had been satisfactory to him and he saw nothing wrong in it.

To Examine 138 Clerks.

At the request of Mr. Raum the committee decided to examine the 138 clerks who were promoted by Commissioner Raum and charged to be promoted in consequence of their holding stock in the Universal Refrigerator company. Seven of them were present and each in turn testified that they held none of the stock referred to and knew of no one who did.

The Trial of "Cal" Wood.

GLEN FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 12.—In the trial of "Cal" Wood for the murder of his brother-in-law, Lyman Wood, a cousin of the prisoner, swore that "Cal" received a blow on the head several years ago. He also swore that the prisoner did not trade guns with him the day of the murder, but *the day after*. The defense offered to show that Pasco had threatened Cal's life. Letters were read from "Cal" to his sister in which he confessed having committed the murder. The district attorney has rested. A motion made to dismiss the indictment was overruled.

The Cheesebrough Seminary Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Early this evening fire started in the building of the A. M. Cheesebrough seminary, the largest building in North Chili, about ten miles west of this city, and the building was totally ruined. It was a large three story brick structure, and was capable of accommodating several hundred students. This school was the largest institution under *Free Methodist* auspices in the state.

Our Gatling Company All Right.

HARTFORD, Sept. 12.—The Gatling Gun company of this country, of which Dr. Gatling is president, is not in any way connected with the English Gatling Gun company, which is reported in trouble. It simply sold the right to that company to make the guns in the eastern hemisphere.

THE NEWS OF CONGRESS.

The House Waiting for a Quorum Before Taking Up the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The engrossment and enrollment of the tariff bill was finished by the clerks and Gen. McCook, the secretary of the senate, was about to start with the bill for the house Thursday when that body adjourned. It is said the speaker will refer it to the committee on ways and means. A general disagreement to the senate amendments will be entered by the committee, which will ask the house to request a conference. Until a quorum appears the committee will not ask for a conference. The Republican leaders in the house have decided to allow an adjournment from day to day until enough Republican members to make a quorum have returned to the city. Telegrams were sent to absent Republicans asking them to return at once. It is believed that the conference report will be before both houses by a week from next Monday.

The Democratic members of the ways and means committee have determined to insist upon several days' consideration of the tariff bill in the committee and then allow the bill to be disposed of as soon as possible. The ways and means is considering the senate bill today. Protests from importers against the bill going into effect on Oct. 1 are still coming in from various quarters.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The senate after the transaction of routine business took up the conference report on the land grant forfeiture bill. Mr. Morgan took the floor and spoke four hours in opposition to the report, but had not finished when the senate adjourned.

He opposed the report as a log rolling scheme gotten up for the benefit of all the land grant roads. He said that while the first section proposed to be a forfeiture, all the other sections related to separate railroads and exempted them from operation of the forfeiture section, or else secured to them certain pecuniary advantages. It could scarcely be said that there was any land forfeited by the bill to the government. The forfeiture of the United States of the vast robbery perpetrated by that company, and which was now sanctioned, wound up and brought to a conclusion by the bill.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Boston—										
Boston	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 7. Errors: Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 7. Batteries: Nichols and Hardie, Vickery and Clements.

At Pittsburg (*First game.*)—										
Cincinnati	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburg, 2. Errors: Cincinnati, 1; Pittsburg 1. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Osborn and Decker.

At Pittsburg (*Second game.*)—										
Cincinnati	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	6
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg 2. Batteries: Duryea and Keenan, Carney and Decker.

At Chicago (*First game*)—										
Chicago	1	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	7
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Chicago, 6; Cleveland, 4. Errors: Chicago, 1; Cleveland, 0. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge, Young and Schriver.

Second game—										
Chicago	0	2	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	7
Cleveland	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	6

Base hits: Chicago, 9; Cleveland, 11. Errors: Chicago, 1; Cleveland, 2. Batteries: Stein and Kittridge, Viau and Bowes.

The attendance was as follows:

Chicago	1,500
Cincinnati	1,500
Boston	2,500
Total	5,500

All other games were postponed on account of rain.

Shipwrecked Sailors Rescued.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—The schooner J. H. Lewis has arrived here from Behring sea with 1,164 sealskins, making her total for the season 3,564. Aug. 7, when sixty miles southeast of Copper Island, she picked up three boats containing eleven of the crew of the schooner C. G. White, who had lost their vessel in a fog and had been five days in open boats. While trying to find shelter and water at Copper Island three of them were shot by James Carr dying from his wounds. The natives shot at the men because they thought they were coming there to kill seals. Four boats in all strayed from the White. One of the men says they were deliberately left to their fate by Capt. Hageman, of the C. G. White.

A Remarkable Explosion.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Sept. 12.—A terrific explosion has occurred in a blacksmith shop connected with the Kilgour blue stone quarry, near Shohola Glen. A workman was welding two pieces of iron, when a five spark flew across the shop and alighted in a keg of powder stored in the quarry for blasting purposes. A terrible explosion occurred and the shop was blown to pieces. John W. Holsaach had his right leg blown off above the knee and was otherwise seriously injured. John Haas, Jr., had his clothing stripped from his person and was injured internally.

Daniel Bandmann Sues a Railroad.

HELENA, Mon., Sept. 12.—A suit for $5,000 damages has been instituted against the Northern Pacific railroad by Daniel E. Bandmann, the tragedian, who is now in this city. Mr. Bandmann's baggage was lost in transit some time ago between Livingston and Spokane Falls. His billing material was also lost by the same road. The suit is brought to make good losses occasioned by his missing several performances by reason of the company's default.

Insurrection in Switzerland.

GENEVA, Sept. 12.—A revolt has occurred in the canton of Ticino. One member of the cantonal government was shot dead with a revolver, three other members were made prisoners and the remaining officials fled. The Swiss federal council have sent two battalions of troops to suppress the insurrection. The trouble grew out of discontent regarding a revision of the constitution. Most of the inhabitants of the canton are Italian Catholics.

Paid His Bill with a Bullet.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 12.—Dr. James E. Rogers was fatally shot by William F. Boyd, near Alexanders, this county. Rogers received three balls in the head and died in forty-five minutes. The cause of the shooting was a dispute about the payment of a bill due Dr. Rogers by Boyd. Boyd claims that the shooting was done in self defense.

A JEALOUS MAN'S DEED.

He Shot His Truant Wife and Killed Himself.

IT WAS ALL ON ACCOUNT OF "JACK."

But Who That Young Man Is Remains to Be Seen—Details of a Frightful Tragedy Upon the Street at New York—Husband and Wife Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Carrie Lenz, a comely young German girl, who boarded with a Mrs. Hamburg on the first floor of the tenement house No. 44 Stanton street, was murdered last night in front of her home by a man supposed to be her betrothed Rosenblatz or Rosenberg, who claimed to be her husband, and who fired the fatal shot because the girl refused to live with him. When the woman fell the murderer put the pistol to his own head and fired again, killing himself instantly. The woman was unconscious when conveyed to Gouverneur hospital, but in her delirious condition she told the rambling stories of the causes which led to the crime.

Her Admirer Was "Jack."

From these stories and from information gleaned in the neighborhood of the tragedy, it appears that the girl had lived with the Hamburg family for the past month, and was employed in Koltz restaurant, on Pearl street, near Wall. She told Mrs. Hamburg that she was single and had an admirer, whom she spoke of affectionately as "Jack," who worked in a grocery store in Brooklyn. This young man, she said, was going to marry her in a year or so. About 7 o'clock last night one of the Hamburg children came in from the street and told Carrie that a man wanted to see her on the stoop. She went out, *met the man and the two conversed* for low tones.

While no one could hear what the man said, the girl's answers after a time became loud enough to lead those who stood near her to believe that she was beseeching her to go somewhere with him.

She Was His Wife, He Said.

Pretty soon the girl went to a neighboring store, telling the man she would be back in a few minutes. While she was away the stranger turned to a young man named Andrew Biswanger, a bartender, who was waiting for Oscar Hamburg, and said: "That woman is my wife. Don't you think she treats me shamefully?"

Biswanger said, "Perhaps she has cause for it."

"Cause!" replied the man angrily. "I married her five years ago in Pittsburg, and later on came to Brooklyn, where our child-wife was born. A year ago I discovered that she was untrue to me, and I left her, but subsequently went back to live with her. Four weeks ago she left me. There is a young grocery clerk who is turning the girl's brain, and I'm trying to show her the folly of her way."

At this juncture the girl came back and the man said to her, "Well, have you made up your mind to return to your child?"

Quick Work with a Revolver.

"Now, unless I can get an officer to accompany us," replied the girl, sharply.

"I don't care for officers," said he, "and I'll show you that I don't fear them." Then he pulled a revolver and before the girl could turn away he fired, the ball entering her left breast, penetrating a lung. She uttered a piercing scream and fell dying.

The frantic man then aimed the weapon at Biswanger, who dodged into the hallway just as the man turned the weapon on himself and pierced his brain with a bullet, killing him instantly.

Policeman Hunter heard the shots two blocks away and came hurrying to the scene. Pushing his way through the crowd he saw the woman and the man lying prostrate on the walk. The man, he saw at once, was dead, but a spark of life still lingered in the woman. An ambulance was summoned and bore the girl away. She died at 9:30 o'clock last night.

Her Conflicting Stories.

The dead man was about 36 years old, 5 feet 7 inches in height, of light complexion and had a light mustache. He wore a Scotch tweed suit, white shirt, necktie and gaiters. The first joint of each of the first three fingers on his left hand are missing. In his pockets were two handkerchiefs, a hairbrush, a brass chain, with a bunch of keys attached, and $1.31. At the restaurant it was learned that the girl had given up her position, saying she was going to be married next week, while to Mrs. Hamburg she said that she had taken a place upstairs, where she was to act as maid to an actress. She was an Israelitish girl, and for some time past was studying for the purpose of perfecting herself in the English language.

Three Men Killed.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Sept. 12.—On Wednesday evening Matt Wagner, Nic Steinmetz and Peter Mass left this city for the purpose of cashing some work at Sageville, a few miles south of East Dubuque. Thursday morning their dead bodies were found about about four miles down the track and lying close to it. The supposition is that they were struck by an Illinois Central train. They were under the influence of liquor when they started on their fatal journey.

Defrauded an Insurance Company.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 12.—Another corpse fraud case similar to that of the celebrated Bend case has been brought to light here in the arrest of Matt Geldhern, an ex-agent of the Home of the Friendly Insurance society, of Baltimore. Geldhern has defrauded the company by means of fraudulent claims and forged medical certificates. Charlotte A. Miller has been reported as dead and the money collected on her policy. Charlotte is still alive.

Prosecuted for Sunday Newspaper Selling.

WATERBURY, Conn., Sept. 12.—The case of the state vs. The Sunday Herald was heard in the police court yesterday, but Judge Bradstreet will not render a decision for a week. Counsel for The Herald gave notice that if a conviction was found they would cause the arrest of every person selling New York papers on the streets of Waterbury on Sunday.

Seals Are Very Scarce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—The crew of the sealing schooner Triumph openly boast *of having done all their sealing in* Behring sea, but admit that the poachers shared the luck, as the fleet cleared only by the North American Commercial company, seals being remarkably scarce.

Fifty Cents on the Dollar.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 12.—The lumber firm of E. & B. Holmes, which failed a week ago, has effected a settlement with creditors at fifty cents on the dollar in notes maturing in six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months and the balance in stock.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. K. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m. 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 134 Front street.

F. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering and all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR H. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city; rooms 21 and 23. Importers and Trades and Building. Residence, Fanwood, N. J.

MOY'S

Mrs. Stephenson,

138 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE
STOVE TRADE
this Fall, as they have in the past.
Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.
Don't Forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.
Greatest Stove on Earth
A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank P. Miller.
5 14 tfn

RELIABLE
Country Butter and Eggs
Can always be found at
"THE DAIRY"
63 WEST FRONT ST.
Call and see our line of preserves and fine table butter in prints, which is a thing of beauty and a joy to every good house-wife.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good!
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for *Five cents*, at
N. H. Guttman's
12 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

CARNEY BROS. AGENTS
Practical Plumbers and Steel Metal Workers.
Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved defective water closets, sewer gas and back-water traps.
All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.
We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the Plainfield Gas Light Co. whereby we are employed as agents and general manager.
In thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit a continuance of the same and orders which will receive prompt attention.
Personal supervision given to the examination of all pipes.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,
WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,
DOOR, FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.
Gentlemen's Fine Patent Leather and Kangaroo Shoes.
RUSSET SHOES
Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you desire a pair you can get them at my store. I have just received a full line of
Russet Apples
are good to wipe on.

AGENCY FOR
Kodak Cameras,
ALL SIZES.
Geo. W. Morrison,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

FRANK LINKE,
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)
Wholesale Wine
AND
Liquor Dealer.
BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED
EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,
AND DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER
And Bass Ale for hotels and private families
No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Dunellen Street.

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

R. O. HOWELL,
THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,
PRICE TO CONSUMERS.
EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.
1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style)...15.00.
EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON.
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1467.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Safety Bicycles
—FOR—
LADIES or GENTLEMEN.
Union $115 and $135.
Warwick $135.
Stearns 85.
Little Giant 95.
HIGH BICYCLES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Geo. W. Morrison,
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
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16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

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Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 6 PARK AVENUE.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 29 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

WITH PISTOL AND ROPE.

Father and Daughter Both Desired to Die.

HOBOKEN'S FRIGHTFUL HORROR.

An Insane Girl Hangs Herself, and Her Fond Father, Overcome with Grief, Also Attempts Suicide—"I Will Join Her in Death." He Said.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Sept. 12.—A demented young woman committed suicide in Hoboken yesterday. Her aged father was so shocked that he shot himself in the head, and the wound is probably fatal. The unfortunate woman was Laura Horn. She was 21 years old. Her father, Frederick Horn, is 68. They lived at No. 130 Fifth street, that city. Three years ago she betrayed signs of mental derangement, and they became so pronounced that she was removed to a lunatic asylum.

Her Father Was Very Happy.

There were evidences of improvement in her condition recently and her stated father decided to take her to Europe, believing a change would be beneficial, and if she did not mend to consult experts on the other side of the Atlantic.

She was brought home from the asylum ten days ago and she and her father were to have sailed yesterday on the steamer Columbia, of the Hamburg line. The happy father, to cheer and encourage his daughter during the time that she was seemingly rational, talked jubilantly of their trip and of the good that would accrue. The family remained up till almost midnight on Wednesday chatting about the trip.

Her Room Was Vacant.

The young woman seemed to be the happiest of the group over the anticipated pleasures that were pictured by her father, mother and brother. The family had been vigilant, and closely watched Laura, as she strayed away from home several days ago during the excitement over a fire in a neighboring factory.

Her father arose about 1:30 and glanced into his daughter's room, adjoining his. The room was vacant, and the bed had not been disturbed.

He Tottered to His Room.

The house was thoroughly searched by the alarmed family, who at first thought the unfortunate woman had again strayed away. A visit to the yard was suggested. By the dim light of a lamp a ghastly spectacle was presented. Dangling from a *rope fastened to the beam of an outhouse* was the lifeless body of a woman. A physician was called. The excited father secured a knife, severed the rope and tenderly laid his daughter on the ground. He kissed and caressed the inanimate form and, appealed to her to speak. He evidently thought that they had reached the woman in time to resuscitate her.

Then, realizing that she was dead, he suddenly sprang to his feet, gazed with a fixed stare at her lifeless body for a moment, and then like a dazed man reeled and tottered to his room.

Joined Her in Death.

A second later his wife was shocked by the report of a pistol. She, with several neighbors who had been attracted, by the grief of the stricken family, hastened to the room of the father of the child. He was lying on the floor and blood poured from a wound back of the right eye.

The revolver was still clutched in his hand, as if he intended using it again, but his arm was powerless. He was then semi-conscious and cried repeatedly:

"Laura! Laura! Laura! Where is she? I will join her in death."

An Unfortunate Family.

Dr. Heifer ordered the removal of the father and mother to the hospital. He on early after careful examination, that the wound is mortal. The dead body of the daughter was conveyed to the morgue. The Horn family has been extremely unfortunate, and it is said that the whole family have been more or less affected with insanity. Mrs. Horn, who is an old woman, was for several days an inmate of St. Mary's hospital, and on Wednesday last returned home from that institution. The sisters at the hospital could not induce her to take nourishment, having been without food for several days. When she learned of her daughter's death she acted like an insane woman, and it is feared will have to be placed in an institution. The son, Otto, has also acted strangely for some time. The Horns usually came from Germany several years ago and came to June 1, resided on Park avenue, Hoboken.

A Connecticut Feud Ended.

NEW MILFORD, Conn., Sept. 12.—After long, bitter and singularly foolish contention in and out of court between persons of the same name and blood what has been termed unofficially throughout this part of Connecticut for years as the Knowles family feud has culminated at the village of Lanesville, near here, in the murder of John Gay Waters, who was in no way related to the parties in the feud.

Waters was shot dead by George Knowles, a son of Dr. David Knowles, one of the *principals in the feud, while making a* sortie in a party headed by Jay Knowles, brother of the doctor and the other principal in the feud, upon an old white farm house on the Knowles estate, the ownership of which was disputed by the brothers and which was jointly occupied by their families under a state of mutual siege.

The members of both families were arrested and all brought to New Milford and lodged in the lockup. The chief responsibility in public opinion rests upon Dr. Knowles, his son George, who is only about 21 years of age, being ignorant and stupid. The trouble started when Jay Knowles testifies, came to the house about 7 o'clock Wednesday evening and handed to George the big revolver with which Waters was shot.

"I carried this revolver four years in the army," Jay declares he heard the doctor remark. "Take it, George, and defend your mother and this house." The poor ignoramus blindly obeyed his father, and today he is a murderer.

Newport's Election.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 12.—The count of the ballots was completed at 4:40 in the morning. Thomas Coggeshall, Republican, is elected mayor by 108 majority. The Republicans also elect five out of six aldermen, two out of fifteen councilmen and three out of four school committeemen. There is no election for one councilman. The proposition to expend $8,000 for a new engine house was carried by over 300 majority.

Minerva Defeats Lida.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—In a hard gale and the heaviest sea that this yacht seen in Long Island sound for years, the cutter Minerva defeated the Lida, and won the series of match races.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegraphic Gleanings Gathered from Various Sources.

L. C. Lyon, of Williamsport, Pa., has been appointed a cadet at West Point.

Edgar T. Collins, of Hepburn, Pa., is his attorney.

August Frohman, a wine merchant at Philadelphia, has assigned. Executions aggregating over $50,000 were issued against Frohman's property.

Colin MacDougall, Q. C., one of the severest criminal lawyers in Ontario, has been retained by the attorney general as associate counsel with B. B. Osler, Q. C., in the prosecution of Birchall for the murder of Benwell.

The Grand monument general committee have approved the design of John H. Duncan selected by the executive committee for the proposed monument in Riverside park.

Capt. B. B. Tillman, the Farmers' Alliance man, has been nominated for governor of South Carolina by the Democrats.

Charles F. Dunbar, of Buffalo, has purchased the famous Dorner mansion, with a record of 2:06¼, of R. C. Long, of St. Paul, for $6,000.

T. M. Healy has written a letter to the widow of Mr. Philbrick Freeman, in which he says he was not the author of a recent cable attack upon Mr. Parnell.

Pelotte, the court tennis champion of the world, has retired from the field permanently.

New Jersey's state board of agriculture has issued a circular, signed by President Barroughs, of Camden, and Secretary Franklin Dye, of Trenton, strongly opposing the proposed constitutional amendments legalizing special legislation.

Geographer Monteith Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—James Monteith, the well known geographer, died at his residence, One Hundred and Fifty-fourth street and St. Nicholas avenue, Thursday morning. The cause of death was attributed to neuralgia of the heart. Mr. Monteith came to this country from Strabane, county Tyrone, Ireland, when he was 4 years old, in 1835. He was given an ordinary common school education, and at the age of 21 was a teacher in public school No. 13, in this city. At the time Mr. Monteith was teaching in the school a friend pointed out to the young scholar the necessity of a standard geography that would be adapted to the use of schools. Following the suggestion he gave himself up to serious study that afterward found embodiment in a geography which was for many years a standard work. A wife and laughter survive the deceased.

The Killing of Barrundia.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 12.—Advices just received here respecting the shooting of Gen. Barrundia on board the American steamship Acapulco at St. Jose de Guatemala state that Capt. Pitts, of the Acapulco, had made a declaration which the Guatemalan authorities claim completely justifies their action. Mr. Mixner, the American minister, the authorities say, was not present at the time of the murder only. It is further alleged that when Capt. Toriello and Capt. Pitts read to Barrundia the order for his delivery to the Guatemalan authorities, Barrundia suddenly grasped two revolvers and fired on Toriello, Pitts and the two policemen, who in turn fired on the scoundrel, killing him. Capt. Pitts had taken the precaution of ordering the passengers to withdraw, otherwise some of them would have undoubtedly been shot.

Another Central Smash Up.

ALBANY, Sept. 12.—A locomotive, to which was attached two caboose, while running at a high rate of speed between Castleton and Schodack on the eastern or south bound Central road, jumped into the caboose of a regular freight train running just ahead on the same track, last night. The caboose of the regular freight was reduced to kindling wood. The engine was partly uncoupled from the second locomotive were thrown across the tracks, blocking them. They soon after took fire and were consumed. The road was torn up for a short distance, and it is said that the whole family have been more or less affected with insanity. Mrs. Horn, who is an old woman, was for several days an inmate of St. Mary's hospital, and on Wednesday last returned home from that institution. The sisters at the hospital could not induce her to take nourishment, having been without food for several days. When she learned of her daughter's death she acted like an insane woman, and it is feared will have to be placed in an institution. The son, Otto, has also acted strangely for some time. The Horns usually came from Germany several years ago and came to June 1, resided on Park avenue, Hoboken.

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KIDNAPED BY PINKERTONS.

Alleged Train Wreckers Brought Back from Canada.

ALBANY, Sept. 12.—The true story of the arrest of the two men in Canada, charged the alleged wreckers, is as follows: Pinkerton detectives had followed the men for two days, and on Wednesday afternoon tracked them to the Canada line. The men were not quick enough, however, to keep *them from getting across the river.* The men were taken to Prescott, Can., just across the river from Ogdensburg, N. Y., and there they met a friend. One of the men had a heavy beard, and he went into a barber shop to get it shaved off. While he was there three armed men entered the shop, closed the door and said:

"We are Pinkerton men and we want you." The men saw escape was impossible and went with the detectives to the boat. They were taken across to Ogdensburg, being virtually kidnaped, and from there were taken down on the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg road to Utica. The men are at some way station, as they have not arrived in Troy or Albany.

They Will Prove an Alibi.

ALBANY, Sept. 12.—Crim and Busti, the prisoners reported arrested for complicity in the wrecking of the Montreal express, *have not yet arrived here*, and no one seems to know where they are. William J. Landen, of Troy, who is counsel for several of the accused men, claims that the railroad has got the wrong people. He denies the rumors that Reed, Kiernan and Jordial have "squealed." He says he will not apply for bail for his clients until Saturday. The defense will be in the nature of an attempt to establish an alibi. It has already been stated by the prisoners' friends that Kiernan and his wife were at the gate of Master Workman Lee's house at the time the train was wrecked, and it has also been claimed that Reed was seen at the same hour by a man named Shaver on the Greenbush bridge.

To Kidnap Rich Children for Ransom.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 12.—An audacious plan, which contemplates the wholesale kidnaping of children for ransom, was revealed when the grand jury found a true bill for that offense against Henry C. Wilson, who keeps a feed and livery stable. The plan was to kidnap the children of wealthy parents, conduct them to a secret place in some Western state, and keep them there until their ransoms should be paid. *Wilson took for an accomplice the coach*man of Mrs. Jeff Dunlap, a wealthy widow living on McGee street. Mrs. Dunlap's 8-year-old boy was to have been the first victim. The plan was all laid to kidnap the Dunlap boy, when the coachman weakened and confessed. When Wilson went to the vicinity of Mrs. Dunlap's residence last Saturday to carry out the first part of his plan an officer placed him under arrest.

Strange Contest Over a Will.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 12.—Dr. F. J. Wilke, who is at the head of the Humane society's work at *Oshkosh, is in the city to secure* legal advice upon a peculiar point. A few days ago Mr. Marshall Harris, a former president of the Humane society and a very wealthy citizen of Oshkosh, died. He was the owner for many years of a fine family horse that was a pet and is a good healthy animal notwithstanding its age. In his will Mr. Harris says that the horse of forty-eight hours after his death the horse is to be taken out and shot, this strange and apparently illegal stipulation being inserted in the will because he knows he always feared that after his death the horse would not be treated well in his old age. Dr. Wilke has thus far prevented the strange request from being carried out, and proposes to see if the law cannot save the animal's life.

Trouble Over an American Flag.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 12.—Col. Gray, who is brigade major of the Canadian militia, on Tuesday ordered to be taken down a handsome United States flag which was fluttering from one end of the grand stand at the industrial exhibition. The act was greeted with mingled cheers and hisses. Manager Hill, of the exhibition, ordered the flag put back, and Wednesday morning "Old Glory" was again in place. Maj. Gray angrily ordered the "flag of an alien people" to be torn from the flag staff. This Manager Hill refused to do, saying it was only a graceful compliment to the American people, who every year visit the exhibition in large numbers. The board of directors will pass upon the question.

Mayor Gleason Indicted.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Sept. 12.—Mayor Patrick J. Gleason has been indicted for assault in the second degree on George R. Crowley, the reporter. The mayor was personally in charge of his counsel to appear on Tuesday next.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistant with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21 ly.

DICKINSON

19 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY
H. E. BROKAW

94 SOMERSET ST

A Big Suit Settled.

BRADFORD, Pa., Sept. 12.—The Logan, Emery and Wooley suit against the Pittsburgh Railroad company has been settled. When courts convened the plaintiffs' counsel informed the court that they had agreed upon a settlement and the case was dismissed. The basis of the settlement is not made public. Both sides claim a victory. The suit has been pending three years and was for $217,000 *damages for discrimination on freight rates.*

A Murder Near Pottstown.

READING, Pa., Sept. 12.—The body of an unknown man was found on the Reading railroad premises near Pottstown with a hole in the back of his head. There is a supposition that he was murdered, and a stranger named Frank Kelley, of Philadelphia, was locked up. The authorities suspect that he knows something of the man's death. When he was last seen alive Kelley was with him. The prisoner refuses to talk.

A Clergyman's Fall.

READING, Pa., Sept. 12.—In court here the Rev. Martin Luther Fritch, who six months ago was pastor of one of the most flourishing Reformed churches in Berks county, was convicted of larceny in stealing small articles from a hardware store. *He was recommended to the mercy of the* court and has not yet been sentenced. He is no longer serving his congregation. The case has caused a great sensation.

Young Harry Garfield a Witness.

MONTREAL, Sept. 12.—The case of C. C. Hale, *charged with shooting his brother*-in-law, Eugene Cowles, of Cleveland, O., comes up today in court of queen's bench. One of the witnesses is Harry A. Garfield, a son of the late ex-president, who was a college student with Hale, who will testify as to Hale's good character.

Depew to the Strikers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A committee of five of the ex-employes of the New York Central railroad who went out on strike called on President Chauncey M. Depew at his office at the Grand Central depot. *Mr. Depew refused to reopen the issues of* the strike, stating that the strike was over and that there was nothing left for them to do. He also said that Vice President Webb's action had been indorsed by the directors and there was nothing left to settle

When you want to reduce the size of the corn you put a ROGERS BROS. ring on and buy a pair of those glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We have them in all sizes and in fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.

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Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

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INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street, ETC

H. SPENCER,

Grower and gardeman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. White, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

CARRIAGE

In wagons, carts, furniture, pianos, bar rels, etc., from place to place, apply on the Farvin Iron wagon. John P. Wirth, Race street North Plainfield

Desirable Building Lots

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset

Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

Abel S. Titsworth,

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord, GRADED IN

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Grant and Somerset street.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will make passengers in time for morning trains and will connect at Scranton and evening trains.

All I ask is the support to give it thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business demands.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to the Watchung mountains. Beyond the terminus limits by contract.

Connect with the 6:32, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 11 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. trains for Bound Brook, Somerville, Bernardsville, Basking Ridge and Gladstone. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comraae E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:05, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 2:30 and 5:30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:05 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:32, 5:04-5:36-6:04-6:30-7:06-7:30-8:06-8:45, 9:37-9:36-10:06-10:45, 11:37-11:36, a. m. 12:06, 1:05-1:36-2:06-2:30-3:06-3:36-4:06-4:30-5:06-5:36-6:06-6:30-7:06-7:30-8:06-8:30-9:06-9:30-10:06-10:30-11:06 p. m. Sunday 5:37-6:06-8:06-8:30-9:06-9:30-10:06-10:30-11:06 p. m. Express trains.

Arrive at New York at 6:45, 6:50, 7:20, 7:45, 8:20, 8:45, 9:20, 9:45, 10:20, 10:45, 11:20, 11:45 a. m. 12:20, 12:45, 1:20, 1:45, 2:20, 2:45, 3:20, 3:45, 4:20, 4:45, 5:20, 5:45, 6:20, 6:45, 7:20, 7:45, 8:20, 8:45, 9:20, 9:45, 10:20, 10:45, 11:20, 11:45 p. m. 12:20 night. Sunday, 4:20, 5:00, 5:20, 6:00, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 a. m. 12:20, 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 p. m. 12:20 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 7:36, 8:29, 9:32, 10:29, 11:32 a. m. 12:29, 1:32, 2:29, 3:32, 4:29, 5:32, 6:29, 7:32, 8:29, 9:32, 10:29 p. m. Sunday 8:29, 9:32, 10:29 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m. 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 3:45, 7:00, 9:05, a. m. 12:04 p. m. Sunday at 5:30 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:15 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 11:45 a. m. 12:04, 5:30 p. m. Sunday 8:15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre, Scranton.

7:00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 7:05, m. For Flemington, 11:45 a. m. W. R. R. Easton, Reading, Manch Chunk 2:30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 4:34 p. m. For L. V. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Reading, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 4:59 p. m. For Flemington, 6:38 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Harrisburg.

7:00, a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Harrisburg.

8:00, a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Harrisburg, daily except Sundays at 5:45 a. m. for Easton, Milkesbarre & Scranton; 8:13 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 9:05 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Harrisburg and Pottsville 4:32 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 12:57, 3:37 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove) 8:45 a. m. 12:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3:37, 8:45 and 11:00, a.m.; 12:30, 3:37, 7:03 p.m. Sunday 8:45 a.m. 12:30 p.m. To the Post Office at

For Atlantic City 3:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Freehold 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 1:00, 3:37 4:34 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:37, 8:45 8:50 9:48, 10:45, 11:37 a. m. 12:50, 1:37, 2:50 p. m. Sundays at 7:37, 9:48, a. m. 2:50, 4:06, 5:54, 8:55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:37, 9:48, 11:37 a.m., 2:50, 4:34, 8:55 p. m. Sundays at 7:37, 9:48 a. m. 2:50, 4:06, 5:54 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:05 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. to Somerset st. to Broadway to Front st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

3d trip 8.15 a. m. to meet 8.36 a. m. train
4th do 9.15 do 9.36 do
5th do 10.00 do 10.36 do
6th do 11.00 do 11.36 do
7th do 11.45 do 12.06 m.
7th do 1.45 p. m. do 2.15 & 2.35 p. m.
8th do 3.45 do To the Post Office
9th do 5.30 do meet 5.51 p. m. train.
10th do 6.00 do do 6.30 do
11th do 6.45 do do 7.06 do
12th do 8.45 do do 7.06 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and Third street every half hour and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make connections.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Plainfield avenue as follows: 6.00, 6.30, 6.37, 10.15, 11.30 a. m. 2.04, 4.30, 4.34, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Saddle horses a specialty. Orders left at Hillside House or Bones either 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates,

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 8th and 9th. Telephone Call. 1-8sf.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry work will receive careful attention and prompt delivereance. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Satisfy by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. C. SNOWS, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

I. H. BOEHM'S

POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.

Specialties this week in

Dress Goods, Carpets and Oil Cloth.

Worsted Plaids (double width) 12 1-2c, 36 inch Wool Flannels (all colors) 25c, 36 inch English Cashmeres 25c, all wool Prince Chole 40c, 40 inch wool cloths in stripes and plaids at 50c, worth 65c.

CARPETS! **CARPETS!**

Good Heavy Ingrains 25, 30, 37, 42 and 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 37, 45, 50 and 60c. 4-4 Oil Cloth (ex heavy) 25c, Good Fancy Mattings 4 12 1-2c.

7 West Front street.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. Demarest,

28 PARK AVENUE.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Second street and Park avenue, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work, interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 211

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Syeds P. O. Box 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind w p cs

G R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly attended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros,

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 942.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 451.

W. J. PEARSON, No. 13 Vine street, H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

In Effect: W. P. FIELD, Supt.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate to erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FIVE POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and of this season's production.

2nd—*The first purchasers will have a larger* stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 15.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey,)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 33 Park avenue

P. O. Box 338,

FURNITURE AND FRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

A Great Bargain

in the following

Canned Fruit and Vegetables.

	Cts.	Doz.
California Cherries	20c	60c
California Plums	20	60
California Apricots	25	2.00
Franklin Brand Corn	10	1.15
Standard Jersey packed tomatoes	10	1.15
Stringless Beans extra choice	17	1.65

ESTELLE, TAYLOR & NEUMAN

Corner Broad way and Fifth ave.

NEW STORE

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scatter-Corns Killer or Remedy (Scatter-Corns Killer or Remedy)

Had Always Moved.

Angry Landlord—See here, are you going to pay the rent or move?

Tenant—I've always heard it was cheaper to move.

Angry Landlord (sneeringly)—Well, you ought to know something about it by this time.

Tenant—I'm not so sure about that. You see, I have never paid any rent.—Judge.

Unaccountable.

Actress (standing in the stage door way)—I wonder what all those fools are laughing at.—Munsey's Weekly.

For the Outdoor Season Only.

"Mabel," faltered the youth in the gorgeous blazer, "I am deeply disappointed. The partiality you have shown for my society during the many little excursions we have taken together, and the delightful little evening—er—lunches we have had since the summer season began, led me to expect a different answer."

"Because I have looked upon you as an agreeable escort to picnics, and lawn tennis parties, and for summer evening promenades, you have regarded yourself as my accepted lover, have you, George?"

"And it is because I have been available for these things," he said indignantly, "that you have accepted my attentions, is it? You regard me merely as a summer lover, I presume?"

"That is about the case, George," replied the maiden, as she dug a hole in the sandy beach with the end of her parasol. "I have looked upon you as a lover in a pienickan sense only."—Chicago Tribune.

Enterprising.

"I tell you, Hooks, of Radical City, is an ornament to the profession," remarked the president of the Real Estate Agents' association at a recent meeting.

"I heard they had him in jail there," said a member.

"So they did; but they couldn't keep him in. Why, in less than three days he had sold one lot after his highland addition to the guards, dickered the sheriff out of his pistols and handcuffs, taken a mortgage on the jail, and sold the bolts and chains and part of the wall to the Junkman: Oh, he's enterprising, Hooks is!"—Puck.

Both Went Out.

An Irishman, in addition to his duties as gardener, had the care of the furnace which heated the house. To the irritation of the household it have cause a morning bitterly cold; when the furnace gave forth no heat for the very good reason that an investigation showed there remained not one spark or ember in the grate. "Mike," cried the angry paterfamilias, "the furnace fire went out last night!" "So did I, sorr," retorted the culprit serenely.—Dominion Illustrated.

Sandham's Little Joke.

Weeks—I hear that Jim, your youngest clerk, played a good joke on that very fresh visitor of his yesterday.

Sandham—You don't say! Well, well; I guess I'll have to raise Jim's salary.

Weeks—You will? What for?

Sandham—Didn't you say Jim sold a case of first class tease yesterday.—American Grocer.

Up to Snuff.

Reporter—Can you kindly give me some of the important particulars about your wedding, sir?

Bridegroom (an ex-newspaper man)—Certainly. I have it all written up here. Follow copy, please. Double leaded plee, first page and scare head. Good evening.—Burlington Free Press.

How Kind.

Miss May Ture—Oh! Edith, dear, do you know that Fred actually proposed to me last evening?

Edith—Just as I expected.

Miss M. T.—Why did you expect it?

E.—Why, when I refused him last night he said he would go and do something desperate.—Boston Courier.

A Difference.

"What is the difference between ice and water?"

"Ice is frozen water, that is all."

"There is a greater difference than that."

"What is it?"

"Water always finds its level, but ice is constantly going up."—Boston Courier.

A Quick-Acting Remedy.

"I went bathing at Santa Barbara once, and it cured me of a very painful sore on my little toe."

"It did?"

"Yes. A shark came along and nipped off the toe."—Harper's Bazar.

They Are Birds.

Bowtham—The park policemen are called "sparrow cops," are they not?

Chatham—Yes.

Bowtham—Then I suppose those who patrol the saloon districts are called swallow cops.—New York Sun.

Believes in Uniformity.

"Did you hear that Williams is at the bottom of the movement to raise a monument in our town?"

"Yes; and his name will be at the bottom of the subscription list, too."—Boston Times.

Remains to Be Seen.

Charlie—Going out hunting, are you?

Dick—You bet.

Charlie—What are you going to shoot?

Dick—Don't tell till I see what I hit.—Texas Siftings.

The Truth of It.

"Do Miss Bullion is married?"

"Yes."

"Whom did she marry?"

"Nobody. She married a title."—Boston Courier.

A Sign of Wealth.

"Are the Au Fulls rich?"

"Oh, they must be! Why, they take five!"—Lawrence American.

Not Half Warm Enough for Him.

"Warm!" he said, putting on a heavy pair of gloves and fastening his light overcoat, "you don't call this warm weather, do you?"

"Do I call it warm?" said the other, mopping his brow and trying to fan himself at the same time, while his face grew redder and redder. "I call it gridiron heat."

"Pooh, pooh, my dear fellow; the mercury isn't above ninety-two."

"Ninety-two!"

"And it hasn't been above a hundred more than once this year."

"Shades of all the Icelanders!" cried the red face, "where would you like to have it—125 in the shade? Would you like to boil eggs in the public fountains? Do you want foundries to run their furnaces without fire? One hundred! Do you want to scale and vanish in steam. One hundred!" he screamed in shrill agonized tones, and he danced around madly in his wrath until his face was of flaming scarlet. "One hundred! Why, man, haven't you got any blood in your veins?"

"Oh, yes," said the other, shivering as a warm breeze touched him, "but I have 60,000 tons of ice cornered."

And then the little stout man fell in a swoon and an ambulance carried him to the hospital, where he was recorded as suffering from prostration by heat, while the ice king went home to order the servants to put more coal on the fire.—New York Tribune.

A Cruel Indignity.

"I beg your pardon, madam, for intruding upon you at meal time," he said politely, "but may I ask you for a little salt?"

The lady brought him a salt box. He looked at it meditatively and leaned against one of the pillars of the porch.

"It is a foolish habit I have got into," he said, in an apologetic way, "and I dare say you will consider it one of questionable taste, but I always eat salt on my watermelon."

"But you haven't any watermelon," said the lady of the house.

"Thank you kindly for suggesting it," answered the seedy looking tourist gratefully. "Shall I eat the melon out here?"

"I don't see how you can. We have no watermelon today."

"No watermelon at all in the house?"

"None."

"Then, madam," said the caller, in the tone of an injured man, "permit me to return the salt. I will not say I am angry, but I am hurt—deeply hurt. You have raised my expectations and cruelly disappointed them. I leave you, madam, to your own reflections."

He made a low bow, handed back the salt box with the air of a king declining a dukedom, and two minutes later he was on the back porch of the next neighbor's asking for a little horse radish.—Chicago Tribune.

He Did Not Get Much Satisfaction.

Quizzicus—How's business?

Manufacturer—Dull.

Quizzicus—Not doing well?

Manufacturer—Not very. At least, mine are not.

Quizzicus—Going to get out of the business?

Manufacturer—Heavens, no! What gave you that idea?

Quizzicus—But you are losing, you say?

Manufacturer—Yes.

Quizzicus—Then what are you making by staying in the business?

Manufacturer—S hirts, you idiot.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Judging from Appearances.

Thin Person—Mr. Cleaver, I think I'll trade with you hereafter. I've been buying my meat from the butcher across the way.

Cleaver—Well, you look it!—Munsey's Weekly.

She Was Ready for Him.

"Now show me the cow that gives the buttermilk," said young Dolley facetiously to the pretty milkmaid.

"Which one don't get that from the cow," replied the girl. "That comes from the goat."—Munsey's Weekly.

Unreasonable.

A hardened bachelor thus replied to the criticisms of some friends who upbraided him for not taking a wife: "You certainly could not expect me to marry a woman who'd be foolish enough to have me."—Judge.

Saved a Casket.

"It was horrible! He died in the bathing house."

"What did they do?"

"Buried him just as he died. It was a perfect fit."—New York Herald.

No Cause for Thanks.

"Did you give the captain a vote of thanks?"

"No. Why should we? He didn't run us into an iceberg or strike Fastnet."—Chatter.

Perhaps He Does.

"Ruskin admires the man who sings at his work."

"Then he ought to admire a professional tenor."—Munsey's Weekly.

They Go It Blind.

She—How do you manage to think up all the items in the Sick Exchange?

He—We don't think.—Lippincott's.

Not Too Green.

In drinking cows of dainty pink
(Or white) they add to milk
Preparing the attractive drink
Called "cream mixed with milk."

Old rags and bric-a-brac was she:
A junk dealer.

That is the very pink, to me,
Of sweet perfection.

Then surely not her tea has made
My vision rosy.
Then what makes do roses grow?
Like noses have they.

And that is odd! I define
This very minute.
I wish that dainty green were mine—
And she within it!

—H. E. W. in Life.

A DARING ROBBERY.

How Inordinate Greed Brought Its Own Punishment.

Clad in his bullet proof coat of mail, the trusty guard of the ice wagon sat in the iron plated turret on the hurricane deck of the vehicle, with his Winchester rifle in his hand, a collection of hand grenades within easy reach, and his belt full of navy revolvers of the largest size. On a little shelf in front of him was a pair of knives ready for instant use in an emergency requiring hand to hand fighting, and a powerful field glass for detecting an enemy at long range swung on a pivot in such a way as to command a view of the landscape in every direction. The driver of the wagon, as lightly attired as the nature of his duties would permit, sat in a bomb proof inclosure, and guided the horses by means of lines passing through portholes in the front of the cab. The athlete who occupied the responsible and dangerous position at the rear of the wagon and delivered the ice to customers was also equipped with bottles of vitriol for defensive use, and wore under his outer garments a suit of chain armor that had belonged once to a baseball umpire.

Under the watchful protection of the guard on the roof the wagon had stopped at the regular places, the man in the rear had made several deliveries of ice to customers in perfect safety, and as the driver turned down a wide street in a thickly settled portion of the town, with few persons in sight except children at play, the vigilance of the trio in charge of the ice wagon relaxed and a sense of security stole over them.

Suddenly as they passed an alley a troop of horsemen dashed out of it with a wild yell, half a dozen bows flew through the air, and before they could recover from their confusion the guard on the roof and the man on the rear step of the wagon were dragged from their posts, thrown to the ground and bound with ropes. This done a part of the gang opened fire with revolvers on the bomb proof casemate where the driver sat, and succeeded in occupying his attention while the others with crowbars and sledge hammers forced open the iron doors in the rear.

The plans of the daring robbers had been laid with care, and in less time than it takes to tell of it they had succeeded in their desperate undertaking, and were on their way out of the town with their booty, a chunk of ice weighing at least ten pounds, carefully wrapped in a blanket.

The knowledge that the news of the robbery would be flashed through the place and telegraphed far and wide, accompanied by offers of large rewards for their capture dead or alive, lent wings to the fleeing villains. They had held up many a train on the plains of Texas and in the rocky fastnesses of Missouri, but had never engaged before in a scheme of plunder on so gigantic a scale, and they rode from the scene of their exploit with the wild haste of men fleeing for their lives.

In a little clearing in the heart of a dense wood, miles and miles from the town they had left behind, these men halted at last.

Turning their jaded animals loose they gathered eagerly about their prize. Unrolling it with the utmost care they feasted their eyes upon the delightful outlines, and with hands trembling with excitement they prepared to divide it.

"No slouching!" thundered Broken Nosed Pete, as a gaunt villain with a saw drew it across the block a little to the left of the line he had drawn across it with a dagger.

Hair Lipped Montgomery to his feet with a terrible oath, knives flashed in the air, destringers were drawn and the sounding skies of the dim woods rang with the voices of men in angry strife.

High rose the din of conflict. The pitying sun looked down on Goggle Eyed Hank and Grizzly Jake, the Terror of Blood Gulch, engaged in a fierce combat, while Comanche Dick and Wild Mike rolled over and over on the ground, biting and gouging each other in frantic rage. Dare Devil Sam and One Eyed Jackson emptied their pistols at each other, and then fought at close quarters with brass knuckles and slungshots. In this way the battle had raged for some time without any decisive result, when a frightful, blood curdling yell from one of the combatants caused a suspension of hostilities. He had stopped fighting and was standing in wild dismay over the spot where the captured treasure had lain.

It had vanished.

While they had been fighting over its possession the sun had melted away a fortune!—Chicago Tribune.

A Fractional Memento.

Sir James—And were you in Rome?

American Lady—I guess not. (To her daughter) Say, Bella, did we visit Rome?

Fair Daughter—Why, ma, certainly! Don't you remember? It was in Rome we bought the lisle thread stockings!

American lady is convinced.—Punch.

Had Been Careful.

Guest—I believe I see several flies in this soup, waiter.

Waiter (in surprise)—You must be mistaken, sir. I was very careful to take them all out before I brought it in.—Detroit Free Press.

No Pretty Ones Wanted.

Applicant—I understood you wanted a cook?

Madame—Yes; I want a plain cook.

Applicant—It's a plain cook, is it? Is your husband a little bit fozzy?—Lowell Citizen.

A Dearth of Topics.

Fannie—I wonder why Mr. Simpson is always talking about himself.

Kate—Because he doesn't know any sensible thing to talk about—Washington Star.

Soldom.

Waiter—How do you have your steak?

Tramp—Rare!—Lowell Citizen.

More Than Punished.

"What is the charge against this prisoner?"

"He's a thief, your honor," said the policeman.

"What did he steal?"

"He took me picture without me knowin' it."

"The prisoner has the sympathy of the court—discharged."—Puck.

Why He Resigned.

Simmerson (after six months' tour of Europe, returns and visits the club)—By Jove, how natural everything looks! The old familiar faces—the very pictures seem to smile at me. I suppose I'll have to tell the boys all about my trip— Ah, here comes our president. Ah, major!"

Maj. Morgenroyd—Hello, Simmerson! By Jove, you look well. Come up! I tell you, my boy, you ought to take a trip somewhere. Why don't you go abroad for a month or two?—Lippincott's.

Why It Is Blue.

Mrs. Broughne—George, dear, why is the ocean blue?

Mr. Broughne—Because it has to embrace so many objectionable people.—Life.

Not the Proper Season.

"It wouldn't be fashionable, don't you know?" said the sweet summer girl, "out of season."

"How? It is always fashionable to elope," said the despondent lover.

"Oh, no! This is the season of the canteloupe."

And the lover brightened and thanked his stars.—New York Herald.

An Unfair Decision.

"I hear that Base Drummer is to be sent back to Europe."

"Yes. They decided he was not an artist."

"How did they reach that decision?"

"Well, unfortunately the collector had a headache when the trial came on, and after the third whack he decided the man was a nuisance."—Harper's Bazar.

Didn't Want Any Fractions.

"I've discovahed," said Willie Washington, "that my name is not in the census records."

"Indeed," said Miss Belle Pepperton.

"Y-e-s. I don't see why it was left out."

"Perhaps they didn't want to put the population of Washington down at 999,999½," replied that young woman.—Washington Post.

A Seeming Error.

Cleverton—I see the papers are criticising your grammar in our interview the other day. You had said, "Travers is dinner and you said "I don't see why Travers don't come" instead of "Doesn't come."

Dashaway (gloomily)— Those editors don't know Travers. They'll ask him to dinner I always refer to him as plural.—Life.

A Matter of Necessity.

Dashaway—Where did you stay in New port?

Travers—I had myself arrested and went right to jail.

Dashaway—For heaven's sake, what did you do that for?

Travers—It was the cheapest place I could find.—Life.

No Smoke Without Some Fire.

"What did you fire my a[illegible]tment for?" demanded the local politician angrily of the head of the department.

"I caught him smoking."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"In this office where there's smoke there's fire."—Philadelphia Press.

A Short Poem.

A brief poem on a boy and a water melon:

Morn: Roliksome.
Noon: Frollesome.
Night: Collesome.
—Washington Post.

Killed by the Shock.

Pangle—I heard that young Mr. Gerley died suddenly of joy the day after his marriage.

Cumso—Yes, he discovered that his father in-law's wedding check was good for the amount called for.—Epoch.

The Other Thing.

Razzle—Did you get that suit made to order?

Dazzle—Yes.

Razzle—You would have done better had you got it made to fit.—New York Herald.

She Didn't Care.

He—Will you have some ice cream, Bessie?

Bessie—I don't care if I do.

He (under his breath)—I wish you didn't care if you didn't.—Epoch.

When He Was Weak.

Ted—Palette is such an original young artist. He never repeats himself.

Ned—Nonsense! You should just hear him say good night to his girl.—Lippincott's.

At Bobby's Expense.

Bobby—Wouldn't it make a dandy noise to stick a pin in the balloon?

Little Johnnie—You bet it would. Let me stick one in yours.—New York World.

Defined.

"What are quadrumanas?"

"Monkeys and millionaires."

"? ? ?"

"They are all foreshanded."—Chatter.

Also Poor Author.

"The man who reviewed my book got $10 for it, while I only got $60 for the book."

"Well, you see your book was harder to read than to write."—New York Sun.

Dead but Not Forgotten.

"Poor Dumley is dead. He has paid his debt to nature."

"I wish he had been as considerate to me."—Munsey's Weekly.

An Embarrassing Query.

He—A true man will marry only for love.

She—Well, what do you propose to marry for?—Chatter.

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember we buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities at a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee, Imported and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Our cash sales exceed those of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profit.

New crop Tea, 25c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 25c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12c can: O. K. Baking Powder, 30c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 3 lbs for 25c; Headquarters for Gilt Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE Say

Dark outing flannels will be very popular this Fall for children's school dresses. We are displaying a nice assortment of them—price 12.

Gentlemen we will sell 50 doz. unlaundried shirts 50c quality for 39c each.

We put on sale, and 'tis the last, of those remnants of fine outing flannels. Our price 10c.

We are offering some extra good values in table linen, towels and napkins.

Our writing papers deserve special mention. One at 10c a box and one at 14c [illegible] is as good as you generally pay 25c for.

There are 100 sample corsets—Sizes 25 to 30. Corsets that sold for $1.00 and $1 25. We close the entire lot for 69c pair.

House-keepers will find many good things in our furnishing department. We keep a fine line of crockery, glass and tinware and sell them at popular prices.

We deliver goods everywhere free of charge

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The Nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c; GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75.

GIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 2½c per doz. Gasoline Five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMPY,

No. 43 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 128

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

[20 WEST FRONT STREET.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Truda J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or country in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1595

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor Front street and Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Front street, between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-14-1y.

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU P O. Box 793.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COO

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

in sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most coals in all ways seem to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. Also, with the use of the newest self-dumping wagons, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 126. Lumber constantly on hand. Planing and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two months to operate. Our apparatus is unapproved by the Board of Health, with the exception of odor, which is overcome. Orders received at Post Office, Manufactory, or 42 by Telephone, or 60 Grove street, or 42 Field Furniture. Phone 62, Telephone call 32.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention.

The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes cast for secretary of state in 1889, and one additional delegate for every fraction over fifty, cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE M. SHIPPMAN, LEWIS ELY,
HORACE E. RUDE, D. P. RAMER,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF,
Committee.

Dated August 4, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—The North Plainfield Republican primaries are to be held to-night.

—*Don't fail to attend the Republican primaries in North Plainfield this evening.*

—If you value your votes, attend the North Plainfield Republican primaries to-night.

—"The Dairy", 63 West Front street, advertise in another column eggs, milk, etc.

—There is to be a "shoot" for a silver trophy at the Campbell Club House, next Wednesday.

—The mosquitoes in this city are putting themselves to unnecessary exertion by working at night. Nobody will thank them for it.

—It is reported that a hard-hearted judge in Buffalo has decided that a baby carriage is a nuisance when it runs into law-abiding citizens.—Ex.

—Estelle, Taylor & Newman have an announcement elsewhere which will be good news to all lovers of Canada apples and new California apricots.

—Tuckerton in this State has fixed the license fee at $2,000 per year. There will be no affiliation between "Nip" and Tuck-erton this year.—New Brunswick Home News.

—Samuel Johnson, the teamster who so badly injured his leg while unloading coal at New Brooklyn a few day ago, has so far recovered from his injuries as to be able to walk out.

—The county fair at Somerville closed Thursday night after a very successful week. Large crowds were present on Wednesday and Thursday. The trotting is said to have been very good.

—The Crescents of this city and the West Ends of Somerville are contesting honors in a game of base ball on the Somerville grounds this afternoon. A large crowd of Plainfielders accompanied the home team.

—A prominent lawyer said recently: "The new election law is so cumbersome, complicated and expensive, that its repeal will be demanded in the near future. This is most likely what was contemplated by those who planned and passed it.

—There were 192 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 141 in the preceding week and 200, 134, 144 and 183 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 7,100, against 7,036 in 1889.

—If the Crescents do not win the game from the West Ends to-day, there will be a number of Plainfielders who will come home minus a number of dollars in cash. It is reported that there are about five hundred dollars bet on the result of the game. That is the bad feature of these games. Gambling cannot be stopped.

—A colored man who made himself obnoxious on Park avenue at about half-past ten o'clock last evening, was arrested by Policeman Cooney and Dobbs. He struggled violently to break away from the officers, but he it said to their credit, they did not use their clubs, and eventually landed him in the station house, where he cried like a child.

—Last year's short-hand class at the Y. M. C. A. contained four or five lads who were studying in the public schools and they proved to be apt pupils. Some of them expect to enter business life upon leaving school, and it is certain they will gutmore lucrative situations than they otherwise would. This because it is such a useful requirement and the demand for qualified short-hand writers is so great.

—Yesterday the Tea and Coffee Growers Association inserted an advertisement in THE NEWS to the effect that they proposed giving three pounds of sugar to every purchaser of a pound of 90 cent special mixed tea. Last night and this morning the store was crowded with purchasers, and the firm sent word to THE NEWS office to discontinue the advertisement as their supply of sugar was about exhausted.

—Down in Kentucky a man has been fined $175 00 and disfranchised for selling his vote for fifty cents. Whether he was punished for selling too cheap or for political immorality is not stated. Money in the bullrushes! what would become of the franchise in New Jersey if such punishment should obtain a footing here! The probable result is by several degrees too sad to think of.—New Brunswick Home News.

—Councilman A. T. Gallup is quoted in our unscrupulous contemporary as having made certain silly threats against us. It is needless, considering the source, for us to say that there is not the slightest particle of truth in the statement. Mr. Gallup has done some very foolish things, which has subjected him to public enticism forever, but he is not quite such a fool as the combine organ would make him appear. At least that is our opinion.

—"Jibone" is a new word just coined for the excitement of the vocabulary. It is pronounced "jy-boone," with the accent on the last syllable. The discoverer, A. Ogilvie, is defined as a man of unenviable political principles, but professing to be a Democrat, who embodies in his personality all the wisdom of his party—who knows everything and more besides; who fin his mind carries the party in his breeches pockets.—Warren Republican.

PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD, NO. 5.—OUR HANDSOME MAIN DEPOT.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE. MEN'S WAITING ROOM. LADIES' WAITING ROOM.
Manager Schermerhorn. Janitor—R. Martin. Janitress—Mrs. Johnson.
Asst.—Miss Killian.
BAGGAGE ROOM. TICKET OFFICE. SMOKING ROOM.
R. M.—J. Garretson. Agent—Edward Nelson and H. Hummer. Janitor—R. Martin.
Asst.—R. Smith.

Abstract of Ratables.

The following is the table of ratables prepared by the County Board of Assessors of Somerset county:

Townships.	Acres.	Real Estate.	Personal Estate.	Debt.	Valuation Taxable.	Polls.	School.	County.	Tax.
Bedminister	20,320	$699,170	$466,930	$230,004	$1,119,000	627	$53,031 09	$6,371 75	
Bernards	29,600	1,246,180	397,250	242,200	2,000,000	640	4,743 84	7,214 96	
Bridgewater	51,200	4,410,681	2,788,782	1,206,338	5,800,000	2,540	19,262 45	27,540 00	
Franklin	18,196	1,271,188	414,295	264,466	1,997,000	914	3,009 35	4,000 00	
Hillsborough	34,795	1,720,963	903,251	728,815	1,905,000	780	6,179 38	9,260 07	
Montgomery	30,140	980,187	413,015	278,100	1,022,000	498	3,325 00	4,906 64	
N. Plainfield	7,247	1,040,700	261,550	95,300	1,317,000	955	5,753 72	8,721 16	
Warren	12,627	396,130	98,820	37,970	339,000	373	1,026 70	1,504 86	
	185,375	$13,945,500	$6,470,885	$3,056,793	$16,606,000	7,304	$89,301 10	$120,000 00	

K. of P. Meeting.

Last night was indeed an old time meeting of Perseverance Lodge K. of P. and will long be remembered by those who were in attendance. The evening was spent in singing, speaking, etc. The candidate for Grand Outer Guards, P. C. Jones, gave his representation of a piano solo and Asa D. Pope held the reins for the Dunellen Knights. Benj. H. Force recited, John H. Carney amused all by his original and funny Dutch songs and sayings, and his burlesque on "tu te fruit te or why dont dey chew dere apron strings" was indeed laughable.

Mr. Hetfield's Employes Convicted.

The trial against the employes of Councilman Hetfield & Bros., who were arrested a few days ago on the charge of carting without a license, came up this morning before City Judge Codington. Mr. Krewson and Mr. W. H. Griffen testified that the men violated the ordinance, and City Clerk Conard testified that Hetfield Bros., had no license. After hearing the evidence the accused were adjudged guilty and are to appear for sentence Wednesday. Corporation Counsel Marsh represented the city and Mr. Walter Hetfield acted as Counsel for the accused. Proceedings can now be taken against the Hetfields, the employers.

—From now until cold weather is the best time of the year for bicycling. The weather is delightfully cool, and exhilarating and many citizens who did not buy safety bicycles during the hot weather, are now doing so, in order to ride during Indian Summer and enjoy the moonlight evenings, usually best at this time of the year. The Warwick safety is the strongest, easiest and best, for both ladies and gentlemen. Geo. W. Morrison at 21 West Front street is the agent.

—Our would be schoolmarmy, in its usual complimentary style and with a small t—which means little in a newspaper in fact as well as in name—says that THE NEWS a few days ago alleged that the combine returned home drunk from their excursion up the salt river (Hadson). THE NEWS did not make any such statement. We all know the party was returned to never get entirely drunk, at least not until after eleven o'clock at night, when they believe they are not liable to be discovered, and they can find an accommodating saloon-keeper to take care of them for the night, even if to do so he must violate the excise law. We said "they" of the combine, "will return home late to-night, safe we hope, sound we doubt, and sober we would not swear." We don't think it would be necessary. If we had as little regard for an oath as the combine and the Courier organ master we might have said it differently.

Burglars in the Post Office.

When George Cornell, assistant Postmaster, went into the Bound Brook post office yesterday morning he found the safe blown open and everything in confusion. Postmaster Mann was called and he found that the burglars had first attempted to gain entrance through the back door, but the latch and two bolts held fast, and they went to the back window, forced the bars apart and crawled in. They drilled a hole in the safe and, with powder, blew off the outer door. The cash box and the box used for postage stamps were taken to the cellar of Philip Prugh's new house on East street, where the box was pried open. About $75 was taken from it. The stamps *stolen amounted to as much more.* The entire loss is $150, besides the contents of two registered packages. The burglars were evidently experts.

Bitten by a Big Rat.

There was a lively scene at midnight Thursday in Bergbower's saloon on East Grand street, Elizabeth, known as the Elm House. A large sewer rat evidently chased by a cat or dog, rushed in the open door of the saloon. Several men were drinking at the bar. Peter Peterson at last caught him and was badly bitten in the hand. The animal was soon killed. Peterson was taken to a physician, who dressed the wound. Mr. Bergbower is proprietor of the City Hotel in this city.

Gave the Lawyers a Lesson.

Judge Beasley wound up the September term of the Middlesex Court at New Brunswick very suddenly. Finding yesterday that no case was ready upon a call of the list, he at once declared the term ended, saying: "I do not propose to put the county to the expense of having the jury panel present day after day when no cases are ready. I will return to this city on the 23d for the purpose of trying cases without jury."

Base Ball Notes.

It is said that the Plainfield base ball cranks have char ged a train of six cars to come to Somerville with to-day. Will they be as happy when they go away as when the come? —Somerville Democrat.

To-day is the great day with the base ball cranks. The old rivals, the West Ends and the Crescents will come together. Look out for a good game.—Somerville Democrat.

Democratic Delegates.

The North Plainfield Democrats held their primary meeting in the basement of the new school house last evening. The meeting was well attended. Messrs. John Bodine, Henry Woodland, John Vetterlein and Lewis Blackford were elected delegates to the Congressional Convention which is to be held at Belvidere on the 19th inst.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A., Sunday at 4.15 p. m. will be conducted by Capt. Geo. D. Morrison. All men welcome.

The Men's Christian Conference at the Y. M. C. A. will be held next week Monday, instead of Tuesday evening.

In the Third Congressional District.

The Democratic primaries for the Congressional Convention will be held throughout Union County next Friday night. The Convention will meet at Elizabeth, Monday, Sept. 22, at noon, to select a candidate for the Third District, comprising Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

PERSONAL.

Council H. R. Needham and family have returned to their home on Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, from a pleasant stay at the seashore.

Miss Margaret Burns has returned to her home in New York, after a pleasant visit at the home of her cousin, Mr. Hiram Duhy, of Chatham street, North Plainfield.

Mr. C. E. Bon, the principal of the North Plainfield Public school, returned Thursday from a very pleasant Summer visit to his mother's in upper New York State.

Mr. A. S. Ballard, a minister who is well known in this vicinity, entered his start in the world by making cigars. He is now one of the foremost ministers in the New Jersey conference.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day. It is also necessary to have them reach us the day before.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7:30, at the Jackson schools house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7:30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10:30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4:30.

Congregational church on West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday school at 11.50 a. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cubberly pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:45 p. m.

Meetings at Reform Hall under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. The cause demands your attention.

The doors of Reform Hall will be open tomorrow for the welcome admission of all comers at usual hours of 9:15 a. m. (basement) 4 and 7:30 p. m. (auditorium). In the evening an interesting address will be made by Samuel A. Haines, Esq., of Netherwood.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Praise service at 7:30 p. m. led by Mr. M. M. Dunham. And evening service at 8 o'clock. Deacon L. W. Serrell of the First Baptist church will preside. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All invited.

German Lutheran services at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 75 West Front street to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. E. Moldenke, D. D., of New York.

Rev. Mr. Livermore of New Market, will occupy the pulpit of the Trinity Reformed church to-morrow morning. There will be no evening service.

First Church of Christ at Amphion Hall. Mr. J. R. Cleaver will preach. Morning theme: Acts 2: 27, 28; evening 2 Peter 3: 1. By request. All are welcome.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

The Saturday evening gospel meeting of the W. C. T. U. at 7. 30 o'clock. Sunday at 9.15 a. m., and 4 p. m. The weekly prayer meeting on Tuesday afternoon.

Two services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, at 10. 30 a. m., the other at 8 p. m. respectively. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Weekly service Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

There will be services at the First Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. F. P. Ketchum.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles S. Mitchell, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Morning sermon by the pastor at 11 a. m. Subject, "He Could not be Hid." Epworth League at 7.45 p. m. Evening sermon at 8 p. m. Subject, "A Seeming Moral Paradox."

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Preaching at 11 o'clock by Rev. J. C. Furnald of Plainfield. All are welcome.

First Unitarian church, Second Place. Rev. Robert Clark pastor will preach. Service at 10.30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 11 45 a. m.

Still not Satisfied.

The State Liquor Dealers' Association held its annual meeting in Orange, on Wednesday, and adopted the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, Two years ago, through the efforts of the liquor dealers and our friends throughout the State generally, a Democratic Legislature was elected by a majority of the Republican Legislature would be returned to power, which was not done, etc.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1 Monday	72	82	74
2 Tuesday	68	80	72
3 Wednesday	68	82	74
4 Thursday	70	84	76
5 Friday	72	86	78
6 Saturday	74	88	80
7 Sunday	76	90	82
8 Monday	78	92	84
9 Tuesday	80	94	86
10 Wednesday	82	96	88
11 Thursday	84	98	90
12 Friday	86	100	92
13 Saturday	88	102	94

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

AN OPEN SWITCH.

Nearly Causes an Accident to Plainfielders To-day.

ROSELLE, Sept. 13th, (Special).—The 11 o'clock train from New York to-day, full of passengers, barely escaped an accident through the carelessness of the switchman near this place. He failed to close the switch after the previous train had passed, and the result was that the later train at usual speed was jerked to the track upon which the fast express was momentarily expected to pass. The passengers were very much shaken up, and one or two were thrown from their seats.

The train was stopped and quickly backed off the switch to the proper track. The conductor became very pale, fully realizing the *narrow escape from accident, and as he* passed the switchman he glared at him fiercely and expressed himself in loud terms, in language suitable to the occasion. The passengers were also indignant, and declared that they would demand his discharge. Among the passengers on the train was Mayor Male.

This Date in History—Sept. 13.

81 A. D.—Death of Titus, Roman emperor.
1759—Death of Montaigne, French essayist; born 1533.
1898—Death of Phillip II of Spain; born 1527.
1806—Death of Charles James Fox, English statesman; born 1749.
1814—*Battle of Fort McHenry, near Baltimore.*
1847—Battle of Chapultepec, Mexico. Chapultepec is an exceptionally strong Mexican fortress situated about two miles southwest of the metropolis. It consists of a rock rising to the height of 150 feet, and is crowned by a castle. Inside the castle were the military college of Chapultepec and the army battalion of engineers. The castle was captured by the Americans before the City of Mexico.
1859—Steamer Austria burned at sea; 500 lives lost.
1870—Lyons, France, said to be ruled by a committee of safety; red flag raised and a reign of terror.
1870—The German army in seven corps advanced on Paris.
1882—Battle of Tel-el-Kebir, Egypt.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your house by carrier.

Died.

LANE—In this city Sept. 13th, Mrs. Mary Lane.
Funeral services from Mt. Olive Baptist church, Sunday Sept. 14th, at 2 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited. 1t*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GOOD girl wanted for general house-work at 163 West Front street. 13-2

A BARGAIN—Brand new safety bicycle & 475. English make, all ball bearing. Never been ridden. Address Box 687, Plainfield, N. J.

A WOMAN, aged 40, desires situation in family where she will be treated as one of them. Is unusually respectable and capable. Address "J. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 9-5

BOARD wanted by gentleman and wife. A large room in second story, with closet required. Address "Boarder 18," care of EVENING NEWS, stating location, size of room and price, which must be moderate. 11-3

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 Park avenue. 13-6

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-6-mtf

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Single top phaeton. Apply at Sharp's factory. 13-6

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9-8tf

LOST—A pocketbook, containing a roll of bills. Finder may keep half. Return to "H" care of EVENING NEWS.

SAFETY BICYCLES—Second hand, all ball bearing. Price $50 at Carey's, corner Groves and Front streets. 12-5

TO LET—New 8-in-room-house on Richmond street near Third. Ten dollars. 13-6

THREE furnished rooms to let for light housekeeping. Address "Rooms", care of EVENING NEWS. 10-4

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-19tf

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Good sidebar buggy for a four-wheel surrey. Address E. F. Randolph, 10 West Fifth street. 13-3

WANTD—Single top phaeton. Must be in first class order, also horse to be warranted sound and kind. Address with particulars, "J" care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—Place to store in return for use two hours daily. Every care taken. Address "O" Post Office, Plainfield. 13-2

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Grosbeak seed. Intelligence office, corner Front and Somerset streets. 13-6

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and fancy worsted braids, and shoulder caps, built by hand, in the latest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also, second hand sewing machines for sale by Miss Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Chris Wolf's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Rivards is compelled at the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain in this city one week longer. She positively leaves on Wednesday morning, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and Evergreens, a beautiful collection for sale and to let; also BUILDING STONE, ESSEX and SUSSEX CLAY. Inquire at Donnelly Nursery, No. 27 Hillside avenue, Plainfield. 6-20-1y

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

200 dozen Mason Jars, 80c per dozen. 200 jelly glasses, 25c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. It is a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 15c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c *Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.*

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Now—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10¢ STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $20. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 7½X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 800 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS IN HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

in Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $95. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices reasonably low. Some odd pieces, less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

MUSIC HALL. M.R.A.

ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE

Weanesday, Sept 17.

RICE'S universally conceded most elaborate production of Comic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Scened and Costumed in the most extravagantly rich manner of any similar production known to the annals of the stage. 200 nights in New York. 100 nights in Boston. 100 nights in Philadelphia. 100 nights in Chicago. And the past two years in all the principal cities. Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Newman,

79 BROADWAY.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Leathers	$2.50, $4.50, $6.00
Pedals	2.00
Lantern Oil	.25
Oilers	.50
Lamp Lenses	.75 and 1.00
Dupler Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

6-button, embroidered back, in browns, tan and slate, good value, 75c

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 89c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Gladys" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,

10 WEST FRONT STREET.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Fanwood Township.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Health of Fanwood Township will be held at Knudson Hall, Scotch Plains, on the first Thursday in each month at eight o'clock p. m.

For the hearing of complaints and the transaction of such business as may come before the Board.

By order of the Board of Health.
F. W. WESCOTT, Sec.
Scotch Plains, August 7th, 1890. 15-13*

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter.

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

Plainfield Evening News.

ONE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SUNSET STREET.

W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

The purchase of bonds by the United States treasurer during the month of August made the whole reduction of the debt for that month over $20,680,000.

The Boston Herald remarks editorially: "It hardly needs to be said that we have no sympathy with the rolling at Chicago that just now, in various parts of the country, is a prominent characteristic of the press discussion of the prospects of the World's fair in that city."

One more day will be added to the scant holidays this working nation gives itself, and that is Labor day, the first Monday in September. With each year it becomes more and more generally and impressively observed. On that day working people throughout the Union will meet annually to note the progress they have made in a year—progress in intelligence, wisdom and material prosperity.

We flatter ourselves that it is hard to circumvent an American, except perhaps in diplomacy. A few years ago we were losing ground rapidly in the petroleum trade in Europe on account of Russian competition. Russia being near at the ground could supply petroleum cheaper than we could, and the trade seemed destined to be lost. Then some Yankee genius was struck with the brilliant idea of inventing the tank ship, which should be nothing but one great big vessel for holding oil, with room for engines and boiler under it, and hooks where the captain and crew might hang up around the sides. This at once revolutionized the trade, for Russian ways of transportation were slow and clumsy. Now American petroleum is on top again.

Chicago.

Chicago has some advantages for a world's fair that New York has not, and apparently never will have. Chicago policemen, Chicago street car conductors and drivers are the most polite and obliging of any in the world, probably. It is a fact that if you ask a car conductor there a question he will answer it, and not only that, but he will answer it kindly and civilly. Or an open car he will leave his perch to assist elderly persons and children to obtain seats and help them off the car. A conductor who should do that in New York would undoubtedly have a fit of illness; perhaps be discharged from his place. Chicago policemen are not quite equal in girth to those of New York. But if a belated stranger asks them at what corner he must leave the cable car to reach a given number the officer will whip out his street directory, and in two minutes tell the traveler the exact spot. Such a thing in New York is of so rare occurrence that when it does happen it goes into the newspapers.

This courtesy pervades all classes. A fashionably dressed lady will stop her promenade to direct strangers on their route. The people of Chicago have been so long glorifying their city that they lose no opportunity to impress its advantages on strangers. For this reason, perhaps without knowing it, they have grown to be courteous and kindly. You will see more downright brutal rudeness about the New York end of Brooklyn bridge in ten minutes than you will note in a month in Chicago. Plain facts may as well be put plainly. It is not that Chicago is less crowded, either. She has at least half a dozen streets that in the busy hours of the day are quite as thickly thronged as Broadway. In respect to being polite to strangers Chicago resembles Paris, and for the same reason—desire to impress them favorably with the city.

For this reason, too, if for no other, Chicago deserves the preference over New York for the World's fair. New York people do not know what they are saying when they seek to belittle the other city. This great and beautiful city that sprang up from its own ashes covers 178 square miles. Some of its business houses are seventeen stories high. Its fair parks, its boulevards that stretch along the blue lake for more than twenty miles, its avenues that are so broad whole trains of cable cars may thunder through them and leave room for wagon traffic on each side; its Auditorium, with a hotel hall way the length of a long city block, with square yard upon square yard of onyx panelling, with exquisite parade paving that would cover several city blocks—these are a few of the things which will impress the visitor that Chicago is in the right place in which to hold the Columbus exposition. The fair will not be a failure. A people who have accomplished so much already are equal to the task they have undertaken.

Let New York put her sneers in her pocket and go and see for herself. It is a very ungracious part to play to snap back and sneer. Let all the rest of the country co-operate cheerfully and generously. The Columbian exposition belongs not to Chicago but to the whole nation.

THEY DO NOT WISH DELAY

No Disposition to Hinder the Tariff Bill's Settlement.

ATTITUDE OF THE DEMOCRATS.

The McKinley Bill May Have an Easy Time in the House If the Republicans Do Not Force the Consideration of Other Partisan Measures.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The meeting of the ways and means committee ended before the senate tariff bill had reached them in committee of the whole an hour later it was received by the house. The subject was discussed in a general way, the members of both parties agreeing that the bill go to the committee and be disposed of as soon as possible. There was no disposition to delay manifested. The Republicans were not in a position to make any promises, however, on account of the insistance of members of their party that the bill be considered in committee of the whole.

The Date Not Fixed.

The date upon which the bill when enacted into law shall take effect was also discussed by members of the committee, but without result beyond the development of a strong individual belief that the date fixed by the senate—Oct. 1—was too early to admit of final action upon the bill and its distribution among the customs officers of the country.

What the Democrats May Do.

The committee is in session again today formally considering the bill and amendments, which, when they are reported by the house soon after the committee adjourned. It is said by some Democratic members that the facility with which their party assents to every effort of the majority to the Republican effort to hasten the final disposition of the bill is conditional upon the final programme which is to be adopted by the Republicans in the house for the remainder of the session, and that if it should be attempted to pass a threatened force bill or the bill to divide the Ohio districts as established by the last gerrymander, or to force through other pronounced partisan measures, resort will be had to all parliamentary means to obstruct the tariff bill.

To Determine Congressional Districts.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Mr. *Burton (O.)* has introduced into the house a bill to regulate the division of the respective states of the Union into congressional districts. The bill provides that within twelve months after the passage of an act apportioning to the respective states their quotas of members under the census of 1890, and within like period after the apportionment under each succeeding census, such states as are entitled to more than one representative in congress shall be divided into congressional districts by a state board to be appointed by the governor of the state. The districts are to consist of contiguous territory, and no district is to have more than one member. No district is to contain more than one-fourth or less than one-sixth of the number which, in the state, entitles it to a representative. The districts are to be compact territory, bounded as nearly as may be by the boundary lines of civil subdivisions or by natural boundaries.

The State and National Boards.

Each state is to have a districting board, appointed by the governor of the state, composed of four members, of whom an equal number shall belong to the two great political parties of the state, and shall upon taking the oath of office proceed to divide their respective states into congressional districts. In addition to the state boards the bill provides for a national board, consisting of five members, to be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate, two members of which shall belong to the two great political parties and the fifth is to be a person who has served not less than ten years as a judge, either of the supreme court of the United States or of the district court of the United States. The fifth member is only to vote in case the other members of the board cannot agree.

The national board is only to act when no apportionment has been made by the state boards and in cases where they are unable to agree, and in such cases its decision is to be final. In addition to the necessary expenses the members of the boards are to receive a compensation. Both of the members of the national board is to be $5 instead that of the members of the *state boards* is to be $10.

The Witnesses Paralyzed Them.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The special house committee investigating the charges against Commissioner of Pensions Raum met at the Pension office with the intention of examining the remainder of the clerks of that office promoted by Mr. Raum (138 in number) as to whether or not they held stock in the refrigerator company and if they received their promotions as a reward for taking stock in the company. The committee met in Commissioner Raum's office but the number of clerks that *put in an appearance to be* examined dazed them and they decided to allow a notary to take the affidavits of the clerks and submit them to the committee for consideration. The committee meet again Monday.

A Mexican War Veteran Drowned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—The body of Michael Bryson, an old Mexican war veteran, an inmate of the Soldiers' home, was found in the little lake near the home. It is supposed that evening home into Bryson fell into the lake and was drowned. Several drowning accidents similar to this one have occurred in this lake within a few years. Old soldiers who have made too many stops while on their way home at the various liquor saloons that are to be found along the roads leading out to the home.

A Sc. C. T. U. Liquor Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Mr. *Blair* has introduced in the senate a bill to prohibit the importation, exportation and interstate transportation of alcoholic beverages, which was referred to the committee on education and labor. The bill was introduced by request of the National Women's Christian Temperance union, through its attorney, Mrs. Ada M. Bittenedouse. J. D. Taylor has introduced a similar bill in the house, which was referred to the select committee on the alcoholic liquor traffic.

Clarkson and the Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Ex-Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson was honored at Republican league headquarters by a call from the Republican clubs of Maryland to thank him for his opposition to the present civil service law. Hon. A. Worth Bates, of Baltimore, spoke on behalf of the clubs, and Gen. Clarkson responded, defending his opposition to the civil service law.

PRINCE GEORGE JAILED.

He Knocked Down Three Roughs and Had a Royal Time.

MONTREAL, Sept. 13.—Prince George showed his pluck Wednesday night and got into serious trouble. The prince has been carefully kept from the public, and all questions are met with official denial. After the Academy reception on Wednesday night, Prince George returned to the hotel, changed his dress suit, only retaining his white tie and shirt front, Sherlock, and then started on a ramble of his lieutenants and a local nobody to see the city by gaslight.

While passing the corner of St. Constant and St. Lawrence streets the party were accosted by a number of ruffians, who asked for money. Before they had time to comply with the request, as was their intention, the prince and his friends were attacked. Just how it happened is not known, but in a moment the prince and his friends were engaged in a rough and tumble fight with six of their assailants.

The Montreal nabob was soon laid low, and for a few moments things looked hard for the prince and the officer. Six to two were big odds. Then the prince and the lieutenant got back to back, and handling their fists with true Anglicistic science, astonished the roughs. Three of these fell before the scientific hitting of royalty alone, while the officer laid two low, and the fifth took to flight.

Had matters ended here, everything would have been serene. But they did not, for along came two of Montreal's most stupid French "bobbies" who, seeing six men lying on the sidewalk and two others bending over them, arrested and took them all to the station in spite of the protests of the prince. They were all, of course, considerably battered and tough looking from the result of the fray, so no protests or requests could obtain release, and they locked up the royal prisoner.

Finally the sergeant of police consented to telephone for Col. Hughes, the chief of police, who came to the station in great haste, recognized the prisoner and immediately released him. Then there was a shaking up of lot of police, each expecting prompt dismissal, and somebody would have gone had it not been for the request of the prince that no such harsh measures be taken.

Humble apologies followed, however, and a hack was called for the prince and his friends, who accompanied by an escort, were driven back to the hotel. The affair has been a well kept secret; blue blood and royal fists conquered! Last evening the prince entertained his friends aboard *the Thrush*.

ENRAGED CENTRAL STRIKERS.

Advised to Resume Work at Albany—A Disorderly Meeting.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The strike on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad seems to be over as far as Albany is concerned. The only closing scene was acted last night at the Lark street rink, when the men were advised to get back to their places. Edward Bowran called the meeting to order, and was greeted with a roar by two or three of the audience by saying that the strike was still on. John Harris was called upon when the disorderly crowd somewhat subsided, but his address called forth the wildest excitement, and it seemed that a riot was imminent. Mr. Hart said that he would be money here on Monday, and he was called a liar. One man asserted that the leaders were living *high and easy* at the expense of strikers' counsel instead of giving bread to hungry men and their families. Master Workman Dulin got the floor and said:

"You are a set of d—d white liveried curs, and you will sneak back to work because a number of dirty paid newspapers say the strike is over."

During this speech it looked as though the meeting would break up in a general row. Men were anathematizing each other and the leaders of the latter in a frightful manner. When Master Workman Dulin's voice could be heard above the tumult, he advised the men in a few words, choked with sarcasm and rage, to get back to their places. All the speakers spoke harshly of the newspapers. The meeting broke up in confusion.

Fatal Explosion in a Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 13.—An explosion of gas occurred at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon in the Wilkesbarre shaft of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company. Seven men were in the mine at the time and one of them, George Ford, was killed in the explosion. Isaac Jones was badly injured. The gas was ignited by Ford, who dropped his safety lamp from the carriage on which he was descending. The excitement was intense until the rescuing party which went down was hoisted to the top. They brought with them the six men who were in the slope at work, including Jones, the man injured. Ford's body has not yet been recovered.

He Tried to Assault the Judge.

DANBURY, Conn., Sept. 13.—George W. Wallace and George A. Wallick, who a few weeks ago entered Larne's jewelry store, knocked down and gagged the clerk and stole $10,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry, when arraigned for trial today pleaded guilty and were *sentenced to* twelve years' imprisonment each. As sentence was pronounced upon Wallace he jumped from his seat, kicked over his chair and made a rush at the judge. He was overpowered by the officers and removed.

Lafayette's Hazing Scrape.

EASTON, Pa., Sept. 13.—The alleged fatal hazing case at Lafayette college is not so bad as reported. Medina, a Spaniard, and a number of a dozen or more sophomores who did the hazing and who was reported to have been fatally clubbed with a baseball bat, is suffering from a cut two inches long on the forehead and a discolored eye. The doctor says that his skull is not fractured and that he will be out in a week. The faculty has begun an investigation and will make an example of the hazing party.

Alleged Violation of the Factory Law.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 13—Deputy State Factory Inspectors Feeney and Rooley have procured warrants here against George B. Cluett, J. W. A. Cluett, Robert Cluett, J. H. Coon, D. W. Coon and H. C. Stansil, comprising the collar firm of Cluett, Coon & Co. It is charged that the firm has been violating the factory law by requiring employes to work more than ten hours a day. Lewis A. Shaver, of the Wayside Knitting mill, has been arrested on a like charge.

Twenty Miners Intombed.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—An explosion occurred Friday in the Laurahutte colliery at Stranfurt. Twenty of the miners are imprisoned in the pit and their fate is doubtful.

The Baltimore at Stockholm.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The United States cruiser Baltimore, conveying the body of Ericsson, entered this harbor at 7:55 last evening.

TO MARK GRANT'S GRAVE

Description of the Recently Accepted Duncan Design.

IT WILL COST HALF OF A MILLION.

Not by an Ingenious Arrangement in the Plan It May Be Made to Look Complete for $150,000—The Mausoleum Described by Architect John H. Duncan.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The designs for the Grant monument submitted to the executive committee of the Grant Monument association will be on public exhibition at the Origins art galleries, No. 305 Fifth avenue, for a week, beginning today. The following detailed description of the successful design was sent by Mr. John H. Duncan to the executive committee:

Designer Duncan's Description.

As I conceive it the problem is to produce an edifice which shall be unmistakably a monumental tomb for every point of view it may be seen, while as to its accessories it shall contain a grand memorial hall and a depressed mortuary chamber with a double sarcophagus, where will repose the mortal remains of Gen. Grant and his beloved wife.

In striving to solve this problem I have determined that:

1. There must be an unmistakable expression of repose and dignity in the architecture conformable with the character and purpose of the structure.

2. The treatment must be that of a unit and not of a mass composed of parts. I have kept the head and provided for certain portions of the main structure to be built from time to time with the amount of money in hand, feeling convinced that such *parts as are finished shall give the appearance* of a completed structure as far as it is possible.

3. It is absolutely essential in work of this character to avoid all resemblance to a habitable dwelling, and therefore I have used the pyramidal form in preference to the domical, although in the group of statuary, afterward to be determined on.

In the treatment of the exterior I have kept closely to the general treatment and general detail of the best Greek architectural precedent.

Grant and His Generals.

The great size of the memorial hall, which I have designed to be both impressive, instructive and useful, has led me to leave the the lintel construction and adopt the vault and arch form of Roman work. My main object is to present in the present drawings the form of my proposed mausoleum, and therefore the equestrian statue of Grant's generals at the four principal armies, on the columns in front, the full relief panels on the sides for portraits of the several major generals acting under the main general, as well as those of the other groups and figures indicated, are simply suggestions showing sculpture at points where the edifice would best receive or require them.

Like Napoleon's Tomb.

While my arrangement of plan recalls the tomb of Napoleon in the Hotel des Invalides, so far as the open crypt is concerned, I have placed it in an apse, leaving the entire portion of the memorial hall *clear for any patriotic or civic gathering*, such as the annual meeting of the Grand Army, the Army of the Tennessee, the Society of the Cincinnati, etc., while at the end of the hall I have constructed a rostrum for the various dignitaries, from which a complete view of the large memorial hall may be seen. The vista of the entire length is also obtained from the entrances, terminating in the apse and the guardian figure over the granite tomb.

Dimensions of the Monument.

The general dimension of my main structure is as follows: A square base, 100 by 100 at the ground line, exclusive of the steps and the projection of the portion on front and apse at rear. The total height of the mausoleum would be about 160 feet from the base line, or nearly 200 from the water level of the Hudson river. From the center of the memorial hall floor to dome is 100 feet. The outer gallery will be 130 feet above the ground line, affording a complete view of the surrounding country for miles. Although the extreme top of the mausoleum may be reached by steps above this gallery it will not be kept open for the general public.

Weather Indications.

Generally cooler and from fair to partly cloudy, preceded by rain.

Mrs. Stephenson.

178 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hcur Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5 15 tf

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

COR. ROBERT ST. AND PARK AVE.

Gentlemen's Fine Leather and Buffalo Shoes.

Ladies' Oxford Ties

Russet Apples

RUSSET SHOES

Are the most comfortable shoes for summer wear. If you desire a pair you can be suited at my store. I have just received a fine stock of

Russet Apples

Kept in Water, and

Wool in Shoes.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

AGENCY FOR

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, Repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-ly.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

CARNEY BROS., AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved water closets, sewer gas and back-water traps.

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owner whereby we are employed as agents and general managers.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit a continuance of their valued orders which will receive our prompt attention.

Personal supervision given by the general office of said plant.

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite Union Depot. Residence, 46 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 35 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 72 dozen pints(imported style)..15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative.

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

45 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter T. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down *everything as low as possible, consistent* with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

THE FINANCIAL CRISIS.

Stringency in the Money Market Causes Much Alarm.

THE ACTION OF THE PRESIDENT.

Upon His Advice Secretary Windom Offers 125 for Outstanding 4 Per Cent. Bonds and Anticipates a Year's Interest on $5,000,000 Worth of 6's.

CHESTER, Pa., Sept. 13.—The president is closely watching the tone of the money market. With a view to meeting any further emergencies he spent nearly two hours Friday afternoon conferring by telegraph with the treasury department. The principal results of the telegraphic conference were the issuance of orders by the president to anticipate the interest on outstanding currency 6 per cent. bonds to an amount not exceeding $5,000,000; to offer to pay 125 for outstanding 4 per cent. bonds instead of 124, the rate heretofore offered. The conference between the president and treasury department also has reference to the propriety of suggesting an extension in the bonded period under the proposed new tariff law, but that subject was deferred without conclusion for further deliberation. It is quite probable that the president will decide to make a recommendation to congress respecting the matter. Secretary Halford has recommended to the telegraph company that they arrange to transfer their present telegraph office, which is now in the old colored church, to a room in the Mountain house, where it will be more convenient for the president to conduct his telegraphic conferences, which, it is thought, may be more frequent during next week.

A Flurry in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—All considerations other than the money market and the conditions affecting it dropped out of sight in Wall street yesterday. The flurry the previous day led the street to expect a lively time in money on account of the necessity for providing funds to carry over to Monday morning, and these anticipations were justified. No rate was quoted for call money in the board until about 11 o'clock, when it was posted at 30 per cent., an advance over Thursday's opening figure of 15 per cent., from which point it rose to one-half of 1 per cent. commission and 6 per cent. legal rate, or about 188 per cent. per annum. This was the highest peg of the day, and in the afternoon money on call gradually declined to 5 per cent.

Rumors Afloat.

The effect of the high money rate was naturally severe upon the general list, but, in addition, the announcement by the Sugar Trust officials that it had been decided to pass the dividend caused that stock to lead the whole market on the down grade. The fall in this regular list during the forenoon, though less pronounced, was material on account of the shifting of loans, but about 1 o'clock a brief relief was given by rumors that Secretary Windom would shortly offer to redeem about $25,000,000 worth of 4 per cent. bonds. It was also reported that the secretary of the treasury had had been in conference with a number of prominent financiers at the offices of the First National bank, but officials of that institution denied all knowledge of Mr. Windom's whereabouts or that he had visited the bank.

Heroic Action Is Necessary.

It is believed, however, that he was visited in Washington on Thursday by a delegation of New York bankers. Every one admits that heroic action will be necessary to avert commercial disaster, and the redemption of a large block of the 4's would, in the opinion of many financiers, have important and almost immediate effect in relieving the present stringency until the return flow of money from the interior begins.

Secretary Windom in New York.

Secretary Windom arrived in town yesterday and visited Wall street. He was very reticent in regard to the reason for his visit to the metropolis.

The Cry for More Money.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Gen. Nettleton, assistant secretary of the treasury, last night made the following statement: "The treasury department today, in addition to its regular disbursements, which are unusually heavy, paid out $2,348,084 on account of bond purchases and advance interest, as follows: Interest prepaid, $1,063,034, redemption of 4½ bonds, $533,950; purchase of 4 per cents, $750,000.

"The 4 per cents. purchased yesterday were accepted at 125. This is the first considerable purchase of 4 per cents. for some time, and the price paid is 1 per cent. above that heretofore paid under the circular of July, 1890. The government has not withdrawn from the market for 4 per cents, and the treasury is ready to take a considerable amount of 4's if they are to be had.

What the Treasury May Do.

"The total balance of duties due on all imported merchandise in bond at the port of New York on Sept. 1 is only $17,500,000. Only a moderate portion of these goods will be subject to increased duty under the schedule in the new tariff bill. These facts would seem to indicate that anxiety based on this feature of the situation had been largely without foundation.

"As to further measures of relief in so far as the existing stringency can reasonably be said to be due to the inevitable operations of government revenues, the treasury department will not hesitate to apply such effective remedies as the law permits and the situation requires."

To Fix Interest on the Sixes.

It is said that one of the minor measures of relief for the market that may be adopted by the treasury will be the payment in advance of a year's interest on the $65,000,000 of government bonds known as currency 6's.

A Financial Peril Pointed Out.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—The Boston Merchants' association has passed this resolution: "That in 1 month it would be fixed as the date when all goods deposited in the United States bonded warehouses at the time which the pending bill becomes a law may be withdrawn, and the duties to be paid shall be those in force prior to the passage of the new bill. We desire to urge this suggestion as applying to the large amount of goods now in bond, which, if withdrawn by Nov. 1, would cause a dangerous financial strain which would be of no benefit to manufacturing or mercantile interests and would be likely to cause widespread injury to business interests of all classes."

Experts Brought $16,0000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The 3-year-old filly, Experts, by Prince Charlie—Marguerite, has been sold to P. A. Walcott for $16,000.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Boston—										
Boston	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	8
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2

Base hits: Boston, 7; Philadelphia, 12. Errors: Boston, 0; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries: Clarkson and Gunson; Gleason and Clements.

At Chicago (First game)—										
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Base hits: Chicago, 17; Cleveland, 5. Errors: Chicago, 1; Cleveland, 3. Batteries: Lahy and Kittridge; Whitney and Somers.

Second game—										
Chicago	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	6
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Chicago, 12; Cleveland, 5. Errors: Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 2. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge; Young and Bowen. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati (First game)—										
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburg, 6. Errors: Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 2. Batteries: Dolan and Keenan; Hecker, Phillips and Wilson.

Players' League.

At Brooklyn—										
Brooklyn	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	1	8
Boston	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: Brooklyn, 14; Boston, 8. Errors: Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 4. Batteries: Weyhing, Hemming and Kinslow; Daley and Kelly. Called on account of darkness.

At Cleveland—										
Cleveland	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Base hits: Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 9. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Chicago, 3. Batteries: Gruber and Brennan, Baldwin and Farrell.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
Brooklyn	600	—
Cleveland	700	—
Cincinnati	—	1,200
Chicago	—	1,700
Boston	—	1,400
Totals	1,300	4,405

American Association.

At Columbus—										
Columbus	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	4	
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Columbus, 7; Louisville, 7. Errors: Columbus, 1; Louisville, 2. Batteries: Knauss and Doyle, Ehret and Bligh.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

W. Brockie, president of the Philadelphia Maritime Exchange and well known in shipping and mercantile circles, dropped dead on Chestnut street from heart disease.

A strong sentiment prevails among a portion of the National Guard's fair commission that the double site is an unfortunate selection, and the matter will undoubtedly be subjected to further action.

John Gonors, charged with the murder of John Walker on June 28, 1887, at Watertown, N. Y., has been indicted for murder in the first degree.

A committee of the grand jury at New York, after paying an unexpected visit to the penitentiary and the hospital on Blackwell's Island, report that they are grossly mismanaged.

Rains continue in New York state and have extended to other parts of the country, doing great damage. Snow and cold weather in the northwest threaten great damage to wheat and corn.

Gen. Ezeta has been regularly elected president of Salvador by the congress.

Archbishop Corrigan was officially welcomed in St. Patrick's cathedral at New York by a large congregation of clergy and laity, to whom he made an address.

Davis Dalton, the American swimmer, has bolstered up his alleged swim across the English channel by swimming twenty miles down the Thames.

In response to the clamor of the press New York will have a recount of her population.

Democrats claim large gains in Colorado.

Two Men Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 13.—Two unknown colored men belonging to a Baltimore schooner were drowned opposite Gloucester. Their vessel, the Mary Duncan, of Baltimore, is anchored in the stream opposite the town, and the two colored men were alone on board. One of the colored men was seen swimming about the schooner. Suddenly he threw up his hands and cried, "Save me!" His companion leaped overboard to rescue. He must have been clutched by the drowning man, for both men disappeared before the horror stricken crew of an adjacent vessel could do anything.

Census Juggery in St. Paul.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Superintendent Porter has received the following telegram from James H. Wardle, who is in charge of the work of making the recount of the population of the city of St. Paul: "Not a person was returned from the Catholic parochial school or Union depot building. Three persons were enumerated in The Globe building, 135 in the Hotel Ryan and none in The Pioneer-Press building. In the first enumeration 257 persons were returned as residents at the parochial school, 945 at the Union depot, 350 at the Hotel Ryan and 110 at The Pioneer-Press building."

Niagara's Tunnel Contract Signed.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 13.—A telegram has just been received here from W. B. Rankin, secretary of the Cataract Construction company, stating that the contract for building the tunnel has been signed. There is great rejoicing on the street over the news which has been so anxiously awaited for nearly four years.

NEW FIRM

N.B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. B. BUCKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST

FOUGHT TO A DRAW.

An Interesting Mill Between Mike Brennan and Tommie McCarthy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The much talked of ten round "bout," with small gloves, between the heavy weights Mike Brennan, champion of Montana, and Tommie McCarthy, of Buffalo, champion of western New York, took place last night at the Knickerbocker athletic club, in a quiet New Jersey town. There was great interest in the contest for the reason that Brennan had fought forty-nine rounds with Joe McAuliffe and a ten round draw with Jack Dempsey, and that admiration for McCarthy's skill and strength, and predicted that he would beat his man within ten rounds. McCarthy had the advantage in height, weight and reach, standing 6 feet tall and scaling at 168 pounds, while Brennan is 5 ft. 9 in. in height and weight 171 pounds. Brennan, who is 26 years old, had the advantage in experience, having been in many hot battles. McCarthy is but 20 years old.

Jack McAuliffe, the light weight champion, was referee. McCarthy opened the leading and planted several hard left handers on Brennan's stomach. Brennan returned for the head, but was not true in his aim, and McCarthy easily avoided them. In the third round Brennan caught his man on the nose and drew first blood. In the fourth and fifth rounds McCarthy was more cautious, but Brennan landed a couple on the body. Near the end of the fifth, McCarthy got in a stiff one on Brennan's jaw and turned him around, but failed to follow up the advantage thus gained.

In the sixth each man landed a facer and there were several clinches, in all of which Brennan was seen to the more effective work. In the seventh McCarthy twice tried to get in a right hand upper cut, but couldn't. Brennan hit him twice in the face with his left. In this round McCarthy cut Brennan's under lip with a full right hander and the blood trickled down on his breast in a stream. After that Brennan seemed tired, and another rap on the jaw sent him reeling about and down to his knees. The ninth and tenth were a draw, each man evidently being willing to keep away from the other. Jack McAuliffe declared the match a draw and the crowd applauded.

A Minneapolis Witness Testifies.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 13.—The United States grand jury laid aside for the St. Paul census case and took up the charges against the Minneapolis enumerators. William Henry Eustis, a prominent attorney and a member of the citizen's committee, was the first witness. He described in detail the midnight raid on the Minneapolis enumerators, their abduction to St. Paul, release, and the facts connected with the census fight, but nothing was brought out incriminating any one.

Pullman and Westinghouse Deny It.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—The rumor of a consolidation of the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing company, of Pittsburg, and Pullman's Palace Car company as telegraphed from Pittsburg, is denied by Mr. Pullman and Mr. Westinghouse. The story, it is said, originated from the fact that George Westinghouse, Jr., is in this city arranging for the erection of shops at Pullman for use by the Westinghouse Electrical company in its electrical motor business.

Educational.

EDUCATION.

Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address MISS. ALberti, P. O. Box 1059.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Mrs. J. L. Anderson, pupil of Professor Stockhausen and Albiez, resumes lessons in vocal culture at her residence, 160 West Front street, Monday, September 22d. Mr. Anderson refers among others to Professor Sieffin, New York, Mrs. D. Ogden Mills, Professor Dorsey and Mrs. Hyde. 12 2w

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after September 15. Circulars on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS JOANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano**. Lessons given either at her residence or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Graduate of the Oswego (N. Y.) State Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, a graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in Elocution and Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will soon be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-1f

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music. She will also form a class in the Boston method of singing, as taught by Signor Tosi, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of violin playing. Will also form a class in the art of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. Harmony 9 2 2w*

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English history, physiology, Geology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASSES in CHILDREN'S and A COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-20m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. E. Keuyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

Park place, corner Fourth street. For young ladies and children; will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DUDLEY, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Gertrude and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council of the municipal council and will come up for action necessary to its passage at the next meeting of the Common Council to adopt the same. R. STOWARD, City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., September 1, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE

To macadamize and grade Seventh avenue from the south easterly side of West Seventh street to the north westerly boundary of the city.

Whereas the owners of more than 2/3 fronting on Plainfield avenue between the said Seventh avenue and the north westerly boundary of the city have petitioned for the macadamizing and grading of the said Seventh avenue between the points hereinbefore named, and have agreed to pay the whole cost of the said work and improvement and have deposited the amount required for the same; the sum, of two thousand dollars, therefor.

Therefore, be it ordained by the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That Seventh avenue from south easterly side of West Seventh street to the north westerly boundary of the city, for the width of sixteen feet, that is to say for the distance of eight feet on each side of the center line of said street, be macadamized for a uniform depth of six inches with crushed stone of good quality and proper size, and that the same be properly laid, compacted and rolled so that when complete the surface of the said avenue shall even and shall conform to the grade of said street established for said street by ordinance, and that the said work be done under the supervision of the Street Commissioner, who shall have power to do all necessary grading of said street, and to remove all ledge rock lying the same to conform with said grade as already established.

SECTION 2. In order to protect said street and the macadamizing thereof from surface water the gutters of said street on both sides thereof shall be graded to conform to the grade of said street to the city line as aforesaid, shall be protected by tailings or larger pieces of crushed stone, and be kept open and free, by the order of the Street Commissioner, proper culverts or drains shall be constructed for the proper carrying off of said surface water, said work to be done under the supervision of the Street Commissioner.

SECTION 3. That the owners of property fronting on said Seventh avenue shall pay or cause to be paid into the City Treasury the aforesaid sum of two thousand dollars on the completion of said work, said owners having agreed so to do and after applying such sum toward the cost of said work and macadamizing as hereinbefore provided, the remainder of such cost shall be at the general expenses of the city and be paid as provided by chapter 221 of the laws of New Jersey for the year 1890.

SECTION 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Time 26.46.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street, ETC.

H. N. SPENCER,

Grocer and confectioner, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Choice groceries and provisions. Wines, granite, stone, earthen and glass ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure cider vinegar. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

D. [illegible] In sashes, cards, [illegible], paper, bar cards, etc., at the Daily Press Printing House, 107 Park place, corner Front street. Middle Brook Block, North Plainfield.

Desirable Building Lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Bonnet street. Address

R. F. M. Chase,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Agent, Park place. Call and see them. 500 feet above sea level.

A. D. S. Tilsworth

Life Insurance,

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue Plainfield

Don A. Gaylord,

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Southern road street.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIS

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor Front street and Park avenue.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot, along Plainfield avenue to Watchung avenue, Bound brook, Dunellen and Somerville. Beyond the borough limits two cents.

Connect with the 6:32, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 6:37 and 10 a. m. and 6 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington's Rock. Leave Somerville, which leaves New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m. Leave corner Second and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 8:30 a. m., 1:25, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARTON MAILS.

Arrive—9:40 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 5:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 8:00, 8:37, 9:06, 9:30, 9:54, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:06, 1:30, 2:06, 2:30, 3:06, 3:30, 4:06, 4:30, 5:06, 5:30, 6:06, 6:30, 7:06, 7:30, 8:06, 8:30, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 p. m., 12:06 night. Sundays at 5:37, 6:58, 8:00, 8:37, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 a. m., 12:06, 12:30, 1:06, 1:30, 2:06, 2:30, 3:06, 3:30, 4:06, 4:30, 5:06, 5:30, 6:06, 6:30, 7:06, 7:30, 8:06, 8:30, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 p. m., 12:06 night.

Leave New York at 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays at 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Passengers for Newark disembark at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 4:56, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Sundays at 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 4:56, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

Arrive at Somerville at 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 4:56, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Sundays at 8:00, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 4:56, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:15, 9:45 a. m., 4:45 p. m. Sundays at 8:15 a. m. Passengers for Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem and Mauch Chunk.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 10:45, 11:30 a. m., 3:59, 5:47 p. m. Sunday 8:03 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Watkins, Williamsport and Scranton.

8:00 a. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

8:30 a. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

9:00 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Pittston.

9:30 a. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

10:00 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Pittston.

11:30 a. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

12:00 noon. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Pittston.

1:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

3:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

4:45 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Sunbury, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Pittston.

4:56 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

5:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

6:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

7:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

8:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

9:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

10:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

11:30 p. m. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

12:00 night. For Trenton, Bristol, Branch Easton, Lorraine, Torresdale, Holmesburg, Tacony, Frankford Junction, Philadelphia, Wissinoming, Bridesburg, Fox Chase, Bethayres, Somerton, Forrest Grove, Jenkintown, Edge Hill, Glenside, Abington, Meadow Brook, Ogontz, Rockville, Wyncote, Noble, Elkins Park, Jenkintown and Wayne Junction.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE-STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7:00 a. m. To meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st., to Depot, to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

1st trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
2d do	9.30	do	9.37 do
3d do	10.30	do	10.37 do
4th do	11.30	do	11.37 do
5th do	12.45	do	12.50 p.m. do
6th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 p. m.
7th do	3.00	do	3.07 do
8th do	3.30	do meet	3.37 p. m. train.
9th do	4.30	do	4.37 do
10th do	5.45	do	5.52 do
11th do	6.45	do	6.52 do
12th do	8.30	do	8.37 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer aves. Nos. North Plainfield according to the above time tables, to make connections.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:17, 2:48, 11:3 a. m., 1:25 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 2:48 a. m., 1:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3:37, 5:38, 10:02 a. m., 2:40, 4:40, 10:30 p. m. Sundays 8:52 a. m., 3:30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 2:37 a. m. Loop p. m.

For Philadelphia, Trenton and Bordentown 1:17, 2:48, 3:37, 5:38, 9:40 a. m., 12:55, 2:40, 4:40, 10:30 p. m. Sundays at 1:17, 2:48, 3:30 a. m., 1:30 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. R. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

NEW YORK DIVISION.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 8:00, 8:37, 9:06, 9:30, 9:54, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:06, 1:30, 2:06, 2:30, 3:06, 3:30, 4:06, 4:30, 5:06, 5:30, 6:06, 6:30, 7:06, 7:30, 8:06, 8:30, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 p. m., 12:06 night. Sundays at 5:37, 6:58, 8:00, 8:37, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 a. m., 12:06, 12:30, 1:06, 1:30, 2:06, 2:30, 3:06, 3:30, 4:06, 4:30, 5:06, 5:30, 6:06, 6:30, 7:06, 7:30, 8:06, 8:30, 9:06, 9:30, 10:06, 10:30, 11:06, 11:30 p. m., 12:06 night.

Leave New York at 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Sundays at 7:00, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 a. m., 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30 p. m., 12:00 night. Passengers for Newark disembark at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:00, 9:30, 10:00, 11:00, 11:58 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 4:45, 4:56, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 night. Sundays at 8:00, 9:30,

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Old Furniture Made New with Gilding, Paint and Bright Ribbons.

The Decorator and Furnisher advises a correspondent how to renovate a set of cane seat chairs with painted frames, old fashioned, but of attractive shape, as follows:

We would have the paint scraped off with glass and the surface smoothed with fine sand paper. Then we would have the chairs gilded, and interweave narrow ribbons in the cane seats and backs. For the purpose you can use ribbons of several colors—turquois blue, old rose, moss green and golden, or olive brown, for instance, or you can use several shades of a single color. The effect is beautiful, and thus you would have a charming set of chairs. Instead of gilding you could have the chairs of some delicate color or white picked out with gold, and if you have any of the small, old tables with marble tops, once fashionable, you could paint them en suite with the chairs, and finish them with ribbons tied around the standard or the legs, and fluttering bows. Pale pink or primrose China silk, trimmed with fringe of silk tassels strung on twisted cord. Very much can be done out of odds and ends of cast off furniture by an ingenious woman to give a modern and pleasing effect.

Cleaning Carpets.

Perhaps the most thorough way to clean a carpet, especially a Brussels, says Good Housekeeping, is to lay it on a clean grass plat, face down, and beat it as it lies there. After being beaten thoroughly it can be dragged by the corners over the grass, which will brush off all adhering dust, and the carpet will be cleaned in the most approved manner. To beat a carpet on a line is but a poor substitute for the work is not as well done, unless by the most patient beating, besides not being as easy as the first mentioned way.

Don't let carpets be tacked on the floor, as is being practiced in some cities. That dry compound that is brushed on the carpet is only soft soap, nothing else, colored and perfumed, perhaps, with assafras. It is true that it makes the carpet look clean, but it is well known that more or less of that soap stays in the back of the carpet, having worked its way through along the sides and in the corners. Any one versed in chemistry knows that this soap which is left in the carpet is resolved into common grease, attracting myriads of flies, carpet bugs and insects of all kind, besides decomposing and filling the rooms with dangerous gases from this disgusting compound of grease, wool and dirt.

An Ideal Cup of Coffee.

"Grind moderately fine a large cup or small bowl of coffee; break into it one egg with shell, mix well, adding enough cold water to thoroughly wet the grounds upon this pour one pint of boiling water, let it boil slowly for ten or fifteen minutes, according to the variety of coffee used and the fineness with which it is ground. Let it stand three minutes to settle, then pour through a fine wire sieve into a warm coffee pot; this will make enough for four persons. At table first put the sugar into the cup, then fill half full of boiling water, add your coffee and you have a delicious beverage fit for the gods, a revelation to many poor mortals that have an indistinct remembrance of and an intense longing for an ideal cup of coffee," says an importer of the above brand. It will suit either the recipes of many lands. If cream can be procured so much the better, and in that case boiling water can be added either to the pot or cup to make up for the space occupied by the milk as above.

Home Soda Water.

The introduction of the siphon has made a revolution in summer potables. It is now possible to procure the most delicious soda water in our own house. A siphon of this water kept in the ice box and added to any rich, home made fruit syrup will make in a second a most refreshing drink.

The syrup which is often left over after preserving pineapple, peaches, raspberries, strawberries or any other fruit should always be saved and not allowed to be used with siphons of soda water. Nothing tastes more delicious in the mountains, woods or seaside than this home soda.

An Easily Arranged Portiere.

In our cut is shown a portiere which, though simple and easily arranged, will be found to have a good effect in any material that drapes nicely.

Cretonne, rep, tapestry or plush is lined with a contrasting color and gracefully

DRAPERY FOR A DOOR.

hung in wavy folds, held by an upholstery cord. A breadth of the material is added at the side to fall from the top as a drapery, with corkscrew ends.

Sweet Melon Pickles.

Take ripe muskmelons or canteloupes, not too ripe, cut them in pieces an inch thick, and about one inch thick, and for five pounds of melon make a syrup of two and a half pounds of sugar and one pint of vinegar, with spices. Cinnamon and cloves are generally preferred. The the spices in a thin muslin bag, put in the melon and let it stand slowly three or four hours, or until it becomes clear. Then take out the melon and boil the syrup until it becomes quite thick; then pour it over the melon and seal up in glass jars.

Browned Crackers.

Dissolve an even tablespoonful of salt to a pint of cold water; split some hard crackers (Boat's or Boston), dip the halves one by one in the salt water, butter them and place in the oven to crisp. Eat hot with tea.

Oatmeal water for toilet use is made by boiling a small quantity of oatmeal in water and then straining it.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

SIMPLE EXPERIMENTS AND POPULAR NEWS AND NOTES.

The Paradoxical Result of a Curious Experiment in the Science of Pneumatics Explained by Means of Illustrations That Illustrate Indeed.

Take a short tube, provided at one end with a funnel shaped opening (see cut), and a small ball of wood or other light material.

Place one end of the tube in the mouth, and attempt to hold the ball against the

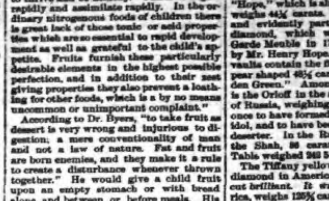

FIG. 1.—EXPERIMENT IN PNEUMATICS.

other end by drawing in the breath. The attempt will be unsuccessful, as the ball will fall immediately to the ground; but if one places the ball against the funnel and blows strongly outward it will remain in position, overcoming, apparently, both the attraction of gravitation and the force or the current of air. This paradoxical result is explained by the curious fact that as the air rushes out around the ball a partial vacuum is produced in the funnel shaped end of the tube, and the ball is thus held in position by the excess of atmospheric pressure on the outside.

Popular Science News, commenting on the above from La Nature, suggests that if any one desires to try the experiment a similar apparatus can be made out of a piece of tin. But a simpler and equally effective illustration of the principle, says the same authority, can be shown with an apparatus constructed from a piece of glass tubing, or even a pipe stem (B, C), to one end of which is attached a circular piece of cardboard (A), as shown in Fig. 2.

A second disk of cardboard (D) is then placed on top of the first, and it will be found impossible to blow it off, and the

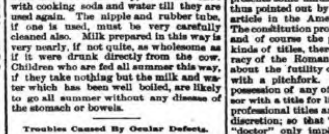

FIG. 2.—EXPERIMENTS IN PNEUMATICS.

apparatus may even be inverted without its falling while the blast of air is kept up. To prevent the upper disk from falling off the edges of the lower one should be turned up, as shown in the engraving, or a pin may simply be passed through the center of the upper disk so as to project into the tube.

The New Steam Life Boat.

A new steam life boat, built of steel and with fourteen water tight compartments, has made her trial trip in England. This boat is described by the London exchanges as follows: The boiler and engine rooms are brought up about three feet above the main deck, and are closed by iron covers to the man holes, air being supplied by forced draught. The passengers' space is shaft like, and is fitted all round, and will hold about thirty persons. The mode of propulsion adopted is a turbine, taking in water through the bottom of the boat at its apex, and discharging the water when it has attained its maximum velocity through tubular orifices on each side. About one ton of water per second is discharged. The speed at which the vessel ran on her trial trip was over eight knots. From full speed ahead the vessel can be stopped in thirty-two seconds, and way can be got on her again in four seconds. She carries a mast with some sail power forward, the mast being lowered when needful.

Globular Lightning.

This is a rare phenomenon. The general description of the occurrence is that a luminous ball is seen moving very slowly, not touching any object, and eventually breaking up with a violent explosion and the appearance of several flashes of ordinary lightning. It is reported that the occurrence described has lasted at least a couple of seconds. Ordinary lightning, as is well known, is practically quite instantaneous. The size of the ball on different occasions has varied from that of an orange to that of a large glass lamp globe, or even larger. Many physicists refuse to believe any accounts of this manifestation of the electrical discharge, but the reports of it are too numerous and circumstantial for us to consider them to be entirely baseless, says Engman's Magazine, authority for the foregoing.

The Electric Launch.

The smoothness and quietness of the motion of an electric launch compared with the rough and noisy steam launches, and the disadvantages of the naphtha launch, have made it a general favorite wherever it has been used, and its speedy adoption is, we should think, to be looked for, says The New York Sun. It has been suggested that electricity be adapted to steam boats, which is now being done in number, and also, especially in England, every season. One of these floating dwellings could then travel from place to place with its own independent self contained propelling power.

Speed of Wasps and Bees.

A writer in The Scots Observer says that he has sprinkled individual wasps and bees with the colored powder and has found that these handicapped they could with ease keep up with the fastest trains when speeding through the glens and valleys, and over gradings in Scotland. Nor were these carried along in the rush of air caused by the train. They would come in and out of the window, sometimes remaining for a minute or more, but frequently returning again and again. At distances of from five to ten miles they dropped behind, when others took their place.

A New Industry at Kimberley.

What the Chinaman does on the Australian gold fields the unemployed in the diamond city of Kimberley have now turned their active brains to, says The Cape Times. The tops of bottles are being cut into rings and other articles of jewellery, which have actually been taken in hand, and a good business is being done in cutting and polishing the bottoms of which have been left behind.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Why Children Crave Fruit—Fat and Fruit Are Born Enemies.

With regard to the value of fruit as a food for children Dr. J. Hyams says in Babyhood: "Children crave and hunger after fruit because their rapidly growing bodies exercise the tissue producing functions to an extreme degree, and this constant strain necessitates extra nutriment and assimilation if the child is to continue to thrive and be healthy. Children depend upon fruit almost regularly. In the ordinary nitrogenous foods of children there is great lack of those toxic or acid properties which are concomitant to rapid development as well as grateful to the child's appetite. Fruits furnish these particularly desirable elements in the highest possible perfection, and in addition to their not giving properties they also prevent a loathing for other foods, which is a by no means uncommon or unimportant complaint."

According to Dr. Byers, "to take fruit as dessert is very wrong and injurious to digestion; a mere conventionality of man and not a law of nature. Fat and fruit are born enemies, and they make it a rule to create a disturbance whenever thrown together." He would give a child fruit upon an empty stomach or with bread alone, and between or before meals. His theory is that "fruits are 'golden' in the morning, and every hour thereafter depreciate in value until night, when they are worse than useless for children—dangerous."

Keeping Milk Sweet Without Ice.

A physician gives in The Baltimore Sun the following method for keeping milk sweet in hot weather without ice: The milk when bought is at once put into ten or twelve bottles; yeast bottles are good enough for this, one bottle for each nursing. As much water as is desired is added, say one-sixth or one-quarter the amount of the milk. The bottles, which ought not to be quite full, are then corked tightly with a wad of raw cotton two or three inches long. The bottles are next placed, five or six at a time, in a pan of cold water which is heated to the boiling for at least half an hour. The bottles are then put in the shade, still corked with the cotton, and when the baby wants it, nurse one of the bottles is unstoppered and the nipple is put on as usual.

One of my patients, says the physician, keeps milk fresh all day in this way, putting it in a cupboard in the yard without any ice, and the milk agrees nicely with her baby. Of course the bottles must be cleaned immediately after each nursing with hot water and soap, and then filled with cooking soda and water till they are used again. The nipple and rubber tube, if one is used, must be very carefully cleaned also. Milk prepared in this way is very nearly, if not quite, as wholesome as if it were drunk directly from the cow. Children often will not consume this way, if they take nothing but the milk and water which has been well boiled, are likely to go all summer without any disease of the stomach or bowels.

Troubles Caused By Ocular Defects.

That weaknesses or imperfections of the eyes may be the unsuspected causes of various troubles apparently in no wise connected with the organs of sight is asserted by Dr. Oliver, who says that headaches which come on after sewing, reading, watching a play or otherwise using the visual organs in a special direction for a period of time, are usually the direct results of ocular defects. Neuralgia, dizziness, mental depression, melancholia, St. Vitus' dance and even epilepsy have been shown to be directly dependent in certain cases upon refractory errors for their causation. To some people glasses are a revelation, revealing colors and beauties of nature never before known to exist. Glasses not only increase the power of vision and greatly relieve the work of the eye, but they actually prevent the occurrence of ocular diseases of the eye and of reflex affectations in other parts of the body, and effect the preservation of good vision throughout life.

One Thing and Another.

Cold tea is a grateful eye wash. Wet soft linen in it and bind over the eye, bathing freely with the tea from time to time.

The elevation of the head of the bed by placing under each leg a block of wood the thickness of a brick is said to be an effective remedy for cramps.

Simple, finely ground powders, such as chalk and magnesia, are pronounced entirely innocuous by an authority on skin diseases. They often act as a useful protection against external irritants.

Sweet spirits of niter is a simple remedy for ivy poisoning. Bathe the affected parts two or three times during the day, and the next morning little trace of the poison will remain.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Pretty Fancies in Note Paper, Menus and Cards for Society Purposes.

Novelties are sought for in stationery for social uses as in everything else, and among them may be noted pretty papers in pale pink, with dainty little clusters of violets in one corner; in sky blue, with forget-me-nots of deeper and varied shades; in cream, with the surface powdered with faintly defined violets or roses, or in very pale fawn, with an interlaced design, called "parquet," from the fancied resemblance to flooring of that name, covering it all over. Some white note paper, called "delft," with a fancy bar of the color of the wash basin, and a design in dots such as is to be seen on pottery of that name; and some in pale primrose, with two or three swallows skimming across it, are also worthy of notice.

Cream laid paper with delicate gold edge, and the crest or monogram in gold, still holds its own. Birthday and holiday cards are those in the form of an envelope with 1890 in raised gold letters on the flap, and "With best wishes for your birthday (or —— Christmas) and the year."

Menus vary from the plain cream ones, edged and stamped in gold, to the most fanciful that can be imagined. Among attractive designs are the soldier's wife looking back having a web all over it, with a few flies entangled in it, and a spider watching them; the bellows, in the coloring and form of a small hive; the moon and stars, carried out in gold on a pale tinted surface; the poodle, with a little plaid dress of a white and black poodle at two corners, on a granite ground. In many cards there are some resembling a panel of a Louis XV. room, with a floral top carried out in delicate scroll tracery of metallic painting, with "Menu" in gold lettering in the centre. Some pretty menus are in pale tinted card, edged with gold, and a little swinging Cupid, trying to catch a butterfly, on the cover.

Cricket, croquet and tennis club invitation cards are edged with the appropriate emblems, very tastefully and effectively carried out. Very prettily designed cards are made for entertainments in connection with games or special feats represented figures in various attitudes at cricket, lawn tennis or golf.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Some of the Celebrated Diamonds of the World.

The Regent or Pitt diamond, weighing 136 1-16 carats, and originally purchased by Lord Pitt, is the finest large diamond in the world. It was discovered in India in 1701, and weighed when it came in the rough. It was the most precious of the French crown jewels, and was one of the few retained by the government on the great sale in 1887. The finest blue diamond is the "Hope," which is almost sapphire blue and weighs 44¾ carats. It is an Indian stone, and evidently part of Tavernier's blue diamond, which was stolen from the Garde Meuble in 1792. It was purchased by Mr. Henry Hope. The Dresden Green vanilla contains the finest green diamond, a pear shaped 48¾ carat brilliant, the "Dresden Green." Among the largest diamonds is the Orloff in the sceptre of the emperor of Russia, weighing 195 carats. It is fabled once to have formed the eye of an Indian idol, and to have been stolen by a French grenadier. In the Russian treasury is also the Shah, 86 carats. Tavernier's Great Table weighed 242 5-16 carats.

The Tiffany yellow diamond, the largest diamond in America, is a flawless, double cut brilliant. *It was found in South Africa*, weighs 125¾ carats, is of a rich orange-yellow color, and is the finest yellow diamond in the world. It is valued at $100,000. The "Great Mogul" was described by Tavernier, the famous traveler, in 1676. He states that its weight was originally 793½ carats, but in cutting it was reduced to 279 9-16 through the stupidity of the cutter, who is said to have been fined his entire fortune for his carelessness. This magnificent stone was named after the founder of the so called Mogul dynasty in India. It has disappeared, though some identify it with the Koh-i-Nur (Mountain of Light), which weighed when first brought to England 186 1-16 carats, but was reduced by recutting, in 1852, to 106 1-16 carats. The Koh-i-Nur is the "diamond of romance," is now among the English crown jewels.

A diamond weighing 457¼ carats was found at the Cape in 1844. It has been cut into a brilliant of 180 carats. The finding of this stone is enveloped in mystery. The name "Victoria" was given to it in honor of the queen. Streeter, authority for the foregoing, names it as undoubtedly the largest brilliant known in his "Great Diamonds of the World."

Titles in the United States.

The subject of titles in the United States presents some amusing features which are thus pointed out by Garrick Mallery in an article in the American Anthropologist. The constitution prohibits titles of nobility, and of course the people insist upon all kinds of titles, thereby proving the accuracy of the Roman poet's oft quoted lines about the futility of expelling nature with a pitchfork. Not only does a day's possession of any office baptize the possessor with a title for life, but often official or professional titles are bestowed as a mere discretion; so that "colonel," "judge" and "doctor" only imply some peculiarity in form, manner or clothing. In this multiplicity and plethora it is strange that some men confer titles upon themselves without authority, and it is far more dignified and distinguished not to bear or claim any. This is because all titles of honor and distinction are degraded by misuse, e. g., that of "professor," now the perquisite of ballroom dancing masters. If there can be no argument with a superstition.

The best treatment of the folly would be to let every man take what title he chose, but pay for the privilege. The result would be that either the craving would diminish, or the revenue increase from the taxation of a useless luxury, either of which is a desideratum.

Celebrities Who Smoke.

Mr. Labouchere, we are told in a recent number of The Spectator, is one of the most constant habitues of the room of common smoking room. Mr. Bradlaugh also loves the smoke room, for he can smoke a big cigar and drink very black coffee. Lord Randolph Churchill is a great slave of the cigarette. Mr. Parnell, before he was taken ill, almost lived in the house of commons for weeks together, and after dinner regularly had a cup of coffee and a very small and very mild cigar. Sir William Harcourt and Mr. Chamberlain are equally regularly had a cup of coffee and a very small and very mild cigar. Sir William Harcourt and Mr. Chamberlain are equally remarkable for their love of the cigar. The cigar in both cases is very strong; the difference is that Mr. Chamberlain always has them good, while Sir William Harcourt, like the Alsatian innkeeper, seems to choose by preference the cheapest and the worst. Mr. John Morley has a few very mild cigarettes, but he is not often in the smoke room. Mr. Balfour has never been seen there. Mr. Gladstone will not lend countenance to the weed which he detests by even a glimpse into the smoke room.

Arbor Day.

The object of Arbor day is to encourage tree planting, and thereby in some measure counteract the depletion of forests. The credit of inaugurating this day is claimed by the Nebraska state board of agriculture, which in 1874 recommended the second Wednesday of April in each year as a day dedicated to the work of planting trees. Thirty-five states and territories have since then by legislative enactment or otherwise established an Arbor day, which however does not fall on the same date in each of them. It is not a legal holiday in all of these states and territories, the exceptions being Idaho, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Rhode Island, and the day is set by the several governors.

The Golden Prime of Literary Labor.

About 40 is accounted by one writer as the golden prime of literary labor. It was between the age of 35 and 45 that Wilkie Collins wrote his four best stories. Thackeray, at 36, produced "Vanity Fair," and at 41 when he published "Esmond." Dickens wrote "David Copperfield" at 38, and about the age of George Eliot when "Adam Bede" was made her famous; and Anthony Trollope was 43 when he achieved his first great success with "Barchester Towers." Lever, however, reported to have written the "Cantenary Tales" between 34 and 35. Victor Hugo's two romances, "Notre Dame" and "The Toilers of the Sea," were produced, the one in his 30th, the other in his 45th year.

Costly Metals.

Barium, we are informed in the Jewelers' Circular, is more than four times as valuable as gold, and gallium more than 1600 times as much. Many of the rare metals are twice and thrice as valuable. Aluminum, which now costs $6 or $8 a pound, will eventually be produced as cheaply as steel. When this time comes it will push the latter metal out of a great many of its present uses, as it possesses many valuable properties and qualities, with extreme lightness of weight. Its sources of supply are inexhaustible, and at present light cost arises from the difficulty of its extraction from its valuable forms. Indium seems to be chiefly useful for pointing fine gold pens.

ENCOURAGE NEW ENTERPRISES

By patronizing the originators of selling Tea, Coffee and a full line of groceries at reduced prices in Plainfield.

Remember we buy our goods direct from Importers, and Manufacturers in large quantities as a saving of from 10 to 25 per cent., of which, we give our customers the profit. We carry the largest and most complete stock of Tea, Coffee. Imported and Domestic groceries in Union County.

Our cash sales exceed those of any two or three stores in our line in Plainfield, thereby enabling us to sell on small profit.

New crop Tea, 25c lb; Chipped Dried Beef, 25c lb; Golden Rio Coffee in Bean, 25c lb; Choice New Salmon, 12c can: O. K. Baking Powder, 20c lb; White Oil (150 test) 10c gallon; Sugars at cost; Best Grade of Patent and New Process Flour; Crackers and Cakes a specialty, 3 lbs for 25c; Headquarters for Gilt Edged Elgin and Philadelphia Creamery Butter.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

I. H. BOEHM'S
POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.
Specialties this week in
Dress Goods, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

Worsted Plaids double width 12 1-2c, 36 inch Wool Piannels (all colors) 25c, 36 inch English Cashmeres 25c, all wool Fricot Cloths 49c, 40 inch wool cloths in stripes and plaids at 50 worth 65c.

CARPETS! CARPETS!
Good Heavy Ingrains 25, 30, 37, 42 and 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17, 33, 40 and 45c. 4 4 Oil Cloth (ex heavy) 23c, Good Fancy Mattings 4 12 1-2c.

7 West Front street.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,
CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

WE STRUCK IT LUCKY

This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE
22 W. FRONT. STREET.
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Cash or Installments.
NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS
TO RENT
SECOND-HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.
TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY
THOMPSON PARK,
No. 23 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy
21 West Front Street.
Delicious Soda Water
Many new styles this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular.
Prescriptions carefully compounded
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.
Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste. 25c. per bottle

We Offer You Goods Low.
HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.95.
Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.
MASON FRUIT JARS 85c. GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qts., $2.25.
Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.
CROQUET $1, $1.35 and $1.75.
FIVE PER CENT. CASH.
1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.30 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline fire gallons, delivered, 75c.
PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,
No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126

AN $8 SALE.
TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL
All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,
FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.
Don't Miss This Great Bargain.
CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.
Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-18-1y.

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Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
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DR. GRIFFIN,
will cure
Rheumatism,
Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 65 Rase Second street, corner of Washington.

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50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
in sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most cars is always taken to others in the misses, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stones. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This with the use of steam and dry kilns for drying, enables the to fill orders in the most prompt manner. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 109. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams at reasonable rates. Our apparatus is superior to any in the State of Jersey. Particular attention paid to distributing. Orders received at Post Office, Manufacturers of by Dan Leave, Garden and Field Fertilizers, 25 Pine St., Telephone call 25.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE WATER WORKS CO

THE DUBIOUS FRANCHISE SOLD TO EX-CONGRESSMAN KEAN.

The Price Said to be $50,000 Mr. Moore Yields After a Hard Struggle.—A New Company will Organize to Complete the Work.

Mr. Charles Moore has finally given up the struggle of trying to build without capital a water works system for Plainfield, and has turned the franchise over to his principal bondsman and creditor, Ex-Congressman John Kean, Jr., who in consideration thereof has agreed to discontinue his suits against Mr. Moore, and to reimburse him for the trouble he has been to as to the projector of the enterprise.

Judgment was obtained against Mr. Moore last week when it became evident that he could neither pay the city or Mr. Kean, who was the principal creditor. Mr. Kean was disposed to be lenient as long as there was any prospect of Mr. Moore paying him, and the city finding responsible to the city as Mr. Moore's bondsman, it was necessary finally to protect himself from loss.

The time for the execution of the judgment was up Saturday, but it was not passed, since Mr. Moore decided to accept Mr. Kean's generous offer to help him out of his difficulty. It is understood that Mr. Kean gives him $50,000, which Mr. Moore claims is the amount of his indebtedness, including a liberal compensation for his own services.

It was unfortunate for Mr. Moore that he ever allowed himself to get mixed up with the Plainfield combine, and the local paper with its no one trusts. That was the starting point of his downfall. Until this time a bright genius, in our judgment, never appeared on the horizon of this locality. Let us review him in connection with the scheme.

First he entered into fair competition for the franchise, not only with the shiest of our citizens, but also the shiest in New York, Chicago and Boston, and won. That of itself was greatly to his credit, but follow him on.

The contract was carefully prepared to try and guard against every contingency. After months of preparation, and when it was supposed to be perfect, printed copies were placed at the disposal of our citizens, and all were urged to look the proposed contract over carefully and make any suggestions likely to improve it. Some were made and acted upon. Mr. Moore, as a party to the contract, naturally had a hard in preparing it, and manifested such a spirit of liberality toward the city that he seems to have completely hoodooed everybody. Since there isn't a word any where in the contract, at least as far as we have been able to find, that would enable the city to take possession of the works in case the company failed to carry out its part. On the contrary, the city was required to proceed and finish the work, and when finished turn it over to the company, charging only the actual cost, so long as the company remained solvent.

It is doubtful if the city could either grant another franchise or build and operate its own works. This would be on the ground that one cannot sell a property to another and then go into the business calculated to depreciate the property sold. That was another point showing Mr. Moore's shrewdness.

Then there is a provision in the contract wherein the city to buy the works within one year after completion a more or less per cent advance on the cost and business, twenty per cent. the second year, and so on. But there are no restrictions on the cost. True, it is to be based upon "the market value." But that is an indefinite term. In such a contract as this we do not think it would avail at all.

Here is an instance we have already given; The cost of the twenty wells is put at $11,000. We have have it on the best authority that they could have been sunk an average depth of 40 feet—the depth they are estimated to be —for $1,000. Now, Mr. Moore as attorney for the company making a contract with Mr. Moore as engineer of the company, could easily place a value on his services and assistants, that would make that difference in favor to the company, and the company could truly say that it found the market value of the $1,000 wells $11,000.

These are a few of several points we observed in scanning the contract in the light of recent occurrences which led us to draw public attention to the company's condition, so that the city might not suffer loss.

We might give many more similar instances in this matter, but think these will suffice to show why from the outset we have referred to Mr. Moore as a victim of unusual shrewdness, who with a little more capital would probably have tided over.

He had not the capital. He might have got all he wanted, but, as we stated, for his miserable in gaining himself mixed up with a body of officials whose conduct had made them of such exceedingly bad odor as to arouse the hostility of our leading citizens generally without regard to party. His next mistake was that he sought to try and boom his enterprise in a paper devoid of character or respect for even the principles of fairness and truth. He thereby aroused suspicions that did not previously exist. His organ had its usual fatality. He sowed its wind and reaped our whirlwind, for it seems that only four articles in the News, replies in his, have forced him to succumb. When he had an opening he showed up his company's condition as to have him without a peg to hang on, and yet not without respect for him as an exceedingly clever person, who had over-reached himself, and did what we have all doubtless done sometime in our lives—"blown off more than he could chew." He doesn't mind the ridicule that he has done, and in his hour of adversity will be sympathy. In anything right we will help him until better times.

Mr. Kean has associated with himself several prominent capitalists, and the company will commence with the city, as they are financially unembarrassed to do and thus far with such men he be cause for apprehension that our city will in anywise suffer, or that it will not have the best Water Works system obtainable.

The final arrangement for the transfer is to be signed with a seal and then acknowledged before and Mr. Moore speaking the day to-morrow for that purpose.

ELECTRICITY OR OIL.

FOR LIGHTING THE BOROUGH OF NORTH PLAINFIELD.

The Problem Now Bothering the Borough Statesmen.—Four Measures Under Consideration.

Some months ago THE NEWS told of the efforts being made by the Borough Council Committee on Fire, Water and Lamps, to save $1,000 a year to the taxpayers in the cost of street lighting, and at the same time obtain more lights than at present.

Councilman Sebring, the chairman, has been thoroughly investigating the subject, and is satisfied that much better service can be secured than is now given for the amount expended.

The money appropriated for street lighting is $3,000, which goes to the company now having the contract. It expires this year, and, as it is usually made for a term of years, it is important that any decision arrived at be within the next few months.

To this end various plans are now under consideration.

The council are not all agreed in the matter. One member favors renewing the present contract, another favors the Edison company using the lamps and doing its own lighting. Still another favors abolishing the lamps altogether and giving the contract to the Plainfield electric light company, continuing the Plainfield system of incandescent lamps, it being understood that the company is willing to furnish electric lamps at the same cost now paid for oil. And still another favors introducing the Edison system because of superior advantages offered whereby the borough may have arc lights for streets and Edison incandescent lamps for dwellings. The Edison company has made an offer considered very good.

To buy the lamps, including posts, and erect them to continue the present system at $1000 saving a year for many more lamps, it would cost $50,000. There has been no provision made for the money, and could not be before the tax levy next year. It could then be done and still keep the taxes less than this year, for the Johnston Drive bonds, which called for $5,000 per year, were paid off this year and are out of the way. It has been thought that it would be necessary to issue bonds, but because of supposed prejudice is to feared such a step would not be favored by the tax payers. By this plan enough money would be saved which is now paid in profits to the company to pay for the lamps entirely in three years. And that of itself ought to commend the plan, if it was decided to continue such a system. But several members are satisfied that the progressive spirit of the borough would not be content with naptha lamps while electric lights can be had so cheaply.

These, therefore, will try to decide the wisest step to take in the matter of electric lights.

There is a feeling against making a contract with the Plainfield Electric Light Company again because of the policy it pursued a few years ago, which was considered so offensive that the company was compelled to remove its street poles and wires out of the borough entirely.

The proposition of the Edison Company seems, therefore, the one thought most acceptable. A representative of the company has been looking into the matter, and is reported to have declared himself satisfied that with the water power obtainable a more satisfactory light can be furnished than by any other system and at a less price.

In the event of the reintroduction of electric light of any kind, however, conditions ought to be imposed to protect the numerous large and beautiful shade trees which careless wiremen greatly injure by placing the wires so that the coating is rubbed off by contact with the tree, to which the escaping electricity is sure death. There are several instances about Plainfield, notably one of the large shade trees in front of the Methodist church, and another on Park avenue, where the trees are thus ruined. The borough officials will no doubt exercise their usual good sense, and act so as to meet with full public approval.

JOTTINGS.

—A fair is to be held early next month for the benefit of St. Mary's church.

—North Plainfield public school opened this morning. No special exercises were held.

—Policeman Cooney last night arrested Samuel Cubert on the charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—To-day is being observed as Jewish New Year. Services were held in the Jewish synagogue on East Front street.

—The United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association are giving sugar away for this week only. Read their advertisement to-day.

—A woman was fined ten dollars and costs by Justice Hardy this morning. The charge against her was drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—Saturday last the Middlesex county court granted licenses to Ellis A. Campbell of the Campbell Club House, John Mannion of Bound Brook, and Patrick Fitzgerald of Piscataway.

—The street railway franchise will probably come up for consideration at the meeting of the Borough Council. Council then over and some action in the Water Works question may also be decided upon.

—"It is said," according to the Somerville Democrat, "that the effect of the new law by which went into force Sept. 1, is to stop building operations to a great extent throughout the state. Many people have willingly owned to what he said, but the majority and manager and a dispute with Gibbs, and after some of their workmen are passed hastily to get rid of their opportunity. It does not appear that any member of the last Legislature has the courage to oppose this measure, but likely the majority of the members were ignorant of the object of the page-covered bill."

BASE BALL MATTERS

THE CRESCENTS DEFEATED SATURDAY AT SOMERVILLE.

The Score 2 to 1.—The Defeat a Surprise.—Hope to do Better Next Time.—The Westfielders' Queer Charges Answered by Manager Burnett.

The Plainfield Crescents with about six hundred of their friends and admirers visited Somerville Saturday afternoon to contest honors with the West Enders of that place in a game of base ball. The game was very interesting from the start, but the Somervillians won by a score 2 to 1.

Both teams played so though their lives depended upon winning the game, and it was one of the closest contests that has ever been played between the two nines. Grogg was in good condition, and considering everything he pitched a wonderful game. Jones caught him to perfection. But Freddie's errors lost the game, and he himself claims that the score should have stood 1 to 0. McNelis did wonderful work in the field. He accepted every chance. Jack Hatfield and Martin also played to perfection, and Billy Lee, the grand stand favorite, upheld his colors in every manner.

Harkins of the West Ends upheld his reputation as a cyclone pitcher and held the visiting team down to a very few hits, being successful in striking a number of them out. But Grogg and Jones are still able to hold up their end of the game and we predict that on Saturday next will end with a diff rent result.

WEST ENDS.

	AB	R	O	H	PO	A	E	LS	SB	SO
Carbonnel, c.f.,	3	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Farrell, 2b.,	4	0	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Williams, 3b.,	4	0	3	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
Harkins, p.	3	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
Reilly, s.s.,	4	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
O'Rourke, 1b.,	4	0	4	0	14	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, c.,	3	0	3	0	10	2	0	0	0	0
Bergen, l.f.,	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Davenport, r.f.,	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	31	2	27	7	27	12	2	4	0	1

CRESCENTS.

Hatfield, r.f....	1	1	2	0	3	1	0	1	2	1
Martin, s.s....	4	0	2	1	1	2	0	1	0	1
Lafferty, 2b....	4	0	3	1	1	3	2	0	1	0
Wiegand, 1b....	4	0	4	0	11	0	1	0	0	0
McInelis, If....	4	0	4	0	4	1	0	0	0	0
Lever, c.f....	4	0	3	1	3	2	0	1	1	1
Gregg, p....	4	0	3	1	1	3	0	1	0	0
Jones, c....	3	0	2	0	5	2	1	0	0	0
Lee, 3b....	3	0	2	0	3	2	0	1	0	0
	31	1	27	4	27	14	3	6	3	3

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
West Ends....	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2
Crescents....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Earned runs—None. Two base hits—Harkins: Reilly, Lafferty. Wild pitch—Harkins. Hit with ball—Bergen. Base on balls—Hatfield, 3; Harkins. Flies caught—West Ends, 8; Crescents, 12. Sacrifice hits—Williams, Lafferty, Martin. Time of game—1:45 Umpire—Mr. Quinn.

WESTFIELD, 3; CRESCENTS, 4.

A howling mass of violently excited souls were gathered together at Drake Park on last Wednesday afternoon, in spite of the weather, to see the Crescents of Plainfield meet the Westfield team.

Plainfielders were plenty; they had come down to see their pet Crescents chew up Westfield. They were "going to do us up in one inning;" "we were not in it with them," etc., etc.

But they had to kick dreadfully hard and saw a pile of wood in order to get the game, and then they did it by unfair means.

In a letter to Manager Lent, dated Aug. 5th, Manager Burnett of the Crescents wrote: "We will place in the field our regular team." Well, did they do it? Not they. They hired Hetsell, of the Star Athletics, to pitch against us; not daring to put Gregg in the box; and they got Heiser, of the Acmes, and Lever, of the Albertons because they thought their own fielders were not good enough! Of these three men Lever is the only one who has played with them before and he but once, (at Norwich.)

Let them bring their own team next Wednesday; let them put in Gregg and then see the Westfield nine lie!

On Wednesday next the second Crescent game will come off at Drake Park and Westfield will retrieve her last game. The home team will better know how to do it, and the Crescents will have no excuse to run up to them toward victory. If the weather is pleasant there will be twice the crowd that has ever been seen on the grounds, and that great crowd will see Westfield carry off the honors. Seats can be secured of Mr. Lent as before.—Westfield Standard.

Manager Burnett has seen fit to cancel the game on the grounds that the Crescents were not treated fairly by the umpire. The Standard, by its inference appears to think that the Crescents regular pitcher is incompetent to play such a game against Westfield's "crack" nine. Nevertheless, Mr. Gregg, was more than anxious, according to the manager's statement, to go in the game during any inning and volunteered to forfeit his guarantee if he did not win. As to Freddie Jones "school boy" move, as the Standard appeared to class it, spectators say it was one of the features of the game. They say he has worked it successfully on the grounds in this city and Freddie 'plays' ball all the time. Probably the Westfielders are not accustomed to the play.

Plainfielders, and the Plainfielders did and they appreciated it as could be easily seen by the storm of applause that in some unaccountable way greeted his movement.

The Plainfielders say that Manager Burnett did not live up to his agreement, as he promised to have the regular team out to play. He sent a substitute at any one to answer. When Mr. Burnett says that he thought the game would have willingly over to him may money upon new buildings, unless the minutest directions of the act are satisfied. The labor advocates are to be present in compelling legislation to suit themselves and not often actually intimidate the law-makers, then the object of the measure. "He was unable to get a leave of absence." He will play able to get a leave of absence." He will play in the game with Plainfield on Saturday next. In all probability such will be repeated. And if so the other, Mr. Jones, and the Crescents will be there to see. They are not afraid of over the Editor chooses to witness a game in this city probably he will appreciate the fact.

MRS. BAKER'S 100-YEARS

LIVING BUT 40 MILES FROM THE OCEAN YET NEVER SAW IT.

Still Having all Her Faculties and Managing Her Farm at Westfield. A Re-union of Her Descendants in Plainfield.

At George Moore's on East Front street last evening four generations were gathered at a re-union. Those were Mrs. Nancy Baker of Westfield, age 100 years; her daughter, Mrs. Jessie Fowler of Plainfield, age 58 years, her grand-daughter, Mrs. George A. Moore, of Plainfield, age 34 years; and her great grand son, George Herrmann, of Perth Amboy, age 5 years. An old-fashioned fire of canned coal burned in the open fire-place. Long pipes of long ago were enjoyed, and reminiscences of past days were brought up and enjoyed, by both the elderly participants and young listeners. In connection with the affair we have received the following:

IN ELSBERRY LADY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—I have just had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Nancy Baker of Westfield, N. J., mother of Mrs. Jessie Fowler, Liberty street, and grand mother of Mrs. George A. Moore, Front street. She is 100.

Mrs. Baker, a sketch of whose long life it is thought will be of interest to your many readers, was born March 10th, 1790, in the suburbs of Springfield, N. J., four miles from her present home. She was the only child of John and Phebe Williams. Her father died when she was one year old; the widowed mother who cared for her until she was seven, married again, and then little Nancy became the adopted daughter of Mr. John Holt, a farmer near Springfield mountains. Mr. Holt had one other daughter, and several sons.

It is amusing to hear Mrs. Baker relate events of those, her happy girlhood days, passed at her adopted home. She was ambitious, spirited and withal healthy and cheerful, despite the hard work, and quantities of it, too, that farm girls did in those days, such as milking, butter and cheese making, and pulling, spinning, and weaving the flax into the fabric of which their dresses were made—in fact it would seem that toils happy disposition and a moral life had much to do in laying the foundation for her longevity, if these or any human forces avail us any in such direction. She thinks hard labor and regular habits conduce to health, whilst permitted to live more, but that longevity is due to an appointed time to come this life—a Heavenly decree. At the advanced age of 100 years, her appointed time is not in view. She is possessed of all her mental faculties and as physically active as the majority are at the age of four score years.

She has been a member of the Presbyterian church for 75 years and can remember all the ministers who have preached during that time. A most remarkable fact is that she has never used tobacco in any shape, neither does she drinks strong tea and coffee from a half to a whole cup at each meal. She uses no tobacco.

A year or so ago she went out in a field to watch one of her hired men work. He was cutting grass with a scythe. His swing did not suit her and she took the implement from him and showed him how to work it.

Mrs. Baker is a blonde of medium size, quite erect, and her smooth face, free of wrinkles, bright blue eyes, strong voice, her remarkable memory of events, dates and names, and her excellent conversational powers, and general activity, all considered, would rather indicate 80 than 100.

You would enjoy hearing her relate the pranks she and her sister played on the boys at Mr. Reilly's, and to hear her laugh now at what seems to her the grave mistake of "going out calling" evenings, and returning some times at a rather late bed-time, would try getting into the house quietly on returning, so as not to let others know the hour of night. But the young misses above named, on one occasion had the commission of a lot of shells just high enough to hit the boys heads in going up the stairs, and being arranged to fall at the touch. Imagine the rattling of the shells, and confusion and dismay of those boys! On another occasion, the chairs were placed in the boys path to bed, and still on another occasion they returned to find the door, they had particularly taken pains to unbolt when leaving, bolted, resulting in discomfitting the boys—arousing the old gentleman out of his slumbers. His would wake up and would, to the delight of the girls, our elderly bergne bang one of them.

At the age of 17 she was married to Mr. Stewart Mills and became the mother of six children, two sons and four daughters. One son died, ago seven years, and the eldest daughter died, age 61 years. Of the four children now living, the youngest is 58, and the eldest 74 years.

Mr. Mills died August 1st, 1871. Six years after, Mrs. Mills was married to Mr. Wm. Baker, who died in 1884, seven years after their marriage.

Mrs. Baker has descendants at the present writing, 4 generations, children, grandchildren and great grandchildren, 5 generations. Of these great grandchildren, 18 are living having reached the age of maturity.

For several years previous to her 80th year she was accustomed to walk to Scotch Plains to grow healthier as her age increased, and did so most successfully advancing circumference and having to attend to her farm. Rules for the next twenty years—very strong proof or test of a good constitution. She daily enjoys her best meal of each day.

Her home consists of a cottage and 12 acres of land, her daughter and son-in-law living with her. Baker was a faithful worker until two or three years ago. She still superintends her little farm and takes a lively interest in the affairs of her children, and in doing various other work.

The subject of this sketch was a child the second century was a mere schoolmate and playmate of the people then in power, and of their own garments. Their host Governor Belcher in the country was blessed by Bishop Berkeley, and, at the age of 10 and 12 years of age, they would attend church in Newport, R. I.

In those days apple-peeling parties were very fashionable and enjoyable. Strange to tell, this lady has lived for 100 years without ever having attended a fashionable ball or party.

All her early associations are gone and she is now the oldest and long ago quoted "last rose of summer." Many years ago she was a member of the Methodist church, but for many years has been a member of the Presbyterian church.

Plainfield, N.J., Sept. 15, 1890.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

A Prominent New Brunswicker Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 15, (Special.) George B. Munn, a prominent resident of this place died at eleven o'clock yesterday morning. He was a well-known Mason, Captain of Company D, Third Regiment National Guards, and a familiar figure throughout this section. The funeral takes place Wednesday. Interment will be made at Dayton, N. J. The Masons will have it in charge.

NORTH PLAINFIELD PRIMARY.

Republican Delegates to the Congressional Convention.

The Primary meeting for the selection of delegates from North Plainfield to the Congressional Convention at Somerville next Thursday, Sept. 18th, to nominate the Republican candidate for Congress for the Fourth District, was held in the basement of the public school building Saturday evening.

Councilor H. F. Spencer called the meeting to order.

Ex-Mayor Cooley was made chairman and Albert Runyon secretary, and the following were chosen.

Delegates—Henry K. Carroll, Justus H. Cooley, Chas. P. Sebring and Samuel H. Woolston.

Alternates—T. W. Morrison and Chas. Place.

The meeting was then adjourned.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. Father Stafford of St. Mary's church has returned from a two weeks' stay at Long Branch.

An evening sociable was held at the residence of Mrs. Hamilton at Glenside Park Saturday evening. A number of Plainfielders were present. Prof. Guttman furnished the music.

—A young child of Mr. Adam Seeder died last evening.

—The members of St. Mary's T. A. B. society entertained their friends with an evening sociable at T. A. B. Hall, Thursday evening. Prof. O'Reilly furnished the music.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Max.	Min.	Mean.	Rain.
1 Monday	53	55	68	70	53	74	67	65	
2 Tuesday	59	54	63	72	53	78	74	67	65	
3 Wednesday	59	54	63	72	53	78	74	67	65	
4 Thursday	60	63	67	78	60	80	77	67	
5 Friday	60	63	67	78	60	80	77	67	
6 Saturday	71	71	76	84	60	90	77	73	73
7 Sunday	71	71	76	84	60	90	77	73	73
8 Monday	72	72	72	77	60	77	77	67	
9 Tuesday	72	72	72	77	60	77	77	67	
10 Wednesday	66	66	69	71	71	65	65	65	
11 Thursday	61	70	61	69	69	64	67	63	
12 Friday	61	70	61	69	69	64	67	63	
13 Saturday	72	72	72	81	60	75	74	73	
14 Sunday	72	72	72	81	61	81	60		
15 Monday	59	60	63	70	75				

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COACHMAN wants a situation. Good references. Call at No. 16 Arlington avenue, City.

FOR SALE—A lot of household furniture, 47 Plainfield avenue, Friday afternoon. 15-3

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 Pease street. 13-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Single top phaeton. Apply at sharp's factory. 12-6

GIRL for general housework, good cook and laundress. Reference required. 38 Sycamore avenue.

GOOD plain cook wanted. Must be a washer and ironer. Apply at 42 West Second street. 15-3

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kenilworth avenue. 9-8tf

LOST—Saturday evening, a small York-shire terrier. Liberal reward paid for its return at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 9-15tf

SAFETY BICYCLES—Second hand, all ball bearing. Price $50 at Carey's, corner Green and Front streets. 13-3

TO LET—New five-room house on Richmond street near Third. Ten dollars. 10-tf

TO LET—Three or four nice rooms, for light housekeeping. 80 East Fifth street. 15-3

WANTED—A good cook and housekeeper. Call at 170 West Front street. 9-10tf

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse such. Intelligence office, conducted by Mrs. Lindsay. 69 West Front st.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and Worsted braids, and shoulder capes, just by hand in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also Dressmaking and Stamping by Mrs. Thomas Hope, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 tf

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a choice fresh or meat lunch cut at Stelle's Mason's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-8e-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Edwards to be compelled at the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain until Saturday, Sept. 20th, when positively leaves on Wednesday morning, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 13-2w

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and Greenhouse plants, beautiful colors, for sale and to lease; also BUILDING SITES, RIDE AND DRIVE, view unsurpassed, at Drake's Nursery, No. 107 Somerset street.

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Biggest Inducement

EVER OFFERED IN PLAINFIELD.

For this week ONLY we only we will give to every purchaser of a pound of our famous 50c Special Mixed Tea, Rite of Granulated Sugar, FREE.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

99 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen Mason jars, 80c per dozen. 300 Jelly glasses, 25c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' loose wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't fo get that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and house furnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at 81 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "size up" these BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL INDIAN GOODS—All-wool Serges, new oil rugs, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Lessons in **Elocution,** class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Albert, P. O. Box 1099.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in the voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano.** Will receive pupils either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. West of Preference. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, a graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and in the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-1f

MISS I. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on system of voicing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Leipsic method Giovannipling. Can also form a class in of piano. Address 272 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, Pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 109 West Front street, September 22nd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nutgewood, N. J., and L. Gaston Goltschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-fw

MISS FAWCETTS, Kindergarten and School, 46 Craig place, (near Grove street) reopens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Zoology, Geography and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-30tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss H. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-19 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY for Boys, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DENGER, Principal. 8-16-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 19 Locust street, will reopen on Wednesday, September 17th, 1890.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves and Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

6-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 89c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Gladys" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter.

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A. ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE

Wednesday, Sept. 17.

RICE'S universally conceded most elaborate production of Classic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Sussed and Costumed in the most extravagantly rich manner of any other production known to the annals of the stage. Introducing the Famous Pekin Ballet Troupe. 100 people in the cast. 20 eights in Pekin. 20 eights in Chicago. And the two years in all Theatrical History. Seats on sale at Music Hall, Tuesday, Sept. 16, at 10 a. m.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 NORTH SECOND STREET.

W. M. SIMPSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS, TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $3.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

Famous Mrs's Children.

The London Standard has been ghost hunting among the histories of famous men, and finds they cherished crank illusions enough to verify fully the saying that great genius is to madness near allied. Napoleon fully believed in his star, but it is not known that he really saw it, or fancied he saw it, frequently. Such was the case, however. Once one of his aids went to his room with important information. He found Napoleon staring at the ceiling with a rapt gaze which prevented his seeing the officer, Gen. Rapp. The aid made a noise which aroused him. Napoleon seized Rapp by the arm. "Look up there!" he cried, pointing to the ceiling But Rapp saw nothing, and said so.

"Do you not see it?" exclaimed Bonaparte. "It is my star—it is before you beaming. It has never deserted me. I see it on every great occurrence urging me onward: it is an unfailing omen of success."

Mohammed founded a religion on the visions which may have been induced by epileptic fits to which he was always subject. He himself believed as firmly as his followers now do that he was guided by revelations made to him by the angel Gabriel. Swedenborg based his church on what he devoutly believed were the utterances of angels who visited him, and conveyed him away in a trance through heaven, hell, purgatory and other realms inhabited by spirits.

Socrates had his demon, that announced to him coming events, and gave him the profound wisdom that appears in his philosophy. Goethe was able to reproduce exactly before his eyes a vision of any things he desired to recall, actually forming in space in front of him an image of the object that seemed as tangible as the thing itself. Once he saw coming toward him an exact counterpart of himself. Luther really believed that he had long arguments with the devil, seeing and hearing the evil one, and once he threw his inkstand at him. Socrates, a close investigator though he was, was fully persuaded that an invisible spirit accompanied him always, assisting him in his researches and urging him continually forward to stronger, more far reaching efforts in pursuit of truth. Tasso believed he had a familiar genius or spirit, and even hard headed old Oliver Cromwell insisted that once when he was lying upon his couch a ghostly woman parted the curtains and told him he would be the greatest man in England

A Curious Experiment.

At the time of the execution of Kemmler by electricity there was much discussion as to whether his death had been instantaneous, signs of life having been observed after the first current had passed through his body. A singular experiment made by a surgeon in Paris may throw some light on the question when an executed criminal is to be pronounced dead. Jacques Constant was guillotined for murder and robbery. Within one minute after the knife had struck off his head his body was given to the physicians, among them both eminent men of science. For six minutes after the body came into their custody Dr. Riley declares that he was able to feel the heart beating. But a man who has to dead cannot be alive, certainly, even though his heart does beat, and Jacques Constant must be pronounced undoubtedly dead when the doctors received him.

The two professors discovered a curious fact never before announced, at least not generally known. From the fact that the heart continued beating for six minutes after the patient was headless they deduced that the auricles and ventricles of the heart contract independently of each other

American actors are beginning to draw money from the other side of the Atlantic, and the current of gold does not all flow one way any more. Daly's company closed a most successful sixteen weeks' tour in Europe barely in time to prepare for their season in New York. Nat Goodwin has been almost equally successful in London, while that charming whistler Alice Shaw is still coining money from admiring audiences over the water

The Boston papers have a regard for truth that is only equaled by the hatchet of Washington. One of them lately announced the marriage of a son of ex-Governor Ames to a young lady who had "neither a plain face, but a lot of style and a good figure." Unless the society reporter had some grudge at the girl, what was the good of saying anything about her face at all?

Schweighofer is not coming to America, because he has been attacked by a mysterious nervous disease that will prevent him from acting any more, at least for years. But Schweighofer has already made half a million dollars by making people laugh in Germany, so that he can afford to be afflicted with all the nervous diseases he chooses.

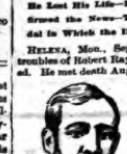
DIVORCED BY DROWNING.

Robert Ray Hamilton's Body Found in Snake River.

HIS TROUBLE ENDED IN MONTANA

While Endeavoring to Feed the River He Lost His Life—His Father Has Confirmed the News—The Notorious Scandal in Which the Deceased Figured.

HELENA, Mon., Sept. 13.—The earthly troubles of Robert Ray Hamilton are ended. He met death Aug. 24 in the waters of the Snake river, in Yellowstone park, and the particulars of the tragic demise have just been recorded here. A. O. Green, son of Marvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, has returned to Helena, after a tour of the Yellowstone park. Mr. Green says that on Aug. 23, while on his way into the park from the Union Pacific, he stopped at the ranch of Robert Ray Hamilton, the New Yorker, whose troubles with his wife at Atlantic City caused such a sensation a year ago.



ROBERT RAY HAMILTON.

Hamilton Was Missing.

Mr. Green says that Mr. Hamilton had bought a ranch about two months ago and made it an outfitting place for park tourists. On his arrival he found that Mr. Hamilton had been gone on a hunting trip for five days. The next day Mr. Green and his party started to hunt for Mr. Hamilton.

The Body Found.

About thirty miles from the ranch Mr. Green found his body in Snake river and his horse and dog a short distance away. Mr. Hamilton was identified beyond all doubt by Mr. Green, who had the body taken to the ranch and notified Mr. Hamilton's family. Mr. Green caused surprise at his arrival here that the foregoing facts had not been published.

It is believed that Hamilton was drowned while endeavoring to feed the river. His watch had stopped at 9 o'clock, and from its appearance the body had been in the water four or five days.

His Aged Father's Grief.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The news of the sad death of Robert Ray Hamilton was a great shock to his friends in this city, and his aged father, Gen. Schuyler Hamilton, was almost prostrated with grief. He was seen at the Windsor hotel yesterday by a reporter, and said he had been advised of the occurrence on Saturday, though he had been made acquainted by his mother of the details. "I have not heard from my son," said he, "in some time. He left for a hunting trip in the west with some friends in May last, I think, and I had expected that he would reach home about this time. In fact the friends with whom he made the trip have returned by way back. The news of his death was communicated to me on Saturday, but I am told that it took place eighty miles from a telegraph station, and I am as yet uninformed of the circumstances. I expect my other son, Schuyler Hamilton, Jr., here today and when we receive the details we will be able to decide what to do."

A Sketch of His Life.

Up to Aug. 27, 1886, Robert Ray Hamilton had always been a name before him as any young man in the city of New York. A grandson of Robert Ray and a grandson of Alexander Hamilton, he had social position and wealth to back his name to fame. In addition, he was one of the prominent of the younger politicians. He was born in this city in 1861, graduated from Columbia college in 1871 and from the law school two years later. After his admission to the bar he practiced law with Hamilton Fish until 1886, when he went into politics and was elected to the legislature. He served with honor, but failed of election the next year.

A Good Political Record.

In 1886, however, he was again elected, and was re-elected in 1887 and 1888 from the aristocratic Eleventh assembly district. As chairman of the committee on cities he made a mark and was regarded as one of the strongest men in the lower house of the legislature. So good a record had he made in the assembly that he was regarded as almost certain to get the Republican nomination for the senatorship in his district in 1889.

His Aspirations Blasted.

His social standing was irretrievably lost and his aspirations for political honors blasted when on Aug. 26, 1886, in an Atlantic City boarding house, his wife's murderous dagger let all tongues wagging over the disgraceful secret of his life.

Up to this time Mr. Hamilton's most intimate friends thought he was a bachelor, and when the news came from Atlantic City that the wife of Assemblyman Robert Ray Hamilton had, in a fit of murderous rage, plunged a knife into the breast of Mary Donnelly, her baby's nurse, the story was received incredulously. It was found to be true, nevertheless, that this man, the representative of one of the first families in New York and of more than ordinary account in the politics of the state, had married a woman of worse than doubtful character whom he had met in a disreputable house.

The Bogus Baby.

Further investigation developed "Mother" Swinton and "Josh" Mann, and the successful scheme of these delectable specimens of humanity, with Eva Hamilton, the bogus baby, as the chief factor. Hamilton's honor and position, to bleed their victim by means of foisting on him a false baby, which they made him believe was his, but which the conspirators are alleged to have purchased for their purpose from a baby farm. When his wife was arrested for the assault on Mary Donnelly Hamilton stood up loyally for her, acknowledged her for his wife and, furnished her with money and with legal counsel. When the story of the conspiracy against him was brought to light, however, he abandoned her.

"Josh" Mann and "Mother" Swinton were arrested on Sept. 9, and a few days later in the general sessions court room before a crowd of people, among whom were many of his old associates, Hamilton told the whole miserable story of his weakness and shame. The Swinton woman and "Josh" Mann were indicted for their share in the conspiracy, but could never be brought to trial, and they were a month or two later released from custody and disappeared.

The Sentence of Eva.

While Mrs. Hamilton was in custody in the sheriff's house at May's Landing, N. J., Hamilton paid her a visit, and it was thought for a while that a reconciliation would be brought about, but this proved untrue, for shortly afterward he made provision of Baby Beatrice, whom he had been led to believe was the fruit of his union with Eva, and began a suit for the annulment of his marriage.

His wife was tried for the assault on the Donnelly woman, and sentenced to two years in the New Jersey state prison at Trenton, which sentence she is now serving.

He Disappeared from View.

The evidence in the suit for annulment of the marriage, which is not settled as yet, showed that Mrs. Hamilton was an adventuress of the very lowest extraction and of the very worst type, with a record of crime which was simply astonishing. After the proceedings confessing the arrest of his wife Hamilton disappeared as completely from public view as though he had never existed, and the first news that has been heard from him is this sad ending of his ruined life.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Columbus—									
Columbus	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0—3
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Columbus, 9; Louisville, 5. Errors: Columbus, 3; Louisville, 7. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor, Daily and Bligh.

At Toledo—									
Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Base hits: Toledo, 8; St. Louis, 6. Errors: Toledo, 5; St. Louis, 2. Batteries: Cushman and Sage, Hart and Munyan.

Second game—									
Toledo	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0—1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Toledo, 4; St. Louis, 2. Errors: Toledo, 3; St. Louis, 3. Batteries: Healy and Rogers, Hanrahan and Munyan.

At Gloucester, N. J.—									
Athletic	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0—6
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Athletic, 5; Baltimore, 3. Errors: Athletic, 2; Baltimore, 5. Batteries: Conroy and Green, Morrison and Townsend.

The percentages of the clubs in the principal leagues to date are as follows:

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Boston	73	43	.629	Chicago	65	57	.533
Brooklyn	71	45	.612	Pittsburg	53	66	.445
New York	68	50	.576	Cleveland	45	71	.388
Buffalo	64	55	.538	Buffalo	31	84	.270

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Brooklyn	76	45	.628	Cincinnati	57	63	.475
Boston	74	46	.617	New York	56	64	.467
Philad'a	71	48	.597	Chicago	53	68	.438
Chicago	73	49	.598	Pittsburg	31	100	.177

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Louisville	68	40	.630	Rochester	54	51	.514
St. Louis	67	41	.620	Athletic	54	55	.495
Columbus	62	49	.559	Syracuse	43	62	.410
Toledo	58	51	.532	Baltimore	30	80	.273

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
N. Haven	73	36	.670	Newark	56	52	.519
Lebanon	62	46	.581	Harrisb'g	43	69	.384

Chicago's Great Terminal System.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Wall street's new daily financial paper, The Journal of Finance, announces today a project for practically doubling the west bound terminal system. It is to be known as the Chicago Elevated Terminal Railroad company, and interested in it financially are many of the leading men of Chicago, New York and Europe. Work upon this enterprise is to be begun very soon, and, though an independent corporation, will control all of the leading railroads entering Chicago and to be accommodated by it. An immense grand central station is to be erected, probably near Twelfth and State streets, to be used as a general union depot. Elevated lines are to be built which will be partly on the tracks of existing lines and on viaducts. Not only passenger trains but freight trains will run over the tracks. The freight cars will be lowered to the street by means of hydraulic elevators, such as already are used in London.

Cincinnati's Threat Cutting Epidemic.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—Carrie Winner, aged 22, a domestic in the employ of Henry Bushman, who keeps a restaurant at 79 Main street, was found in bed in a boarding house with a back driver named Joe Kavanaugh. Shortly after nine o'clock last night Kavanaugh called on the girl and invited her to Murphy's saloon, with a stone's throw of the Central police station, to get a glass of beer. A few minutes after they entered the place Kavanaugh drew a pocket knife and cut the girl's throat from ear to ear. She will die. The murderer escaped. This is the third case of the kind recorded within the last thirty-six hours. Frank Williams, who cut his wife's throat Saturday, was arrested today.

Artist Verestchagin's Valuable Pictures.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The works of the Russian artist, Vasili Verestchagin, are to be removed this week from here to Boston, where they will be on exhibition for some months. Mr. Edward Brandis, the manager of the collection, says the collection will probably be sold in the spring. Verestchagin has never sold his pictures before. The artist may come over from Russia to paint a picture of the sack of American Art association, which controls the collection, estimates its value as in the neighborhood of $300,000.

Killed by His Stepson.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 15.—Thomas Burkhart has been killed in a fight with his stepson, Harvey Strode. Burkhart had been to town and was returning home intoxicated. When near his home he and Strode met. Strode was looking for the old man for beating his mother and brothers, and attacked him with a club, fracturing his skull and killing him instantly. Strode was arrested and brought here last night and jailed.

Irish Leaders to Visit America.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 15.—The Hon. John Fitzgerald has just received a letter from the secretary of the Irish National league relative to the visit of the Irish members of parliament to this country during the coming fall and winter. John Dillon, William O'Brien, T. P. John, T. Gill and Timothy Harrington will sail by the Teutonic for America, leaving Dublin in October.

Four Enumerators Indicted.

MINNEAPOLIS, Wis., Sept. 15.—The next result of the United States grand jury's work thus far is four census fraud indictments—two at St. Paul and two at Minneapolis—enumerators having fallen under the jury's suspicion. These are J. O. Vervais and F. W. Henrich, of St. Paul, and Benjamin Aarons and L. B. Staum, of Minneapolis.

A Serious Runaway Accident.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 15.—While Mr. James Brenaman, Miss Maggie Hamilton and Mrs. A. Phillips were driving Saturday, the horses ran away, overturning the carriage and throwing the ladies to the ground. All were very seriously injured, and Mr. Brenaman will probably die.

Hanged Himself with a Handkerchief.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 15.—Julius Ritterman, aged 16, committed suicide last evening by hanging himself to a clothes peg with a handkerchief. The parents of the boy reside at 125 Poplar street. No reason is assigned for the rash act.

IN ERICSSON'S MEMORY.

Arrival of the Remains at Stockholm, Sweden.

THE DEAD INVENTOR HOME AGAIN

Over 100,000 People Witness the Transit of the Body from the Cruiser Baltimore to the Shore—The Remains Lying in State Near Ericsson's Birthplace.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 13.—The body of the late John Ericsson was removed from the United States steamship Baltimore Sunday and conveyed ashore in a royal barge, which was plainly draped in black. When the barge reached the quay Mr. Hamilton was an adjutant of the very lowest extraction and of the very worst type, with a record of crime which was simply astonishing. After the proceedings confessing the arrest of his wife Hamilton disappeared as completely from public view as though he had never existed, and the first news that has been heard from him is this sad ending of his ruined life.

The coffin was then placed in an elaborately draped carriage and conveyed by special train to Filipstad, near the great iron works and birthplace. Here the body will lie in state till the public funeral and interment.

The Harbor Resplendent with Bunting.

It is estimated that over one hundred thousand people witnessed the transit of the body from the Baltimore to the railway station. Minute guns were fired by the shore forts and the Baltimore's guns while the body was being transferred to terra firma. Admiral Ryron, head of the Swedish navy, was in command of the funeral barge, and accepted the body for conveyance ashore.

The harbor was resplendent with flags, vessels of all nations doing honor to the dead. The quays and the streets leading to the railway station were thronged with people, who uncovered their heads and maintained a respectful demeanor.

Courtesies to American Officers.

Today and Tuesday the Baltimore's officers will be entertained at official banquets and receive other honors at the hands of Sweden's grateful people. On every side praise of the American people and government is heard. On Wednesday the officers of the Baltimore will dine with the king at the royal palace in Drothningholm.

England's Unclean Toilers.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The situation at Southampton is chaotic, the various bodies of strikers being at loggerheads, and neither workmen, employers nor the public being able to prophesy to what extent work will be resumed today. At an immense meeting Sunday the striking seamen resolved that if by noon today the latest demands are not agreed to by noon today they will abandon the port in a body, leaving the steamers without crews. Many members, however, are dissatisfied with the meagerness of the amount paid them by the unions during idleness, and favor a return to work on the conditions proposed by the owners. It is possible that these malcontents may defeat the practical carrying out of the resolution.

There was a meeting of 10,000 dockers in London Sunday to consider the Southampton situation. Tom Mann and Ben Tillett declared that the men had ample cause for dissatisfaction, but regretted that they had acted without authority and in a manner which embarrassed the responsible heads of organized labor throughout the kingdom. The meeting adopted resolutions pledging continued assistance to the strikers in Australia.

Revolver and Knife Are Popular.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—As a result of the alarming increase in the use of the revolver in this country the home secretary has permitted the execution of Francois Manteau, convicted of murder, although the jury added to their verdict an expression to the effect that they did not think the convict had intended to kill Weldin.

The authorities answered Manteau's appeal for mercy with the statement that, having regard to the dangerous extent which the practice of using revolvers prevailed at the present time, it was absolutely necessary to make an example.

Another dangerous practice and a novel one, is known as "scuttling." It is really running amuck—a phenomenon to which it was supposed to have been confined to the Malays of the east. Recently, however, there have been frequent instances in London and other towns, until the public are thoroughly alarmed. The "scuttler" runs amuck in a crowd, stabbing right and left, heedless as to whom his victims may be. There is talk of petitioning parliament to punish such cases with death. That was done when garroting assumed an epidemic form in the large cities.

Germany Countenances the Slave Trade.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 15.—An official German notice has been published at Bagamoyo permitting everybody to traffic freely in slaves, and only prohibiting their exportation by sea. Owners are also authorized to recover runaway slaves. The Arabs are overjoyed at this turn of affairs and are openly purchasing slaves from the traders.

Brutally Murdered by Miners.

DUBLIN, Sept. 15.—A well to do resident of Ballinary, named McGrath, has been brutally murdered by miners, who were incensed because of his having given shelter to evicted farmers with whom they had quarreled.

Mr. De Haven's New Position.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Mr. George De Haven, assistant general passenger agent of the Erie road, has accepted the position general passenger agent of a strong Michigan system, with headquarters at Grand Rapids, under the general management of Charles M. Heald. The system embraces the Chicago and West Michigan, the Detroit, Lansing and Northern, the Saginaw Valley and St. Louis Railroad companies, with a total of about 700 miles.

Struck at a Crossing.

AURORA, Ills., Sept. 15.—As Fred Schaub's bear wagon was crossing the railroad track last night it was struck by the Denver express and the driver, Fred Baker, instantly killed, and two boys, one the son of Mr. Schaub, seriously injured. The wagon was completely demolished.

He Ended His Miserable Life.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Robert Raedel, who was arrested on the charge of assaulting little school girls, committed suicide in his cell in the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street station by hanging himself.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Offices opposite Front and Somerset streets.

E. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 106 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Surveying in all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Civil Engineer, 207 Broadway, New York city rooms 23 and 25. Importers and Trade Exchange Building, Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. Stephenson,

55 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still manufacturing her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAM

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware, lamps etc., in great

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

[this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

5 24 6m

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Our Fall Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Pancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

CORNER FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Gentlemen's Fine Footwear and Ladies' Oxford Ties

in Kenney Shoes.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eyeglasses.

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

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All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.

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Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

BUKEEA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.
1 Cask, 72 dozen pints (imported style).....13.00.
BUKEEA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Cox would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices but only down everything as low as possible, consistant with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Russet Apples

are good to winter, and

RUSSELL SHOES

are the most comfortable shoes for summer. As a Fall Apple I have no better RUSSELL to offer you. In my store. I have added a new line of Ladies' Oxford Ties which embraces the responsible heads of organized labor throughout the kingdom. The meeting adopted resolutions pledging continued assistance to the strikers in Australia.

Revolver and Knife Are Popular.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—As a result of the alarming increase in the use of the revolver in this country the home secretary has permitted the execution of Francois Manteau, convicted of murder, although the jury added to their verdict an expression to the effect that they did not think the convict had intended to kill Weldin.

The authorities answered Manteau's appeal for mercy with the statement that, having regard to the dangerous extent

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

CARNEY BROS., AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved kitchen sinks, closets, sewer gas and back water traps.

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owners whereby we are employed as agents and general manager.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit the continuance of their valued order, which will receive prompt attention.

Telephone connection given to the establishment.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired.

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HORSE MATTRESS—A Special Bargain, $21 15.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

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All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Streets.

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 64 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield.

TO RELIEVE THE STRAIN.

The Entire Available Surplus at the Public's Service.

SECRETARY WINDOM'S LAST MOVE.

He Will Purchase $16,000,000 of 4's and Prepay the Interest on Between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 6's — Other Measures to Ease the Money Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Secretary Windom has just announced that he would purchase $16,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds and prepay the interest on between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 of 6 per cents. In order to relieve the stringency in the money market. The order will be issued from Washington today, giving notice that offers for the bonds to be purchased will be received at 12 o'clock noon next Wednesday.

It Will Consume the Available Surplus.

Mr. Windom said that he had named $16,000,000 as the amount of bonds to be purchased because as the entire available surplus is now $52,000,000, the treasury has outstanding offers for bonds and interest amounting to $30,000,000 and the amount of 4 per cents. now asked for will require about $20,000,000. This together with what will be required for the prepayment of the interest on the 6 per cents. will consume the entire available surplus.

Not the Treasury's Fault.

Mr. Windom further said that there was no doubt in his mind that the action taken will bring satisfactory relief if the holders of the bonds are disposed to co-operate with the treasury. He sees no great danger of serious financial trouble, and it will not be the fault of the treasury department if it comes.

An Exceptional Offer.

The offer for 4's per cents., he says, is exceptional, and is not to be regarded as the policy of the administration, for with this purchase, if it shall be made, the treasury goes out of the market for the purchase of that class of bonds, and will hereafter apply the current surplus to the purchase of the 4½ per cents.

Mr. Windom has gone to Williamstown, Mass., to join his family.

To Relieve the Importers.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 13.—The president is still watching closely the threatened embarrassment to financial affairs in New York city. He has had a telegraphic conference with the leaders of the house of representatives, and while nothing of an official character can be obtained, it is understood that the president favors the extension of the bonded period on goods in the custom houses to a date which will remove all probability of financial embarrassment to importers.

The president's advices from Secretary Windom have all been to the effect to leave the impression that the worst of the threatened trouble had passed, and that no immediate apprehension need be felt.

The Time Will Be Extended.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding authorizes the statement that after conference with senate and house Republican leaders he can say that "it is as sure as any future legislation can be that the time for the last date for withdrawing goods from bonded warehouses will be fixed at Feb. 1, 1891," in the tariff bill when it goes into conference. Nothing less than the president concurs in changing the date to Feb. 1.

A FRIGHTFUL EXPLOSION.

Two Men Killed by the Blowing Up of a Locomotive.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—The boiler of switch engine No. 9, of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado railroad, burst here, killing Engineer Barrett and Fireman Doughenee. Fragments of the boiler were hurled in all directions, one section, weighing fully a ton, being deposited 300 yards away. The force of the explosion is a mystery. The body of the fireman was blown up into some telegraph wires, which it snapped in two, falling back into the bushes.

A number of loaded cars were badly wrecked and a large tree, 200 yards away, was split open by a piece of iron weighing 900 pounds. The noise caused by the explosion was heard fully a mile away. Several days ago the crew of this engine deserted her because it was defective. It was then taken back to the shops and repaired.

Quarreled Over a Hammer.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—Mrs. Sarah Eustis, manageress of the Italian theatre on North street, was hit with a hammer on the head last night and severely cut by Mrs. Antonio Davito during a quarrel. Mrs. Davito was arrested. The trouble arose over the possession of the hammer. Mrs. Davito's 16-year-old daughter had taken the hammer from her home and tendered it in payment of her admission fee. The mother followed and demanded it from Mrs. Eustis, but the latter refused to give it up unless the ten cent admission fee was paid. A row followed, and Mrs. Davito seized the hammer and dealt the Eustis woman a terrible blow.

Buried Eighty Feet to Death.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 13.—While John Glady and Charles Dismeland were at work repairing an iron trestle at Duryea, nine miles from here, Sunday morning, the structure gave way, throwing the men to the ground eighty feet, killing them instantly. A Hungarian boy who was sitting on the ground underneath the trestle was hit by the falling wreckage and also killed.

Crushed by a Cave-In.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 13.—By the caving in of the banks of a sewer which a number of men were building here two laborers, Louis Erickson and William Frazier, lost their lives. Two were buried under tons of earth, but they were taken out injured, and will recover. The two above named were dead when taken out.

A Philadelphian's Disgrace.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 13.—Lewis J. Young, clerk to the health officer, is a defaulter to the amount of $17,000 and has fled. A further examination of his books may increase this amount. It is believed that Young's relatives will make good the amount taken.

Gathering Corn in Boats.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Because of heavy rains the Mohawk valley flats are submerged, causing much damage to growing crops. Corn is being gathered in boats today. This has not occurred before in twenty years.

The Spinners' Strike Settled.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 15.—The spinners' strike at the Bernard mill is settled and the mill will resume work today. They have been out six weeks.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

John Moore is held at Rochester, N. Y., charged with assaulting his mother, has been held to await the inquest. Moore, it is claimed, quarreled with his mother and pulled the hair of Lee, inflicting injuries which caused her death.

The rains since Aug. 1 have made a vast difference in the cotton crop, and the present outlook is that in Georgia it will be at least 25 per cent. short.

Rev. Elwood Wooster, assistant pastor of St. Ann's Protestant Episcopal church, Brooklyn, has accepted the chair of psychology in Lehigh university at Bethlehem, Pa.

The Republicans of the First district of Cattaraugus county, N. Y., have nominated R. B. Lewis for the assembly.

It is rumored that John S. Clarkson will soon succeed Senator Quay as chairman of the national Republican committee.

Mr. Dillon has been subpœnaed as a witness in the O'Shea divorce suit and this will prevent his coming to America.

The speech of Representative Kennedy denouncing Senator Quay has been printed in The Congressional Record, but many of the most abusive parts have been emasculated.

Eloquent and touching tributes to the memory of the late Samuel J. Randall were delivered in the senate Sept. 14. Among the most fervent speakers was Senator Quay.

Bishop Wigger has consecrated the new parochial school attached to St. Bridget's church, Jersey City.

A woman supposed to be Mrs. Shoemaker, of Irving, was struck and killed by a Lake Shore train at Silver Creek, N. Y.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Firemen's convention have indorsed a proposed clause in the constitution requiring the supreme council of the federation to pass upon all strikes before they are ordered.

At a meeting of the Buffalo Canal and Harbor Protection union resolutions were unanimously adopted requesting Governor Hill to order the closing of the tunnel which caps the fire canal at Lockport and to summarily remove the men in charge of the water at Medina, Eagle Harbor and all other places where water is stolen from the canals for milling and manufacturing purposes.

The settlement in the celebrated case of Logan, Emery & Weaver vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad company agrees to pay each of the plaintiffs $30,000, each side to pay its own expenses.

The New Haven amusement company have made formal application for admission into the American association.

Four Italians were killed by lightning at White Plains, N. Y., Saturday.

Killed by a Reporter.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 15.—Thomas Riley, a reporter for The Daily Commonwealth, published in Covington, Ky., shot and killed C. A. Jungerman, the city civil engineer of Newport, Ky., Sunday. Riley severely criticised some work done by Juggerman in Newport. The two men met in the Newport city hall and Juggerman struck Riley a blow with a heavy cane that sent him reeling through the room. Juggerman then ran out and hid behind stone steps. Riley staggered out, revolver in hand, and Juggerman sprang out and grappled with him. Riley fired shots rang out quickly on the Sabbath air and Juggerman fell dead, and Riley was taken to Covington to give Newport time to cool off.

One Killed, Fifteen Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 13.—The through Kansas city express of the Missouri Pacific railway was partially wrecked at Glencoe switch, about twenty-seven miles west of St. Louis. One passenger was killed and fifteen injured. The names of those injured are: Mrs. A. C. Daily, face bruised; A. C. Danby, of Lebanon, Ind., burned in the hand and face; Mrs. Mary Lott, of Kansas City, probably fatal abdominal contusion; Mrs. E. L. Norton, dangerous internal injuries and face and back cut; E. L. Norton, of No. 2,628 Stoddard street, St. Louis, internal injuries.

To Buy a New York Newspaper.

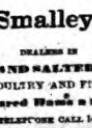
WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Gen. Russell A. Alger arrived in Washington on a late train Saturday night and went quietly to the residence of J. S. Clarkson. Sunday these two had a long conference, and at 5 o'clock went to New York on the limited express. It is understood that Mr. Clarkson has his eye on a New York newspaper, and that if satisfactory negotiations can be made it will be purchased with money furnished by Gen. Alger, and be under the control of Mr. Clarkson, with Marshall Cushing, the private secretary of Postmaster General Wanamaker, as managing editor.

For Passing a Forged Check.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 15.—C. Augustus Aumack, a wholesale butcher, has been arrested here charged with uttering forged checks. Aumack's statement is that some three months ago he turned over a check drawn by some man in Elizabeth, N. J., to a Newark clothing house. He thinks the man was J. R. Burden. The check, turned out to be worthless, and Aumack offered the money for it. The amount of the check was, he says, less than $10.

He Only Gets $40,000 a Year.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—The board of managers of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company have decided to increase the salary of President and General Manager A. A. McLeod to $40,000. This amount is said to be the largest paid to a railway official in the United States, with the exception of Chauncey M. Depew, of the New York Central, who, it is said, gets $50,000.



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N.B.Smalley& Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, P. H. DUGAN 94 SOMERSET ST.

A CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

Probable Programmes for the Senate and House This Week.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—In the senate this week the conference report on the land grant forfeiture bill is likely to be disposed of today. The anti-lottery bill, according to the Republican caucus programme, is the next thing to be considered, and will probably come up on Tuesday. The bill for the relief of the supreme court of the United States is next on the list, and this will probably be followed by the bill to put the revenue marine to the navy department, which Senator Gray has given notice he will call up on Wednesday or Thursday, and the several labor bills that recently passed the house, are more than enough to occupy the time of the senate during the week.

The Republican leaders of the house have not only determined that the filibustering proceedings which were so successfully carried on last week while the majority was endeavoring to call up the Langston-Venable contested election case for discussion shall not be carried any further, but have determined to administer discipline to the unruly minority by pushing through the contested election case of Miller versus Elliott from the fourth district of South Carolina immediately after the Langston case is disposed of. The discipline which the Republicans will pursue will consist in limiting the debate to about forty minutes, a vote to be taken when the debate is closed. The tariff bill will be reported from the ways and means committee early in the week, accompanied by an order from the committee on rules setting apart for debate what the committee consider a reasonable time. When the time allowed for this discussion has expired a vote of non-concurrence in the senate amendments will be taken and the bill sent to conference. It is believed that the conference reports will be presented in both houses in less than a week.

STRUCK BY A TREE.

A Car Crushed in and Two Persons Killed.

RAPID CITY, S. D., Sept. 15.—A fatal accident occurred on the newly completed narrow gauge railroad between Piedmont and Lead City Wednesday. An excursion train made up of two coaches and a number of flat cars, with seats arranged to accommodate passengers, left Lead City about 200 Masons and their families. As the train was passing a point near Elk creek, twenty-five miles from Deadwood, a large pine tree which had caught fire from a passing engine fell, striking the last car, which was packed with human freight, killing two people and wounding seven. When the massive piece of timber struck the car a panic took place.

Following is a list of the killed and wounded:

M. J. Helding, engineer of the Golden Star mill at Deadwood; instantly killed. Mrs. J. K. Snyder, of Lead City; killed. The injured were: Miss Snyder, Mrs. J. E. Brooks, Samuel Gilbert, George Deemer, Mrs. Klingler, J. V. Lillie and a son of Andrew Grey.

A Detective's Life Attempted.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Sept. 15.—Nearly a successful attempt was made here Sunday morning to assassinate Detective C. E. Brooks, who figured so prominently in the notorious Rainsberger and Henry Johns murder cases in Hardin county. Burkes was taken from the police office of the Wilson house when a 38-caliber bullet crashed through the side window and missed Burkes by about two inches. The detective ran out in time to only see his would-be assassin skulking down an alley. He followed and fired four shots after the miscreant, who escaped. Burkes was arrested Mark and Rice in California last spring and brought them back here for trial for the murder of Henry Johns, a brother-in-law of Rainsberger. The brothers have since then made repeated threats against the detective's life.

Counterfeit Bills at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 13.—Within the last two days three counterfeit $2 silver certificates have turned up in this city, indicating a probable attempt to flood the city with the spurious notes. The first to discover the counterfeits was the Mechanics' bank. One was offered for deposit at the Tradesmen's bank Friday. The counterfeit is easy of detection, the engraving and paper being of poor quality.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bed room suites $30, worth $60. Also wanted to sell Parlor Suites, Bed room, Library and Office Furniture at a good margin.

Having received our first supplies of furniture we are prepared to deliver them at prices never offered in this town of the same grade of goods. Some of our prices are less than cost.

Call and see some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild.

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing at 1 upholstering done at short notice.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.00
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.25
Odors	.25
Wrenches	.75 and 1.50
Duplex Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

School Supplies

of all Kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate cover given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

26 WEST FRONT STREET.

Street Railroad Men to Meet.

BUFFALO, Sept. 13.—The American Street Railroad association will hold their convention in this city Oct. 15, 16 and 17. Arrangements have been completed for the exhibition of the new devices, motors, cars, machinery, etc., pertaining to the street railroad business. Delegates to the number of about 300 are expected to attend the convention, and there will be many of the most prominent and wealthy men of the United States. Problems that pertain generally to street railroad management, legal transits and many other questions will be discussed by the convention.

Suing for Many Millions.

ERIE, Pa., Sept. 15.—Suit has been begun by George Wethlebide, the nephew of Gen. Wethlebide, one of the founders of this city, to secure possession of property in the heart of the city valued at several million of dollars. The litigation will affect a large number of people living and interested in business on the property, besides the city itself, as it threatens the title to the public parks.

An Indian Killed.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Sept. 15.—Joe Harris, one of the three Indians struck by a New York Central train near Suspension Bridge, in court. The other injured Indian, Peter Green, will probably die also. The third, Cyrus Jacobs, is still under arrest to assist in the prosecution of the parties who sold the Indians the liquor.

A Cyclone in Vermont.

CHELSEA, Vt., Sept. 15.—A cyclone passed over Vershire Saturday evening unroofing barns and completely ruining several fruit and sugar orchards. The highways are closed by fallen trees.

Weather Indications.

The weather promises to be slightly warmer and generally fair.

Chicago Wants Professor Harper.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 15.—Professor W. R. Harper, of Yale, who has lately returned from the west, said in reply to a question whether he intended to accept the presidency of the new Baptist university in Chicago: "They are making certain presentations to me, but I am very happy here and not thinking much of going out there. I hope to stay in New Haven for some time to come."

Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SETTLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executors of Mary Reed Lead City Wednesday. An excursion train made up of two coaches and a number of flat cars, with seats arranged to accommodate passengers, left Lead City about 200 Masons and their families. As the train was passing a point near Elk creek, twenty-five miles from Deadwood, a large pine tree which had caught fire from a passing engine fell, striking the last car, which was packed with human freight, killing two people and wounding seven. When the massive piece of timber struck the car a panic took place.

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Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street.

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor Front street and Park avenue.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To accommodate those along the route within the limits of the city.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is a chance and I intend to give a thoroughly first class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as business justifies.

Connect with the 6:30, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 m. a. m. and 4 p. m. trains for Boundbrook, Bridgewater.

Connect with the 6:30, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 m. a. m. and 4 p. m. trains for Boundbrook, Bridgewater.

Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:30, a. m.; 12:15, 2:30, 6:30 p. m.

Close—7:45, 9:45, a. m.; 1:00, 3:30 and 6:45 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:40, 6:30 p. m.

Close—7:00 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail closes at 6:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:44, 5:56, 6:56, 7:56, 8:56, 9:56, 10:56, 11:56 a. m.; 12:56, 1:56, 2:56, 3:56, 4:56, 5:56, 6:56, 7:56, 8:56, 9:56, 10:56, 11:56 p. m. Sunday, 5:37, 6:56, 8:56, 9:56, 10:56, 11:56 a. m.; 12:56, 1:56, 2:56, 3:56, 4:56, 5:56, 6:56, 7:56, 8:56, 9:56, 10:56, 11:56 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 8:30, 9:45, 10:00, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m.; 12:00 night. Sunday at 10:00, 11:00 p. m.; 12:00 night, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Express trains. Stops only at principal stations. Local trains stop at all stations. Sunday at 2:30, 3:40, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Express for Newark, Connecticut and Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Plainfield 6:45, 7:00, 8:01, 9:01, 10:01, 11:01 a. m.; 12:01, 1:01, 2:01, 3:01, 4:01, 5:01, 6:01, 7:01, 8:01, 9:01, 10:01, 11:01 p. m. Sunday at 9:01, 10:01 a. m.; 12:01, 1:01, 2:01, 3:01, 4:01, 5:01, 6:01, 7:01, 8:01, 9:01, 10:01, 11:01 p. m. Somerville 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:45, 10:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:45, 7:00, 8:01, 9:01, a. m.; 1:01, 2:01, 3:01, 4:01, 5:01, 6:01, 7:01, 8:01, 9:01, 10:01, 11:01 p. m. Sunday at 9:01, 10:01 a. m.; 12:01, 1:01, 2:01, 3:01, 4:01, 5:01, 6:01, 7:01, 8:01, 9:01, 10:01, 11:01 p. m. Easton 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:45, 10:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:45 a. m., for Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8:45 a. m., for Bound Brook, Branch Station, 1:04 p. m. for Flemington, R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manchester, 5:40 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Upper Lehigh, Driftwood, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 1:30 p. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 3:30 p. m. for D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Pen Argyl, Wind Gap, Delaware, Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc., 6:00, 7:30, 10:30 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wyoming, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, 7:30 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wyoming, Scranton, 11:30 p. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 12:01 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre, 2:30 a. m. for Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, 8:, m., 12:01, 1:31, 3:31 p. m. Sunday, to Ocean Grove 8:10, 9:, m.; 1:30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7:37, 8:, 10:00, 11:00, 8:, m., 12:01, 1:31, 3:31, 5:30, 8:30 p.m., 1:30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

For Freehold 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, 8:, m., 1:00, 3:31, 5:31, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:37, 7:45, 8:29, 9:48, 11:58 a. m., 1:12, 2:29, 4:06, 5:34, 6:38, 8:20, p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 7:48, 8:, m., 2:06, 4:06, 5:34, 6:38, 8:, m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:37, 7:48, 11:58 a. m., 2:06, 4:06, 5:34, 6:38, 8:20, p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 7:48, 8:, m., 2:06, 4:06, 5:34, 6:38, 8:, m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

STRICTLY ON TIME!

First trip from Hillside ave. and Stroud way—7:45 a. m. to meet 7:58 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway t. 9th st., to Second place, to Rockwood ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.28 a. m. train
3d do	8.45	do	8.58 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.27 do
6th do	11.45	do	12.28 p.m. do
7th do	2.45 p. m.	do	3.15 & 3.28 p. m.
8th do	3.30	do	To the Post Office.
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.31 p. m. train.
10th do	4.45	do	5.07 do
11th do	5.45	do	6.07 do
12th do	6.45	do	7.07 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Hookview and Meeker ave nue, North Plainfield, connecting with above time tables, and make same connections.

Stages will make return trips over as near as possible the same route. Fare as follows: 7.37, 8.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 2.00, 2.30, 4.15, 5.15, 6.30, p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling parties. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies. Horses for 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street. 8th and 9th. Telephone Call. 1-8d

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this on said laundry will receive careful attention and prompt return. It will be done in the best manner guaranteed. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notice by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND ROWE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies.

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane.

12 Park avenue.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine State Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 2

P. V SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Ewens P. O. Box 1928. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind of work.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly tended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 963.

DIBBSON & SAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 681.

W. J. Fenton, No. 19 Vine street. H. F. Doyle, No. 21 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

What a Crop of Corns I Have,

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to Rogers Bros., and buy a pair of those glove-fitting shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We always stock with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.,

19 W. FRONT STREET

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 37 NORTH AVE

YOU CAN SEE

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 34 WEST FRONT STREET;

and 38 Park avenue

P. O. Box 359.

FURNITURE AND FIRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covers to move goods any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. BLIZER, Mgr.

PHILOPENE

Is playful mood he placed his black straw hat
On top of Madge's curly, bronze brown hair,
And thought in all his life he'd never seen
A maiden half so ravishingly fair.

How blue eyes sparkling in a roguish way,
Her dimpled cheeks just red enough to show
The cherry ripeness of her pouting lips—
Just fainted him, and of course he wasn't slow

To seize the opportunity, likewise
The half reclining Madge, and plant a kiss
Or three, or more, just where they'd do most good.
He says he was true—he never made a miss.

He thought she might be angry, but his fears
All vanished as he reached the hall door mat.
Then said, "Next time you come to see me dear
That tricky—mean—old—lovely black straw hat."

—New York Herald.

Her Estimate of Damages.

"Had an accident here this morning?" queried the breathless reporter as a matronly lady appeared at the door in response to his violent ringing.

"Yes, we did. You see, the next house comes right up to ours, and the man painting it asked to come through our house and crawl out the scuttle onto its roof. Well, I let him. When he crossed the garret he fell through the floor"——

"Hurt him much?"

"Yes, I guess so. But he didn't stop with the garret; he fell through the next floor, tore a hole through the carpet, knocked the plastering off the ceiling and, oh, he just made an awful mess!"—Texas Siftings.

Johnny's Opinion.

Teacher—Johnny, in the sentence, "the audience cheered the tennis players loudly," you may point out the absurdity.

Johnny — There isn't any absurdity, ma'am.

"Are you sure? What is the meaning of the word 'audience?'"

"An assembly of hearers."

"Exactly. And do persons hear a game of tennis?"

"No. They hear the racket."—Chicago Tribune.

A Difference.

Visitor—Your sister is studying music, I understand?

Little Girl—Oh, no, ma'am; she doesn't study music.

"She doesn't?"

"No'm. She only practices scales an' things."—New York Weekly.

Etiquette.

Mrs. Hauteur—And did you thank most profusely the young gentleman who saved you from drowning when you fell overboard?

Miss Hauteur—No, indeed, mamma! Why, we had not been introduced, you know!—Lawrence American.

In Her Own Coin.

"May I have the pleasure, Miss Gray?" he asked.

"Will it be a pleasure?" she replied coyly.

It depends upon whether you say 'yes' or 'no,'" he said, and let her think it out.—New York Sun.

It Makes a Difference.

Clara—How do you like my friend?

Fanny—He is a horrid creature! Is he married?

"No, he is not married."

"How happy is the lot of the woman who did not get him for a husband!"—Texas Siftings.

In the Surf.

Mr. Boldboy (smiling tillingly)—The waves are using you rudely. Will you permit me to assist you to the shore?

Miss Waterly—Never mind, thank you. The waves may be rude, but they're not fresh.—Life.

Two Evils.

"Well, young man," said the irate parent, "if you invest in your present course you will sup sorrow with a spoon."

"I don't know whether that can be worse than eating ice cream with a fork," returned the profligate, "and I've tried that."—Judge.

Very Valuable.

Cumso—I see that the secretary of war is to pay $10,000 for the sword of the late Gen. Shields.

Mrs. Cumso—Why, I didn't know that second hand swords were worth anything like that much money.—Yonowine's News.

Young Lovers.

He—Let us go and sit in the park for awhile.

She (naively)—How bright the electric lights are!

He (reassuringly)—But they flicker and go out occasionally.—Munsey's Weekly.

A Chip of the Old Block.

"I see Charlie is wearing a sash now-days. I never thought he'd come to be sash at last."

"Most natural thing in the world, my boy! His father, you know, is in the sash and blind business."—Boston Times.

A Proper Phrase.

Jack—When the two-headed girl goes to the home for aged ewsies, what popular phrase would you use when describing her taking a drive?

Jim—I would say she was taking a double header.—Boston Courier.

The Eternal Fitness of Things.

First Resident—I hear we are to have four new lights in town. Where do you suppose they will be put?

Second Resident—Why, opposite the houses of the oldest inhabitants, of course! —Texas Siftings.

She Wanted to Be Crossed.

He—Oh, do say that you will marry me! Why don't you answer?

She (hesitating)—Er—I—er—

He—Why, any one would think I had asked you to sing!—Life.

Confirmed and Explained.

"Why did you say she was a designing woman?"

"So she is. She belongs to the decorative art society."—New York World.

Midsummer Gabble.

"The nights up at the north pole are six months long."

"Same as the days in Philadelphia."—Chaser.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

DEVOTED TO THE ENTERTAINMENT OF GIRLS AND BOYS.

The Chinese School Teacher, with His Great Round Spectacles, and a Fan in His Hand Instead of a Cane—Chinese Children at School.

How would you like a schoolmaster like the gentleman depicted in our cut? How would he look, with his great round spectacles, and how funny for a schoolmaster to have a fan in his hand instead of a cane. As for the fan, every Chinaman carries one, but the teacher has also a bamboo cane, though he seldom uses it, as Chinese children are most obedient and respectful to their teachers, who induce them to learn by kindness and persuasion, and the offer of reward to the most deserving.

If a boy is idle or neglects his task then he is dispersed by being made to kneel at his seat before the whole school. A stick

A CHINESE SCHOOLMASTER.

of incense is lighted which burns slowly, and the boy has to remain kneeling until it is consumed down to a certain point. If neither persuasion nor fear of disgrace has any effect, then the bamboo cane is tried, but not until all other means have failed.

The surprising size and shape of Chinese spectacles are proof of their native origin, and not copies from those of Europe. Indeed, spectacles appear to have been worn by the Celestials long before they were in use among western nations. These spectacles are kept in place with silken cords, with plummets attached to them and passed behind the ears. But fashion change even in China, and the natives observing the superior convenience of the spectacles worn by other nations are beginning to adopt them; so before long it is probable that the kind shown in the cut will be seen no more.

A Statue with a History.

A statue has recently been erected in Germany which has a pretty history. It is set up at Kaiserslautern to the memory of the late Emperor Frederick. Some years ago, while still crown prince, he paid a visit to the hospital at Kaiserslautern, where a number of Protestant ladies care for sick children. The crown prince went about in his kindly way, stooping his tall form to talk with some of the little ones. Among them was a little cripple, son of an infantry sergeant. The crown prince asked him his name, and when the little fellow shyly said it was Frederick, the prince took his little namesake in his arms and caressed him. The little boy was attracted by the stars and crosses which the crown prince, who is an officer in uniform, wore on his breast, and began fingering them while the prince chatted with him. This little episode was never forgotten at Kaiserslautern, and when the emperor died they raised his statue with the little boy in his arms playing with the medals on his breast. The statue, which is of bronze and a little over life size, stands in the quadrangle of the hospital close by the spot where he took up the little cripple.

The Corn's Hair.

He stood beneath the great cornstalk,
Our little 4-year-old,
And pulled the hanging tassel down
Of fine and silky gold.
"Oh, see the corn has golden hair."
He said, "and see it shine—
And yet it doesn't part at all—
It's not at all like mine!"

"I wonder how the corn would like
To have the farmer come
And comb his head each day
And cut it round his thumb?
I wish that I had hair like this—
That would be better far—
Instead of having tangles pulled
Morning, noon and night!"

—Little Men and Women.

Marjorie's Illness.

The day after her party Marjorie was cross and fretful. The old lady who lived next door said that it was badness, and that she ought to be punished. But instead of punishing her Marjorie's mamma held her in her arms, and rocked her and sang to her. After a while we found that Marjorie was ill, and so we sent for the doctor. He said she had scarlet fever.

Well, then they would not let any one come into the room, lest some other little girl should get it. And Marjorie's mamma and papa nursed her for six weeks, and she had to take a great deal of medicine. We always used to taste it first, to see

MARJORIE GETTING BETTER.

whether it was nice or not; and if it was not she let Marjorie get a present for taking it. One of the presents was a cap for Dolly, a cap which covered her head, so that you could not see where it was broken. Marjorie was very afraid that Dolly would take the scarlet fever, but I think she must have had it, as, although five months have gone by since she took the medicine, she kept well all the time.—St. Nicholas.

Origin of the Word "Pagan."

A "Pagan" was originally the inhabitant of a pagus, or village, a countryman. It came to mean "heathen" because it was chiefly in the country, remote from the towns, that the worshippers of the old national gods were allowed to continue.

MARTYRS TO CIVILITY.

Illustrating the Fact That Politeness Seems Always Pay.

They were summer men, with seabee, no waistcoats, and all that sort of thing. They were talking in the low, monotonous tones and laughing with the faded laugh peculiar to animals of their type. The boat was crowded and they had only one stool, which they gladly surrendered to a summer girl whom they knew. Then they stood and talked with her for three-quarters of an hour, until with the heat and the standing they were very weary.

Finally a stool near them was vacated. Both the summer men looked at it with longing eyes, and each looked at the other to take it. They argued with great cordiality. It was very edifying to watch them.

Meanwhile along came a man who wore no sash and didn't care a straw whether any one else wanted the seat or not. He sat down thereon, wiped his heated brow and heaved a deep sigh of contentment.

The summer men stood; but they had their revenge.

"Disgusting creature," they both said, and the young woman laughed.—New York World.

A Pertinent Question.

Regular Subscriber—You know this song every one is singing, something about Loonie Annie?

Editor—You mean Annie Rooney, don't you?

"Yes, guess that's it."

"Well, I know the song."

"You know it says something about 'Soon we'll marry?'"

"Yes."

"Have they got married yet? They've been wanting to for about two months."

"Not that I know of. Why?"

"Well, if they had I was going to tell the young man in the room next to mine to stop singing the song—or else I'll commit homicide."—Boston Times.

His Scheme.

"I've got a scheme that is worth thousands of dollars," said one Washington man to another.

"Going into business?"

"Well, after a fashion. I'm looking for some bright young man."

"As a clerk?"

"No. I think I'll let him be the proprietor and do the clerking myself. I'll get the first chance at the funds that way."—Washington Post.

Natural Mistake.

"This mucilage," observed the assistant in the laboratory of the scientific institution as he dipped his brush into the bottle, "appears to be all right as to consistency, but it is spoiled. Haven't we some that is fresher?"

"That isn't mucilage, Tompkins," exclaimed the chemist in charge, hastily replacing the bottle on the shelf. "That is a sample of rose water, sent here for analysis."—Chicago Tribune.

She Misunderstood Him.

Miss De Smith—Our engagement is broken from this moment, Mr. Roberts.

Mr. Roberts—Why, I've done nothing, have I?

Miss De Smith—You have. You promised to teach me lawn tennis, and the first thing you do is to call me "Thirty, love!" and I not a day over 17, and you know it.—Judge.

She Was Enterprising.

New Arrival—How is it that all the girls refuse to associate with Clara Beachly?

Fabian—She spoiled our fun for the whole season.

"Indeed?"

"Yes. She got engaged to the only man in the place before the season was a week old."—Munsey's Weekly.

A Fair Average Cost.

Mrs. Cumso—You've seen these dollar dinner bills of fare in the household magazines?

Mrs. Fangle—Yes. I got one up the other day.

"How much did it cost you?"

"Three dollars and a half."—Puck.

Two Views of It.

"The best thing about a vacation is the change it brings," said Mr. Bjenkins in a tone that showed he knew.

"Yes," assented Mr. Bjones, "and the worst thing about a vacation is the change it costs."—Somerville Journal.

A Double Loaded Gun.

Biggy—What's the matter with Beasley?

Wiggsy—He used to eat a bowl of eggs for breakfast every morning, and the consequence is he walks bowlegged; see?—New York Herald.

The Rounds That Help.

Youthful and Ambitious Comedian—By what means did you climb the ladder of success so easily?

Successful Comedian—By the rounds of applause, young fellow!—Lawrence American.

Like a Lazy Artist.

"That title of your play is suicidal."

"What, 'The Defective Flue?'"

"Yes."

"Why so?"

"It won't draw."—New York World.

Constant Wear.

Policeman—Don't you see that sign, "Keep off the grass?"

Small Boy—Well, you just let us alone and we'll keep off what grass there is.—Lowell Citizen.

An Ominous Sign.

Wife—Oh, John, I don't think you will live very much longer.

Frugal Husband (a sick man)—Has the doctor told you anything about my condition?

Wife—No; but he handed me his bill today.—Life.

Saving Time.

Employer (angrily)—Why are you throwing those circulars on the sidewalk?

Bill Distributer—Why, boss, that's what the people do that I give 'em to!—Puck.

This Is Not True.

Shopper—Have all those fine cashmere Trunkful Cash—Yes, indeed; just let them wear and see them run.—Wee Sheen.

A Close Race.

Gus de Smith—Talking about intelligent animals, I think the horse is a great deal more intelligent than the dog.

Will Berry Jones—Dogs are certainly more intelligent than horses.

"I don't agree with you. I once had a race horse that displayed a degree of intelligence that was almost human. It occurred on the race course. It was the closest race I ever saw. At the finish it was not only neck and neck, but nose and nose. There was not a quarter of an inch difference between them. Now, what do you think my horse did to win that race?"

"I have no idea."

"Well, sir, it's a fact, and I can prove it by a dozen living witnesses. When my horse saw that it was going to lose the race it stuck out its tongue, and actually won it by a tongue's length."—Texas Siftings.

No Fight.

"If you weren't bigger than I am I'd lick you."

"If you weren't smaller than I am I'd lick you."—Munsey's Weekly.

Old Zimmerbackle's Observations.

The thermometer is no Mason, but it takes some very high degrees.

A dog can make pants cheaper than a tailor because the material costs him nothing.

Masters are evened up pretty well in this world. The father tans the son, and the son tans the father.

England's drum beat is heard around the world, but Kentucky's hoof beat gets there too.—Texas Siftings. Yes, but they both find America's feed beat there ahead of them.—Danesville Breeze.

John Was So Literal.

Her Girl Chum (sweetly)—What did John get you for a birthday present?

Mrs. Youngwife (mournfully)—Not a thing.

H. G. C. (emphatically)—Why, how did that happen?

Mrs. Y. (weeping)—Well, you see, he asked me what he should get for me, and—and—I (more sobs) told him I'd love him just as—just as well (sobs) if he didn't get me anything, and—he—he—didn't.—West Shore.

A Law Abiding Citizen.

Drowning Man—Help! I am drowning! Stranger (on bank hastily divesting himself of his clothes)—Horrible! Can't you swim?

Drowning Man (rising to the surface and the occasion for the last time)—Of course! But don't you see that notice on the bridge, "Swimming strictly forbidden here?"—Translated Dusseldorf Zeitung in Texas Siftings.

Doing His Best.

"Sir," said the young man to his employer, "I thought I might take the liberty of reminding you that you promised to raise my salary this week."

"Certainly. I've got two collectors out now, and am just going over to the bank to try and get mine disconnected. Just keep calm, and I'll raise it somehow if I have any sort of luck."—Washington Post.

How Time Increases Values.

Eminent Author—You bought a MS. from me some ten years ago for $25.

Publisher—Yes, sir; but we haven't printed it yet.

Eminent Author—Well, let me have it back and I'll give you a hundred. I've got a reputation now and don't want to spoil it.—Puck.

A Good Selling Crop.

Farmer Backlot (to agricultural editor, taking his vacation)—What do you think is the best selling crop, sir?

Agricultural Editor—Well, I don't know. It seems to me that potatoes are about as dirty to harvest as anything.—Burlington Free Press.

Not Tested Yet.

Laura—What a quiet young man Mr. Tinkles is.

Flora—Have you invited him to dinner?

"No, not yet."

"Before you call him quiet wait until you hear him out."—Texas Siftings.

Didn't Take Very Well.

De Witt Scadds, Sr.—I must tell you emphatically that your extravagant mode of life must cease! What have you been doing during your last term at college?

Dinte, Jr.—Took a course of lectures on "Social Economy."—Puck.

Heard at the Shore.

Smithers—He become a professional.

Darnley—Rather an acrobatic move, is it not?

Smithers—Acrobatic?

Darnley—Yes, turned a summer salt, so to speak!—New York Press.

Mad.

"What did your mother say when you told her we were engaged, Mamie?"

"She didn't say anything. She just went over and spanked my little brother till he could hardly stand."—Boston Courier.

Feeling All Gone.

Doctor—How do you feel now, my dear sir?

Patient (feebly)—I can't feel at all, doctor. I've been paralyzed ever since I saw your bill.—Yonowine's News.

The Usual Reward.

"What did you get for your poem?"

"Thanks."

"Well, that was at least something."

"Yes; the editor returned it with thanks."—Boston Courier.

Exact Application of the Instrument.

Barber (executing an artistic swipe down his customer's cheek)—See it pull?

Customer (with his teeth firmly set)—No it doesn't pull—it excoriates.—Chicago Tribune.

Wonders of the Deep.

"Did you ever see a mud fish?"

"No, but I've seen a sewer fish."—New York Herald.

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LOW PRICES!

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POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE.
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Worsted Plaids (double width) 12 1-2c, 36 inch Wool Flannels (all color-) 25c, 36 inch English Cashmeres 25c, all wool Price Cloth 40c, 40 inch wool cloths in stripes and plaids at 50 worth 65c.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

Good Heavy Ingrains 25, 30, 37, 42 and 50c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17, 33, 40 and 45c. 4 4 Oil Cloth (ex heavy) 25c, Good Fancy Mattings 4 12 1-2c.

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This year, by ordering our Fall and Winter stock before the rise in leather. Therefore YOU will get the benefit of it, as we intend to hold to the low prices.

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No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126

AN $8 SALE.

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CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
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MR F. F. HELLWIG,
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which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the most improved engine, enables the coal to fill orders in the shortest possible time. The coal has already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 7. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth District Republican Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, are requested to meet in convention at Somerville, Somerset county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890,

at 12 o'clock noon, for the nomination of a candidate for Congress, to be voted for at the election to be held on the fourth day of November, 1890, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention. The basis of representation shall be one delegate for every one hundred Republican votes cast at the last gubernatorial election; provided, however, each township and ward shall be represented by at least one delegate.

CHARLES PLACE, Chairman.
R. F. GOODMAN, Secretary.
GEORGE M. SHIPPMAN, LEWIS ELY,
HORACE E. RUDE, P. HARES,
WILLIAM H. WYCKOFF,
Committee.

Dated August 4, 1890.

FLAG PRESENTATION.

The Plainfield Carpenters' Union's Beautiful Gift to the Bryant Public School.

At the opening of the afternoon session at the Bryant school to-day, the scholars were brought together in the assembly room, accompanied by their teachers.

Rev. Mr. Dills, the pastor of the Park avenue Baptist church, on behalf of the Carpenters' Union presented to the school, with appropriate remarks, a magnificent American flag, which was received by the children with every manifestation of pleasure

On behalf of the school Rev. Dr. Hurlbut received the gift, thanking the Union for their kindness, complimenting them on their thoughtfulness and exhibition of good taste and further touching on the patriotic spirit which actuated them, and which he felt sure would not be lost on the children who were to have the management of affairs in the coming year. Dr. Hurlbut also addressed the school.

The schools are now all in possession of flags, presented to them, the Bryant school being the last in the list, but its flag is fully equal to the others.

THE ANNUAL CONVENTION.

The County W. C. T. U. to Meet at Westfield Next Thursday.

The sixth annual convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union will be held in Etta Hall, Broad street, Westfield, Thursday evening, September 18th, 1890. The programme will be as follows:

MORNING SESSION.

10.00—Devotions.....Miss C. R. Yates
10.30—Roll call and minutes of last convention.
10.45—Reports of Cor. Sec'y and Treasurer.
11.00—Reports of Superintendents.
Collection.
12.00—Noonside prayer.
Collation.
1.00 p. m.—Meeting of executive committee.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2.00—Praise service.....Mrs. W. B. Daland
2.30—Minutes of morning session and executive committee.
2.45—President's address.
3.00—Election of officers and delegate to national convention.
4.00—Question box.
4.45—Miscellaneous business.
Collection. Adjournment.

Meeting of the executive committee.

Evening mass meeting in the Methodist church at eight o'clock. Address by Miss Elizabeth Greenwood, of Evangelistic Study, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The officers are: President, Mrs. M. D. Tomlinson; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. T. B. Abel; Recording Secretary, Miss Thirza Greaves; Treasurer, Mrs. N. C. Nicoll.

Superintendents—Juvenile Work, Mrs. P. H. Bennett, Plainfield; Sunday school, Mrs. S. Wilson, Rahway; Literature, Mrs. J. W. Yates, Plainfield; Evangelistic, Mrs. G. S. Mosher, Westfield; Flower Mission, Miss M. L. Underhill, Rahway; Prison and Almshouse, Mrs. A. Huntsman, Elizabeth; Parlor meetings, Mrs. M. F. Frances, Elizabeth; Hygiene Heredity, Mrs. J. H. Coard, Plainfield; Unfermented wine, Mrs. Jay Humphrey's, Summit; Press work, Mrs. S. R. Kent, Plainfield; Purity, Mrs. B. F. Carpenter, Rahway; Tobacco and Narcotics, Miss Essie Jacques, Westfield; Kitchen Garden, Miss May Tomlinson, Plainfield.

Mr. Hoerster Acquitted.

Eugene Hoerster, who was arrested on Thursday evening, on a charge of selling beer to a minor, preferred against him by Marshal Rutledge, was tried last evening before Justice Hardy. He was defended by Counselor Jackson, who contended that as the party to whom the liquor was sold appeared to be over 21 years of age and represented himself to be of full age before Mr. Hoerster would sell to him, and the sale was made through an honest mistake on the part of Hoerster, he could not be convicted. The statement of facts being supported by the testimony of the witnesses sworn, Justice Hardy held the view of the law as correct and discharged Mr. Hoerster.

Mrs. Newman Arrested.

A few days ago Michael Conway, a resident of West Third street, complained to City Judge Codington, that Mrs. Newman, another resident of that locality, had been using profane and indecent language to him. A warrant was issued for her arrest and she was apprehended this morning. When arraigned in court she pleaded not guilty to the charge and her trial was set down for Thursday morning at ten o'clock at the station house.

Fined for Disorderly Conduct.

James McCormick and Thomas Burns, two hostlers, had a war of words at the depot yesterday, which resulted in Burns having McCormick arrested. When the latter was arraigned before Judge Codington he pleaded not guilty. He was given a hearing this morning. After hearing the testimony in the case the defendant was adjudged guilty and given the choice of paying a fine of three dollars or spending ten days in the county jail. He will pay the fine, stated.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL

A SPECIAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The Street Railway, the Water Works Question, the Electric Fire Alarm and Other Questions Come Before the Meeting.—The Water Company's Communication.

The city Common Council met in special session last evening. At 8.10 o'clock, when, President Moffett called the meeting to order Councilmen Dunham, Gallup, Hatfield Johnson, Moffett, Newhall, Roberts, Rushmore, Smith and Spangenberg responded.

Mr. Jenkins arrived later.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read, but the action on them was deferred until the next meeting.

A petition from the Plainfield Street Railway Company was read. It is as follows:

To the Honorable Common Council of the city of Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN:—At the request of a large number of leading citizens of Plainfield, the Plainfield Street Railway Company desire to change a portion of their route as indicated in a former petition to your honorable body, to wit, to turn off LaGrande avenue at Richmond street, to Third street and through Third street to Arlington street, and the line of way through said streets are now being obtained and completed. We would therefore petition your honorable body to grant such change and extension of our route.

We have the honor to be your very re.
The Plainfield Street Railway Company.
A. W. PLATT, Pres.

Sept. 15th, 1890.

The company has been delayed in their efforts to obtain the right of way on Second street, Plainfield, by the Board, but have not have taken Third street instead, and hope to come before your honorable body on the first meeting of next month. A. W. PLATT, Pres.

Mr. Newhall from the Water Board arose and stated that the Board had consulted with the Corporation Counsel in reference to the water works matter and that that official had forwarded the following letter to said committee:

To the Water Works Company of the city of Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN:—You are hereby notified that the corporate authorities of this city insist upon a full and entire completion of the contracts of the city of Plainfield and the Plainfield Water Works Company for the construction of the Water Works in said city, in strict accordance with the terms thereof and within the time therein limited, and that in case of any default on the part of said Company action will be taken forthwith both against said company and its sureties.

The city is advised that the writ of certiorari granted by the Supreme Court the case of the State, Isreal Lewis, Pros., vs. J. Herbert Johnson, et al., does not operate to prevent the continuation of work under the contract and the city hereby gives notice that it will insist upon a literal extra allowance of time on account of said suit.

Demand is hereby made for the payment on or before the 15th, at two o'clock p. m., of the sum of $1,000 now due under clause 56 of said contract.

By order of Water Board, as empowered by Common Council. CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsel of Corporation.

Dated September 13th, 1890.

After the clerk had read the above letter Mr Newhall arose and stated that a copy of same had been served on the representative of the Water Works Company, but the company had not, as yet, responded. He further stated that in view of the fact the work on the proposed Water Works had been delayed to such an extent, and taking into consideration the suit now pending before the courts he had thought it well to advise Mr. Hering to discontinue drawing his monthly payments, and in reply to their request the following communication had been received.

Townsend Rushmore, Esq., Sec'y Plainfield Water Board, 91 and 93 Wall St., N. Y.

DEAR SIR:—I of course consider that I am personally bound to undervise the construction of the Water Works until completion, as per contract with the city. But in view of the situation as stated by you, if the work is discontinued for 3 months I consider it but right and proper to have the monthly installments cease until work is resumed.

Yours truly,
RUDOLPH HERING.

Both documents were on motion ordered filed.

Several bills which had been referred to the Auditing Committee were reported correct and they were ordered paid.

The contract between the city and the Gamewell Fire Alarm company was read.

Mr. Newhall then said that I am personally bound to undervise the construction of the Water Works until completion, as per contract with the city. But in view of the situation as stated by you, if the work is discontinued for 3 months I consider it but right and proper to have the monthly installments cease until work is resumed.

Yours truly,
RUDOLPH HERING.

Both documents were on motion ordered filed.

Several bills which had been referred to the Auditing Committee were reported correct and they were ordered paid.

The contract between the city and the Gamewell Fire Alarm company was read.

Mr. Newhall said if the Committee had contracted for any whistle or gong

Mr. Hatfield replied that it had not.

Mr. Newhall then said "if the contract is closed between the Company and the city without making any provision for a suitable alarm to procure a whistle or gong, we would have the electrical apparatus to blow a whistle, but no whistle to blow.

Mr. Hatfield replied that the objection could be easily overcome.

The following communication from the Plainfield Water Works Company was read and referred to the Water Board:

Hon. Common Council, City of Plainfield,

SIRS:—In view of the delay occasioned in sending in the Judges' Court relative to the contract for a water supply awarded to this Company on December 1889 and the unavoidable delay consequent thereon this Company desires to place before your honorable body a plan for the practical carrying out of the essential features of said contract within a short time and without the embarrassment of further delay.

Through the delay we are unable to present this plan in a formal manner at to-night's meeting, but we hold ourselves ready to submit the matter in open session this evening by our counsel or by a formal communication to your Board at a subsequent time. We would add that the steam for coil door work is rapidly passing away, the negotiations should be completed at once.

The Water Works Co., of Plainfield,
CHAS. K. MORRIS.

The Council then took a recess of five minutes to examine the collector's books after which the meeting adjourned.

Crescent Division Meeting.

At the regular meeting of Crescent Division, No. 13, U. R. K. of P., held in their armory last evening Grand Chancellor Commander Tarton was promoted to the rank of Sir Knight Herald and Sir Knight John Wakefield was elected to fill the position of Sir Knight Guard. The committee on the Columbia reported that the proceeds of the last entertainment had left eighteen Pluks remanded to thirty eight dollars.

SHALL WOMEN BE ADMITTED?

An Important Question to be Settled in Methodist Churches.

On Wednesday, Oct. 29th, an annual event will take place throughout the New Jersey Conference. An election will be held in every church of the Conference, and on that day women will be allowed to cast their ballots together for or against one object. Already the election has been announced in many of the churches, but many members do not understand its significance.

At the last session of the General Conference of the church in 1888 there was a lively discussion over the admission of women as delegates to the Conference. There were two or three elected from the Pacific States, and they attended to seat with the other delegates. For several days the discussion waxed fast, one side declaring that to thus endow women with the legislative function was contrary to teaching of scripture, and the other holding that as women were invaluable in the church work they should be allowed to present their views as delegates in the Conference. When the vote was taken there was only a majority of three in the lay delegation against admitting the women, but a majority of thirty-three in the clerical delegation.

There was a close vote on a question that was looked upon as very important in church government. To settle the matter in the future, the Conference decided to submit the question to the annual Conference throughout the country, and though them to the individual churches. The New Jersey Conference last Spring fixed Oct. 29 as the day for the election. The result will be important to the church. There are a great many women of the church who are opposed to the movement, and there are many men who favor it, so the voting will be confined to the women on one side and the men on the other. The ministers of the various churches are required to announce the election several times from their pulpits.

Red Men to Dine.

Miantonomo Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men of this city, will visit New Brunswick this evening, weather permitting. Upon arriving at that city they will be the guests of Alwogs Tribe of that place. A banquet at the cafe Bradley will be one of the features of the occasion.

Runaway Last Night.

A horse belonging to Mr. Purdie, an employe of the Pond Machine Tool Works, became frightened at about six o'clock last evening and ran away. The animal ran down Front street to Somerset and into Blimm's Hotel stables. No damage resulted.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Messrs. S. F. Dudley and R. G. Leypoldt will be present at the social meeting of the Young Men's Auxiliary to be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-night. Every member is privileged to bring one boy eligible to membership in the society.

JOTTINGS.

—The Fourth District Republican Congressional Convention is to be held at Somerville next Thursday.

—The Young People's Society of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting this evening at eight o'clock.

—The Plainfield post office is being dismantled preparatory to moving to its new quarters in the Clarkson building.

—The Plainfield Crescent League is to hold an adjourned meeting in Laing's Hall tomorrow evening at eight o'clock.

—The Democratic primaries to elect delegates to the Democratic Congressional Convention to be held at Elizabeth, will be held Friday evening next.

—Mr. M. H. Brandon's "Witches" and Mr. J. H. Foster's "Frank F," are among the Plainfield horses entered to trot at the coming State Fair which is to be held at Waverly next week.

—The case of Cash vs. Do ley, on contract, which came up for trial before Justice Bedyon this morning was been amicably settled by the defendant paying the amount claimed, with costs.

—On Thursday afternoon next the Norwich base ball team will visit Plainfield and play a game of base ball with the Crescents. The latter club visited Norwich a short time ago and were defeated by a score of 7 to 0.

—A few days ago a well-known North Plainfield lady purchased a safety bicycle and displayed great perseverance in learning to ride it. While she was thus engaged a few evenings since she accidentally lost her false teeth.

—A train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad known as No. 5, last Tuesday ran from Pattenburg to South Plainfield, a distance of thirty-seven and two-tenths miles, in thirty-four minutes. The train consisted of five cars and stopped at Flemington Junction and at Lambdown.

—The harvest moon is not due until the latter part of this month. The harvest moon is the full moon nearest the Autumnal equinox, and in 1884 it did not occur until October 5th. The peculiarity of this moon is that for a few days before and after it is full there is but little difference in the time of its rising.

—Mrs. A. M. Richmond, of Princeton, had in exhibition at the Mercer county fair a quilt made in 1817 by Hannah Arnett, one of the most patriotic women of the revolution. Mrs. Arnett was born in Elizabeth in 1738 and died in 1824, 91 years of age. The particulars of her life were published in the Princeton Whig of October 1st, 1876, and afterwards circulated in leaflet form.

—An Asbury Park correspondent says: About 2,000 baskets of peaches will be shipped from Asbury this month from all reports we can gather. This is more than will be shipped from any station on the line of the Central Railroad. At Lakewood, where 30,000 baskets were shipped last year, the number will scarcely reach 1,500 baskets this year. The same applies to High Bridge, Annandale and White House.

THE WATER WORKS CO

A HITCH IN THE ARRANGEMENTS TO SELL.

If Mr. Moore Can Comply with the Conditions He will be Relieved, Handsomely Paid, and Employed as Engineer.

Mr. Moore and his creditors were not able to come to an agreement amicably yesterday. There is a hitch. It now transpires that the franchise of the Water Works Company cannot be sold without the consent of the Council. It can, however, be transferred. This is one of the wise precautions for the benefit of the city.

It is also said that the judgment against Mr. Moore was not docketed on Saturday, being withheld on certain conditions to be complied with by him, but, we understand, the judgement is ready to be at any moment, in case of failure on his part.

We intimated this much in our article of yesterday. It is, however, only a question of time. Mr Moore still holds the contract, but in case he complies with the conditions the creditors will relieve him of his burden and employ him as engineer, paying him for what he has actually expended, and a fair amount in addition, it being estimated that the total sum will reach $30,000. Some think it will be a lucky thing for him if he can succeed in making a sale on such terms.

One of the conditions is that the contract may be modified to give an extension of time and in a few other points.

Mr. Moore will doubtless have some anxiety until he can comply with the conditions of his creditors, who probably will be unwilling to take the contract off his hands otherwise.

There are sixteen cities in the State with water works companies operating under the same law, so whether or not the suspecting its unconstitutionality will effect them all.

The proposed new company will not have any such difficulty, but will not buy at all unless Mr. Moore can comply with the conditions they have named.

A Great Game.

A game that is creating the most intense interest in semi-professional base ball circles is that to be played at Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 18 The game is to decide the inter-State amateur championship of New Jersey and Connecticut. The contending teams will be the Norwich of Norwich, Conn., who have won their series from the Mystics and Hartfords, and the Crescents League team of Plainfield, who on Wednesday closed the unprecedented record of defeating once or more every team they have played games of except the Norwich. The following are the teams the Crescents have defeated this season: Metropolitans, Acmes, Cuban Giants, Gorhams, Hackett, Carhart & Co., Columbia College, Stars of Newark, Unions of New Brunswick, Scientics, Rutgers College, Lafayettes, Alerts, Monroes, Lees, Vernons, Ridgewoods, Greenpoints, Alerts of Elizabeth, and Westfields; the Crescents having lost but five games this season.—New York Sun.

Justice Hardy's Court.

On complaint of Francis Bonnard, Justice Hardy issued a warrant for the arrest of Henry Hess on the charge of assault and battery. Mrs. Hess also swore out a warrant against her husband charging him with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Hess was apprehended last night and when arraigned before the justice, pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial was set down for this evening.

Carter Ten Eyck, colored, was arrested in the borough yesterday. He was drunk and incompetent to take care of himself. When arraigned before Justice Hardy last night, he pleaded guilty to the charge and the justice fined him $5 and costs.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the county clerk's office:

Central N. J. Land Improvement Co, to Charles P. Sebring, of Plainfield, lot near Peace street, 50x150, Gr25 ft. 200
James S. Minugh and wife of Scarbright to Charles P. Sebring of Plainfield, lot on be s North avenue, Plainfield, 70ft sw from Peace street 192x88 feet. 3,500
The Central N. J. Land Improvement Co, to Charles P. Sebring of Plainfield land on r w s North avenue, 50 ft sw from Peace street, 30x250 feet. 3,000

PERSONAL.

Mr. Milan Hall has returned to his home in this city after an extended Western trip.

Mr. William Myers, a well-known resident of this city died at his home on Clinton ave. nue shortly after midnight from pneumonia.

Miss Katie A. Kline died at the residence of George Kline in Cowperthwaite yesterday. The funeral will take place from her late residence Thursday afternoon at one o'clock.

Garfield Pike, an eight-year-old son of Mr. Noah Pike, fell from a grape arbor on his father's premises yesterday afternoon and fractured one of his arms. A physician set the fractured bone.

Mr. Ethan Leuphear of Central avenue has a piece of the original Atlantic cable which he has had for many years. Mr. Leuphear grew in deep love with by Mr. Charles Mayer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others will find a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles D. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Cox. 6-4-1mF

ONE WEEK LONGER.
Mrs. Dr. Edwards is compelled at the request of a large number who desire to continue her lessons, to continue in Plainfield. She most positively leaves on Wednesday September 17th, and this is the last week's opportunity. 11-1w

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and evergreens, beautiful selection, for sale at low rates; also BUILDING STONE, HIGH AND DRY, at quarry adjoining Goodwin's Nursery, No. 127 Middle avenue. 9-10-1w

A BICYCLE TOURNAMENT.

To be Held at the Crescent Rink Next November.

At a meeting of the Tournament Committee of the Plainfield Bi cle club, held last evening, it was decided that they would hold a tournament about the middle of November. All the events will be handicap. And the following are open to residents of Plainfield and the borough:

Sixty yard dash; bicycle race; 1 mile safety bicycle; 1-2 mile run; 1-4 mile run; scholars championship; relief race; 1 mile roller skating race. The Club events are; sack race; 1 mile safety bicycle; 1 mile ordinary bicycle; 3 legged race; 1-3 mile run

Handsome medals and prizes will be given to the winners of each event. The committee is desirous of ascertaining the number of contestants in each event, and entries should be made at once with F. L. C. Martin, E. L. Wale, Jr., D. Lenox, A. L. C. Marsh, R. F. Murray, H. W. Beebe or Geo. C. Martin, Jr.

North Plainfield Committee Meeting.

The North Plainfield Township Committee held a meeting in Spencer's Hall Saturday evening. Comm'r Dyer, C. E. Smith as member of the committee was accepted; several bills were ordered paid, another supply of crushed stone was ordered and after the transaction of some further routine business the meeting adjourned.

The Pearl of Pekin.

At the Opera House on Wednesday night Rice's comic Opera Company will present their popular comic opera, "The Pearl of Pekin," which has been the rage in New York and has met with a phenomenal success. The opera will be presented with all its original scenery, costumes and effects. There is a strong orchestra and a full chorus.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Died.

KLINE—At Cowtown, September 15th, Katie A. Kline.
Funeral from the residence of George Kline Thursday afternoon at one o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A POSITION is wanted by an energetic workman as foreman in some paining carpenter's place. 20 years' experience. Address for two days "Carpenter," care of Evening News. 15-2

A COACHMAN wants a situation. Good references. Call at No. 16 Arlington avenue, Arena White. 15-2

COACHMAN wanted. Must have good reference. Wages good. Only a man of experience need apply. Address "Wanted," care of Evening News. 16-2

FOUND—A small skye-terrier. Blue ribbon around neck. If owner will leave address at News office for "J." dog will be restored. Liberal compensation for services will be expected. 16-2

FOR SALE—A lot of household furniture, 47 Plainfield avenue, Friday afternoon. 16-2

FURNISHED rooms for lodgings. No. 5 Peace street. 10-6

FOR SALE CHEAP—single top phaeton. Apply at sharp's factory. 12-6

GIRL wanted at 56 Central avenue, for general housework. Family of three.

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9 8tf

GOOD plain cook wants situation. A good washer and ironer. Apply at 42 West Second street. 16-3

LOST—Saturday evening, a small Yorkshire terrier. Liberal reward paid for its return at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 9-10tf

SAFETY BICYCLES—Second hand, all ball bearing. Price $50 at Carey's, corner Grove and Front streets. 13-3

TO LET—New 3-room-house on richmond street near Third. Ten dollars. 10-tf

TO LET—Three or four nice rooms, for light housekeeping. 80 East Fifth street. 15-2

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Call at 56 East Fifth street.

WANTED—A good timesmith used to general jobbing and furnace work. Mc-Fadden & Dooley, plumbers, New Brunswick. 15-3w

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to fill position of housekeeper. Small family. Three other servants. Must be willing to live in the country. Reference and recommend required. Address "Housekeeper" care of Evening News. 16-4

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Geraniums and Coleus; office, corner Second bar Mrs. Lindsay. 16 West Front st.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and fine wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest possible manner. Orders solicited. Also fine yarns given in doing lace work. By Mrs. Charles Mayer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 25 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others will find a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles D. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Cox. 6-4-1mF

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TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and evergreens, beautiful selection, for sale at low rates; also BUILDING STONE, HIGH AND DRY, at quarry adjoining Goodwin's Nursery, No. 127 Middle avenue. 9-10-1w

THE MAJORITY

of our Fall goods are here. The weather for the past few days has been somewhat against us, but we will be ready for good weather when it comes.

In the meantime our cellar is full of

RUBBER BOOTS and RUBBER OVERSHOES.

THE BEST MAKES and the LOWEST PRICES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

20 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Biggest Inducement

EVER OFFERED IN PLAINFIELD.

For this week ONLY we only we will give to every purchaser of a pound of our famous

50c Special Mixed Tea, 3lbs of Granulated Sugar, FREE.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular prices. Just look:

300 dozen Mason jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 39 pieces of 39 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, glassware and house furnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alberti, P. O. Box 1629

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her private lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano, gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS,
A graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in theory, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front st. 9-10-1f

MISS L. E. BABCOCK
will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on methods of singing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Lojpsic method Giovannuspling. Will also form a class in the piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harmony 9 3 2w

MISS. J. L. ANDERSON,
Pupil of Professors Stefanone and Albieri, will resume lessons in vocal culture at her residence, 180 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Stefanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J., and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-6w

MISS FAWCETTS,
Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany, illustrated daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9-8tuF

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Tuesday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-16 tm

RODMAN SEMINARY.
26 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss. R. C. Dengler, Principal. 9-13-3w

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newcomb will receive Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890. 9-6w

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS.

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 65c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.
7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.
Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Hindy" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.
Germantown wool, 10c per hank.
Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.

Louis Callman,

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter.

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.
ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE
Weanesday, Sept. 17.
RICE'S universally conded most elaborate production of Classic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Scened and Costumed in the most extravagantly rich manner of any similar production ever presented by the company. Now playing to the capacity of the largest houses in New York. 100 nights in Boston, 100 nights in Philadelphia, 100 nights in Chicago. And the past season 75 nights in the principal cities. Prices 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

Plainfield Evening News.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) BY THE PLAINFIELD PUBLISHING COMPANY, AT 5:30 O'CLOCK, AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET.

W. HOARDING, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND SUBURBS AT TWELVE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

METRIC MEASUREMENT.

The French unit of linear measure called the meter is 39.368 American inches in length, and represents one ten-millionth part of the distance from the equator to the north pole. It is the fundamental unit of the system of long measure which is noted for its convenience the world over. This system, Mr. H. W. Richardson tells us in *Harper's Monthly*, is bound to become the unit of measurement for the whole world, sooner or later. Then all difficulties of commerce in changing the measurements of one nation into those of another will vanish. After enumerating some of the different linear standards in various countries, and the confusion arising therefrom, Mr. Richardson says:

The legal unit of this process must be the adoption of a complete decimal scheme, and there is manifestly no better unit for the practical purposes the meter in the distance between two lines marked on a bar of platinum deposited in Paris. The decimal system is the basis of an ingenious and simple system of weights and measures which is gradually coming into use all over the world. Because it is found to be universal and practical it deserves the attention which it has always received in this country. It is already employed in surveying on the mint and in the work of the coast survey, except for soundings, and is preferred for many scientific investigations requiring exact measurement.

Good Times in England.

In Great Britain the inspectors of factories, workshops and tpdustries have made their annual report. They show a better condition of things than has been known in the British Isles in some years. The chief inspector sums up conditions in these words: "The working classes were never better off than at present, and with sobriety and thrift they might almost be considered in a position enviable." The various industries throughout the globe seem, by a law not well understood, to be connected with each other in such a way that when a given interest is prospering in one country it is usually also thriving in other countries. Thus iron manufacturing has been prospering in America the last year and a half. At present Britain it has been stimulated in all branches of its production during the same period.

The good times have likewise covered Wales and Scotland. In Glasgow more than half a million dollars in excess of the amount for last year has been deposited in the savings banks. The articles manufactured find ready sale abroad for since, and only for the vexatious strikes and boycotts of the working people England would have comparative peace. There is one exception to the general prosperity, however, and that is a very significant one. It is the farmers. Agriculturists in America have been discouraged and depressed of late years, and even though misery loves company, it will not add to their happiness to know that the outlook of the English farmer has been equally gloomy.

Tolstoi.

Count Leon Tolstoi has spent most of the time since his "Kreutzer Sonata" appeared in explaining why he wrote it. He is a brave man, this Tolstoi, for he does not take back one word of the revolutionary social views put forth in that work. He still seems to be scared at the outcry and take water, as a weaker author would have done. He only says he regrets that it was published in his life time, and that it was issued against his judgment.

A New York World correspondent visited Tolstoi at home not long since, and found him entirely living up to his ideas, so to speak. He believes that it is the duty of every human being to work with his hands to provide himself with bread. This, however, need not occupy all his time, or more than a few hours of it daily, and the remainder he can utilize for cultivating literature or the fine arts. So he himself works, so he himself writes. Like most persons of genius, Tolstoi has work enough laid out ahead of him for two or three lifetimes, work that he can never hope to finish, yet still loves to think about. He says of his own life:

Every man ought to do enough work each day to pay for the food he eats and the clothes he wears. I do not see why I should be so spoiling the living of the labor of other people, and in doing an injustice to his fellow men. Some days I mow, gather in new grain, dig in the garden, chop wood, bottle or apples, or, like Mr. Gladstone, fell a tree. Sometimes I make my own boots, and if my women would let me would also make all my own clothes. I do not have to work very many hours in the day for what I consume, and so I find plenty of time to write and study. I am only 62 years old, and intend to write a great deal. My only regret is that I did not begin earlier how short so enable me to finish all I wish to do.

Bismarck is to be furnished by Germany at a cost of $7,500,000, according to the estimates. It did well enough under English rule for generations without much fortification. But Germany will wring some more money from the labors of women, old men and boys and make it an unimpregnable military fortress—till the next gun is invented that will shatter it to atoms.

An ex-United States postoffice inspector is now one of the most active lottery agents at Washington. Naturally he would know how to get lottery tickets and advertisements through the mails.

RAY'S DEATH IN DOUBT.

No Confirmatory Reports Received by His Relatives.

EVA MAY FIGHT FOR HER DOWER.

Present Legal Status of Hamilton's Suit to Annul the Marriage—Eva Wept but a Short Time When She Heard of Her Husband's Alleged Demise.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Although no more definite news regarding the reported death of Robert Ray Hamilton was received by his friends in this city yesterday, it is generally believed that the man whose corpse was found on Aug. 25 entangled among the branches of a tree overhanging Snake river, Idaho, was Hamilton, and that he met his death through the slipping of his saddle girth. The first news that reached this city of the death of Hamilton was received by Mr. Moore, who, as has been related to the family.

A telegram dated last Friday at Pocatello, Idaho, and signed by Casimir De R. Moore, reached Mr. Peabody on Saturday. It simply stated that Robert Ray Hamilton had been drowned, and that a letter Mr. Moore would start for home immediately. The information was sent to the members of Mr. Hamilton's family.

Mr. Peabody was disinclined to talk about the matter yesterday, and said that he would prefer to wait until there was no doubt of Ray Hamilton's death before taking it for granted that he was dead.

A Mystery Yet.

As intimate friend of Hamilton's, who is acquainted with the circumstances, said: "I am opposed to have met his death, said that Hamilton left here about Decoration Day with the intention of spending the summer at his ranch on the Snake river. He had made arrangements to meet a Boston man from whom he had bought a share in it. The two men were going to hunt together, and the party was to be reinforced later on by friends of both who were to visit them.

What nobody understands yet is the delay of the party in Hamilton's ranch. According to the dispatch received from Montana, Dr. J. O Green, son of President Norvin Green, of the Western Union Telegraph company, examined Hamilton's body on Aug. 23, at a distance of only thirty miles from the ranch, and the friends of Hamilton were notified, but when this notification was sent does not appear. It is certain that no such information reached this city before last Saturday.

Eva's Lawyer Talks.

Charles W. Fuller, Eva Hamilton's counsel in this city, said that he was thoroughly convinced of Robert Ray Hamilton's death.

"Should the report prove true," he said, "Mr. Hamilton's death facilitates the suit so far as he is concerned. The executors of the estate, or his heirs, however, have the same rights that they attempt to annul the marriage. *But they'll never annul it.* The charge that Mrs. Hamilton had another husband was abandoned early. The burden of proof was on Mr. Hamilton's side, and naturally he would have great difficulty in making out a case that would be sufficient to annul a contract of this character.

"The fight on the part of the defense has been for delay, in order that Mrs. Hamilton might be in a condition to testify. If the case comes up again, every legal step to defend Mrs. Hamilton will be taken, and the highest court of the state of New York must pronounce that marriage invalid before we stop."

Mr Fuller said that Baby Beatrice, who nearly 2 years old, was being kept in close custody by Robert Ray Hamilton, of Sing Sing, brother of the late Robert Ray Hamilton, has just received two letters from the widow of Hamilton's death. One was signed by Eva Sargent, the keeper of the ranch at which he was staying, and the other from Casimir De R. Moore, of Sing Sing. Mr. Moore went West on a visit. Mr. Sargent's alleged letter gives the full story of the tragedy, but tells nothing new, except that Hamilton's body was buried "close to our house, on a spot overlooking Mary Mere and the Teton mountains."

The alleged letter is dated Sept. 2 and concludes as follows: "He once told me he would rather be buried here, should anything happen. I know he was going to change his residence and make this his home. He told Mrs. Sargent that he meant to ship out his library and other things and live here permanently. Although we have known him but a short time, we grieve for him from the bottom of our hearts. I have done everything I could do and will take every care of his things until I hear from you."

The letter from Moore is unimportant and looks even more unreliable than the Sargent missive.

Mrs. Hamilton Hears the News.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 16.—Evangeline Hamilton, the widow of Robert Ray Hamilton, ate her breakfast Monday in ignorance of her husband's death. Then she sat down composedly to sew buttons on shirts.

Headkeeper Patterson and his wife broke the news to her. They toggethered that she would weep and wail and go into hysterics. She did cry and wring her hands and show other signs of grief, but it did not last long. For a few minutes after the keeper and his wife had left her Mrs. Hamilton bowed her head and wept. Then she raised it, wiped her eyes, and went on with her sewing. A dozen reporters were at the prison, but she did not wish to see them.

Her request was granted, but the newspaper men were allowed to gaze upon her from afar as she continued her sewing. She weighed 130 pounds on Oct. 3 last year. She arrived at the prison last May to begin her two-year term. She is considerably heavier now, but as she is quite tall (five feet seven) she still looks slender. In one respect she certainly is not favored by the prison officials, and that is in the matter of diet. From the hour she entered the prison she has eaten after skies and tried to tickery shock that every other female prisoner wears.

Deserted by Her Friends.

Besides her counsel, Mrs. Hamilton has no visitors at all. She does not correspond with any relatives or friends, and seems to have been deserted by them all. She has heard nothing from her baby in months, except that its name, Mrs. Rose, of Philadelphia, had had it at Cape May during the summer.

Her Hope of Pardon.

Hope of a pardon has not completely deserted her. Her case will be pressed at the next session of the court of pardons. If her application is again rejected she will reluctantly await the expiration of her term. If she should receive full time off for good behavior she will be set free again on May 27 next. Headkeeper Patterson said she was a good prisoner, and would no doubt receive the benefit of the rule.

Her only diversion is attendance upon Matron Patterson's Bible class. She takes a lively interest in the class work. Mrs. Patterson has the women read printed sermons, and Mrs. Hamilton has several times been the reader. She is particularly fond of Talmage's sermons.

Last week Mrs. Hamilton informed Keeper Patterson that she would never give up in the battle which is waging against her and the child. A hundred times, more or less, since her incarceration she has referred to the matter, always saying that the baby is hers and that Robert Ray Hamilton is its father.

To Fight for Her Dower.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 16.—Capt. Samuel E. Perry, Mrs. Hamilton's counsel here, said that she had all legal claims to a dower, and a strong case. Mrs. Hamilton, he said, had plenty of money at home to defend her suit if necessary, and to obtain her rights in court. From [illegible] he knew of her she will not yield without a struggle. Capt. Perry believes not believes that Hamilton committed suicide.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Points.

La Normandie reports speaking the American ship Challenger 275 miles out, dismasted, twelve of her crew lost overboard and four seriously hurt.

The Puritan, of the Fall River line, met with an accident to her machinery off Watch Hill and was towed back to Newport for repairs.

Messrs. Potter and Lovell, of the Potter-Lovell company, were arrested in Boston on a charge of fraud preferred by one of their former customers.

At New York six captains of the Twenty-second regiment were arrested by order of Col. Camp, charged with conspiracy.

Marcus Lorand & Co., window shade manufacturers of Philadelphia, were burned. Loss, $25,000; mostly covered by insurance.

On Sept. 15 Mrs. Frances Constantine died at West Manayunk, Pa., aged 100 years and 6 months. She was born in Philadelphia. Her first husband was killed in the war of 1812.

Mr. Wiman's Great Tunnel Project.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—A bill has been introduced in the house by Congressman Covert at the solicitation of Mr. Erastus Wiman, the purpose of which is to make a great railroad tunnel. The bill authorizes the Brooklyn, Staten Island and New Jersey Junction railroad, a New York corporation, to construct a tunnel underneath the bay of New York from a point near Clifton, S. I., to a point near Bay Ridge, on Long Island. The bill provides that the tunnel shall be accessible to all railroads that pay a reasonable rate for trackage, and if the terms are not agreed upon, the secretary of war shall fix the rate. The construction is to be under the direction of the war department, and must be commenced within three years. The bill was referred to the committee on commerce. It is claimed by Mr. Wiman that by the construction of this tunnel and the Arthur Kill bridge branches will be afforded to Brooklyn for six trunk line railroads.

Bicycle Records Broken.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 16.—At Lake View park Windle broke all worlds' records for three quarters and one mile, riding the quarter in 32 4-5; 1/2 in 1:12 4-5, three quarters, 1:49 2-5 and the mile in 2:25 3-5. Best previous three quarters, 1:50 1-5; the fastest mile ever ridden before, 2:28 4-5. Rich, of New York, broke the four and five mile ordinary bicycle records, making the four miles in 11:11 3-5, and the five miles in 13:58 4-5. Previous American records, 11:11 4-5 and 14:07 2-5 respectively. Murphy and Smith, of the N. Y. A. C. broke all world's tandem records up to one mile, making the mile in 2:27, best previous record, 2:33. Berlo, of Boston, rode a mile on a safety, making the mile in 2:30, best previous record, 2:36 1-5, by himself.

Mormons Had Faith.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 16.—The September term of the Second district of Beaver has just closed. In sentencing some of the prisoners convicted of unlawful cohabitation, Judge Anderson remarked, when the accused would not promise to obey the laws in the future, that it seemed strange, since the Mormons were all the *time contending absurd claims* through the press and in congress that polygamy is being abandoned. They were proclaiming in the world that polygamy is not being practiced in Utah, yet there was an unusually large number of such offenders appearing at every term for sentence, and they would not even promise to obey the laws. Their pretensions of obedience published to the world were made in bad faith.

A Woman's Fatal Fall.

DANBURY, Conn., Sept. 16.—A fire in Tidley's boarding house adjoining the Danbury and Norwalk station on Main lay, a boarder on the third floor, in endeavoring to escape from the burning building, swung out on a blind which broke, precipitating her thirty feet to the sidewalk. She was fatally injured.

Money for Central Strikers.

ALBANY, Sept. 16.—Secretary Hayes, of the Knights of Labor, has arrived in this city from New York. He had with him a large sum of money, but said that he was not at liberty to say how much. Last night might the money was distributed. One man called on Cook and received $18 and another said that each man had received $8.

Fifteen Cars Wrecked.

MERIDEN, Conn., Sept. 16.—A freight train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad was wrecked about a mile south of Berlin shortly after 9 o'clock last night. No one is reported as killed or injured. Fifteen cars were piled in a heap and both tracks were torn up.

Weather Indications.

From partly cloudy to cloudy and slightly warmer, followed by rain.

THE HOUSE'S NEGATIVE.

Senate Tariff Bill Amendments Non-Concurred In.

THE KENNEDY SPEECH DISCUSSED.

Attempt to Have the Ohio Representative's Publication Excluded from the Congressional Record, and Its Author Censured by the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—The house received the tariff bill with senate amendments from the senate committee on finance, and after two hours' discussion voted to non-concur in the senate amendments and send the bill to conference. Mr. Enloe offered a resolution reprobating and condemning Mr. Kennedy's speech on the 3d of September last. It was published in the senate as a body. This was discussed for some time, but pending action on the resolution the house adjourned.

Mr. McKinley's Resolution.

Mr. McKinley offered the following resolution, which was adopted—yeas, 134; nays, 72:

Resolved, That after two hours' general debate shall be given to move to non-concur in the senate amendments in gross, and agree to the committee of conference asked for by the senate, and the house shall not further delay or other motion proceed to vote on said motion.

Democratic Protests.

The resolution was bitterly opposed by Messrs. McMillan (Tenn.) and Blount (Ga.) Mr. Blount said the resolution stripped the rules of the last piece of conservatism which they contained. Under the pretense of doing business the majority had broken down the rules. It had abrogated the power of the house to consider the subject of taxation and had relegated that subject to a small number of conferees. Mr. McMillan said *the majority in caucus had determined* that both the minority and the plumed knight should be throttled.

Mr. Vaux's Attack.

Mr. Vaux (Pa.) said the country was looking to the house for an intelligent discussion of the tariff question. But he rose not to say one word on this subject, but for the single purpose of trying to inform the people that the Republican party forbade *the right of representation* in the house of representatives in the American congress. He wanted the people to understand that the inherent rights of a representative to be heard on amendments had been taken away from him. That right never could be taken from him unless force was used to compel him to take his seat. The tariff bill was a matter of general interest. Two hours were given to discussion of 460 senate amendments. This was done by the majority wanted to veil itself behind a sham debate. He wished to say to the farmer and to the laborer that this tariff bill was a cheat. Two thousand people were enriched by the tariff bill and 60,000,000 were impoverished. The majority believed in every trust save one—the trust in a righteous and just God.

Censure as a Unwilling Passenger.

Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) said that he was an unwilling passenger in the McKinley tariff congressional limited express train. The down grade on the Buckeye road conductor were running the train on their own book and in defiance of the will of the people. He uttered his protest against it. That was all he was allowed to do.

Maj. McKinley's Retort.

Mr. McKinley said that if the committee on rules had erred in reporting the resolution it had erred in giving too much time for debate. He invited the attention of the house to the fact that not fifteen minutes of the two hours had been devoted to the discussion of the senate amendments or the tariff question at all. The methods of the majority were known to the country. The trouble with members on the other side was that they did not discuss measures, but called names, and while they were calling names the majority had gone on and done more public business than had been done by any house of representatives since the foundation of the government.

Mr. Enloe Excluded.

Mr. Enloe then offered a resolution excluding from the publication in the Congressional Record the speech of Mr. Kennedy, of Ohio, delivered in the senate on the 3d of September last. Mr. Enloe said that the speech was one of the most infamous documents ever published in the history of the senate than he (Mr. Enloe) had to state that the speaker was corrupt or that the president was a criminal. He then read from the clerk's desk a number of extracts from Kennedy's speech as it appears in The Record. He argued that it was due to the house that no utterance reflecting upon the senate should be admitted into The Record.

Mr. Bayne (Pa.) said that he concurred in the remarks of Mr. Enloe. It occurred, perhaps, for the first time that two senators of the United States had been attacked by name in the house of representatives, and the charge had been attacked as a body, and that epithets had been *applied to those senators which would disgrace* and disgrace any man. Mr. Kennedy's utterances had been withheld for revision, had not appeared in The Record until today, so that notice could not be taken by members.

Today those remarks appeared, shorn perhaps of some of their animosities and misrepresentations, but still containing such a palpable charge of corruption upon the senate that the house could not refrain from putting the seal of its condemnation upon them. He trusted, in the interest of truth and justice, of the senate and of the house itself, that no technicality should be allowed to come in the way of condemning the utterances made by Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Bayne offered an amendment to Mr. Enloe's resolution directing the public printer to exclude from The Record Mr. Kennedy's speech.

In a Lion's Grip.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 16.—While a canvasman of Wallace & Co.'s circus was sitting on the top of one of the cages with his leg dangling down the side a lion in the cage reached out with one of his claws and fixed its nails in the man's leg near the knee. The beast stripped the flesh from the bone between the knee and heel, and *before the poor fellow could be released* it was necessary to pry the beast's jaws open with iron bars.

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All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owner whereby we are employed as agents and general managers.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit the continuance of their valued favors which will receive prompt attention.

Terms reasonable. Prices given to the execution of roofing.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

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Bargains, for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. Sell-ly.

Little, But, Oh, My!

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The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

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FLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

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Mrs. Stephenson.

53 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still managing famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Festivals Weddings supplied with everything. Popplete.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Goods, lamps etc., in great

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

[illegible] this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

A large, brick structure, with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

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PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

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Our Fall Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

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MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. AND PARK AVE.

Gentlemen's Fine Calfskin and Patent Leather

Ladies' Oxford Ties

and

Russet Shoes

are good to wear, and

Russet Apples

are better to eat. If you cannot get our Russet Shoes at your store, I have just received a few tons of the above fine apples. Also the best Comfortable Shoe in Summer wear. If you cannot get our Russet Shoes at your store, I have just received a few tons of the above fine apples. Also the best Comfortable Shoe in Summer wear.

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1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style) ... 15.00.
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(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

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MET THE FATE OF FEEKS.

"Big George" Kopp Slain by a Live Wire.

CROWDS SAW THE LINEMAN DIE.

He Attempted to Work Among the Wires Without His Rubber Gloves and Was Slowly Roasted and Shocked to Death. Thrilling Rescue of the Body.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—Another electric light wire tragedy, which almost eclipsed in its harrowing details the living-death that Lineman Feeks underwent, was enacted in this city last night. It occurred on Broadway, at the corner of Thirty-fifth street, in the presence of a vast throng of people who were just returning from the theatres. Ladies shrieked as they gazed at the terrible contortions of the man who was being slowly charred by the death transmitting wires, and for a time the streets in the immediate neighborhood were impassible.

He Worked Without Gloves.

The victim was George Kopp, an employe of the United States Electric Light company. Kopp, who was known as "Big George," lived on Third avenue, near Twenty-sixth street. He ascended the pole in front of the New York theatre without his gloves and began work.

He pulled the old carbon out of the lamp and was about to place a new one in its place when his quick eye discovered the fact that the wires supplied the light were not properly insulated. He grasped one of them. His two mates were watching by passers by, as the slight of a man handling an electric lamp generally attracts attention. Three or four men stopped to look at Kopp.

Not Even a Groan Escaped Him.

All at once his pinchers fell to the sidewalk and his head dropped in a limp condition toward the lamp. Not a word, or sign, or groan escaped from him. The men who were standing nearby did not seem to realize what had happened.

Just then the audience that filled the Park theatre across the way began to disperse. The sight of the man standing motionless and apparently transfixed on the ladder attracted the attention of those who were first to emerge from the sidewalk.

The Odor of Burning Flesh.

They crowded around the ladder. Suddenly a sickening, sizzling noise on the wire immediately followed their approach. It was similar to that which horrified the crowd that saw poor Lineman Feeks tortured to death in Cortlandt street. The odor of burning clothes and flesh now became perceptible. Men turned pale and women fainted away at the sight. No one seemed to be able to offer the victim any assistance. The work of death began to sputter, and electric sparks shot here and there from the body. The terrible news had reached the theatre, and the remaining auditors rushed out and joined their friends at the spot where Kopp's electrocution was in progress.

During Men to the Rescue.

At this juncture Manager W. J. Dunlevy, of the theatre, and Superintendent Charles W. Phipps, of the Brush-Electric Light company, rushed over to the ladder. They carried with them a pair of thick rubber coat, which they had secured in the theatre. They wrapped the coat around the unfortunate man and slowly pulled his body from the instrument of torture and lifted him to the sidewalk. A ringing cheer went up from the crowd when the rescuers came down from their perilous task.

They Were Too Late.

The unfortunate victim was motionless, and it was the opinion of Dr. Gage and Dr George C. Gage, who passed at the time, both clerks of the prostrate man, for he subsequently gave some indications of life. Dr. Gage waited for half an hour. A messenger was sent for an ambulance call by one of the policemen on the beat. After an interval one came up to the curb. Kopp began to groan and give some unmistakable signs of life. His clothes were burned, but the only mark visible was a scorched place on the right hand. He was placed in the ambulance, and the driver started for the New York hospital, but he died on the way. The ambulance surgeon said that after having the scene of the accident that Kopp would not live an hour.

France and Russia Exchange Compliments.

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The foreign officers who attended the recent maneuvers of the French army have been given a banquet by Gen Saussier, commander of the Eighteenth Army corps. Gen. Perron gave a toast to Gen. Kabaloff, of the Russian army, to which the latter responded in fervent parsido army, which was able to dispose of the armed coalition which was threatening Europe. If one campaign did not suffice to effect it, Russia would not hesitate to have recourse to several, and would be victorious in the end. Gen. Perron asked the company to drink to the sister army of Russia. In replying to the toast Capt. Kabaloff hinted upon the feeling of affection with which the Russian army regarded the army of France. Upon the conclusion of his remarks he, according to the Russian custom, shattered his glass upon the floor.

Southern Fine Manufacturers.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16. The yellow pine lumber manufacturers composing the Southern Pine Manufacturers' association have ended their convention after the election of the following officers: J. R. White, president; George S. Lacey, vice president; J. H. Dinning, secretary; George M. Griffin, treasurer. The report of the committee on prices was adopted with a few amendments. Rules were made for prices on all finishing lumber from 50 cents to $1 per 1,000 feet.

Killed on the Track.

LOCUST GAP, Pa., Sept. 16.—While Miss Jane Holliban, Miss Winnie Cannon and Charles Woods were walking on the track of the Reading railroad they were struck by the engine of a freight train and Miss Holliban was killed and Miss Cannon and Woods were badly bruised. Miss Holliban was 18 years of age.

Another Locomotive Explodes.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Sept. 16.—A locomotive used as a "pusher" for freight trains on the Concord grade, about six miles below this city, while pushing a train up the grade last night exploded its boiler, killing the fireman and injuring the engineer and a brakeman.

Italian Laborers Killed.

SUSQUEHANNAH, Pa., Sept. 16.—An Erie pusher engine struck four Italian quarry laborers at Germantown, two miles east of here, instantly killing two and badly injuring the others.

NEWS FROM CRESSON.

The President's Outing—An Extra Session of Congress Probable.

CRESSON, Pa., Sept. 16.—The president is in receipt of several invitations to visit different parts of the state, but he has not yet accepted any of them. The Grand Army posts of Pittsburg are anxious to have the president participate in the celebration of the Grand Army at Rock Point, near Pittsburg, on Wednesday next. The Grand Army post of Tyrone, Pa., has notified the president of the intention to visit him on Wednesday. While not making a positive engagement to be here on the arrival of the veterans, a reply has been made to the effect that he will be glad to see them at any time, but as he contemplates making several trips about the mountains by rail during the week he may not be at his cottage when they arrive. It has been suggested to the post that the president will surely be at Cresson at 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, and it is quite probable that the reception will be arranged for that hour.

Private Secretary Halford has notified Mr. George W. Boyd that the president will be ready at any time to accept the invitations which have been extended to him to visit the points of interest along the Pennsylvania railroad. These excursions will occupy nearly a day each, and will take in, among other points, Johnstown, Pa.; Rhodien Park, on the Bells Gap railroad; the famous horseshoe bend, and probably Clearfield, Pa. The president has decided that he would not return to Washington this week, unless he was obliged to do so on pressing public business. The weather having become very invigorating he desires to take advantage of it to the last possible moment. There are good reasons for stating that President Harrison has not yet definitely determined whether or not it will be necessary to call an extra session of congress. He has been urged to do so by a number of Republican leaders, with a view to giving more time for consideration of the federal elections bill, and the belief prevails in well informed circles that he is still seriously considering the question.

In the event of the failure of action this session of congress on the anti-lottery bill, the county bill and the respective labor bills in the senate, and the failure of the house to pass the postal shipping bill, the argument for an extra session would seem to be very much rounded out, considering the great interest which has been manifested by the president in the success of the elections bill, and in fact all of the other measures named. It is the opinion of those who have conversed with him that an extra session is quite probable.

The Raum Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—At the Raum investigation Pension Commissioner Raum testified that a company was being organized at, Washington with a capital of $300,000 to handle the Universal refrigerators in the District of Columbia. Mr. Cooper tried to introduce a letter having reference to a suit brought by H. B Chapin, of New York, against Frank A. Smith in which it is charged that Smith obtained $50,000 from Chapin on fraudulent representations concerning the refrigerator patent. The committee decided not to admit the letter for the present hearing but Mr. Chapin. A number of chiefs of divisions and several file clerks were examined by the committee. One and all testified that they owned stock in the refrigerator company and knew of no employe of the office who did, they knew of no favoritism being shown to any one company or any other attorney, and they generally expressed the opinion that the new orders had facilitated the business of the office.

The Athletics Not Dead Yet.

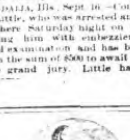
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—A secret meeting of the stockholders of the Athletic Baseball club was held to-day in regarding the financial difficulties of the club. Manager William Barnie, of the Baltimore club, was present and the future of the American association. It is understood that assurances were given Mr. Barnie that the club's affairs would be straightened out sufficiently to play the remaining scheduled games for this season. The indebtedness of the club was stated at the meeting to be about $5,000. A committee was appointed to wait upon those whereby this sum could be raised. The committee will report to an adjourned meeting to be held tonight. Several of the stockholders said that the report was that not only would the debts of the club be paid and the present season finished, but that the club will be in the field next season.

The O'Reilly Memorial.

BOSTON, Sept 16.—A adjourned meeting of the John P. O'Reilly monument committee was held at the Parker house. The sub-committee submitted a form for public subscription which was adopted. The treasurer will be Postmaster A. A. Potter, and he with the remaining members, comprising Col. C. H Taylor, Gen. Francis A. Walker, Robert T. Clark, James Jeffrey Roche, Thomas B Fitzpatrick, John Donahue, Very Rev. William Byrne, Arthur H. Dodd, Edgar Parker, A. Shuman, R. F. Tobin, Harry A. McGlenen, Dr. P. J. Harris, John J. Hayes, Hon. Charles Levi Woodbury, Hon. T. J. Gargan, George T. Babbitt, Dominick Joy, Rev. R. Nagle and Gen. P. A. Collins were authorized to receive subscriptions. The form of memorial has not been decided upon.

A County Treasurer's Trouble.

VANDALIA, Ills., Sept. 16.—County Treasurer Little, who was arrested and brought back here Saturday night on a warrant charging him with embezzlement, has waived examination and has been bound over in the sum of $500 to await the action of the grand jury. Little has left for Oklahoma.



NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley& Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, } 94 SOMERSET ST.
H. H BROKAW }

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Cleveland, 12; Pittsburg, 4. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Pittsburg 4. Batteries: McGill and Brennan, Morris and Quinn. Called on account of darkness.

At Chicago (First game)—

Chicago	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	5
Buffalo	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3

Base hits: Chicago, 10; Buffalo, 11. Errors: Chicago, 4; Buffalo 3. Batteries: Baldwin and Farrell, Stafford and Mack.

Second game—

Chicago	2	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	7	
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Buffalo, 5. Errors: Chicago, 1; Buffalo, 1. Batteries: King and Farrell, Cunningham and Clarke. Called on account of darkness.

National League.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	1	3	0	1	6	3	0	0	0	8
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2

Base hits: Cleveland, 12; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Cleveland, 3; Pittsburg, 4. Batteries: Young and Zimmer, Day and Decker.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2

Base hits: Chicago, 11; Cincinnati, 6. Errors: Chicago, 0; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries: Luby and Nagle, Rhines and Harrington.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players.	National.
Chicago	1,617	1,867
Cleveland	200	750
Totals	2,817	2,067

American Association.

At Columbus—

Columbus	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	
Louisville	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	

Base hits: Columbus, 7; Louisville, 5. Errors: Columbus, 1; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Easton and Doyle, Nell and Munyon. Called on account of darkness.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	2	x	6
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Rochester, 11; Syracuse, 6. Errors: Rochester, 1; Syracuse, 3. Batteries: Marr and Fitz, Theobald and Grimm.

At Toledo—

Toledo	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	x	5
Louisville	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

Base hits: Toledo, 6; Louisville, 8. Errors: Toledo, 5; Louisville, 3. Batteries: Smith, Sprague and Sage; Meakin and Bligh.

An Important Series of Armor Tests.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16—The ordnance bureau of the navy department will within the next two weeks conduct a series of armor tests at the Annapolis proving ground that will attract more attention among the naval authorities of the world than any previous armor tests. It will be the first trial of importance ever held that was not conducted secretly and of which fair and impartial accounts will be published. At the Annapolis test the three leading types of European armor plating will be represented, all steel and nickel steel, from Schneider & Co., from Franes, and compound steel on wrought iron, from Cammell & Co., of Sheffield, England. Each plate will be eight feet high, six feet wide and ten and a half inches thick. The makers have done their best on these plates, for this trial will probably determine which type of plate the navy department will encourage the manufacture of in this country but there is a decided opinion among naval officers that it will go far toward determining the type to be used in Europe.

A Fight in a Synagogue.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 16.—Ex Rabbi Max Rodeh, of the Polish synagogue, was beaten Monday while at prayers, and thrown bodily into the street. He was deposed last week because he opened a butcher shop and tried to get the trade of the congregation. Monday the New Year feast was in progress and a new rabbi, Moses Skonwitschki, of New York, officiated. Rodeh attended with Hagris Adolphus. Their right to remain in the seats was disputed. They resisted, and were both beaten and thrown into the street. They have made complaint against seven members of the congregation, Henry Feinstein of larceny of the buttons which the latter tore from his vest during the assault.

Bigamist Utter Pleads Guilty.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 16.—In the county court, Judge Beattie presiding, Ernest C. Utter, the bigamist, was arraigned. Wives Nos. 1 and 2 were in the court room. Utter changed his mind in regard to his guilt since last night and pleaded guilty. He was remanded for sentence. Wesley W. Utter, indicted for assisting Ernest to escape from Middletown jail in the attire of wife No. 2, was discharged.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE FARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bed room suits $25, worth $35. Also an assortment of Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received the agency of one of the largest wholesale houses in the city to offer them at prices never before heard of. Some of these pieces are the best goods ever offered in this city.

Call and be sure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$82.50, $4.50, $6.00
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.25
Odors	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

School Supplies

of all Kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

The Danger of Famine in Ireland.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Dublin correspondent of The Times says that there is no danger of any suffering in Ireland before Christmas, that the failure of the potato harvest is far from general, and that other crops are better than the average. He asserts that boards of poor, law guardians and other bodies are attempting to create unjustifiable apprehensions of famine, with the view of influencing public opinion in Great Britain and abroad, and for the purpose of the humiliation of Ireland as much worse than it really is.

Found Drowned.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—F. W. Hunt, the New York Central station agent at Jordan, this county, was found lying face downward with his hands extended at the bottom of the stream known as the Skaneateles outlet. He was subject to heart disease, and it is supposed that a sudden attack coming on he fell head foremost into the water.

Brickmakers Are Determined.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—*It is reported that* the Brick Manufacturers' association, in session at the Astor house, would adopt a resolution to shut down upon the shipment of all contract brick after this week, the tiemp to continue until the boycott at Verplanck's Point should be raised.

Mr. Depew at Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 16.—The State fair is in full swing today, with splendid weather, a large attendance and notable exhibits. Chauncey M. Depew is to delver the annual address this afternoon. *Five thousand school children* are here to attend the fair.

A Deadly Street Duel.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 16.—At Newberne, Hale county, Glen Duskin and Robert Turpin, who had previously quarreled, met on the street and immediately began firing revolvers at one another. Turpin fell dead and Duskin is so badly wounded that he cannot live.

Failed with Liabilities of $75,000.

FORT DODGE, Ia., Sept. 16.—The firm of Baker, Savage & Co., of Humboldt county, has for years conducted one of the largest wholesale commission and produce buying houses in northwestern Iowa, has failed. Their liabilities are estimated at $75,000; assets, $50,000.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard or Soft Corns or Bunions entirely; stops all pain; prevents corns coming; keeps the feet cool and easy, makes walking a pleasure. Sold by druggists everywhere. At druggists, or send 50c. silver for sample by mail. W. H. HINCOX & CO., Newark, N. J.

Miscellaneous Cards.

T. E MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY ETC.

21 East Front street.

H. N SPENCER,

Front street. Celery plants, best varieties, wholesale and retail. Cross fertilizer and White, granite, stone, earther and glue ware. Flower pots, etc. Pure bone dust. Finest grade ammunition. Goods delivered.

BARGAINS

In Stable Building Lots can be purchased at Edgewood Park, Somerset street. Address

R. F. M. CRISP,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to Mr. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. Most desirable sea level.

Accident Insurance.

Life Insurance.

Insured in any reliable company. Office North avenue. Plainfield.

Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard Somerset st. 48, 50 and 52.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGING

149 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE,

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security On Front street and Park avenue.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

With extra passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to the Washington ville. Beyond the borough limits ten cents.

Connect with the 6:58, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. Also the 8:37 and 12 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips good west to Washington ville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:05, 6:30 p. m.

Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.

Mail close s at 8:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street.

Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 6.24, 6.56, 7.30, 8.03, 8.37, 9.30, 1.52 1.06 5.15, 5.31, 6.38, 7.30, 11.05, 11.59 p. m. Sunday 12.01, 1.41, 8.07, 8.30, 9.12, 5.51, 5.06, 5.35, 6.07, 9.54, 7.05, 8.30, 9.06, 10.30, 11.37 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.24, 4.30 p. m. Express 12.00 11.06, 8.38, 10.33, 1.11, 4.30, 5.15, 7.05, 7.10, 8.20, 9.30, 11.37 p. m. Leave Somerville for Bound Brook and Bridgewater at 6.30, 8.45, 9.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 3.00, 5.45, 7.00, 7.45, 8.45, 10.00 p. m. Leave Newark at 7.10, 7.50, 8.35, 10.10, 12.05, m., 1.05, 1.55, 3.40, 5.00, 6.00, 6.40, 7.25, 8.25, 9.30, 10.25, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Leave Elizabeth at 7.30, 8.10, 8.45, 10.20, 12.15 m., 1.15, 2.05, 3.50, 5.10, 6.10, 6.50, 7.35, 8.35, 9.40, 10.35, 11.40 p. m., 12.25 night. Sunday at 7.30, 8.40, 9.55, 11.30, a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.40, 11.00, 11.58 a. m., 1.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.00, 5.40, 7.00, 8.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.30, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 3.45, 8.15, 9.05, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 11.45, a. m., 1.30, 5.40, p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND TRENTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 11.45, a. m., 1.30, 5.40, p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 11.45, a. m., 1.30, 5.40, p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Elmira, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

8.40 a. m.—For Tobyhanna, Mauch Chunk, For Flemington, D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Delaware Water Gap, Cresco, Pocono Pines, Scranton, Kingston, Wilkesbarre, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Pittston, Great Bend, Binghamton, Owego, Ithaca, Cortland, Dryden, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 4.59 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, etc., at 4.59 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Binghamton, Elmira, Ithaca, Cortland, Dryden, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Mount Morris, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 7.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 8.00 p. m. For Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown 9.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 11.30 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, 11.30 p. m. For Easton, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 11.30 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Shamokin, 11.30 p. m. For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia, 11.30 p. m. For Flemington, Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 10.05, a. m., 1.00, 3.01, 5.31 p. m. Sunday at 10.05 a. m., 5.31 p. m. For Perth Amboy 3.37, 8.00, 10.05 11.00, 1.00, 3.01, 5.31, 7.05 p. m. Sunday 8.55 a. m., 3.56 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Freehold 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m., 1.00, 3.31 5.31, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7.17, 7.45 8.29, 9.08, 11.08 a. m., 1.10, 2.39, 4.08, 4.54, 6.38, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 4.17, 9.48, 2. m., 1.20, 4.08, 5.14, 6.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7.17, 9.48, a. m., 2.39, 4.08, 6.38, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 4.17 9.48 2.39 4.08, 5.14 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave, and Broad way 7:00 a. m., to meet 8:00 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave, and Broadway, Broadway t. 5th ave, to Second place; to Crescent ave, to Park ave, to Depot.

3d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	do
4th do	10.00	do	10.37 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.34
6th do	11.45	do	12.08 p.m. do
7th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.38 p. m.
8th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th do	3.30 do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	4.30 do	do 5.08 do	
11th do	5.45 do	do 6.07 do	
12th do	6.45 do	do 7.00 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.30, 9.07, 10.10, 11.30 a. m., 2.04, 2.30, 3.04, 4.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly ladies' pleasure and other purposes. Saddle Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Those after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

J. H. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, 1 ave. 2d and 4th. Telephone Call. 1-26f.

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.,

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'D'WAY

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLET

Best Goods for the Less Money

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer.

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Cream-ry. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1544.

William C, Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 81.

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evergreen. P. O. Box 1225. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind w r c i t

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly ttended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church.

RESIDENCE, 521 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front place. P. O. Box 942.

DIBSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 681.

W. J. Pearson, No. 16 Plainfield. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Piano moving a specialty.

NEWSTORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

What a Crop of Corns I Have.

When you want to reduce the size of the corn crop just go to Boorum & Pease's and buy a pair of those rip-ve-lliing shoes. They are perfect in every way and will only cost you $3. We are always stocked with a fine line of seasonable goods. Our prices are always the lowest, quality considered. We are always ready to serve you and save you money.

ROGERS BROS.,

12 W. FRONT STREET

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

17 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOW

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET,

and 23 Park avenue

P. O. Box 332.

FURNITURE AND FINE

NEWSTORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. FLITER, gen. Man

THERMOPYLÆ.

This is the place—the mountain bay
In wild and stern and grand,
As when the Lion held the way
That barred his mother land.
Long years and change and earthquake shock
Have wrought upon the scene;
Where the rent waters leaped the rock
Are meadow lands green;
But Oeta still looms vast and gray
To hide the setting sun,
And still the mountains bar the way,
And every way but one;
The mightier spring still flows and flies
Along the rough hillside,
And far off Othrys veiled in snow
Sees where the Spartans died.

There is a spirit haunts this place
Where mighty deeds were dared,
Through time and change have left no trace,
And not a grave be spared;
And climbing up the grassy hill
Where Sparta's line stood
The heart still answers to the thrill
That marks the hero mood.
And as I read the page again,
That quickened from the dead
The tale of those three hundred men
Who died to keep their trust,
I knew the flow was not yet lost
That nerved my younger sons—
The shadow of an earlier ruined,
And fell along my pens!

—Murray's Magazine.

SHE VANQUISHED THE WOLF.

Strategy Helps a Maine Woman Out of a Perilous Predicament.

One day Uncle Jonas' two cows disappeared from the opening in the woods about his lonely home, and no traces of them could be gained. Aunt Molly, as his wife was called, started to hunt them up next morning, as the men of the family were away. Leaving the children and going in a westerly direction she wandered throughout the day in the dark, unbroken forest without a mouthful to eat, except a few spruce buds and dried berries, with an occasional bite of the inner bound bute, which grew in great abundance on the lowlands.

The sun was fast sinking when, to her great joy, she discovered the lost cows quietly grazing on a small grass plot near Crooked river, some four miles from home. With all possible haste she drove them along, hoping to reach home before dark, and as she had no guide, not even spotted trees, she had to trust wholly to the instinct of the beasts.

Their course often seemed to her exactly the opposite to right. Still her practical knowledge taught her it was best to let them have their own way. When near what is now known as the Pine house, on a ridge covered by a growth of gigantic pines, both cows gave a loud bellow, as if from fright, and broke into a furious gallop in the direction of home, now half a mile distant. Pausing to ascertain the cause of their fright she was confronted by a wolf.

The wolf at once made a spring for her face, no doubt intending to grab her throat. With the quickness of an expert boxer Aunt Molly dealt him a stunning blow with her brawny and hardened fist, which sent him back upon his haunches. Again and again the infuriated beast leaped for her throat, but each time was met by both fists and feet with sufficient force to send him back several feet. Knowing it was now life or death the heroic woman found herself fast growing weaker, while the attacks of her savage adversary grew more fierce.

Snatching her tattered shawl from her head, with a desperate leap she threw it over the head of the wolf with a dexterity which was not only surprising to the wolf but herself also.

This piece of strategy had the effect to bewilder the wolf. He leaped wildly about, vainly endeavoring to rid himself of his inconvenient headgear, while Molly lost no time in climbing to the lower branches of a tree and out of harm's reach. When the wolf had rid himself of his temporary blindfold and sufficiently recovered his equilibrium, seeing his intended victim beyond his reach, he at once set up the most demoniac howls of rage and disappointment, occasionally venting his spleen by furious attacks upon the trunk of the tree and tearing the rough bark with his long, crooked fangs.

Here she remained until the return of day, when the wolf slunk away in the direction of the river. As soon as she thought him at a safe distance Molly, nearly famishing and benumbed by cold, hastened down and speed for home as fast as the condition of her cramped limbs and chilled frame would permit.

She found the children half frightened out of their wits, as the arrival of the cows in so great agitation had given them the idea that their mother had been devoured.—Lewiston Journal.

Gobelin Tapestries Rare.

A beautiful piece of tapestry representing the adoration of Magi has just been placed in Exeter college. It is designed by Mr. Burne-Jones and is executed by the house of William Morris, of London. There is supposed to be a single piece of Gobelin tapestry in the United States, notwithstanding the every day references to Gobelin in descriptions of palatial houses. The highest authority in this country admits that in all his European travels he had never seen a single piece of genuine Gobelin tapestry except as show pieces in royal museums.

The so called Gobelin tapestries displayed in the United States are in reality Arbusson. These hangings, containing quaint pictures of feudal times, turreted castles with knightly figures in armor and stately dames in rich costume, make especially effective panels for libraries and dining rooms. They are all woven by hand loom and are the work of the looms of the Arbusson. The most beautiful of these tapestries, which approaches genuine Gobelin in its exquisite fineness, is the one now owned by the Hoffman house in this city. It was first brought to this country by A. T. Stewart, shown as Gobelin tapestry and believed to be such by many experts. It is known now not to be a Gobelin and the fact that it was sold for but a few thousand dollars, and with but little competition, goes to show how uniform was the verdict of the experts on a closer examination.—New York Tribune.

Acquisitions and Accomplishments.

A true accomplishment is only won by hard work.

Accomplishments make a woman valuable in society.

A woman may have many acquisitions and no accomplishments.

No woman can talk well who has not a good stock of well defined information.

Conversation ranks among the greatest accomplishments and the greatest arts.

No woman talks well who does not usually who reads for the simple purpose of reading.—J. G. Holland.

A mortgage was raised from a poor woman's house at Plainfield, N. J., by watermelon seeds. The guests of a summer hotel paid fifty cents apiece for the privilege of gorging themselves with the fruit of the watermelon, and the proceeds were devoted to the widow.

WOMEN DECORATORS.

THERE IS ONE IN CHICAGO WHO HAS ACHIEVED SUCCESS.

Mrs. Bentley's Views on Beautifying the Home—Expensive Furnishings Not a Necessity—The Correct Use of Materials the Main Thing.

The development of the art of household decoration has opened to women one of the most delightful and suitable professions that in these days of woman's work can attract the time and talent of the sex. To transform barren, often ugly, rooms into attractiveness is a truly feminine task. All women are supposed to have some esthetic taste, or at least to love beauty even if they are so unfortunate as to lack all power of creating it for themselves. Who, indeed, does not admire the talent that changes a grandma's corner into an "early English" concoct, or transforms a barren fireplace into an Eastlakean dream? The little house that was so poor and bare has become a pargalise of bright hues and heart, and tired steps grow lighter with the joy of being there. Such tasks belong in some degree to all home making, and are not confined to professional decorators, but it is nevertheless true that training is needed to make one an artist in this respect. But training alone will not do it.

MUST BE AN ARTIST.

The decorator should be born an artist. So important has this art of decoration become that even the housekeeper's skill is measured less by her ability to buy roasts than by her faculty for metamorphosing garret furniture into art studies, or with an inexpensive bit of cheesecloth or cretonne evolving beauty out of unsightly walls or windows. In recent years most of our dry goods stores have added what are called art departments, where draperies are displayed all sorts of esthetic fancies for home adornment. At first a corner or an upper floor was all that was needed to show these goods, but now a full store or more only must there be wide spaces for cases and counters, but a window or two on the main floor must be devoted to the display of newest designs. There must be a designer, too, to preside over the department, suggest ideas to buyers and make suitable selections. These places are often filled by women who are thorough artists in their way and who are well paid for their interesting work.

A woman who stands at the head of her profession in this line is Mrs. Lillian Bentley. Her fame extends all the way from New York to Denver. She does not believe in sitting down and weeping because the world is so large and women are oppressed. Her motto has been to look on the bright side of things, and if the sombre, unfinished side will persist in turning toward her, well, let it turn, and with a strip of velvet, a bit of ribbon, a few Kensington stitches and a touch of the stencil here and there take away the gloomy aspect. It is because of her natural aptitude for this that she can draw a salary of $5,000 a year, and that Ian Keeper Southgate, of the Auditorium hotel, gave her carte blanche to furnish his private parlors. Her own parlors on the south side are said to be faithful copies of the famous Moorish room in the Hoffman house, New York.

Mrs. Bentley talks entertainingly about decorative effects and how they are produced. She says: "When I enter a room I plan its decoration and furnishing I look first at the prevailing color, for of course this is to be my background. My ideas must be regulated by it.

BASE OF OPERATIONS.

"Next I look around for desirable bases of decoration. A mantel is one, the bare wall opposite another. Then follow corners, and last of all furniture. My chief effort will likely be the mantel. In selecting material my greatest care must be not to take anything which has become passe or out of style, for a woman will quickly detect old ideas. It may be a charming bit, but if it has been used the season before no one will have it. A trifling blunder in this respect will be as objectionable as if my work were out of tone. When the mantel suits me I attack a corner. So few women know how to treat a nook. It is the easiest thing in the world to overdo here. If handled perfectly when finished it will be as beautiful as a painting.

"In treating materials I avoid embroidery as much as possible. Too much embroidery detracts from a high art finish. Turkish goods, with all their oriental coloring and designs, can almost always be substituted. However, there is nothing to which the United States are in reality Arbusson. These hangings, containing quaint pictures of feudal times, turreted castles with knightly figures in armor and stately dames in rich costume, make especially effective panels for libraries and dining rooms. They are all woven by hand loom and are the work of the looms of the. The most beautiful of these tapestries, which approaches genuine Gobelin in its exquisite fineness, is the one now owned by the Hoffman house in this city. It was first brought to this country by A. T. Stewart, shown as Gobelin tapestry and believed to be such by many experts. It is known now not to be a Gobelin and the fact that it was sold for but a few thousand dollars, and with but little competition, goes to show how uniform was the verdict of the experts on a closer examination.—New York Tribune.

Queen Christine of Spain.

A prominent Spanish statesman was asked to what he attributed the strange fact that a woman, and a foreigner, held the reins of government so successfully in her hands in a country so undermined as Spain by political intrigue. "The marvel, if marvel there be," was the reply, "can be explained in the simplest manner.

"The queen maintains her position because she is the exact opposite of an intriguing and conspiring woman. She tells no falsehoods, has nothing of the hypocrite about her, is as simple and modest as she is honest, and there is nobody in Spain who is not convinced that she tries to do her best for the country. The queen's popularity—especially with the women of Spain—is a real power which gives her much of the hold which she has over her subjects. Natural tact, intelligence and kindness are also among the weapons by which Queen Christine maintains her position.

"Like our own queen, the queen regent of Spain has worn mourning ever since the death of her consort, and only quite lately has she begun to wear jewelry on state occasions. In public the queen, who is 31 years old, appears often with her son, the little king, with whom she takes drives in the neighborhood of Madrid. The queen's two daughters, aged 6 and 7 respectively, talk Spanish, French, German and English fluently, and are both very strong and healthy looking children. Since it has become known that the queen calls Alphonse XIII 'Pubi' in memory of her Austrian home Spanish ladies have begun to call their children by the name, which—ignorant of its real derivation from bube, boy—they trace back to the English term, baby, or more ingeniously from 'puppy.'"—Pall Mall Gazette.

An Empress Who Smokes.

Empress Elizabeth of Austria smokes seven thirty to forty Turkish and Russian cigarettes a day, and for many years it has been her inveterate custom to puff away after dinner at a strong Italian cigar, one of which is drawn rapidly through her lips, and which is brought to her with her cup of Turkish coffee every evening on a gold salver. She says herself that smoking soothes her nerves, and whenever she feels "blue" a cigar or cigarette will do more than anything else to cause her to see things in a happier light. She is a perfect Greek and Latin scholar, and when writing she smokes almost continually. On her writing table are always a large silver box of exposure work filled with cigarettes, a match box of carved Chinese jade and a capacious ash receiver, made of the hoof of a favorite hunter, which broke its spine over a blackthorn hedge several years ago during one of the autumn meets at Schloss Godolle, in Hungary.

The empress caused the handsome mare's front hoofs to be mounted in silver in the form of ash receivers, and gave one to the emperor, the other constituting always part and parcel of her dressing case wherever she goes. Almost mechanically her majesty lights cigarette after cigarette as she sits in her great writing room at Godolle, which is hung by with carved oak panels and Gobelin tapestries, the somber hue of the walls being relieved here and there by

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District of New Jersey, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to represent them in a district convention, to be held in Shinn's Hall, Freehold, N. J., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1890,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a representative to Congress.

Each Ward and Township is entitled to one delegate for every one hundred votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one additional delegate for each fraction of the same not less than fifty; provided, however, that each Ward and Township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH R. T. MARTIN, Middlesex.
H. M. NEVIUS, Monmouth.
W. P. THOMAS, Union.
Congressional Committee.

JOTTINGS.

—Boehm's excursion is the latest in unique advertising. Read it.

—The Fourth District Republican Congressional convention is to take place at Somerville to-morrow.

—Elsewhere "The Dairy" advertises a full and fresh line of pickles, and that goods are daily red free of charge. Read it.

—To-morrow, weather permitting, the Crescents will play a game of base ball with the celebrated Norwich, Conn., nine.

—The Clerks' Association held a meeting in the Jr. O. U. A. M., rooms last evening. Routine business only was transacted.

—The handsome new passenger depot being erected at Somerville by the Central Railroad is rapidly approaching completion.

—The sixth annual re-union of the New Jersey Volunteers was held at Hightstown yesterday. It was a success in every particular.

—The adjourned meeting of the officers of the Children's Home will be in the Y. M. C. A. parlors Thursday afternoon at three o'clock.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting in Reform Hall tomorrow evening at eight o'clock. All men are welcome.

—Nearly all of the Plainfielders who spent the Summer at the seashore and among the mountains, are again occupying their homes in this city.

—Full schedules on nearly all the railroads are going into effect. The Central Railroad company have taken off nearly all the Summer specials to the seashore.

—The Scotch Plains Republicans will hold their primaries Friday evening to elect delegates to the Congressional convention which is to be held at Freehold in September.

—There are 60,000 shareholders in the Building and Loan Associations of New Jersey and the assets are considerably over fifteen millions. There are two associations in this city.

—The Board of Officers of the New Jersey Division of the League of American Wheelmen will hold their annual meeting in the Cub House of the Plainfield Bicycle Club tomorrow evening.

—"The Pearl of Pekin" is to be presented at Music Hall this evening by Rice's Comic Opera Company. The members of the organization arrived in this city at about ten o'clock this morning.

—The surviving members of the Thirteenth Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, are holding their annual re-union at Jersey City today. Mr. George W. Moore and other veterans from this city are in attendance.

—Judge McCormick says that Town Committees have full authority to make such changes as they desire in license fees fixed in the ordinance prepared for the regulation of hucksters, hackmen and others. These fees can be increased or lowered, in the discretion of the Committee.

—The fastest run on record is claimed by the Central Railroad of New Jersey. A train on the Long Branch Division recently made the run between Jersey City and Long Branch, forty-five miles, in fifty-eight minutes. The train consisted of five day coaches and two parlors cars.

—The fast Philadelphia express train which passes through this city just before five o'clock p. m., when near Elizabethport Monday evening, struck and instantly killed a goat, which wandered along the railroad track at that place. It is said that his mustahip was literally ground to pieces.

—To prevent your glass jars from cracking when putting in hot liquid, stand a tablespoon in them. There is a prevailing idea that the process has something to do with electricity, but the true solution is that the spoon absorbs some of the heat and also carries some of it into the open air.

—It would be well for the public to exercise a little caution in handling money, as the country is being flooded with counterfeit two-dollar silver certificates. The bill is, as has been described in the counterfeit reporters, shorter and narrower than the genuine, and the government seal is of a brick red color.

—Here is a good recipe for tomato catsup: To one gallon stone jar take two tablespoonfuls of salt and one tablespoonful of black pepper, one dime of cloves, one of ground mustard, and one finely minced red pepper. Mix these all together, and sprinkle over pealed and chopped tomatoes, laid by layer of layers in the jar. Let them stand covered for three days and then fill up to the top of the jar with bottling hot vinegar. Peel the tomatoes by immersing in boiling hot water for three minutes.

A Coincidence in Names.

While the three Episcopalian ministers of this city, Rev. C. H. Phelps, Rev. R. B. Joyce and Rev. Mr. Compton were enjoying a social reunion at the residence of the fourth one recently, they made the astonishing coincidental discovery that each of their wives bore the maiden name of Smith. Rev. Mr. Joyce married his wife before marriage was Davis, although they are no relation to each other.—New Brunswick Home News.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWO.

Mrs. Sarah F. Van Nostrand Celebrates Another Birthday.

A few days ago Mrs. Sarah Farley Van Nostrand of Millstone celebrated her one hundredth and second birthday. She was born in East Millstone in the house that is now the Franklin Inn, on September 6 b, 1788. Her father's name was Wyndrey Van Arsdale and her mother Catherine Hoagland Van Arsdale. On February 5th, 1810, Sarah F. Van Arsdale married John VanNostrand, who died in 1883. The result of the marriage was eight children, all of whom are living except the two eldest. Mrs. Van Nostrand is a remarkably well preserved woman, considering her great age. With the exception of a slight deafness, she has all her faculties. She is scarcely wrinkled, and is still able to move about her house with ease. She is quite entertaining in conversation, and her reminiscences are full of interest. She remembers playing around the ruins of the old Millstone court house, which was burned by the British during the Revolutionary struggle, and can recall many important events of her early days. She has seen every man and woman in the neighborhood and can sit at her window and name them as they pass.

These facts have been brought out by one of her acquaintances, after reading in THE NEWS a few days ago the account of Mrs. Baker, who is over one hundred years old, and is now in Plainfield visiting her children.

The Taxation Committee.

Yesterday the special taxation committee appointed by the Legislature began its work.

To-day the members visited Freehold and they will all there to hear grievances and suggestions. On Thursday they will go to New Brunswick, and on Friday they will sit at Woodbury. After that the Commission will take a rest until Sept. 23, when the members will go to Salem for a day. On Wednesday, Sept. 24, they will appear at Bridgeton, and on Thursday and Friday they will go to Camden. In the two weeks following the Commission will go to Mount Holly, Toms River, Cape May, Atlantic City and elsewhere. It will be near the middle of October before they go to the Northern end of New Jersey. The members of the Commission are Senators John J. Gardner and Moses K. Everitt, Assemblyman Foster M. Voorhees and Frederick C. Marsh, together with Barker Gummere and Attorney-General John P. Stockton who will be paid for their services to the State, but the other members of the Commission, who are members of the Legislature, will receive no compensation.

Died of his Injuries.

"Dell" Pheasant died at his home in Scotch Plains at an early hour yesterday morning of erysipelas. Some few weeks ago, he in company with a man named Perrine, became involved in a fracas with a number of Italians who were in the employ of ex-Street Commissioner Angleman and who were working on the Dove-avenued village. During the melee one of the workmen hit Pheasant over the eye with a pick handle, inflicting a slight wound. Pheasant paid no attention to the cut and finally caught cold in it. This developed into erysipelas and resulted in his death as above stated.

Perrine, his companion, was apprehended and sentence by Justice Nash to thirty days imprisonment in the county jail for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and on the charge of the assault and battery was held to await the action of the Union county Grand jury.

Since the above was written a prominent resident of Scotch Plains informed a NEWS reporter, that, although the rumor had been widely circulated in that village, he did not give much credence to the report, as he understood that Pheasant was located at Chatham and he thought the rumor had been circulated by some irresponsible person.

An Old Land Mark Removed.

The old wooden pump which has stood for seventy years past as an old land-mark in front of Illsley's Hotel in Scotch Plains, was a few days ago removed and a large force pump, capable of throwing a stream of water over the hotel replaces it. It was with much regret that a number of the oldest residents of the village, witnessed the removal of the old land mark.

Off for Chester.

Just before one o'clock this afternoon, a train conveying the members of Rolls Engine Co., No. 3, of Elizabeth with their apparatus, passed through this city enroute for Chester, Pa., where the former will participate in the annual parade of the Chester Fire Department. The Company will return to Elizabeth Friday evening and will indulge in a short street parade. About 150 uniformed men made the trip.

Injured by a Fall.

Monday evening, Mr. Bernard Brady, a well-known resident of Liberty street, while standing on that thoroughfare, was suddenly seized with a fainting spell and fell to the sidewalk. In the fall he struck his forehead on a sharp projection of stone and a bad wound was inflicted. He was assisted to his home and medical aid was summoned. He is now reported as much improved.

Attention, Christians.

To-morrow evening, the Christian Endeavor Local Union will hold a meeting in the Trinity Reformed church. The Rev. Mr. Stinson of Dunellen and the Rev. G. L. Goodrich of this city will address the meeting. The reports from the various societies composing the Union will be read. A chorus choir of 100 voices, led by Conductor H. M. Dunham will lead the singing. All are welcome.

The Post Office Removed.

The furniture and fixtures of the Plainfield post office were removed to the new quarters in the Clarkson building last night. Mail matter was handled all day Monday, hence it has been received at the old office, and delivered from there uninterrupted to any point entered by the mail carrier.

MIDDLESEX GUN CLUB MEET.

Events and Prizes to be Offered at the Sixth Annual Contest.

The sixth annual tournament of the Middlesex Gun Club will be opened on the club grounds at Dunellen Tuesday, September 30. These tournaments have been, in past years, the attraction inducing Western shooters to enter Eastern shooting contests. Valuable trophy and money prizes have been set aside for con petition in the three events. Over $1,000 in guaranteed purses will be distributed among the marksmen, in addition to many surplus.

On Tuesday and Wednesday, September 23 and October 1, different sweepstakes will be shot at ten, fifteen and twenty inanimate targets. Thursday morning the live bird contests will open for large purses of gold. The great event of the week will be the $300 sweepstakes guaranteed by W. F. Quimby & Co. This match is at twenty five live pigeons, and is open to the world. Many noted shots and several "unknowns" are already entered for this bag of money.

The Story Concerning Mr. Dunham's Dishonesty Untrue.

There are some serious charges published against Mr. F. A. Dunham of this city, the county engineer, which it is import-nt that he should explain. If the figures are correct he has drawn thousands of dollars from the county dishonestly, and has thus made himself liable to indictment.

A NEWS reporter called at Mr. Dunham's office but was informed that that gentleman was engaged somewhere on the county roads and would not be in Plainfield until late this afternoon. The reporter then sought out Director Hubbard, who has been a member of the Board of Freeholders for the past twenty years. Mr. Hubbard informed the reporter that the story published was untrue. Continuing, he said, "After the first agreement made with Mr. Dunham, a second one was entered into by which Mr. Dunham assumed full charge of the construction of the roads all over the county, he agreeing to select and pay his own inspectors, of course it will be necessary for him to submit his vouchers to the Board. The story was published for political purposes."

A Strange Fatality.

Some five months ago Mrs. Kline of Centown died at her home in that place. About a month ago, Mrs. Annie Van Doren, a daughter of deceased, and the wife of Dr. Van Doren of that place, gave birth to triplets, all of whom died within a few hours of each other, after having lived two days. Saturday a younger sister of Mrs. Van Doren's died very suddenly. Her funeral took place from her late residence this afternoon at two o'clock. This is a strange fatality to occur in one family within so short a time.

To-Morrow's Game.

In the game of base ball between the Crescents of this city and a nine from Norwich, Conn., which is to take place on the Crescent League grounds to-morrow, weather permitting, the batting of both teams will be as follows:

Norwich—O'Connell, 3b; Quinn, 1b; Ryan, p; Harnett, l.f.; Long, 2b; Gardner, s.s.; Hacket, c; Snow, r.f.; Moore, c.f.

Crescents — Hatfield, r.f.; Martin, s.s.; Lafferty, 2b; Wiegand, 1b; McIndoe, l.f.; Lever, c.f.; Gregg, p; Jones, c; Lee, 3b.

PERSONAL.

Susan Wyckoff, colored, wife of William Wyckoff of this city, died recently in Missouri.

Mr. Thomas H. Clarkson and wife of New street this city, are visiting Mr. Waldron at Martinsville.

Miss Minnie French of Craig place, North Plainfield, has entered the Woman's College at Baltimore.

Mrs. Coombs and family of Brooklyn will remove into their new residence on Bay street on September 18th.

The many friends of Mr. Jasper G. Cadmus will be pleased to learn that he is convalescent from his recents serious illness.

Mr. F. E. Knight and family of Boston are now occupying Mr. George Thatcher's beautiful residence on West Seventh street.

Mr. George E. Williams of Asbury Park has leased a flat in the Miller building at the corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

Mr. H. Murphy and family, of Way Cross Ga., returned home Monday after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Whitlock of West Fifth street.

Mr. Frank of Jersey City has been appointed night ticket agent at the main depot in this city, vice Mr. Howard Hammer, resigned.

Mr. Sullivant of Philadelphia has leased one of Mayor Main's cottages on Putnam avenue. He will move his family into it on or about October 1st.

Mr. Mansfield Duckworth has resigned his position as a clerk in Deane & Van Arsdale's shoe store to accept one in a large shoe house in Newark.

A farm party is to be held this evening at the residence of Mr. Frazee in Scotch Plains. A number of Plainfielders have been invited to participate in the festivities.

Two young children of Mr. Asa Collier were poisoned a few days ago by eating candy. Dr. T. S. Davis was summoned and he administered antidotes and the little ones are now out of danger.

Mrs. Dunsbeer and family who have been occupying Mr. Wm. Day's residence on the corner of Broadway and Carlton avenue, during the summer months, returned to their home in Brooklyn yesterday.

At the parsonage of the M. E. Church on Grove street Monday evening, Mr. John Sharp, formerly of this city, and Miss Jane Tolliet of Manning street, were united in marriage by the Rev. C. H. Phelps.

OUT OF DANGER.

The Inoculation of Miss Quenzer Reported as Successful.

Miss Maggie Quenzer, the young woman who was bit by a mad dog near Scotch Plains about a week ago, is still being treated at the Pasteur Institute in New York. The treatment will require fifteen days. Dr. Gibier has charge of the case, and yesterday he told her friends that the dread of hydrophobia was averted by the prompt treatment she had received.

The dog was frothing at the mouth at the time it sunk its teeth into the arm of the young girl. The remains of the animal were sent to Dr. Gibier in order that he might inspect them for the purpose of ascertaining how far the animal had advanced in the stage of hydrophobia before it was shot.

Convocation of New Brunswick.

The Convocation of New Brunswick, comprising about half the churches in the diocese in which the Trinity Reformed churches belong, met in St. Paul's Episcopal church, on Centre street, yesterday. Bishop Scarborough presided, and most of the ministers of the Convocation were present. There was communion service in the morning, and a business meeting in the afternoon. The following officers were elected: Dean, Rev. A. B. Baker, of Princeton; Secretary, Rev. E. P. Miller, of Perth Amboy; Treasurer, Benjamin Smith, of Dunellen. Rev. Z. R. Cullen, of Freehold, was elected Dean, but declined the honor. The work of the Convocation is merely to look after the mission in some of the churches. A missionary meeting was held last evening. The Convocation meets four times a year.

Central Tennis League.

The Westfield Tennis club on Saturday last were obliged to relinquish their claim to first place in the Tennis League, by losing a game to the Roselle Tennis club on the latter's courts. The Westfields were represented by Messrs. Dewitt and Stenson, and the Roselles by Messrs. Warner and Smith.

The Roselles, by rather indifferent playing, lost the first set 5 to 6, but their play in the next two sets greatly improved, resulting in their winning both sets by 6 to 3 and 6 to 2.

The record to date is:

Roselle	Won 4,	lost 1
Westfield	" 4,	" 1
West End	" 1,	" 4
Fanwood	" 0,	" 4

Like Springtime.

So far as the appearance of the country is concerned, this has been a Summer long to be remembered. August has gone and so has one half of the month of September, but one looks in vain for the burnt and parched aspect which the grass commonly wears at this season. The lawns and fields, on the contrary, have the verdancy and freshness of early June. So too the foliage on the trees is uncommonly well preserved. The pasturage for cattle is reported as very good.

The State Agricultural Society.

The thirty-second annual fair of the New Jersey State Agricultural Society will be held on the Society's fair grounds at Waverly Park next week, beginning on Monday. It will close on Friday and will be visited by most of the politicians in the State, as well as by many thousands who have little interest in politics. It is always an interesting event, and the Society has made extraordinary efforts this year.

A Ball Player Becomes Insane.

John Stark, a young man of Rahway, was committed to the County jail at Elizabeth yesterday for disorderly conduct and acting strangely in the streets. The jail officials believe him to be insane, and he will receive medical examination. He says that he is a professional ball player and was formerly catcher of the Hackett-Carbart Club. The Hackett-Carbart nine played several games with the Crescents of this city.

Too Much Wet Weather.

There is a very general expression of opinion to the effect that we are having a more copious dispensation of moist favors just now than is absolutely necessary to content. The showers which fell about six o'clock yesterday morning and one o'clock in the afternoon were the heaviest experienced here in a long time. The afternoon shower was particularly hard, as was also the one this morning.

The Somerset Mills.

The Somerset Mills Company has organized for the purpose of doing a flour and feed business. The mills will be located at the village of Blackwell's Mills, Somerset county, and there will be an office in this city. The capital stock is $50,000. The incorporators are Edmund B. Cook, of Blackwell's Mills; Charles Howell Cook, Geo R. Cook and Edward D. Cook, of Trenton.

Congressional Convention.

The Republican Third District Convention, embracing the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union will be held in Shinn's Hall, Freehold, N. J., on Monday, Sept 22d, at 11 o'clock a. m. Each ward and township is entitled to one delegate for every one hundred votes cast at the last gubernatorial election.

Union County Courts.

Judge Van Syckle on next Friday will have struck the dozen or so cases on his docket preparatory for the trials of the indicted bookmakers and the officials of the Linden Park Association and the New Jersey Club. The Prosecutor will be assisted in the trials by counsel employed by the Law and Order people.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Young men with a good common school education, who want to better their condition in life, should seriously consider the opportunity offered by the Young Men's Christian Association. The night school classes that is soon to be organized. Inquire at the rooms.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

Fire at Somerville.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Sept. 17, (Special)—At about 4.30 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the coal sheds of the Second Reformed church at Somerville. The firemen turned out promptly, deluged the burning building and adjacent dwellings with water, had some fun and put out the fire. The streets are very muddy and all the firemen were coated. The church was insured.

Both Suing for Divorce.

Master-in-Chancery Isaac Romaine, of Jersey City, filed with Chancellor McGill, in Chambers, in Jersey City yesterday, testimony in the divorce suit of Ruth McKeown, of Fanwood, Union county. The defendant, Alexander McKeown, is a well-known coffee importer. His business required frequent trips to Venezuela. Upon his return from one of these trips, about a year ago, his wife informed him that she had decided to sever their matrimonial relations. She charged her husband with unfaithfulness. Mr. Mowers brought counter charges against his wife. He accused her of being on intimate terms with Charles E. Moore, a resident of Fanwood, and he alleges that the suit was instigated by Moore with a view of silencing Mrs. McKeown's affections. Mrs. McKeown in her testimony accuses her husband of having visited houses of ill-repute in New York and several members of the demi-monde are named as co-respondents. The case will probably come up next week.—World.

Mr. Mowers is the holder of the franchise for the Plainfield Water Works. Friends of his say there is nothing in the case so far as he is concerned.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Died.

DAVIS—In this city Sept. 15th, Mary, wife of Evan Davis.

Funeral services from her late residence 46 West Seventh street, Friday Sept. 19th, at three o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited. R*

MEIER—At Scotch Plains, N. J., Sept. 15th, Willie Meier age 12 years.

Funeral services from his late residence Clinton avenue near Seventeen, Thursday Sept. 18th, at 2.30 p. m. Friends and relatives are invited. R*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A GIRL WANTED for general housework. Call corner Sycamore and Widow avenue. 16-2

COACHMAN wanted. Must have good reference. Wages good. Only a man of experience need apply. Address "Coachman," care of EVENING NEWS. 16-2

FOUND—A small style terrier. Blue ribbon around neck. If owner will leave address at NEWS office for "D," dog will be returned. A suitable compensation for services will be expected. 16-2

FOR SALE—A lot of household furniture, 47 Plainfield avenue, Friday afternoon. 16-2

FOR SALE—Columbia Tandem, change-able, for lady and gentleman, or two gentlemen. In first-class condition. Good as new. For price and particulars address John K. Pollock, Cranford, N. J. was

FOR SALE CHEAP—Single top phaeton. Apply at sharp's factory. 12-6

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue 9 tf

GOOD plain cook wants situation. A good washer and ironer. Apply at 42 West Second street. 16-3

LOST—Saturday evening, a small York-shire terrier. Liberal reward paid for its return at once to 112 Rockview avenue. 9-15tf

TO LET—New five-room house on Richmond street. Terms reasonable. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 17 f

WANTED—A good tinsmith used to general jobbing and furnace work. McFadden & Dooley, plumbers, New Brunswick, N. J. 16-2

WANTED—By American girl, situation, housework. Small family. Plainfield or Elizabeth preferred. Plainfield reference. Address, one week, P. O. Box 139, Phila, Pa.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to fill position of housekeeper. Small family. Three other servants. Must be willing to live in the country. References and respectability required. Address "Housekeeper" care of EVENING NEWS. 16-4

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse rack. Intelligence office, conducted by Mrs. Lindsay, 92 West Front st.

H. N. SPENCER, M. E., Engineer and Landsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lines leave from every day, with fine groceries and provisions, white ground and glass fruit jars, pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammoniation.

MORAIS, SHEARMAN & CO. are now in their new wood shop, and shoulder lasts, both by hand, by the Goodyear process, and sold at wholesale prices. Also lasts given in doing loss work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 34 Pearl street. Call and see specimens. 25-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles Hoffman's Barber Shop 24 Somerset street, next to Bentley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Bidwell is compelled on the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain another week in Plainfield. She will positively leave Sept. 23. Wednesday morning, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

TERRELL SPRINGS, VINES and evergreens, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to lease; also BUILDING SITES HIGH AND DRY, view unsurpassed, at Dunellen Nursery, No. 197 Middlesex avenue. 4-30-1y

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought—Sold—Repaired. Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE MAN MASTERS—A Special Bargain. 5-31-1y.

ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF THE

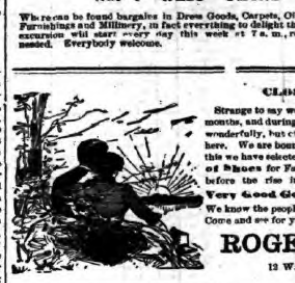
PLAINFIELD BARGAIN BUYERS

TO

Boehm's Popular Bargain Resort,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Who can be found bargains in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Gentlemen's Furnishings and Millinery, in fact everything to delight the bargain buyer's eye. The excursion will start every day this week at 7 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. No tickets needed. Everybody welcome.



CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a **Very Choice Stock of Shoes for Fall trade.** These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some **Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.** We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

12 W. FRONT STREET.

THE MAJORITY

of our Fall goods are here. The weather for the past few days has been somewhat against us, but we will be ready for good weather when it comes.

In the meantime our cellar is full of

RUBBER BOOTS and RUBBER OVERSHOES.

THE BEST MAKES and the LOWEST PRICES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Biggest Inducement

EVER OFFERED IN PLAINFIELD.

For this week ONLY we only we will give to every purchaser of a pound of our famous

50c Special Mixed Tea, 3lbs of Granulated Sugar, FREE.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Albertl, P. O. Box 1099 16-2

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of pianos. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms for classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, A graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Delsarte, for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-1f

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music in a manner of singing, as learnt by the Itali, of Milan, and the Leipsic method Giovannipligny. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 72 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, A pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Abbiati, will receive lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 150 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Stoffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and Professor Goltschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETTS, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Special interest is taken with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-30-2w

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For circulars address Miss H. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-19 3m

PODMAN SEMINARY, 19 East Fifth street. Pupil young lady and gentlemen will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss M. C. DEGEN, Principal. 8-13-3w*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Berthoud will re-open her School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890. 8-30-2w*

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Gladys" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

2ephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,

60 WEST FRONT STREET.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter.

Rose, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

MUSIC HALL. M. H. A.

ONE GRAND PERFORMANCE

TO-NIGHT

RICE'S universally conceded most elaborate production of Comic Opera known to the stage, the

Pearl of Pekin,

Staged, Dressed and Costumed in the most extravagant rich manner of any similar production known in the annals of the stage. Now begins its 100 nights in New York, 100 nights in Philadelphia, 100 nights in Boston, 100 nights in Chicago. And now your turn. Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Monday.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT THE RATE OF $5 A YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 45.

California's Fruit Boom.

A great year for California is 1890. She has full swing in demonstrating what she can do in the way of supplying the United States with fruit. Envious eastern neighbors have asserted that California fruit is no good, that it is glorious to the sight, but Dead Sea ashes to the lips. California now shows us that is a slander. Her blossom grapes, her huge and splendid Bartlett pears are as sweet and luscious as they look.

It is to be hoped the state authorities will keep accurate count of the number of fruit trains that go out of California this year. There is no fruit for commerce anywhere in the whole north and east to speak of in a generation there has scarcely been a year of such fullness. Only that California has come to the rescue as she has done there are whole counties east that would scarcely have been blessed with the sight of a peach, a pear or a grape.

It was just this time of scarcity east that brought to California perhaps her greatest fruit year on record so far. On the mild Pacific coast the cars are loaded with carefully packed fruits as beautiful to the eye as the apples of Hesperides. Huge, golden pears, with the blush of Aurora upon their cheeks, red gold nectarines, blue and gold plums, purple and green grapes that melt in the mouth for juicy sweetness—all these are carried in specially constructed cars to the eastward. Through city after city the great trains pass, dropping in each a carload or more of genuine sweetness and light. Lighter and lighter grow the trains as the Atlantic coast is approached, and heavier and heavier grows the retail price of the fruit. By the time Boston, New York and Philadelphia are reached the trains are very light indeed, the fruit is scarcely at its best any more, and the price asked for it puts it away beyond the reach of poor folk. Only for California, however, even rich people on the Atlantic coast would have practically no fruit this year.

Oliver Wendell Holmes.

With each returning summer it becomes more and more of a pleasure for the chronicler of current events to record that the Autocrat of the Breakfast Table has passed one more birthday, and to hope that he will yet round the list of many more. Of all the New England writers who at one time kept the name of the United States from wholly falling into disrepute as a producer of literature only Holmes and Whittier are left, and Holmes has just celebrated his 81st birthday. He admits that his eyes are getting bad, and he confesses his finds difficulty in deciphering the ring tailed style of penmanship at present adopted by so many of the thousands of ladies who annually ask the sweet natured author for his autograph. By the way, he always responds favorably to requests for his signature when they are accompanied by a stamped and addressed return card.

For that he has done for American literature and incidentally we American prize Oliver Wendell Holmes above most, and what he may still give us in the way of literature will be priceless indeed. He confesses that he will soon publish another book. It will be a collection of the papers in the "Over the Teacups" series in the Atlantic Monthly. "It is easy enough to make a book," he says. "All you need is good, thick paper, and get in plenty of 'fat,' as the printers call it." The gifted, merry old man will go down to his grave with a witticism upon his lips and good will in his heart to all mankind.

The doctors now say that the proper length of man's lifetime is a century. May our only autocrat be one of the first to reap the benefit of this decision!

Disinterested outsiders may be permitted to recommend Chicago to stop quarreling about whether the World's fair shall be in the heart of the city, where everybody can reach it, or in a suburb where the street car and railroad companies can take a whack at it and make their pile out of it. The suburban advocates should pause before they insist on jolting off more than they can masticate. If the choice of the site had fallen on New York that city could not possibly have carried the crowds without greatly increased means of transportation. She has at present all she can do to handle her own population, and more, too, sometimes, and Chicagoans may well consider whether they can do better than New York in affording facilities for transportation.

Indiana has a funny law. It requires that the benevolent institutions of the state shall get their money first of all, and what is left shall go to paying other state expenses. The gallant Governor Hovey wants a modest installment of his salary, but cannot get it because it would curtail the luxuries of the poor paupers to pay it. Here is delicate consideration for you.

IN TWENTY-ONE ROUNDS

Andy Bowen Could Only Stay That Long.

KNOCKED OUT BY JIMMY CARROLL

Bowen Made a Plucky Fight, and at First Seemed Pushing On to Victory, but the San Francisco Lightweight Proved "Too Many" for Him.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 17.—The great lightweight fight between Andy Bowen, of New Orleans, and Jimmy Carroll, of San Francisco, was fought last night at the Olympic club rooms. About 2,000 people were present and they paid an admission fee of $5 and $3 each. The fight was for a purse of $3,000, $2,500 to winner and $500 to loser. Mr. John Duffy was chosen referee. Bowen was seconded by Arthur Upham and Jimmy Sweeney, and Carroll by Robert Fitzsimmons and Dan O'Connell. Bowen weighed 130½ pounds and Carroll 130¾. The ring was pitched on river sand with a thirty foot square inclosure within which was marked off as near as twenty-four feet ring as was ever seen. St. Andrew's cross was formed at 9 o'clock and a good handshake marked the evening's performance at fisticuffs. Bowen crossed over to Carroll to bet $200, which was promptly accepted, but the club refused to allow any bet. Time was called at 9:20.

The Mill Commences.

Round 1—Both men sparred warily for an opening. Carroll smiled and seemed confident. Both feinted a number of times and Bowen landed for no hit on neck and again on the left side of the face. Carroll broke ground in both cases and the crowd cheered lustily, with the Bowen element in the ascendency.

Round 2—After sparring for an opening Bowen landed on the neck. Carroll rushed, but was promptly met, and a sharp mill followed, the fighting being with right and left, and the blows followed each other in rapid succession. Bowen had altogether the best of the fighting, landing repeatedly on the head and body and getting in one vicious blow over the heart. When the round ended Carroll had decidedly the worst of it.

Carroll Driven to the Ropes.

Round 3—Carroll showed the effect of the hard drubbing in the previous round. Bowen landed another of body blows and received a vicious upper cut in the stomach. Carroll was greatly winded and sparred for wind during the rest of the round.

Round 4—Carroll led with his right, but was fought to the ropes, where sharp fighting followed, Bowen having the best of it. In the break Bowen landed on Carroll's wind with his right, following it up with a hard punch on the chest. Carroll became more cautious and finally landed heavily on Bowen's mouth. Sharp fighting followed, in which Bowen had rather the best of it apparently, landing at will with both hands.

Both Men Groggy.

Round 5—Bowen landed on Carroll's head, and received a like blow in return, but succeeded in landing five blows in quick succession on Carroll's face. Furious in fighting followed, and both men were very groggy. Bowen had to be carried to his corner.

Round 6—Carroll forced the fighting at once and both men went at it with both hands. Bowen got in a blow with his right back of the ear and Carroll went to the ground. He quickly recovered and a rally followed in which neither did much damage.

Round 7—Carroll landed lightly on the chin and received a dig in the stomach.

Round 8—Carroll led, finding Bowen's lip, receiving a counter on the wind. Carroll found Bowen's chest with his right and received right and left blows on the neck in exchange. When the rounds ended Carroll's right shoulder and neck were seen to be badly discolored.

Round 9—Carroll landed twice on Bowen's neck and received a vicious drive in the stomach in return. Bowen showed very quickly and landed on Carroll's neck in one, two order. Bowen had slightly the best of the fighting.

Round 10—Bowen led, and light exchanges followed. Bowen then landed in the two terrific order on Carroll's neck, following up the blows with two heavy right handers on the head and over the heart. Carroll did little damage in return.

Carroll Weakened.

Round 11—Carroll landed twice in the mouth, and Bowen's lips began to swell. Then Bowen landed twice in the body and Carroll clinched. Sharp fighting followed, which caused Carroll to break ground.

Round 12—After sparring for an opening Bowen landed a right hander on the neck and got away without a return. The round ended while the men were sparring for wind.

Round 13—Bowen landed on Carroll's head and gave two terrific drives in the ribs and another dig to the San Francisco lad's stomach.

Round 14—After an exchange of light blows Bowen got in two heavy right handers in the wind. A sharp rally followed, Bowen having fought into his corner. Carroll had altogether the best of the round, Bowen being decidedly groggy.

Round 15—Carroll whacked away at the local man and beat him all over the ring. Bowen was so groggy that he could scarcely stand and staggered constantly. He was finally, however, knocked down two, fought determinedly.

Bowen Still Game.

Round 16—Bowen came up gamely. Carroll went to the floor with him, but although Bowen was still groggy he met the attack with spirit. Carroll fought him all over the ring, but did not succeed in getting a knock out blow. When the round ended both men were badly winded.

Round 17—Carroll forced Bowen to the ropes and administered to his heart's content. Bowen was plucky as a lion and rallied again and again, almost sending Carroll to grass on two occasions. He finally landed Carroll three times, and Bowen was saved from a knock out by tap of the bells.

In the next few blows of both men lacked steam, but Bowen seemed to have the most force. Carroll finally got in a right hander on the chin, and Bowen went down. He staggered to his feet and Carroll started in to finish him, but time was called.

Round 19—Bowen was very groggy, but game, and though forced to the ropes he managed to land heavily on Carroll's head. The latter smashed away until he got Bowen on the ropes, and when the local man was in that position he received blow after blow on the neck and ribs with telling force.

Bowen Knocked Out.

Round 20—Carroll hit Bowen below the belt, evidently an accident, and cries of foul were raised. The referee decided that the fight should go on. This was the only blow struck, the round ending with the men sparring for wind.

Round 21—Carroll forced Bowen to the ropes and landed heavily on the neck and ear. Bowen made a plucky stand and held up his hands gamely and tried to ward off his adversary's blows, but without success. Carroll, who was quite strong now, continued to rain blows on Bowen's neck, and at last swung his right with terrific force on the jugular. Bowen went down like a log, and Carroll waited to see him rise. Bowen tried four times to get on his feet again, but each time he lost his footing and fell over on the sand. The crowd urged him on but he no avail, and as the gong sounded for the expiration of the ten seconds the crowd gave vent to their feelings in continuous cheers.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Chicago—

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	3
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Chicago, 5; Buffalo, 7. Errors: Chicago, 4; Buffalo, 3. Batteries: Baldwin and Boyle, Twigbell and Haddock.

National League.

Boston	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	—	4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Base hits: Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 14. Errors: Boston, 5; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Gera-in and Bennett, Lovett and Daly.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Base hits: Cleveland, 4; Pittsburg, 8. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Pittsburg, 1. Batteries: Viau and Zimmer, Anderson and Decker.

At Chicago—

Chicago	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	—	5
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 6. Errors: Chicago, 1; Cincinnati, 3. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kittridge, Mullane and Harrington.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players	National
Chicago	500	1,325
Boston	—	926
Cleveland	—	1,200
Totals	500	3,451

American Association.

At Rochester—

Rochester	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—	2
Syracuse	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1

Base hits: Rochester, 4; Syracuse, 7. Errors: Rochester, 3; Syracuse, 9. Batteries: Healy and McKeough, Casey and Pitz. Called on account of darkness.

At Philadelphia—

Athletic	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1
Baltimore	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	—	5

Base hits: Athletic, 3; Baltimore, 6. Errors: Athletic, 4; Baltimore, 3. Batteries: Gran and Robinson, German and Townsend. Called on account of rain.

At Columbus—

Columbus	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	1
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Base hits: Columbus, 1; St. Louis, 2. Errors: Columbus, 0; St. Louis, 7. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor, Hart and Munyon.

At Toledo (First game)—

Toledo	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	1
Louisville	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	x	—	8

Base hits: Toledo, 3; Louisville, 7. Errors: Toledo, 3; Louisville, 1. Batteries: Cushman and Gage, Ehret and Weckbecker.

The Athletics Cannot Go On.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The stockholders of the Athletic Baseball club held an adjourned meeting last night when it was announced that because of the inability of the financial committee appointed to raise the necessary funds the club will not be able to continue the season. The players who had assembled in expectation of receiving the money due them were notified that no money had been raised, and that those desiring, if any, could go home. Much indignation was expressed by the men, and nearly all of them are said to have accepted releases. Sums ranging from $200 to $900 are due them. The players were asked to make a tour of the west and take chances of getting their money, but refused. The organization of a team to play out the schedule is a remote possibility.

They Brought Them in Dead.

HELENA, Mon., Sept. 17.—Jump-on-the-Head and Young Mule, two Cheyenne Indians who murdered a young ranchman named Hugh Boyle on the reservation about two weeks ago, are now "good Indians." Maj. Carroll, the commandant of the troops at the agency, increased the Indian police to twenty-five men and told them to go and bring in the murderers dead or alive. The Indians had said they would never surrender to the troops, as they would be hanged for the murder of Boyle. That the Indian police followed Carroll's instructions to the letter is indorsed by the fact that Carroll officially reports the killing, and Special Agent Cooper has sent for the coroner to hold an inquest on Jump-on-the-Head and Young Mule.

Are Foreign Ores Used at Bethlehem?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—At an informal meeting of the house committee on naval affairs it was decided to report favorably. It is believed the committee will get enough absent members of the committee, the resolution introduced by Mr. Chipman Mich., calling upon the secretary of the navy for information about the rumors that foreign ores are used extensively in the preparation of steel for United States vessels at the Bethlehem (Pa.) Iron works. The navy department has anticipated favorable action on the resolution and clerks are now engaged in preparing the secretary's answer.

Switchmen Meet at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 17.—At the switchmen's convention Grand Master Sweeney recommended biennial conventions on the ground of economy and the transfer of the headquarters to Cleveland to some member of the order who would have full control of it. The treasurer's report showed the receipts for the year to have been $97,327.34 and the expenditures to $90,331.92, leaving a balance on hand of $6,995.42. There was paid for deaths and injuries $75,000. The report of Grand Organizer Hall showed the order to be in a flourishing condition.

Wants the Profits He Would Have Made.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Neil McNeil, a contractor, has brought suit for $40,000 against the Boston Chamber of Commerce, that being the profit he claims he would have made if he had been awarded the contract for the new Chamber of Commerce building. His bid for which was the lowest. Nevereux Brothers received the contract.

Actually Wounded in a French Duel.

GENOA, Sept. 17.—M. Dumoustel, a member of the French chamber of deputies, and M. Marmeix, the alleged author of the charges made in The Figaro against Gen. Boulanger, fought a duel this forenoon. The latter was seriously wounded.

Weather Indications.

Generally from fair to partly cloudy, with slight changes of temperature.

PROTECTION'S CITADEL.

Mr. Blaine Says It Is Reciprocity Enactment.

MORE OF THE SECRETARY'S VIEWS.

He Further Strengthens His Stand Against Free Sugar Without Reciprocity, and Says That the Defeat of Reciprocity Is the Opportunity of Free Trade.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Col. W. W. Clapp, editor of The Boston Journal, has just received the following letter from Secretary Blaine, in which the secretary's views on reciprocity are further stated:

Secretary Blaine's Letter.

MY DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your favor asking me if I can attend the annual meeting of the Home Market club of Boston, October 1. You add that the members are in hearty sympathy with my views regarding the free coinage of silver, and you would be glad to have me address them. I regret that my engagements will not allow me to accept your kind invitation, but you will please thank the club for the compliment they pay me. I am glad to learn that the people of Boston are interested in a system of reciprocal trade with Latin America. They can do great good by counteracting a feeling in the Boston, England cotton manufactured at home as well as in Washington—an opinion which I must regard as in the highest degree unwise and hurtful to the United States. New England is to receive in the new tariff the simplest protection for every manufacturing industry on her borders, both great and small, and it will in my judgment be both inexpedient and impolitic for Congress to disregard a measure which will promote western interests.

A Significant Letter.

I have lately received a letter from Mr. J. F. Imbs, of St. Louis, a leading representative of the flour interests and president of the late convention of millers at Minneapolis. Speaking for the grain and flour interests of that great section Mr. Imbs says that "advices of recent date from Cuba state that the duties now collected on American flour are at a higher rate than was at first supposed to be the case." And he adds, "I respectively submit that the American miller will be unable to retain any part of the Cuban flour trade, unless reciprocity relief is secured." In view of these facts is it possible that a protectionist congress can even think of opening our markets to Cuban products, while allowing a great western industry to be absolutely excluded from her markets by a prohibitory tariff? With reciprocity the west can annually sell many hundred thousand barrels of flour in the markets of Cuba and Porto Rico, together with a large mass of other agricultural products. Without reciprocity she will be driven more and more from those markets.

An Easy Thing to Do.

Giving the fullest protection to all eastern interests as the proposed tariff bill does, surely no item of good judgment, certainly no protection-ist of wise forecast, wishes to expose a western industry to serious injury, especially when it is manifestly easy to protect and promote it—manifestly easy because at this very time the boards of trades, the chambers of commerce, and the public opinion in Havana are demanding reciprocal trade with the United States. I select Cuba and Porto Rico for examples, because in certain quarters it has been said that while we might secure reciprocity with some little countries in South America, we could have nothing with the Spanish islands. Let us at least give the Spanish islands an opportunity to speak for themselves.

What "Certain Wise Men" Ask.

Certain wise men ask, How can we sell farm products in South America when those countries are produced there? Cereals are undoubtedly grown in the southernmost portions of South America, but any one well versed in statistics knows that cereals and sugar do not grow in the same soil, and that the sugar countries of South and Central America and the West India islands contain 40,000,000 of people who import the largest part of their breadstuffs. Indeed, the largest part of the sugar product of Latin America is at our doors, and we can greatly enlarge our exchanges there if congress will give us the opportunity for reciprocal trade.

The Sugar Trade Object Lesson.

Another class observes that they want time to study the system, while I must reply that the best method of studying a system is to watch its practical effects. Would not Europe in the abstract and refusing to take some object lesson these gentlemen propose to open our market to Latin American products free of all charges, without asking Latin America to give us in turn some freedom in their markets. The object lesson immediately before us is the treatment of the sugar question. Shall we make Latin America a gift of that trade? When we have studied that lesson we shall be prepared for the next step. The worst proposition of all is put forth by those who say, "Let us put sugar on the free list now, and next year we will take up the subject of reciprocity." If I understand their logic, it is to make sugar free to us without condition, and then next year to ask Spain if she will not kindly consent to grant us reciprocal trade. Holding the complete vantage ground ourselves, the proposed policy transfers the vantage ground to Spain.

A Lock for the Empty Stable.

Instead of shutting the door today, we are to ask her for a favor to-morrow. Those who take this ground belong to that class of careful gentlemen of property who prefer a very strong lock for the stable after the horse is gone. I do not mean to anything I have said to imply that reciprocity is only a western interest. As I remarked to a note to Senator Frye, it will prove beneficial and profitable both to the farm and the loom. What, for instance, could be more nat-

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE, 20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz
1 Cask, 12 dozen pressimperted style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Organic depot, the headquarters for fine grocerie.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING, TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. 7 East Front Street.

Mrs. Stephenson,

22 WEST FRONT STREET,

Is still making her famous

FRENCH AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

DOOR, POINT, SIDE AND PARK AVE.

Gentlemen's Fine Laundry and Hosiery Store.

Russet Apples

are goodin winter, and

RUSSET SHOES

are the most comfortable shoes for winter wear. If you want a pair call and see them. Ladies' Oxford Ties

at my store. I have just received a fine line of

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 24 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

L. M FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

N. E. 6 PARK AVENUE.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brow r & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding fine horses.

Terms made known upon application.

CARNEY BROS. AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the latest improved water closets, sewer gas and back water traps,

All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pls asure in informing our many friends and customers that arrangements have been made with the present owners whereby we are employed as agents and general workers.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit a continuance of the same. Refuse creeps which will receive prom pt attention

Telephone orders given to the exami nation of coal pipes.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Dunr Streets.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

THE HOUSE AND KENNEDY

A Great Fight Over the Ohio Man's Philippic.

THE ANTI-LOTTERY BILL PASSED.

The Senate Approves the President's Measure for More Effectively Excluding Lottery Matter from the Mails—Alleged Threats of the Lottery to Get Even.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The house spent most of the day discussing Mr. Enloe's resolution censuring Mr. Kennedy for the language used in his speech on Sept. 3 resenting on Senator Quay. The matter was finally disposed of by the adoption of a resolution offered by Mr. Bayne referring the whole subject to the judiciary committee of the house for investigation and report. The pending question was on the point of order raised against the resolution by Mr. Grosvenor.

Mr. Bennet (Ky.) in arguing the point of order recalled the Brooks-Sumner episode and cited the action of the house in that case. The gentleman (Mr. Kennedy) had been so indignant at the action of a certain senator that he proceeded to denounce him as a felon and as a traitor. He had been charged with colleguing with another senator to betray an obligation he owed to the country.

The House's Character Assailed.

Whenever a member of this body arraigned a senator as a felon and a traitor by reason of his conduct in regard to legislation there could be no question but that the character of the house was assailed.

The Speaker's Idea.

The speaker in rendering his decision said that there could be no doubt that the legislative proceedings of the two co-ordinate branches of the legislature would be very much impeded if improper reflections were allowed by the members of the one body upon members of the other. This was so plain, so well established that it seemed unnecessary to say a word in regard to it. It was founded on that principle which caused members of the house to speak of each other by a phrase rather than by name.

It was intended as far as possible to keep personal feeling out of legislation and the chair was very glad not only for the advantage of the actions between the house and the senate, but for the advantage of the relations among members of the house that this question should be passed upon in such a manner as would make an impression upon all. The chair, therefore, overruled the point of order raised by Mr. Grosvenor.

Mr. Bayne's Resolution.

Mr. Bayne (Pa.) offered a resolution referring the Enloe resolution, together with Mr. Kennedy's speech, to the committee on judiciary with instructions to that committee to examine the speech and the rules and practice regulating debate and report its findings to the house within three days.

Mr. Enloe thought there was no occasion for sending the resolution of any committee. The facts were before the house and there was no issue which question involved. Mr. McMillan (Tenn.) thought the house should purge its record of such calumny as was found in the speech of the gentleman from Ohio. There was but one thing for the house to do. It could not censure the gentleman, it could not expel him and it could not afford to let its record be burdened with vile calumnies. Referring to recent disorderly scenes on the floor of the house, he said that he spoke of them with blushing and the shame. Language had been used which he would not repeat here or elsewhere, and the scenes had culminated in a fist fight.

Mr. Cannon Takes a Hand.

Mr. Cannon (Ills.) favored the reference of the resolution to a committee in order that the house might act intelligently. In the present form of the resolution the whole speech (including the unobjectionable portions) would be expunged from the Record. If it were accepted, the speech would be expunged, while the most objectionable part of it cited by Mr. Enloe, would remain as part of his remarks. Mr. Enloe suggested that Mr. Cannon was hardly competent to make reflections on another person's unparliamentary language. Mr. Cannon retorted that he had heard the gentleman from Ohio better than otherwise speak in unparliamentary language. He did not admire the tone and temper of Mr. McMillan instead of devoting himself to the consideration of that gentleman who wanted to air his christianity scold, which he was always anxious to parade.

Mr. McMillan: If I wanted to attack anybody the gentleman before me offers as good an opportunity for unparliamentary language as any man living.

Mr. Cannon—Whatever I have said or done, I am willing to be subject to the rules of the house, and will be discussed if it is challenged.

House Conferees on the Tariff Bill.

After further debate Mr. Enloe demanded the previous question upon his resolution, which was so modified as to be an expression on the part of the house that it "disapproves and condemns" Mr. Kennedy's speech, and a direction to the public printer to expunge it from the permanent Congressional Record. The house refused—yeas, 85; nays, 134—to order the previous question. Mr. Bayne (Pa.) again offered his resolution referring the whole matter to the judiciary committee. The clause requiring the committee to report within three days was stricken out on a point of order raised by Mr. Enloe. The previous question on Mr. Bayne's resolution to refer was ordered, and the resolution was adopted—yeas, 124; nays, 58.

The speaker announced the appointment of the following conferees on the tariff bill: Messrs. McKinley, Burrows, Bayne, Dingley, Mills, McMillan and Flower.

The Anti-Lottery Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The bill prohibiting the transmission of lottery tickets through the mails was passed by the senate without a dissenting vote. It now goes to the president, and will in all probability become a law before the week ends. The lottery company agents now threaten to prevent the return of every Republican senator and congressman who voted for the bill.

It is asserted that on Sunday night an agent called upon a certain United States senator representing a state which is close politically and offered him $20,000 cash if he would have the lottery bill side tracked. Last night another agent visited another United states senator and said that the lottery company would give $15,000 if the senate would recommend the bill to the judiciary committee for amendments. Of this sum the agent was to have $5,000, and the senator could do with the remainder just what he pleased. Both of these offers were peremptorily declined, and the agents were ordered out by the senators.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Both Great Parties in Convention in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Sept. 17.—At the Democratic state convention Hon. W. W. Eaton was made permanent chairman. The first ballot for governor resulted as follows: Luzon B. Morris, 360; James W. Hyatt, 60. The nomination of Mr. Morris was then made unanimous and the ticket was completed as follows: Lieutenant governor, Joseph W. Alsop, of Middletown; treasurer, Marvin H. Sanger, of Canterbury; comptroller, Nicholas Stanb, of New Milford.

LUZON B. MORRIS.

Hon. William M. Springer, of Ills., was then introduced and spoke briefly in support of Democratic principles. He said that the Republican party was responsible for the legislation of the past thirty years, legislation which enriched manufacturers and rendered the farmers poor. Mr. Springer recommended that the Democratic convention send a petition to Washington and request that the entire internal revenue on tobacco be taken off in preference to accepting the clause relating to Sumatra tobacco, which is incorporated in the McKinley bill.

James P. Piggott offered his original resolution concerning representation in substitution for that of the committee on resolutions, which postponed the consideration of the Piggott resolution until the next convention. After some discussion, Mr. Piggott's resolution was brought up and defeated. Then the committee's resolution referring the matter to a committee composed of one member from each senatorial district was reconsidered and lost.

The platform adopted was as follows:

The Democratic party of Connecticut reaffirms its adherence to the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention of 1888 and condemns the Republican party for its attitude upon the great questions affecting the welfare of the people as a revival of the most odious doctrines of that federalism which has ever sought to establish in this country an aristocracy of wealth and despotism of legislation. We declare for such a revision of the tariff as shall admit crude materials of manufacture free and lighten the burdens upon the necessities of life. This is true protection for the manufacturer, the laborer and the farmer. We charge the decline of over one-half in farm values in Connecticut to the prevailing Republican tariff policy.

We denounce the radically unjust and panic breeding McKinley bill, which will increase the cost of living and reduce the cost of luxuries. It is the most outrageous measure of taxation ever prepared in the American congress. We accept James G. Blaine's interpretation of it as infamous. We denounce the un-American and tyrannical policy of Speaker Reed and the majority of the house which deprives the house of its deliberative character, arrogantly disregarding the rights of the minority and establishing a system of centrifugal power. We favor a liberal pension policy toward all soldiers and sailors who were disabled in service, and to their widows and dependent children, as the assurance resulting that the treasury shall not be depleted for the benefit of bounty jumpers and deserters and imposters.

We denounce the federal elections or force bill now pending in congress as the most dangerous and revolutionary measure ever devised to thwart the will of the people and subvert our popular form of government, as a measure besotten in partisan desperation to perpetuate the power of the Republican party. It is un-American in that it doubts the capacity of our people for self government. We also reiterate our devotion to the principles of the state Democracy as set forth in the state platform of 1888. We declare for an amendment to the state constitution providing for the election of all state officers by a plurality vote. All unnecessary interference with personal liberty by means of sumptuary enactments we oppose as contrary to the spirit of our free institutions, and we deem it the duty county commissioners be elected by the people and the present unjust, arbitrary, partisan and undemocratic method of appointment be repealed.

We regard the secret ballot law enacted by the last general assembly in response to the demands of the Democratic party as a step in the right direction, and we favor such amendments thereto as will render the compulsory secrecy absolute for the suppression of bribery and intimidation, and will prevent such attempted evasions of the same as were practiced by high authority at the last election in the city of Hartford. We favor legislation to protect the people from adulterated food products, and we demand that such laws shall be executed by officials who are in sympathy with them and not by political beneficiaries.

We invite the voters of the state to cooperate with us in this campaign to reduce the spread of centralizing ideas and to reenthrone the will of the people.

Boston Is 260 Today.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Today, the 260th anniversary of the establishment of Boston, is being celebrated simply by the display of flags from the public buildings.

Emin Heard From.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 17.—Emin Pash arrived at Tabora on Aug. 4. He forwarded dispatches stating that all the tribes along the route had submitted to the expedition.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Representative Connell (Neb.) has introduced in the house a bill appropriating $50,000 for the purpose of erecting a statue or monument to the memory of John Peter Altgeld.

At Buffalo Judge Lewis granted an order dismissing the appeal taken in the case of Rev. Dr. Ball vs. the New York Evening Post, without costs to either party.

Prof. Copeland, a leading business man of Rochester, N. Y., is dying of consumption.

The marriage of the Princess Victoria of Prussia, sister of Emperor William, to Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe is fixed for Nov. 27.

The Alhambra palace, at Grenada, has been injured by fire.

Letters have been received by the Hamilton family which confirm the death of Robert Ray Hamilton in Idaho.

Seventeen thousand dollars belonging to Bookmakers Garland & Saunders was stolen from the Hotel Vendome safe at New York.

Francis Birk was shot and fatally wounded by George Deistel on the street at New York. Deistel claims that Birk alienated his wife's affections and broke up his home.

Reed, Cain and Buett, arrested for complicity in the wreck of the Montreal express on the New York Central road, have made written confessions.

Chauncey M. Depew urged the farmers, at the fair at Syracuse, to take as their motto the three R's—Reciprocity, Retaliation and Revenue.

Bishop Coxe, in an address at Buffalo, bitterly assailed the memory of Cardinal Newman for his going over to the Roman Catholic church.

Chained in a Smoke House Fifteen Years.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A Franklin (Pa.) dispatch to The Star says: Another case of inhuman treatment of the insane has been unearthed, the case being in Richland township, in this county. The victim is a woman named Margaret Orr, and she has been kept by her brother on a farm near Emlenton Station, on the Allegheny Valley railroad. She is about 40 years of age, and has been confined in chains in a smoke house for over fifteen years. Superintendent Culph, of the county poor farm, made the horrible discovery, and it was with difficulty that he could induce the brothers to allow her removal to the Warren Insane asylum, where she now is. Stories are in circulation of another case of a crippled lunatic is said to be confined in a small room without proper care, and officers are hunting it up. It is said the state board of lunacy has recently become aware of the fact that in many different sections of the state lunatics are kept confined miserably in order to save their keep at a proper asylum, the number so kept in confinement being almost incredible.

The President to Visit Johnstown.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 17.—Tuesday afternoon a special engine and President Roberts' private car and a Pennsylvania railroad official came up to the Mountain station for the use of President Harrison and family. The executive, the ladies of his family and a few invited guests boarded the train and a start was made for Rhododendren park on the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad, a distance of about forty miles from Cresson. The president grew quite enthusiastic over the magnificent scenery en route. The pleasure of the party at the park was somewhat marred by a heavy rain storm. The excursionists partook of a very elaborate luncheon in President Roberts' car. The return trip was made as south the Kansas City house in time for supper. Mr. Boyd has invited the presidential party to accompany him to Johnstown today.

$20,000 for His Wife's Affection.

OLEAN, N. Y., Sept. 17.—An action has been brought in the supreme court of this county for $20,000 damages against Daniel Ward, a druggist of this city, by Alfred L. Torrey for alienating the affections of the plaintiff's wife. The complaint charges that Ward conspired with Mrs. Torrey to induce Torrey to visit a disorderly house in Chicago and thus provide the wife with lawful cause for divorce; also that Ward was intimate with Mrs. Torrey. The defense is a general denial.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

—IN—

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The fine purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Less Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

19 Park avenue.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

128 PARK AVENUE.

Keystone Democrats in Session.

READING, Pa., Sept. 17.—The annual meeting of the Democratic societies of Berks county was held here and was fully attended. Democrats of note from all portions of the state were present. Messrs. Pattison, Black and Barclay, the candidates of the party respectively for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs, were on hand.

About 1,000 delegates were present. Chauncey Black presided and opened the proceedings with an address of considerable length. Last evening the convention was held after which Mr. Pattison left for the next place of meeting. Officers were elected as follows: President, Chauncey F. Black; vice presidents, Joseph P. Murphy, of Philadelphia; W. J. Brennan, Pittsburg; E. P. Dunwoody, Philadelphia; J. J. Maloney, Philadelphia; J. H. Howard, Harrisburg, and William J. Bourke, Harrisburg; secretary, John D. Worman, Philadelphia; treasurer, Elliott P. Kisner, Hazleton.

Republicans Meet, Too.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 17.—The Republican state convention met at the Hyperion theatre last night and temporarily organized by selecting ex-Lieutenant Governor Cooke as chairman and appointing committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions, after which the convention adjourned until this morning, when it reconvened and is still in session.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF ANNIE S. NASON, Deceased. Pursuant to the order of George T. Perrott, Surrogate of the county of Union, this day made, the subscriber hereby notifies all creditors and others having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

CHARLES A. REED, Administrator.
Dated July 19, 1890. 25-9w

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger. Prices the lowest. Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Heim Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns for the suppression of

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The fine purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.00, $4.50, $6.00
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.35
Odors	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Dunlex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers to time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New route will be established as rapidly as business requires.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to Washingtonville. Beyond that between Plainfield and Dunellen.

Connect with the 6:29, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 n. m. and 4 p. m. returns trips connect for Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave orders at Somerset Stables.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:00, 9:00, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 2:00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:05, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:50 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 9:40 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street. Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.24, 5.56, 6.09, 6.39, 7.06, 7.30, 8.06, 8.15, 8.35, 8.57, 9.32, 10.05, 11.05, 11.50, 12.30, 1.41, 2.07, 2.30, 3.05, 3.41, 4.07, 4.34, 5.05, 5.37, 6.04, 6.30, 7.05, 8.32, 10.10, 11.32 p. m. Sunday, 3.37, 5.24, 5.56, 6.39, 7.06, 7.30, 8.06, 8.35, 8.57, 9.32, 10.05, 11.05, 11.50, 12.30, 1.41, 2.07, 2.30, 3.05, 3.41, 4.07, 4.34, 5.05, 5.37, 6.04, 6.30, 7.05, 8.32, 10.10, 11.32 p. m. Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.15, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.15, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 night. Sunday at 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.15, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 night, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, 11.20, 12.38 p. m. 1.50, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.40 a. m. 12.38, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Arrive at Somerville at 6.15, 7.30, 8.35, 10.10, 11.50 a. m. 1.08, 2.20, 4.05, 5.45, 7.00, 7.50, 9.20, 11.10 a. m. Sunday at 9.30, 10.10, 11.50 a. m. 1.08, 4.05, 7.00, 7.50, 9.20, 11.10 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.29, 6.59, 7.20, 8.00, 8.37, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m. 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m. 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, 11.20, 12.38 p. m. 1.50, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.40 a. m. 12.38, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Arrive at Somerville at 6.15, 7.30, 8.35, 10.10, 11.50 a. m. 1.08, 2.20, 4.05, 5.45, 7.00, 7.50, 9.20, 11.10 a. m. Sunday at 9.30, 10.10, 11.50 a. m. 1.08, 4.05, 7.00, 7.50, 9.20, 11.10 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.05, 9.40, 11.20, 12.38 p. m. 1.50, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.40 a. m. 12.38, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Arrive at Easton at 6.45, 8.15, 9.18, 10.50, 12.30, 1.45, 3.30, 5.15, 6.34, 7.20, 8.50, 10.40 a. m. Sunday at 9.30, 10.10, 11.50 a. m. 1.08, 4.05, 7.00, 7.50, 9.20, 11.10 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 11.40 a. m. 3.59, 5.40 p. m. Sunday 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Bridge, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Reading, For Pennington, Jct., W. R. R., Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, 941 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Portland, 1.05 p. m. For Pennington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, 5.00 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Scranton, 8.00 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Summer Accommodation, 9.15 a. m. For Bangor, Manch Chunk, 3.13 p. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, 5.00 p. m. For Schooley's Mountain, etc., 4.01 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre and Pottsville 8.35 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 12.01, 3.31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.15, a. m. 12.01 p. m. For Perth Amboy, 3.37, 8.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.01, 3.31, 5.31, 7.23 p. m. Sunday 8.59, 9.00, 3.30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 1.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

For Freehold 3.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 1.00, 3.31 5.31, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.37, 3.45 8.09, 9.08, 11.18 a. m., 1.39, 4.32, 4.06, 5.34, 6.38, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 9.08, 9.00 a. m., 4.06, 5.34, 6.38 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.37, 3.45, 11.18 a. m., 4.32, 4.06, 5.34, 8.00 p. m. Sundays at 1.37, 9.08, 9.00 a. m., 4.06, 5.34, 6.38 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY OF TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave, and Broadway, Broadway to 9th st. to Second place; to Crescent ave., to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.37 a. m. train
3d "	9.15 "	do	10.37 do
4th do	11.00 "	do	11.37 do
5th do	11.00 "	do	11.34 do
6th do	11.45 "	do	12.37 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 & 2.38 p. m.
8th do	4.45 "	To be Post Office.	
9th do	5.20 do meet	5.51 p. m. train.	
10th do	6.30 do	6.37 do	
11th do	8.45 do	9.07 do	
12th do	9.45 do	do	7.38 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Hockview and Manor ave. and North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stage will make return trips over at one hour intervals, Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.38, 9.37, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 2.06, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for pleasure and calling purposes. Stable Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies.

Stages after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at reasonable rates.

WM. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore ave., 8th and 9th. Telephone Call. 1-3m

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

24 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. In this I will be close to the Dudley manner, I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage

I have the best, the cleanest, the and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER

And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'dway

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in our reputable companies. Office North avenue, Fanwood.

BARGAINS in wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parmelee corn wagon. John P. Wolfe, Rose street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner Park street. Address

H. F. M. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Sanford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street, Etc.,

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 33 Park avenue

P. O. Box 329,

FURNITURE AND FIRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city country. Piano moving a specialty.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,

Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished, Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1544.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens P. O. Box 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimategiven cheerfully on all kind of work.

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly tteended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 32 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Front past place. P. O. Box 963.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 681.

W. J. Pearson, No. 12 Thirteenth, H. E. Gayle, No. 31 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIS

49 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Cor. Front street and Park avenue.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,

Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. B. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,

Veterinarian, No. 9 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 3 Park avenue. Civil Engineering, Platting and all branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,

Architect, 242 Broadway, New York city, room 22 and 23, Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE

45 North avenue.

THE HOUSE AND KENNEDY

A Great Fight Over the Ohio Man's Philippic.

THE ANTI-LOTTERY BILL PASSED.

The Senate Approves the President's Measure for More Effectively Excluding Lottery Matter from the Mails—Alleged Threats of the Lottery to Get Even.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The house spent most of the day discussing Mr. Enloe's resolution censuring Mr. Kennedy for the language used in his speech on Sept. 9 relating to Senator Quay. The matter was finally disposed of by the adoption of a resolution offered by Mr. Bayne referring the whole subject to the judiciary committee of the house for investigation and report. The pending question was on the point of order raised against the resolution by Mr. Grosvenor.

Mr. Blount (Ga.) in arguing the point of order recalled the Brooks-Sumner episode and cited the action of the house in that case. The gentleman (Mr. Kennedy) had been so indignant at the action of a certain senator that he proceeded to denounce him as a felon and as a traitor. He had been charged with colleagueing with another senator to betray an obligation he owed to the country.

The House's Character Assailed.

Whenever a member of this body arraigned a senator as a felon and a traitor by reason of his conduct in regard to legislation there could be no question but that the character of the house was assailed.

The Speaker's Idea.

The speaker in rendering his decision said that there could be no doubt that the legislative proceedings of the two coordinate branches of the legislature would be very much impeded if improper reflections were allowed by the members of the one body upon members of the other. This was no plain, so well established that it seemed unnecessary to say a word in regard to it. It was founded on that principle which caused members of the house to speak of each other by a phrase rather than by name.

It was intended as far as possible to keep personal feeling out of legislation and the chair was very glad not only for the advantage of the relations between the house and the senate, but for the advantage of the relations among members of the house that this question should be passed upon in such a manner as would make an impression upon all. The chair, therefore, overruled the point of order raised by Mr. Grosvenor.

Mr. Bayne's Resolution.

Mr. Bayne (Pa.) offered a resolution referring Mr. Enloe resolution, together with Mr. Kennedy's speech, to the committee on judiciary with instructions to that committee to enquire into the speech and the rules and practice regulating debate and report its findings to the house within three days.

Mr. Enloe thought there was no occasion for sending the resolution to any committee. The facts were before the house and there was no judicial question involved. Mr. McMillan (Tenn.) thought the house should purge its record of such calumny as was found in the speech of the gentleman from Ohio. There was but one thing for the house to do. It could not remove the gentleman, it could not expel him and it could not afford to let its record be incumbered with vile calumnies. Referring to recent disorderly scenes on the floor of the house, he said that he spoke of them with blushing and in shame. Language had been used which he would not repeat here or elsewhere, and the scenes had culminated in a fist fight.

Mr. Cannon Takes a Hand.

Mr. Cannon (Ills.) favored the reference of the resolution to a committee in order that the house might act intelligently. In the present form of the resolution the whole speech, including the manifestly objectionable portions would be expunged from the Record. If it were accepted, the speech would be expunged, while the many objectionable parts of it cried by Mr. Enloe, would remain as part of his remarks. Mr. Enloe suggested that Mr. Cannon was hardly the man to make reflections on another person's unparliamentary language. Mr. Cannon retorted that he had heard men who professed to be holier than others speak in unparliamentary language. He did not admire the tone and temper of Mr. McMillan, instead of devoting himself to the matter in hand, that gentleman wasted his time in a disorderly scold, which he was always anxious to parade.

Mr. McMillan: If I wanted to attack anybody the gentleman before me offers me a good opportunity for unparliamentary language as any man living.

Mr. Cannon: Whatever I have said or done unparliamentary is subject to the rules of the house, and will be discussed if it is challenged.

House Conferees on the Tariff Bill.

After further debate Mr. Enloe demanded the previous question upon his resolution, which was so modified as to be an expression on the part of the house that it "disapproves and condemns" Mr. Kennedy's speech, and a direction to the public printer to expunge it from the permanent Congressional Record. The house refused—yeas, 81 nays, 114—to order the previous question. Mr. Bayne (Pa.) again offered his resolution referring the whole matter to the judiciary committee. The clause requiring the committee to report within three days was stricken out on a point of order raised by Mr. Enloe. The previous question on Mr. Bayne's resolution to refer was ordered, and the resolution was adopted—yeas 124, nays, 88.

The speaker announced the appointment of the following conferees on the tariff bill: Messrs. McKinley, Harrows, Bayne, Dingley, Mills, McMillan and Flow er.

The Anti-Lottery Bill Passed.

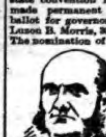
WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—The bill prohibiting the transmission of lottery tickets through the mails was passed by the senate without a dissenting vote. It now goes to the president, and will in all probability become a law before the week ends. The lottery company agents now threaten to prevent the return of every Republican senator and congressman who voted for the bill.

It is asserted that on Sunday night an agent called upon a certain United States senator representing a state which is close politically, and offered him $25,000 cash if he would have the lottery bill side tracked. Last night another agent visited another United States senator and said that the lottery company would give $15,000 if the senate would recommend the bill to the judiciary committee for amendments. Of this sum the agent was to have $5,000, and the senator could do with the remainder just what he pleased. Both of these offers were promptly declined, and the agents were ordered out by the senators.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Both Great Parties in Convention in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Sept. 17.—At the Democratic state convention Hon. W. H. Eaton was made permanent chairman. The first ballot for governor resulted as follows: Luzon B. Morris, 808; James W. Hyatt, 98. The nomination of Mr. Morris was then made unanimous and the ticket was completed as follows: Lieutenant governor, Joseph W. Alsop, of Middletown; treasurer, Marvin H. Sanger, of Canterbury; comptroller, Nicholas Staub, of New Milford.



LUZON B. MORRIS.

Hon. William M. Springer, of Ills. now, after ward spoke briefly in support of Democratic principles. He said that the Republican party was responsible for the legislation of the past thirty years, legislation which enriched manufacturers and rendered the farmers poor. Mr. Springer recommended that the farmers of Connecticut send a petition to Washington and request that the entire internal revenue on tobacco be taken off in preference to accepting the clause relating to Sumatra tobacco, which is incorporated in the McKinley bill.

James P. Piggott offered his original resolution concerning representation in substitution for that of the committee on resolutions, which postponed the consideration of the Piggott resolution until the next convention. After some discussion, Mr. Piggott's resolution was brought up and defeated. Then the committee's resolution referring the matter to a committee composed of one member from each senatorial district was reconsidered and lost.

The platform adopted was as follows:

The Democratic party of Connecticut reaffirm its adherence to the platform adopted by the national Democratic convention of 1888 and condemns the Republican party for its attitude upon the great questions affecting the welfare of the people as a revival of the most odious doctrines of that federalism which has ever sought to establish in this country an aristocracy of wealth and despotism of legislation. We declare for such a revision of the tariff as shall admit crude materials of manufacture free and lighten the burdens upon the necessities of life. This is free protection for the manufacturer, the laborer and the farmer. We charge the decline of over one-half in farm values in Connecticut to the prevailing Republican tariff policy.

We denounce the radically unjust and panic breeding McKinley bill, which will increase the cost of living and reduce the cost of luxuries. It is the most outrageous measure of taxation ever prepared in the American congress. We accept James G. Blaine's interpretation of it as infamous. We denounce the un-American and tyrannical policy of Speaker Reed and the majority of the house which deprives the house of its deliberative character, openly disregarding the rights of the minority and establishing a system of centrifugal power. We favor a liberal pension policy toward all soldiers and sailors who were disabled in service, and to their widows and dependent children, at the same time insisting that the treasury shall not be depleted for the benefit of bounty jumpers and deserters and imposters.

We denounce the federal elections or force bill now pending in congress as the most dangerous and revolutionary measure ever devised to thwart the will of the people and subvert the popular form of government, as a measure besotten in partisan desperation to perpetuate the power of the Republican party. It is un-American in that it proposes the servility of our people for self government. We also reiterate our devotion to the principles of the state Democracy as declared in the state platform of 1886. We declare for an amendment to the state constitution providing for the election of all state officers by a plurality vote. All necessary to enforcement with personal liberty by means of sumptuary enactments we oppose as contrary to the spirit of our free institutions, and we demand that county commissioners be elected by the people and the present unjust, arbitrary, partisan and undemocratic method of appointment be repealed.

We regard the secret ballot law enacted by the last general assembly in response to the repeated demands of the Democratic party as a step in the right direction, and we favor such amendments thereto as will render the compulsory secrecy absolute for the suppression of bribery and intimidation, and will prevent such attempted evasions of the same as were practiced by high authority at the last election in the city of Hartford. We favor legislation to protect the people from adulterated food products, and we demand that such laws shall be executed by officials who are in sympathy with them and not by political beneficiaries. We invite the voters of the state to cooperate with us in this campaign to reduce the spread of centralizing ideas and to reenthrone the will of the people.

Boston Is 260 Today.

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—Today, the 260th anniversary of the establishment of Boston, is being celebrated simply by the display of flags from the public buildings.

Emin Heard From.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 17.—Emin Pash arrived at Tabora on Aug. 4. He forwarded dispatches stating that all the tribes along the route had submitted to Stanley.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Points.

Representative Connell (Neb.) has introduced in the house a bill appropriating $50,000 for the purpose or erecting a statue or monument to the memory of John Ericsson in Washington.

At Buffalo Judge Lewis granted an order for hearing the appeal taken in the case of Rev. Dr. Ball vs. the New York Evening Post, without costs to either party.

David Copeland, a leading business man of Rochester, N. Y., is dead, aged 86 years.

The new Bay Bridge, connecting Districts of Prussia, sister of Emperor William, to Prince Adolph of Schaumburg-Lippe is fixed for Nov. 21.

The Alhambra palace, at Grenada, has been injured by fire.

Letters have been received by the Hamilton family which confirm the death of Robert Ray Hamilton in Idaho.

Seventeen thousand dollars belonging to Bookmakers Garland & Saunders was stolen from the Hotel Vendome safe at New York.

Francis Birk was shot and fatally wounded by George Deistel on the street at New York. Deistel claims that Birk alienated his wife's affections and broke up his home.

Reed, Cain and Boers, arrested for complicity in the wreck of the Montreal express on the New York Central road, have made written confessions.

Chauncey M. Depew urged the farmers, at the fair at Syracuse, to take as their motto the three R's—Reciprocity, Retaliation and Revenue.

Bishop Gross, in an address at Buffalo, bitterly assailed the memory of Cardinal Newman for his going over to the Roman Catholic church.

Chained in a Smoke House Fifteen Years.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—A Franklin (Pa.) dispatch to The Star says: Another case of inhuman treatment of the insane has been unearthed, the case being in Richland township, in this county. The victim is a woman named Margaret Orr, and she has been kept by her brother on a farm near Emlenton Station, on the Allegheny Valley railroad. She is about 40 years of age, and has been confined in chains in a smoke house for over fifteen years. Superintendent Culph, of the county poor farm, made the horrible discovery, and it was with difficulty that he could induce the brothers to allow her removal to the Warren Insane asylum, where she now is. Stories are in circulation of another case where a crippled lunatic is said to be confined in a small room without proper care, and officers are hunting it up. It is said the state board of lunacy has recently become aware of the fact that in many different sections of the state lunatics are kept confined miserably in order to save their keep at a proper asylum, the number so kept in confinement being almost incredible.

The President to Visit Johnstown.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 17.—Tuesday afternoon a special engine and President Roberts' private car and a Pennsylvania railroad coach drew up to the Mountain station for the use of President Harrison and family. The executive, the ladies of his family and a few invited guests boarded the train and a start was made for Rhododendren park on the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad, a distance of about forty miles from Cresson. The president grew quite enthusiastic over the magnificent scenery en route. The pleasure of the party at the park was somewhat marred by a heavy rain storm. The excursionists had a picnic dinner and a elaborate luncheon in President Roberts' car. The return trip was made so as to reach the Mountain house in time for a late dinner. They have invited the presidential party to accompany them to Johnstown today.

$20,000 for His Wife's Affections.

OLEAN, N. Y., Sept. 17.—An action has been brought in the supreme court of this county for $20,000 damages against Daniel Ward, a druggist of this city, by Alfred L. Torrey for alienating the affections of the plaintiff's wife. The complaint charges that Ward conspired with Mrs. Torrey to induce Torrey to visit a disorderly house in Chicago and thus provide the wife with lawful cause for divorce, also that Ward was intimate with Mrs. Torrey. The defense is a general denial.

WANTED

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $8, worth $16. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at small monthly payments. Carpets and other styles of furniture are proposed to offer them at prices reasonably low. Some used pieces less than cost.

Call and see for some if the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

Also dealer of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$82.50, $4.50, $6.00
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.35
Oilers	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. B. SMALLEY, } 94 SOMERSET ST.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

24 WEST FRONT STREET.

Keystone Democrats in Session.

READING, Pa., Sept. 17.—The annual meeting of the Democratic societies of Pennsylvania held here was fully attended. Democrats of note from all portions of the state were present. Messrs. Palmer, Black and Barclay, the candidates of the party respectively for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs, were on hand.

About 1,000 delegates were present. Chauncey Black presided and opened the proceedings with an address of considerable length. Last evening the convention adjourned after selecting Pittsburg as the next place of meeting. Officers were elected as follows: President, Chauncey F. Black; vice presidents, Joseph F. Murphy, of Philadelphia; W. J. Brennan, Pittsburg; E. P. Darrowsky, Philadelphia; J. J. Maloney, Philadelphia; J. H. Howard, Harrisburg, and William J. Rourke, Harrisburg; secretary, John D. Worman, Philadelphia; treasurer, Elliott P. Kloner, Hazleton.

Republicans Meet, Too.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 17.—The Republican state convention met at the Hyperion theatre last night and temporarily organized by selecting ex-Lieutenant Governor Cooke as chairman and appointing committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions, after which the convention adjourned until this morning, when it reconvened and is still in session.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF ANNIE S. NASON, deceased. Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrott, Surrogate of the county of Union, to me made, on the 13th instant, of the undersigned, administrator of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased with in nine months from the date of said order, or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

CHARLES A. NASON, Administrator.
Dated July 19, 1890. 29-9w

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Heat Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all like new goods.

2nd—The few purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily for one week.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET.

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Fine Flock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

20 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New facilities will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present office is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits ten cents.

Leave depot for Somerville, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:37 and 12 n. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington avenue. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 and 6 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:40 p. m.

E. S. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station-in New York, foot of Liberty street.
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.24, 5.56, 6.20, 6.59, 7.26, 8.30, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 12.50, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Sunday 3.37, 5.24, 5.56, 6.20, 6.59, 7.26, 8.30, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 a. m., 12.05, 12.50, 1.20, 2.20, 3.20, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20, 7.20, 8.20, 9.20, 10.20, 11.20 p. m. Leave New York at 5.00, 7.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Sunday at 5.00, 7.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.30 p. m., 12.15 night. Express trains are marked in black type. Passengers for Newark connect at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.46, 11.20, 11.58 a. m., 1.20, 2.56, 4.32, 5.20, 6.35, 8.40, 10.20 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 4.32, 5.20, 6.35, 8.40, 10.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.46, a. m., 12.20, 2.56, 4.32, 6.35, 8.40, 10.20 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 8.15 a. m., 4.32, 6.35, 8.40, 10.20 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 9.46, a. m., 2.39, 5.20 p. m. Sunday 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Long Valley, Hackettstown, Delaware, W. B., Delaware, Raqrit, Manch Chunk, 9.46 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1.50 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 2.39 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R., Bangor, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Williamsburg Scranton Reading, For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, 5.20 p. m. For Flemington, Clinton 5.20 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sunday 8.15 a. m. For Flemington, Williamsburg, Scranton 8.15 a. m. High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Manch Chunk Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.01 p. m. for Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg and Portsville 8.40 p. m. for Bethlehem Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading Harrisburg.

LONG BRANCH OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.15, 9.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.00, 4.30, 7.30 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.00, a. m., 5.30 p. m. For Perth Amboy 7.15, 9.00, 11.00 a. m., 2.00, 4.30, 7.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m. For Atlantic City 7.15 a. m., 1.00 p. m. For Freehold 7.15, 9.00, 11.00, a. m., 2.00, 5.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m., 5.30 p. m.

SOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.15, 3.45, 8.05, 9.48, 10.58 a. m., 2.01, 4.30, 5.48, 7.18, 8.30, 11.40 p. m. Sundays at 1.15, 9.48, a. m., 4.30, 5.48, 7.18, 8.30, 11.40 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.15, 3.45, 8.05, 9.48, 10.58 a. m., 2.01, 4.30, 5.48, 7.18, 8.30, 11.40 p. m. Sundays at 1.15, 9.48 a. m., 4.30, 5.48, 7.18, 8.30, 11.40 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. M. SCHAFFER, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE HUNG ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7:30 a. m. to meet 7:56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broad way, Broadway to 9th st.; to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train
3d	do 9.15	do	9.32 do
4th	do 10.00	do	10.17 do
5th	do 11.00	do	11.32 do
6th	do 11.45	do	12.08 p. m. do
7th	do 2.45 p. m.	do	3.13 & 3.23 p. m.
8th	do 5.45 do	To the Post Office.	
9th	do 8.30 do	do meet 8.45 a. m. train.	
10th	do 5.30 do	5.30 do	
11th	do 6.45 do	6.07 do	
12th	do 8.45 do	7.08 do	

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenue, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will make hourly trips over all over routes leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.32, 9.32, 10.17, 11.32 a. m., 12.08, 3.13, 3.23, 5.30, 6.07, 7.08, 8.30 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for ladies' pleasure and calling purposes. Stable Horses a specialty. Horses and Buggies to hire. Stables on school house, off Colonial avenue, in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

WM. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore ave. 5th and 6th. Telephone Call.. 1-367

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date my laundry will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Notify by postal and goods will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER

And

Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Louis B. Coddington

(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET

and 33 Park avenue

P. O. Box 330,

FURNITURE AND FRE

EXPRESS

Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Goods sent to any part of the city country. Piano moving a specialty.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner New and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—Fireplace work interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1044.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 213

P. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans P. O. Box 1328. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kind work done

G. R. Musgrave

Carpenter & Builder

Jobbing promptly tended to at

66 West Front st.

Opposite M. E. church,

RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 962.

PIERSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 461.

W. A. Pierson, No. 15 Vine street. H. B. Gayle, No. 24 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,

Life Insurance

procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS

In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parmelee wagon. John P. Wilbur, Rees street, North Plainfield.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner rett street. Address

P. F. CHASE,

Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mitchell, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level.

T. E. MORGAN,

NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY

21 1-2 West Front street, ETC.,

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 39 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties wishing to sell property in the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR F. TEALE,
Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city. rooms 32 and 33. Improvement and Trusters' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE.

45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN

,69 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,

INSURANCE.

AND REAL ESTATE.

Money to Loan on approved security Our Front street and Park avenue.

A HOUSEWIFE'S DUTIES.

SOME THINGS THAT EVERY YOUNG WOMAN SHOULD THINK OF.

A Talk That Is Brimful of Useful Household Suggestions—Things Which, If Neglected, Make a Big Difference in the Yearly Expenses.

A young housekeeper will never do any better than to begin her oversight and care at the very foundation of her house and home—with the cellar, the kitchen and the pantry. In fact she may even begin outside the kitchen proper with—the fastidious reader forgive us—the swill pail, and at a glance see for herself if there is anything there that should have been saved for making over into breakfast or side dishes, or that could better have been put with the soap grease; and she can go further still and see that the soap grease is saved, and that it is her own perquisite and not the maid's.

She will go into her cellar, and if things are kept there in quantity she will make sure they are kept in the right way; that there is, for instance, a weight on top of the pork barrel, if she has pork, that will make its contents stay under the brine; she will see if the apples are decaying there, and if so, have them picked over and the bad ones cast out; she will see if the parsnips are under sand, if the onions are in the dryest corner, if the squash are where it is dry and just removed from freezing, and if any of the vegetables are sprouting, in which case they must be put in a darker spot and used as soon as possible; she must see that there is some light and a sufficient circulation of air, and that the swinging shelf is well out of the way of the rats and free from dust and mold.

PANTRY AND KITCHEN.

In her pantry she must look to the Indian meal, among other things, and have it stirred now and then to let in the air and keep it from heating, and must have a large rock stone in it for the same purpose; she will have her lard and her suet kept in tin vessels instead of in stone or earthen jars; she will look at the butter and taste and judge if they are aired and sweet, or capable of giving a musty flavor to the bread, and if the fragments and crusts are saved for the various uses to which they can be put; and she will see that all the articles in the place are kept in tight buckets and boxes, and not in the papers in which they came from the grocery.

In the kitchen perhaps she will be so fortunate as to be able to begin with the beginning, and have her range or cooking stove gradually heated, instead of being warped and cracked by a sudden extreme of temperature. And she will have had all her earthen vessels put into cold water and brought to the boil, with a handful of bran thrown in to toughen the glazing and prevent it from peeling off later. She will have the lamp cloths (if she does not use gas) washed and dried, and not thrown down together in that oily condition in which they spontaneously generate fire.

She will see that her new knives are not plunged into hot water that will loosen and discolor the handles, and will instruct her maid that when discolored brisk rubbing with sand paper will do a great deal toward restoring the original appearance of these knife handles, and she will have those that are to be put away wrapped in paper and not in woolen cloths. She will see that the wooden ware is clean and scalded often; that there is a bountiful supply of holders, rollers and dish towels; that there shall be three brooms, the carpet broom never to be used on the bare floor, the kitchen broom never to be used on the steps and outdoor walks, nor the yard broom to be brought into the house; that the clothes line is taken down when the wash is brought in, and the clothes pins gathered and counted at the same time.

OTHER PARTS OF THE HOUSE.

In other parts of the house she will look at her rugs and carpets, she will remember that on grit, procured of her butcher, if she will give him a vial for it, and used in the proportion of a tablespoonful to a gallon of warm water, a coarse sponge wrung out of it and passed over the carpet's surface after sweeping, will set the colors and keep them bright and fresh much longer than any other treatment, and that, moreover, her carpets should be swept with the large broom as little as possible, as the broom is a great destroyer of the fiber and fabric.

Here she will examine her pillows, and if any of them have a disagreeable odor she will have them emptied and the feathers treated to a bath of hot soapsuds, and then spread in a sunny place, after which they will return to their original lightness and freshness. If she has inherited old mattresses, or if such have been given to her, she will have them taken out on the piazza or into some vacant room, and have all the hair picked over and pulled apart, and the cover washed, the hair laid on in regular layers and partly tufted into place with a long upholstery needle before closing all the seams of the ticking.

She will, in this oversight from the beginning, never allow any marble in her house to be washed with soapsuds, which takes away the gloss, but will run an oiled rag over it, and rub it smooth, and next dry and clean with soft cloth or chamois. And, passing by a host of other affairs, she will keep her medicine closet stocked with the few articles necessary for any sudden emergency of cuts, burns, breaks, wounds or bruises, together with ginger, castor oil, ammonia, camphor and alcohol. And when all these things are done she will remember that there are still some others she should not leave undone.—Harper's Bazar.

Where Ignorance Is Helpful.

One of the most successful women in society is the woman who absolutely knows nothing—that is, in the ordinary acceptance of the term—who has never been remotely adapted to the needs and requirements of this life that she makes no blunders and hurts the tender feelings of no one. It is a matter for us to reflect upon, and it should incite us to help our children to cultivate that spirit of kindliness which would prefer to speak well of people as ill, if not to prefer to do so. We might teach our daughters that to listen patiently to the praise of others will not detract in the least from their charms. Those happy women who are capable of honest and hearty admiration for persons of their own sex are, and always have been, admired and loved, though without accomplishments or graces save this one of inborn charity and good will.—Chicago Herald.

Invalids do not like people too near them. Nurses make a great mistake when they sit or stand too close to the patient. And they should avoid talking when their duties require them to lean over the patient. A constant flow of conversation is very annoying to people suffering from nervous trouble, yet many patients have to bear it because they lack moral courage and the nurse good sense.

LAID DOWN BY THE LAW

CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH A MAN'S HOUSE IS HIS CASTLE.

The Imaginary Wall by Which Legal Fiction Surrounds a Residence—Curious Cases Have Arisen Regarding the Meaning of the Word "Entry."

It is a principle well settled that the law does not regard trifles, and yet when it is a question of an officer entering a dwelling to serve a civil process it does trouble itself about very small things. For every man's house is his castle.

Though it be of thatched straw, and though the wind may whistle through it, and the rain may enter, yet the king cannot. So the rule was laid down by Sir Edward Coke.

But many curious cases have arisen regarding the meaning of the word "entry" and what constitutes a wrongful entry. It has long been settled that the officer may not break open the outer door to enter, but if the outer door be open he may break down an inner door.

So, also, the question has arisen whether it is a breaking in to open the outer door by lifting the latch or drawing back a sliding bar in the ordinary way in which persons entering a house open a door. In England it is held that such an entry is lawful and not a breaking into the castle. In the United States, however, the right of immunity in one's own house is more jealously guarded, and such an entry is considered a breaking in and is therefore unlawful. The raising of a latch or pushing open a closed but unfastened door, or any entry whatever which has no relation to the license expressed or implied, is unlawful.

Likewise in the case of a window. If it be found open the officer may come in, and if it be found to some extent open it may for this purpose be opened further; but an entry may not be made by breaking a pane or pushing in or raising a window which is closed but not fastened, even though it be hung on pulleys; nor, for a stronger reason, when the window is fastened by a hasp.

The fiction underlying all these decisions is that if a man close his doors and windows the law surrounds his home with an imaginary wall as safe for practical purposes as that of a mediæval castle.

Executions in Shakespeare's Time.

In old London, whenever sentence of death by hanging was pronounced (for there were many other death penalties beside, some most blood curdlingly dreadful), the place of execution was an open field, Tyburn, where disorderly masses assembled in tens of thousands on hangman's day. Macaulay declares that at the execution of Jonathan Wild the spectators numbered no less than two hundred thousand. It was a fete accordant. Lasting nothing was suspended as much as on any holiday.

Upon the gallows, then more particularly known as the Tyburn tree (a thing of many limbs), the corpses of malefactors were generally kept dangling in a row, exposed for months to the pitiless play of the elements, swaying hither and thither, while daws flocked in great black clouds to peck at every exposed morsel of carrion flesh; the wretched things had ceased to be, mainly dying "without benefit of clergy". The garments of the dangling objects, torn to faded shreds, flapped and snapped spectre-diabolically with every gust, while the air around was rank with the penetrating stench of putrefaction.

The sight was grewsome, kept thus obtrusive to every eye and disgusting to every nostril, until each poor corpse literally blew to pieces—solely to terrorize all persons, and warn them in dumb language of the pungentest kind that the primordial difference between meum and tuum was a most important matter, must bide world without end and be respected always accordingly; that persons must neither kill nor steal (over "the value of a shilling"); that there must be total abstinence from much else likewise more or less morally reprehensible or statutorily inhibited throughout the unfortunate England of Shakspeare, if Englishmen loved life.—London Law Journal.

A "Blue Law" of Old Times.

In view of the large number of breach of promise suits which have been brought of late years the following extract from an old statute of New Jersey, passed in colonial times and, it is said, still unrepealed, which shows how our forefathers viewed this question, is of interest:

"That all women, of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, who shall after this act impose upon, seduce or betray into matrimony any of his majesty's subjects by virtue of scents, cosmetics, washes, paints, artificial teeth, false hair or high heeled shoes, shall incur the penalty of the law now in force against witchcraft and like misdemeanors."

Hard on the Twelve.

Some years ago Hon. Henry W. Paine defended a man in a capital case which was tried in the state of Maine. The defense was insanity, which was clearly proved to the satisfaction of the court and of every one else except the jury, who, to the astonishment of all, brought in a verdict of "guilty."

After receiving the verdict, the presiding judge asked Mr. Paine if he had any motion to make.

"Not at present, your honor," he replied; "my client has had his constitutional rights: he has been tried by a jury of his peers."

The verdict was afterwards set aside.

"Cash," "Not Cash" and "Prompt Cash."

A bill marked "cash" leaves it in uncertainly whether it is to be paid immediately and whether or not a discount is to be made. "Not cash" disposes of the question of discount, and "Prompt cash" disposes of the question as to when the bill is payable. By ordinary business custom cash bills may run as long as thirty days. The only way to insure prompt payment is to bill the goods "C. O. D." or "Prompt Cash."

BLASTED HOPES.

He Wanted to Be Polite Enough for Once, but Failed.

He had been driving a horse car for four years, and got a little bit more weary looking every day.

"I can't stand it no longer," he said at last. "I ain't a going to have any more women finding fault and claiming that they don't have courteous treatment."

There was a woman standing on the next corner. Instead of the customary "Ride, ma'am?" he stopped his horses, dismounted from his perch, and passing forward somewhat lifted his hat and inquired:

"Do you propose making use of this vehicle today?"

"Sir!" she said in tones of astonishment.

"Do you wish to ride in this horse car? If so I will gladly escort you to it, procure you a seat and hand your fare to the conductor. I aim to please."

"Why, I never heard of such impertinence!" she stammered. "I didintend ridding on your car, but I shall certainly wait for the next one. And you may expect a complaint from me at the superintendent's office concerning your conduct, sir."

He companied the stool and pulled his hat down over his eyes.

"Tain't no use! Geddup!" was all he said.—Washington Post.

No Occasion for His Services.

"Madam," said the caller in a subdued, respectful voice, "I have been informed by one of your neighbors that you have met with a bereavement, and I have ventured to"—

"I have had no recent bereavement," interrupted the lady somewhat stiffly.

"I was told you had lost your husband," he rejoined apologetically.

"Yes—more than two years ago."

"May I ask if you have placed a monument as yet over his re"—

"He was blown up in a powder mill."

The tombstone agent took his hat and went away without another word.—Chicago Tribune.

Gave Himself Away.

He had been noticed hanging about the place for a year or more after the murderer had been safe away in South America.

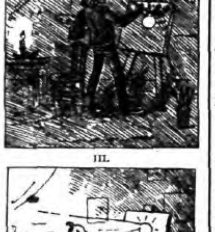
One day he said to an old resident:

"Do you know anything about"— but before going any further he caught himself. Then people knew he was a Chicago detective.—Philadelphia Times.

A Triumph of Realism.

I.

II.



III.

—Texas Cartoon.

She Didn't Object.

W. Childers Kydd (looking for board)—Oh, I forgot to mention that two of my pupils of four are small children. I hope that will make no difference.

Mrs. Hashton (sweetly)—Oh, not at all. I shall charge just the same as if they were grown up.—Dominion Illustrated.

A Nautical Maid.

"Did you enjoy your yachting trip, Miss Rosalie?" he asked.

"Oh," she cried enthusiastically, "it was just too lovely for anything, and I enjoyed it so much. I used to rise every morning at 7 o'clock just to see the sailors launch the bowsprit."—Judge.

It Is the Way of the Stars.

Miss Usso Phistic—Mr. Dash, why is it that your leading ladies never wear their diamonds in the daytime?

Mr. Dash (theatrical manager)—Well—ahem! You see it is the habit of stars to shine only at night.—Jewelers' Circular.

Love and Business.

Ethel—Did Harry seem very much put out when you told him you didn't love him well enough to marry him?

Agnes—No, the brute. He merely said, "Well, business is business," and left the house.—Munsey's Weekly.

And Tuberculosis.

According to the census just made Florida is to be congratulated on her wealthy invalid population. It is a whimsical satisfaction to know that however empty the treasury her coughers are full of gold.—American Grocer.

An Awful Prospect.

A.—Why should I marry her? She is twice my age.

B.—Well, suppose she is?

A.—But just think of it! When I'm 80 she'll be 160.—Detroit Free Press.

Out of His Power.

Jack Upper—Can you lend me a ten, Checkly?

Checkly—No. I've tried to do so, but you always seem to think it's a gift.—Puck.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

GARDENING AND FRUIT GROWING FOR AMATEURS AND PROFESSIONALS.

The Process of Layering Hard Wooded Plants, as Approved and Advised in Popular Gardening, Made Plain to Every Reader by an Illustrated Description.

Most of the hard wooded plants, cuttings of which do not strike root readily, are easily propagated by what is known as "layering," a process made plain by Popular Gardening with the aid of the following illustration. One of the branches of the shrub or tree to be layered is cut into and partly split, as shown

LAYERING HARD WOODED PLANTS.

at a. This is called "tongued," and is done to stop the return flow of sap in the half severed cutting, thus inducing it to form a callous and then roots at the tongued point a. The branch is then bent down into a hollow dug into the ground beside the shrub or tree, and held there by little sticks crossed above it or a hooked wooden peg. Soil is then placed upon it, and firmed as in planting or seed sowing. A stake driven into the ground so that the layer cutting can be tied to it and firmly held in position will usually prove of benefit.

Tonguing, as shown at a and b, is the usual method of treating the layered part for the purpose of checking the downward flow of sap; but the removal of a ring of bark, as shown at c, or cutting out a simple notch, as shown at d, also answer the same purpose well. Trees and shrubs intended for propagation by layering had best be headed back severely the year previous, to induce a large number of shoots to start from near the ground.

Quince Propagation By Cuttings.

Mature wood taken off in autumn is used for propagating by cuttings. After the cuttings are made, says S. B. Fuller in "Propagation of Plants," they are buried in a dry, warm place in the open ground, or in a moderately cool cellar, and planted out in spring. The cuttings may be made from the one-year-old wood, and from this age to that of four or five years old. Layering the branches is also often practised as a mode of propagation; also banking up of the sprouts that appear around the base of old stocks, which have been headed back for the purpose of producing these sprouts. Varieties may be propagated by cuttings, budding and grafting, using inferior sorts or seedlings for stocks. The Japan ornamental varieties are readily increased by cuttings of the young wood of the season, taken after the frost has killed the leaves in the fall, but the most rapid and certain mode is by cuttings of their roots made in the fall, kept in sand or moss over winter, then sown in drills early in the spring.

The Sugar of the Grape.

Dr. H. Mueller says that the sugar of the grape is produced in the leaves. Toward the end of summer the older leaves diminish in activity, and only the younger leaves make sugar. Leaves some distance beyond the fruit may produce sugar for it, and also leaves on lateral shoots springing from the fruit bearing branch, but only when these shoots are close to or above the fruit. Pruning by cutting off the ends of the fruit bearing branches was found to be injurious, at least in the locality where these experiments were made. By too close pruning in this respect fruit was produced with 4 to 5 per cent. less sugar than without any pruning at all.

Treatment of Gladiolus.

Vick advises that the gladiolus, after the leaves turn yellow in autumn, can be taken up from the soil. The bulbs should be laid in a dry, shady place for a week or more, and then they can be placed on a shelf or in a drawer where there is no danger of frost, and there be allowed to remain until it is time to plant them out in the spring.

Hardy Peaches.

According to a report sent out by the Western New York Horticultural society, Mr. Willard claims that Early Rivers has adardy fruit bud and will stand more cold than other varieties. Mr. Rupert had excellent crops from both the Early Rivers and Hill's Chili when other varities failed.

Things That Are Told.

Professor Taft, of the Michigan station, finds fowls relishing no lettuce equal to the Grand Rapids. Its upright habit admits of close planting, and it matures two weeks quicker than Tennis Ball or Boston Curled.

T. H. Hoskins calls attention to the necessity of deep planting for grape vines.

Orchard and Garden advises in setting strawberry plants to soak the ball of earth in water and crush slightly in the hand before putting it in the ground, draw up the dry soil over it and press firmly around the plant.

Florists' Exchange mentions paper flower pots as one of the latest things out for florists' use and unequaled for sending plants into market with root balls intact. They are lighter than earthen pots for shipping plants in and cheaper.

The common honeysuckles will grow in the shade if the top can struggle out into the sunshine. The hop will grow in the shade under similar conditions.

Preserve the earliest and most finely shaped tomatoes for seed.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen Mason jars, 50c per dozen. 200 jelly glasses, 20c per dozen.

Dark Cutting Plaids are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on One Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, glassware and house furnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "map up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Serges, in all wool, at 38c., and new all wool Plaids, at 79c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

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GARRET Q. PACKER,
23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

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WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THIS & 20 STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN 250 WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 10X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 566 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE,
JACOB BROS., PIANOS,
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Cash or Installments.
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SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.
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THOMPSON PARK,
No. 23 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy
21 West Front Street.
Delicious Soda Water
Many new syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popular
Prescriptions carefully compounded
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.
Use City Pharmacy Dentine for the teeth. Saponaceous. Pleasant to the taste, 25c. per bottle

We Offer You Goods Low.
HAMMOCKS 50c., $1.15 and $1.25.
Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.
MASON FRUIT JARS (3 doz) GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.
Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.
CROQUET $, $1.25 and $1.75.
1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per doz. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.
FIVE PER CENT. CASH.
PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,
No. 41 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 196

AN $8 SALE.
TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL
All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,
FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.
Don't Miss This Great Bargain.
CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.
Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,
30 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS
in
German and French
under the instruction of
MR F. F. HELLWIG,
at reasonable rates
Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-16-ly.

Joseph Krewson.
Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made
Furniture Express
80 WEST FRONT STREET.
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in
Moving Pianos.

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will cure
Rheumatism.
Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies 63 East Second street, corner of Washington

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The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.
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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE
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Painters and Paper hangers
Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,
50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET.
Invites especial attention to his stock of
LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,
In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when about care is always taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under
Waterproof Sheds,
which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has already given the best satisfaction. Telephone 150. Lumber constantly on hand. Yard and carpenter sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.
Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two Stables in operation. Charges reasonable. Approved of by the Board of Health. Further particulars call or address, Manager of Odorless Excavating Co., Office, Municipal Building, corner of Park Place, Garden and Fifth streets, Plainfield. Office City Telephone call 21.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District of New Jersey, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to a convention, in a district convention, to be held in Shinn's Hall, Freehold, N. J., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1890,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a representative to Congress. Each Ward and Township is entitled to one delegate for every hundred votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one additional delegate for each fraction of the excess not less than fifty hundred votes, that each Ward and Township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN, Middlesex.
H. M. NEVIUS, Monmouth.
W. F. THOMAS, Union.
Congressional Committee.

Republican Primaries.

At a meeting of the Union county Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 16, 1890, it was resolved that the several Wards and Townships hold primary meetings to elect delegates to the Third Congressional Convention on

FRIDAY, the 19th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, at 8 o'clock p. m.

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union county are requested to meet at their usual places and elect delegates, in the ratio of one delegate for each 100 Republican votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one delegate for every fraction over 50; each Ward and Township to have at least one delegate.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each Ward and Township is as follows:

Elizabeth—		
1st Ward	725 votes.	7 delegates.
2d "	172 "	2 "
3d "	349 "	3 "
4th "	936 "	9 "
5th "	554 "	6 "
6th "	339 "	3 "
7th "	430 "	4 "
8th "	177 "	2 "
Cranford	140	1 "
Linden	225	2 "
Springfield	84	1 "
Union	147	1 "
New Providence	58	1 "
Summit	210	2 "
Clark	93	1 "
Fanwood	125	1 "
Westfield	283	3 "
Plainfield—		
1st Ward	250	2 "
2d "	259	3 "
3d "	225	2 "
4th "	278	3 "
Railway—		
1st Ward	116	1 "
2d "	139	1 "
3d "	268	3 "
4th "	93	1 "

The Republican Convention for the Third Congressional District will be held at Freehold, on Monday, September 29, 1890, at 11 o'clock a. m. AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. HELENAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 16, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—The W. C. T. U., county convention is being held at Westfield to-day.

—A man named King was arrested yesterday for insulting a policeman. Last evening City Judge Codington fined him five dollars.

—Plainfield has already had a great many bugs this season. The flea pest is responsible for this unseasonable hilarity.—*Westfield Leader.*

—The Democrats yesterday at Belvidere renominated Samuel Fowler as their candidate for Congress in the Fourth Congressional District.

—Louis Ray was sentenced to one year in State prison, yesterday, by Judge McCormick in the Union county court for larceny of at overcoat.

—The Somerset County Courts will open next Tuesday. The list of causes on the cal. endar for the term is quite a long one, but is not yet completed.

—"The Pearl of Pekin" at Music Hall last evening proved to be a skillfully arranged comic opera, which provoked much laughter from the audience, which half filled the hall.

—The *Norwich* base ball team accompanied by a number of friends arrived in this city on the 11 a. m. train this morning and are contesting a game with the Crescents this afternoon.

—The three drivers who are employed by Reibel Bros., and who were convicted in City Court of carting without a license, are to come up before City Judge Codington to-morrow morning.

—Bridget Murphy pleaded guilty before Justice of the Peace Peterson Tuesday, to the charge of disturbing the peace by hallowing dancing and music in her house on Sunday. A nominal fine was imposed.

—The Union County Republican Executive Committee has issued a call fixing to-morrow night at the time to hold the Republican primaries throughout this district. The call is published at the head of our first column.

—The Lehigh Valley R.R.Co. has decided to put a new road through Musconetcong Valley, and will extend a branch road from Pine Hollow, near Bloomsbury, to Hiesville, Hunterdon county. The scheme has been considered for several years.

—Mr. Charles Sebring, the well-driver, has just completed a large driven well for Mr. William White of Willow avenue, North Plainfield. The well is seventy feet deep and six inches in diameter and a splendid flow of water has been obtained. The wood sheathing, Three pumps will be attached to it.

—A new county bridge is being put over the brook which runs across North avenue at the point of intersection with Prospect street, Plainfield. It is to be sixty-eight feet long and forty feet wide, with iron girders and arches of stone. The bridge will be provided with iron railing, and the surface of the bridge regularly macadamized. The structure will be a vast improvement over the old bridge.

Fine Yield of Melons.

A. W. Garretson of Hillsborough township has a watermelon patch 420 feet long and 20 feet wide, having four rows, each eight feet apart, which will give him over 1,300 melons. He has already sold 1,300 for which he has received from $10 to $15 per 100 wholesale. He says this is the best patch he has ever had on the top of the earth. He received the first and second prizes at the fair.—*Somerville Messenger.*

CITY COURT.

Mrs. Newman Fined $30 and Jas. O'Neil Five.

On Tuesday last Mrs. Bridget Newman of West Third street was arrested on a charge of annoying her neighbors by using profane and indecent language. When arraigned before City Judge Codington she pleaded not guilty to the charge and her trial was set down for this morning at ten o'clock. When that hour arrived the little court room at the station house was crowded with witnesses who were ready to testify against her. When she appeared in court she was evidently frightened by the preposterousness of testimony and she retracted her plea of not guilty and entered one of non suit.

Judge Codington then severely reprimanded her, after which he imposed a fine of $30.

James O'Neil, colored, was the next prisoner arraigned. He was charged by Isaac Jones, also colored, with using profane and indecent language toward his (Jones' wife. O'Neil denied the charge, but several witnesses, one entitled Jones' statement,) he prisoner was accordingly adjudged guilty and a five dollar fine was imposed.

HUSBAND AND WIFE GUILTY.

He Set His Store Afire; She Attempted to Murder Her Child.

Arthur Thompson, the colored grocery man of Murray street, Newark, who formerly resided in Plainfield, and who was arrested a short time ago on a charge of setting fire to his own place, was found guilty yesterday in the Newark Special Sessions Court. Thompson claimed that he caused the fire by gnawing matches. Capt. Meeker, of the Salvage Corps, testified that he found the faucets of two coal oil barrels open and the oil running over the floor, and paper, partly burned, strewn around the place. This testimony was corroborated by a number of witnesses. Thompson admitted having his place insured for $650, but strenuously denied having set the store afire.

Martha Rich, a young colored woman, pleaded guilty to having tried to dispose of her infant child by throwing it into a vault. When arrested she accused Thompson of being the father of her twin children. He escaped arrest by marrying the girl. She formerly resided in Westfield.

Both Thompson and his wife were remanded for sentence on Monday.

A BOROUGH LOCKUP.

The Marshals and License Committee Decide to Build.

At a meeting of the Borough Common Council held about a month ago, the committee on Marshals and Licenses was empowered by resolution to purchase the lot facing on Emily street, in the rear of Warren Engine house. At a subsequent meeting the same committee was authorized to secure plans and specifications for a building suitable for a borough lockup and court room. The committee negotiated with an architect for the same and succeeded in securing them.

At a meeting held Tuesday evening the plans and specifications were submitted to the committee and they decided to erect a two-story brick building to be used for purposes above-mentioned. The cells are to be located on the first floor and the court room on the second. Architecturally it will be a handsome structure.

Unneighborly Neighbors.

The residents of the lower end of Grove street, between Greenbrook road and Linden avenue seem to be unable to agree. Scarcely a week passes that some one of the persons residing on the above-named thoroughfare does n t appear before Justice Hardy and want his or her neighbor arrested for various offenses. Yesterday a warrant was issued for the arrest of Elizabeth Parsons. She was apprehended, but pleaded not guilty, when arraigned. She was given a hearing. Witnesses testified pro and con, but the bulk of the testimony pointed to the guilt of the defendant and she was accordingly adjudged guilty. Sentence was deferred until Friday evening next. Before the witnesses left the court room, Justice Hardy severely lectured all concerned. He said it appeared to the court that the witnesses were much to blame as the accused, and warned them that unless hostilities were stopped at once, he would take measures to stop them. He further told them that if they did not heed his warning and appeared before him again charged with disorderly conduct, he would punish them to the full extent of the law.

The Wall of the Whaled.

MANAGING FREDIOF—"Well, this is awful! That NEWS has 'busted' our big sticks, 'busted' that great scheme of ours to hood the city for $40,000, 'busted' the Water Works bubble; and now we're 'busting' the only newspaper in Plainfield," as we tell it. What will I do? What will I do? I have played my last card. My lies and shams roll off as water from a duck's back, and I am treated, on I so contemptuously. What will I do to make That NEWS scoop me?

ASSISTANT FAKE WRITER—"Well, I might garble this Moore item, leave off the last paragraph of the story in Monday's NEWS, and put that which precedes, paraded with the story of Tuesday. Its very dishonorable in us, but plainfield won't notice it.

M. F.—"Great head. We are saved. Pour out the vials of wrath to the dregs, before I despair entirely. Oh, my! Oh, my!"

Kicked by a Horse.

While feeding his father's horse yesterday afternoon Edward Smith, of Pearl street, North Plainfield, playfully stepped the animal on the flank. He was standing in close proximity to its heels. The horse resented the familiarity, and let both its heels fly. One hoof struck Mr. Combes on the left knee with such force as to knock him down. He will be laid up for some time to come.

MORE CORPORATIONS.

Eight New Concerns File Articles at Trenton.

The following corporations have filed certificates in the office of the Secretary of State:

The National Patent Company, capital stock $10,000, and offices at Jersey City, Englewood and New York, propose to buy and sell patents and publish journals and newspapers in connection therewith.

The Bronxwyth Coe pany, with offices at Jersey City and New York, per pose to manufacture and sell bronzyth, an explosive compound. The capital stock is $250,000.

Howard, Farwell & Co, with $100,000 capital stock, and offices at Jersey City, New York and St. Paul, will deal in pianos and musical instruments.

The Muncie Homestead Company will carry on a general land business with a capital stock of $50,000, and offices at Jersey City, New York and Muncie, Ind.

The Gem Manufacturing Company, with a $30,000 capital stock, will carry on business at Montclair, with office in New York.

Hurst & Co., with offices at Rahway and Jersey City, propose to manufacture books, stationery, etc., with a capital stock of $150,000.

The Augusta Silk Works, capital stock $25,000, will manufacture and sell silk products at Paterson.

The Union Telephone and Telegraph Company of New Jersey has filed a certificate of change of name to the Central New Jersey Telephone Co.

BOUND BROOK GIVEN A FRIGHT.

Dynamite Stolen from Freight Cars and Found Scattered About.

Bound Brook citizens are in a state or mind over a mysterious dynamite scare. Saturday night a freight car labeled "Powder!" but containing hundreds of pounds of nitro-glycerine and Fuller's earth combination, standing on a side track, was broken open and all the dynamite was stolen. Sunday morning bits of paper were found on the streets inscribed with such fiery expressions as "This town will be blown up! Beware!" and "Your judgment hour has come!"

A few of the cans of dynamite have been found scattered about in various parts of the city. One yard contained fifteen packages of the explosive. The bulk, however, is still missing.

Many are inclined to treat the "scare" as a joke of the thieves. Others take the "threats" seriously. All, however, are worried over the frequency of robbery in the village. The post office, which was robbed only a few nights ago, was also disturbed again Sunday night.

NORTH AMERICAN ENDOWMENT.

A New Congress Organized Last Evening.

A Local Congress of the North American Endowment Associates, the first outside of New England, was organized at the W. C. T. U. rooms, Dunellen, last evening, through the efforts of Mr. C. W. Oley.

The following officers were elected.

President—Frank Wynkoop.
Vice President—H. M. Champney, M.D.
Secretary—W. H. Mehlken.
Treasurer—J. D. Dunham.
Conductor—Maurice L. Barick.
Sentinel—A. S. Runyon.
Guard—F. H. Gie.

The congress now numbers over forty members, a growth of less than three weeks, and is in a flourishing condition.

F. W. Flaherty, of Boston, Mass., Supreme Vice Pres. of the North American, was present, and explained the principles and workings of the organization. The congress was named The Dunellen Congress, No. 30. The next regular meeting will be Tuesday evening, Oct. 7th.

Entertained Visiting Warriors.

Ahwaga Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men, of New Brunswick, entertained Minnisonoma Tribe, of this city, Tuesday night at Ahwaga's Wigwam. Sachem W. Goodwin gave a long talk of welcome and congratulation to the chiefs and warriors of Minnisonoma and alluded to the encouraging growth and prosperity of the Order. Short talks were given by several chiefs and warriors of both tribes. Songs and recitations added to pleasure of the occasion. A sumptuous banquet was served at the Cafe Brailey, and at 3 o'clock yesterday morning the Minnisonoma chiefs and warriors donned their blankets and took the trail for their own camping grounds.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Alfred Holmes of East Fifth street has entered upon his studies at Princeton college.

Mrs. Henry Stark of Brooklyn is visiting Mrs. Wm. H. Paine of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

The family of Mr. T. A. Van Zant are again occupying their Crescent avenue home after Summering at the seashore.

Ex-city Judge and Mrs. William M. Stillman, have returned to their home in the city from a pleasant visit at Castine, Me.

Miss Alexander and Minnie Walker have returned to their home on East Fifth street from a pleasant sojourn in New York State.

Mr. William F. Prue formerly of this city but now of Somerville, N. J., arrived in this city yesterday and will spend a few days among friends here.

The Misses Theresa, Clara and Josie Schwartz have returned to their home on West Front street from a pleasant stay with friends at Manchester, N. J.

R. H. McCullough of North Plainfield has contracted to put in the pews of St. Joseph's church at Round Brook. A life-size statue of the saint will be placed in the belfry of the church edifice.

B. S. Campbell and family on Friday removed from Round Brook to New Market, where Mr. Campbell has secured employment as foreman of the paper making department of the Dunellen mill of the late Dr. R. Thewarth of this city.

BASE BALL.

Comments by Somerville and Westfield Papers.

THE Crescents lost Thursday's game to Somerville's team by a very large score, the latter making a total amount—what made the Somervillians, who on Saturday saw the greatest game of base ball ever played in central New Jersey, bear and howl with joy. Two to one in the West End's favor does not sound very big, but it is; it is the biggest thing the West End's ever did. Oh, what a victory! after all the boasting by the Plainfields, and to be sent home defeated! It was a heavy load for them to carry. Pitcher John Harkins has had his inning this time. It was a Harkins victory. Bowes and the others gave him genuine support, but Harkins was king pin. To see how the Crescents went down before his powerful and artful arm! The West Ends played as they never played before, and the Crescents were not slow. Their team is a great one; it is proper that they should feel proud, but when they ran up against the West Ends they made a mistake. Good playing both teams did. The West Ends earned one of their victories Thursday, and it was only one by what appeared to many as an error by Davenport in not at once fielding a grounder sent to his locality. Sprinter Carbome it handled a long fly in centre field in a most successful as well as graceful manner. No one but "Carby" could have gotten it. Bowes played with all the life there is in him, and he has plenty of it. Every good or bad play lighted up or cast a shadow, as the case might be, over his countenance. The West End management should be complimented on the team it has secured. It is all that could be asked for. Gregg, "the invincible, the wonder of base ball circles," etc. (this is according to a Plainfield paper), was batted very hard, as hard as any pitcher used has stood before our team this season, but their outfield cared for every long hit made.—*Somerset Messenger.*

There are no developments in the matter of the Crescents-Westfield games. We learn that the Crescents have partially receded from their position in refusing to play again at Westfield and that they now offer to play, but want the game later on in the season. Manager Burnett, Leggett and Lent have had several rather stormy meetings during the past three days, but as yet no definite arrangement has been accomplished for any future games. It is certainly a very low trick for the Crescents to go back on their manager's written contract, when the only reason they can give us, is that it is impossible to get their men off for both Wednesday and Thursday of this week. As a matter of fact, it may be impossible, but was not the Westfield game arranged for two weeks before the Newark games were? Manager Burnett acknowledged, a few days ago, that that was a fact. Now, what right have the Crescents to throw out our game at a big expense to the Westfield Athletic Club in order to accommodate a foreign club with whom a game was subsequently arranged? Any child can see that this is all wrong—and we doubt very much if the late offer at some future date will be accepted. Perhaps the Crescents manager thinks that an offer to play at some future time will offset Manager Lent's claim for expenses, incurred by cancelling to-day's game. If it was possible to accept a future date, and, even if the game was played, we cannot see but that the Crescents ought to stand good for a loss to the Westfield Athletic Club, brought about by them (the Crescents) and for their benefit.—*Westfield Leader.*

The Crescents beat an ingloious retreat from their proposed second encounter with the Westfield Club this afternoon, assigning as a reason—that—that—What is the reason anyway?—*Westfield Leader.*

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Young Men's Christian Association announces that a goodly number of applications have been received for entrance into the educational classes. The attention is of course, gratified that its efforts to help young men in this educational and practical way, is so much appreciated, but it would remind all young men that the advantages to be derived from the study of this art are intellectual and may also handsomely increase the station of a common school education and who are going to enter business or any of the professions, or who want to improve their minds, should seriously consider this opportunity that is so generously placed before them.

The class will open on October 11th, and all who want to study shorthand should be enrolled before that date. As is well known the cost is merely nominal—being simply the price of a membership in the Association.

Held for Assault and Battery.

Henry Hess appeared before Justice Hardy Tuesday evening to answer to a complaint made by Francis Bernard, charging him with assault and battery. After the usual arrangement Hess pleaded not guilty, but Tuesday evening he retracted that plea and waived examination. The justice held him in $100 bail to wait the action of the Grand Jury. Hess furnished bail and was released.

On the charge of disorderly conduct preferred by his wife, Hess pleaded not guilty. He secured counsel and is to have a hearing Friday evening.

Anniversary Celebration.

Mr. Edward Hann, Mr. August Klausner and Mr. Schriner have been appointed as a committee by Good will Lodge, No. 161, Knights of Pythias of North Plainfield, to make arrangements for the celebration of the anniversary of the institution of the Lodge. An entertainment will be followed by a banquet. No date has as yet been fixed. Admission will be by invitation.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE
Bought—Sold—Repaired.
Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 4-20-tf

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

FOURTH DISTRICT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Richard F. Goodman of Sussex Nominated for Congress.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Sept. 20 (special)—The Fourth District Republican convention was held to-day in Armory Hall to nominate a candidate for Congress.

It was called to order by Hon. Chas. Price, the chairman of the last convention.

Nathaniel W. Voorhees of Hunterdon was selected as chairman and J. E. Fulper secretary.

Committees on organization, rules and resolutions were chosen, Hon. H. K. Carroll being chairman of the latter committee.

A recess of ten minutes was taken to allow committees to confer. Upon reassembling, the committees on rules recommended that the rules of the last convention govern this. So ordered.

The committee on credentials took pleasure in reporting no contested seats. Report accepted.

The committee on resolutions reported a series of resolutions endorsing the McKinley bill, the Force bill, Speaker Reed and his policy, and Republican measures generally for the benefit of the laboring classes, and the suppression of the surveyor of the customs.

The resolutions were heartily applauded and unanimously adopted.

When the call for nominations was made Warren county responded with the name of Richard F. Goodman, editor of the Sussex Register.

The nomination was seconded by Sussex county most cordially. The nomination on motion then was made by acclamation with three cheers.

Mr. Goodman accepted in a brief speech, and he was pledged the most hearty support of the Republicans of the district. All declare him a goodman in fact as well as in name.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A COACHMAN wants situation. Gentleman's small; speaking, educated, and thoroughly understands his business. Also slight knowledge of gardening. Address for three days "Coachman," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

COMPETENT woman wants work by the day. Cleaning or laundry work. 13 West Sixth street. 16-3

FOR SALE—A lot of household furniture, 47 Plainfield avenue, Friday afternoon. 16-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Single top phaeton. Apply at Quarry's factory. 12-6

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9-tf

GOOD plain cook wants situation. A good washer and ironer. Apply at 42 West Second street. 16-3

LOST—Saturday evening, a small Yorkshire terrier. Liberal reward paid for its return at once to 119 Rockview avenue. 9-15tf

THREE girls wanted—Cook, upstairs girl, nurse and waitress. Good wages. Best of references required. Address "J. J. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

TO LET—New five-room house on sixth mood str et near Third. Ten dollars. 10-tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. Reference required. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 tf

WANTED—A competent dressmaker. One who goes out by the day. Address Box 20, Netherwood P. O.

WANTED—A girl who understands plain sewing, on Singer sewing machine. Must thoroughly know how to regulate the machine. Ap. ly at 26 East fifth street at once. 18 3

WANTED—A single man, steady work to right kind. State, age and wages expected. Box 20 Netherwood P. O.

WANTED—A young man that has worked in a grocery and wagon work. Call at 69 East Front street after six o'clock.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be strong, willing and competent. Address "R. F.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

WANTED—A good tinsmith used to general jobbing and furnace work. Mc-Feeley & Dooley, plumbers, New Brunswick, N. J.

WANTED—75 carpenters. At the Linden Race Track, Elizabeth. Apply to John E. Pender, 31 Geneva street, Plainfield. 18-3

WANTED—A situation by a competent girl as cook, washer and ironer. Apply at present employer's, No. 8 First place.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Must also help two days of the week with housework. Strong, willing, German girl, with knowledge of English preferred. Address "S.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-5

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to fill position of housekeeper. Small family. Three other servants. Must be willing to live in the country. References and responsibility required. Address "Housekeeper" care EVENING NEWS. 16-4

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mr. Lindsey's, also a lot of Greenhouse and bedding plants. Office, corner of Second and Liberty, West Front st.

MORAIN, SHETLAND and wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and at the lowest prices. Also ladies' hair given in doing lace work. By Mrs. Charles Mayer, 34 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 15 tm

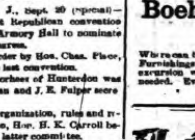
NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can obtain a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-tf

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is compelled at the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain another week in Plainfield. She must positively leave on Wednesday morning, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

TERRA, SHRUBS, VINES and flowering plants, beautiful spring and summer flowering bulbs; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, cheap and easy terms, at Deuker's Nursery, No. 107 Middle avenue. 4-30-tf

ANNUAL EXCURSION
OF THE
PLAINFIELD BARGAIN BUYERS
TO
Boehm's Popular Bargain Resort,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Where can be found bargains in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Gentlemen's Furnishings and Millinery, in fact everything to delight the bargain buyer's eye. The excursion will start every day this week at 7 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. No tickets needed. Everybody welcome.



CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a **Very Choice Stock of Shoes** for Fall trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some **Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.**

We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,
12 W. FRONT STREET.

THE MAJORITY
of our Fall goods are here. The weather for the past few days has been somewhat against us, but we will be ready for good weather when it comes.

In the meantime our cellar is full of

RUBBER BOOTS and RUBBER OVERSHOES.

THE BEST MAKES and the LOWEST PRICES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT. STREET.
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Biggest Inducement
EVER OFFERED IN PLAINFIELD.

For this week ONLY we only we will give to every purchaser of a pound of our famous

50c Special Mixed Tea, 5lbs of Granulated Sugar, FREE.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
22 WEST FRONT STREET.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1009

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8-3w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Will resume lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No 147 Somerset Street. 18 3

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS MAUDE AGNES BOWERS, A graduate of the Boston School of Oratory, is now prepared to form classes in elocution and the Delsarte system of physical culture. Classes in Dobbs' for adults, will also be formed. For terms, etc., address 148 West Front street. 9-10-tf

MISS L. E. BABCOCK, will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Hall, of Milan, and the Lojetic method Giovannaplying. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 75 East Fifth street, Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stoffanone and Abbiati, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 15th, 1890. Also instruction in elocution to others, for Professors Stoffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Goldschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-3w

MISS FAWCETT, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. A new department thorough instruction is given, early hours, etc. Model school its attractive. simple and interesting. Call on the children at the Kindergarten and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Composition, Literature, Calisthenics, Languages, etc. FRENCH CLASS IN CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8-30tf

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, will re-open on Tuesday, September 16. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17. For particulars address E. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7-26 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY, 20 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. Dodge, Principal. 8-13-3w*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Kenyon's School for Girls and Kindergarten will re-open on the first Tuesday of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and stationer, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Dairy butter fresh every day. Choice groceries and provisions, white granulated sugar, fruit and preserves, fresh spices, etc., pure cider vinegar, full line of confectionery, fancy goods and notions.

MOY'S

R. O. HOWELL,
THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,
PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE,
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.
1 Cask, 19 dozen pints(imported style)...15.00.
EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC,
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good!
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Segar with Sensation wrapper for Five cents, at
N. H. Guttman's
19 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

Marsh & Ayers
Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Peter Weber, I respectfully would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.
Marsh & Ayers.
NO 10 AND 12 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 21 SOMERSET STREET.

W. HOBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

A telegraph line from Cape Town is rapidly being pushed into the far interior of Africa. It has already been completed to Mafeking, in British Bechuanaland. Thence the line will extend northwestward. What the missionaries couldn't have so long striven to do the railway, the telegraph and the steamboat will accomplish, and the dark continent will be at length civilized.

The Russian peasants and poorer classes are the most improvident people in the world. They are overwhelmed with debt constantly, and if they have a little money they are apt to spend it for drink. It is claimed that Jewish traders take advantage of both their ignorance and drunkenness to deprive them of about all they have in the way of worldly possessions. Their resentment from this cause breaks out in periodical fits of frenzy, and during its progress they wreak their vengeance by mobbing and sometimes murdering any Jews who chance to be about. It is said to be the explanation of the occasional outbursts of Jewish persecution in Russia.

The Swiftest Steamer.

There is one humble factor in successful ocean racing that has never yet received proper recognition, and that is the firemen. While the great ocean steamer Teutonic was racing across the ocean, her corps of stokers were away down under the sea broiling before her furnaces, pouring in the coal and managing the heating apparatus with such steadiness that the huge propeller was able to average eighty-seven revolutions to the minute, and thus enable her beat the City of New York, broke the record of the City of Paris, and made the Teutonic the fastest steamer afloat. To these silent, sooty heroes who forced $1,000 worth of coal a day to transmute its heat into power a tribute is due, and a great one, for they won the race.

Of course no ship captain would admit that he was racing, but all the same when the White Star steamer Teutonic and the Inman steamer City of New York left their docks almost side and side at Liverpool everybody on each ship, even to the flirting, novel reading girl, knew that the crack vessels of these two rival lines were to measure their speed on that trip. The White Star beat because she had the best firemen. So they say. The Teutonic is therefore now the fastest ocean steamer afloat, with a record from Europe to America of five days, nineteen hours and five minutes. Next!

G. A. R.

When the revolutionary war ended, a number of American officers, with Washington at their head, formed the society of the Cincinnati, to celebrate their return to peaceful pursuits, which in that day meant agriculture mostly, hence the name. They also desired to perpetuate for themselves and their descendants the memory of the friendship that had existed among them, bound together as they were by dangers they had passed." The organization is contained among their posterity to this day.

When the American civil war ended, the common soldiers who had fought for the Union formed the society of the Grand Army of the Republic. At first it was occupied chiefly with Decoration days processions, then with the proper interment of deceased soldiers' remains, then with other things, until finally it came to embrace in its scope all matters pertaining to the welfare of the ex-Union soldier. As the old soldiers become fewer in number the G. A. R. becomes more imposing and influential. The order will be taken up and perpetuated while the republic shall last by the Sons of Veterans. The time will come when the proudest hereditary honor a man can have will be that he is descended from a veteran of the Grand Army of the Republic.

There is good reason why the annual reunions of the G. A. R. should become more imposing with each year. Men who fought for their country in '61, and fought successfully, have fought the battle of life since, and conquered just as splendidly. When the G. A. R. come together at their annual meeting, the magnificent parade which marks the opening of the encampment numbers in its ranks senators, congressmen, governors of states, generals, famous orators, lawyers, physicians and men of business whose names are known the world over. Their successes, their honor, fame and wealth, the gallant old boys of '61 have gained in the twenty-five years since the war ended. Among visitors present at the late reunion in Boston were no less than five governors and one ex-governor.

Verily it was the flower of the land that offered their lives to their country in '61. As time goes on, and the veterans, with hair whitening each year, meet for their annual reunion, bringing with them those glorious old torn battle flags more and more honor will still be shown them. As their number grows less their fame will grow greater.

THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Nominations at Three Important State Conventions.

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS MEET

Samuel E. Merwin Named for Governor.

Brackett Renominated in the Bay State.

New Hampshire Republicans Nominate Hiram A. Tuttle.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 18.—Senator Orville H. Platt was made permanent chairman of the Republican state convention, and a reference in his address to Secretary Blaine called forth tumultuous applause, as did reference to President Harrison and Speaker Reed. He spoke, in part, as follows, after speaking of the "desperate opposition, filibustering and obstruction" of the Democrats in congress in their efforts to prevent needed legislation:

Senator Platt's Speech.

The Democratic party tolerates no progress and no advancement; it fights for retrogression only. For forty years it has tried to stab our civilization in its heart; but its vaunted boast that it would prevent Republican legislation has failed. Our business interests are harvested to do business, and to record the will of the majority; the other branch, less quick perhaps to meet the emergency, but no less determined that the verdict of the people shall be sustained, will learn how to do business and to register the will of a majority. If this administration has not done all, it has done much.

In 1888 the Republican party declared, "We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection," and promised "such a revision of the tariff laws as will lead to check imports of articles produced by our people."

How well that pledge is being kept let the fraudulent cries of those who worship at the altars of free trade and the exaggerated alarms of foreign manufacturers and foreign importers witness. A revised democracy has endeavored so to revise our tariff laws as not to check but to vastly increase the imports of articles produced by our people. Shameless in misrepresentation, unceasing in vituperation, desperate in its assault upon American industries and American labor, tyrannical in its treatment of the last follower of protection in its ranks, it has fully committed itself to the immediate destruction of free trade. It is alone the mechanics the farmers, the artisans, the toilers of this country should indignantly consign it to political shroud.

The Reciprocity Question.

While so protecting our industries, that branch of congress of which I am a member has provided for the opening up of new and direct means of steamship communication with the southern countries of the western hemisphere, and has declared itself in favor of such reciprocal trade with those countries as is consistent with the protection of our home industries. And I think that the other branch of congress can be safely trusted to consider the same in these respects, and that it will find its way to do so at this session of congress, despite Democratic obstruction, the latter having for its only Democratic party wants no reciprocity that consists with and supplements protection, but only reciprocity which is a success with free trade.

The Ticket Nominated.

The following ticket was nominated:

For governor, Samuel E. Merwin, of New Haven.

For lieutenant governor, George A. Bowen, of Woodstock.

For secretary of state, George P. McLean, of Hartford.

For treasurer, Stevens Henry, of Rockville.

For comptroller, Lyman S. Catlin.

A Digest of the Platform.

The platform declares adhesion to the general principles of the Republican party as set forth by its national conventions for thirty years, demands that duties upon imports shall be so levied as to afford security to our diversified industries and to protect the rights of the laboring classes, upholds the reciprocity amendment to the McKinley bill, declares it to be the duty of congress to legislate so as to prevent fraud and intimidation at congressional elections.

It also declares it to be the duty of the next general assembly of the state to adopt further measures to prevent the manufacture and sale of fraudulent and injurious adulterants and imitations of food, pledges the party to favor any legislation that may be necessary to secure equal taxation, condemns the Democratic senators for voting solidly against the reciprocity amendment and the tariff bill, congratulates the Republicans of the house upon their vindication of the right of the majority to make necessary laws, and indorses the wise management of the state by its present officers.

Nominations at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—At the Republican conventions held in this city the following candidates were selected for congress, practically without opposition: First district, Harry B. Hoe; Second district, Charles H. O'Neill; fourth district, John E. Reyburn; fifth district, Alfred C. Harmer. The Democrats were conceded the Third district, the Republicans not meeting to nominate.

The state senatorial nominations are: Fourth district, C. Wesley Thomas; Fifth district, Charles A. Porter; Sixth district, Rowe Penrose, Eighth district, Jacob Crouse.

The nominations for assembly were: First district, George Vare, Adam Hetherline; Second, Harry Ransley; Fourth, George Beatty, Fifth, Jacob Schick, Sixth, Jaimd Franklin; Seventh, Samuel Salter; Eighth, Henry C. Butler; Ninth, C. Hawkins, Frank M. Ritter; Tenth, William H. Leeds; Fourteenth, William M. Kidd; Fifteenth, Richard Ashhurst; Sixteenth, William F. Stewart, Elias Abrams, Nineteenth, William H. Keyser, John H. Reible; Twentieth, Nathan L. Jones; Twenty-first, William B. Brooks; Twenty-second, John W. Bain; Twenty-third, J. B. Morrison; Twenty-fourth, William Dunlap, Jr., M. G. Kenny; Twenty-fifth, Joseph Knighthand, J. M. Smith; Twenty-sixth, Samuel Cruthers; Twenty-seventh, C. H. Fletcher, H. F. Walton; Twenty-eighth, William H. Dingee, William Ross.

The following city ticket was also nominated: For sheriff, Horatio B. Connell; recorder of deeds, Thomas Howe; city comptroller, Thomas M. Thompson; judge of common pleas, No. 3, Thomas K. Finletter.

The Democrats of the Seventh district nominated Edwin R. Hollowell for congress.

Hiram A. Tuttle for Governor.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 18.—Hiram A. Tuttle was nominated for governor by the Republican state convention. The platform was presented by Senator Chandler. It reaffirms allegiance to the Republican party, and credits that party with whatever of legislation and administration in the past thirty years has conduced to the country's moral and material advancement. It endorses Harrison's administration is heartily indorsed as clean, consistent and capable. Greeting is sent to Sparks and for the gallant and courageous fight which he has made for the governorship. The house from the control of an unscrupulous and reckless minority. The McKinley bill is approved as one which will secure to the farmer the home market.

Reciprocity is favored and the measures pending in congress looking to the restoration of American shipping and the navy are approved. It is declared that wage workers ought to have the right freely to organize to secure for themselves just wages, suitable hours of labor and all other privileges and exemptions which should belong to the workingmen of a republic, and denounces intimidation and violence, organized labor or capital. The speedy enactment of the federal elections bill is also demanded.

Bay State Nominations.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The Republican state convention renominated Governor Brackett, Lieutenant Governor Hallet and Treasurer Marden, and completed the state ticket with the following nominations: Secretary of state, William M. Olin, of Boston; attorney general, Albert R. Pillsbury, of Boston, and auditor, J. H. Gould, of Maiden. Congressman Greenhalge was permanent chairman, and in his address scored the independent element in politics, eulogized the Republican party and made an eloquent plea for the passage of the federal elections bill.

Congressman Laidlaw Defeated.

BUFFALO, Sept. 18.—The thirty-third ballot in the congressional fight here was the decisive one. It stood: Laidlaw, 20; Richardson, 22; Allen, 24; Hooker, 111. Mr. Hooker is a wealthy young lawyer of Fredonia. *The only office he has ever held is* that of supervisor.

Ex-Governor Foster for Congress.

CAREY, O., Sept. 18.—Ex-Governor Foster was nominated by acclamation in the Eighth district for congress.

A Stir in Irish Politics.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Something of a stir in Irish political circles has been caused by the action of Tipperary priest named Conway in denouncing the plan of campaign as detrimental to the best interests of the country, and condemning the tendency of the people to yield blind allegiance to agitators, whose advice was often contrary to good morals. The bishop of Cork has very recently expressed himself in similar though rather more guarded terms. The bishops and priests in Ireland have, as a rule, kept so clear from auspicions of partisanship that their utterances have commanded suspicious exceptions, coming close together, attract much attention. The situation at Tipperary is exceptional, the recalcitrant priest having succeeded in having enrolled almost en masse from the Smith-Barry estates to New Tipperary, and leaving each one a constituency as he would be likely to receive such utterances as those of Father Conway in a favorable spirit. The London Times claims to have discovered a formidable opposition throughout Ireland against the policy so long pursued under Nationalist auspices, and predicts that a strong "anti-plan of campaign" party will soon be formed. Other observers express *the belief that the signs of the times* point to a general breaking up of old political landmarks and a great crystallization along some new line of action.

World's Fair Executive Committee.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—President Palmer, at the session of the World's fair commission, announced his selection of the executive committee. This committee will have a director general, and by virtue of its position will be the most important in connection with the exposition. The committee, which is composed of thirteen Democrats and seven Republicans, consists of Messrs. M. L. McDonald, R. C. Kerrins, Henry Exall, P. A. B. Widener, commissioner-at-large; J. T. Harris, Virginia; W. J. Sewall, New Jersey; B. K. Smith, Vermont; E. B. Martindale, Indiana; J. B. Thatcher, New York; F. W. Breed, Massachusetts; Euriel Martin, Nebraska; Reese R. Price, Kansas; M. B. Harrison, Minnesota; J. D. Rutt, West Virginia; A. T. Ewing, Illinois; W. P. King, Iowa; H. P. Platt, Ohio; L. McLaws, Georgia; T. L. Williams, Tennessee; Joseph Hirst, Florida; R. L. Saunders, Mississippi; L. H. Porterfield, Montana; H. E. Goodell, California; A. T. Britton, District of Columbia; J. A. McKenzie, Kentucky, and President T. W. Palmer, to be chairman by resolution of the commission adopted July 1, 1890.

Mr. Wiman's Statements Ridiculed.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 18.—The Empire (government organ) ridicules Erastus Wiman's reference to the loss the Canadian farmer will suffer by the increased duty on hogs made by the McKinley bill. In an editorial The Empire says: "Last year we actually sent 99,000 pigs over the bridge, valued at $4,370; we sent $83 worth of bacon, $13 worth of lard, and not a penny less than $4 worth of ham. Last year hogs to the value of $37,000 came into this country, $1,000,000 worth of pork, $942,000 of lard, and $335,000 of bacon and hams." The paper adds that under the new tariff the Canadian farmer will have a better chance of supplying the home market. That will be a real gain, and he will probably not mind the McKinley prohibition against his $13 lard and $4 ham.

Blown 100 Feet and Still Lives.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Sept. 18.—A traction engine owned by George Fidler, of this city, exploded with terrific force. The owner was blown a distance of 100 feet, picked up for dead and carried home. It was found that life was not extinct, and he may get well. Abram Bornsworth, a sawyer, was badly cut about the neck and head. The head sawyer was also severely injured. Parts of the boiler and hundreds of small articles were blown from 200 to 400 feet.

Secretary Windom Will Not Resign.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Sept. 18.—Secretary Windom was asked regarding the truth of the report that his resignation is contemplated, and stated that he had not heard the rumor and had no intention of resigning, being satisfied with the present condition of affairs. Twenty-one million in bonds were purchased Wednesday, and in the past thirty-two days the treasury has spent in bond purchases $65,000,000 above its receipts.

Newburg Bridge Bandits Sentenced.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 18.—In the county court, Judge Beattie sentenced George Sarvis, the notorious captain of the "bridge bandits," to nine years and four months in state prison, and John Purcell, another of the gang, who pleaded guilty to burglary in the third degree, to five years. Ernest V. Utter, the bigamist, was sent up for four years.

Two Men Killed.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Sept. 18.—The passenger train on the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas railroad, due from Memphis at 10 o'clock, was wrecked just outside the city. John T. Welch, engineer, and James Goddy, fireman, were killed. The cause of the wreck was the rail under displacement of a switch.

FLEMING ON THE STAND.

A Lively Day in the Raum Investigation.

AUTHOR OF THE CHARGES TALKS.

Commissioner Raum Attempts to Prove Him a Rascal and That the Charges Were Inspired by Desire for Revenge.

Refrigerators for the Chinese Empire.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The special house committee investigating the charges against Commissioner Raum continued its investigation. Mr. Fleming, the author of the charges, was called and examined. In answer to a question by Mr. Cooper, he said that Mr. Pitch had told him that he could furnish the names of seven employes of the pension office who held stock in the refrigerator company. Fleming said that Mr. Pitch had kept him informed as to the state of Mr. Tanner's mind in connection with the refrigerator company.

Refrigerators for the Chinese Empire.

He (Fitch) had told him on one occasion that Tanner was rather downhearted about the prospects of the company, but said that they had a deal pending with the Chinese legation by means that if accomplished would enable the company to supply the entire Chinese empire and make things all right again. He testified to telling Mr. Cooper where he could find Mr. Pitch, but did not give him any names before the resolution calling for the investigation was introduced.

In answer to a question by Mr. Raum he said he had written the article that appeared in The Indianapolis Sentinel bringing the matter before the public, and had given the information for other newspaper articles on the subject.

He Would Not Give Their Names.

In reply to a question by Mr. Raum as to where he got his information he said that it was furnished by six or seven reliable men. Mr. Raum requested him to give their names and he refused to do so, stating that he had promised not to make their names public. These persons, he said, had at his request interviewed Mr. Tanner and brought the information they had received to him. Four of the persons he had mentioned were employes of the pension office. Mr. Raum asked for their names. Mr. Cooper objected, saying that Mr. Raum simply wanted the names so as he could get even with those employes.

To Prove Fleming a Rascal.

In reply to a question by Mr. Raum as to why he took so much interest in the matter, Fleming said that he was in the news paper business, and took an interest in legislation. He had been asked to write the article. He denied that he was trying to get even with Mr. Raum for recommending his discharge. He said he never had any personal feeling against Mr. Raum, but he thought that he had gotten even with Theodore Smith, the man who had him turned out. He admitted that he had been postmaster at Charlotte, Mich., when the postoffice had been robbed. Mr. Raum began to question him about a real estate deal of a suspicious character that he had taken part in at Grand Rapids, but Mr. Cooper objected, saying that Mr. Raum was going into the private business of the witness. Mr. Raum replied that he wished to show that the witness was a rascal. Mr. Lewis objected to the language, and Mr. Raum withdrew the remark.

Fleming Called Glass Houses.

Mr. Cooper said that if the committee was going into this kind of evidence he wanted the bars taken down so that he could show the character of Mr. Raum's record up, and told Mr. Raum that men who lived in glass houses should not throw stones. Mr. Raum replied that he thought Cooper's house was very glassy and would not stand a stoning. Mr. Cooper asked Mr. Raum if he had not gotten money from a man named Bell. Mr. Lemon's indorsement. Mr. Raum said he had not, and asked the committee to call the cashier of that and other banks as witnesses. The committee declined to do so and declared the investigation closed. The committee will report to the house at an early date.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18.—The house took up the Langston-Venable-Virginia contested election case, but did not finish it. Notice was given on the Republican side that the previous question would be called this afternoon.

The Venable-Langston Contest.

Mr. Cheadle (Ind.) opposed the majority resolution, and declared that the Republicans of the house could not afford to vote Venable out and Langston in. The Fourth district of Virginia was reliably Republican, and it had been carried by the Democrats, not because of the popularity of Mr. Cleveland or the unpopularity of Mr. Harrison, but because of the force bill issue. It had been a race division, with all that such a division could imply. Now, he said, the Republicans had been fairly beaten, and it was beneath the dignity of the Republican party to revise the figures. He praised ex-Senator Mahone's ability in building up the Republican party in Virginia, and predicted that if his fundamentals were followed, Virginia in a few years would be as reliably Republican as was Vermont. He was confident that there never could be a strong and effective Republican party in the south until there were enough white men in it to make it succeed effectively. Senators Mahone and the white men of Virginia had made the Republican party strong in that state, and had secured the election of six Republicans to congress. The constituent had raised the race issue and the result had been that Virginia had now only two Republican representatives. He hoped for the good name of the house and for the good name of the great party to which he belonged that there would be enough Republicans voting with him to retain Venable in his seat.

Speaker Reed Has Signed It.

The speaker announced his signature to the river and harbor appropriation bill.

Young Horsee Porter Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18.—Horace M. Porter, a son of Gen. Horace Porter, died in this city Sept. 17, of typhoid fever, aged 25 years. Deceased had been employed by the Reading Railroad company.

This Date in History—Sept. 17.

1826—One of Magellan's ships completed the circumnavigation of the globe.

1565—Pedro Menendez laid the foundations of San Augustine, Fla., and proclaimed the king of Spain to be monarch of all of North America.

1787—National constitution adopted in convention at Philadelphia.

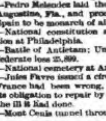
1809—Battle of Austetam; Union loss 12,469, Confederate 13,724.

1827—National cemetery at Antietam dedicated.

1870—Jules Favre issued a circular admitting that France has no claim to Alsace, acknowledging its obligation to repair by a measure of justice the ill it had done.

1871—Mount Cenis tunnel through the Alps opened.

This Date in History—Sept. 18.



58 A. D.—Trajan, Roman emperor, born; died 117 A. D.

1776—New York occupied by the British.

1779—Corner stone of the Capitol in Washington laid.

1793—The cotton gin invented by Eli Whitney.

1859—Mormons massacre emigrants at Mountain Meadows, Utah Territory.

1859—Death from wounds received at Antietam of Gen. Mansfield, United States army; born 1803.

1862—Thanksgiving day in the Confederacy.

1862—End of correspondence between Earl Russell and Mr. Adams, United States minister at London, respecting the Confederate privateer Alabama.

1870—Death of Marie Amelia, Duchess of Saxony; born 1794.

1873—Financial panic in New York.

1880—Yellow fever severely epidemic in Jacksonville, Fla., 898 cases; 125 deaths to date.

1886—The Apache Indians' surrenders signed a stringent anti-alcohol convention.

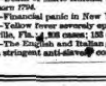
NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.



DRINK THE THREE B TEA.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue, C. C. Brown & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

CARNEY BROS. AGENTS

Practical Plumbers and Sheet Metal Workers.

Constantly on hand a full line of all the improved cellar water closets, sewer gas and back water traps.

All binder light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

We take pleasure in informing our many friends and custom ers that arrangements have been made with the present owner whereby we are employed as agents and general managers.

Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the favors in the past we solicit the continuance of their valued orders which will receive prompt attention.

Estimates upon work given to the exclusion of rent pipes.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 95.

Pique Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.

The "Glaty" Kosten walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per oz.

Germantown 2-wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.

Louis Callman,

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Stephenson,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, so matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

Confectioner's Parlors Lobster and Oyster Stews.

Are those Cucumbers Pickles for dinner to-day? If they are why not have some of those delicious

Russet Apples

are sound when, and

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer.

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eagle, Mill, Buttermilk, Farm Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnace, Range and Stove, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINKING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

Geo. Conover,

FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS

Furniture moved

To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence, 84 Jackson avenue North Plainfield

L. M FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Duer Street.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

coffins and Caskets.

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Clive Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

OPTICIAN.

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A FINE

Assortment of

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Eugene M. Laing

20 1 PARK AVENUE.

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Before the discovery of Hein's dead body in a closet in his home officers and citizens were scouring the city in search of him. Had he fallen into the hands of the mob there is not the slightest doubt that he would have been lynched. The story of the murder is as follows:

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Superintendent Vaccaro Victimized.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Virgino Vaccarino, superintendent of silk culture, agricultural department, has been victimized to the extent of $3,000 by two of his fellow countrymen. They represented themselves several days ago to be rich wine merchants of Chattanooga, and the three men became great friends. On the pretense of not having received a draft from home with which to pay the charges on a lot of wine shipped to them, Bacco borrowed $3,000 from Mr. Vaccarino, since which time nothing has been heard of them.

Robbed by Masked Burglars.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Sept. 18.—About 3 a. m. Mr and Mrs. Hone were awakened by the presence of two masked men in their sleeping apartment. One fellow with drawn revolver ordered the startled couple to remain quiet. The other two then systematically ransacked the room, succeeding in securing about $1,000 worth of diamonds and other jewelry and money. No trace has been discovered of the robbers.

He Was Bunced Out of $5,000.

WINDSOR, Ont., Sept. 18.—Farmer Land has arrived here from Kentucky with Detective Norris, and went to Sandwich jail, where he identified Haynes as one of the men who bunced him out of $5,000 on May 1. Land claims to be worth $50,000.

Their Resignations Accepted.

LIMOGES, Sept. 18.—The king has accepted the resignation of the entire cabinet. He will confer with several leading statesmen with a view to the selection of a new ministry.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Points.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the National Bank of Gold Spring, on the Hudson, N. Y., to begin business with a capital of $50,000.

The Metropolitan club, of New Orleans, has made an offer of a purse of $5,000 for a fight between Dempsey and Fitzsimmons.

The house committee to whom were referred the two resolutions censuring Representative Kennedy for his attack upon Senator Quay have decided to recommend that Kennedy's speech be expunged from The Congressional Record.

The population of the state of Connecticut is 746,881, an increase of 193,161, or 12.79 per cent.

Samuel Fowler has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Fourth New Jersey district.

The retail liquor dealers of New York state have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: George G. Campbell, Syracuse, president; Robert W. Oliver, Brooklyn, first vice president; William W. Bernard, Rochester, second vice president; F. McCutcheon, Brooklyn, secretary; B. K. Murphy, New York, financial secretary; A. Bastaholi, Buffalo, treasurer, and William Crawford, New York, sergeant-at-arms.

The safe box stolen from the Hotel Vendome safe, at New York, was discovered, but the $17,000 which it contained is still missing.

Charges of misappropriating funds and of concealing a marriage are made against the Rev. G. Graham Adams, D. D., late rector of Christ church, Loudon, N. Y.

John Reed's confession as to how the Montreal express on the New York Central road was wrecked last week is ready for use as evidence. Reed says the officials of the Knights of Labor knew nothing about the affair.

Albert Posselli, while standing in front of the altar of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church, Jersey City Heights, with the young lady he was about to marry, was fired at by his father. The shot missed, and the elder Posselli tried twice to commit suicide.

Gilbert M. Speir, Jr., arrived in New York from the ranch of the late Robert Hay Hamilton in Bingham county, Idaho. He says: "There is no shadow of doubt that Hay's death was accidental."

TIGHT MONEY CAUSED IT.

R. Gardner Chase & Co., of Boston, Fail for $2,000,000.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—R. Gardner Chase & Co., bankers and brokers at 148 Devonshire street, in the Equitable building, have failed. The firm has assigned to James T. Phelps, the general manager of the National Life Insurance company, 159 Devonshire street. The firm is the Boston correspondent of S. V. White & Co., of New York. The members are R. Gardner Chase and Charles K. Legg, of Chelsea. It is stated that lately they have been doing a large business in western railroad stock, and on the street the general cause given for the failure is that they were caught short of the market. Mr. Legg feels a deep sympathy with the unfortunate house.

Assignee Phelps says that the liabilities are likely to amount to $2,000,000, and may go over that. What there is in the way of assets can only be determined by examination. He declines to make any further statement at the present time. Mr. George R. Chase, son of the senior member of the house and the chief clerk, said: "The trouble is due wholly to the tight money. The calls upon us have been greater than we could withstand, our collaterals have shrunk in value beyond expectation, and much as we endeavored to avert a suspension we have been forced to it. No outside transactions or speculations have led to this trouble. It is tight money and nothing else. We have done no business of a speculative character as a house, and such as we have done for our customers has been done on a conservative basis. I do not feel warranted now in giving the circumstances that were the immediate cause of the failure."

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW — 94 SOMERSET ST.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.35
Oilers	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

32 WEST FRONT STREET.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[By Authority.]

CHAPTER CCXCV.

An Act to provide for submitting proposed amendments to the constitution to the citizens of the people thereof.

WHEREAS, certain proposed amendments to the constitution of the State of New Jersey were at the session of the legislature of this state in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "An act to amend the seventh section of the second article of the constitution of this state," and entitled "An act to amend the constitution of this state," the first of which amendments was duly passed by the senate and house of assembly of this state, and the second of which amendments was duly passed by the senate, and by the house of assembly with the exception of one member thereof, and which amendments have been agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house; and whereas, the constitution of this state requires the legislature to submit such proposed amendments as have been agreed to as aforesaid to the people at a special election to be held for that purpose or as may therefore,

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That on Tuesday, the fourth day of November next, an election shall be held in the several townships and wards of this state, at the places fixed by law for opening and closing of polls at the general election in this state, and the said election shall be conducted by the same officers and in the manner now required by law in conducting the annual elections in this state, unless otherwise directed in this act.

2. And be it enacted, That at such election there shall be given to each voter a ballot on which shall be written or printed, or partly written or partly printed, in the form following, namely: For all proposition on this ballot which are not connected with ink or pencil, and against all which are so cancelled;

For the proposed amendment to article seven, section six, clause two, subdivision three, which reads as follows, "regulating the interest affairs of towns and counties, appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs" by omitting the words "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, and by changing the word "offices" to "officers," so that it shall read "appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs."

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Sheriff Cobb arrived at 8:15, and after placing a guard about the house detailed men to search the city for the criminal. While this search was going on City Marshal Jordan and a force of officers arrived at the house, and it was decided to closely examine the chambers lest he should be hiding there. As they entered the front chamber they were horrified to see the dead body of Hein stretched in the closet. A bullet had passed through his head from the revolver which lay by his side.

Superintendent Vacuarro Victimized.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Virgino Vacarro, superintendent of silk culture, agricultural department, has been victimized to the extent of $8,000 by two of his fellow countrymen. They represented themselves several days ago to be rich wine merchants of California, and the three men became great friends. On the pretense of not having received a draft from home with which to pay for a consignment of a lot of wine shipped to them, they borrowed $8,000 from Mr. Vacarro, since which time nothing has been heard of them.

Robbed by Masked Burglars.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Sept. 18.—About 3 a. m. Mr. and Mrs. Rose were awakened by the presence of three masked men in their sleeping apartment. One fellow with drawn revolver ordered the startled couple to remain quiet. The other two then systematically ransacked the room, succeeding in securing about $1,000 worth of diamonds and other jewelry and money. No trace has been discovered of the robbers.

He Was Bunoed Out of $8,000.

WINDSOR, Ont., Sept. 18.—Farmer Land has arrived here from Kentucky with Detective Norris, and went to Sandwich jail, where he identified Haynes as one of the men who bunoed him out of $8,000 on May 1. Land claims to be worth $60,000.

Their Resignations Accepted.

LISBON, Sept. 18.—The king has accepted the resignation of the entire cabinet. He will confer with several leading statesmen with a view to the selection of a new ministry.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered From Various Places.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the National Bank of Cold Spring, on the Hudson, N. Y., to begin business with a capital of $50,000.

The Metropolitan club, of New Orleans, has made an offer of a purse of $5,000 for a fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

The house committee to whom were referred the two resolutions censuring Representative Kennedy for his attack upon Senator Quay have decided to recommend that Kennedy's speech be expunged from the Congressional Record.

The population of the state of Connecticut is 746,881, an increase of 128,161, or 19.78 per cent.

Samuel Fowler has been nominated for congress by the Democrats of the Fourth New Jersey district.

The retail liquor dealers of New York state have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: George G. Campbell, Syracuse, president; Robert W. Oliver, Brooklyn, first vice president; William W. Barnard, Rochester, second vice president; F. McCutcheon, Brooklyn, secretary; R. K. Murphy, New York, financial secretary; A. Bastabold, Buffalo, treasurer, and William Clancy, New York, sergeant-at-arms.

The $10 box stolen from the Hotel Vendome safe, at New York, was discovered, but the $17,000 which it contained is still missing.

Charges of misappropriating funds and of concealing a marriage are made against the Rev. G. Graham Adams, D. D., late rector of Christ church, Lockport, N. Y.

John Reed's confession as to how the Montreal express on the New York Central road was wrecked last week is ready for use as evidence. Reed says the officials of the Knights of Labor knew nothing about the affair.

Albert Powell, while standing in front of the altar of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church, Jersey City Heights, with the young lady he was about to marry, was fired at by his father. The shot missed, and the elder Powell tried twice to commit suicide.

Gilbert M. Speir, Jr., arrived in New York from the ranch of the late Robert Ray Hamilton in Bingham county, Idaho. He says: "There is no shadow of doubt that Ray's death was accidental."

TIGHT MONEY CAUSED IT.

R. Gardner Chase & Co., of Boston, Fail for $2,000,000.

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—R. Gardner Chase & Co., bankers and brokers at 148 Devonshire street, in the Equitable building, have failed. The firm has assigned to James T. Phelps, the general manager of the National Life Insurance company, 136 Devonshire street. The firm is the Boston correspondent of S. V. White & Co., of New York. The members are R. Gardner Chase and Charles S. Legge, of Chelsea. It is stated that lately they have been doing a large business in western railroad stock, and on that account the general cause given for the failure is that they were caught short of the market. The "street" feels a deep sympathy with the unfortunate house.

Assignee Phelps says that the liabilities are likely to amount to $2,000,000, and may go over that. What there is in the way of assets can only be determined by examination. He declines to make any further statement at the present time. Mr. George R. Chase, son of the senior member of the house and the chief clerk, said: "The trouble is due wholly to the tight money. The calls upon us have been greater than we could withstand, our collaterals have shrunk in value beyond all expectation, and much as we endeavored to avert a suspension we have been forced to it. No outside transactions of a speculative nature led to this trouble. It is tight money and nothing else. We have done no business of a speculative character as a house, and such as we have done for ourselves on the basis done on a conservative basis. I do not feel warranted now in giving the circumstances that were the immediate cause of the failure."

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.25
Odors	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[By Authority.]

CHAPTER CCXCV.

An Act to provide for submitting proposed amendments to the constitution to the state at the general election.

WHEREAS, Certain proposed amendments to the constitution were agreed upon and entered on the journals of the senate and assembly at the session of the legislature of this state held in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entered by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses thereof, and entered on the journals thereof, and which are now to be acted upon, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, as required by the constitution of this state; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were read over in each house on two several days, as required by the constitution; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments have been agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published three months before the next general election, in which they were to be submitted to the people, in at least one newspaper in every county of the state, and in which election the said amendments were to be voted upon separately; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, three months before the next general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, three months before the next general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, once in each week during the three months next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, and the twenty-second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, once in each week during the three months next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, and the twenty-second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, and the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, and the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for three months next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, and the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for three months next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, and the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for four weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, and the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for four weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, and the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for five weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, and the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for five weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, and the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for seven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for seven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eight weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eight weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for nine weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for nine weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for ten weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for ten weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eleven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eleven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twelve weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twelve weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for thirteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for thirteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for fourteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for fourteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for fifteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for fifteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for sixteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for sixteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for seventeen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for seventeen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eighteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for eighteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for nineteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for nineteen weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-one weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-one weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-two weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-two weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-three weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

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WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-four weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

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WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-five weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-five weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-six weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-seven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-seven weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-eight weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-eight weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-nine weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were not published in any county in which no newspaper was published, at least once in each week for twenty-nine weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-fifth day of August, the first day of September, the eighth day of September, the fifteenth day of September, the twenty-second day of September, the twenty-ninth day of September, the sixth day of October, the thirteenth day of October, the twentieth day of October, the twenty-seventh day of October, the third day of November, the tenth day of November, and the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; and

WHEREAS, The said proposed amendments were published in at least one newspaper in each county in which a newspaper was published, at least once in each week for thirty weeks next preceding the said general election, to wit, on the twenty-f

BABY.

A little form so dainty small,
So soft, so mother, and so sweet,
A little voice so clear and small,
A little heart so pure and true,
A little pair of dimpled hands,
Like lilies white, Zephyr whispereth:

Girls are that nerveless lot;
Idol, darling, fragile, dressed cologne;
Two round, blue, upward gazing eyes,
All heaven's calm in their depths lies;
That, as the host of heaven's light hide,
Now these eyes close their downy lids;

A little head, so smooth and white;
Feet, rosy moulds of fairy grace;
And closed all rounded to the sight,
Save where a dimple draws them in;
All in one tiny frame nestles,
As light as Laughter, soft as Love.
—W. Trego Webb in London Spectator.

EXERCISE FOR GRACE.

Why Women Rise from a Chair Very Much as the Doll of Their Child Does.

Has anybody told you yet, little woman, that you don't know how to rise from a chair? Well, you don't. The act, as you perform it, suggests the movements of the flat figure of a doll which the children delighted best when a child, because she was the unguiltiest of all your children, and everybody else laughed at her and at you for clothing her figure. But you did, and you made her the very finest gowns and most astounding turbans you could devise, and kept her in your arms most of the day and put her to bed with your pillow when you went to bed at night, and perhaps that is partly the reason why you sit down and rise up with some suggestion of her ancient grace.

But you should have learned better things, little woman, all these days that you have been learning so much about physical perfection, and the dress reforms, and the body reforms, and the Delsartian graces, and all the rest. And you should have learned that the reason you rise like your wooden doll is because your joints are in exactly the same inflexible and unyielding state that hers are. The secret of grace of body is suppleness of joint. It really takes all the poetry out of the matter, you see, to discover that the elegant sinuosity of movement which is the "rage" now is altogether a question of mechanics, and depends upon the ease of motion in the various hinges that connect the different members of the human frame. But it is, and so the thing for you to do is to get these hinges into easy working order as soon and as completely as possible.

Begin your improving exercises, not by practicing various graceful poses before a mirror, as women who haven't got hold of the secret of the thing are wont to do, but begin with suppling each separate joint in your body in this way. Turn the fingers round and round on the axis of the hand; turn the hand round on the axis of the wrist. Turn the forearm on the elbow and the whole arm on the shoulder. Then turn the head on the neck slowly and as far round as you can. You will be surprised to see how easily after a few days' practice your face will come to be where your back hair was a moment before.

Now try turning the trunk on the waist line, the legs on the hips, the lower half of the leg on the knee and the foot on the ankle. A steady, constant practice of this one turning exercise every day for one month with every joint in the body and supple as it can possibly be made will give a grace and freedom of motion that seems well nigh incredible to one who has never tried it. The important part of these movements are those that turn the body on the waist, the head on the neck, and the legs on the hips. Acquire by this means graceful woman you need and see for yourself how much her grace of movement depends on the free and supple action of the trunk and the head and the hips.—New York Evening Sun.

Women Who Live by Typewriting.

A mastermind of one of the standard typewriters on the market says that there are 75,000 women who make a living in this country by thrumming the keys of writing machines. "We are not able to give you absolutely accurate information," he said, "as to the number of women who make a living in this way, but we think we are probably in a better position to estimate the approximate number, as we know more nearly than any one else how many machines of all makes are in use, and the proportion of male and female operators. We think it not far out of the way to say that fully about 75,000 women whose support is derived from the use of writing machines, and 25,000 men of whom the same may be said. These figures do not include those who use the typewriter themselves in their own business or profession, but merely those who use the machine as employes of other people." Another manufacturer says that from 20,000 to 30,000 women are using the machines which he is making.—New York Sun.

The Disposition of the Ring.

The disposition of that sentimental pledge, the engagement ring, has at last been carried before the French courts, and now we know to whom when its signification is broken, the ring shall revert. In the Nimes court in France a recent divorce case came up in which the wife claimed as hers certain articles of jewelry presented to her before their marriage. Prominent among these was the engagement ring. The judges decided that not only is a woman entitled before the law to all these articles of value which a lover has seen fit to present to her before marriage, but that the betrothal ring for the purpose of recalling the engagement of two persons constitutes the most personal and most irrevocable of all souvenirs given in view of marriage. That is as it should be.—San Francisco Argonaut.

How a Brilliant Woman Writes.

Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, who draws the big gold salary of any woman editor in the United States, has written a comedietta in verse entitled "The Second Play." It is the experience of a New York playwright with the scenes in the top story of a lodging house. This genial, nervous little woman is a Georgia product, unusually gifted, with as many whims as a child, and a disposition quite as sunny. She is a tremendous worker, often day and night, most of the time sitting on the floor Turk fashion, with her copy paper on a lapboard and the whole place littered with pencil chips.—Exchange.

A Society Coach.

A lady belonging to an old New York family which has gradually dwindled down is earning a substantial living by coaching people for society. She charges her pupils $10 a lesson for a series of half hour talks in reply to the newest gossip as to fashionable engagements, coming marriages and other social events of interest. She has also an excellent idea of topics suitable for relation at luncheon and dinner tables, and is well up in the gossip about the latest literary and dramatic successes and the newest books.—Chicago Herald.

An Impressive Position.

After boiling ten minutes the water should be poured into a wooden or stone jar, covered with a cloth and left an hour to cool, when it may be put into the filter. For a family of seven, three pints of unglassed clay, filled monthly, or rather changed for one freshly charged, is better than most of the patents in the market. Then cut a disk of cotton flannel to fit the bottom of the pot inside, put on this a layer of clean, white sand an inch thick, then three inches of charcoal in very coarse powder, three inches of sand above this, and clean, washed gravel over all, and you have as good a filter for a dollar as you can buy for ten, as far as working goes. The water must run through this twelve hours before the charcoal dust washes out so that the fluid runs clear. The pot should fit into the top of a long stone jar with faucet attached and the ice be hung in it, tied in a piece of cotton flannel for a primitive mode of keeping the flannel sweet and making the ice last longer.

EXPERIENCE.

Two bumpkins of homespun swing,
Above the fire on the hearth stone,
Each a pot of pothooks hung.

What is it they really know
That in the bumpkins' brawny grow.

The while they raised their doubting mood
Their cause a brighter mind was leading bad,
And things to a closer gaze
He drew the precious matter up.

O fools and slow of heart! to stay,
Quibbling the fleeting time away,
Where all the truth is open enough
Would soon reveal the blessed truth.
—F. R. Griswold in Chatauqua Advocate.

SAVING MONEY ON $5 A WEEK.

Four Girls Who Hire Two Rooms and Live Together as a Family.

The question is asked over and over again: "How do girls who are employed in stores and shops get along on $5 a week?"

It would be surprising to know the number who manage to exist on $5 a week, and who have discovered the art of making $5 go as far as $8 would ordinarily.

"Save up money on $5 a week!" asks some incredulous person.

There are not many, it must be admitted, but those girls, each working from 8 o'clock in the morning until 6 at night, three as salesgirls and the other in a shop, have for two years been trying the co-operative housekeeping, which promises to become a perfect system for working women who cannot afford to board at restaurants, and are rather timidly disinclined when they undertake to try cheaper places.

When the store where three of the friends work has closed for the day the three proceed to the nearest corner, where they are met by the other member of the family, and the four walk home together.

Having heard of the pleasant times which these girls have at their apartments and being desirous of seeing for herself how the plans are carried out the writer, by special invitation, recently took an evening meal with them.

The house is on a side street within easy walking distance of down town, and the room up two flights. The latter is a large apartment and has three windows, which are prettily draped with dotted muslins tied with yellow ribbons. The walls are tinted with a pale cream color and the whole interior showed the good taste of the occupants.

A folding bed of cabinet shape, in the front of which is a long mirror, and a broad couch, which is also a bed; two easy chairs, one rocker and several other chairs are all the larger pieces of furniture.

In front of the door leading to the side room, which is used as a kitchen, is a large screen, evidently of home manufacture, but decidedly ornamental.

Two sets of shelves adorn the spaces between the windows, and these are filled with books. There are also a few good pictures hung about, and on the mantelpiece are little ornaments and pretty things, watched over by a small bust of Dickens on a bracket.

While the writer was admiring the neatness of the room and noting the general appearance one of the girls had set the table.

There was no array of silver, but the dishes were dainty although there were not many of them, and the food was not spoiled by apologies, and everything passed off smoothly, for all were hungry.

After a while the cost of the meal was considered, and found to be just 48 cents. That did not include sugar, butter or cod fish, the former costing the girls 20 cents a week, butter about 30 cents and the coffee the same. Two cans of condensed milk at 10 cents each last a week, a total up to $1.48.

At the end of the week the girls make up their cash accounts, and the expenses for the family amount to about $4.80 on an average. They hire the room unfurnished, with the exception of the beds, and consequently are able to hire at the low price of $12 a month.

In the same room which has been mentioned is running water, and many shelves have been "built in" to make things more convenient for the housekeeping.

The gas stove, bought at a bargain, is set on a little raised platform in the corner, which is covered with a neat oilcloth.

The ware is hung up in short, and every thing looks as orderly as possible. They do not find time for many fancy dishes but they have plenty of wholesome food and appear to enjoy thoroughly their manner of living.

Occasionally they are invited out to spend Sunday or tea during the week, but they feel very much at home in their cozy room which they have occupied together so long, and think their friends who have such delightful experiences in hunting up boarding places and trying to live on small salaries would be much more contented if they tried co-operative housekeeping.—Boston Globe.

Woman Lays Too Many Plans.

The average woman is not indolent. She overtaxes hand, heart and brain, and "means well," as the phrase is. A twenty fifth hour would be no boon to her. She would simply lay plans for a half dozen The result of planning more than can possibly be carried out is harassing to the extreme, and the consciousness of tasks arranged for but not accomplished drives sleep from the eyes of many a loving, self sacrificing mother, who does not realize that her fault lies not in her failure to meet all the demands which she allows, but in her unjust estimate of the limitations of time, born of the equally unjust estimate of her own responsibilities to her family and the world in general.—Harper's Bazar

Making Tea.

Where tea is required strong one tea spoonful to each person and one for the pot will be found enough. An earthen or agate iron teapot is best. See that it is perfectly clean and dry, and make it as hot as possible before putting in the tea. Be sure your kettle boils, and use soft water if you can get it. Put the required amount of tea in the pot, pour the boiling water upon it, stand it where it will keep hot, but not boil, stand four minutes, then add enough more water to make what tea you desire, and in three minutes more it is ready for use.—Philadelphia Record.

Taking Care of the Plants.

Place the plants in a room and do not expose it to draughts. Keep it free from dust, and don't place pins and needles on the top of it. They very often fall it among the foliage. Do not keep the top of the instrument with music and other books as it deadens the sound. An upright in a room sounds better if placed two inches from the wall. Always keep it closed when not in use. To make the polish look nice carefully dust it with a clean silk handkerchief.—New York Journal.

The college girls are walking away with the honors rapidly. It is no wonder the male colleges are closing their doors to women students. The men would stand little chance, except in the field of athletics, if the women were allowed to compete on equal terms for degrees.

A Great Many Kinds of Corns.

One of the chief causes of corns, bunions, etc., is tight shoes. The majority of the customers are ladies. Corns come in two varieties—soft and hard. The soft corn is the result of the acid exudation of the flesh and first appears in the shape of a white blister, whose edges easily peel off. Ladies who wear shoes large enough for them rarely have this form of corn. Sweaty or short shoes cause corns to form easily. I have frequently known cases where a soft corn affected the whole foot and ankle.

Bunions are often mistaken for hard corns. A bunion forms usually on the side of the foot or between the toes. A bunion is nothing more or less than a strained joint, caused by a short or narrow shoe. French heeled boots and shoes have been the cause of untold misery to ladies, and since the common sense shoe has become fashionable the wearers of these have had fewer corns. Narrow dancing pumps are also injurious to the feet. Operations on fibrous and nerve corns are extremely difficult.—Herald of Health.

Writing a Famous Poem.

The poem of "Curfew Must Not Ring To-night" was published in the Detroit Advertiser in the fall of 1870. The editor upon receipt of my manuscript at once wrote me a lengthy letter of congratulation and praise.—Rose Hartwick Thorpe.

Remedies for Warts.

Warts are due to some local irritation of the cuticle. They can be easily removed by small doses of sulphate of magnesia, taken internally. Children treated with three grain doses of Epsom salts morning and evening were promptly cured. M. Aubert cites the case of a woman whose face was disfigured by these excrescences and who was cured in a month by a dram and a half of magnesia taken daily. Another medical man reports a case of very large warts which disappeared in a fortnight from a daily administration of ten grains of the salts. A still simpler but effective cure is external—mere rubbing of the wart at frequent intervals of the day. This painful agitation or kneading seems to displace the root, and in a short time the wart disappears.—Detroit Free Press.

A School for Housewifery.

The domestic laboratory of Mr. Dwight L. Moody's seminary at Northfield was organized by Miss Huntington, of the Wilson Mission Kitchen Garden in New York, and is carried on by teachers of her training. One hundred girls are here taught housewifery and sewing, cooking, washing, table waiting and fine laundry work as common sciences, and as future bread winning employments. Mr. Moody's seminary was founded for pupils having high aims but small means, and the tuition fee obtains a thorough education at the lowest cost, with the tacit understanding that every graduate, both of its academic and domestic courses, will be moved to teach what she has learned, either privately or professionally.—Harper's Bazar.

Rubber Between the Soles.

The use of a single layer of pure rubber gum between the layers of leather that form the sole of the walking shoe is an innovation of shoemakers. Rubber used in this way does not heat the foot nor cause it to perspire as a rubber overshoe does. It keeps the feet dry, and consequently acts completely as a slip rubber. The latter recalls the story of the new maid who was sent to her lady's room for a pair of rubbers and who returned with a blank face and the remark, "Faith, I saw three or four pair hanging, but the heels was out of each one of them, and I'm sure you wouldn't wear such as these." She had never seen a sandal before.—New York Tribune.

Marie Bashkirtseff's Bedroom.

Marie's idea always was to have everything as simply young and girlish as possible. Her bedroom was furnished in the most simple and severe style, all white, with a small iron bedstead, painted white, in one corner and a white ermine rug over it for a counterpane and white fur rugs on the bare floor. Her bathroom was an elaborate one, well supplied with mirrors to afford her an opportunity to admire the lines and curves of her person, which afforded her such satisfaction.—New York Sun.

An Exquisite Scarf.

The scarf was a yard and a quarter of bolting cloth tied so that one end was nearly half again as long as the other; the longer end was painted over a bunch of red clover and leaves, and the other end was in white daisies with gold centers. The ground of the daisies and grass was a plain space of four inches, finished on the edge with long white silk tassels. Draped over one end of a wine colored plush sofa the effect was most beautiful.—Housewife.

Damp Collars.

If a collar has a damp smell and cannot be thoroughly vanished by the heat of charcoal set around on the floor, shelves and ledges will make the air pure and sweet. Put a large piece of charcoal in a pan, and place in a damp cellar where milk is kept, and milk will be in no danger of becoming tainted.—Medical Classics.

Life's Lessons.

Practical Mother—My daughter, now that you are engaged to be married you should endeavor to become more familiar with the details of housekeeping.

Daughter—That's just what I'm doing, ma. I learned only that chafing gum is a splendid thing for mending old flavors. —New York Weekly.

At the Ascot races, where the toilets of the ladies are perhaps more splendid and more fanciful than at any other one "function" of high society, the Duchess of Mond and Louise of Wales appeared in buff foulards of a flowered pattern, very simply made, and flower hats of correspondingly simplicity.

Washing save money, time and strength If we would accurately determine the difference between wants and wishes. There are things we must have to be at all comfortable, but the things we wish for are not the things we must have to be at all comfortable, but the things we wish for are not the things we must have to be at all comfortable, but the things we wish for are not the

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19 18[illegible] PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Primary Meetings.

The republican voters of the several Wards of the City of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association Rooms, over the City National Bank, on Saturday evening, September 20th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Congressional Convention to be held at Freehold on Monday, September 22.

First Ward will meet at 7.45 to elect 3 del.
Second " " " 8.00 " 3 "
Third " " " 8.15 " 2 "
Fourth " " " 8.30 " 2 "

By order of the Executive Committee.
J. B. COWARD, F. A. DUNHAM,
Secretary. Chairman.
September 18, 1890.

Third Congressional District Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District of New Jersey, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to represent them in a district convention, to be held in Shinn's Hall, Freehold, N. J., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1890,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a representative to Congress.

Each Ward and Township is entitled to one delegate for every one hundred votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one additional delegate for each fraction of the same not less than fifty; provided, however, that each Ward and Township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN, Middlesex.
W. M. ROBERTS, Monmouth.
W. P. THOMAS, Union.
Congressional Committee.

Republican Primaries.

At a meeting of the Union county Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 16, 1890, it was resolved that the several Wards and Townships hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the Third Congressional Convention on

FRIDAY, the 19th DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

at 8 o'clock p. m.

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union county are requested to meet at their usual places and elect delegates, in the ratio of one delegate for each 100 Republican votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one delegate for every fraction over 50; each Ward and Township to have at least one delegate.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each Ward and Township is as follows:

Plainfield—		
1st Ward	726 votes.	7 delegates.
2d "	172 "	2 "
3d "	249 "	2 "
4th "	308 "	3 "
5th "	353 "	3 "
6th "	336 "	3 "
7th "	232 "	2 "
8th "	177 "	2 "
Cranford	140 "	1 "
Linden	232 "	2 "
Springfield	117 "	1 "
Union	147 "	1 "
New Providence	93 "	1 "
Rahway	210 "	2 "
Clark	93 "	1 "
Fanwood	128 "	1 "
Westfield	283 "	3 "
Plainfield—		
1st Ward	200 "	2 "
2d "	260 "	3 "
3d "	295 "	3 "
4th "	276 "	3 "
Rahway—		
1st Ward	136 "	2 "
2d "	139 "	1 "
3d "	288 "	3 "
4th "	138 "	1 "

The Republican Convention for the Third Congressional District will be held at Freehold, on Monday, September 22, 1890, at 11 o'clock a. m. THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 16, 1890.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. Dr. Lewis is expected home from his Western outing next week.

Mr. R. J. Shaw is home again from a pleasant visit to Point Comfort, Va.

Miss Emma Bracey of Girardville is visiting Miss Alice Taylor of West Second street.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Taylor of Netherwood, are visiting Rathcoole, near Belfast, Ireland.

Mr. J. Allen Sangston of this city has gone for several days shooting in the Adirondacks.

The Rev G. W. Lewis, of Louisiana, will preach in the Seventh-day Baptist church tomorrow morning.

Mr. R. W. Ware and family have returned to their home on Second place, from a pleasant stay at Newport, R. I.

Word has just been received, of the death this morning of Lucy P., daughter of Mrs. Florence Meyers of this city, at Colorado Springs. Deceased was well known in Plainfield.

Mr. Harry S. Jenkins of East Sixth street, son of the late J. Newton Jenkins arrived in Plainfield to-day with his mother and materials from Bethlehem, Pa., where they have been engaged in the removal of several brick buildings.

At a recent meeting of the Hope chapel Temperance club the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, D. Brown; Vice President, W. G. Gray; Secretary, W. Johnston; Treasurer, Geo. H. Fountain; Chaplain, Benjamin Hough.

The marriage of Miss Marion Haines, daughter of S. A. Haines, of Netherwood, to Court Constantine Pantaleone Ballt will take place Oct. 4. The Count will give a stag dinner at Rosemeath, Sept. 25. He is a member of the firm of Brown Bros. & Co., bankers, New York.

Conductor William F. Rand, of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, one of the best known men on the road, and who was injured in a wreck, is confined to his home, at Easton, Pa., suffering from an incurable disease, which caused his quitting work last April. The fine physicians who have been in attendance say that he will never again be able to do active duty, but may prolong life by retaining quiet. Mr. Rand's case is a very sad one, as he is but forty-five years old and has always been an active, energetic man. He conducted the Boston train which leaves this city at 7:03 a. m.

THE CRESCENTS DEFEATED.

The Score Four to One in Favor of the Visitors.

The visit of the Norwich's occurred yesterday. Their fame had preceded them. They had beaten the Crescents so easily in Connecticut, but at the same time treating them with such royal hospitality, that the desire to see them had greatly aroused our citizens. Though almost in the middle of the week the the attendance was one of the largest of the season and the visitors were received with a warm welcome.

They are a powerful set of men physically far surpassing the Crescents. Their battery was at least 5 inch rifles, a calibre too heavy for their opponents. Strong batters and excellent fielders, they were well worthy of the championship in their own State, and we have seen no club in New Jersey who are their equal.

The Crescents could do but little against the pitching of Ryan—three scattered base hits being the total. Their infield play was perfect, and rightly termed a wall of iron by the visitors. The difficult stops of Lee and Martin—the long running catch of Martin—the double play of Lufberry, Lufberry to Wiegand were the features on the part of the home club

The Norwich play was marked by the battery work—the heavy batting of Hackett and Long—the capital and brilliant fielding of Long and base play of Quinn.

The Crescents were defeated, but fell with honor yielding only to the too heavy artillery of the Norwich.

The score is as follows:

NORWICH.

	AB	R	O	BH	PO	A	E	LS	BB	SB
O'Connell, 3b.....	3	1	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
Quinn, 1b.....	4	0	3	0	10	2	0	1	0	0
Ryan, p.....	4	0	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Long, lf.....	4	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0
Harmett, Lf...	4	1	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hackett, c.s...	3	2	0	3	8	1	0	1	0	0
Clarke, s.s....	4	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
Shea, r.f.....	3	0	5	1	1	0	2	0	0	0
Moore, c.f.....	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	29	4	24	7	27	10	3	4	1	3

CRESCENTS.

Carbonnell, lf.	4	0	3	1	0	0	1	1	1	0
Hadley, c.....	4	0	3	1	7	0	0	1	1	0
Martin, ss.....	4	0	3	1	3	5	0	1	0	0
Lufberry, 2b..	4	0	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	0
Wiegand, 1b....	4	0	3	1	8	0	1	1	0	0
Lever, c.f.....	3	0	3	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Gregg, p.....	3	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
Kane, c.f.....	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lee, 3b.....	3	0	3	0	2	3	0	0	0	0
	30	1	27	3	24	15	2	3	1	1

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Norwich	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	3—4
Crescents.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Earned runs—Norwich, 2; Crescents, 0. Three base hit—Hackett. Two base hits—Hackett, Long. Double play—Lufberry, Lufberry to Wiegand. Struck out by Ryan—Carbonnell, Hadley, Martin, Lufberry, Lever 2, Lee. Struck out by Gregg—Ryan, Harmett, Clarke, Shea. Passed balls—Jones, 2; Hackett, 1. Scorers—Base hits—Hatfield, Quinn. Flies caught—Norwich, 5; Crescents, 4. Time of game—1:30. Umpire—W. Berryman.

The Liquor Dealers Combined To Break Liquor Ordinances.

It now appears that the money to appeal the case of the city of Plainfield against Joseph B. Miller, who was convicted of illegal liquor selling, was raised by subscription among the liquor dealers in this city, each contributing $15, and signing an agreement to help fight the case to have the ordinance requiring these places to close at eleven o'clock or any other hour declared unconstitutional. At the time this action was taken The NEWS stated that there was some hidden object, as it did not seem reasonable that Mr. Miller, under all the circumstances would have taken the appeal referred to, for he was treated by both judge and jury with utmost leniency, and was fined $100 and into violation by a trio of councilmen who asked him to violate the law to oblige them. The court might not have been so lenient had it suspected that the liquor dealers would thus combine to try and upset our ordinance. But the cat has been let out of the bag, however, by one of them, who contends that it is not the State Liquor Dealers association that is pushing the case, but the Plainfield liquor-dealers themselves.

They have everything their own way at present, and under "broken rule," are in no danger of being molested by the police, as at present controlled, except it happens to be one not in the ring. But it will be only a few weeks longer before the people will have an opportunity to assert themselves, and sweep the combine from power by carrying every ward in the city with TRUE men.

The Dog Was Mad.

Dr. Gibier reports, after a thorough examination, that the dog, which bit Miss Quenzer at her home in Scotch Plains a short time ago, was found to have been in a very advanced state of rabies when it was shot. The doctor inoculated several rabbits and rats with the matter taken from the brain of the mad canine, and those animals are expected to show symptoms of hydrophobia in a few days.

Several dogs which were bitten have been shot by their owners. A valuable dog belonging to Mr. S. C. M. Allen of Scotch Plains was one of the unfortunate animals which came in contact with the rabid animal. Mr. Allen has had the dog chained and if it shows the least symptoms of hydrophobia it will be shot.

North Plainfield Real Estate Transfers.

Among the recent real estate transfers in this vicinity are recorded the following:

Mary E. and David I. Smalley to Nicholas Van Winkle, property in North Plainfield, $2,350

Zachariah Wilson et ux to Higgelyte Taylor, property in West Plainfield, $1.

Count Constantine Pantaleone Ballt will take place Oct. 4. The Count will give a stag dinner at Rosemeath, Sept. 25. He is a member of the firm of Brown Bros. & Co., bankers, New York.

Contractor William F. Rand, of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, one of the best known men on the road, and who was injured in a wreck, is confined to his home, at Easton, Pa., suffering from an incurable disease, which caused his quitting work last April. The fine physicians who have been in attendance say that he will never again be able to do active duty, but may prolong life by retaining quiet. Mr. Rand's case is a very sad one, as he is but forty-five years old and has always been an active, energetic man. He conducted the Boston train which leaves this city at 7:03 a. m.

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STRANGE TALES.

INCIDENTS OCCURRING HEREABOUTS

An Eel Story.

About this season of the year says Mr. Elston French, who is of course an authority, "the eels come down the mountain streams for their outing, by the sea, the change of water from fresh to salt being so indispensable to their health as we mortals regard a change of air." They migrated in such numbers last evening that they crowded each other into the mill race, and choked up the water wheel so as to stop it. Over half a bushel of dead eels were taken out this morning before the wheel could be started. One of the eels was 24 inches long.

A Snake Story.

Recently Janitor McDonald of the North Plainfield public school, while rambling over the fields beyond Watervelt avenue, and within the borough limits, found the skin of a snake which was over six feet long. It had been shed by a black snake. He sent it to THE NEWS office, where it is at present. It is quite complete, and somewhat resembles oiled silk, figured like scale. It is semi-transparent. Mr. McDonald thereby verifies his snake story by producing the skin.

A Cow Story.

Last Monday a cow belonging to Mr. W. E. Brock, of Mountain avenue, the inventor, got its tail caught in a tree, and pulled it out half way down. It whines the flies, or rather tries to, with the stump, and does it even to full length again. Meanwhile the cow will be slightly inconvenienced by trying to reach with the stump the most distant, yet persistent, of the flies.

JOTTINGS.

—Attend the Republican primaries tomorrow night.

—There are four hundred and twenty-seven horses on the track of this country that have a record of 2.30 and less.

—A Chicago cigar man is authority for the statement that the better class of smokers are returning to the pipe for comfort.

—The fashion report from London says that long-tail'd redingote overcoats are the thing for men during the coming Winter.

—Greenbrook road was formerly known as "Maiden Lane," because of the number of maidens of uncertain ages who resided thereon.

—In order to send good delegates to the Congressional Convention attend the Republican primaries to be held at Republican Headquarters to-morrow night.

—Bakers are now using the electric motor as a bread mixer, and are thus enabled to do in four or five minutes an amount of work that would otherwise require hours of hard labor.

—It is wisely suggested that the parents of small boys and others, who are purchasing bicycles for them should caution them not to ride them on the sidewalks. Some are very reckless and are a just cause of fear to pedestrians and others.

—The Plainfields will play the Norwich club, Saturday, to decide what they are pleased to term the "Inter-State Amateur Championship of New Jersey and Connecticut." What a farce! "Champions," yet afraid to play the Rahways!—Rahway Courier.

—Mr. Warren Squires, a resident of North Plainfield, this morning observed a wild pigeon flying over the mountains in the direction of this city. He ran into his house, secured his gun and shot the bird. It is the first one that has been seen in this vicinity this season.

—The members of the Oriental Social Club held their annual ball at Amphion Hall last evening. The affair was well attended. The committee was: General Director, Benj. F. Crane; Floor Manager, James T. Mullen; Assistant Floor Manager, Edward C. Seering; Floor Committee, Edward McCann and Chas Keller.

—Simultaneously with the taking of the recent census, and under government auspices, though by a distinct process, a religious enumeration was made. From approximate figures already announced, it appears that the total church membership in the United States is about 24,000,000, and is gaining at the rate of 1,000,000 a year.

—The Republican Executive committee met last night and elected Mr. F. A. Dunham chairman to succed Mr. C. M. Goddard, whose resignation occurred several months ago on account of his removal from Plainfield to Boston. Mr. S. A. Ginna was elected to fill the vacancy in the Board caused by the resignation referred to, but was not present at the meeting.

—THE NEWS has all along called attention to the scandalous stories sent to New York papers about Plainfield. It is not necessary for us to say that no one connected with this office has ever had anything to do with such matters. The only folks who have been discharged from one paper after another for his lying, is now connected with "Plainfield's only newspaper" where faking and dishonorable methods are resorted to, and are considered a virtue. We warn the public, we are now in possession of the manufacturer of such stories from irresponsible scribblers.

—Ernest Trotter, who was committed to the Somerset county jail recently by Justice Brampton of Bound Brook, on a charge of stealing a horse, spends his leisure hours in singing at the top of his voice. Trotter is only 19 years of age, and his death was occasioned by a thoroughly conceited schemer. He went to the residence of Cornelius Lefferts near Bloomingdale and sold him his cattle worm in a snowball; when Mr. Lefferts went with his help to the field, Trotter stole a horse from the stable, and rode it to Bound Brook, where he tried to sell it for ten dollars.

MR. LINKE CONVICTED.

A Jury Says He Violated the Law by Selling Liquor to Minors.

On July 22d, a sixteen named Schneider sent an ash boy, who was a minor, to Mr. Linke's westside liquor store on West Front street to procure six bottles of lager beer for a customer. Mr. Linke was absent at the time and as Mrs. Linke was ill, a small boy named Kelly was left in charge of the store. Mr. Linke had taken the precaution to warn the boy not to sell liquor to any person who appeared to be under twenty-one years of age or who was a habitual drunkard. The boy, who was sent on the errand, procured the beer, however, and while in the act of delivering it to his employer, he was set on the street by Captain Grant. The captain questioned the boy as to where he had procured the beer. The boy informed him, but the captain waited until last Tuesday before he deemed it advisable to arrest Mr. Linke.

The case came up for trial before City Judge Codington and the following jury this morning: Charles Runyon, B. F. Barnes, J. M. Morrison, E. J. Harding, Eugene O'Reilly, John Rue, Ferdinand Smith, Harry Doane, W. S. Harding, Herman Weber and P. Neise.

William Wilson, the grocer's boy, who is colored, swore that he purchased the beer at Mr. Linke's store and Captain Grant testified that he met the boy carrying the beer.

Mr. Linke and his clerk testified that the sale was not recorded on the book, and that neither of them had any recollection of the sale.

Corporation Counsel Marsh appeared for the prosecution and Borough Counsel Reed looked after Mr. Linke's interests. After they had finished the charge, the jury retired and at about half-past one o'clock returned a verdict of guilty, with a strong recommendation to mercy.

Mr. Linke has two licensed wholesale liquor stores, one in this city and one in North Plainfield, and his attention is accordingly divided between them. He and his wife are very industrious and would not intentionally violate the law in any way. They are very particular as to whom they sell liquor, no minor or drunkard being allowed to purchase it in either place a d consequently Mr. Linke was more than surprised when he was arrested for the technical violation of which he was convicted to-day. There are other unlicensed dealers who are violating the law every day in the week, but the Captain either don't care too, or is afraid to arrest them for the offense. Probably they have what is termed a "pull".

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

The Most Successful One Ever Held.

The W. C. T. U. County Convention which was held yesterday at Westfield, was conceded by the 105 delegates from the local unions to be the best one yet held.

It reported 609 W. C. T. U. members, entitling Union county to a delegate to the National Convention which is to be held in Atlanta, Ga. In the fourteen departments of the Norwich club for the remainder of the term. If this be true the game on Saturday will be one of the best ever played here, but given a dry day, the West Ends should win.—Unionist Gazette

Accidents on the Central.

A man in the employ of the Central Railroad was killed last night at Commonpaw by engine 75, the "Jonah" of the road. The accident occurred two miles above and the engine had to be backed up to extricate the body. Engine 75 is the most "unlucky" one on the road, having been in three or four smashups, and in its time of service has killed half a dozen men. The latest victim belongs at Centerville. His first name is Cornelius. His last is unknown.

Daniel Griggs, a brakeman on the Central Railroad, had his foot caught in a switch in the station at Commonpaw Wednesday night. A train was approaching and was upon him before he could extricate the foot. Griggs threw himself lengthwise on the ground and the train passed over both his legs, cutting them off below the knee. Griggs was removed to St. Francis's Hospital and he died there yesterday. He was twenty-one years old. He lived in this vicinity.

A New Furniture Polish.

Two strangers visited this city one day last week and sold to many of our citizens a furniture polish that "beats the world" and would "make old furniture look new." Upon the purchase of a bottle of the wonderful polish, they would take it look so bright and fresh that it would be a pleasure to look upon it. Towards evening of the day in which they had met with such extraordinary success when they called upon Mrs. Coffey, who had purchased one of the polish bottles and purchased a half gallon of turpentine on Carney's principle, that she could "beat the world" and so when these strangers called upon her she refused to purchase any more. Only a few persons were induced to buy the polish, and these started in search of the strangers, but they had left the city. The only polish they left was turpentine and water.

Plainfield Choral Society.

The list of subscriptions, (which is necessarily limited in number by the seats of concerts) for the above named society, is almost complete.

Those intending to subscribe should send their names to H. O. Newman, treasurer.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

$6,000 Fire at Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Sept. 19th, (special.)—The paint and oil store of Andrews Bros., on Bond street was to-day gutted by fire. Loss $6,000. Insurance $4,000. The explosion of an oil lamp was the cause. George Miller, foreman of the place, was severely burned about the head and body by chemicals.

BASE BALL.

Comments From the Somerville Papers.

The second game of the series between the Crescents of this city and the West Ends of Somerville, which is to take place in this city to-morrow, is attracting widespread interest. The New York sun of yesterday devoted a quarter of a column in commenting upon the coming contest. In any event, the contest will undoubtedly be one that will eclipse anything that has taken place on the grounds in this city this season. The following from the Somerville papers is of interest:

After nearly a whole season of talk concerning the relative merits of the Crescent League team of Plainfield and the West Ends of this place, the latter aggregation finally got together and arranged a series of three games, of which the one on Saturday last was the first. The Crescents have been playing a very strong game all season and believe their team was invincible. The West End club have defeated some of the strongest semi-professional clubs on the diamond, and although the members of the Association had full confidence in the ability of their club to do valiant battle, there was that vague, unknown quantity as well as quality about the Crescents from the fourth definitely ascertain until the last man was put out.—Somerset Unionist Gazette.

NOTES.

Poor fellow! He had it. After Saturday's game he asked ticket clerk Roger at the station for a ticket "Where to?" he was asked. "West Ends 2—I mean Plainfield," was his mournful reply.

Umpire Quinn's decisions on Saturday gave very general satisfaction. It was he who umpired the Yale-Princeton games.

At the request of Nativity's nine some of the enthusiastic members of the Association made a rush for Harkins and carried him off the ground in their arms. An air cage was also made to kidnap Carbonell, but the attempt was frustrated by a frown.

Umpire Quinn's decision of the clubs as indicated by the game last Saturday is unquestionably favorable to the West End club. It is considered by competent judges of both clubs that Gregg's pitching was simply pie for the West Ends, and all that saved him from being knocked out of the box was the condition of the weather. For instance: Riley's home run hit in the sixth inning, O'Rourke's long fly which immediately followed would, with a dry ball, have gone over the field fence. As to fielding, the record of a wet ball time Harkins, yet he struck but one man out; Harkins struck out seven and got a base hit each time. As to batting, the clubs are fairly matched; the errors on both sides were partly excusable by reason of the wet ground and ball. As to players, both clubs have recently made valuable acquisitions. The Crescents have Hatfield over Lever, and the West Ends Riley, O'Rourke and Bowe. It is rumored, however, that Clements has signed with Upsal Institute of the Norwich club for the remainder of the season. If this be true the game on Saturday will be one of the best ever played here, but given a dry day, the West Ends should win.—Unionist Gazette

Courts.

The September term of the Somerset county Court will begin on Tuesday next. A list of the causes to be tried as far as can now be ascertained follows herewith. The list is not official as to order, but those in the Supreme Court are given in the order of date of filing:

SUPREME COURT.

Bauer v. Rockwell.—On contract. A. A. Clark; Abrm. Kalisch

Rice v. Stockwell.—In tort. C. A. Marsh; Jackson & Codington.

Nineteenth Ward Bank v. Mellbaney.—On contract. C. A. Marsh; Lewis H. Schenck.

Young v. Hatfield et al.—On contract. A. A. Clark; J. S. Atkin.

Skillman v. Schoonp.—On contract. James J. Griggs; Martin Wyckoff.

Coddington v. Spencer. — On contract. Clark & Read; James L. Griggs.

Sibrell v. Rice.—In tort. R. V. Lindsbury; C. A. Marsh.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Glentzer v. Hill, et al.—In replevin. Jack son & Codington; C. A. Marsh.

Tunison & Bowman v. Central R. R. of N. J.—In tort. Traphagen & Beekman; B. Wilkinson.

Oltman v. Shaw.—On contract. Williams & Edwards; J. C. Garretson.

Hodge v. Du Camp.—On contract. J. C. Garretson; James L. Griggs.

Johnson v. Mellbaney.—On contract. James L. Griggs; L. H. Schenck.

Van Nest, admr., v. Eck.—On contract. James L. Griggs; Martin Wyckoff.

Voorhees v. Phila. and Reading R. R. Co.—In tort. James L. Griggs; A. G. Richey & Son.

Wellwood v. Dunster.—In tort. W. W. Cutler; A. A. Clark.

Patterson v. James J Borgen, et al., exrs. —On contract. Alfred Dixon; J. J. Bergen.

Dunster v. Wellwood.—In tort. D. E. Bodine; Codington.

The Unionist-Gazette Ass'n v. Somerset County Democratic Committee. A. V. D. Honeyman; John A. Frech.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield post office for the month ending September 19, 1890:

Adams, Mrs C K — Bullock, Mrs C E
Bell, Mrs Mary — Bullock, Mrs Mary
Burke, Mrs Margaret — Johnson, Miss L. J.
Burke, Mrs — Johnson, Miss
Burgess, Mr — Kinsman, Miss
Burgess, Mr — Kelly, Miss Della
Bowman, Mrs — Kelly, Miss Mattie
Bowman, Mrs — Klugsberg, G
Carter, Mrs V J — Kniffer, E S
Carter, Mrs — Lewis, Mrs Mary
Cook, Mrs Henry — McFadden, M I
Carver, Miss Maude — Meyers, Herman
Carver, Miss Mary — Meyers, Mrs
Conklin, Coley — McCaffery, Bridget
Cook, Mrs — Miller, Mr
Dodds, Miss — Oakley, Charles
Dawson, William — Pitkin, Mr
Dunn, Miss Mary L — Randolph, E S
Dunn, Miss Marianna — Rivas, Mrs George
Dunn, Miss Maude — Tooney, Roscoe
Davis, Mrs — Thomas, Miss Pamelia B
Davis, E T — Van Cleve, Mrs Carrie
Griggs, Linda — Vorhees, Mrs E
Griggs, — Wilson, Mrs Hattie
Hopkins, Samuel — Watkins, Miss Alice
Hopkins, Mrs E — Hughes, Mrs Annie
Hopkins, W John — Wilkin, Miss M.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

R. B. PIPER, Postmaster.

Biggest Inducement

EVER OFFERED IN PLAINFIELD.

[illegible] ONLY one pound to every purchaser of a pound of our famous [illegible] Mixed Tea, Rice of Granulated Sugar, FREE.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a Very Choice Stock of Shoes for Fall trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.

We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

13 W. FRONT STREET.

THE MAJORITY

of our F[illegible] goods are here. The weather for the past few days has been somewhat against us, but we will be ready for good weather when it comes.

In the meantime our cellar is full of

RUBBER BOOTS and RUBBER OVERSHOES,

THE BEST MAKES and the LOWEST PRICES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN BUYERS

TO

Boehm's Popular Bargain Resort,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Where can be found bargains in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Gentlemen's Furnishing and Millinery Goods at fair prices. Don't fail to attend the bargain hunt as the excursion will start every day this week at 7 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. No tickets issued. Everybody welcome.

Died.

MEYERS—At Colorado Springs Sept. 19th, Lucy P., daughter of Mrs. Florence Meyers of this city.

Interment will be made at Colorado Springs Monday, Sept. 22d

Cents-a-Word Column.

A COACHMAN wants situation. Gentleman; family appearing, educated, and thoroughly understands his business. Also slight knowledge of gardening. Address for three days "Coachman," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

FURNISHED house to let for the Winter. Desirable location. Rent $10 per month to desirable party. Lyman & Anthony, real estate, opposite depot.

COMPETENT woman wants work by the day. Cleaning or laundry work. 13 West Sixth street. 18-2

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue.

LARGE pleasant rooms. Good, table. Jacob Tingley, 35 West Fourth street.

LOST—Saturday evening, a small York shire terrier. Liberal reward paid for its return at once to 119 Rockview avenue. 9-15tf

THREE girls wanted—Cook, upstairs girl, and waitress. Good wages. Best of references required. Address "J. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-2

TO LET—New five-room house on sixth road street near Terrill. Ten datums. 16-tf

WANTED—Plain sewing, at home. Miss Magie, 198 East Front street, city.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. Reference required. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 17tf

WANTED—A girl who understands plain sewing, on Singer sewing machine. Must thoroughly know how to regulate the machine. Apply at 56 East sixth street office. 18-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be strong, willing and competent. Address "R. F.," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-tf

WANTED—75 carpenters. At the Linden Race Track, Elizabeth. Apply to John E. Pender, 31 Geneva street, Elizabeth, N. J.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Must also help two days of the week in housework. Apply, willing to work girl, with knowledge of the English language required. Address "S," care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to fill position of housekeeper. Small family; no other servants. Must be willing to live in the country. Apply at EVENING NEWS office. 16-tf

WANTED—An active, honest man, salary $1000 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. Reference, Manufacturer, Lock Box 1693, N. Y. 9-13 10-4 ly

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Thursday, Sept. 25.

A massive monopoly, orusting a new standard attraction will be added to amusement enterprise. Hundreds as a result unable to secure standing room during its recent New York engagements.

W. S Cleveland's

CONSOLIDATED MINSTRELS.

The prince of minstrels, Billy Emerson, Barney Fagan, Hughey Dougherty, John Schoolcraft, and over half a hundred minstrel notables, in conjunction with the reigning sensation of the age, the

THE CRAGS—Daring British; Graceful Gentlemen; Marvelous Acrobats.

The whole surrounding $1,000 actual daily outlay. Seats on sale Tuesday. Prices 50, 75 and $1.

MOY'S

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse plants. Inquire office, corner Second and Madison avenue.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and tea-man, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, dried lima beans, green peas, white ginger, stone, rock and glassware, fresh spices, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and fine wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, to the finest perfection, and sold at wholesale prices. Also mantel lambrequins, fancy work by Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Park street. Call and see samples. 25-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Schaefer's Barber Shop, Watchung avenue, 94 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Eldridge is compelled at the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain another week in Plainfield. She is meeting positively only on Wednesday morning, September 24th, and this is the last opportunity. 13-tw

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and plants, including beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, now surveyed, at Dunham's Nursery No. 127 Bleecker street. 9-20-1y

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH AVENUE, STREET.

W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATES A WEEK, OR, IF IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL, 61.

Some Railroad Figures.

If the interstate commerce commission did no other good thing the railroad statistics it collects annually would stand to its credit. The field of operations included in the year's labors embraces 609 roads and 158,308 miles of railway.

We find from the figures that on the average every mile of railroad in the United States netted last year clear of all expenses $661, which shows that it was a year of prosperity for railways. Moreover, average dividends have been paid to the amount of $35 a mile. At the same time a surplus of $126 to the mile of line is still left for future operations. The total railway property in the country is represented by stocks and bonds to the amount of $7,766,745,677, a sum showing the enormous proportions the railroad interests of the country have reached. Some curious figures appear in the matter of relative amounts of earnings from freight and passenger traffic. In 1889 passenger earnings increased considerably over what they were in 1888, but freight earnings diminished in almost the same ratio.

For every hundred miles of line in the Union 459 men are employed, whereas in England for every hundred miles of line the number of employes is five greater. This shows one of two things. Either Americans are more capable and can do more than the average old country employe, or else the railroads there are better kept up than they are in America, and employes are not worked so many hours, and the railroads here are insufficiently manned. One thing is certain—labor there does not cost as much as here. The total number of railway employes in the Union is 704,577. Supposing each man's labor supports four individuals, including himself, we have an army of nearly 3,000,000 people directly maintained by the railroads.

There are some figures not pleasant to read. During 1889 1973 railway employes were killed in the United States and 20,020 were injured. That is to say, 1 employe out of every 357 was killed during 1889, and 1 out of every 35 was injured. This is frightful to contemplate. It looks like recklessness somewhere that is nothing less than criminal. The ratio of railway employes killed and injured in Great Britain falls much below these figures.

Single Tax.

A central union of all the single tax clubs in America was formed recently at a meeting of delegates in New York city. At the meeting were 420 delegates, representing single tax organizations in thirty-three states. Louis F. Post was elected president of the central organization. Among the delegates was Will Iam Lloyd Garrison, son of the anti slavery agitator

One statement brought out at the meeting of delegates was that the Salvation Army, having grappled with poverty, vice and misery, in all their forms, was beginning to look about for remedies among the human means adopted for the alleviation of distress, and was becoming interested in social questions. Mrs Baffington Booth herself is said to be a single tax advocate, and the social department of the Salvation Army is under the supervision of a single tax man.

One of the single tax delegates was the city attorney of Houston, Tex., Mr Ring. He informed the meeting that the Farmers' Alliance of his state numbered 50,000 to 75,000 members. The whole body of men were favorable to single tax, and many of their leaders were openly committed to it. President Post believed that the originator of the single tax agitation in America saw the hand of God in the movement. Furthermore, the movement will broaden till it takes in the whole Democratic party. If this be true, then the Lord is with the Democratic party rather than with the Republicans.

The British government has passed a law requiring improved life saving appliances aboard ships. One of the requirements is a life belt capable of floating in the water twenty-four hours with fifteen pounds of iron attached. The life belt that needs to be inflated before it can be used is discarded. The one substituted must be ready for use at once, and must, besides, be cut out two inches under the armpits and made to stay in its place securely, and must be made air tight by being manufactured of textile fabric stooped in a solution of india rubber. On every ship there must be at least one such belt for every passenger. Those ornamental structures stitched securely up in canvas and suspended above the deck of all steamers, and which are called by compliment life boats, also get an overhauling. They need it. If a ship should strike a rock and go down in twenty minutes afterward, there is at present scarcely one steamer's crew in fifty that could get the boats out ready for the passengers before the vessel sank.

RUNNING THE BLOCKADE.

Congressmen Who Stormed the Doors of the House.

ONE MENGER'S NOSE BROKEN.

But the Unhappy Accident Was Wholly Unintentional—The Representative Objected to Having the Doors Locked During Roll Call—The Deadlock.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The house spent the day trying to secure a quorum so as to take action on the Langston-Venable contest growing contested election case. The Democrats refraining from voting, succeeded in breaking the quorum, and the house, without taking action on the case, adjourned. The call showed the presence of 178 members. The speaker directed the clerk to call the roll on the approval of the journal. Mr. Crisp (Ga.) insisted that during a call of the house only two motions were in order—one to dispense with further proceedings under the call and to adjourn.

Mr. Haugen (Wis.) then moved to dispense with further proceedings under the call. During the call of the roll the one door which has always been kept open to disperse and receive light, and the two doorkeepers were stationed at it to prevent members leaving the chamber.

A Member's Nose Broken.

The first gentleman followed this enforced imprisonment was Mr Kilgore (Tex.), who forced back the slight fastening and walked into the lobby. Mr. Dingley (Me.) was directly in front of the door when Mr. Kilgore broke the latch. Mr. Dingley received the full force of the contact with the door, and his nose bled profusely. It is thought that the injured organ is broken.

Breaking the Blockade.

Mr. Kilgore was followed by Crain (Tex.), Cummings (N. Y.) and Coleman (La.), who approached the door together, and, upon being informed that there was no "thoroughfare," manifested such a disposition to break the door from its hinges that one of the doorkeepers prudently removed the latch and permitted them to pass out. After this the door was left unlatched. Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with—yeas, 135; nays, 28. The journal was then approved—yeas, 153; nays, 5, the clerk noting a quorum.

Mr. Haugen demanded the previous question on the Langston-Venable contested election case. On ordering the previous question the vote stood—yeas, 135; nays, 19. This being no quorum the house adjourned.

To Break the Deadlock.

A caucus of Republican members was immediately held to determine on means to break the deadlock now prevailing in the house, and after a long discussion about amending the rules to prevent a quorum from being broken when once secured, it was decided to call the roll to ascertain how many members were present. The call showed that 145 Republican members were in the hall. To make a quorum nine more members would be required. Several Republican members who were not present are in the city, and it was stated that about a dozen Democrats, who are out of town, sufficient to make a quorum, could be secured for attendance today. It was decided that telegrams should be sent to all absentees to return to Washington without delay.

The statement is authorized by prominent Republican members that the house will refuse to allow congress to adjourn until the Langston-Venable case is disposed of.

$200 a Fine Members Who Leave.

Mr Walker (Mass.) has introduced in the house an amendment to a resolution introduced by himself last week providing for an amendment to the rules of the house relative to roll calls. The amendment to the amendment provides that any member who is in the hall of the house at any time during the call of the house, and who fails to vote when the yeas and nays are called under this rule shall be fined $40, the amount of the fine to be deducted from the pay roll, and the speaker shall not entertain a motion for change or remission of the fine

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The senate discussed and adopted a resolution introduced by Mr. Plumb calling on the secretary of the treasury for information about the purchase for silver bullion purchased under the new silver law, and listened to eulogies over the late Representative Cobb, of Neb. Mr. Stewart did not believe there was any serious financial disturbance in the country. It was confined to the city of New York. He thought that bullion should be coined as they were, and that the secretary of the treasury should be permitted to use his discretion. He doubted the policy of paying a year's interest on bonds in advance. The scare was gotten up by Wall street.

Secretary Windom Criticised.

Mr. Plumb spoke of the conspicuous illustration that has taken place within the last few weeks of the impolicy of allowing the treasury department to obstruct or supplement the business of the country. For years the treasury department, he said, had hoarded money, and during all that time the volume of currency had been constantly increasing on account of the withdrawal of the national bank notes. The secretary had seen the business of the country hampered, but he had waited until a panic was impending and then had given out the money to the holders of government bonds under such circumstances as to enable them, and not him, to control the money supply of the country during their pleasure. The money, which could have been put out at the will of the secretary, was locked in the hands of the men who owned bonds—to the amount of $20,000,000—and it was perfectly safe to say that these men would use it for benefit of themselves and not in the interest of the people. Nothing, Mr. Plumb said, but an overwhelming calamity would ever divorce the treasury from such malicious interference with the business of the country.

Eight Thousand Firemen in Line.

CHESTER, Pa., Sept. 19.—The parade of the firemen Thursday afternoon was participated in by 8,000 men, and was the most imposing demonstration of the kind ever witnessed in the state. The column, which was divided into four divisions, took [illegible] hours to pass a certain point. Every city in the [illegible] were represented [illegible] from New Jersey, Maryland and Washington [illegible] were the most striking features of the parade [illegible] Bankard, [illegible] Chester Fire Association [illegible] the second silver [illegible] medals, of N. J., and [illegible] Hose Co., of [illegible] for the handsomest [illegible] men in the [illegible]

THEY DIED FOR LOVE.

The Remarkable Tragedy Enacted by a Young Germania Couple.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Two German lovers, one a young actress who wanted to die, and the other a young artist who didn't want to die but wanted to marry her, enacted a lurid Bowery melodrama just before sunrise by simultaneously, or as near as they could come to it, murdering themselves. Gustave Ludwig, the girl in her room at the southeast corner of Canal and Bowery, and the man on the elevated railroad station under her window. The man seems to have killed himself at the instigation of the girl.

The actress was Emilie Rossi, who arrived here from Hamburg on Aug. 31 to play juvenile roles in the Amberg theatre this winter. The man was Gustav Koch, who had been Photographer Falk's chief retoucher and manipulator for four years. Emilie Rossi was only 19. She played in the Thalia theatre three years ago and made a success. She first met Koch then. Koch was then married, but childless. He got a divorce, and had been living alone for a year in a rented room at 232 East Twelfth street. Since Miss Rossi's last arrival in New York the two had been much together. He was her acknowledged suitor.

Miss Emilie Rossi, the girl's mother, is known in Berlin and Hamburg as a popular writer of novelettes and comedies. She became very ambitious that her young daughter should excel her. The girl, however, was crazy to go on the stage, and did so before she was 15 years old. She made a quick success in light juvenile parts in Berlin, and when the Amberg season went over in 1887 he engaged her for a season in New York.

Just after 5 o'clock Koch came up the steps of the elevated station and walked to the south end of the platform. Ticket Chopper Edward Barton saw him look up at the third window of the house. It was dressed with great care. About a quarter after 5 the gateman heard voices, and turned round to look at the man. He was speaking in a low voice to some one in the window above him. The other voice was that of a woman. Both spoke very earnestly, but too low for the gateman to overhear. Then the man rested one hand on the railing, facing the window, dropped his head on his chest, and stood motionless. Immediately there was the muffled sound of a pistol shot. It seemed to come from the house. Almost immediately afterward there was a loud report, and the gateman saw the man stagger and fall. He had a new 38-caliber revolver in his hand and a hole in his right temple a little higher than the ear. He appeared to be dead.

The gateman shouted an alarm and told of the other pistol shot he had heard. Mr. Knorrs hurried to Miss Rossi's room, the door of which was found open. The girl lay upon her bed, dead. A new 32-caliber revolver lay beside her.

The girl had been up, prepared evidently for the tryst. She had been writing, and the table was covered with letter sheets written over in a neat, feminine hand. The girl herself as she lay upon her white bed was arrayed in a white night dress decked with lace. Under her heart there was a red spot on her white skin, which betrayed where the bullet had entered. In her white robe a spray of heliotrope was pinned. Across her bosom was spread a fine white handkerchief. The bullet had passed through it. A card was found in her room which had evidently come with the handkerchief. It contained but a few words written in Koch's handwriting. It presented her with "this handkerchief bedewed by my tears."

From letters left by the girl she had determined to die because of the opposition of her parents to her career, and had urged Koch to die with her.

Kentucky's Constitutional Convention.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 19.—After a rest of three days the constitutional convention assembled to finish the report of the committee on rules. This was done in short order, when President Clay announced his standing committees, twenty-four in number. The most important of these are those of election, George Washington, chairman, executive officers for the state at large, Judge L. E. Harris, chairman; on the judiciary department, Judge T. H. Hines, chairman; revision of constitution, Dr. Breckinridge, chairman; corporations, S. H. Boles, chairman. Governor Buckner offered a significant resolution in view of the Louisiana lottery fight. It instructed the committee on the beating of any lottery grant or any privileges to sell lottery tickets, and to withdraw privileges previously granted.

Germany's Official Denial.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—Lieut. Schmidt cables from Zanzibar an official denial that proclamation permitting the slave traffic has been posted. He says that the report was one of the malicious falsehoods which are being continually circulated in the hope of creating ill feeling against the Germans. The Reichsanzeiger says the statement is deliberated to continue as hitherto to relentlessly oppose slave hunting and professional trading in slaves, and will reserve the choice of the proper moment to further restrict slavery.

To Purchase the Milwaukee and Northern.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—A special from Milwaukee to The Evening Post says the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad has decided to purchase the Milwaukee and Northern railroad and that the deal will be formally closed Saturday. A fear that the Canadian Pacific might gobble the Northern road and thus secure an entrance into Milwaukee is said to be the main reason why the St. Paul directors decided upon the purchase. The price is said to be around $1,000,000.

Held Up by Highwaymen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—A San Andreas special report—that a stage from Valley Springs to San Andreas was stopped about four miles from the latter town by two masked men. Eight passengers were robbed of about $50, and the wooden treasure box of Wells, Fargo & Co. was also taken.

A Thrilling Rescue of Slaves.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 19.—A slave dhow was chased by British boats yesterday and after an exciting chase was overhauled. Several shots were fired before the capture was effected. The captain, an Arab, was killed by one of the shots. The crew swam ashore and escaped. Fifty slaves were rescued.

Two Killed by a Cyclone.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 19.—An Atlantic (Iowa) special to The Tribune, says: A cyclone passed last evening four miles south of Manning, Ia. Two persons are reported killed and a number injured. The damage will be heavy.

Sunset and Gay Trot.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 19.—At the Driving park, Thursday, Sunset trotted a mile in 2:13¾, and Guy was under the same distance in 2:12¾. The track was heavy.

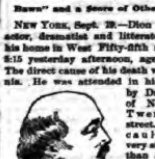
DION BOUCICAULT DEAD.

The Great Playwright's Life Drama Is Over.

PNEUMONIA THE FATAL MALADY.

The Long and Remarkable Career of the Man Who Wrote "Rip Van Winkle," "London Assurance," "The Colleen Bawn" and a Score of Other Plays.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Dion Boucicault, actor, dramatist and litterateur, died at his home in West Fifty-fifth street about 8:15 yesterday afternoon, aged 66 years. The direct cause of his death was pneumonia. He was attended in his last illness by Dr. Delafield, of No. 12 West Twenty-sixth street. Mr. Boucicault had been very sick for more than a year. He suffered from heart trouble, and in August last he called on Dr. Delafield, who saw at once that it was only a question of a short time when this malady would prove fatal, and Mr. Boucicault himself recognized the fact that he was a doomed man. In spite of this physician's advice last week he journeyed to Daly's theater, where Sol Smith Russell was performing his play. A severe attack of heart disease ensued, and he was compelled to leave the theatre. Last Saturday he went to the Madison square theatre to make preparations for continuing his School of Acting.



DION BOUCICAULT.

It was raining in torrents and he caught a terrible cold. Pneumonia set in and ended his remarkable career. The last person he recognized was his wife, professionally known as Louise Thorndyke.

Mr. Boucicault's Career.

There can be no doubt that in the death of Dion Boucicault the light of a great and wonderfully versatile genius has gone out. A most successful dramatist, and an actor of protean talents, it is idle to deny to Boucicault the measure of his deserving. Mr. Boucicault was born in Dublin, Dec. 26, 1822. His father was a refugee from France and his mother a Dublin woman. He was not over 16 years old when he began to attract attention by the spirited way in which he played Irish roles. A lighter foot, a more tuneful voice and a more catchy humor had not struck the province in many a year.

A Great Hit at Eighteen.

He was still a stripling when he astonished the world with "London Assurance," the play above all others, unless it be "The Shaughraun," of which his name will be associated in the future. Well might he speak the familiar verse, "You'd scarce expect one of my age," when Charles Matthews lead him, a blushing youth of 18, before the curtain. He was greeted with wild cheers, and scored a great triumph. There is no doubt that Boucicault was helped in the writing of "London Assurance" by the suggestions of John Brougham, but that generous fellow gave honest credit to Boucicault as the real author to whom credit for it belonged.

His Matrimonial Troubles.

The success of "London Assurance" brought Boucicault to London. He was borne up on a high wave of success. He was attached to the Princess' theatre under contract with Charles Keane, who gave him $200 a year to adapt French plays. "Louis XI" was one of the plays which he wrote under this contract, and it was played with great success by Keane and Ellen Tree in 1856. On the death of his first wife he married Miss Agnes Robertson, the adopted daughter of Mrs. Charles Kean. Six children were the result of this marriage, yet it ended in disaster. He was accused of starving and beating her, and in the proceedings for divorce which she brought he made terrible charges against himcharges which he denied with tears.

Before his family skeleton was aired Boucicault was everywhere hailed as a prince among good fellows. He spent his money like a lord. He was witty, sociable and attractive, and as a conversationalist he had few equals. His marital troubles estranged many of his friends.

His Plays.

Boucicault himself could not name all the plays which had come from his pen, but he once gave a list of those which he "survived," and it is as follows:

"London Assurance," "Used Up," "Irish Heiress," "Old Heads and Young Hearts," "Love and Money," "The Willow Copse," "Love in a Maze," "Corsican Brothers," "Louis and Marguerite," "Louis XI," "James Pride," "Life of an Actress," "Streets of New York," "Jessie Brown," "Dot," "Octoroon," "Jeanie Deans," "Colleen Bawn," "Arra na Pogue," "How She Loved Him," "Hunted Down," "Long Strike," "Formosa," "Flying Scud," "After Dark," "Kiss," "Rip Van Winkle," "Lost at Sea," "Foul Play," "Lend Me Five," "Daddy O'Dowd," "Kerry," "Shaugraun," "Forbidden Fruit," "The Jilt" and "The Tale of a Coat." The last piece mentioned was recently produced by Sol Smith Russell.

Three thirty-five plays were performed on an average 130 nights each by their first cast, exclusive of revivals and repeated runs, making about 5,000 nights. It has been calculated that during the last twenty-five years there has not been a single night on which some one of the numerous repertoire of this dramatist has not been played, either in the United States, Great Britain or Australia. It is estimated that the public have paid $40,000,000 to see his plays acted.

An indefatigable student, a hard and quick worker who loved his work better than recreation; a hard hitter and generous forgiver, a man who knew human nature through and through and who could catch it on the wing and furnish it in his inimitable acting; a powerful controversialist and a philosopher, there never was but one Dion Boucicault and there is not likely to be another.

Mine Superintendent Davis Shot.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 19.—An attempt was made last evening to assassinate Dr. D. Davis, superintendent of the Etna Coal company's mines at Whiteside, fourteen miles west of here. He was shot in the left shoulder, the bullet penetrating the lung. The shooting is supposed to have resulted from a protracted strike among the miners.

Knives, Clubs, Corn Cutters, Revolvers.

VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 19.—In a row between the Devins and Bear families Saturday knives, clubs, corn cutters and revolvers were used. Rufus Blevins was shot and instantly killed. Three others were fatally injured.

Mr. Rockefeller's Liberal Gift.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—John D. Rockefeller has just given $1,000,000 more to the new Chicago Baptist university in addition to the $600,000 which he contributed previously. This munificent offer was laid before the board of trustees of the institution and was quickly accepted. Success, at least so far as it depends upon financial considerations, is already assured to the university. The board of trustees have elected Professor W. R. Harper, of Yale college, president of the new institution. Mr. Harper has not yet signified his acceptance, but it is thought he will do so.

Train Wreckers Indicted.

ALBANY, Sept. 19.—The grand jury at Troy have indicted Cain, Hunt and Kiernan under section 635 of the penal code, charging them with misplacing a switch two miles above the point where the train was wrecked. It is said that Cordtla's and Kiernan's cases were considered and as no evidence against them was found they will be discharged.

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7 hooks, in white, tan and brown (special), 85c.

First Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown at 98c.

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All kinds of light machinery and bicycles repaired at short notice.

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Sincerely thanking our friends and customers for the many favors in the past we solicit the continuance of the same, of course which will receive prompt attention.

Terms cash; prices given to the trade on application.

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Perfect Parlor Stoves

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Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges, Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

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RUSSET SHOES

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Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST — STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

Sr. 8 PARK AVENUE.

ARRESTED IN IRELAND.

Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon Taken to Jail.

THE GOVERNMENT'S NEW CRUSADE

A Move to Break Up the Proposed Trip to America and Defeat O'Brien's Campaign Against Several Large Estates. Mr. Parnell May Come to America.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The sudden arrest of the Irish leaders, William O'Brien and John Dillon, just before their departure for America gives rise to a variety of speculations as to the motive which has inspired the government to enter upon this new crusade against Nationalism. From well informed sources, however, we learn that the movement which has caused such surprise to the public is the result of pressure brought to bear upon the government by the Irish Tories, who feared that Mr. O'Brien was arranging a campaign against several large estates similar to the one so successfully carried out on the Smith-Barry lands at Tipperary. Barry's great wealth enables him to survive the depopulation of his domains, but there are many cases in which such an exodus would mean ruin to the landlords.

Mr. O'Brien was also credited with the intention of utilizing the distress caused by the potato blight as a means of stirring up feeling against the landlord system, which would be coupled with the responsibility for keeping the people too poor to accumulate even the few pounds required to help them through an occasional bad season.

To Prevent the American Tour.

The suggestion to nip these schemes in the bud by a wholesale jailing of Mr. O'Brien and his friends, on general charges of technical violation of the laws, dates originally from the Dublin castle authorities, but was readily acquiesced by Secretary Balfour. Doubtless a desire to prevent the proposed American tour of O'Brien and others had its weight among the motives leading to the arrests, but this is not believed to have been the principal incentive.

Mr O'Brien's last trip through America and Canada did not have sufficient effect to justify any great apprehensions.

Nationalists Are Not Discouraged.

The Nationalists are not at all dismayed by the new turn of events; in fact, they are already claiming that their cause will be all the stronger on account of a renewal of England's proverbial tactics of persecution. They confidently predict that American liberality will be greatly stimulated by what has occurred. If this expectation is realized the government may find that in attempting to strangle the league it has only succeeded in bringing to it fresh strength and a longer lease of life. The consensus of imperial opinion as gathered in the clubs and other resorts seems to be that the movement has entered upon a course in which experience shows that there is little prestige to be gained.

Parnell May Come Over Instead.

Mr. Parnell has been counting upon great results from the proposed American stumping tour, as he is nervously anxious to have a large fund raised for the important elections of 1891, and it is thought possible that he will go to the states and deliver a series of appeals himself if Messrs. O'Brien, Dillon and others are kept at home.

The Government's Charges.

The charges on which Mr. O'Brien and Mr. O'Brien were arrested are conspiracy and inciting the tenants on Smith-Barry's estate not to pay their rents. Mr. Dillon's arrest was made at Ballybrack. He was at once hurried, under strong guard and with the utmost secrecy, to the railway station.

Mr. O'Brien's arrest was made at the Glengariff hotel in the presence of Mrs. O'Brien. The charges against Mr. O'Brien are based upon speeches made by him at Limerick and Tipperary, in which, it is alleged, he advised his auditors not to pay rent.

Warrants for Others.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of Messrs. Sheedy and Condon, members of the house of commons; Mr. Patrick O'Brien and Mr. David Humphreys, of Tipperary, and Mr. Dalton.

The Parnellites anticipate a general raid following today's arrests, with a view to suppressing the league, and Mr. Parnell has arranged for an early meeting of his followers in London. Messrs. T. P. O'Connor and James J. O'Kelly will probably take the leads on the defensive engaged for Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon.

Mr. Dillon Interviewed.

DUBLIN, Sept. 19.—In an interview after his arrest Mr. Dillon said that he was mystified as to the object of the government behind the arrest. He warned Mr. O'Brien and himself and others from proceeding to America. He was certain, however, that the American friends of Ireland would not in any event withhold needed support from the unfortunate tenants on the Tipperary and other estates.

The unjust and arbitrary action of the government would injure the opponents of the tenants' rights more than a dozen public meetings. He called attention to the coincidence of Father Conway denouncing him and his colleagues from the altar in the Tipperary church at the very moment when the warrants of arrest were being drawn, and appealed to the people to say whether this could have been merely accidental or whether it did not indicate collusion between certain members of the priesthood and the Tory enemies of Ireland. He had satisfied himself that all reports of dissension in the ranks of the Nationalists were unfounded. He had traced these malicious stories to a drunken renegade member of parliament. The Nationalists were stronger today than ever before, and would only be more firmly united on account of the arrests.

Mrs. O'Brien Is with Him.

TIPPERARY, Sept. 19.—Mr. O'Brien and his wife arrived here at 9 o'clock last evening. The public lamps had been left unlighted in order to discourage any gathering of the people, but many citizens met the party at the station, or cheered them as they passed through the streets. Canon Dahill and other friends visited them at the court house, where they were taken. Mr. O'Brien is now in fairly good health, and can stand prison life better than he could during his last severe experience of that kind. Mr Dillon, however, is quite delicate. Both of them expect that they will be forced to serve the maximum term of six months.

A Boy's Horrible Death.

OLEAN, N. Y., Sept. 19.—At the farm of Charles Reynolds, in the town of Allegany, Thursday, a boy named Kaiser fell into the cylinder of a steam threshing machine and was instantly ground to pieces.

THE WORLD OF POLITICS.

They State Democratic Choice Their Leaders. Position of Notes.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 19.—The Democratic state convention nominated the following ticket:

Governor, William E. Russell, of Cambridge.

Lieutenant governor, John Corcoran, of Clinton.

Secretary of state, Elbridge Cushman, of Lake Village.

Treasurer, William D. Trufrey, of Marblehead.

Auditor, Edward L. Munn, of Holyoke.

Attorney general, Elisha B. Maynard, of Springfield.

They Won't Fight.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 19.—In the heat of the senatorial canvass it was feared that personal enmity was likely to ensue through rumors circulated by friends of Governor Gordon and Col. Livingston. At the request of these gentlemen a board of honor took up the matter and brought about a settlement of so much of it as was personal.

HE WANTED ANOTHER VICTIM.

Hein Attempted Three Times to Kill His Mother-in-Law.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 19.—It was learned by Coroner S. C. Whittier that Fred H. J. Hein attempted to add to his list of victims his mother-in-law, Mrs. Lucas, whom he never liked. It is known that he went three times to her house in Hill street, near his own, and failed to force an entrance; but failed to do so because Mrs. Lucas, alarmed by his frequent threats to take her life, always kept her door locked. Mrs. Lucas told a reporter that Hein was a perfect brute; that his own mother, whom he had shamefully abused, warned Alice Lucas not to marry him; that, although Hein never struck his wife, he frequently threatened her life; that he denied her proper clothing, and that his cruelties forced his wife to leave him.

The talk against her daughter's character, Mrs. Lucas says, is untrue. On the other hand, Hein is highly spoken of by those who knew him as being a sober, industrious fellow, who was made desperate by his wife's unfaithfulness. The second daughter, Maud, and C. W. Taylor, the fiancé, victim of Hein's fury, are both in a critical condition, and it is feared they cannot live more than a few hours.

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Al berta P. Cox 1890

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM is remembered by all known in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Organist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils on piano and vocal culture after Sept. 21st. Miss Babcock teaches music and singing, as taught by the Tonic, of Milan, and the Leipsic method (Germany), and will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harmony 9 3 2w*

MISS J. L. ANDERSON pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 15th, 1890. In each department through instruction is given, care being taken to make actual life situations. Simple and interesting readings with the exercises on Aiken Prize Reader, History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Volunteer voice daily. Organist of Methodist. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 23w*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will reopen on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will reopen on Wednesday, October 1st. For circulars address MISS E. KENYON, Principal. 7-18 3m

MISS DODMAN SEMINARY. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will reopen Sept. 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. S. C. DODGE, Principal. 9-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington place, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought—Sold—Repaired. Bargains for sale—No. 9 Sonerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A special Bargain. 8-21-1t.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter W. Weaver would call on their customers, and the public generally that they are only three days west of the fancy goods, but put down with prices as low as the lowest. Respectfully, Marsh & Ayers.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER.

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.
1 Gallon (2 bottles in each case).....1.50
EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A beautiful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 37 NORTH AVENUE.
Orders called for and delivered free. Best quarters for fine groceries.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 14 WEST FRONT STREET.

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $95. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture we are prepared to offer them at prices never before known. Some old pieces less than cost.

Call and be sure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

Fall Style Hats

JUNIAR, YOUMAN and MILLER

Best Goods for the Least Money

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW | 94 SOMERSET ST.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with tin strip wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N.J.

Ask for them. They are good.

School Supplies

of all kinds.

New and Second Hand BOOKS

BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 14 WEST FRONT STREET.

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Stock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.35
Odors	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Marshall Rankin Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—McKee Rankin, the actor, has been served with a summons and complaint at the instance of his wife, formerly Kitty Blanchard, who alleges that her husband has not supported her in three years. Mrs. Rankin does not seek a divorce, but merely demands that her husband shall support her.

Street Car Strike in Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 19.—A general strike has been inaugurated on the electric street car and lines of this city.

Weather Indications.

Cloudy weather with rain and northerly winds is indicated, followed by rain.

Judge Buchanan Renominated.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 19.—Judge Buchanan was renominated for congress by the Second district congressional convention, held here. No other nomination was made and the vote was made by acclamation. This will make his fourth term.

The Goldbeaters Won.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—The strike of goldbeaters in this city, as well as in Philadelphia, New York and Chicago, has been settled in favor of the men, they having obtained their demands, which enables them to earn from $18.50 to $25 per week.

This Date in History—Sept. 19.

1356—Battle of Poictiers, between Edward, the Black Prince, and John, king of France; the English army triumphed and John was taken prisoner and brought to London.
1777—Battle of Saratoga, "Bemus Heights."
1796—First Turkish military opera.
1863—Battle of Chickamauga, Ga. (two days); Union loss 15,851, Confederate 17,804.
1864—Battle of Winchester, Va. Sheridan gained the victory, capturing 4,500 prisoners; Union loss 4,000, Confederate 8,500.
1870—Bronze statues of Napoleon ordered to be made into cannon.
1874—Cotton mills in Fall River burned; 60 lives lost.
1881—Death of President Garfield from the wounds inflicted by Charles Guiteau in the railway station in Washington.
1889—Many bodies recovered in Quebec after a destructive landslide.

J. P. LAIRE & CO,

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Stove Blacksmith and Rebes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and reserve it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3rd—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Stock Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Need cannot be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Second street to Washington avenue. Beyond the borough limits we count.

Connect with the 6:20, 7:30 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. Leave Plainfield at 9:37 a. m. and 4 p. m. return trips to direct to Weshawkenville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-8-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 8:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:45, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:48, 6:54, 7:45, 7:50, 8:08, 8:20, 8:33, 8:48, 9:20, 9:30, 10:05, 10:40, 11:30, 11:50 a. m., 12:05, 12:40, 1:05, 1:40, 2:05, 2:40, 3:05, 3:40, 4:05, 4:40, 5:05, 5:40, 6:05, 6:40, 7:05, 7:40, 8:05, 8:40, 9:05, 9:40, 10:05, 10:40, 11:05, 11:40 p. m. Leave New York 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Leave Newark 7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 a. m., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 p. m. Leave Elizabeth 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 p. m. Leave Rahway 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07, 12:07 a. m., 1:07, 2:07, 3:07, 4:07, 5:07, 6:07, 7:07, 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07, 12:07 p. m. Leave Metuchen 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:15 a. m., 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:15 p. m. Leave Bonhamtown 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20, 12:20 a. m., 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20, 12:20 p. m. Leave New Brunswick 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30 p. m. Leave Jamesburg 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40 a. m., 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40 p. m. Leave Monmouth Junction 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50, 12:50 a. m., 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50, 12:50 p. m. Leave Dayton 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55, 12:55 a. m., 1:55, 2:55, 3:55, 4:55, 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55, 12:55 p. m. Leave Kingston 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 p. m. Leave Princeton Junction 9:05, 10:05, 11:05, 12:05 a. m., 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, 7:05, 8:05, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05, 12:05 p. m. Leave Lawrenceville 9:10, 10:10, 11:10, 12:10 a. m., 1:10, 2:10, 3:10, 4:10, 5:10, 6:10, 7:10, 8:10, 9:10, 10:10, 11:10, 12:10 p. m. Leave Trenton 9:20, 10:20, 11:20, 12:20 a. m., 1:20, 2:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20, 12:20 p. m. Leave Bordentown 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30 p. m. Leave Burlington 9:40, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40 a. m., 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40, 12:40 p. m. Leave Riverside 9:50, 10:50, 11:50, 12:50 a. m., 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50, 12:50 p. m. Leave Delanco 9:55, 10:55, 11:55, 12:55 a. m., 1:55, 2:55, 3:55, 4:55, 5:55, 6:55, 7:55, 8:55, 9:55, 10:55, 11:55, 12:55 p. m. Leave Riverton 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 a. m., 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 p. m. Leave Palmyra 10:05, 11:05, 12:05 a. m., 1:05, 2:05, 3:05, 4:05, 5:05, 6:05, 7:05, 8:05, 9:05, 10:05, 11:05, 12:05 p. m. Leave Philadelphia 10:15, 11:15, 12:15 a. m., 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:15 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:48, 6:00, 8:30, 9:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00, 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7

WOMAN AND HOME

THE GIRL WHO IS ALL AFFECTATION AND NO HEART.

Girls Who Freckle—Mme. Barrios and Her Diamonds—Popular Entertainers—Naming Children — How Ladies Buy Stamps—Girls' Costumes at Newport.

Hetty Carr is probably the prettiest and brightest girl in Carrville. She reads the best books in current English and French literature, she draws with accuracy and spirit, she is a brilliant musician, she dresses with exquisite taste, and talks well and fluently. Strangers who come to the village invariably pronounce her charming, and say it with enthusiasm. But in a few weeks they weary of her and avoid her, and among those who know her best she has not a single admirer or intimate friend.

Why is this?

Hetty goes with her companions into the fields and woods, and pulls some flowers. She has no thought of my beauty or wonder in the blossom itself. Does it match her gown? Is it becoming to her face when fastened in her hair? If not she throws it down and tramples it capriously in the dust.

She hears a strain of music which thrills the hearts of other listeners, and brings tears to their eyes. She only asks, "How does it suit my voice? Will it show the flexibility of my tones?" If not it is no more to her than the howling of a dog.

She was found studying a book of old history the other day, but it was to copy the costumes for her own dress.

She protests her loyalty to her friends with charming vehemence in company, but she treats them with neglect when there is no audience to applaud her.

She frequently walks in the village street with her aged mother leaning on her arm. She has heard that it has been called a touching picture. But at home she is rude and even insolent to her. She calls herself a King's Daughter, and carries flowers and soup to the poor with no thought of their need, but wholly engrossed with her own gracious appearance.

In a word all knowledge, all thoughts, all emotions are valued only by Hetty as she values flowers and ribbons—as ornaments to set off herself.

The little actress who earns her living by capering on the stage only assumes a part for an hour or two each day. But Hetty poses continually. There is no reality in her. She has made of herself a mere lay figure, which she exhibits before the crowd. She has played a part so long that she herself scarcely knows how much of herself is true and how much is false.

Can any of us look within, find a reflection of Hetty Carr?—Youth's Companion.

Girls Who Freckle.

Dear little simpletons! The thing for you to do is to let your face and eyes alone. They don't want to be treated with anything but water, cold cream and fresh air. Freckles are not disfiguring. On the contrary, they are rather good evidences of a delicate skin and outdoor exercise. Then, too, they are mischievous and infinitely preferable to the paler beneath them. And this be certain, you can't get rid of them unless you cut them out, and then your face would have to be stitched up and the seams would scar you for life. If you are weak enough to let the little chocolate spots bother you you can hide them by wearing veils during the day and powder in the evening.

Get silk tissue, because dotted nets are trying to the eyes, and select rice powder, which is as harmless as flour. Wet your face with diluted glycerine, put on all the powder consistent with taste and comfort, and when you are ready to retire remove it with a good quality of cold cream.

A young face needs nothing to beautify it. It is pretty and lovely and sweet in spite of features and blemishes, and a sprinkling of freckles only adds to its charm.

Goodness and intelligence are wonderfully refining, and there never was a face so plain and severe that a sweet thought or a pleasant smile did not illumine. Making slimy shots of the potted cream, cream and balm, and try the merits of work, exercise, plain foods, sleep, cleanliness and pretty clothes. Then, by bravely in the bath, health in temperance and repose, refinement in neat attire and an indefinable, irresistible charm in what a wag calls a woman's little ways.

The gentle voiced, sunny hearted Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, whose life is a beautiful poem, says in a letter to a little girl grieving over a scarred face: "My dear, beauty is nothing; the world will only look into your eyes for the truth that lies there, the radiant glow of your face, the lustre of the stars and dim the beauty of the brightest gems earth holds."—Exchange.

Mme. Barrios and Her Diamonds.

Mme. Barrios, widow of the late President Barrios, of Guatemala, has one of the finest collections of diamonds among the society women. She has sixty diamond rings, and necklaces, tiaras and bracelets too numerous to mention. All these jewels were left with her by her husband, who very sent to Paris and dug out of their antique settings and made into the form in which they are now worn. One of the most exquisite settings is a pointed girdle of diamonds. When not traveling Mme. Barrios lives on Fifth avenue. She never keeps her diamonds in the residence, but immediately she returns from a ball she has them sent to a trust company.

When she travels she hires a detective to follow her, and when she drives she has a man on the front of the cab watching her every movement. On a recent trip to Washington it was found out that a beautiful diamond ring, which was her wedding ring, was lost, and as it bore the state insignia of Guatemala, the police were afraid she would never recover it. However, the best detectives were put on the scent. Months passed by and no news came of the ring. One day a little baby was playing under the chair in the apartment formerly occupied by the madam, and in the course of the exhibition of baby's powers it dug up the stolen ring of Guatemala.—Cor. Pittsburg Leader.

Popular Entertainers.

It isn't a very artistic or ideal point of view to take of social life, but I honestly believe that more social pleasure and ease is secured by eating and drinking than by anything else. The people most popular in social life are those who entertain luxuriously. A thin sandwich and one olive and a little "dab" of chicken salad is an admirable offering to one's friends, but where there is food in abundance everybody goes and the affair an awfully nice one. Debonnaire never sat, but they regret it and make up for lost time when several seasons have calmed the excitement of "coming out."

Most men eat at an entertainment and enjoy good things luxuriously, and it goes without saying that all married folks find infinite satisfaction and bodily comfort in a good supper. People like to go to places where some sort of refreshment is handed round during a social visit, and the house that has its dining room always open for a passing friend is a popular one.

A gentleman once said to a very popular girl here: "Please tell me what they do at your house to make all the young men there have such a good time. They tell me they are always free to drop in for a meal; that you live so delightfully—nothing particularly swell, but so nicely."

"No," replied the girl, smiling. "We don't have a great many courses, or put on a great deal of style, but our friends always have so many nice little good things. Sometimes we go in the pantry and find nothing but cold custards, but they eat them with great relish."

That girl's mother is one of the most elegant and delightful housekeepers in Atlanta, and they live in absolute luxury. Of course their friends love to go there, and feel free. It is like being a child again to get something to eat at a friend's house when one is hungry, and men love to be made at home. Most young bachelors board, and a hospitable home is a veritable paradise unto them.

It was the old time southern custom to offer refreshments to visitors, and the custom is one which should ever be retained. —Atlanta Constitution.

Naming Children.

A Boston man will tell you that his lack of success in life is entirely owing to the mistake of his mother in giving him a weak middle name, which matches him about as well as patent leather boots would a pedestrian. His first aversion in life was this middle name. He blushed for it the first thing when he awoke in the morning, not to mention awaking in the night sometimes overcome with a sense of shame. He was in hourly horror at school for fear the boys would call it after him in the street, and the only time that he could increase up at all was the first day that a new boy came to the school, before he had had time to find it out. Even then he was oppressed with a fear that it would creep out furtively, wondering to himself, "How soon will he find it out?"

Parents are very thoughtless about this thing. They do not look ahead and remember that it is selfish enough to invite a youngster into the world without at least making him what he would like for a name which has got to stay by him day and night and be the only thing left of him when he makes his exit, and to live after him on a tombstone after all else of him is forgotten. It would be a kindness to number children when they are born—as Jones one and Jones two—or first Jones, second Jones, and so on, and allow the youngsters to select a name when they are old enough. Then at least they would have one thing less for which to blame mamma and papa. —Boston Home Journal.

How Ladies Buy Stamps.

"Women who buy stamps are a queer study," continued Mr. Castle. A woman often has no idea beyond herself and her own convenience. I had a case only one day that will serve as a fair illustration. This woman marched up to my window in a bustling way, laid down her parasol and then placed beside it her hand satchel. Then she opened her satchel and took out her pocketbook.

"Stamps,' she said laconically.

"'How many, madam?'

"'I don't know. Let me count my pennies first.'

"'How many?' I repeated, hoping to hurry her along.

"'I said that I don't know; that I must count my pennies first,' and she slowly counted her pennies a couple of times and finally decided that she wanted a certain number. When she had secured the stamps she carefully moistened them on her tongue, affixed them to the letters, adjusted her hand satchel, picked up her parasol and sailed away. Meanwhile a crowd of twenty or twenty-five men had gathered at the window, and they were very mad over this woman's indifference and thoughtlessness. They had a right to be mad, too, for a man who comes to buy stamps is usually in a hurry. Of course all women are not like this one. But there are more of this kind than one would suppose."—Chicago Post.

Girls' Costumes at Newport.

If the Newport girls are to be taken as representing the present tendency of the fashionable feminine mind there is not much danger of the fad for boyish clothes attaining any considerable dimensions. The girls' costumes at Newport, both for the morning and for the afternoon, are distinctly and delightfully feminine. Although we hear occasionally of girls travelling all alone the season and along the seashore who are intent on attaining athletic characteristics at any cost whatever, and who are exposing their complexions to the glare of the mountain sun at noonday and making up freckle parties while out bathing, the Newport maiden does not seem at all to have got any cranz in this direction.

She is just as careful of her complexion as she ever was, and at least half a dozen of the girls whom I saw at one of the tennis games wore white veils over their comely features. I did see two girls who wore cloth suits, with the jackets cut in a sacque, what mannish fashion and wearing light vests, but they were the only ones there, and for that reason were conspicuous. They may be said to be exceptions although their suits were very handsomely made they did not compare in point of attractiveness with the dainty costumes of the neighboring girls.—Newport Letter.

Pineapple Ice Easily Made.

Pineapple ice cream or ice is one of the most delicious, and it can be made nearly all the year around, as good pineapple can most always be gotten in market. Cut a small, ripe pineapple in fine bits. Nearly all of the pineapples are fine for this purpose excepting the Porto Rico pines. Pare and peal one-half nearly, then cut into small pieces. Place these pieces in the mortar and pound them thoroughly to a pulp. Two minutes will suffice for this. Add half a pound of powdered sugar and pound again for ten minutes. Transfer the whole into a vessel. Squeeze in the juice of three sound lemons, add four cups of ice in a square of cotton and mix well with a spatula for two minutes. Strain through a fine sieve into the freezer, adding two cups whipped beaten to a stiff froth; then beat well for one minute more. Cover with the lid and freeze.—New York World.

Don't Believe in Pastry.

The best known woman in Dryden, N. Y., is Miss Nelson M. D., who for the past twenty-five years has been sole proprietor of the Dryden Springs. She manages two sanitariums, at Hammondsport, N. J., and at Dryden. Dryden Springs place is summer. She belongs to a family of doctors, and in her studies has traveled all over the world.

Miss Nelson has been in possession of the Dryden place since 1869. It combines the best qualities of a first class hotel with the best qualities of a sanitarium. A guest of the house can take the electric thermolier through the estate in a small BLOOM, on the banks of which the little doctor has a rose garden, containing fifty varieties, among them the green rose, which is rarely found south of Virginia. Dr. Nirison believes in the doctrine of brown bread, butter, milk, fresh fruits and eggs, one meal of meat a day, plenty of fresh spring water, prodigal indulgence in pure air tonic, abundant sleep and the Quaker system of mental repose. "Pastry, hot bread, fried meat and ice water," she thinks, "kill more people in a year than shipwrecks, railroad accidents and gunpowder."—Exchange.

The Senior Wrangler's Aunt.

Mrs. Millicent Garrett Fawcett, wife of the late Professor Henry Fawcett, of Trinity and Cambridge college, and aunt of the famous girl bracketed "above the Senior Wrangler," has been making speeches from the woman's suffrage platform for the last twenty years. She is a prolific writer on political economy. She sent her niece to school because it was her husband's desire to prove that the only difference between the masculine and feminine brain is the difference in intellectual training.

Mrs. Fawcett believes that the best education for a girl embraces common sense, self reliance and a high enthusiasm. Like Mrs. Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward she advocates the beauty of delicacy, the strength of refinement, and the building up, lifting up of and living up to the ideal. She did not have her niece instructed in music and painting, for the very good reason that she manifested no ability, although a lover of music and pictures. "I made her learn cooking and needlework because they involve woman's duties."—Exchange.

When Children Do Not Feel Well.

At the first sign of discontent and irritability exhibited by a child, every excitation to mental activity should be at once stopped, and the child should be allowed to follow its own inclinations. If such a course is followed, there will be no peevishness exhibited. If, on the other hand, the child is spurred on to fresh endeavors it is very certain that petulance will be developed.

Sometimes there is a decided sensation of pain in the head, not amounting to what is generally classed under the term "headache," but sufficiently uncomfortable to destroy that feeling of well being which all healthy constituted children experience. It seems to extend throughout the whole head, and hence it is difficult for the sufferer to locate it. There is an inability, therefore, when the question is asked where the pain is to give a satisfactory answer, except that it is somewhere in the head. Accordingly it is sometimes happens that children who complain of this pain are not believed, and are corrected for telling a falsehood.—Youth's Companion.

Wooden Shoes for Girls.

"The fashion of wearing wooden shoes is growing in favor in this country as well as in England," said a San Francisco shoe dealer. By the aid of machinery a really neat and comfortable shoe can be made so stylishly that no young woman need be ashamed to wear it for the street. The traditional wooden shoe which we all have read about was a clumsy, hand made implement of inconvenience and noise. But now when a dainty maid trips along the street of a pretty mountain town, with her little trotters clicking on the pavement, it makes many a foolish young heart beat warmly. The use of wooden shoes, with fresh, clean straw in them, on the stage, at church fairs and bazar entertainments has popularized them, and now in many of the pretty little villages in England Lancashire lassies who do not work in factories prefer along the streets in the tiniest of quaint wooden foot gear, and no well bred young man hesitates to kiss their rosy cheeks because of it.—San Francisco Examiner.

Sleep for Women.

Sleep is, under right conditions, a wonderful tonic for the human system. Few women realize its value, and yet it is said that Patti and Lucca and all the great singers and actresses and famous beauties who, like Mme. Recamier, were wonderfully beautiful at an age when ordinary women retire from the festive scenes of life, have owed their wonderful beauty to sleep. A beautiful woman who at 50 has the brilliancy of youth in her eyes and skin and the animation of girlhood in her form declares that she has made it a rule all her life to retire, whenever possible, at 9 o'clock. And American women need the rest and refreshment which sleep alone can give more than the nerve racked Anglo-Saxon systems. If sleep is not easily induced light physical exercise should be taken until slightly before retiring until the blood is directed into proper channels, and then upon seeking the couch the eyelids will close as naturally as those of a healthful child.—Jennesse Miller Magazine.

The "Noon Rest" is the title of an institution devised for the benefit of the business women and girls of Indianapolis by the Young Women's Christian Temperance union. It is a sort of woman's club, the rooms of which are open each day from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., where all young women who work in stores and shops are invited to spend their noon hours. Tables are provided for lunches, and milk, tea, coffee and chocolate are served for three cents a cup.

Mrs. Elizabeth Peabody, of Boston, who first introduced the Froebel system of kindergarten education, is nearly 90 years of age. She is stronger mentally than physically and retains her interest in educational matters.

Few ladies consider that they carry some forty or fifty miles of hair on their head; the fair haired may even have to dress seventy miles of threads of gold every morning.

There are 6,000,000 kitchens in the United States, in which still suffer for good American flour are annually wasted by pie artists, biscuit builders and bread architects.

Call your little girl "sweety," "beauty," "lovely," "charming," "pickle" or "daughter," but never by her Christian name, if you want to be thought esthetic.

What bright Yankee will invent an odorless dinner pail? All the housewives and all their neighbors will call him by terms of endearment.

Tar can easily be removed from clothing by immediately rubbing it well with clean lard, and then washing out with warm water and soap.

There is one thing that money cannot do —it cannot impart to its possessor that real refinement which marks the true lady or gentleman.

If you can't get a straw when you make a pudding sauce, a piece of lemon peel from the pantry makes a good substitute.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

FASHIONS THAT ARE APPROVED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Costumes for Children That Show New and Attractive Features—Useful and Becoming Black Lace Dresses Suitable for Dinners and Evening Parties.

In the cut here given are illustrated three new costumes widely varying in style, and yet all are appropriate and in fashion. The first figure shows a jacket

THREE CHARMING COSTUMES FOR CHILDREN.

bodice and box plaited skirt in plain serge, effectively trimmed with bars of velvet placed elastwise on each box plait of the skirt below the knees, as well as on the fronts of the jacket, and on the puckered part of the sleeves, which are close fitting from the elbows to the wrists. The jacket opens over the full pointed bodice, which is finished with a belt of gros grain ribbon. The central figure illustrates a dress and cape in white nun's veiling with open embroidery. The turn down collar is of pink silk to match the silk socks and the ribbon on the broad brimmed hat.

The remaining figure shows an attractive dress in tartan plaid cut on the cross. The high shoulder puff sleeves, neck band and cuffs are in plain motive of the darkest shade of the tartan. The stockings worn with this dress are of the same color as the sleeves and cordelia. For a child of five to eight years, an accordion plaited dress with full sleeves and full round bodice made with a smocked yoke affords a simple and at the same time becoming garment. Older girls affect sleeveless vests and jackets with loose receding fronts.

A BLACK GAUZE DRESS.

Lace dresses are exceedingly graceful affairs, and are also convenient, especially when made in black lace, being suited to many occasions, as a dinner, an evening party or an afternoon at home. Black, too, is becoming to most women.

In the cut is shown an attractive gown in black gauze, spotted with wafers of chenille and lined with a foundation of maize colored surah silk. The bracea that start from the front and extend over the shoulders and down the back of the bodice to the waist line and the strappers at the back are in moire ribbon. The collarette is in point de Venice lace and is headed with a gathered band of yellow ribbon.

Two Types in Dress.

Two articles are being largely sold now that represent the mild and failing type of woman and the new and boisterous set. That is, there is a great demand for needlework and shooting dresses, says Miss Mantalini in The Pall Mall Budget. The old fashioned woman bowled along with a big bundle of fancy needle work. The modern woman orders a very practical costume, and travels with a gun or a fishing rod just like any man. A pretty model seen for a shooting dress was made of check homespun. The plain skirt was just long enough to cover the tops of the boots, and was worn over spats of the same material. The coat bodice was tabbed out round the edge, and was left open in front to show a waistcoat. The newest and most expensive waistcoat is made of velvet calf. It is rather showy. Leather is being used a little as a trimming in the form of piping. The hem of a skirt will sometimes be of leather, inside and out. In such cases the edge of the dress need never be dirty or draggled, for the leather hem can be washed.

Fashion's Echoes.

Kid, reindeer skin and Russia leather are used as trimming on ladies' shooting and travelling costumes by English makers.

Accordion plaits are much used on ball gowns. Fashionable ball gowns touch the ground and often have panels or front of a contrasting color. Silk is even more in fashion than plain material.

Feather bonnets and feathers on hats are in favor.

Except for mourning and lace goods black is distinctly unpopular.

For full jackets rough soft cloths in dark blue, copper or copper brown will be much worn. They are made double breasted; the collar is a turn over with a step in the lapel, and the sleeves are coat shaped and neither high nor full.

Redingotes made of dark cloth are now worn over cambric or muslin dresses.

Ruffs and collarettes are more and more in favor. The ruffs are generally tied at the back, often with long ends of black velvet ribbon, which fall to the ground, or are made into bows, and the collarettes, which is to cross these ribbons at the back and bring them round under the arms and tie them in front at the waist.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 80c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Winaow Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c| GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 60c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.39 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per doz. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 126

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular prices.

300 dozen Mason jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't for get that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and household furnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 25c. five button kid glove, The a good one.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rol s of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at 81 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "map up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all wool Serges, beauty of colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripe, in all wool, at 56c, and new all wool Plaids, at 79c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10¢ STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $30. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 10X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 566 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSHNBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

21 West Front Street.

Delicious Soda Water

X may now syrups this season. Ice Cream Soda. The nutritious Milk Shakes are still very popula

Prescriptions carefully compounded

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

TOILET WATER, COLOGNE, etc.

The City Pharmacy Dealers for the both. Separators. Pleased to the trade. Also for hand

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in German and French under the instruction of MR F F HELLWIG, at reasonable rates Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY DR. GRIFFIN, will cure Rheumatism, Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Neuralgia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 Rose Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1686

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU P O. Box 769.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COO

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc.

L. A. Rheaume, Agt,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when most care is always taken to clean it of the stone, and it is therefore usually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the latest self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most prompt manner. The trade has already given the highest satisfaction, and he hopes to merit a continuance of the same. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Prompt and attentive paid to directions. Orders received at Park House.

Rear Lewis, Church and Front sts. Telephone No. 20, Plainfield. Other city telephone call 7.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Fourth Congressional District.

Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Primary Meetings.

The republican voters of the several Wards of the City of Plainfield are requested to meet at the Republican Association Rooms, over the City National Bank, on Saturday evening, September 20th, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Congressional Convention to be held at Freehold on Monday, September 22.

First Ward will meet at 7.45 to elect 3 del.
Second " " " 8.00 " " 3 "
Third " " " 8.15 " " 2 "
Fourth " " " 8.30 " " 2 "

By order of the Executive Committee.
J. S. COWARD, Secretary. F. A. DUNHAM, Chairman.
September 16, 1890.

Third Congressional District Republican Convention.

The Republican voters of the Third Congressional District of New Jersey, composed of the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union, are requested to meet in their several Wards and Townships and select delegates to represent them in a district convention, to be held in Shinn's Hall, Freehold, N. J., on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1890,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating a representative to Congress. Each Ward and Township is entitled to one delegate for every one hundred votes cast at the last Gubernatorial election, and one additional delegate for each fraction of the same not less than fifty; provided, however, that each Ward and Township shall be entitled to at least one delegate.

JOSEPH H. T. MARTIN, Middlesex.
H. M. NEVINS, Monmouth.
W. F. THOMAS, Union.
Congressional Committee.

JOTTINGS.

—Republican primaries to-night.

—Don't fail to attend the Republican primaries to-night.

—If you will being sold in this city on the no license system.

—If you value your vote attend the Republican primaries to-night.

—Hotel Netherwood will close after a very successful season one week from to-day.

—The colored people of this vicinity will hold a camp meeting in Hyde's Grove to-morrow afternoon and evening

—Mr. John J. Kenney has just received a fall line of shoes suitable for Fall and Winter wear for men, women and children.

—Dixon's are to appear at Amphion Hall all next week, beginning Monday night. The plays to be presented are mentioned in the advertisement.

—Commencing to-morrow, vesper and benediction services will be held in St. Mary's church at eight o'clock p. m., instead of four p. m., as heretofore.

—The W. C. T. U. Saturday meeting at their rooms on East Front street will begin this evening at 7:45 o'clock and be led by Mrs. Tomlinson, the president.

—To-morrow night Rev. Chas. B. Mitchell will preach the first of two Sunday night sermons to men. While all are invited, the sermons will be especially addressed to men.

—The rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association will continue to be closed during the hours of church service, but will hereafter be open Sunday afternoons from 3 to 6 p. m. All men will be welcome.

—Donald Downie gave his really magnificent lecture last evening on the great Napoleon, and in spite of the immense attraction at the Business Men's Association and the heavy rain, he secured a most appreciative audience. The career of the great Emperor was never more eloquently traced, and, as the press says elsewhere, the colored views are superior to anything in this country.—Courier-Journal.

—Manager Perkins of the Hackett-Carburi & Co. team remarked yesterday that as there was a guarantee of $45 due his club since July 5, it would be the proper thing for the Crescents of Plainfield to liquidate if they are on their way again financially. The "Hacketts" refused to play after eight innings, with the score 4 to 3 in their favor, because of an outrageous decision by the umpire.—New York Sun, Sept. 19th.

Sentence Suspended this Morning.

Judge Clarkson in suspending jail sentence in the case of the employes of Hetfield Bros. who were arrested for carting without a license, made the following remarks, which we think will be commended by every one:

"When I heard the evidence in this case I adjudged the defendants guilty. I at that time deferred sentence for the purpose of awaiting further developments and to enable myself to pass such a sentence as would be just and meet the requirements of the case, and I have come to the conclusion to suspend judgment in the case of the three defendants. I do this not because I have any doubt of the law having been violated by them, but because I believe it was not intentionally or wilfully violated. They were simply employes—day laborers—doing their employers' bidding, and to make them pay the full penalty for a technical violation of the ordinance would not be just as I understand it. This probably will be a sufficient punishment and warning to both defendants and others engaged in like business and teach them, to see to it that their employers (who to my mind should pay the penalty) have licenses for business of carting, as required by the ordinance, before engaging therein.

Dunellen.

The owners of property in the Borough, along the main road from New Market, have decided to widen the street by setting their fences back to the line given by the Borough survey. The sidewalks will be flagged. A course of crushed stone is being laid in the street, which gives the travelers of that thoroughfare reason to believe that it will soon be second to none in this vicinity. A jump in the right direction out of the mud.

MRS. NANCY BAKER, AGE 100 YEARS.

A THREE-YEAR-OLD CHILD.

MRS. BAKER'S PICTURE

THE CENTENARIAN BESIDE A CHILD.

What Events Have Transpired During Her 100 Years of Life.

We give above a picture of Mrs. Nancy Baker, now in her 101st year. We also give the picture of a three-year-old child, for the striking contrast between youth and old age.

An account of a reunion in Plainfield, last Sunday evening, at which Mrs. Baker was present, together with her children, grandchildren and great-grand children, was given in THE NEWS of last Monday, as well as a sketch of the old lady's remarkable life, all of which has been spent within a few miles of this city.

We wonder if our readers realize what 100 years mean.

In the lifetime of Mrs. Baker—

The American Revolution was but recently ended, and there was not a United States government acknowledged to be in existence.

The second war with Great Britain was begun and ended.

There was not a steamboat, a railroad, a telegraph, or a steam printing press, and the kinship between electricity and lightning had not been discovered by Benjamin Franklin.

Whale oil was used in her infancy for lighting. Kerosene was not discovered until she was well advanced in years, and she was an old woman before Edison's inventions gave us the electric light and the phonograph, or Bell invented the telephone.

She has lived through at least four wars in which this country was involved. These were the war with England, the war with Tripoli, the war with Mexico and our Civil War.

In her day this nation achieved undying glory in wooden ships, and as Ericson invented the Monitor which revolutionized the navies of the world.

Napoleon was at the height of his power, and had likewise met his downfall, and she had lived while Washington was proving himself the greatest of warriors for liberty, and had made himself first in the paths of peace, and in the hearts of his countrymen.

Gold was discovered, so was the circulation of the blood, while she lived.

Indeed we might easily fill columns with the most brief reference to the great discoveries that have been made during the hundred years of Mrs. Baker's life, the most wonderful century in the history of the world, and it is a question whether any succeeding hundred years will have so many great events crowded into it.

Very, very few have lived so long, and even among that few alive to-day it is extremely doubtful if one can be found so bright and lively as venerable Mrs. Nancy Baker, whom we hope may still have many delightful years of life.

The Boys' Club.

The many friends and subscribers of the 'Boys' Club' will undoubtedly be pleased to learn that the Club, which heretofore has been but in name, is now a solid reality. Central Hall corner of Park and North avenues has been by the Committee who have the matter in charge, and will be ready in ten days for the initiation of the first rough diamond in the shape of a boy.

A superintendent from New Haven, who comes highly recommended, has been engaged. After the Club is in running order, notice will be sent to all the friends and subscribers to attend, that they may see and appreciate what their money has been spent for.

—The "chest" for a silver trophy which was to have taken place at the Campbell Club House on Wednesday last, was postponed on account of the rain. It will take place Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

DRAWING STRUCK JURIES.

They Will Hear the Cases Against the Bookmakers.

Judge Van Syckel spent the greater part of yesterday in the County Court House at Elizabeth drawing struck juries for the trials of the indicted officials and bookmakers of the Linden Park and Dower race-tracks. The firm of J. R. & J. M. English represented the Linden Park Association and ex-Surrogate Gerber was present as the attorney of record and counsel for the New Jersey Jockey Club. Prosecutor Wilson and A. V. Lindabury appeared for the State.

The Sheriff submitted 7,000 names, from which panels of forty-eight jurors were drawn for each nine indictments, as follows: New Jersey Jockey Club, Linden Park Association, and Bookmakers Ike S. Thompson, Robt. J. Irving, Joseph Landers, Henry Stedeker, John Nathan, George Johnson. There are two indictments against Johnson.

Lawyers Cortland Parker and Samuel Kalisch, of Newark are also retained by the defense.

Base Ball.

The Plainfield's beating us was a dream.

Manager Burnett and President Keeney shook hands cordially after Saturday's game.

Ta ta, see you down home next week and marked the Crescents at the conclusion of the game.

Is Plainfield on the tobog? Did you hear some thing drop Saturday?

Go to Plainfield with the West Ends to-morrow. Let Plainfield see that the West Ends have as large a following as the Crescents, and that they are just as gentlemanly.

Billy Lee made a great stop of Harkins' ground in the ninth, and it was good by, John.

Whatever may happen to the Crescents in the next world, they can't complain that they had no show on this.

What's the matter! say the Plainfield fellows to their players. Where are those doubles and three-baggers.

"Deacon" Reed, rising for a question of information, asked, "Is there anything the matter with the West Ends' ball playing?"

Lost, Crescents' Mascot. If the parties who kidnapped him will return him to Manager Burnett, there will be no questions asked.

About twenty enthusiastic citizens of Plainfield headed by Manager Burnett, tendered unto themselves a supper at Hotel Somerville. They were much pleased with their treatment and the smiles of Mr. and Mrs. Van.

When the two great clubs, the West Ends and Crescents, come together again (and there are none better in the State) great ball playing may be expected. There are none more brainy players than Capt. Farrell and Gregg and it is worth the price of admission to see these two work for points and try to outwit each other.—Somerville Democrat.

[From The Westfield Standard.]

The directors of the Westfield Athletic club have decided not play the Crescents again. A game could not be played until after the tennis tournament in October and it would necessitate keeping the base ball team in practice for two weeks or more and this could only be done by playing away from home which involves considerable expense and trouble and then perhaps the Crescents might beat out again.

It was a delightful frost to the Westfield base ball-cranks, who were at Somerville on the 13th, to see the West Ends play with the Crescents, and finally win the game from them. It is our private opinion that the Crescents are not in it with Elizabeth and the Ball-boys when their better players settle down to earnest work, and there was no occasion for the West Ends to hurt themselves to beat Saturday, that is sure.

What we say of the West Ends also applies to the Morrisville team, which defeated the Crescents. Those who saw the Norwich-Crescent game on Thursday could not help feeling that the Crescents had met their match. It was very kind of the Norwich men to let the Crescents down so easily. Just think of the

PERSONAL.

Mr. George Van Nest, Jr., of Martinville, has accepted a position in Mr. A. M. Griffen's Hardware store in this city.

Miss Lena Winkien has returned to her home in Liberty Corner from a pleasant visit to Miss Jennie Allen of this city.

Mrs. W. L. Jones is now occupying her home at the corner of Park avenue and Seventh street after a pleasant stay at Avon-by-the-Sea.

Mr. Thomas Scully of West Sixth street has sold his farm to Mr. Frederick Minkley of New York and recently purchased the handsome residence owned by the late Frederick V. L. Disbrow, situated in Millstone.

The marriage of Mr. Isaac Schwed of the firm of Schwed Bros., this city, and Miss Florence Frank of New York is to take place next Sunday. The ceremony will be performed at Victoria Hall, Lexington avenue, New York.

Mr. Ethan Lanphear of Central avenue is the owner of many interesting, as well as valuable relics. Among the most prized is a ring, carved by his younger brother, Nathan, from the hard wood that was used to decorate the interior of the world famous Merrimac. Nathan was in the 85th New York, and at the time, 1862, was with the regiment in camp near Newport News, Va. The ring was sent by mail, and about the time it was received by Mr. Lanphear, Nathan with a number of others was captured and spent ten long months in three of the southern prisons, Florence, Andersonville and Charleston. During his imprisonment Nathan kept a daily memorandum which was later smuggled through the Confederate lines by aid of an exchanged officer, and sent to Mr. Lanphear who then resided in Allegany county, N. Y. Mr. Lanphear had it published in a local paper. It told of the hardships of prison life in war time, and created a sensation.

Democratic Primaries.

The Democrats of the First and Second Wards held their primary meetings in the Democratic Association rooms last evening to elect delegates to the Congressional Convention which is to be held at Elizabeth next Monday. The First Ward meeting was called to order at eight o'clock. Mr. Louis P. Wadsworth was elected chairman and Mr. Louis F. Brown was made secretary. Messrs. L. F. Wadsworth and Tell A. Beguelin were chosen as delegates.

SECOND WARD

The second Ward meeting was called to order at half-past eight o'clock. Mr. James E. Martine was chosen as chairman, Mr. Louis M. Stover was elected secretary, and Mr. Wm. K. McClure was unanimously chosen as the delegate to represent the ward at the Convention.

The Third and Fourth Wards will hold their meetings this evening at eight and half-past eight respectively.

There was a very small attendance last night.

New Market.

Prof. Green, of Alfred Center, N. Y., is visiting Mr. A. S. Titsworth.

Rev. J. A. Cubberly is spending a few days with his mother in Trenton.

Mr. Ludlow Squires is preparing for Winter by putting a new roof on his house.

Mr. and Mrs. Warner, of Shinglehouse, Pa., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. J. Davis.

Cortland L. Parker and Mr. Garretson, of Perth Amboy, were guests of Mr. J. R. Dunham Tuesday night.

—The Crescent of this city and the West Ends of Somerville are contesting honors in a game of base ball this afternoon on the Crescent League grounds in this city.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

[Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be furnished before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day. It is preferable to have them reach us the day before.]

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

In the German reformed church will be held at 10.30 a. m. only. Sunday school 3.30 p. m.

Mr. Walter Wynants will speak at the W. C. T. U. Four o'clock meeting Sunday afternoon.

Services at No. 6 East Front street to-morrow. Lecture Rev. H., commencing at 7.45 p. m.

Mr. E. L. Suffern will speak at the Memorial Chapel at Washingtonville to-morrow (Sunday) evening.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7.30, at the Jackson mens-house, Terrill road.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7.30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10.30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4.30.

Congregational church on West Seventh street, Rev. C. L. Goodrich, pastor. Morning service at 10.30. Sunday school at 11.50 a. m.

The Rev. J. L. Huribut will occupy the pulpit of the First Baptist church to-morrow morning and evening. Sunday-school at 9.30 a. m.

First Unitarian church, Second Place. Rev. Robert Clark pastor will preach. Service at 10.30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 11.45 a. m.

There will be services at the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. E. P. Ketchum.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Baptist church, Rev. Mr. Cubberly pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.30 p. m.

German Lutheran services at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 73 West Front street to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school by the Rev. W. Euchler of Dunkirk, N. Y.

First Church of Christ at Amphion Hall, Mr. J. B. Cleaver will preach. Morning theme: Acts 2: 37, 38; evening 2 Peter 2: 1. By request. All are welcome.

Meetings at Reform Hall under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday, at 9:15 a. m. and 4 p. m. The cause demands your attention.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Preaching at 11 o'clock by Rev. J. C. Fernald of Plainfield. All are welcome.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church as usual, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck will preach both morning and evening. A welcome to all.

The doors of Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the welcome admission of all comers at usual hours of 9:15 a. m., 4 and 7.45 p. m. In the evening two or more interesting platform addresses may be expected.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m.

Mr. Milton A. Craft who returns this month to the seminary at Alexandria, Virginia, will conduct the meeting at the Y. M. C. A. sunday at 4.15 p. m. Master Howard Case of the boy choir of the Association will sing a solo. All men welcome.

Warren Mission Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Praise service at 7:30 p. m. led by Mr. E. M. Dunham. And evening service at 8 o'clock, at which Capt. Geo. D. Morrison will preside. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Chas S. Mitchell, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Morning service at 11 a. m. Epworth League at 7:15 p. m. Preaching at 8 p. m. The pastor will preach a special sermon to men, while others are excluded, the sermon will be especially addressed to men.

—Considerable excitement was caused on Front street at about half-past eight o'clock last evening, by a horse attached to an open wagon. The animal jumping around and rearing up. It was only by the united efforts of several men that the horse was prevented from running into Powell's dry goods store, Mr. Powell's clerks and Mr. Powell himself.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN BUYERS

TO

Boehm's Popular Bargain Resort,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET

Where can be found bargains in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Gentlemen's Furnishings and Millinery, in fact everything to delight the bargain buyer's eye. The excursion will start every day this week at 7 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. No tickets needed. Everybody welcome.

SPLENDID ILLUSTRATED LECTURE AT REFORM HALL.

The Plainfield Reform Club has secured the most interesting high-class entertainment ever brought to Plainfield.

Prof. Donald Downie B. C. L.

The eminent Foreign Traveller, in his illustrated lecture on

"Napoleon Bonaparte".

With 100 beautiful dissolving views, including his art treasures of the Paris Exposition and wonderful mechanical stereopticon effects.

MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 22, 1890.

At 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Thursday, Sept. 25.

A massive morality, creating a new standard hitherto not attempted in amusement enterprise. Has trade as a result unable to secure standing room during its recent New York engagement.

W. S. Cleveland's

CONSOLIDATED MINSTRELS.

The prince of minstrels, Billy Emerson, Barney Fagan, Hughes & Dougherty, Lake school craft, and over half a hundred minstrel notables, in conjunction with the reigning sensation of the age, the

THE CRAGS—Da ing British; Graceful Gentlemen; Marvelous Acrobats.

The whole aggregating $1,000 actual daily outlay. Seats on sale Tuesday. Prices 50, 75 and $1.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

AMPHION THEATRE, PLAINFIELD,

CHAS. H. HAND, Prop. One week.

commencing

Monday Eve. Sept. 22d

Dixon's Tourists,

in a repertoire of favorite plays.

Monday eve. The Romantic Drama "Kathleen". Tuesday evening, the moral and society play "East Lynne". Wednesday evening "Ticket-of-leave-man". Thursday evening, two nights in a Bar Room. Friday evening, Uncle Tom's Cabin. Saturday matinee, "East Lynne". Saturday evening, the local drama "Wild Rose" introducing the clever soubrette Libbie Moore, in new and dances. Popular prices, 15, 25, 35c.

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG man (colored) would like a position. Can take care and drive horse and make himself generally useful. Address H. Jones, 18 West Third street.

A COACHMAN wants situation. Gentlemanly appearing, educated, and thoroughly understands his business. Also slight knowledge of gardening. Address for three days "Coachman," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-3

BOARD wanted in Plainfield, by single gentleman. Send particulars to room "W" Hotel Netherwood. 20-2

BEAUTIFUL palms, India rubber trees, Ferns and flowering. NEW STOCK at Denton's Hillside avenue nursery. 20-2

BY COMPETENT woman, situation as attendant; useful companion, housekeeper; governess, charge orphan children. Reference—Mrs. Bassett care of Mrs. H. Opdyke, city. 20-3

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of nearly four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-9-sat

FOR SALE—Columbia Tandem, in exchange for table, for lady and gentleman, or two gentlemen. In first-class condition. Good as new. For price and particulars address John K. Pollock, Cranford, N. J. was

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9-sat

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. References required. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9-17tf

WANTED—A girl who understands plain sewing, on Singer sewing machine. Must thoroughly know how to regulate the machine. Apply at 59 East Main street at once. 15 3

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be strong, willing and competent. Address "R. P.," care of EVENING NEWS. 13-3

WANTED—75 carpenters. At the Linden Race Track, Elizabeth. Apply to John E. Pender, 31 Geneva street, Elizabeth, N. J. 18-8

WANTED—A coachman and gardener, one who thoroughly understands everything pertaining to a gentleman's place. Must be good reference. Apply to C. Van Vleet, 50 Prospect avenue.

WANTED—A competent young woman for general housework in a family of three adults. Must be a good cook, washer and ironer. Call at 67 East Fifth street.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Must also help two days of the week with housework. Strong, willing, Germany girl, with knowledge of the English language preferred. Address "S," care of EVENING NEWS. 15-5

Special Notices.

ALL LADIES WISHING to become members of the Women's Bicycle Club are requested to send their names and address to Mrs. G. P. Opdyke, No. 16 West Eighth street.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse ends. Intelligence office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay. 90 West Front st.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street, Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite, stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and fleece wool, shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also income given in spare time work. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 23-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Charles G. Mann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-24-1y

ONE WEEK LONGER. Mrs. Dr. Edwards is compelled at the request of a large number who desire to consult her, to remain another week in Plainfield. She must positively leave on Wednesday morning, September 17th, and this is the last opportunity. 11-1w

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and flowering plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, two minutes walk at Denton's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 4-30-1y

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought—Sold—Repaired. Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

Died.

MYERS—At Colorado Springs, Sept. 19th, Lucy F., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Myers of this city.

Funeral services at Colorado Springs Monday, Sept. 22d. 2-2p

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SUMMIT STREET.

W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $4.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 2. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

An investigation of the United States commissioner of pensions has been called, on the charge that he has been selling refrigerator stock to clerks in his department. Do his cruel enemies hope thus to freeze out the commissioner?

The city council of Shamokin, Pa., are on unusual body of men. The railroad company whose tracks run through their principal thoroughfare desired to put gates at the crossings to protect the Shamokinites. But the city council would not have it. Such gates would interfere with business and detain citizens, they decided. And now a Shamokin young lady has been run over and killed at a crossing. Ought the council or the railroad to pay the funeral expenses?

Lord Sackville, British minister that was, seems to have a singular genius for putting his foot in it. After getting himself recalled to England for criticising American politics too freely in the celebrated Murchison letter, he now goes and says that the citizens of Stratford-on-Avon shall pay him water rent for the supply furnished to the Shakespeare fountain our own George W. Childs presented to that city. His lordship owns the marble place in which the fountain was erected. Let us hope this story is not true. If it is, Sackville West will live to be deadly ashamed of himself, unless he has the hide of a rhinoceros. If he insists on his water rent, doubtless Mr. Childs himself will pay it, he having far too much tact to bestow a gift that is an expense to the recipient.

The Fad for Things English.

"The Recent English Impress on American Life" is the subject of a paper in Belford's Magazine by James W Gerard. It was quite the style to be English before the Revolution, Mr. Gerard tells us. The colonial governors were men of rank and culture, and they brought with them people of their own kind. The loyal Americans imitated them in dress and manner fully as slavishly as the fashionable New Yorker or Bostonian now imitates them.

The Revolution brought a change. The colonies became intensely hostile to everything English. To say that a man was like an Englishman was to render him unpopular We imitated the French with whom our sympathies were wholly. In the years immediately following the Revolution Americans were too busy making up for the financial losses entailed by the war to care for anything beyond money getting. Mr. Gerard calls this period the dark ages of the United States. It was during these years that Mrs. Trollope visited us and wrote:

> Writers in the United States have little encouragement to exercise their powers in any manner more dignified than indulging the editor of a magazine or newspaper. The general taste is decidedly that this is envious not only from the mass of slipslop poured forth by the daily and weekly press, but from the inflated tone of eulogy in which their lauds authors are lauded.

And when Harriet Martineau came to us in 1830 she mentions that at a party one evening the lion of the hour was a tall, thin person, with a cock nose and a squint eye, who had made $100,000 by a single speculation in tallow.

But the invention of the steamship changed our social life again. Travel became cheap. Americans and English mingled freely once more. Americans discovered once more how admirable were the ways and the spirit of old England, and for the second time fell to imitating the mother country with all their might.

Mr. Gerard says:

> Through these two sources English thought and science have spread their wings, and stimulated intellectual action and progress on that side of the water. English journalism, periodical and light literature furnishes a favorite literary pabulum, and has become a model for imitation here. English athletic sports and tastes are now the vogue, and have pushed the sedentary from their our time and enjoyment. English outdoor games amuse and develop both our young men and women, and are manifestly improving the American physique and bearing in stronger, more symmetrical and more healthy. English apparel and fashions are adopted as not only sensible and suitable, but to possess elegance and refinement. And modes of speech are assiduously imitated. English servants and even clergymen are imported by large numbers, the latter to be adopted, and even, alas! the English ridicule, the nasal twang is becoming more fashionable. Even the English pronunciation of a few words, and a quick, sharp, lowly voice has become a sign of low breeding, or, a Pangloss would say, "bad."

All of which, if true, goes to prove that even now, after nearly 300 years of existence, the American people have still no character of their own, but must continually imitate somebody else.

The colored Knights of St. Augustine in Washington, expressed it well when they declared in a resolution that John Boyle O'Reilly was "a true friend of mankind of every clime and nation."

The month embraced in the provisions of the new silver law will date from the 13th to the 13th, it being Aug. 13 when the law went into effect.

Mrs. Kendall, the woman who medically says she is the only virtuous actress in England, will soon be with us again

READING'S WRECK

Frightful Loss of Life Upon That Railroad.

HURLED INTO THE RIVER.

Thirty or Forty Persons Are Reported Dead.

The Pottsville Express Runs Into a Wreck and Is Precipitated Into the Schuylkill River Twenty Feet Below. Many of the Large Number of Passengers Killed or Mangled in the Debris. George B. Kaercher, the Famous Reading Attorney, One of the Dead—Scenes of Indescribable Horror at the Wreck. It Is Said to Be the Worst Calamity of the Kind in the Whole History of the Road.

READING, Pa., Sept. 20.—A wreck occurred on the Reading railroad, seventeen miles above this place at about 6:45 last night. If everything is borne out by subsequent developments, it is the worst wreck that has ever occurred in this section in the history of the Reading Railroad company. The train which met with disaster left this city at 6:10 o'clock, ten minutes late. It is known as the Pottsville express and was running at the rate of at least forty-five miles an hour. It had on board from 125 to 150 passengers, and consisted of engine, mail and express cars and three passenger cars. Above Shoemakerville, about fifteen miles above this city, there is a curve where the railroad is about eighteen to twenty feet higher than the Schuylkill river. Here, shortly before 6 o'clock, a freight train ran into a coal train, throwing several cars of the latter on the opposite track, and before the train hands had time to go back to warn any approaching train of the danger, the Pottsville express came around the curve and ran into the wrecked coal cars on the track.

Hurled Into the Schuylkill.

The engine went down the embankment, followed by the entire train with its human freight. The scene was one of great horror, and can be better imagined than described. The cries of the imprisoned passengers were heartrending. It was a scene never to be forgotten by those who participated and survived. Some of the passengers managed to crawl out of their prison and were assisted by neighbors. Word was telegraphed to this city and help summoned, but all information was refused at this point by the railroad officials. Physicians and surgeons and a force of 300 workmen were taken to the spot, and with the aid of a traveling electric light plant the work of clearing away the wreck was at once proceeded with. Work was slow and the dead and dying were taken out with great difficulty. The names of the dead thus far recovered are as follows:

A List of the Dead.

E. W. Logan, parlor car conductor, of Pottsville.

——Greenawalt, mail agent.

Harry Loughlin, conductor, of Pottsville.

William D. Thoma, of Reading.

James Logan, engineer, of Pottsville.

John White, engineer, of Pottsville.

John L. Miller, of Cressona, Pa.

William D. Shomo, of Reading, and David Augustine, of Jersey City, died shortly after being taken out of the wreck.

Some of the Injured.

Joseph Noll, Shenandoah, cut about head and left shoulder broken; Frank B. Hall, manager of Frank Mayo's Dramatic company, cut about head and body, bruised about arms and legs. John Carroll, St. Clair, back and internally injured; Joseph Asfield, Mahanoy City, bruised about body and legs; William Glassmoyer, Port Clinton, badly cut about head; Thomas Cooney, Philadelphia, head and legs injured; Robert Cotton, Pottstown, injured internally; Samuel Shallenberger, Hamburg, legs injured; B. W. Zimber, Girardville, foot and leg mashed; John Coolick, Mount Carmel, hurt internally and hand mashed; W. Johnston, Shenandoah, head badly cut and leg broken; George Sowders, Reading, badly hurt in the back; J. Franklin Beecher, Shenandoah, body badly bruised, legs hurt; James Bernhart, Shenandoah, left hip crushed and legs hurt; John Hoss, Mahanoy City, legs badly hurt; Daniel Young, Mahanoy City, head badly cut and legs sprained; Lyman Dick, Hamburg, both legs broken. Dr. B. F. Solade, New Ringold, right arm broken; Jacob Uiner, Pottsville, both legs broken; Samuel Coomb, Mahanoy City, badly hurt about body and leg broken. William Surnoski, Ashland, hurt; Harrison Riland, Philadelphia, leg broken and internally injured; Joseph Southwood, Centralia, body cut and internally injured. James F. Merkel, Bethlehem, badly cut about head and internally injured; John Thornton, Lewport, badly cut about head and body, seriously injured.

Mr. W. Swartz was one of the survivors.

A passenger who went down with the wreck and who was but slightly hurt, says: "When the passenger train left Reading the cars were all filled, many of the passengers being ladies. I sat in the front part of the last car. The train was going at a lively rate of speed. The passengers appeared a happy crowd, many of the ladies chatting and laughing after a day's pleasure at the Berks County fair. I was viewing the lovely country through which we were passing, when suddenly there was a terrible crash. I was hurled from my seat while the cars rolled down the twenty foot embankment and I was thrown from one side of the car to the other, when we were precipitated into the water, and I was thrown against the side of the car with a force that partially stunned me.

Horrible Scenes.

"I quickly recovered myself and managed to climb upon the seats on that side of the car which lay against the embankment. I was a prisoner in the car, unable to get out, and while I was nursing my sprained ankle and dislocated wrist, I realized that I was in a scene of veritable horror. Around me were human beings struggling in the water, screaming in their fright, and some almost dragged me back into the water again. A few saved themselves as I did, and the remainder struggled in the water and then quietly sank out of sight."

Recovering the Bodies.

The injured had their wounds dressed on the bank, and those who live near were taken to their homes and those who reside in this section were brought to the Reading hospitals. The company put about 200 men at work in getting out the dead and dying, which work was greatly facilitated when the electric light was got into working order. The workmen report having seen the dead bodies of eight women in the Parlor car that is lying in the river. It is also reported that the body of the company's solicitor, George B. Kaercher, of Philadelphia, is also in that car, but this has not yet been verified. Two cars of wounded have been received at the Reading hospital and another train will bring down the bodies of the dead thus far recovered.

May Reach Fifty.

It is believed the dead may reach fifty, as the first efforts of the workmen were to take out the injured. There were very many ladies on the train, but up to 11 p. m. none have been taken out. At that hour the dozen doctors on duty left the scene of wreck, confident that all the injured had been taken out at that time. Their estimate is that at least fifty dead bodies are still under the wrecked cars in the river.

Caught Robbing the Dead.

Two Italian laborers working on a contract near by were detected in robbing the dead and dying, and they were arrested by Detective Wauck, of this city.

Engineer White took Engineer Lew Heller's run, the latter having been killed at the Tuckerton wreck a few months ago.

Fifteen Bodies Recovered.

At 2 a. m. the situation was as follows: Two hundred men were still at work, but they were making slow progress. Fifteen bodies had been taken out. Their names have been given already. As they are in no particulars different from those given in previous dispatches. The others are unknown and awaiting the recognition of friends. None of the bodies have been taken from the scene of disaster.

John Strauss, Schuylkill Haven, is among the latest injured reported. It is still believed that twenty or more are now beneath the debris. Of these they are not known, because it is not known who was on the train, and how many were actually killed will only be disclosed with the removal of the engine and cars from the bed of the river.

Lawyer Kaercher Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21.—A special from Reading to The Inquirer says: George B. Kaercher, Esq., the eminent railroad lawyer of Pottsville, who has also a law office in Philadelphia, is among the killed. Perhaps the most acquainted with him have identified the crushed body in the debris of the Pullman car. William D. Shomo, one of Reading's richest citizens, was a passenger on the train and was one of the first persons reported killed. His body was one of the first taken from the wreck. Shomo was a reputed millionaire.

No more trains arriving after 6 p. m. were allowed to go beyond this city. All passengers from Philadelphia and intermediate points for destination north of Reading were compelled to leave the trains. At 9:30 a special train was made up in Philadelphia to take the place of the Buffalo express, leaving time out of which is 8:25 p. m. The main depot of the Reading was crowded at that hour and up to 11 o'clock with excited passengers and anxious relatives of persons who were known to have been aboard the ill fated train.

SHE DID NOT LOVE KOCH,

But Despite That Fact He Consented to Die with Her.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Crowds of morbidly curious persons called yesterday at the undertaking establishment at No. 82 Stanton street, where the body of Emilie Rossi, the woman who killed herself in Mme. Knorrn's house, at Canal street and the Bowery, Thursday, lies. In appears now that Miss Rossi committed suicide, not from love of Koch, but because her mother, now in Germany, objected to her wedding another man, also in Germany, who is only known here as "Felix," and that Koch killed himself because Miss Rossi did not reciprocate his passion for her This statement of the case was made yesterday by Mme. Knorrn. The sprig of heliotrope which the girl wore on her nightdress when she killed herself was given to her in Germany by Felix.

Miss Rossi, who first came to this city in October, 1889, returned to Germany in May, 1890, to plead with her mother for her consent to her marriage with Felix. She did not return until Sept. 6, and then it was because her mother refused to sanction the match. Koch, who was a divorced man, met her in 1888, and told her of his troubles. He fell in love with her, begged her to marry him, but she refused. Then after her return he renewed his suit, but with no success. She told him she was resolved to die, and he agreed to end his life when she did. Mme Knorrn's theory regarding the suicide of the couple is borne out by the fact that Miss Rossi left in her room no evidences of love for Koch, while his love for her is mentioned in many letters. She said in her last letter, "I tell him everything," probably referring to her love for Felix.

Funeral of Dion Boucicault.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The body of the dead playwright and actor, Dion Boucicault, lay in the room where he died all day yesterday. In the afternoon Sculptor J. Scott Hartley modeled and took a plaster cast of the dead man's face. The funeral arrangements are all arranged. The funeral services will be held at the "Little Church Around the Corner" at 10 o'clock Monday morning. Rev. Dr. Houghton will officiate. The list of pallbearers includes the names of prominent lawyers, journalists, managers and actors.

A Lunatic's Strange Suicide.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 20.—Richard W. Goodchild, of Bayonne, a patient in the State Lunatic asylum, committed suicide on Friday. Goodchild had seven mild patients out walking. Goodchild being one of the number, and in the rear of the line. A hay wagon passing at the moment, he threw himself under the wheels and his neck was broken. He died instantly. Goodchild was a wealthy real estate broker, and had been in the institution eight months.

Murderer Birchall Indicted.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 20.—The grand jury have rendered a true bill against J. Reginald Birchall for the murder of Ned C. Benwell at Niagara Falls. Unless something extraordinary happens the case will be taken up Monday morning. Birchall's wife visited him in jail during the day. He is fast failing in health.

Bassett Sentenced for Five Years.

JAMAICA, L. I., Sept. 20.—John Melville Bassett, who was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree in the Queens county sessions for causing the death of Miss Tessie Covert at Jamaica in March last, was sentenced to five years in Sing Sing at hard labor. Bassett took his sentence indifferently.

Junius S. Morgan's Sister Dead.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 20.—Mrs. Lucy Morgan Goodwin, widow of Maj. James Goodwin and sister of the late Junius S. Morgan, the eminent London banker, died at her home in this city last night, aged 79 years.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

A Stubborn Deadlock Still On in the House.

ALL DAY LONG THE BATTLE RAGED

How You See a Quorum and How You Don't—The Langston-Venable Contest Was Not Disposed Of—The Senate and the National Bankruptcy Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—In the house the Democratic minority by filibustering tactics, refusing to vote but responding to roll calls, prevented final action up to the time of adjournment on the Langston-Venable Virginia contested election case. Speaker Reed decided to adhere to the rule that 165 members constituted a quorum. The speaker said that no matter what the conduct of gentlemen who were obstructing legislation, if they were obstructing it, might be, it was desirable that no mistake be made in the matter. His understanding what might be thought by the house and the country of the acts which caused it to be done, he would order tellers. Mr. McKinley and Mr. Crisp were appointed tellers to count the house. After waiting a quarter of an hour the tellers announced the presence of 164 members.

Talk About Secession.

Mr. Crisp made the point of order that notwithstanding the four vacancies existing in the membership of the house 164 members did not constitute a quorum. In the course of his argument he referred to the decisions made at the beginning of the war of secession, whereupon the speaker suggested sotto voce that there was a necessity for similar decisions now. Mr. Crisp retorted that he was arguing a serious matter and would not notice sidebar and undignified remarks. Mr. Houk (Tenn.), referring to the assertion of the Democratic side, said that it was a familiar repetition of secession. Mr. Crisp said that he would not go into the question of secession with the gentleman from Tennessee. That was a long way behind him. Mr. Houk retorted that he was referring to the present secession. Mr. Crisp thought it was sufficient to reply that the absent members believed that when the majority had given notice that it was going to unseat an elected member that majority must have a quorum.

The Quorum Question.

The point of order was discussed by Mr. Grosvenor (O.), Mr. Holman (Ind.) and Mr. Reilly (Pa.). The speaker promised his decision that 164 members constituted a quorum. He would announce that if after careful examination he should find precedents in opposition to it he would not adhere to it. He had a distinct recollection that Speaker Randall had held that a quorum was a majority of the living members. But he could not find the decision in The Record. The decision of Speaker Grow in 1861 did not appear on examination to go so far as the chair and some members had thought. It only went to the extent of saying that a majority of those members originally chosen would constitute a quorum of the house. The question as to whether a majority of those sworn in should constitute a quorum had been left in abeyance. All previous decisions had been that a quorum must consist of a majority of those who behave been chosen. The only hesitancy on the part of the chair was his recollection of the opinion of Speaker Randall. Under that the chair did not think that any doubtful decision ought to be made and would therefore adhere to the rule that 166 members constituted a quorum.

All Day the Battle Raged.

A call of the house was therefore ordered, and as a few Democrats entered the chamber the presence of 170 members was disclosed. The speaker announced the question to be on the approval of the journal, and it was approved. The question recurred on ordering the previous question on the Langston-Venable case. The Democrats then retired, only Messrs. O'Ferrall, Crisp, Reilly, Holman and Parrett remaining in their seats. The previous question was ordered—yeas, 167; nays, 7—the clerk noting a quorum. Mr. Cheadle (Ind.), republican, voted in the negative. Mr. Cheadle moved to recommit the case. Lost—7 to 145. The question recurring on the minority resolution, declaring Langston not elected, the republicans disappeared and a call of the house was ordered, which disclosed the presence of 167 members. The minority resolution was then rejected and the vote was taken on the second minority resolution, declaring Venable duly elected. Lost—4 to 155—the speaker counting a quorum.

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Othello Ranges

Choice Timothy Seed.

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Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farer Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

Queer Quorum Scrapes.

The first majority resolution declaring Venable not elected was next ordered, and again the quorum disappeared and once more was it necessary to order a call of the house. Once more a quorum responded on this call and again did that quorum disappear on the pending resolution, the vote standing—yeas, 167; nays, 6. There being no quorum the house adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The senate discussed Mr. Plumb's resolution to recommit the bankruptcy bill with instructions to amend it by making it apply to voluntary bankruptcy only and then left the whole matter on the calendar with very much probability of it being called up again this session. When the resolution came up Mr. Hoar asked Mr. Plumb to withdraw it. Mr. Hoar said the bill had been very carefully prepared, and when it came before the senate a motion could be made to strike out the involuntary clause of it.

Not in the Power of Congress.

Mr. Plumb said that he had offered the resolution because he was utterly opposed to the principle of involuntary bankruptcy, and he did not wish to have any bankruptcy bill passed at this session.

Mr. Plumb said he understood that an association of wholesale dealers had spent a good deal of money in efforts to have the bill passed, and that fact indicated that the bill was not in the interest of the people of the United States, but in the interest of a class of persons whom it would enable to put a clutch on the throat of all the business of a small kind carried on in the United States.

Mr. Hoar believed such a bill was needed and would have a good effect and reduce the present rates of interest.

The house bill to reduce the amount of United States bonds to be required of national banks, and to restore to the channels of trade the excessive accumulations of lawful money in the treasury was then reached on the calendar, Mr. Sherman spoke. He believed that its passage would tend very much to quiet even the present agitation in the money market.

Mysterious Shooting of a Woman.

THREE RIVERS, Que., Sept. 20.—Mrs. Gervais, of Pointe du Lac, nine miles from here, was shot and killed while sitting at the supper table with her husband. The shot was fired through the window. There is no clew to the party who did the shooting, and no cause can be assigned for the act.

Accidentally Shot.

CONCORDIA, Mo., Sept. 20.—Thomas McGrath, treasurer of a circus exhibiting here, was shot and killed by W. M. Lytlle, one of the proprietors of the show. A coroner's jury brought in a verdict of accidental shooting. McGrath leaves a family, supposed to be in New York.

Born in a Coffin.

VIENNA, Sept. 20.—The body of a woman named Gordo was exhumed at Szegedin Friday for the purpose of an autopsy. When the coffin was opened it was found that the woman had been buried alive and that she had given birth to a child in the coffin.

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KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and grays, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c

7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown 98.

The "Globe" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr worsteds, 5c per ez.

Germantown wool, 10c per skein.

Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

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given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

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ain't it good?

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N. H Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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Emily and Door Street.

Mrs. Stephenson,

18 WEST FRONT STREET,

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FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

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will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleansing carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

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THE BABE IN THE WOODS

Three Days and Nights Little Dayton Wandered,

ACCOMPANIED BY HIS DOG FRANK.

The Remarkable Adventures of a Three-Year-Old Infant in the Wilderness near Hudson, N. Y.—Found at Last in a Swamp by a Searching Party.

HUDSON, N. Y., Sept. 20.—After wandering in the woods since Tuesday morning Dayton, the 3-year-old boy of George Weaver, was found in a swamp not more than three miles from his home by William C. Coons and E Van Deusen while hunting. When discovered the child was playing contentedly in the mud and water and apparently will be none the worse for his experience. He was still accompanied by his pet dog, which attacked the men as they picked up the little fellow. All are surprised at the child's recovery alive after his exposure in scanty attire in the severe rain storm for nearly four days.

Dayton and His Dog Disappeared.

At 10 o'clock Tuesday morning Dayton and the dog disappeared, and although the whole county was scoured Wednesday and Thursday, no trace of the little tow headed tot and his canine companion, Frank, was found. Amongst those who started out to search were Fred Coons and his friend, Giles D. Van Deusen, an electrician, living at 705 Gates avenue, Brooklyn. They went west to Newman's swamp, a mile from Weaver's, and then began to look into the dense and tangled swamp woods belonging to Mr Delamater. There, in such a wilderness of trees, is a secluded place about Hudson. The light scarcely penetrates the foliage even on a bright day. The ground is rough and somewhat precipitous. Van Deusen and Coons had penetrated some distance into this forest and came to the edge of a swamp surrounded by cedars.

Found at Last.

"Let's look in there," said Van Deusen.

He handed Coons his gun and began to make his way through the edge of the swamp. He at once he stopped in astonishment. There was a clear bit of firm ground a few yards in front of him. In the midst of it was a cedar tree. Under the tree, seated upon the ground, was the lost boy. His bare, brown legs, torn and bleeding, were stretched straight in front of him. His bare feet were bruised and cut. His brown gingham apron was wet and dirty, as was also his blue gingham dress under it. His hands were torn and smeared with blood. He was quietly sitting there, playing with a tin can. He had put a stone in it and it was making a great rattling. Frank, the dog, was running to and fro about him, seemingly enjoying the noise.

His Faithful Dog.

He was thin and hollow and flushed with fever. His head was bare and his hair was badly matted. Van Deusen was astonished at this scene, when he, with everybody else, supposed that the boy was dead after three days and nights of exposure to rain and cold. He went toward the child. The pup ran at him savagely and began to bark and snap. But the boy looked at him with frank, questioning eyes, and said:

"Want mamma. I'se hungry."

Van Deusen picked up this prodigy of endurance. The gingham apron and dress were soaked through and through.

"You're hungry!" he inquired.

"Ess. An' I'se wet. It wained an' wained." Then the child began to sob a little and said, "It dark and cold. I want mamma."

And Mamma Wanted Him.

It was not long before the little fellow's wish was granted, and he was hardly more delighted than his anxious, half heart-broken mother, who caught him from Van Deusen's arms and hugged him convulsively to her breast, while the tears of joy streamed from her eyes. His first words were:

"Hungry, mamma!" and then he began to cry softly.

They took off the three thin and wet garments which had been his only protection. They dressed and bandaged the scratches and bleeding legs that had grown so thin. Both dog and boy were fed on warm milk at first. As the dog is only three months old, its fidelity to the boy is the most remarkable. The boy, sitting on his mother's lap, looked at him and said, "Frank laid wis me!" This was about the only remark he made. The story of his suffering, his fear in the great lonely forest, with the rain falling through the inky darkness of the night, will never be told. But it can be imagined.

Attempt to Lynch a Fiend.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Sept. 20.—Considerable excitement was occasioned at the fair grounds yesterday afternoon by the arrest of the Italian who made an assault on a little girl near Blackington some two weeks ago. The girl saw him on the grounds and pointed him out to an officer. The man fled, but after a hot chase through the woods and wading the river, he was captured. A crowd endeavored to take him from the officers in an attempt to lynch him, and a terrible struggle ensued, during which the Italian's clothing was torn from him. Finally the officers locked him up. He was thoroughly identified.

Cal Wood Must Follow Kemmler.

GLEN FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Judge Fish this morning sentenced Cal Wood murder trial occupied over an hour and was clear and impartial. The jury were out but thirty minutes and returned with a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. The prisoner was sentenced to be executed by electricity at Dannemora prison during the week of Nov. 3. Wood was totally unconcerned, but his wife wept and broke down upon hearing the sentence.

Helped by the McKinley Bill.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The last shops have just acceded to the demand of the guideheaters for increased wages, and now 1,200 of them throughout the country are at work at an increase from $9.30 to $13.30 per week for workers by the week and from $4 to $6.25 for beating fifty-pennyweight for piece workers. Charles Brice, chairman of the gold and silverbeaters' National tariff committee, ascribes the success of the strike to the McKinley bill, which provides for an increase of duty on gold leaf 25 1-3 per cent.

A Two Hundred Thousand Dollar Fire.

WHITEHALL, Mich., Sept. 20.—Whitehall had the greatest fire Friday that it has had since 1861. It started near the Mears barn and swept a path through the town for half a mile, destroying at least thirty buildings. The Muskegon fire department came to the aid of the town and helped save the rest of it. The losses aggregate over $200,000.

GOVERNMENT CHARGES INDEFINITE.

The Alleged Offenses of Dillon and O'Brien Vaguely Described.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—A study of the warrant upon which Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien were arrested shows that it fails to specify with any particularity the offenses for which the arrests were ordered. The document is verbose and clumsy in style and matter. Mr. Healy believes that he is fairly sure that if the case of the accused are granted an appeal they will be able to have the proceedings quashed. Sir Charles Russell, the eminent barrister, apparently takes the same view, for in a speech at Darlington Thursday night he referred to the shadowy nature of the charges, and said that similar writs had been set aside in the past. This being so, he asked why might not a like fate await the present proceedings.

The raising of this question by lawyers of repute has caused some uneasiness among the conservatives. The Globe, for instance, expresses the hope that a step so certain to concentrate attention upon Irish affairs and to rekindle the flames of passion which were gradually expiring has not been taken without ample legal advice. It says that Tipperary is the key to the fight for Ireland. They will take care to frustrate the dastardly calculations of the government."

"What do you think, Mr. O'Brien," the correspondent asked, "will be the ultimate effect of the government's present course on the cause you represent?"

"It will be altogether beneficial," Mr. O'Brien replied without hesitation. "It will close up the ranks of our followers, revive drooping courage and banish every shadow of dissension. The combination in Tipperary is absolutely impregnable. It cannot be shaken."

Three Men Plead Guilty.

BUFFALO, Sept. 20.—Franklin Kunn, of Binghamton, has pleaded guilty in the United States court to using the mails to defraud. He and a woman advertised for a husband, got a victim and obtained money from him for a wedding outfit. He was fined $25 and sentenced to six months in Broome county jail. Eli Carpenter, of Glens Falls, plead guilty to representing himself as a government officer and defrauding an old soldier. He got four months in the Saratoga county jail. Frank Bagard, of Troy, was fined $50 for violation of the internal revenue law. Arthur Murchison pleaded guilty to aiding and abetting the bringing of Chinamen into this country at Malone, N. Y.; sentence later

Marsh & Ayers.

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weeks I would inform their customers and the public generally that I buy and pay cash for same and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

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Elocution in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Alford, P. O. Box 1200

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application or 31 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Open lessons given at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Post office address, 124 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Will be found from 3 to 5 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 8-5 1m

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a unique system of singing, as taught by the Issli, of Milan, and the Leipsic method Gesangunterricht. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. 9 2 2w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Allitsen, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 22nd. Mrs. Anderson refers to others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dr. Damrosch, W. Hyde, of Nutheread, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 18-2w

MISS FARNETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department is thoroughly instructed. Pupils, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History. Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20tu

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, 18 September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars, address Miss F. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

PODMAN SEMINARY.
No 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. Will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. R. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8 18-3m

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Ludlow avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate treasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

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PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.
1 Cask, 12 dozen 5 pint stamped reed style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.
Vegetable and Fruit fresh every day.

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Professional Cards.

CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N.J.

CHARLES A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. B. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinary Surgeon, No. 29 North avenue Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 4. Residence, 126 West Front street.

E. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners, Solicitors, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, No. 287 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23, Imprisen and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, 300n east street. Address

R. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 and 13 Park avenue. 500 feet above the sea level.

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $30, worth $55. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having renewed our new fall styles of furnitures are prepared to offer them at prices reasons bly low. Some odd pieces less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance has been introduced before the Common Council of the City of Plainfield, ordered engrossed preparatory to its being finally passed on the 4 th inst. at the meeting of Council to adopt the same.

Plainfield, N. J., September 3, 1890.

AN ORDINANCE

To macadamize Plainfield avenue from the south easterly side of West seventh street to the north westerly line of the city.

Whereas the owners of all the property fronting on Plainfield avenue between the south easterly side of West seventh street and the north westerly boundary line of the city have subscribed for the said avenue to be macadamized from the said Plainfield avenue as hereinafter directed, and have paid into the treasury of the city the sum of eight hundred dollars on account of the cost of said street, be macadamized for a uniform depth of six inches with crushed stone of good quality and free from dirt, and that the said work be done, completed and rolled so that when completed the surface of the said street shall have a uniform crown of not less than one inch and not more than that contour to the grade of said street, through out as it may be found already to be established for said street by ordinance, said macadamizing to be done under the direction and supervision of the Street Commissioner, who shall have power to do all necessary grading of said street, and the contractor for said work shall conform with said grade as already established.

SECTION 2. In order to protect said street and the macadamizing thereof from surface water the gutters of said street on both sides thereof from said south easterly side of West Seventh street to the city line be excavated, shall be protected by tailings of larger pieces of crushed stone and by such other means as the engineer in charge of the street Commissioner, proper culverts of like stone shall be constructed for the proper carrying off of said surface water, said work to be done under the supervision of the Street Commissioner.

SECTION 3. That the owners of property fronting on said Plainfield avenue shall pay or cause to be paid into the City Treasury the sum of three dollars per front foot dollars on the completion of said work, said owners having agreed so to do and after applying such sum toward the cost of said work and macadamizing as hereinbefore directed, the remainder of such cost shall be at the general expenses of the city and shall be provided for in the budget 221 of the laws of New Jersey for the year 1891.

SECTION 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Yeas 26,0.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't Forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples!!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle. Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

FIRST ANNUAL
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and review it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The first purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offer of daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.50
Odors	.50
Wrenches	1.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough

Stages will leave Plainfield in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business will warrant.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the limits of the city to Cedar Brook.

Connect with the 6; 9, 7.20 and 8.37 a. m. trains for Cedar Brook. 12.30, 2 and 3 p. m. and 4 p. m. return trips posted to Washingtonville. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7.40 a. m., 12.30, 4.00 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.30, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 8.30 to 9.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 7.04, 7.48, 8.04, 8.40, 9.07, 9.46, 10.36, 11.06 a. m., 12.05, 1.04, 2.04, 3.04, 4.04, 5.04, 6.04, 7.04, 8.04, 9.04, 10.04, 11.36, 12.06 p. m. Sunday 5.27, 8.04, 8.40, 9.07, 9.46, 10.36, 11.06 a. m., 12.05, 1.04, 2.04, 3.04, 4.04, 5.04, 6.04, 7.04, 8.04, 9.04, 10.04, 11.36, 12.06 p. m. Leave New York, foot of Liberty street at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Newark changecars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.30, 8.27, 9.40, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.27, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.40, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.27, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change at Bridgewater Junction.

PLAINFIELD AND SOUTH PLAINFIELD.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.30, 8.27, 9.40, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.27, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.45, 9.40, 10.40, 11.50 a. m., 1.20, 2.30, 3.45, 4.30, 5.15, 6.30, 7.27, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 10.45, 11.50 a. m., 3.50 p. m. Sunday 8.15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Belvidere, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Scranton, Wilkesbarre and Syracuse.

7.00, 8.30 a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Pottsville, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 4.39 p. m. For Pittsburgh, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 10.45 a. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 4.30 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 5.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 6.39 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 11.45 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc., 12.01 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 1.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 4.30 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, etc. 5.00 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mauch Chunk, Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, 6.39 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, 11.45 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Bangor, Manch Chunk, Allentown, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Two Precious Relics Preserved in the Collection of Mr. George W. Childs.

A little green harp in the possession of Mr. George W. Childs has a curiously suggestive history and importance. It belonged to "Tom Moore" in the days of his greatest triumphs as poet and singer, and went with him to all the houses where he was so heartily welcomed. It was rescued from oblivion and carefully preserved by the S. C. Hails, and was part of their gift to Mr. Childs of their wealth of literary relics.

A miniature likeness of Gen. Washington, handsomely incased in gold, is one of the most precious relics in the possession of Mr. Childs. Its authenticity is certified to by a paper signed by the Washington heirs; to them it passed as children of Washington's adopted daughter, relative, Mrs. Hannah Washington, of Fairfield, Frederic county, Va., to whom it was bequeathed by Washington himself, and by whom it was entrusted by a lock of Washington's hair, set in the back of the picture. Fairfax Washington's letter, reciting that he had visited Washington at Mount Vernon two months before his death, and seen the original portrait from which this miniature was painted by Mr. Field, also attests its history. There is also another letter giving the history of its transmission through a succession of Washingtons, Fairfaxes, Meades and others, all related to the great original. At the last sale it was purchased into the ownership of Mr. Childs, by whom it is reverently preserved in his private office, one of the most precious of his relics. There it has been seen by hundreds of visitors, Americans and foreigners.

The Button a Modern Invention.

The word button (French bouton, from bout, an end or extremity, and bouter, to push or place) is less correctly applied to all appendage of dress than to a tiny projection or collet intended to be pressed by the thumb or finger for a specific purpose, of which the aptest illustration is furnished by the terminal button of an electric bell. The idea of utilizing the bouton for hanging anything thereby, or fastening anything thereto, is of comparatively modern date; in short, neither the term nor the article was known to the ancients. The dress of the Greeks and Romans needed not the presence of buttons, ample substitutes for which were found in the clasp. Among all the paintings and mosaics discovered in the ruins of Pompeii no single illustration of the button has ever been brought to light. Nor did the simple costume of the Anglo-Saxons require those accessories. Previous to the Norman conquest buttons in England were altogether unknown. The people of Normandy must certainly have been of an inventive turn of mind, or they would never have conceived the utility of buttons in relation to dress. The suggestion probably came from the already familiar wooden knob or extremity known as the boss or bouton of their early furniture. We know ourselves how convenient it is to hang any article of dress upon a nail, or on the bedpost, or even on the collet of a bedpost, so there exists no doubt that in this way it was how the Normans hit upon the idea of temporarily attaching one garment to another.

Animal Worship.

Among primitive peoples all animals are supposed to be endowed with souls, which in many cases have formerly animated human beings. Hence a likeness is often recognized between an animal and some deceased friend, and the animal is addressed as the person would have been, and honored with a kind of worship. Many tribes call themselves by the name of and even derive their pedigree from some animal. Its color becomes a guide to the life of the tribe, and thus originate the divination and augury of more civilized nations. In the modern sense of the word primitive people among whom animal worship vigorously survives lie within the range of Brahminism. Here the sacred cow is not merely to be spared, as in the Nile valley, but petted and bowed to daily by the pious Hindoo. Siva is incarnate in Hanuman, the monkey god. The divine king of birds, Garuda, is Vishnu's vehicle, and the forms of fish and boar and tortoise assumed in the avatar legends of Vishnu. Perhaps no worship has prevailed more widely than that of the serpent. It had its place in Egypt and among the Hebrews; in Greece and Rome; among the Celts and Scandinavians in Europe; in Persia and India; in China and Thibet; in Mexico and Peru, and in Africa, where it still flourishes as the state religion in Dahomey.

Where the Handsomest Corals Come From.

The largest quantity and the handsomest corals come from the Algerian coast. These coral grounds have been worked since the middle of the fifteenth century. Other coral grounds are found on the coast of Sicily, Corsica, Sardinia, Spain, the Balearics and Provence. More than 300 Italian barks and some 4,200 persons are engaged in the coral fishery. Besides these French and Spanish barks are engaged in the same occupation. The Italian fishermen pay a high royalty to the French government for their right of fishing for corals on the Algerian coast. There are more than sixty coral workshops in Italy, forty of which are in the little town Torre del Greco, at the foot of Vesuvius. These shops employ, as a rule, more than 9,000 persons, mostly women and children.

The Oldest Architectural Ruins.

The oldest ruins in the world are probably the rock cut temples at Ipsambul, in Nubia, on the left bank of the Nile. The largest temple contains fourteen apartments hewn out of a solid rock. The first and longest of these is 37 feet long and 32 feet broad, and is supported by two rows of massive pillars, four in each row, and 23 feet high. To each of these pillars is attached a standing colossus or human figure of enormous proportions, reaching to the roof, overlaid with a kind of stucco, and painted with gaudy colors, apparently as brilliant after a lapse of over 4,000 years as when laid on.

Graves of Washington and Adams.

Washington's remains lie in the tomb beside all of the vault at Mt. Vernon, within sound of the Potomac. His tomb is overshadowed by a willow, which was a cutting from a tree that overhung the grave of Napoleon at St. Helena. Martha Washington rests beside her husband.

John Adams and his son, John Quincy, lie side by side in a vault under the Unitarian church at Quincy, Mass. Their wives are buried with them.

How Opium Is Obtained.

Opium is got by cutting the capsule of the poppy flower with a notched iron instrument at sunrise, and by the next morning a drop or two of juice has oozed out. This is scraped off and saved by the grower, and after he has a small full of it it is skimmed and dried. It takes a great many poppies to make a pound of opium, and it goes through a number of processes before it is ready for market.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

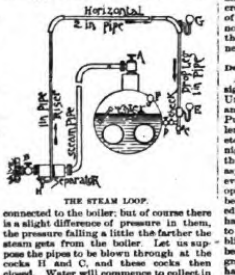
SUBJECTS OF PRACTICAL INTEREST TO WIDE AWAKE READERS.

The Steam Loop, Which Is an Appliance for Returning to a Steam Boiler the Condensed Water from Steam Pipes, Jackets, Heating Coils, Etc.

The steam loop here illustrated is a striking piece of apparatus, since it will return water to a boiler situated at a high level without the intervention of pumps, injectors or other motors. Engineering gives the following illustrated description:

The water simply flows back just as if it were under the action of gravity, the only means of communication being a range of pipes. The action will be readily understood by reference to the annexed diagram, which shows a steam boiler connected by a steam pipe from the dome (A) to a steam engine (B.) Immediately in front of the engine is fixed a separator, which catches the water carried over by the steam, as well as that which condenses in the pipe. From the bottom of the separator there rises a pipe until it attains a considerable elevation above the water line of the boiler; it then proceeds horizontally, and finally descends and enters the boiler on D.

The water from the separator follows the course of the pipe, and flows into the boiler at a higher level than the separator. The reason of this will be readily seen. The steam pipe and the steam loop are both



THE STEAM LOOP.

connected to the boiler; but of course there is a slight difference of pressure in them, the pressure falling a little farther the steam gets from the boiler. Let us suppose the pipes to be blown through at the cocks H and C, and these cocks then closed. Water will commence to collect in the separator, and the pressure in the loop to fall by reason of condensation. The excess of pressure in the separator will immediately begin to drive the water up the riser, not in a solid body, but in separate plugs or plungers, which will follow each other at frequent intervals.

As soon as these reach the top of the riser they will flow along the horizontal pipe, which is of large diameter, and reflect in the down pipe. Here the mass will remain until the head of the water, plus the steam pressure above it, is sufficient to raise the check valve, when a part of the column will flow into the boiler. Usually a head of a few feet is sufficient to effect this, but if this be not the case it may require twenty feet or more. At the moment when the check valve lifts the gauges at E and F will give the same reading, while the gauge at G will show the steam pressure existing at that point. The water is thus returned to the boiler without loss of pressure and almost without loss of heat. This is done continuously and automatically, the only care required being to blow through occasionally to remove the air.

Colorless Iodine.

While waiting in a drug store recently, says Popular Science News, our curiosity was excited by a call for "colorless iodine," and after the customer had been supplied with the preparation we made some inquiries in regard to its composition. It appeared that the iodine solution was bleached by the addition of ammonia, so that what the purchaser really obtained was a solution of iodide of ammonium, possessing none of the characteristic properties of iodine itself. Colorless iodine is said to be in considerable demand, but it contains no active iodine at all, and is evidently the invention of some druggist or physician with more ingenuity than chemical knowledge.

How the U. S. Arsenals Clean Brass.

The method prescribed for cleaning brass and in use in all the United States arsenals is claimed to be the best in the world. The plan is to make a mixture of one part common nitric acid and one-half pint sulphuric acid in a stone jar, having also ready a pail of fresh water and a box of sawdust. The articles to be treated are dipped into the acid, thrown into the water and finally rubbed with sawdust. This changes them into a brilliant color immediately. If the brass has become greasy it is first dipped in a strong solution of potash and soda in warm water, this cuts the grease so that the acid has full power to act.

Edison's Phonographic Doll.

Inasmuch as the mechanism of the talking doll can be made of any size, and the applications are endless, it becomes a subject of more interest than is usually bestowed upon toys. The mechanism of Mr. Edison talking doll is inclosed in the body of an ordinary doll of what is called standard size, and consists of a metal cylinder capable of reproducing, in some instances, as many as thirty words.

The first three of these dolls to pass into private hands in Europe, we are told by a London journal, were presented to the queen of Holland, for the gratification of

THE PHONOGRAPHIC APPARATUS OF THE TALKING DOLL.

her children, at the amsterdam exhibition. The illustration here given of the phonographic apparatus explains itself. Fig. 1 is the diaphragm; 2, cylinder containing the speaking and hearing tube; 3, motor with phonograph, and 4, doll with the apparatus adjusted.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Speed with Which an Impression Travels along the Sensory Nerves.

While it follows as a very natural consequence of the modern view of the relation between body and mind that mental processes, however simple, occupy time, Science reminds us that the very opposite opinion has been held by serious thinkers. It has been argued as a proof of the immortality of thought that its operations were out of relation to time, and the expression "quick as thought" has come to indicate a maximum of speed. It being established that so comparatively simple a process as sensation involves the passage of an impulse along nerve fibers, it is plain that the rate of traveling of this impulse sets a limit to the time of the entire process, as well as of all more complicated mental operations in which sensations are involved.

The physiologist Johannes Muller, writing in 1844, despaired of ever being able to measure the time of so excessively rapid and short a movement, but before the close of the same decade Helmholtz measured the rate in the nerve of the frog, finding it to be 27 meters, or 88 feet per second. Though somewhat greater in man, 110 feet per second, this movement is extremely slow compared with the velocity of light, or even sound, and hence it is only slightly faster than the fastest express train. Science adds that for the motor nerves of man Helmholtz has found by a method closely similar to that employed upon the frog a rate of 110 feet per second. The most influential of the conditions affecting this rate are found to be cold decrease and heat increases it, the extreme of variation being 30 to 90 meters. Under normal conditions it seems fair to regard the rate for both the motor and sensory nerves of man as about 110 feet per second.

Defective Sight Growing More Prevalent.

According to some oculists defective sight is becoming more general in the United States, and blindness, particularly among the poor, shows a steady rate. Purulent ophthalmia of infancy is prevalent in charitable institutions, poorhouses, etc. The disease shows itself within a fortnight after birth. A recent investigation of the blind in the county almshouses and asylums of one state showed that one out of every five cases of blindness was due to ophthalmia, and that the cases could have been cured if they had been properly treated in time, few or no special precautions having been taken in any of the institutions to prevent its spreading. The increase of blindness throughout the country has been so marked of late years—four times as great as the increase of population—that it has been made the subject of special investigation by the American Ophthalmological society, the investigation including a study of the ophthalmia so prevalent in Egypt, to which the ophthalmia of infancy is closely akin.

Better Results Than Pasteur's.

Dr. Leon Meeks, ex-president of the American Medical association, is credited with stating that during the past twenty years he had directed patients bitten by a mad dog to be treated by a drink of water saturated with a solution of carbolic acid and hyposulphite of soda, and to take in water ten grains of the hyposulphite of soda three times a day, continuing it three or four weeks. He did not pretend to say this prevented the development of hydrophobia, but none of these had had it, and therefore it could be said he had had better results than Pasteur.

The Toxic Effect of Cocoaine.

Dr. Isidor Gheck is credited with the discovery, arrived at after a series of experiments in seeking to do away with the toxic effects of cocoaine, that its combination with phenol cocoaine loses its objectionable features and even gains in usefulness. As stated in a medical journal, Dr. Gheck adds a dram of water containing two drops of water to ten grains of cocoaine. During a year's use of this formula he has failed to observe a single case of any bad effect of the drug, and employs it in any part of the nose or throat without fear of harmful results.

A Good Disinfectant.

A writer on disinfectants claims that the most reliable one that is practicable for families is the vapor of sulphur. To use this put it into an iron vessel, set it on fire and leave it burn out in the apartment with the doors tightly closed. About two pounds of roll sulphur is required for a room fifteen feet square with ceiling of ordinary height. The fumes are dangerous to life, and caution must be observed in entering the room before it is free from the sulphurous gas.

Color Blindness.

The investigations of a select committee on color blindness carried on in large English workshops have resulted in ascertaining the fact that out of fifty men examined two were color blind. According to Sir George Stokes, M. P., president of Royal society and chairman of the committee, this is about the average of color blindness in England.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Casual Introductions at an Outing Do Not Involve Future Acquaintance.

Introductions which take place out of doors, as on the lawn tennis ground, in the hunting field, in the street or in any casual way, are not to be taken as necessarily forming a basis of choosen or to consider them, says Mrs. John Sherwood, who is authority on manners and social usages. The same may be said of introductions at a watering place, where a number of ladies walking together meet other ladies or gentlemen, and join forces for a time in the promenade. Introductions are useful, and should be made by the oldest lady of the party, but are not to be considered as making an acquaintance necessary between the parties if neither should afterward wish it.

It is universally conceded now that this sort of casual introduction does not bind either lady in the network of a future acquaintance, nor need a lady recognize a gentleman if she does not choose to do so after a watering place introduction. It is always, however, more polite to bow; that civility hurts no one.

There are, says Mrs. Sherwood, many women—members of an exclusive set—who fear if they should know some other women outside of that set that they would imperil their social standing. The result is that much ill feeling is engendered, and people whom these old aristocrats call "parvenues" are always having their feelings hurt. The fact remains that the best bred and most truly aristocratic people do not find it necessary to hurt any one's feelings. An introduction never harms anybody, and a woman with the slightest tact can keep off a vulgar and pushing person without being rude. It is to be remembered there are vulgar natures among those who aspire to be considered exclusive, and that nothing is spared, when they can personally immerse their own happiness by ostracizing anyone.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Notes on a Variety of Things for Use and Ornament in a Cozy Home.

A portiere or curtain made of buckeyes strung on waxed thread, after the manner of the Japanese bead curtains, furnishes a very rich and handsome hanging.

One of the daintiest sheer draperies for cottage windows is embroidered on tamboured muslin. This comes by the yard in narrow width for sash curtains at from twenty cents upward.

The newest house linen has a broad hem, edged with rope or lace wide hemstitch and drawn work. The bed quilt, sheets, pillow slips, towels and toilet covers should all match.

Ladies disposed to construct various articles in pasteboard may beautify the surfaces and give them a solid appearance by the use of linen, says The Decorator and Furnisher. For a bright mother-of-pearl appearance use a concentrated cold solution of soda with diaphane, laid on with a brush—the cardboard being first sized. Other beautiful hues may be obtained from sulphate of magnesia, acetate of soda and sulphide of zinc.

The pretty and useful arrangement called "the baby's nest" is intended to be used for the first month of a baby's life. It is a square bed of light soft wood, padded with elder down, and trimmed with silk and embroidery or lace. The baby is laid in it as in a bed. It is sufficiently long to protect the back of the head and keep it from draughts. This nest insures evenness of temperature with one little woolen garment; no furtive clothing is necessary. The child is, in fact, shielded in a large, soft, comfortable envelope, and is not teased by the pulling on and off of so many garments.

What to do with the shells gathered at the seashore is easily solved as follows: Having washed them free from sand and dirt, put them in a basin and pour a little muriatic acid upon them, following this with about two-thirds as much water. In a few minutes take them out of the acid and water, wash in clear water, and rub with a bit of soft flannel. Then polish with sweet oil and pumice stone, and finish by rubbing with chamois skin. Both water shells are bleached by putting them into a chloride of lime solution and letting them stand in the sun, after which they can be polished as above.

How to Put Up Jelly.

When jelly is cold and firm cut a round of white paper to fit the top of the glass, and dip it in the beaten white of an egg. Press it down close to the jelly. If it rises at the side of the glass an eighth of an inch it will do no harm. Over this place a layer of smooth white cotton batting, fitting it closely to the glass. A second piece of cotton batting, or even cotton batting will do if the jelly is firm. Over all paste a round of paper, or paper dipped in white of egg. Be sure the jelly is stored where rats cannot nibble the paper and eat the jelly. Again, pour over the jelly a layer of melted paraffine, melted, but not hot, just warm enough to run. It will harden rapidly. Then paste over the glass a round of soft paper. When the jelly is used, melt the paraffine and save till the following year. Mrs. Horace M. Poole, who is authority for the foregoing, says that where paste is used a few drops of glycerine in each ounce will prevent the label from shrinking or dropping off. It is equally efficacious for mucilage.

Green Grape Marmalade.

Green grapes make good pies, also excellent jelly and marmalade. For the jelly more sugar must be used than for ripe grapes. For marmalade remove the seeds from six pounds of unripe grapes, and throw the latter into a saucepan of water over the fire; as soon as they swell lift them out, add a little more water, and let them stand by the side of the fire till quite green; then turn them into an earthenware pan with cold water. When cooled rub them through a sieve and replace them over the fire to dry; then add five pounds of sugar, clarified and boiled to the "crack;" stir it well over the fire, set it again on the fire till of the right consistency, when it must be put into pots and covered.

A Pretty Shopping Bag.

The purse shaped receptacle shown in the cut is a convenient bag either for fancy work or for shopping purposes. The material used may be plain plush, Roman sheeting or cashmere.

SHOPPING OR WORK BAG.

It is ornamented at each square end with applied pieces of brocade, or figured velvet brocade, the trimming being applied in different shapes on the two ends, and finished off at each corner with chenille and tinsel tassel. Ivory or gimp rings are used.

Melon Cream and Fritters.

Melon cream is not a very common, but certainly a very good, dish. Slice a good, crate sized melon and remove both rind and seeds; put it into a pudding dish with half a pound of sugar and reduce it to a marmalade; rub it through a sieve and add to it three-quarters of an ounce of sheet gelatine, and when cool mix in lightly a good pint of whipped cream. Melon fritters are also delicious. Cut the melon into neat pieces (removing seeds and rind), and let them soak for half an hour in a little brandy and sugar, then drain them, dip them in batter and fry. Serve with sifted sugar over them.

Russian Tea.

Here is an old Russian recipe for tea: To one-half pint of tea add one large lump of sugar; spread the tea upon a board, crush the leaves and sugar with a rolling pin as finely as possible; mix thoroughly, in small quantities at a time, with flour. The sugar will not be detected even by those who dislike it, and tea thus made is delicious.

Brief and Practical.

Fruit stains on cotton or on the hands may be removed by rubbing with the juice of ripe tomatoes. If applied immediately mentioned stains will take stains out of table linen. Let the spot stay a few hours it absorbs every trace of the stain.

It is said that a joint of meat may be kept many days by wrapping it loosely in a fine cloth wrung out in vinegar and hanging it in a draught of air. If the weather is very warm the cloth should be moistened twice or even thrice a day.

Milk may be canned just as you would can fruit. Bring the milk to the boiling point and fill your jars to the brim with it; seal air tight. This will keep any length of time, and be just as good when opened as when it was put up.

THE MAJORITY

of our Fall goods are here. The weather for the past few days has been somewhat against us, but we will be ready for good weather when it comes.

In the meantime our cellar is full of

RUBBER BOOTS and RUBBER OVERSHOES.

THE BEST MAKES AND THE LOWEST PRICES.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

20 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c| GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. **FIVE PER CENT. CASH.**

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONTSTREET. TELEPHONE 126

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8.

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, wash bottles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen M-son jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Cutting Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 60 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinwares and housefurnishing goods. Will sell at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 79c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

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WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN 20 WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 16X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 500 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 50 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. **LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.**

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

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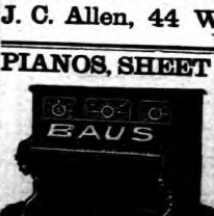
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NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

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SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

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CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

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at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-ly.

Joseph Krewson

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer same is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made to

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES

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The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size desired, at very reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

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97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

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L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In store to suit the trade. This coal was bought early enough to avoid the strikes and to clean it at the mines, and is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under cover.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and screening. This, with the use of the patent screening machine, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal has always the highest endorsement. Telephone 126. Lumber delivered promptly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE BASE BALL CRAZE.

THE DISEASE HERE AT FEVER HEAT SATURDAY.

The Crescents Defeated by the West Ends and Most Roundly Abused Therefore.—The Triumphant West Ends Return to Somerville Wild With Joy.

Never was such a gathering upon a ball field, in the county of Union, as that which met the eye at the Crescents grounds on Saturday. Between 2,000 and 2,500 people were present, all watching the play with intense interest.

It was the second meeting between the clubs. The West Ends had one to the good. Would the close of the game place the Crescent upon an equal footing, or would it be a short rubber in favor of the West Ends? The friends of each were confident and enthusiastic, and where their voices failed, their money talked for them. Changes were made in each team. The Crescents had a new battery. Doolan pitcher and O'Rourke, who, in the first game, had covered the first base so brilliantly for the West Ends, as catcher The West Ends placed Bergen on first base, filling the old position with Galligan—displaced Davenport and put in left field gentle George Gore of the New York Brotherhood.

The result ought to have been in favor of the Crescents. It was'nt. They made the most hits, committed a less number of errors, had by far the most effective pitcher, and threw the game away by base running, which it would be a compliment to call the height of stupidity.

In the second inning Wiegand attempted to move his swordpoint home from second upon McIndoe's hit. He died as he might have known at the plate. McIndoe reached third and there remained. Two base hits before a man was out and not a run.

In the fourth inning Wiegand reached first on balls. McIndoe drove a ball through the carriages on right field. Wiegand went home. McIndoe went to third. Wiegand was ordered back to third and McIndoe to second. Doran struck for a sacrifice. Wiegand with no man out attempted to come home, was tonged by Harkins who then threw to Williams who slew McIndoe, and sentbe ball to Bergen who killed Doran at first. Torso Crescents died together and the inning ended amid the loud hurrahs of Somerville.

In the fifth inning Lee rushed and foolishly fell at the plate when the succeeding base hit would have sent him home with colors flying.

It makes one sick to state what did take place instead of what should have been.

The West Ends won the game on the eighth inning. Bowes made a base hit by a bad liner over second. Bergen a base hit in nearly the same place. Carbonnell short hit on which Bowes was put out on third. Farrell reached first on balls. The bases were filled and gentle G orge came to the bat. He hit safely over third, Bergen ran in on the hit. McIndoe made an overthrow to home, and Carbonnell and Farrell scored. Shortly after Gore scored on a wild pitch. Harkins and Williams went out. Four runs were made by the West Ends in the inning.

The pitching of Bowes was wonderful, striking out nine of the West Ends best batsmen. Martin, Lee and Lafferty, did their duty. The out field had but little to do, and did it well save McIndoe's overthrow.

Bergen covered first excellently and the West Ends owe their victory to Carbonnell's fine throwing and the lucky hit of gentle George (the only one he made) in the last inning. It was not Harkins' day.

WEST ENDS.

	AB	R	O	PO	A	E	1B	SH	SB	PE
Carbonnell, c.f.	3	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	
Farrell, 2b.....	3	1	3	2	3	0	0	0	1	0
Gore, l.f.....	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Harkins, p.....	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Williams, 3b....	3	1	3	4	3	1	0	0	2	0
Reilly, s.s.....	3	0	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	0
Galligan, r.....	4	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bowes, c.....	3	0	2	7	1	1	1	0	1	0
Bergen, 1b.....	3	1	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	28	5	24	27	11	5	3	0	5	0

CRESCENTS.

Lafferty, 3b..	4	0	3	2	2	0	1	0	0	0
O'Rourke, c....	4	0	4	9	1	1	0	0	0	0
Martin, ss.....	4	0	1	1	3	1	0	0	0	0
Wiegand, 1b...	3	0	4	8	0	2	0	0	0	0
McIndoe, l.f....	3	2	2	1	0	1	2	1	0	0
Doran, r.f.....	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Lowe, c.f.....	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Hatfield, r.f....	3	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Lee, 2b.....	3	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0
	31	2	27	24	9	4	6	5	3	2

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
West Ends.....	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0—5
Crescents.....	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0—2

Earned runs—West Ends, 1; Crescents, 0. Two base hit—McIndoe. Base on balls—Wiegand, Hatfield, Carbonnell, Farrell, Gore and Williams. Hit with ball—McIndoe. Double play—Farrell, Farrell to Bergen. Wild pitch—Harkins, 2; Doran, 1. Passed balls—O'Rourke, 1; Bowes, 3. Fliescaught—West Ends, 10; Crescents, 6. Sacrifice Hits—Lafferty, Wiegand, Doran, Farrell and Williams. Time of game—1:53. Umpire—Quinn.

The above was written by a veteran ball player who has been special reporter for The News during the season. To the ordinary reader the language may be interesting. But it is base ball partance, and there need be no alarm. There was no blood spilled, and no one "slew" or "killed," except in the sense spoiled by base-ball cranks.

After the game the West Ends and their friends paraded the streets with bonnets most hideously, and when they got back to Somerville in the evening the village must have vent wild with delight. The blowing of steam whistles could be heard in Plainfield. There were said to be from Somerville. But it is more probable that they were at some point nearer to possible Round Brook, about half the distance.

The colored drum corps of this city was engaged to help the West Ends celebrate their victory at Somerville.

Mr. Linke's Sentence Deferred.

Mr. Frank Linke, the wholesale liquor dealer, who on Friday last was convicted of selling liquor to a minor, this morning appeared for sentence but City Judge Collington deferred it until to-morrow at nine o'clock.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

Delegates Chosen to Attend the Congressional Convention.

The Republicans held their primary meetings last evening to elect delegates to attend the Third District Congressional Convention which is in session this afternoon at Freehold. The result was as follows:

FIRST WARD.

Chairman—J. B. Coward.
Secretary—R. E. Corlell.
Delegates—J. B. Coward, J. F. MacDonald and George W. Moore.

SECOND WARD.

Chairman—Craig A. Marsh.
Secretary—Bernard Grey.
Delegates—John Ulrich, H. B. Newbald and Leander Lovell.

THIRD WARD.

Chairman—
Secretary—
Delegates—E. N. Erickson, J. W. Murray, Jr.

FOURTH WARD.

Chairman—J. B. Miller.
Secretary—Charles Randall.
Delegates—J. B. Miller, W. W. Corlell and William Hardy

The delegates left on the 10.25 a. m. train this morning.

Fire at Round Brook.

Late Saturday night, a horse belonging to Patrick Connolly, situated on the Shunpike road, Round Brook, was discovered to be afire. Owing to the prompt arrival of the fire department the structure was only partially destroyed. Mr. Connolly was asleep in the house at the time the fire broke out, but he escaped unharmed. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is covered by insurance.

Female Ball Players.

Two young girls succeeded in attracting considerable attention Saturday evening. Pedestrians going along West Fourth street were astounded to see them engaged in a practice game of base ball. The electric lights made the spot almost as light as day and they had no difficulty in distinguishing the ball. They were quite expert and passers-by were astonished at their skill. Perhaps they were practicing for a position on the Black Stockings of Chicago, a female aggregation of ball players

JOTTINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. Pliny Fisk of West Seventh are stopping at Woodstock, Vt.

—The residents of Scotch Plains are agitating the street lighting question.

—The members of the Royal Arcanum are to enjoy a "clam chowder" this evening.

—The fall term of the Somerset County Courts will open at Somerville next Tuesday.

—The Union County Court of Special session will meet in Elizabeth Wednesday morning.

—The Crescents have released Captain Weigand and the base ball fanatics are overjoyed.

—The election of the Constitutional amendment will occur at Elizabeth on Tuesday, September 30th.

—The new club car "Fenwood" will soon be attached to the 7:37 a. m. and 5:15 p. m., trains. It is fixed up handsomely.

—A new Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics will be instituted at Somerville, the latter part of this month by Franklin Council, No. 41, of Plainfield.

—At about half-past four o'clock Friday afternoon, the police discovered three tramps who were stealing a ride on a freight train. A long chase ensued but the vagrants eventually escaped.

—In the window of City Treasurer Titsworth's office, is displayed a very pretty landscape view in the shape of a cabinet, which is to be drawn for for the benefit of a fireman, who has had the misfortune to be stricken with paralysis.

—The subject of the W. C. T. U. meeting tomorrow afternoon at the rooms, 113 West Front street, at three o'clock will be "Better Day Reading," in charge of Mrs. Fernald. A large attendance of members and others is earnestly desired.

—The engine on the fast Philadelphia express train which passes through this city shortly after four o'clock blew out a cylinder head when near the Bryant avenue station Saturday afternoon. A delay of about half-an-hour was occasioned by the accident

—A rather new feature in the way of enterprise has been introduced in Plainfield by the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association as elsewhere advertised. They offer a pound of any tea that grows for 50 cents and three pounds of granulated sugar free. They secured the tea before the advance in prices all over the country took place, and are giving their custom are in this way the benefit of what was saved.

—Base ball playing on Sunday is now a settled matter. The Sun to-day devotes a column and a half to the games played all over the country, without one word of condemnation about Sabbath desecration. But then it is one of the peculiarities of the principle that Sunday is a day for recreation and rest, and that some people believe they can obtain it as well at the theatre or a call on the river or a trip to Coney Island.

—At the National Theatre W. S. Cleveland's Consolidated Minstrels were greeted by an enthusiastic audience. Hughey Dougherty and Billy Emerson, who are known to so many Philadelphians off the stage, were greeted with great applause The contortions and singing of the Hodge sisters also received the hearty performance. Both sang sparkling with wit and pretty songs.—Philadelphia News. The above company will appear at Music Hall on Thursday evening.

—Prof. Donald Dowsie the talented lecturer, who is to deliver his famous lecture on "Napoleon" this evening at Reform Hall, has secured the services of Mr. E. O. Ashurst formerly of this city. Mr. Ashurst has been studying elocution under the best of high skill and this evening he says he will entertain his friends with a few selections which will show his ability for reading and entertaining music are accompanied. He is a specialist in the art of operating calcium stereopticons.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[In this column expressions of opinion from readers of The News are always welcome even if contrary to the views of the editor. Communications intended for publication should as possible, however, and must always enclose their name, not necessarily for publication.]

Complaint About Music Hall.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—If you will be kind enough to spare me the space which I desire to enter my protest against the condition of the seats in Music Hall The janitor appears to be very careless about the cleanliness of the chairs as they are continually covered with dirt and dust. I have spoiled two dresses within a short time, while attending performances there, and I hope more care will be taken in the future.

A REGULAR ATTENDANT.

How is This for the Moral City of Plainfield?

Saturday evening there were two rows in Thorn's saloon, on Park avenue, which threatened to be of serious consequence, yet there were no arrests made, although Capt. Grant was but a short distance off in company with one of the saloon saints—a member of the committee, who afterwards betook himself into another saloon near by.

The first row occurred at half past seven. A man, while standing with a crowd at the bar, was set upon by several of the drinkers, one of whom struck him a blow in the face so terrific that the man fell to the floor with such force that it was supposed he had been killed. His fall was in front of the door, and the thud of his head striking the floor attracted the attention of people passing on the street. Women were heard to exclaim, "Oh, what a shame!" Men rushed in from the street, supposing that the man was dead, but inside there was a general exclamation of "Hush!" and "hush" it was, the man being quickly picked up and hustled away.

Later in the evening another row occurred in the same place. It was reported that four drunken men attacked one drunken man, and broke bottles and glasses over each others heads.

Those men around the bar were several times during the evening three deep. Mr. Thorn stood behind them with a club while the bar keepers dealt out the liquor for which the drinkers paid money they filed worked hard all the week to earn, and were now squandering to enrich the rumseller and rob their own wives and children who deserved better of them.

Mr. Thorn appeared to be trying to preserve order, but was having a hard time of it.

People naturally inquire, "what do we pay the police force for, if such things are allowed to occur with impunity right in the midst of our city." Well, can you expect anything but, for when such men are selected for office.

John F. Plummer on the Stand.

John F Plummer, of the insolvent firm of John F. Plummer & Co., wholesale dry goods dealers, was examined in the Court of Common Pleas Saturday, in order to order granted by Judge Daly. The examination was under the Assignment act, and was for the purpose of explaining and verifying the firm's schedules and ascertaining if any assets were in secreted elsewhere than in the firm. Mr. Plummer said that he attended to the manufacturing part of his enterprises and left the financial affairs to his partner. Lawyer Byrne asked what was the consideration for certain mortgages given by Mr. Plummer to members of his family just before the assignment. Mr. Plummer's counsel objected, and the question was referred to Judge Daly, who decided that it must be answered. Mr. Plummer simply explained that he owed sums of money to members of his family which he repaid in the manner indicated. Mr. Plummer formerly resided at Nether wood, as did also his absconding partner, W. S. Darling.

Attempted Suicide.

It was rumored on the streets in this city Friday night that Charles Schlitz had attempted suicide in Paterson, by cutting his throat, and also cutting an artery in his wrist. He was taken to the Paterson Hospital, where his life is despaired of. Schlitz for a number of years was a resident of this city, conducting the upholstering business here. Some four or five years ago he married a young girl and his wife had been arrested on a charge of bigamy, after which he left for parts unknown. His first wife has since died. Mr. John Gable, Schlitz's son-in-law, went to Paterson on a late train Friday night.

The Original Package Law.

In response to an inquiry why he did not arrest Krehne and Fitzpatrick for violating the liquor ordinance by peddling beer without a license, Captain Grant makes the following explanation: "It is beyond my jurisdiction, to stop this beer selling, inasmuch as Krehne and Fritzpatrick are acting as the agents of out-of-town brewers. Both men take orders for beer and deliver the commodity in its original packages."

The explanation does not meet the case, as the original package law is not now in force, owing to a new law recently passed by Congress.

Saturday's Races.

The racing on the track of the Gentlemen's Driving Park on Park avenue Saturday afternoon resulted as follows:

FIRST RACE.

The first race was between Charles Brower's "Asle," John Hayes' "Andy" and Peter Osborne's "Galatea." "Andy" won with "Galatea" second. Time 2:46 and 2:42 1-4

The second race was between "Gus Corbett" and "Daniel Boone," owned by Osborne's "Magnetic." "Dunne" won. Time, 2:35 1-2 and 2:30.

The third race resulted as follows: Mr. Quinn's "Kitty Pilot" and "John C." of Woodbrook farm were started. "John C." of Woodbrook farm won. Time, 2:44 3-4 and 2:43.

The fourth race was between "Kitty Pilot" and the Woodbrook farm colt "Kitty." "Kitty Pilot" won. Time, 2:44 and 2:44.

The last race was for a prize valued at $25.

THE CAMP MEETING.

How a NEWS Reporter Found His Way to Hyde's Woods.

The attendance at the colored camp meeting in Hyde's woods yesterday afternoon was by far the largest yet. In the evening a NEWS reporter bent on reaching the camping ground before midnight or dying in the attempt, trudged bravely along Watchung avenue. Snatches of song and exhortation would occasionally reach his ear, but it was a case of a sound mirage, for after going nearly a mile further he had not reached the place yet. Then he sought to learn from the east his speed and turned down a narrow lane, crossing a narrow plank which served as a bridge, he wended his way over sticks and through the mire. With joy he beheld a nice hard pathway which shone resplendent in the dim light. With confidence he stepped on it, when lo, ye gods! he sank to his ankles in the mire. With muttered imprecations he bat a hasty retreat, stumbled over more roots, uttered more imprecations, thought as earthquakes, and with his hair on end just when he thought himself safe on the grounds he embraced a big huckleberry bush.

When he reached the place, however, one of the colored women was addressing the congregat on from a platform. A number of tents has been erected in various parts of the woods and near by the pouring of ginger ale and soda water bottles enlivened the occasion. Occasionally a watchdog down and a settled scream interrupted the preacher's remarks. The closing hymn, peculiar camp meeting songs, a collection box with a rake handle atta hed was kept moving with an assiduity which did credit to its manager. The audience, however, did not respond as heartily to the collection part of the enterprise as they did to the singing and loudly called for another hymn. After the box had been passed around several times the choir retired and the meeting ended.

Democratic Primaries.

The Democrats of the Third and Fourth Wards of this city held their primary meetings Saturday evening for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the Third District Congressional convention, which is being held at Elizabeth this afternoon. The Third Ward primary elected James Clark as the delegate and August Saltzman as alternate.

FOURTH WARD.

The Fourth Ward primary was call to order at eight o'clock. There was a fair attendance. Mr. Vincent L. Frasse was elected chairman and Mr. W. H. Warner secretary. The following persons were then elected as delegates: Messrs. Ira G. Haribut, Vincent L. Frasse and Elmore D. Moffett.

Alternates—Messrs. James H. Searing, G. R. Rockfellow and W. H. Warner.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Geo. W. Endicott and wife of Park avenue are at Atlantic City.

The approaching marriage of Mr. James Keating and Miss Ellen Berry, is announced.

Miss Bertha Blanchard of Newark is visiting her friend, Miss Alice Taylor of West Second street.

Postholder William R. Jones of Somerset street, Mount Plainfield, is confined to his house by illness.

Mr. Fred Jones, the "crack" catcher for the Crescents is spending a few days with friends in this city.

Mrs. W. W. Corlell has returned to her home on West Front street from a pleasant stay with friends in Trenton.

Hon. John Ulrich of this city is at Belmar for a few weeks, having the season will restore his health, which has been very bad of late.

Mr and Mrs. Frank W. VanWink'e, formerly of this city, returned to their home in Newark last evening, after a pleasant stay with friends in this city.

Mr Isaac Schwed of the firm of Schwed Bros., married on Tuesday at Victoria Hall, Lexington avenue, N. Y., to Miss Florence Frank. The bride was dressed elaborately with diamonds as ornaments. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Jacobs. Henry Frank and Charles Schwed acted as the best men and Miss Ella Frank, Miss Lehman, Miss Ray Hallender, and Miss Hamburg were the bridesmaids. A reception followed the ceremony after which the happy couple left on an extended wedding trip.

The Somerville Democrat of this week thus refers to a well-known North Plainfielder: "Mr. Joseph A. Blatz, a popular hotel keeper of North Plainfield, recently purchased from the Boice estate, the fine and valuable corner property located on Somerset street, near the county line, for which he paid the sum of over $10,000. Mr. Blatz has spent considerable money in repairing the building and putting in a handsome style for a hotel stand, and has saved no expense to make it the most popular and best hotel in the county. The location is the best in the borough and will be a great convenience to the surrounding country people, who are in the habit of traveling through the borough. It is also near the city line and when the hotels are filled—as they are very often—Mr. Blatz will prove a convenient place for commercial men. It will be the most convenient hotel in the county for the people living in Bridgewater township." A great many people of North Plainfield and the surrounding vicinity are daily in the habit of coming to Somerville because of its convenience and because Mr. Blatz is to assume the ownership. He is one of the most popular men in the business and his popularity will please his many friends and patrons. Mr. Blatz intends to give up his present hotel, which is situated a mile further out of town and will apply next week for a license to conduct a hotel at his new business location to his proposed new hotel. The granting of the application will not interfere with the business of the present hotel, and his proposed change will be for the better and greater convenience to the traveling public. And as it is believed that the place will continue to the public good, it is of course expected that the Court will grant the application. Mr. Blatz is a thorough business man, and his new hotel, when completed, will may be expected, which is usual in all new applications. But, if the application is refused, he will be greatly to be of general advantage to the general good, the Court, no doubt, will favor the new change."

—The members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Street Church are to hold a meeting in the lecture room of the chapel to-morrow evening.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

An Ex-Sheriff Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 22, (Special)—Ex-Sheriff Michael M. Lapardue of Martin's Dock, Middlesex county, died at his home on Saturday night from kidney and liver trouble. He was sixty years of age, and was Sheriff of Middlesex county in 1874 73, having been elected on the Democratic ticket. Since that time he has been engaged at farming. He was a member of the Shiloh Baptist church, from which he will be buried to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. He leaves a wife and one daughter, Mrs. Austin Moore of Somerville.

Geisenheimer Unanimously Elected.

ELIZABETH, N. J. Sept. 22 1. (Special)—At the Congressional election to-day Geisenheimer was unanimously elected.

One of New Jersey's Dead-Letter Laws

The time for the New Jersey State Fair at Waverly is near at hand. An Inter-State fair will also be held at Trenton, and about every county in the State has arranged for its own local fair. Every one of these fairs, and every fair that will be held during the Winter in the parlors of a church will be in violation of a State law, the wording of which is brief and contentious. It reads: "That no fair or fairs shall hereafter be held in any city, town, or place in this State." The law is still on the statute book of the State, and has never been repealed. The date of its passage is Jan. 27 1797. The reasons for its enactment remain shrouded in the mists of antiquity.

Washington Rock.

[Contributed.]

Rock where the Father of his Country stood,
And watched the red-coat army through his glass,
Seeing Cornwallis trying to harass
The army camped hence, concealed in wood,
What a vast prospect beneath one's feet!
Here lovely plains and pleasant towns are found
And there the grey of Staten Island sound,
And here the line of life—Green Brook's retreat.
New Brunswick's but a dozen jumps you'd think by,
Yonder's the Amboys and the Raritan,
And over there Monmouth and Metuan,
And further yet the Heights of Navesink.
Miles of beauty charm, of wood, town and field,
Standing here where Washington stood consoled.

Died.

BUSH—At New Market, Sunday, Sept. 21st 1890, Mrs. Florence, wife of Mr. Asa Bush.

MYERS—At Colorado Springs Sept. 19th Lucy F., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Myers this city.
Funeral services at Colorado Springs Monday, Sept. 23d. 20-2*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A YOUNG girl would like to learn dress making. Call at 13 Grandview avenue. 22-2

A CHAMBERMAID and waitress with good reference can find employment. Apply 10 and 12 a. m. Tuesday or Wednesday. Mrs H. M. Stockton, 910 Central avenue. 22-1

BEAUTIFUL palms, India rubber trees, ferns and ferneries. New stock at Donson's Hillside avenue nursery. 20-3

BY COMPETENT woman, situation as attendant; useful companion, housekeeper; governess, charge orphan children. Reference. Mrs. Bassett care of Mrs. H. Opdyke, city. 20-3

FOR SALE—A fresh cow with calf. Call at Feller's butcher store, Somerset street. 22-2

GIRL WANTED. Apply at 32 Kensington avenue. 9 tf

LOST—An English shilling, dated 1873. Finder will be rewarded on return. Kindly return to News office for owner. 22-2

LOST—Near the corner of Broadway and Wo dlands avenue, a black silk shopping bag, containing money and papers. Finder will be rewarded by sending it to M. R. Brewster, Broad way, corner of Belvidere avenue.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. As 57 East Fifth street.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-10tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. Reference required. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 tf

WANTED—A competent colored girl for general housework. Small family, no children. Reference required. No. 60 Carleton avenue. 22-2

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York House. Reference. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1585, N. Y. 9-13 m-4 ly

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Must also help two days of the week with housework. Strong, willing, German girl, with knowledge of the English language preferred. Address "B," care of EVENING NEWS. 18-5

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsey's, also a lot of Greenhouse plants, including Carnations, for sale by Mrs. Lindsey. 22 West Front st.

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and tradesman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lunch boxes from every day, choicest groceries and provisions, fruits, confectionery and cigars, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammonias.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and worsted for skeins, and shoulder caps, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, and sold at wholesale prices. Also all kinds of fancy knitting done to order. Mrs. Charles Mayer, 34 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 9-1m

NORTH PLAINFIELD and others can get a clean shave or hair cut and shampoo at Bartow Bros' new barber shop, 24 Somerset street, next to Stanley & Co's. 6-24-1y

TOOLS, SHRUBS, VINES and flowers, beautiful collection for sale and to loan; also BUILDING SITES, HOUSE AND BARN, wire fencing, at Dr. Lee's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 4-20-1y

Everybody Remember WATCH

Can be supplied for this week with a pound of the following of our famous 50 cent teas, receiving 3lbs of granulated sugar free.

Special Mixed, (our own blend), Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan (sun dried), Uncolored Japan (basket fired), Young Hyson, Gunpowder.

The above are new season's crop, and will compare favorably with teas sold in other stores at 60 cents without any inducement.

We are the introducers of this system of conducting business in Plainfield, and do not have to pattern after any store through competition. In other words we lead all in best goods at lowest prices.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.

29 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.

We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

22 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

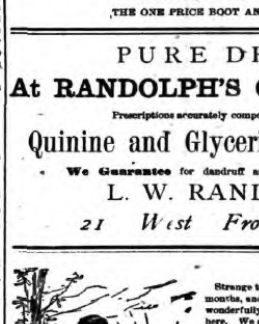
Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.



CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a Very Choice Stock of Dress Goods and trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and we give you some Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.

We know the people appreciate what we are doing Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

13 W. FRONT STREET.

SPLENDID ILLUSTRATED LECTURE AT REFORM HALL.

The Plainfield Reform Club has secured the most interesting high-class entertainment ever brought to Plainfield.

Prof. Donald Dowsie, B. C. L.,

The eminent Foreign Traveller, in his illustrated lecture on

"Napoleon Bonaparte"

With 100 beautiful dissolving views, including art treasures of the Paris Exposition and wonderful mechanical stereopticon effects.

MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 22, 1890.

At 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Thursday, Sept. 25.

A massive monopoly, creating a new standard hitherto not attempted, in amusement enterprise. Hundreds as a result unable to secure standing room during its recent New York engagement.

W. S Cleveland's

CONSOLIDATED MINSTRELS.

The prince of minstrels, Billy Emerson, Barney Fagan, Hughey Dougherty, Lake Schoolcraft, and over half a hundred minstrel comedians, in conjunction with the reigning sensation of the age, the

The CRAGGS—Da ing British; Graceful Gentlemen; Marvelous Acrobats.

The whole aggregating $1,000 actual daily outlay. Seats on sale Tuesday. Prices 50, 75 and $1.

Winter Is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to invest the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

AMPHION THEATRE, PLAINFIELD.

CHAS. H. HAND, Prop. One week.

commencing

Monday Eve. Sept. 22d

Dixon's Tourists,

In a repertoire of favorite plays.

Monday eve, the Romantic Drama "Keith Iean". Tuesday evening, the moral and society play "Esau Lyons". Wednesday evening, "Two Orphans". Thursday evening, "Two nights in a Bar Room". Friday evening, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Saturday matinee, "Ten Nights in a Bar Room". Saturday evening, the local drama "Will Hamilton", in which the favorite soubrette Libbie Moore, in her song and dance. Popular prices, 10, 20, 30c.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired.

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

OUR HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the latest patterns of the season's production.

$25 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The fine purchases will have a large stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the Lowest ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT, 47 NORTH AVE

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT THE CYCLONE EVERY AFTERNOON, AT 20, 11 SEVENTH STREET.

W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE RATE OF A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD P. O. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 43.

The [illegible] Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge and Grand Master Workman Powderly discuss in The North American Review Mr. Lodge's famous national election bill. Mr. Lodge says his bill simply provides for the appointment of United States officers, selected from the two leading political parties, to watch over and report upon naturalization, registration, the conduct of the congressional election, the count of the ballots and the certification of the members. These officers have no power to interfere. Their only duty is to protect the honest voter, secure evidence to punish wrong doers and make public every fact in connection with the election.

The whole purpose of the law may be summed up in one word—"publicity." When on petition of a hundred persons in any city of 20,000 inhabitants or upward, or petition of fifty persons in any congressional district that has no town of 20,000 inhabitants or upward, the law goes into effect, then the chief supervisor of elections appoints deputy supervisors and the other officers named. These make returns of the election to a United States board of canvassers, and it issues a certificate to the candidate who from these returns seems to be elected. In case their candidate is not the same as the one declared elected by the local authorities, then of course the certificate of the national board takes preference, and their candidate is declared elected. Still, the defeated man has recourse to the circuit court of the United States.

Such are the leading provisions of what has been called the "Force bill." Mr. Lodge says of it:

The president of the United States has from the beginning of the government had power to use the army and navy to support the laws of the United States, and this general power was explicitly conferred many years ago in that section of the Revised Statutes which now comes under the title "civil rights." The present bill neither adds to nor detracts from that power, and as the liberties of the country have been safe under it for at least twenty years it is not to be apprehended that they will now be in danger.

The real objection to the bill comes from the fact that one of the two great parties believes that free elections imperil its power. They know that by this bill the United States officers, taken from both parties, will protect, and to the courts, the body fairliest removed from politics. They know that these United States officers will be held in check by local officers, and be utterly unable to interfere with the proper conduct of the election. But they know also that the result will be publicity, and they believe that in consequence of publicity many districts will be lost to them. They know that the party in authority will not if one party is cheating, that party will suffer, and where the cry against the law is loudest is in the two cities of the north, and they are taking to their homes as rapidly as their condition will permit, and this morning there were only 141 remaining in the hospital. The scene of the wreck was visited Sunday by thousands of people. The damage to the tracks has been repaired and trains are running as usual. The locomotive was moved from its resting place in the river to a point near the bank. Today the coroner began his inquest. It is not probable that anything will be elicited. The disaster is regarded here as having been unavoidable.

Over a Score Dead.

The names of twenty-two of those known to have been killed appear below.

Augstock, David, Mahanoy City.
Bateman, Joseph, Philadelphia.
Becker, Joseph, chief burgess, Mahanoy City.
Fox, Edward J., aged 41, Pottsville.
Fox, Mrs. Edward J., aged 36, Pottsville.
Frederick, E. C., Pottsville.
Fredericks, Mrs. J. E., Pottsville.
Greenswald, A. A., mail agent, Pottsville.
Hoffman, Frank, Mahanoy City.
Hoover, Solomon, aged 62, Pottsville.
Jacoby, Harry, aged 9, Pottstown.
Kaercher, George R., aged 45, Pottsville.
Lambert, George, Tamaqua.
Loughin, Harry, conductor of express.
Miller, John F., Cressona.
Osburn, John, Philadelphia.
Sheedle, John, Philadelphia, P. and R. engineer.
Summers, Michael, Mahanoy City.
Shomo, William D., Reading.
Templin, James, fireman, Pottsville.
Umbenhine, N. C., Phoenixville.
White, John, engineer, Pottsville.

The Injured.

Among the most seriously injured are the following:

Ashfield, Joseph, Mahanoy City, bruised about the body.
Beecher, B. F., Shenandoah, left ankle sprained, hip bruised and lower limbs lacerated.
Bernhart, James, Shenandoah, left hip crushed and legs hurt.
Calhoun, Robert, Pottstown, injured internally.
Carroll, John, St. Clair, back injured, left knee bruised.
Carroll, James, his son, aged 10, badly bruised about the body.
Cusenik, Samuel, Mahanoy City, badly hurt about body and leg broken.
Cooney, Francis, a miner, Philadelphia, head cut, right hand lacerated and both legs badly bruised.
Colton, B. F., conductor of parlor car, face lacerated, legs bruised and head cut.
Dice, Lyman, Hamburg, both legs broken.
Eichler, R. W., Girardville, foot and leg mashed.
Glassmoyer, William, Port Clinton, badly cut about breast.
Hall, Frank R., manager of Frank Mayo's Dramatic company, cuts about head and body, bruised about arms and legs.
Hess, John, Mahanoy City, legs badly hurt.
Johnston, W. J., Shenandoah, hand badly cut and leg broken.
Kalick, John, Mount Carmel, hurt internally and hand mashed.
Logan, Edward, baggage master, Pottsville, badly injured in the back and head.
McDonough, John, Shenandoah, badly hurt internally.
Merkel, Professor G. F., instructor in the Lehigh university, Bethlehem, jaw broken, head gash over right eye, right arm partly lame, both arms bruised.
Noll, Joseph, Shenandoah, cut about head and left shoulder bruised.
Rilled, Harrison, Philadelphia, both legs broken and hurt in the chest.
Simmers, William, Ashland, hurt about the body.
Stechlenberger, Samuel, Hamburg, legs injured.
Solliday, Dr. D. F., New Ringgold, right arm badly hurt.
Swann, John L., West Lawport, Pennsylvania and Reading flagman at Cressona, left cheek bone broken, head cut and left hand lacerated.
Sensbin, George, Reading, badly hurt about back and neck.
Southwood, Joseph, Centralia, body cut and internally injured.
Straub, John, Schuylkill Haven, both legs hurt below the knee, left hip bruised.
Stronse, ——, Pottsville, badly bruised.
Thompson, John, Lampeter, badly cut about head and body; severely injured.
Ulmer, Jacob, Pottsville, both legs broken.

Literally Roasted Alive.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 22.—Freight train No. 97 on the Wabash from St. Louis, due at Council Bluffs at 3 a. m., was wrecked at 2:30 o'clock by going through a burning trestle fifty feet high, about ten miles southeast of this city. Twelve cars loaded with tinware, hardware and other merchandise, one tank car of tar and two cars of oil were totally destroyed. Six cars were saved. The engineer, Martin Eldridge, and the fireman, Joseph Burke, both of Stanbury, Mo., were killed. Eldridge was crushed to death under his engine and was burned to a handful of ashes and bits of bone. Burke was pinned down by a truck, caught fire with gas from the tank and literally roasted alive before his horrified comrades, who were unable to extricate him, and themselves sustained severe burns in the attempt.

The head brakeman, R. G. Williamson, Mason, Mo., was thrown over two cars and struck on the engine, from which he rebounded into the bushes. He received injuries from which he died in two hours. The burning of the bridge was probably due to a spark from an earlier train, though some are inclined to think it the work of an incendiary.

A Deadly Freight Wreck.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 22.—One of the biggest freight wrecks in the history of the Pittsburg division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad happened about 2 o'clock Sunday morning at Benning station, twelve miles west of here. Engineer James Shields was killed and Fireman Harry Cyphers probably fatally injured. Three other train men were fatally injured.

A Fatal Freight Wreck.

LA PLATA, Mo., Sept. 22.—Two Santa Fe freight trains collided near here. Brakeman Gelb was instantly killed and one of the engineers and his fireman were dangerously injured. Both engines were demolished and four cars were thrown in the ditch.

A SUGAR EXPERT'S PROTEST.

He Severely Criticises the Sugar schedule of the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Henry A. Brown, the sugar expert, ex-inspector of sugars for the government and now superintendent of the sugar refinery of Arbuckle Brothers, of this city, has sent the following letter embodying a vigorous protest against the tariff bill sugar schedule to Senator Aldrich and Chairman McKinley:

"SAXONVILLE, Mass., Sept. 19, 1890.

"GENTLEMEN: The provisions of the sugar schedule in the tariff bill, as the bill came from the house and as it now stands with senate amendments, is a complete surrender of the people's interests to foreign producers and sugar refiners, and is already boasted of as such by them. The remedy is in your hands.

"Admitting all sugars not above 16 or not above 19, Dutch standard in color, free of duty without restrictions again opens the doors to coloration frauds, which were scorched, not killed, by the bill of March 3, 1883, after six years of constant fighting by this writer. It is not a question but a certainty that all sugars not above 16, D. S. will be imported for refiners, and if the line is 13, D. S., all foreign sugar producer will color their sugars to evade the duty.

"Only bastard yellow sugars, if any, are likely to come in refined below 16, D. S., and even these cannot compete with the high grade centrifugals that will come in free of duty to refiners, who can then produce yellow refined and undersell foreign refined yellows. There will be no sugars imported that are not below 16 or 13, D. S. in color, as under the new schedule the old coloration frauds will be renewed in full force and be protected by law.

"There should be a proviso something as follows: Provided, that all sugars not above Nos. 13 or 16 (which overline is adopted), D. S. in color, testing above 80 degrees by the polariscope, shall pay a duty of three-tenths of a cent per pound and two hundredths of a cent per pound additional for every degree or fraction of a degree above 80 degrees. By some such proviso the government can maintain control over importations of sugar and protect the interests of the people. Without some such proviso the bounty plan will prove a farce, and consumers will be at the mercy of foreign producers and refiners of sugar.

"The proviso will also afford some protection to molasses boilers. The time for disposing of the 1890-91 crop of domestic sugar before the bill goes into effect should be extended to May 1, 1891, in justice to producers of sugars in this country, who are entitled to the protection of the present tariff to that extent at least."

A Young Welliam's Suicide.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 22.—The body of Miss Ella Beecher, of Ralliston, Saratoga county, N. Y., has been found in the Farmington river. Miss Beecher, who, with her mother and nurse, have been spending the summer at Farmington, disappeared from the hotel Wednesday morning. It is presumed that she committed suicide through despondency. She has been in poor health. She was also a member of one of the most prominent families in Ralliston.

Australian Strikers to Arbitrate.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 22.—The labor conference have cabled John Burns at London urging the English miners to prevent the engagement of foreign labor in England. It was also proposed that Cardinal Moran, the chief justice of Victoria and the premier of Queensland be selected as arbitrators of the present labor disputes. The conference pledged the strikers to abide by the decision of such a board.

Ill Health Caused Suicide.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 22.—W. D. Gilbert, nephew and heir apparent of T. D. Gilbert, the millionaire, said to wealthy man himself, committed suicide by putting a bullet through his head. Ill health had temporarily unbalanced him. He leaves a wife and three children.

CHARGES AGAINST LEE.

Sensational Confessions of Central Train Wreckers.

TRAITORS IN POWDERLY'S CAMP.

Prominent Knights of Labor Said to Have Betrayed the Secrets of the Strikers to the Central—Master Workman Lee Accused on Little Evidence.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Sun of Sunday morning published a six column special dispatch from Troy embodying the sworn confessions of three of the men arrested on the charges of wrecking the Montreal express on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad near Castleton, on Sept. 4. These men, Cain, Buett and Reed, relate circumstantially the story of their placing the obstructions upon the track, and implicate the other two men in custody, Cordial and Sherman. All of the men were prominent strikers and Knights of Labor. Cain and Buett were arrested in Prescott, Ont., where they had fled, and state that the money with which they were enabled to reach there was furnished to them for that purpose by Master Workman Lee, of District Assembly 246.

Suspicions Against Lee.

That Lee furnished money to the train wreckers and abetted their schemes is not positively known. According to Detective Robert Pinkerton, he has only suspicions that such is the case, but he says he will shortly be in possession of sufficient proof to show that Lee had a hand in the nefarious business. The detective says, however, that he has knowledge that Lee knew that his men had committed the crime of train wrecking, and that when he offered to give them money to flee his country he became an accomplice after the fact.

In the men's confessions they detail the conversation they had with Lee, and the long conference of the master workmen with the men who, it is said, were the leaders in the plot.

Alleged Traitors in Camp.

Regarding the manner in which the company was furnished with information of the identity of the train wreckers, Detective Pinkerton says that on the day immediately following the wrecking of the Montreal express the names of the men who participated in the wrecking were furnished to the company. The detective states that when the strike was first instituted the New York Central deemed it necessary, in order to protect its property, to employ men to act as spies, these men being takes from the highest ranks in the labor organization. Who these men are Mr. Pinkerton says he declines.

It is said these spies are very prominent in the Knights of Labor, having the full confidence of Powderly and his associates. These men are employed by only the company. They were not employed at work on the road, but mingled among the strikers and had the confidence of the latter's movements and intentions to the officers of the company.

Master Workman Lee's Denial.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Master Workman E. J. Lee, of D. A. 246, denies the charge of having aided Cain or Buett with funds to escape; he also denies having any personal acquaintance with either of the above named parties. He denounces his implication in the crime as charged in the published statements as being utterly false.

Another Blow at Capt. Gen. Ellis.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 22.—The Sovereign Grand lodge, I. O. O. F., concluded its business late Saturday and will not again meet in St. Louis next September. Another blow was struck at Capt. Gen. Ellis, of the Patriarchs Militant, by deciding to make the office of lieutenant general and generalissimo elective, and John C. Underwood, the present incumbent was elected to the position for a term of three years. Under the legislation of the Los Angeles session of 1888 Capt. Gen. Ellis would have succeeded to the position by appointment at the expiration of the term of Gen. Underwood. But his assumption of the office Sept. 5, and subsequent suspension by the grand sire, influenced the Sovereign Grand lodge against him and resulted in the repeal of the old law and the enactment of the new. Before adjourning, the new officers of the Sovereign Grand lodge, both elective and appointive, were installed. Allen Jencks, of Rhode Island, was appointed assistant grand secretary and A. Cahle, of Ohio, grand marshal; J. W. Venable, of Kentucky, grand chieftain; E. A. Kelly, of Washington, grand messenger.

Chief Arthur's Action Endorsed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The grand union meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, which is in the nature of a biennial convention, was held in this city Sunday. Two sessions were held, both of which were addressed by Chief Engineer Arthur. At the morning session 120 delegates were present, and at the afternoon session, 150, and divisions were represented from Maine to California and from Canada to Panama. Chief Arthur was received enthusiastically. The following resolution was adopted: "That it is the sentiment of this union that we approve the instructions given by our chief engineer to the engineers during the late trouble, and we have full confidence in his integrity. We also honor the engineers on the New York Central railroad in following the instructions given by our chief engineer and keeping in no close to the laws and rules of our brotherhood."

A Horrible Suicide.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.—Timothy Corbett Saturday night in his room at 1 Hull street, sharp, and grasping two large knives he plunged one into his body and with the other hacked at his throat until he had severed the jugular vein. He then sank to the sidewalk dead. Corbett belonged to a good family, and the cause for his act is not known. He was chatting pleasantly with his mother, when he suddenly picked up a knife and, jabbed it into his throat. The knife being dull and ineffective he dashed down the stairs and into the street, where he completed his self destruction.

Fell Dead in the Pulpit.

ALBION, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Rev. G. T. Cain, pastor of the Presbyterian church at this place, went into the pulpit Sunday morning in his usual health, and had proceeded through half his sermon when he paused, and without warning fell to the floor. He never regained consciousness and expired in about ten minutes. Heart disease was given as the cause. He successively held charges at Erie, Pa., Philadelphia, Williamsport, Pa., and Mansfield, O.

McAuliffe the Favorite.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—In the betting on the Slavin-McAuliffe fight McAuliffe is the favorite, odds of five to four being laid on him. The News protests against the Slavin-McAuliffe fight. It says: "The patience will be grievously disappointed unless they get blood for their money. It is the same as if they were permitted to indulge in the pleasure in open defiance of the spirit of the law."

A Large Crop of Duels.

PARIS, Sept. 22.—M. Millevoye, a deputy, was wounded in a duel with a Paris journalist Sunday. Another indecisive duel was fought at Bordeaux between two journalists. Both affairs grew out of the Boulangist expose."

Assemblyman Currier's Store Robbed.

HOLLAND, N. Y., Sept. 22.—Burglars broke into ex-Assemblyman W. B. Currier's store, taking quite a quantity of goods. Suspicion points toward two strangers who have been in town for a day two

THE BEE HIVE
KID GLOVES.
4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 48c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c
7 hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 85c.
Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Gilsey" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.
WORSTEDS.
Zephyr, all colors, 3c per oz.
Germantown wool, 10c per hank.
Best 10 carrot Saxony wool, 12c per hank.
MOY'S

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.
DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Drower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good?
The Society Leader!
Your both Havana Cigar with Domestic wrapper for Five cents, at
N. H. Guttman's
22 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Bner Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,
28 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

Our Fall Stock
of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Is equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

MOY'S

First Class Caterer,
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
43 NORTH AVENUE.

FRANK LINKE,
(ESTABLISHED 1886.)
Wholesale Wine
AND
Liquor Dealer.
BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED
EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Ross's Milwaukee Beer,
AND DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER.
And Rose Ale for hotels and private families
No. 48 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure; with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning & d. evening.
Frank P. Miller.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 20 Third street, corner Net. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1497.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET
SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS
for 15 cents per square foot
AT NO. 20 SOMERSET STREET,
Also jobbing of all kinds.
Hardwood work a Specialty
DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Excelled by None
16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed,
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

"THE DAIRY"
Heads, workers for
Fresh Creamery Butter.
Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Sweet Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.
DELICATESSEN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.
Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

Among the steamers that have crossed the Atlantic inside of six days are the Majestic and Teutonic, of the White Star line, and the City of Paris and City of New York, of the Inman line.

TOSSED BY THE TEMPEST

The Awful Ordeal of the Abbie Clifford's Crew.

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE SWEPT AWAY

Five Days Adrift on the Open Sea Upon a Raft with Half a Box of Raisins for Food—A Thrilling Story of Peril on the Ocean.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The steamship Orinoco, from Bermuda, yesterday brought into port some extraordinary passengers. They were Capt. Stoner and six of the crew of the Abbie Clifford, a gallant bark which was wrecked in the storm while making the voyage between Boston and the Barbadoes. Their stories of their disaster and their own sufferings were quite as heartrending as any tales that have come from the sea. All had gone well with the Abbie Clifford till they had got within 200 miles to the southwest of Bermuda.

Struck by a Hurricane.

It was then Aug. 31 and the sun came up in the east in a clear sky, without a cloud fleck to warn them of coming danger. The morning wore on and suddenly the waves began to rise and seethe about the ship and the wind to travel faster and faster. A storm was upon them, and in a short time the sea broke over and over the ship and a hurricane snapped her masts like match-wood. In half an hour masts and spars and ropes and sails and everything that could be torn from the deck were floating away, the playthings of the waves. Capt. Stoner and his crew did everything that brave hearts and hands could do, but all their efforts were unavailing. The ship was completely at the mercy of the storm.

Waiting for the Worst.

Then they waited patiently for the worst to come, the captain, whose aged companion, with his wife clinging to him and his crew of six despairing men around him. The skipper bade them be of good cheer, and his wife prayed fervently for aid, but no cheering light came into the sky and not a sail was in sight. Once they thought they could discern a long line of smoke outlined against the clouds, but the next moment it had faded away and death in that terrible sea seemed their inevitable fate.

Tons of Water Swept the Ship.

Fiercer and fiercer raged the storm, and tons upon tons of water swept the ship. Then a cry of horror arose above the roar of the elements.

The captain and his wife, clinging together, were carried yards away from the ship and were lost in the white of the crests of the waves. Another moment, and to the great joy of the sailors, the waves restored them. But it was not for long. Almost the next instant the sea claimed them again, and again their escape was miraculous.

Parted Forever by a Wave.

A third time they were carried away and one of the seamen never reached. Worried with the strife, the captain's wife could cling no longer, nor could the brave old skipper save her from the wave that parted them forever. A last despairing cry and she disappeared from sight. A few moments later the ship went to pieces. She broke into three parts and a little later was merely a lot of driftwood.

Five Days on a Raft.

"By an almost superhuman effort Capt. Stoner and his crew succeeded in lashing a few planks and spars together, and on these for five days they drifted about on the ocean, with only one-half box of raisins to subsist on. Hungry and exhausted and almost at the point of death on the fifth day the poor fellows were rescued by the barkentine Beatrice, that had herself just come through the storm with only the mainmast left. She reached Bermuda with them, and there they shipped on the Orinoco. The ship was the property of the captain and mate, and was only partially covered by insurance. Capt. Stoner, who is 65 years of age, is heartbroken over the loss of his "old woman," as he calls her. He has lost her and all he had in this world besides, but still he told a reporter he loved the sea.

BY A HURRICANE'S RAGE.

The Frightful Experience of the British Ship Ventura.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22—The British ship Ventura put last evening in distress from a hurricane she encountered Sept. 12 in latitude 120 west. The Ventura sailed from here Aug. 6 for Westport, Ireland. On Sept. 18 the captain noticed signs of an approaching storm and prepared to meet it. The wind and sea increased all night, and in the morning there was a fearful gale blowing. By 12:30 it had increased to a hurricane. Every shred of canvas on the yards was whipped to fragments, and the ship flew along under bare poles. Suddenly an enormous wave was seen approaching over 100 feet high. It towered over the vessel for a moment and then passed clear over it. Everything movable was washed away. Two of her boats, rails and stanchions were torn clean off and borne away. The iron door of the lee cabin was burst in as if by a battering ram and the cabin filled with water.

Two men, Paul Vol, an able seaman, and John Sunda, a sailmaker, were swept overboard and drowned. The wind grew heavier, pounding the ship furiously. Suddenly she was capsized, turning clear over on her side, leaving only the weather bilge above water. Alternately the bulwarks to which the sailors were clinging and the keel were above water. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon the vessel entered the center of the storm and was for ten minutes calmed; then the wind began again from nearly the opposite direction. The vessel partly righted and after a number of hours the wind began to shift some of the cargo and right the ship. From then on she had fair weather while returning to this port. The storm from which she suffered is believed to be the same that damaged the ship Queen Victoria, which put into this port a few days ago.

Assistant Editor Woodbury Dead.

BOSTON, Sept. 22.—John Hubbard Woodbury, assistant editor of The Youth's Companion, died Sunday morning at the residence of his son-in-law, William E. Wilson, in Cambridge. Mr. Woodbury was 64 years of age, was born in Barre, Mass., came to Boston thirty years ago, and has been connected with The Youth's Companion for sixteen years. His death was caused by cancer. He leaves a wife, two sons, two daughters and a brother and sister.

Attacked with an Ax.

WAYNESBURG, Ga., Sept. 22.—An attempt was made to assassinate Frank Proctor and his wife (colored) while they were asleep, Sept. 20. They were frightfully cut and brained with an ax. Proctor's brother, 21 years old, is believed to be the perpetrator of the fiendish deed.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

American Association.

At Columbus—
Columbus.....0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—2
Rochester.....0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 *—3
Base hits: Columbus, 6; Rochester, 7. Errors: Columbus, 5; Baltimore, 1. Batteries: Evans, Doyle and O'Connor; McMahon and Robinson.
Second game—
Columbus.....2 1 1 0 2 1 *—7
Rochester.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2
Base hits: Columbus, 8; Baltimore, 7. Errors: Columbus, 2; Baltimore, 5. Batteries: Gastright and O'Connor, Morrison and Tate. Called at end of ninth inning on account of darkness.

At Louisville—
Louisville.....0 0 0 0 0 1 5 3 0—9
Athletic.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: Louisville, 10; Athletic, 4. Errors: Louisville, 2; Athletic, 4. Batteries: Goodall and Ryan, O'Neill and Daly.
Second game—
St. Louis.....0 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 *—5
Athletic.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Louisville, 13; Athletic, 6. Errors: Louisville, 5; Athletic, 4. Batteries: Mauyne and Weaktecker, Stricker and Daily.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 *—2
Rochester.....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Base hits: St. Louis, 12; Rochester, 6. Errors: St. Louis, 2; Rochester, 4. Batteries: Mauyne and Silvestis; Mahon, Sheffer and McKeogh.
Second game—
St. Louis.....2 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 *—7
Athletic.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Base hits: Louisville, 13; Athletic, 6. Errors: Louisville, 5; Athletic, 4. Batteries: Daily and Weaktecker, Stricker and Daily.

At Toledo—
Toledo.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Syracuse.....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Base hits: Toledo, 9; Syracuse, 10. Errors: Toledo, 2; Syracuse, 2. Batteries: Healy and Sage, Rade and Fitz.

Standing of the Clubs.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Boston	76	41	.650	Philad'a.	63	57	.525
Brooklyn	73	51	.589	Pittsburg	54	64	.458
New York	67	51	.568	Cleveland	49	73	.402
Chicago	60	60	.526	Buffalo	35	69	.279

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Brooklyn	86	42	.656	Cincinnati	75	51	.595
Boston	74	49	.602	New York	57	64	.471
Chicago	77	51	.602	Cleveland	39	88	.307
Philad'a	73	49	.598	Pittsburg	36	90	.286

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
Louisville	75	47	.615	Rochester	56	70	.444
St. Louis	68	48	.586	Athletic	56	63	.471
Baltimore	67	48	.583	Syracuse	49	71	.408
Toledo	58	58	.500	Columbus	44	84	.344

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P. Ct.		W.	L.	P. Ct.
N. Haven	78	53	.596	Newark	66	65	.504
Lebanon	67	67	.548	Harrisb'g	47	88	.409

Last Days at Cresson.

CRESSON SPRINGS, Pa., Sept. 22.—President Harrison and members of his family were the only persons to be seen moving about the extensive grounds surrounding the Mountain house Sunday. A story was circulated that the President and Mrs. Harrison would on Sunday morning attend divine worship at Ebensburg, a town eight miles distant from here. Eleven o'clock arrived without the executive or any member of his family putting in an appearance at the church. The result was telegraphic inquiry at Cresson, urging special information on the subject, as the church was crowded with strangers who had come miles expecting to worship with the chief magistrate. The president being somewhat fatigued after his long journey of Saturday decided that he would remain quietly at his cottage during the early morning. The president does not expect to remain here but a few days longer and may return to Washington on Wednesday morning.

Ring Charles in Bad Shape.

LISBON, Sept. 22.—The frequent sudden illnesses of King Charles of Portugal are alarming, and it is now feared that his vitality is reduced so low that he cannot permanently recover.

Weather Indications.

Warmer and cloudy, with possibly light showers in the early part, and southerly and southwesterly winds, followed by clearing.

Emilie and Gustav Cremated.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The bodies of the young German actress, Emilie Rossi, and her artist lover, Gustav Cramer, who committed suicide in a sensational manner on Thursday last, were cremated at Fresh Pond, L. I., Sunday afternoon. A number of friends of each of the dead accompanied the remains from their late residences in this city to the crematory, where short addresses were delivered by Manager Aaron and Mr. C. A. Frisse. No religious exercises were held.

La Blanche Will Fight Dempsey.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Ross Jackson, ex-president of the Occidental Athletic club, is in receipt of a letter from La Blanche, in which he says: "I intend to box Mr. Dempsey one more chance, and that very soon. I will meet him any place, with the same gloves, or at least gloves similar to those we fought with last winter."

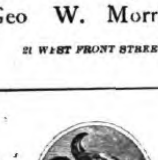
AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.



NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. H BROWN } 94 SOMERSET ST.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Mrs. Cleveland is a member of Horace Greeley's new unveiled statue. The bronze figure was unveiled Monday on the corner of the Tribune building, Printing House square, New York. Mr. Greeley is represented as sitting in an old fashioned arm chair with a copy of The Tribune in one hand. The statue weighs 3,000 pounds and rests upon a block of polished granite. Miss Gabrielle Greeley, daughter of the distinguished editor, unveiled the statue, and Chauncey M. Depew, Bishop Potter and other celebrities participated in the intellectual programme.

Richard P. Grant, of Wayne county; H. J. Tanner, of Ridgway, N. Y., and Dr. Andrew J. Long, of Whitehall, N. Y., have been appointed for the assembly of New York state.

J. Baker Steward has been nominated for congress by the Prohibitionists of the Fifth district at Philadelphia.

The national encampment of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will be held at Syracuse, N. Y., during the second week of July next. It is stated that at least 30,000 members will attend.

Four men were killed by an explosion of gas at Wilkesbarre, Pa., Saturday.

James Faulkner, indicted for wrecking the Dansville (N. Y.) National bank, pleaded guilty. Sentence was deferred.

Meetings held in Ireland Sunday to denounce the arrests of Dillon and O'Brien were watched by strong bodies of police and soldiery, but no arrests were made.

Ourasan Rogers' Challenge.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 21.—Erastus D. Rogers, the Worcester oarsman, has issued a challenge to Hugh D. Wise, of Toronto, for a three mile race for $500 a side, time and place to be mutually agreed upon.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pint stamped cut style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit, fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

THE

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Cream-ry. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$3.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lenterns Oil	.25
Odors	.50
Wrenches	1.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET,

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Have Corns Killed or Barbed; removes them entirely. Prevents Corns coming. Cures Chilblains, Frost-bites and Ingrowing Nails. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 15c. in stamps. Address SCATTER-CORN CO., Chicago, Ill.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Al burd. P. O. Box 1050

MRS. JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her music lessons on or before Sept. 15. Circulars sent on applicat on address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano, will resume lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Rest of references. No 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried on her piano, 9 to 9:30 a. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and voice after sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches classic and method of singing, as taught by Prof. Emil Mahr, of the Leipsic method Conservatory. Will also form a class in Add pupils. Address 73 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 22nd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAIRCHILD'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens on Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. Two new departments thoroughly organized are given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting lessons with the children on Arithmetic and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Mrs. F. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY. 23 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. BODMAN, Principal. 8 18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN Miss Scribner and Miss Newcomb's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17 h, 1890.

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $65; and Bedroom suites $20, worth $30. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices reasonably low. Some odd pieces in stock cheap.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

A Saloon Blown Up.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 22.—An attempt was made at an early hour to blow up the saloon and grocery store of Isaac Malvaney, at Sanford, with dynamite. A heavy charge was exploded under the front of the building, tearing down the front, breaking the bar fixtures to pieces and generally demolishing things. Under pressure of vigorous protests from nearly every resident of the town the county commissioners refused to renew Malvaney's license, and he appealed to a higher court. It is supposed the person put the explosive under the building, hoping to destroy it on account of the saloon having been the ruin of many men in that locality.

An Explosion in a Mail Car.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 22.—Great excitement was occasioned on the east bound train while lying at Humboldt by an explosion in the mail car. A registered package addressed to Anderson, Tex., sent by Chellis & Co., Truckee, exploded while the mail clerks were at lunch. The opportune return of one of the clerks prevented the total destruction of the mail car. All the letters and packages in the same box were scorched. On examination of the package it was found to have contained a round shaped hard rubber tube which had been filled with an explosive.

Whitney and Gould Indicted.

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—The grand jury has reported two indictments against George P. Whitney, of Albany, one for embezzling funds of the City bank and one for false entries in bank books, and two against Anthony Gould, of Albany, one for aiding and abetting Whitney in embezzling and one for aiding Whitney in falsifying the entries.

The Militia Asked For.

JACKSON POINT, Miss., Sept. 22.—Sheriff Brennan, of Warren county, telegraphed Governor Stone from Vicksburg to order the volunteer soldiers to aid him in protecting a prisoner from violence. Governor Stone responded ordering the soldiers to aid the sheriff. The prisoner threatened is Murray, the alleged train wrecker.

Deranged from Overwork.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.—About a week ago Brig. Gen. Gregerson arrived in St. Louis from Los Angeles, Cal., in search of his son, who had made his escape from a private insane asylum at Jacksonville, Ills. Friday evening the police arrested an insane man who was terrorizing women and children on the vicinity of Vandeventer avenue and Pine street. Yesterday it was discovered that the prisoner was Gen. Greersen's son. The unfortunate man is deranged from overstudy. He was remarkably bright in his younger years and secured an appointment to the West Point Military academy. He was unable to finish the prescribed course on account of brain troubles.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Al burd. P. O. Box 1050

MRS. JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her music lessons on or before Sept. 15. Circulars sent on applicat on address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of piano, will resume lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Rest of references. No 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried on her piano, 9 to 9:30 a. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and voice after sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches classic and method of singing, as taught by Prof. Emil Mahr, of the Leipsic method Conservatory. Will also form a class in Add pupils. Address 73 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 22nd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAIRCHILD'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens on Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. Two new departments thoroughly organized are given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting lessons with the children on Arithmetic and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Mrs. F. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY. 23 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. BODMAN, Principal. 8 18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN Miss Scribner and Miss Newcomb's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17 h, 1890.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will have sufficient force in time for morning trains and will run a stage at noon and evening trains.

Any one wishing to give a contract for a through first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business requires.

My present route is from the depot along Park avenue to Watchung avenue, Boyd to the borough line and return.

Connect with the 6:38, 7:00 and 8:07 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8:07 and 12 p. m. trains for Somerville, Bound Brook and intermediate. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 9:40, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 10:00 a. m., 1:00, 4:00 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:00, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:00 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890,

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 5:44, 7:48, 8:44, 9:40, 10:46, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday 3:37, 5:44, 8:44, 9:40, 10:46, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 5:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:30, 3:45, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday, 5:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Express trains, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 a. m. Passengers for Newark changeonce at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 7:45, 9:45, 11:45 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45, 9:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday at 7:45, 9:45, 11:45 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45, 9:45, 11:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 8:45 a. m., 4:00 p. m. Sunday at 8:45 a. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 9:04, 11:05, 1:47, 5:00, 6:30, Sunday 8:15 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7:45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Wilmesboro and Scranton.

9:45 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Washington, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

11:45 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

1:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

3:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

9:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

11:45 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Delton, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m., 12:01, 3:37, 5:37 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, a. m., 12:01 p. m. For Beach Haven 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, a.m., 12:01; 3:00, 5:37, 7:03 p.m. Sunday 8:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.

For Atlantic City 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m.
For Freehold 7:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 1:00, 3:37, 5:37, p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1:37, 4:45, 8:00, 9:06, 11:56 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 4:06, 5:34, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 9:06, 11:56 a. m., 1:30, 4:06, 5:34, 8:00 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:37, 4:45, 9:06, 11:56 a. m., 2:30, 4:06, 5:34, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 9:06, 11:56 a. m., 4:06, 5:34, 8:00 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Pass'r Agt.
J. M. CLEMENTS, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE REGULARLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside svc. and Broadway—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway 8, Park ave. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.30 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.30 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.30 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.30 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 2.30 p. m.
8th do	3.45	do	4.15 do

Trip to Post Office.

9th do	5.30	do meet	5.31 p. m. train.
10th do	6.30	do	6.31 do
11th do	7.45	do	8.07 do
12th do	8.45	do	9.07 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 12th avenue, Watchung avenue and Somerset, and North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

Stages will make return trips over all over Stages will make return trips over all over 7:30 a. m. to meet 7:30 a. m. train. Route—Depot, Park ave. to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave. to Broadway, Broadway 8, Park ave. to Hillside ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.30 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.30 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.30 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.30 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.30 p.m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do	2.15 2.30 p. m.
8th do	3.45	do	4.15 do

Trip to Post Office.

9th do	5.30	do meet	5.31 p. m. train.
10th do	6.30	do	6.31 do
11th do	7.45	do	8.07 do
12th do	8.45	do	9.07 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 12th avenue, Watchung avenue and Somerset, and North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and make same connections.

THE REAL ENGLISH GIRL.

PEN PICTURE OF A TYPICAL BRITISH MAIDEN AT HOME.

An American Correspondent Who Writes of Her Out of the Usual Style—How She Compares with the American Miss and Parisian Girl.

I will put on my Yankee spectacles and draw a pen picture of the real English girl as she is generally described by foreigners.

Behold a tall, ungainly figure, striding along with the gait of a professional pedestrian. Her hair is red and crowned with a hat of simple and uncompromising ugliness. Exposure to the weather has rendered her complexion coarse and florid, and her teeth are large and prominent, owing to her excessive indulgence in a diet of tough meat. An ordinary garment, half way between a mackintosh and an ulster, envelopes her figure, which is angular, bony and flat. Her feet, generally incased in galoshes, are of remarkable colossal outgrowth and proportions. Not an engaging picture, is it? And the worst of it is that the grain of truth in the satire makes it bitter. For English girls, with the best material in the world to work upon, do not make the best of themselves.

RUINS HER COMPLEXION.

Whereas in this world will you find a natural complexion to equal the pure pink and white of the English maid? And yet she ruins it with hard water and harder towels. Then her teeth—well, she cannot help that; but we must confess that teeth a size or two smaller would serve all the purposes of use and ornament. As to her figure, nature has endowed her with a splendid physique, a body well developed by walking, riding, rowing and tennis; but it is still in the rough. It is marvelous what with her strong, active and healthy form she still lacks that crowning beauty, the "divine grace," which the Greek goddess sheds around her favorites. But she does lack it. The French girl, sallow and even ugly, is always graceful. The English, beautiful and picturesque in repose, is awkward when she begins to move.

Does it all lie in the feet, those feet which the English climate ripens to such astounding size and which their owners persist in reducing by the process of peine forte et dure? It is more probably the result of her whole training. She has never been taught, like the French girl, that the chief end, of woman is to be beautiful. The high schools do not teach their pupils grace of manners, and the expatriated French noblemen who taught our grandmothers "dancing and deportment" have long since taken down their brass plates and gone forth into the unknown country. The English girl has "fagged" at cricket for her brothers in the holidays, played hockey at Rugby, climbed mountains in Switzerland and toured through Normandy on a tricycle. But all this gives her strength, not grace.

HER JOLLY.

On the whole English girls live a jolly, careless sort of life, not so restless as that of the American girl and not so secluded as that of the French girl. Not all, of course; for we, every one of us, know here and there a motherless girl who brings up a whole family of younger brothers and sisters, and sacrifices her own life to theirs. But these are the exceptions. Generally when they leave school they consider their education complete. They have "learnt" French and German at school, but they never look into a French or German book afterward. In this literature, outside the "set books" in an Oxford local examination, is a terra incognita to them, and this is the more inexcusable because English newspapers, social magazines, and in fact all contemporary literature, is written with an eye to the "young person," and there are few literary productions which seventeen may not range at will. They have a sweet tooth in books, and devour novels, which is on the whole a good thing; for a certain amount of wholesome pabulum is supplied through the circulating libraries in a diluted form in the shape of Robert Elsmeres and Donovans.

Sometimes the English girl goes through a mysterious process called "finishing," which means that she has lessons in music and singing. Why do all girls learn to play the piano? And why do they so seldom learn enough to know that they can't play? Nine out of every ten are either physically or mentally incapable of even moderate proficiency, and yet how rare a pleasure it is to meet a girl who frankly confesses that she cannot play! And the songs she sings! Well, there is nothing that appears more remarkable to the intelligent foreigner than the way in which an English maid will stand up and sing, without turning a hair, an impassioned love song at which Sappho might have blushed! —Cor. New Orleans Picayune.

Here's a Tough Woman.

A country woman of Tornin, in the bishopric of Lavaur, has met with an unpleasant experience in 1720. She was trying to induce vomiting by irritating with the handle of a knife the back of the tongue. But she thrust it too far, and losing her hold of the blade it slipped down her throat. She felt no inconvenience for three days. Then a pain came in her right side, and the point of the knife appeared at the tender spot. But it was not till a week after that she was put into the hands of an able surgeon and of Hubner, the physician. These practitioners successfully performed an operation and extracted the knife, which was seven inches long, from her side. The wound was attended to, and the woman returned home. Three weeks later she was visited by Hubner, who found her carrying two children in her arms without evidence that she had suffered no ill effects.—Nottingham (Eng.) Sun.

A Young Authoress.

Mrs. Eudora S. Bumstead, the author of many charming stories for the adult and for the magazines of the day, is a resident of Beatrice, Neb., where she has lived since her second year. Her earliest acts upon attaining years made when she was 9 years old, and she received $5 for her first piece, entitled, "Signs of Spring." It was to John T. Trowbridge, the poet, that she owed her earliest encouragement in his kindly aid from the editorial desk of Our Young Folks.

Mrs. Bumstead is of Quaker descent, and is said to be a perfect type of that people, having all of their kindness, simplicity and economy in her every action. She is remarkably well informed, thoroughly analytic in mind, and generous, tender and sympathetic in all her associations.—Current Literature.

Lady Rosslyn Blushed.

Lady Rosslyn Blushington, who has the honor of marching in the Prince of Wales' set, is one of the few fashionables who can wear a monocle as successfully as the accomplished Sheridan. Like the latter, she carries the pebbles in her belt, and never deigns to pick up the glass that has the bad taste to drop from her beautiful gray eye.

Terrible Punishments in Persia.

When a woman commits the smallest offense she is not put in a lockup, for there are neither lockups nor prisons in Persia, but in one of those huge stables with which the country is plentifully besprinkled. After she has been in the stable for four or five days she is brought before the governor of the village, who looks at her from his window and passes judgment.

These governors are put in charge of the villages by the shah, and within his own province each governor is absolutely despotic. The offending woman is sometimes merely ordered to the governor's court, given perhaps 700 lashes, made to pay a fine and sent home. If her offense is not of the smallest sort, but still petty, a different punishment is imposed. She is hung up in a bag, into which is also put a cat and a dog. The governor's officers then belabor the bag, the occupants of which cannot be said to dwell together in unity.

A worse punishment is to shave a woman's head, blacken her face and give her a ride about the town on an ox, or some other equally agreeable animal. In cases where still harsher punishment is deemed necessary the offender is put in a sort of a tower which she almost fills. The space between her and the walls is filled with lime, and when all is ready water is poured in. After ten minutes blood will spurt from the eyes and nostrils of the victim, who is often kept in the tower for days. These punishments are inured you to offenses by no means grave.—Interview in Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Lesson in Magic.

A small round box, about an inch and a half in diameter and half an inch deep, is handed to the audience, with the request that they put into the box some article or articles in it, such as coins, peculiar rings, etc., etc. This being done the box is covered with a handkerchief and given to one of the audience to hold. The performer then stands at a distance and proceeds to describe minutely the contents, although hidden from his view.

To perform this trick it is necessary to have a second box as near the size and shape of the first as possible. This is sewed in the corner of a handkerchief. When the first box has been filled the performer takes it, and while pretending to place it in the handkerchief palms it and gives the second one to be held. He now walks away to take his position at a distance, and while his back is turned to the audience he takes the opportunity of opening the box and examining its contents. Having fully examined and replaced the articles he proceeds with his description, which being finished he approaches the person who has the handkerchief, and taking hold of it requests that he will let go the box, at the same time shaking the handkerchief and letting the first box, which is still concealed in the palm of his hand, fall to the ground. The audience will readily suppose that the box never left the handkerchief, and when they see the borrowed articles taken from it and returned to the owners they will be still further mystified.

An Opening for a Girl.

There is a difference between cooking and doing housework—about $35 a month. Mrs. Emma Ewing, who is an authority on dietetics, advocates the study of domestic economy as a safeguard to American health as well as the improvement of society. Good health depends on good food, and good meals are well they cannot be useful and happy.

Mrs. Ewing proved to the Chautauqua society that a family of eight can be abundantly fed with efficiently cooked and served meals at $1.75 a week.

"Scientifically" trained a girl on leaving school could, if she had the moderate bravery to pocket her pride, enter a private home, take charge of a kitchen, and as a caterer purchase the supplies, prepare the meals and save enough in waste, false weights and small measurements to pay a reliable assistant to do the pot scraping, pan scouring, cleaning, paring and the like. The most cooked and served, she might if she desired leave the house altogether until time for the next, and she would have no difficulty in getting a salary of $100 a month. Her superior intelligence would give her a degree of respect unknown to the modern queen of the range.—Chautauqua Letter.

Woman's Rights in Polynesia.

A paper which Dalay seems to have enjoyed listening to a good deal was on the marriage customs of Great Britain, New Caledonia and the Polynesian isles. In the first place the girls do not seem to have a very happy time in their youth, as it sometimes passing as many as four or five years of their existence in a wicker cage about seven or eight feet high and ten or twelve feet in circumference, where there is only room to sit or lie down in a crouching position. When, however, these girls are taken out of their cages great marriage feasts are provided for them at which their only consolation during their incarceration must be the unsatisfactory one of the respect of the good things to come.

On the Duke of York Island a most objectionable practice prevails. The bride is presented with numberless and costly gifts, which are given to her in public, and all of which she is in honor bound to return in private. Just fancy how exasperating and how much wifely difficulty it couples to furnish; a custom nearly as reprehensible as that of breaking a cocoanut over the happy pair and sprinkling them as much as possible with the milk.—London Figaro.

Broad Views of a Woman.

Mrs. Allen Freeman Palmer, formerly president of Wellesley college, holds some capital ideas about women and girls which do not accord with the prevailing theories. "The fashionable idea of a 'finishing school,'" she says, "is to benefit, improve and idealize the home life. It means breadth of mind, self control, self reliance, consideration for others, and, above all, above all, womanliness. The first step must come from the gymnasium door. There the love of living and happiness, there the woman learns to know herself, and there is laid the foundation for mental health, muscular development and physical perfection. The time for the whipped, nervous woman is past; there is no room for the girl who lives by her emotions outside of the sanitarium or lunatic asylum. Good health, logical training and a correct ideal will ennoble the woman and raise the standard of home, which is the basis of society."

Mrs. Alexander's Real Name.

The real name of Mrs. Alexander, the popular novelist, is Mrs. Hector. She gave up writing some years ago to please her husband, who, she says, "thought a writing woman an abomination." Since Mr. Hector's death she has resumed her pen.

The Westing Ot" is her most successful novel, and the one which first brought her favorable notice. Mrs. Alexander lives in London, where, she says, she can always get "plenty of fog and sunshine in the New York Ledger.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

DEVOTED TO THE ENTERTAINMENT OF GIRLS AND BOYS.

How Peanuts May Be Transformed Into Fanciful Characters by Sticking Pins and Matches Into Them and Adding Bits of Wax and Tissue Paper.

There are medium sized, commonplace peanuts, like some of the ordinary persons one sees every day, and out of which nothing can be made, and there are short, pudgy, self important looking peanuts, and round, fat little peanuts that look like the wee, wee pig that couldn't get over the door sill. Then, too, there are grasshopper peanuts, with elegant figures, resembling genteel ladies with their skirts tightly tied back, some wearing bustles and some wearing none. If you want to turn a pile of peanuts into fanciful objects, such as bunchback men, pigs, babies in long clothes, and old women in caps, get your pen and ink, a little wax, some pins and matches, and prettily colored tissue paper.

Do you want to make a Mother Hubbard—such a one as is shown in the cut? Then select a slightly wrinkled peanut. Touch up the features of the old lady on the bulbous end of the nut. Next sharpen two matches and stick them under her roly poly body for legs, then spur her up with two pins for arms, and there she will stand before you a woman old enough, with a few matches, and prettily colored tissue paper.

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MOTHER HUBBARD—HUMPTY DUMPTY.

A short, thick set peanut, provided with arms and legs and pen-and-ink sketched features, and neatly dressed, makes only a tall paper cap to transform it into a Humpty Dumpty. With the foregoing directions, and the models borrowed from The New Orleans Picayune, bright boys and girls can readily multiply these peanut creatures into a numerous and interesting family.

Little Hi Fun Tosh.

Little Hi Fun Tosh is a jolly Chinee boy,
And he came to our shores when he scarce could walk;
But now he grows to a chubby, laughing lad,
A lively young sprout from the oriental stalk,
And he says, does little Hi,
As he winks one almond eye,
"I now speakee allee samee Limited Stlated talk."

Young Hi's yellow pa handles "washee washee" checks—
The cabalistic Tosh runs a laundry shop, you know—
While Ma. Tosh prepares the "Flowery Kingdom" fare
As art she learned in Hong Kong many years ago;
But they sometimes say they yearn
Unto China to return,
And live in a junk on the River Hoang Ho.

Little Hi plays all day with the "Heathen" boys,
And don't care a snap for the land of tea and rice;
But he says with a laugh that shakes his twisted form
"I heap thinkee chicks taste better than lats or mice,"
And the home of the free
Is much good enough for me,
For George Washatsis's land is belly, belly nice."
—Golden Days.

The Ring Game.

All present must leave the room with the exception of one person, who then places a heavy finger ring in some fairly conspicuous place. On the entrance of the others the object is to find the ring, but instead of exclaiming when they see it each person that does so quietly sits down without speaking. The last person to find the ring, or the one who cannot do so, has to pay a forfeit or fine, or whatever may be previously settled, and to be the next person to hide the ring. Brass or gilt candlesticks, clocks, brackets, etc., are good places on which to place the ring, and the same game may be likewise played with a thimble. It is droll to see those who have perceived the ring quietly sitting down, the eagerness and despair of those who fail to see where it is.

The Donkey and the Gosling.

One morning in the barnyard
A donkey was quietly munching his hay,
When he lifted his voice and began to bray.

A gosling who lived in the farmyard nigh
Happened just then to be passing by,
And thought it a vulgar way to sigh.

"My dear sir," said she, in some surprise,
"How can you make that terrible noise?
We never hear other stock at dozen boys.

"To express your thoughts in a quieter way,
Or if you even ventured to neigh
It would not be so bad as that horrible bray."

HE LIFTED HIS VOICE AND BEGAN TO BRAY.

"Dear, dear!" said the donkey, "I'm sorry I've offended you, I'll mend my manners, I promise you."

"Oh, don't mention it," said she, "I'm glad to have been of service to you."

"Your mother the old swamp's donkey cart driver
Your father a engineer's train cane overthrower,
So what can one expect from a donkey like your?"

She delivered her speech, and then walked in walk,
Quite proud of the way which first blight her favorable notice. Mrs. Alexander lives in London, where, she says, she can always get "plenty of fog and sunshine in the New York Ledger.

IDEAL HEARTS.

Did you tell me that life was a failure,
That love was a bubble, a bauble?
Then I would go on the wine tribunal
Was only a vapor at best?
Why, darling, the best of God's blessings
Is mated in some quaint gleam;
Let us catch from the "many colors"
The flash of one beautiful dream.
Let us fish from the lights and shadows
The ray of a sentient beam.

Did you tell me, my love, that in springtime
The blossoms all faded with the light?
That in summer a luscious, hot splendor
Glows out from their passionate sight;
That in autumn they're withered and sodden?
Their odor are congealed by the frost,
And the silvery flecked blossom of spring-time
Is lost.

Lies pallid and soulless and lost,
And the wine and the light of a lifetime
Is into shrouds tossed?

My darling, the blossoms, the flowers
Are rapturous breathe from the bowl,
And the nectarous perfume of summer
Is wrought to the soul;
Your heart in its seasons of blooming,
Its dream, its pulsations, its rest,
Makes life not a phantasm, a fiction,
Makes love not a bubble at best.
And you shall find nothing short of eternal,
The walls of the home of the blest.
—New Orleans Picayune.

CARPETS CLEANED BY STEAM.

How Stains, Dirt and Vermin Are Removed from the Floor Coverings.

"I want this carpet thoroughly cleaned —steam cleaned, mind you," said the customer, upon whom a reporter had called a few days ago. "Nothing short of steam, I am sure, will take out the grease spots from it."

"Madam," replied the upholsterer, with a faint smile, "I know of no process for steaming carpets."

"But you advertise"——

"I advertise, and all other dealers in my line do, to clean carpets by steam. The phrase is always employed in the business, though it naturally occasions some misunderstanding. Almost invariably people suppose that the 'steam cleaning' of carpets and rugs is performed by the direct application of steam to the fabrics, whereas, as a matter of fact, the only connection it has with the process is to run a stationary engine that supplies the power for the work. That is all carpet cleaning 'by steam' means."

"How then is the work done, pray?"

"It is simply a process of beating carpets by steam power, that is all. Being done by machinery it is more thoroughly executed than it can be done by a person with a club. All it pretends to accomplish is the shaking out of the dust."

"But suppose there should be any vermin?"

"They will probably remain undisturbed, particularly if the nap of the carpet or rug is long and thick."

"And the grease spots?"

"The 'steam cleaning' process makes no pretense of taking them out; all it removes is the dust."

"So that is the reason why my steam cleaned carpets have always come out with the old grease spots after a few weeks of use?"

"Certainly, madam. The grease still remains in the fabrics, and as soon as it has had time to gather dust it shows it again."

"Well, that does seem to me almost a swindle. I'll look after what the process you speak of actually is."

"The 'steam cleaning' of carpets is done in huge octagonal cylinders of slats made to revolve rapidly by a steam engine. Projecting shelves inside the cylinders and running their whole length keep the carpets constantly around revolving. At the time, while the revolving boxes whirl and every particle of dust is knocked out of the material by the action of centrifugal force. That is all there is to the business; it is simply a mechanical improvement on the colored gentleman and his club.

"But why do you call that sort of carpet beating 'steam cleaning' when you know that it deceives people?"

"Simply because every one else does, madam, and if we did not the public would suppose that we were not up to the most advanced methods of our trade."

"Goodness me!" exclaimed the customer. "Is there then no way of having the grease spots taken out of one's carpet?"

"Oh, yes," responded the upholsterer. "If you like you can have your carpet washed. Leave one here, and a workman of ours will first spread it out on the floor and cover it; as if he were going to shave it with a thick lather made from a kind of soap specially manufactured for the purpose. After the lather has all been taken off with his scrapers the carpet will be entirely free from grease. It will be easier to perform the operation without taking the carpet up by sending our employe to your house."

"What does it cost to clean a carpet in this way?"

"Fifteen cents a yard, madam."

"That seems a good deal to pay, though to my mind it is less of a gouge than the bogus 'steam cleaning' process you have described to me. But does this washing of the carpet dispose of vermin?"

"Not at all. To get rid of them you must have your carpet 'renovated,' as we call it. That is to say, it must be put through a special process, the object of which is to kill all living things in it. Observe that great box over there, as big as an ordinary room. It is of iron, and inside it is surrounded with coils of pipe, through which hot air can be pumped by an engine below. In this way temperatures inside that box can easily be raised to 220 degs. Fahrenheit. But 150 degs. is sufficient to destroy all living organisms. Suppose that a set of furs or furry articles sent by the owner with information to the effect that vermin had got into it. We simply put it in that iron vault, shut to the door, turn on the hot air, within twelve hours the trouble with that set of furniture is absolutely cured. The hot air has to be absolutely dry in the box in order to do the work at that temperature. Mattresses, carpets, curtains, everything, in short, that is susceptible to heat treat in this way for the killing of anything that is nothing. 'Renovation' is a euphemistic term for the process.

"So it would seem that the business of getting a carpet really and truly cleaned, in every sense of the word, is a pretty expensive affair?"

"Not so very. At all events, if you have your carpets or rugs first beaten by steam, next washed and finally 'renovated' you are reasonably sure that they will be clean, and the expense will not be more than twenty-five cents a yard at the outside."—Washington Star.

Too Extravagant.

An old lady had invited another old lady to take tea with her. After the departure of her guest the hostess, who was of a very economical turn of mind, said soothingly, "Well, Betsy Blake makes a mighty loud profession of it, but she's a good deal more extravagant than I expected her to be. She not only put two heaps teaspoons of sugar in one cup of tea, an' if she stirs them any harder they'll melt."

ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF THE

PLAINFIELD BARGAIN BUYERS

TO

Boehm's Popular Bargain Resort,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Where can be found bargains in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Gentlemen's Furnishings and Millinery, in fact everything to delight the bargain buyer's eye. The excursion will start every day this week at 7 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. No tickets needed. Everybody welcome.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 80c| GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90 per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONTSTREET. TELEPHONE 136

AN $8 SALE.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR WINTER STOCK, WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL

All Our $12 All Wool Suits at $8,

FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS.

Don't Miss This Great Bargain.

CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL SURE TO BUY.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House,

30 WEST FRONT STREET.

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen M-ison jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 25c per dozen.

Park Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't fo get that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods everywhere Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome Ivy Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "map up" those RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new col rings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 59c., and new all wool Plaids, at 79c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!
NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WHEN $20. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 9X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 566 PAGES, 168 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 30 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY, TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front

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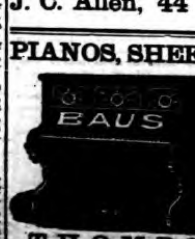
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Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

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THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates. Call at 15 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Crowe, to whom refer ence is made

Furniture Express

20 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

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DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

3d and 5d floors, Box 1295

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENU

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Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

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59 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early—Midsummer—and I was taken to clean it at the mines, and is in excellent condition for those who are usually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and unloading. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping cars, enables me to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The best of coal and prompt delivery the highest satisfaction. Telephone 120. Lumber always on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in service. Our operations in connection with the Board of Health are conducted so as to give satisfaction. Orders received at Post Box 1295, Plainfield, or by telephone No. 1. Residence, Corner Second and Plum streets. Office 69½ Telephone call 32.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

UNION COUNTY COURTS.

The Struck Jurors Announced Yesterday.

The following is a list of struck jurors drawn from this vicinity on Friday last to try the bookmakers and pool sellers in the Union County Court at Elizabeth this week:

THE JURORS.

The State vs. The New Jersey Jockey Club; Plainfield—William Sterling, Daniel W. Littell, Dorsey W. Hyde, Ephraim Miller, Howard L. Emerson, Joseph W. Sandford. Fanwood township—Randolph Drake. Westfield township—Henry F. Alpers.

The State vs. The Linden Park Blood Horse Association: Plainfield—George W. F. Randolph, Robert J. Livingston, Pliny Fisk, Harry G. Runkle, John E. Stewart. Fanwood—C. W. L. Martine, William H. Terry. Westfield—James E. Burtis, Anson F. Grant, John S. Irving.

The State vs. Rs S. Thompson: Plainfield Robert S. Manning, John M. Crane, J. Smith Garretson. Fanwood—Lewis W. Miller. Westfield—Silas W. Beebe, Kilbourne Tompkins.

The State vs. Joseph L. Anderson: Plainfield—Robert S. Manning, John M. Crane, Howard L. Emerson, Joseph W. Sandford, John E. Stewart. Fanwood—C. W. L. Martine, Henry C. Randolph. Westfield—Chas. G. Endicott.

The State vs. John Nathan: Plainfield—Daniel W. Littell, Leonard Spangenberg, Albert G. Thorn, John M. Crane, Ephraim Miller, Pliny Fisk, John E. Stewart. Westfield—Mahlon H. Ferris, John F. Lightfoot, Silas E. Beebe.

The State vs. Robert G. Irving: Plainfield —Daniel W. Littell, George W. F. Randolph, Dorsey W. Hyde, George W. Runkle, Joseph T. Vail, Pliny Fisk, Harry G. Runkle. Westfield—Henry E. Alpers.

The State vs. Henry Snedeker: Plainfield —J. Smith Garretson. Fanwood—Stiles M. Parse, William H. Terry. Westfield—John S. Irving.

The State vs. George Johnson: Plainfield —B. Frank Corriell, Daniel S. Roberts, Ephraim Miller, Lewis W. Miller.

The State vs. George Johnson: Plainfield —B. Frank Corriell, Robert S. Manning, George W. F. Randolph, J. B. Drayton, Ernest R. Ackerman, Henry G. Runkle. Fanwood—C. W. L. Martine, William H. Terry. Westfield—Kilbourne Tompkins.

The Congressional Candidates.

Yesterday was the last day upon which Congressional nominations could be made, the law requiring that the certificate shall be filed with Secretary of State forty days before election.

The Democrats of the Third District at their convention at Elizabeth unanimously nominated Jacob Geisenheimer as their candidate for Congress.

The Republicans, in convention assembled at Freehold, nominated Ex-Congressman Amos Clark, who formerly so ably represented the District. Ex-Congressman Kean could have had the nomination had he wanted it, as Mr. Clark would not have been a candidate against him, but he declined, and will turn in and give Mr. Clark his most hearty support.

Mr. Kean's party friends—and they are legion—desire to reserve him as their next Republican candidate for Governor, he being regarded as one of the strongest men in the party.

In Amos Clark, the Republicans have chosen a safe and reliable leader, who will lead them to victory, as no doubt he would be the case had Mr. Kean been chosen.

The republicans, and all others interested in upholding the only party which has demonstrated in theory and practice its sound reasons in all public questions, should cheerfully get to work, and not only see that their own votes are right, but also look after their friends. By good and faithful work we will win, but not otherwise.

JOTTINGS.

—Sauerkraut etc, all new at "The Dairy." Frankfurts every other day. See adv.

—The regular mid-week meeting of the Plainfield Reform Club will be held in Reform Hall Thursday evening.

—Dixon's Tourists interpreted the drama, "Kathleen" at Amphion Hall last evening. A small but appreciative audience was present.

—The store of Schwed Brothers, No. 7 East Front street, is closed from sunset this evening to sunset to-morrow, on account of it being a Jewish holiday.

—The members of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will hold a meeting in the lecture room of the chapel this evening.

—The annual meeting of the W. F. M. S., of the Congregational church will be held in the church parlors on Thursday, the 25th inst., at 2.30 p. m. All members are urgently requested to be present.

—Westfield, the star of empire, takes its flag.—Union County Standard.

—Twinkle, twinkle, little star,
How I wonder what you are,
—Railway Democrat.

—Westfield, N. J., Hook and Ladder Company receiving a new truck the other week, celebrated the event by a firemen's parade. A large number of persons gathered on the streets to witness the display. A collation followed.

That Strange Fungus.

The above cut is of a remarkable fungus growth found by Mr. Samuel H. Allen, janitor of the Job Male Library, and reference to in THE NEWS of Tuesday, Sept. 9th, as follows:

FOUND AT THE LIBRARY.

Mr. Samuel H. Allen, janitor of the Job Male Library, while cleaning the cellar yesterday afternoon, found under a box a most remarkable growth of fungus. It was in two pieces and pan cake in shape. The larger piece is about a foot in diameter and is of a reddish brown color on top. The bottom is of tough leathery substance greatly resembling a toadstool in color and appearance. Mr. Allen has the mostrosity on exhibition at the Library.

Mr. Linke Fined $25.

This morning Judge Coddington decided in the Linke case. He imposed a fine of $25. In doing so he said as follows:

"The jury in the case of the Treasurer of the City of Plainfield against you, Mr. Linke, have found you guilty as charged in the complaint, and make a strong recommendation of mercy from the court; this they have a perfect right to do, and under the evidence, think they were justified in so doing. Of course, as is always the custom, the court should pay respect to a jury's request where the circumstances of the case will warrant, and in this case I realize that the delivery of the bond by a minor to carry to his employer is not so flagrant a violation of the ordinance as to sell or deliver to a minor for his own use. I want it understood, however, that the ordinances regarding licenses and the intoxicating liquors must be strictly complied with, and in this case sentence you to pay a fine of $25."

Mr. Linke requested that he be given until to-morrow to give notice of appeal. The request was granted.

Annual Re-Union.

The reunion of the 23d Regiment Veterans of New Jersey, took place at Englewood yesterday, and was an enjoyable occasion. The exercise began with a roll-call at Dwight chapel at 10 a. m. E Y. Bell made an address on behalf of Englewood, and Colonel A. Demarest on the veterans' behalf. The parade then took place and lasted until noon, when refreshments were served in the armory. Later at Dwight chapel the Rev. H. M. Booth, General James R. O'Beirne, the Rev. J. E. Jackson and Clarence Lexow made addresses. A poem by Colonel J. D. Sherwood, of Englewood, was read. The volunteers ended the exercises with a drill. Many buildings were tastefully decorated with flags and bunting.

An Entertaining Entertainment at Reform Hall.

Professor Donald Downie fully upheld his high reputation as a lecturer of rare ability, at Reform Hall last evening. The Hall was well filled. The lecture was on Napoleon Bonaparte, and was illustrated by handsome stereopticon views. Professor Downie will carry his audience on a trip to Ireland and Scotland this evening at the same place. He will appear later at Warren Mission will be duly advertised in thispaper.

McQuade Arrested.

Laura Johnson, the fifteen-year-old school girl who eloped from this city last June with William McQuade, a man twice her age, has been found with him in Boston. Mrs. Mansfield Robinson, the girl's mother, learned on Saturday where the pair were and she at once caused Johnson's arrest on a charge of abduction. He was brought to Plainfield yesterday for trial.

PERSONAL.

Mr. William H. Voorhees formerly of this city but now of Brooklyn, spent yesterday with friends here.

Miss May E. White, of Seminary street Railway, is visiting her friend Miss Lulu Schneidtner at Plainfield.

Mr. Eli Long, Jr. of, Grove street, North Plainfield, started Saturday to commence a collegiate course at Harvard.

Miss Georgiana Romaine of Jersey City is visiting her aunt Mrs. McLaughlin of Somerset street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Wm. Potter and Mr. Edward Potter, Jr., of Rahway, were the guests of Miss Lulu Schneidtner, of Plainfield for a few days.

Mr. Dudley Miller of Randolph's City Pharmacy has returned from a vacation of two weeks, spent in travel. Virginia and Washington were visited by the genial druggist, and Mr. Miller while enjoying himself has also been much improved in health.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE.

SOMERSET CO. COURTS.

The Opening of the Supreme Term. Grand Jurors. — Constables Appointed—Cases Called.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Sept. 23 (Special)—The September term of the Somerset Co. Courts was op ned this morning at 10.30 o'clock by Supreme Court Judge Magie, Lay Judges Bartine and Stevens being on the bench.

The following is the list of Grand Jurors: Joseph W. Bellstrife, Lewis Van Doren, David M. Todd, Amos C. Sutphen, James Coleman Drayton, William W. Childs, Benjamin Runyon, Garret S. Shurr, Henry Van Dever, Lewis F. Clark, James Sharp, Augustus A. Boyle, Henry Rate, John V. D. Nevius, David J. Voorhees, Israel H. Hill, A. Voorhees Everett, William W. Manners, Abraham VanCleef, Jacob M. Vreeland, Augustus Wicoher, William C. Smith, Jonathan H. Moore and Cornelius Giddis.

Constable J. W. A. Buerseche and Thomas Moore were assigned to take charge of the jury.

The list of cases on the calendar was call-d. The second case in order was that of shotwell v. Rec, of North Plainfield which went over the terms by mutual consent.

The balance of the day was taken up with the remaind r of the list and with the consideration of license applications.

The Journal Approved.—The Republicans Applaud.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 23d, (Special)—In the House at 1.30 p. m., to-day, Speaker Reed announced that there was a quorum present and decided that the journal of Friday was approved. The announcement evoked great applause from the Republicans.

The New York Wins This Time, 5 days, 2 hrs. 25 min.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 23d, (Special)—The steamer, City of New York, arrived here this morning at 9 a. m., beating the Teutonic, 1 hour and 10 minutes. The trip required five days, two hours and twenty-five minutes. The Teutonic arrived at 10.20 a. m.

An Old Woman Killed.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 23d (Special.)—Mrs. Beulah Adams, aged sixty, wife of John Adams, a well-known oyster dealer of Pleasantville, was struck and instantly killed by a Pennsylvania Railroad locomotive, while attempting to cross the track near here this morning.

Westfield Tennis Tournament.

Last evening work was begun on the courts at Drake Park, for the coming tournament of the Westfield Athletic Club. It is expected that about three days work and a little rain will do the business and then there will be a week for practice before the tournament which occurs on the afternoons of October 2d, 3d, and 4th. This tournament is open to the tennis players of Union county and there will be suitable prizes—probably silver cups—given to the winner and second man in single sculls, and also to the winners of the doubles for men. There will be a special cup for the winner of the open singles for men—this event may be contested for by any player in the United States. There is to be in the near future a double of the Central League between West field and Roselle—each club having four fast games and lost one. Mr. Lent of the Westfield Athletic Club offers an additional prize or trophy, to the winners if can be played off during the tournament.

In this tournament Messrs DeWitt, Bisting, Stout, Runyon, Warner, Bunker, Wall, Beebe, Sanson, Alpers and a dozen others will meet and play against the club. Invitations are out by the Westfield club to Messrs Ellis, Elizabeth, Rahway, Linden and other Union county clubs which have not yet been heard from—though several of them have signified their intention of sending representatives. The entries close on Saturday the 27th, and the committee will publish a list of the next week.—The Union County Standard.

Yesterday's "Shoot."

There was a shooting match at the Campbell Club House yesterday afternoon for a pigeon trophy. The following were the scores made by the contestants in working for the prize. Seven birds each:

Dr. Ackerman	7
Dr. Hall	6
Dr. Hall	6
Dr. Hall	6

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

W. HOBSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT SIX CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $1.00 FOR THE YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 25.

If Socol, the Italian starver, who is now in this country, can induce some of our fat men to follow his example a while it will help their looks amazingly.

The Republican Philadelphia Press says: "The Republican majority of the senate by its policy of delay, dilatory proceedings and surrender is responsible for whatever loss there is in the widespread Republican enthusiasm which exceeded Speaker Reed's bold, brilliant and successful policy in the house."

The Canadian Pacific railroad now has at least one finger on the United States. It has leased the Wabash system, and will take control in October. This will give our enterprising Canadian neighbors control of a line from Detroit through the southern farm belt to the southwest, and ultimately to San Francisco. Well, it is no worse for our British neighbors to control railroads than breweries, probably.

A Baggage Lifting Machine.

Why not? The Saratoga trunk has now reached its maximum. It is so big that nothing short of an elephant is equal to the task of handling it easily. Great heaps of these trunks are piled mountain high upon a wagon, and then the railroad baggage handler is expected to transfer all to a train carefully, tenderly, as if he were handling eggs. He does not do it, of course; he could not if he were an angel instead of a man, and he gets abused on all sides.

The baggage smasher wears out almost as soon as the trunks he is thought to take a fiendish delight in breaking. No mortal man can endure the strain of lifting hundreds of huge, unwieldy trunks day after day, year after year, and no mortal man ought to be expected to demand it. Some method of lifting ought to be rigged to raise trunks from the ground into the express wagons, and then to lift them again from the wagon at the railway station to the truck that carries them aboard the train. The machine should be attached to the wagon itself, and need not weigh much. It would save all the back aching, all the back breaking, and what is more the profane language indulged in by the truck men. It would save many a pretty girl's big trunks, and they could still appear at summer resorts in all their flowerlike glory. A machine of this sort ought to be easy for some shrewd American to invent.

Speaker Reed.

The picturesque Maine campaign, which resulted in returning Hon. Thomas Brackett Reed to congress with renewed zeal, has set the world to talking of him again. It is not generally known, but Speaker Reed was educated for the ministry. He was a poor lad, poor in all but brain and body power. He was profoundly religious, and the Congregational church of Portland proposed to educate him for the ministry. He agreed to it, and the church sent him to Bowdoin college. But while learning was going into his head theology was oozing out of it, and when Tom Reed graduated he informed the church that had paid for his schooling that his opinions had changed so that he could no longer consent to be a preacher. However, he paid the money they had lent him all back scrupulously, so that although a light was lost to the Congregational church the money it had spent on the youth was not wasted. Reed became a lawyer noted for wit and, like many big bodied men, also for indolence. It was often said of him that Tom Reed would make a great man if he were not so lazy. He appears to have been waked up since he went to congress, however.

He is a poor man and always has been, so far as money is concerned, never even keeping a carriage, which is the touchstone of a congressman's social standing. In the house he became noted for his wit. In his maiden speech he gave a man who interrupted him a taste of his quality in a biting repartee. Then he remarked:

"And now, having embalmed that fly in the liquid amber of my speech, I proceed." Other biting sayings have been recorded. Once an opponent ended an eloquent passage with the quotation, "I would rather be right than be president." Instantly Reed turned to him and shouted:

"You will never be either."

His opponents might take a lesson from his unfailing good humor. He is said to wear "a smile like a policeman's club." He is the strictest sort of a party man, and does not believe in letting down the bars to admit any outsiders. Once he said of trying to conciliate the Prohibitionists in Maine:

> Now, don't let us go fooling after them. Our best way is to act completely, but we are going pretty near and altogether harmonious and good fellowship. If you begin trying to stretch the blanket so as to cover them and their opinions you know you will spoil it up the middle, or you will pull it off some of your own pets, and the other side will get hot and have their toes sticking out to the cold.

FOR BENWELL'S MURDER

John Reginald Birchall on Trial at Woodstock, Ont.

A LETTER THAT MAY CONVICT HIM

It Was Written After the Dastardly Assassination of Poor Benwell to the Young Man's Father, and Contains Damning Evidence.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 23.—The trial of John Reginald Birchall for the murder of the young Englishman, Frederick C. Benwell, commenced here Monday. Birchall's nerve is still marvelous and he pleaded not guilty as coolly as though bidding a friend good morning. Mac Birchall did not appear in court. The ablest legal talent in the country is engaged in the case. For the prosecution, Mr. Carthright, crown attorney, is assisted by Benjamin B. Osler, Mr. Blackstock, who is reputed to be one of the ablest criminal lawyers in Canada, appeared for the defense. He is assisted by Messrs. Hall-Dean and Ross. The work of securing a jury occupied about an hour. They are all farmers except one, who is designated a "gentleman."

F. C. BENWELL.

Hunt of the Case.

On Feb. 21 last the body of a young man was found in the Princeton swamp with two bullet wounds in the head. He had been shot down from behind. The body was dressed in English tweed and the undergarments were of finest texture. At first there seemed to be no clew to his identity. The plans of murder were so ingenuously laid and so skillfully executed that but for one slight circumstance identification would have been nearly impossible. The murderer had partly undressed his victim and carefully from his clothing the name of the wearer, and then after rifling the pockets of their contents, he quietly departed, thinking he had destroyed everything that could be used to identify the friendless and unknown young man whom he had enticed to this lonely spot and shot with such cold blood. But when the victim fell his cigar case flew from his breast pocket and lodged in the snow, half under a small dead sapling, whose branches were spread over the ground. The murderer overlooked this silent witness and it was found by the detectives. On it was the name "F. C. Benwell," and following up this clew the officers arrested Birchall at Niagara Falls, Ont.

The work of the detectives developed the following facts of interest: On Feb. 3 last Reginald Birchall and his wife, accompanied by Douglass R. Pelley and Frederick C. Benwell, sailed from Liverpool for New

MR. AND MRS. BIRCHALL.

York. During the voyage Birchall and his wife told the young men in glowing terms of their stock farm in Canada, lighted by electricity, where the two young men were to be taken as "resident farmers" and taught to till the soil. Benwell had £75 with him and Pelley had about the same. They were to give the most of this to Birchall for tuition. The party arrived in New York on Feb. 14 and remained two days and then went to Buffalo. Early on the morning of Feb. 17 the party went to Niagara Falls, Ont., Birchall and Benwell going early and Mrs. Birchall and Pelley by a later train.

When the two latter arrived there Birchall and Benwell could not be found, but late that night Birchall appeared alone. He explained that Benwell went to Woodstock to look at a farm, and expected to be gone several days. Pelley became suspicious, and the elegant stock farm not materializing made him more so. When Benwell's body was found and Birchall arrested Pelley and Mrs. Birchall were also taken into custody. Pelley told his story, and it did much to unravel the mystery. He was discharged, as was Mrs. Birchall subsequently, no proof being obtainable connecting her with the crime. Pelley stated that he believed Birchall also meditated his murder. He recalled instances where Birchall had enticed him to secluded spots along the river bank, and believed that Birchall intended throwing him over the precipices, but something always interposed.

What the Prosecution May Prove.

Crown Counsel Osler opened the case for the prosecution. He gave a detailed history of the case and stated the points which the prosecution would attempt to prove. In brief they are:

Birchall left Buffalo with Benwell on the morning of Feb. 17, and after an absence of ten hours returned to Niagara Falls alone. He was the last man seen with Benwell on that day. He was seen at Eastwood on Feb. 15 by several persons, which he denies having there. He told the officers that he had received a letter from Benwell dated London, Feb. 13, enclosing a receipt for his baggage and asking him to take it out of bond. Benwell was murdered on Feb. 17, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, so he could not have written such a letter, and Birchall has been unable to produce it. He told the officers that Benwell was dressed in a suit of blue on Feb. 17, but Pelley swore that he wore the clothes found on the body in the swamp. The effects found in Birchall's trunk a pair of nickel scissors with a nick in the edge, and the marks on the dead man's clothing indicated that the names were cut out with the same scissors. The keys of the murdered man were found on Birchall and those keys were in Benwell's possession when he left Buffalo on Feb. 17.

Birchall's Path Twin Letters.

He wrote a letter to the dead man's father on Feb. 20 in which he said he spoke to Benwell on that day, that the young man was well pleased with the farm and that he had decided to enter into the scheme, at the same time telling him how to remit money. Yet in the face of this Birchall told the officers that he last saw Benwell on Feb. 17. The letter, which was not dated but postmarked Feb. 20, three days after the murder, was as follows:

Lieut. Col. Benwell, Cheltenham, Eng.:

DEAR SIR—We arrived here safely after a very pleasant journey, the sea being comparatively smooth. We came up by sleeping car and reached here at 7 o'clock, and I was glad to get a good rest. Your son has acquainted all my friends and all my business arrangements, and I am glad to say he is popular with those who know me well. He may start taking other advice, as it is, of course, was perfectly willing, and he seems to be a hardworking lad. We have had a look at the farm with satisfactory results. He has decided to join me, as he has explained all that to you, and I am pleased to think that we shall make a very good business together. The books show a very good profit for the past year.

I think the best way is to place the money in your joint names in the bank to the credit of one or the survivor. Then you will be sure to get control of land that I mentioned to you, as we shall now require it for purchase. The best way is to remit by bank draft, payable to order, and he should be drawn on the Bank of Montreal, New York. They have a branch in London (Threadneedle street) Westminster also do business for them. Letters of this kind should be insured and registered. I will be holding a large sale in March. Your son was somewhat anxious to share in the profits of the sale, which I am quite willing he should do, and so we have signed our deed of partnership, and I am sure he will never regret doing so. Your son is, I think, writing you by this post. I only write you these few lines myself, but I am rather in a hurry to catch the mail. My letters are generally written by typewriter, as they are both readable and quite clear, with no doubt as to the words. We are having papers printed properly and will be sure to have a few dozen sent you. You will be pleased to hear that your son has found things satisfactory, and I quite agree with him that the only best thing is coming out to see the business first.

I shall send you weekly particulars of all the business done, so that you can see for yourself how things go on. This will be satisfactory to you, I think. Of course with regards to money, my bank of New York would do for the drafts. We have a business account in our joint names at the American bank here. Your son will doubtless explain it all to you. With kind regards, believe me, dear sir, sincerely yours.

J. R. BIRCHALL.

A Motive for the Murder.

Mr. Osler said this plainly showed a motive for the murder, as Col. Benwell was to pay £300 if his son became satisfied with the farm. Mr. Osler also claimed that it was Birchall's scheme to send typewritten letters to Col. Benwell as coming from his son, and to bleed the father.

The First Witness Called.

William McDonald was the first witness. McDonald said that he became acquainted with Birchall when the latter came to him as a farm pupil from England. Birchall was then known as F. A. Somerset. He stopped at McDonald's farm one day, then went to Woodstock, saying that he was not brought up to such work. McDonald admitted that he was agent at Woodstock for Ford, Rathbun & Co., England, who sent pupils to place on farms, the farmer getting $125 bonus and the agent $35; the farmer receiving half that amount at the end of the first month that a pupil was satisfied and the balance at the end of six months. McDonald contradicted himself a good deal. He admitted that Ford, Rathbun & Co. wrote that Birchall complained that McDonald was swindling English pupils. He said that Birchall borrowed from him considerable money and repaid all but $20.

Young Pelley Testifies.

Douglass Raymond Pelley, a young Englishman, who accompanied the Birchall-Benwell party to this country, followed. He told of his arrangements with Birchall to enter into farming partnership in Canada and said that Birchall told him he had a farm near Niagara Falls of 130 acres, lived in good English style, kept English servants; had a good brick house and one of the stables lighted by electricity, also speaking of his overseer as a man named McDonald, and two brothers named Peacock, who worked on the farm. Birchall claimed to be a farm pupil. Succeeding so well, he bought out the farm.

Benwell Was a Nuisance.

The witness first met Benwell at Liverpool. Birchall said Benwell was a nuisance; that he was taking him out as a favor to Benwell's father, and that he would put him on some farm and get rid of him. Benwell changed twenty or twenty-five sovereigns in New York.

The trip of Birchall and Benwell from Buffalo on the day of the murder, and Birchall's reappearance alone that night, were described. Birchall said Benwell did not understand farming, and he sent him to two or three other addresses because he had received so much money. Birchall avoided taking Pelley to the farm, giving various excuses. Pelley finally taxed him with false pretenses, and got the answer that Birchall expected a draft from England and would start farming in a week. Pelley's wild goose chase to New York after Benwell while Mr. and Mrs. Birchall identified Benwell's body was then described. Pelley saw Birchall's pistol, a small one. He identified clothes of Birchall and Benwell produced in evidence. Pelley's examination will be resumed.

Sold Into Slavery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Late advices from the South Sea islands tell a startling story of the labor or semi-slave treatment of island savages. Whole islands in the Solomon group in New Hebrides and in other sections of Polynesia have been depopulated by the ravages of men employed to seize and transport natives to the plantations of New Caledonia and the Fiji islands. Scarcely a vessel arrives here from localities that does not bring news of the massacre of some white trader or skipper by natives, who have been gradually driven into desperation by the treatment they have received from the whites. Thirty or more vessels are engaged in the nefarious traffic, and no less than 10,000 native savages have been taken into slavery.

English Armor Easily Pierced.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 23.—The testing of plate armor for naval vessels took place at the naval proving grounds in the presence of Secretary Tracy. Three shots from an eight inch gun were fired. The shots were all fired from the nickel steel plate and the Cammell plate. The two first are French and the last English, used on England's new ships of war. The Cammell plate stood the test the best of the three. The English plate was knocked into smithereens.

Shot and Stabbed.

BUFFALO, Sept. 23.—Frank Miller, a German plumber living at No. 230 Adams street, while insane from drink, shot his housekeeper, a French woman named Marie Kantz, four times, stabbed her two times and then turning the revolver on himself sent a bullet into his temple. Both are in a critical condition.

That Unloaded Gun Again.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 23.—J. D. Hill, the express messenger on the Elberton railroad, was fatally shot in the neck by a pistol in the hands of a young lady on whom he was calling. She supposed the weapon was not loaded.

IT WAS A JUDICIAL MILL,

And Both Prize Fighters Were Knocked Out,

BUT THEY'LL FIGHT ALL THE SAME

Slavin and McAuliffe Arrested in London Just Before the Proposed Fight—If They Cannot Fight in London They Will Step on the Continent.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The fiasco with regard to the McAuliffe-Slavin fight seems to be the result of an ingenious solution on the part of P. Crickton Temple, "managing director" of the Ormonde club, to make a little money. It is probable, however, owing to the efforts of Richard K. Fox, that the fight will come off in any event. Fox said last night that he would give £500, and that Lord Lonsdale would in all probability offer the same amount to have the match come off in France or Belgium with bare knuckles in case Police Justice Partridge refuses to allow the affair at the Ormonde club.

"In case Lonsdale refuses to put up half the stakes," said Fox, "I will offer the entire £1,000. This match has got to be fought and I am sure McAuliffe will win."

Temple's Latest Scheme.

Temple's scheme seems to be this. He has sold 300 tickets to the fight at prices varying from £30 to £10, but all persons who have bought tickets have been compelled to become members of the club. The price of subscription to the club is three guineas. Temple will refund the purchase money to all ticket holders, but he will retain three guineas from each one as membership subscription, so that the Ormonde club will be in about £9,000 on the scheme and will also have the £1,000 it offered to the contestants.

Slavin Blamed at First.

The warrants for the arrest of McAuliffe and Slavin were issued on Saturday with Temple's knowledge, he having been in communication with Inspector Chisholm all the time they were training.

Temple said nothing about it, but continued to sell tickets and accept membership subscriptions until the arrest of McAuliffe and Slavin was published. It was at first thought by English sporting men yesterday afternoon that Slavin and his backers had connived at the arrest and stoppage of the fight, as it was known he had a convival time with a lot of friends at his training quarters in Dovercourt Sunday night. The story of Temple's relations with the police has put a different aspect on the case.

The Arrests.

McAuliffe was arrested in his lodgings in York road in the afternoon, and Slavin at the Liverpool station upon his arrival from Dovercourt.

They were both taken to the Lambeth police court, followed by a tremendous crowd. The crush was so great at the doors of the court that McAuliffe was separated from his colleague, who had him in charge, and was put out of the building by policemen who did not know who he was. Both men are very angry over the matter, and blame Temple entirely for the police interference. It is possible that Justice Partridge may allow the fight to go on, in which case the Ormonde club will be made to fulfill its contract. The men were to have fought with The Police Gazette standard gloves, weighing two ounces, in a twenty foot ring. McAuliffe at 210 pounds and Slavin at 187 pounds.

Both men have given bonds at £2,000 each to appear in court this afternoon for examination on the charge of conspiring to commit a breach of the peace.

They Will Fight Just the Same.

The following special cable has been received at The Police Gazette office:

SECOND HAND FURNITURE
Bought—Sold—Repaired.
Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. $21 75.

Fall Style Hats
DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.
Best Goods for the Least Money
HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.
U. B. Crane,
12 Park avenue.

CHOOSE the BEST
Perfect Parlor Stoves
and
Othello Ranges.
Choice Timothy Seed.
Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
HARDWARE, PLUMBING and TINNING
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Telephone Call No. 6 East Front Street

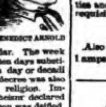
"THE DAIRY"
Headquarters for
Fresh Creamery Butter,
Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Sweet Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.
DELICATESSEN
FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.
Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

"London, Sept. 23.—At a meeting of the Pelican club today Lord Lonsdale and Richard K. Fox decided, should Frank P. Slavin and Joe McAuliffe fail by the interference of the authorities to bring off the fight for £1,000 and the Police Gazette championship belt in the Ormonde club, London, that rather than see the match fall through they will each put up the original purse offered by the Ormonde club, £500 each, and bring the fight off on the continent with a limited number of spectators on each side."

This Date in History—Sept. 21.

1537—Edward IV of England declared illegal in Parliament.
1664—Death of Emperor Charles V.
1780—Born 1890.
1792—Battle of Jemappes between the French and Austrians.
1792—Monarchy abolished in France by Henry Hudson.
1778—Settlement of New York State buildings, including Trinity church, destroyed.
1826—Death of Joseph Bonaparte.
Drake, poet. HUDSON.
1866—Death of Sir Walter Scott; born 1771.
1866—Death of Thomas Addis Emmet in New York; built for the Russian government.
1871—Bonebrake sentenced to life imprisonment.
1887—Death of William Freeman in Lexington, Ky., aged 71; statesman and orator.
1888—Death of William Warren, American actor.
1889—Settlement of Oklahoma opened to settlement.

This Date in History—Sept. 22.



1792—Republic proclaimed in France. The French revolutionists adopted a new calendar. The week was abolished and a term of ten days substituted for the seven, the tenth day or decadi being set apart for rest. A decree was also passed against the Christian religion. Immortality was denied, and atheism declared to be the faith of France. Reason was deified, and on all the public churches was placed the inscription, "Death is eternal sleep."
1888—The Bowery theatre, N. Y., burned; previously destroyed by fire and rebuilt again in 1826.
1848—Birth of Abdul-Hamid II, sultan of Turkish
1862—Confederates re-entered Virginia after their defeat at Antietam.
1862—Lincoln proclaimed liberty to the slaves if

FIRST ANNUAL
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF
WALL PAPER.
The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.
25 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.
1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this is new goods.
2nd—The first purchaser will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest patterns.
3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered in Virginia being offered daily below cost.
SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.
A. D. Van Sciver,
OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

THE BEE HIVE
KID GLOVES.
4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.
4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.
Three-button, in slate tan and brown (special), 89c.
Pretty Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown $1.
The "Glove" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.
WORSTEDS.
Zephyrs, Germantown Wools, Fleecy Wools, Saxony Yarns, Knitting Silks, &c., &c., best quality, 5c. per hank.
Louis Callman,
40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW STORE.
Barkalew & Dunn,
18 North Avenue,
Fine Groceries,
PLAINFIELD N. J.

BRIDAL VEIL TEA.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Fifth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stable devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!
ain't it good?
The Society Leader!
Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at
N. H. Guttman's
18 W. SECOND ST.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Ask for them. They are good.

WE SELL THE
Best Selected Goods
THAT CAN BE
PROCURED
Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.
Buy the Best
And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.
R. W. RICE & CO.,
Emily and Duer Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,
26 WEST FRONT STREET,
is still making her famous
FRENCH and AMERICAN ICE CREAMS
and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. For Tea and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.
SILVER TO LOAN.
Also Crockery, China and Fancy Glassware Lamps etc., in great

Our Fall Stock
of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.
Schwed Brothers,
LEADING CLOTHIERS,
7 EAST FRONT STREET.

Mrs. Martin's
MAGIC
Renovating Fluid,
will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,
WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.
Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of
C. E. CLARKE,
No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

P. CASEY & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,
16 WEST FRONT STREET,
Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Roe.
Everything pertaining to the business at reasonable rates. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME
SAVINGS INSTITUTION
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!
THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,
LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Dealer in BEST
QUALITY COAL
YARD AND OFFICE
SOUTH AVENUE.
P. O. BOX 1407.
Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET
SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS
for 15 cents per square foot
AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,
Also jobbing of all kinds.
Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON
12 PARK AVENUE,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,
AND
OPTICIAN.
King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies
of all kinds
New and Second Hand BOOKS
OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.
A. W. RAND,
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M. FRENCH,
Fine Carriages,
All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT
Excelled by None
16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

MOY'S
First Class Caterer,
ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.
STEPHENSON'S
42 NORTH AVENUE.

FRANK LINKE,
(ESTABLISHED 1885.)
Wholesale Wine
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Liquor Dealer.
BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED
EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,
Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,
AND DEALER IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER
And Bass Ale for hotels and private families
No. 42 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.
All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

Hotel Netherwood,
NETHERWOOD, N. J.
Elegant brick structure; with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.
Frank P. Miller,
Prop.

A FINE
Assortment of
GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.
Eugene M. Laing
No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

FROM THE GRIP OF DEATH

Daring Rescue of a Number of Raftsmen.

IMPRISONED FOR TWO DAYS.

They Were Upon a Rock in the Midst of the St. Lawrence Rapids and Narrowly Escaped Death in the Seething Waters of the River.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 23.—The six raftsmen who were imprisoned on the rock in the rapids below Lake Deschenes by the breaking of a tow rope and the getting away of their raft were rescued yesterday. The tug which was endeavoring to get a line passed to the men desisted when darkness came on. Only three of the men belonged to this neighborhood, and their wives and children, who were on the shore, spent the night in Mr. Joseph Esmonde's summer cottage, but at daylight they were again on the shore waving their handkerchiefs and vainly endeavoring to make their voices heard above the roar of the boiling waters.

Preparing for the Rescue.

As soon as steam was got up this morning the tug again put out, carrying a large, strong bonne, or raftsman's boat. To this a cable was lashed. The little vessel, with a crew of experienced raftsmen, put out into the lake and after a few experiments discovered the drift of the current.

The Cable Was Too Heavy.

The cable attached to the bonne was then paid out carefully. The little boat floated slowly at first, seemingly scarcely able to drag the heavy cable that was lashed firmly to her bow, but presently she began to feel the rapid descent of the waters and the cable had to be handled very carefully. It was wound round the windlass. The tug in the middle became each moment more noticeable and pulled her nose down into the water. It was clearly seen that a little further and she must be swamped. Capt. Gray decided to bring the boat back.

Within Reach at Last.

The tug returned to shore, and the captain soon had his men working with a will filling bags full of sand. When four of these were filled and tied up the vessel steamed out again. The bonne was once more sent out, but this time her stern contained the four bags of sand, which sunk her after part deeply in the water. When she reached the critical place her bow no longer showed a tendency to bury itself in the waves. The tug had to be shifted very carefully two or three times to give the floating bonne a right position. The imprisoned men stood with their handspikes ready to lay hold of her as soon as she touched.

Saved at Last.

At length she touched the raft, and three handspikes seized her. A great cheer went up from the shore, to be succeeded, however, by a dead silence as the men began to take out the cables. It was difficult to steady the little vessel as she bumped against the logs, threatening to stave in her stern. *At length they were all in the boat.*

The anchor of the tug was drawn up, the engines started gently and in almost less time than it takes to tell it the men were towed through the calm waters of the lake. The men were none the worse for their forty-eight hours' peril.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Pieces.

The controller of the currency has authorized the Union National bank, of Atlantic City, N. J., to begin business with a capital of $100,000.

W. W. Pierce, of Westport, Essex county, N. Y., has been nominated for assembly by the Democrats.

During August past 37,387 immigrants came to the United States, against 31,418 in August, 1889. Germany during the past month furnished 7,959; England and Wales, 5,396; Russia, 3,939; Ireland, 3,818; Sweden and Norway, 3,048; Italy, 2,897, and Poland, 1,852.

Franklin Voorhees, a cousin of-Superintendent Theodore Voorhees, of the Central Hudson railroad, died at Saratoga.

The Prohibitionists of the Second Connecticut district have nominated C. M. Whitmore, of Meriden, as a candidate for congress.

Cal Woods, the murderer of Pasco, who was sentenced to death by electricity, has been taken to Sammonns prison to await the execution of his sentence during the week of Nov. 3. The condemned man is stolid and indifferent.

Julius Schott, a barber, aged 27 years, was shot and instantly killed at Long Island City by Louis Merckle, an ex-constable of Astoria, L. I. The murder was the result of a barroom quarrel.

In a sculling match on the Parramatta river, Australia, for $1,000 a side, Matterson defeated Neilson.

A Chicago Bank Suspends.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The Oakland bank, situated at the corner of Cottage Grove avenue and Oakwood boulevard, about three miles from the business center of the city, suspended payment Monday morning. Liabilities $60,000; nominal assets $75,000. President Johnson, of the bank, is of the opinion that the creditors will get at least 70 per cent. of their claims. The failure also closes the Hyde Park bank, a branch of the Oakland bank. The depositors of the Hyde Park bank are secured by special assets, which amount to $11,000. The unusually heavy demands of the depositors and the difficulty of getting securities cashed are the reasons given for the failures. Neither bank will resume business.

Duly the Victim of a Conspiracy.

DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—Mr. William O'Brien writes to the secretary of the John Daly amnesty committee of Tipperary that he has been for some time in communication with an Englishman of much eminence at Birmingham who has discovered startling proofs that Daly was the victim of an organized plot on the part of the Irish police and their emissaries. This statement is based on the authority of the chief constable of one of the principal cities of the kingdom, whose information has been sent to Home Secretary Matthews. Daly is serving a sentence of life imprisonment for dynamiting.

Disgrace Drove Him to Suicide.

SANFORD, Me., Sept. 23.—Sylvester Cummings, a wealthy retired manufacturer at Springvale, committed suicide by taking laudanum and strychnine. He was indicted for burning a barn last week. He left a letter admitting the poisoning but denying the barn burning.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' League.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	—5
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits: Cleveland, 10; Brooklyn, 4. Errors: Cleveland, 1; Brooklyn, 6. Batteries: Keefe and Snyder, Weyhing and Kinslow.

At Boston—

Buffalo	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Philadelphia	1	0	1	0	4	3	0	2	—11

Base hits: Buffalo, 10; Philadelphia, 16. Errors: Buffalo, 5; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries: Deasa and Haddock, Knell and Milligan.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 8; New York, 3. Errors: Pittsburg, 3; New York, 1. Batteries: Staley and Nelson, O'Day and Vaughan.

At Chicago—

Chicago	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Boston, 8. Errors: Chicago, 6; Boston, 5. Batteries: Baldwin and Boyle, Sweasy and Kelly.

National League.

At Cleveland—

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits: Cleveland, 9; Boston, 8. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 0. Batteries: Young and Scumers, Nichols and Bennett. Called on account of darkness.

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	—7

Base hits: Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 14. Errors: Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 2. Batteries: Ehret and Keenan; Esper, Scirver and Gleason.

At Chicago—

Chicago	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	7	—14
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits: Chicago, 19; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: Chicago, 1; Brooklyn, 7. Batteries: Lohr and Anson, Lovett and Clark. Called on account of darkness.

At Wheeling—

Pittsburg	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	—4

Base hits: Pittsburg, 6; New York, 7. Errors: Pittsburg, 2; New York, 4. Batteries: Wilson and Decker, Rusie and Clark.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players'.	National.
Chicago	1,446	1,439
Buffalo	997	—
Pittsburg	340	—
Cleveland	638	800
Wheeling	—	1,800
Cincinnati	—	1,196
Totals	3,311	4,797

American Association.

At St. Louis—

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	—4

Base hits: St. Louis, 12; Rochester, 7. Errors: St. Louis, 1; Rochester, 1. Batteries: Hart and Mudgon, Starr and McGinnis.

At Toledo—

Toledo	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	—3
Syracuse	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—3

Base hits: Toledo, 10; Syracuse, 7. Errors: Toledo, 6; Syracuse, 4. Batteries: Sprague and Sage, Marr and Pitz.

Atlantic Association.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 7; Lebanon, 1. Base hits: Harrisburg, 10; Lebanon, 4. Errors: Harrisburg, 0; Lebanon, 4. Batteries: Gamble and Jennings, Swift and Coons.

At Newark—Newark, 5; Lebanon, 6; Newark, 0. Base hits: New Haven, 16; Newark, 1. Errors: New Haven, 0; Newark, 1. Batteries: Gilliland and Hofford, Nash and Murphy.

It Baffled the Physicians.

MENTOR, Ind., Sept. 23.—The residents of this place are greatly excited over a mysterious disease which baffles the physicians and threatens to annihilate the family of George Davidson, a popular citizen here. Last Tuesday the 7-year-old daughter was taken ill and in eight hours died. An hour later a 9-year-old son was attacked and in eight hours was dead. Next day his remaining children, three in number, were attacked one after another and died. All the physicians in the neighborhood admit they never saw anything like it, and don't know what it is or how to treat it. So great is the sorrow and agitation of Mr. and Mrs. Davidson that it is feared they will not escape the fate of their children.

Caught Under a Sheet of Flame.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 23.—Sparks from a Cleveland and Pittsburg locomotive set the store house of the Excelsior Oil company on fire, and the flames immediately spread to the tanks and store houses in the immediate vicinity. Three cars standing on the track near the house in which the refined oil was stored exploded with terrific force, throwing pieces of iron weighing from 300 to 1,000 pounds over 300 feet. A number of employes were caught under a sheet of flame while digging ditches around big tanks that were filled with oil, and six of them were pretty badly burned. The loss will amount to $75,000; insurance, $35,000.

Murder Will Out.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Sept. 23.—Robert Sweeden, James Hill and Isaac Sorensen, of Meriden, Utah, were arrested here charged with having committed a murder in the Cache valley twenty-four years ago

Weather Indications.

Fair, with little variation of temperature, and variable winds, becoming southeasterly

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras.

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison.

21 W. 2ST FRONT STREET.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, D. M. BROKAW 94 SOMERSET ST.

Congressman Nominated.

SUNBURY, Pa., Sept. 23.—Ex-State Senator S. P. Wolverton was unanimously nominated for congress by the Democratic convention of the Seventeenth district in this city.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Sept. 23.—John Kean, Jr., president of the State National bank, of Elizabeth, has been nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Third district of New Jersey.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 23.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Sixth district nominated Dr. Thomas Dunn English by acclamation. The platform was adopted without a ballot and denounces the Lodge election bill.

The Queen's Idea of Royal Dignity.

MONTREAL, Sept. 23.—It is learned that the case of Correspondent O'Brien, arrested for sending broadcast the story about Prince George and a street fight, will be discontinued pursuant to instructions from the queen. It is said her majesty disapproves of proceedings taken against a subject for a private offense against a member of the royal family, holding that their dignity is beyond peradventure and cannot be affected by a scurrilous story.

A Reunion of Abolitionists.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—Monday, the twenty-eighth anniversary of the issuing of the famous emancipation proclamation by President Lincoln, the second annual reunion of the old abolitionists, was begun in the Melodeon. Among those on the platform were Hon. Frederick Douglass, Mr. Frank Sanborn, Rev. A. B. Muzzey and Rev. Mark Trafton. Mr. W. H. Dupree occupied the chair and delivered an address of welcome.

Five Trainmen Killed.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Sept. 23.—A wreck occurred at the Derry yard of the Pennsylvania railroad in which five trainmen were injured and two of them may die. Following are the injured: J. N. Caldwell, will probably die; W. H. Irwin, left thigh badly crushed; Newton Akers, leg injured and injured internally; James Neal, ribs broken and otherwise seriously hurt; Clinton Jones bruised about the head.

Choked to Death by Highwaymen.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., Sept. 23.—A laborer named Hefner, employed on the railroad in course of construction from Hartsville to New Hope, Bucks county, while on his way home about 1 a. m., in company with his wife, was waylaid and choked to death. Hefner and his wife was walking on the track, when two men confronted them. The woman was told to go home and mind the babies, the men saying that they had business with her husband. They pushed her aside, and she fled back to Rush Valley and informed her brother-in-law. When *they returned Hefner's dead body* was found lying on the track. Eight hundred dollars in money, contained in a belt worn by the dead man, was missing. The murderers escaped.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.—Professor Edwin Shuter, elocutionist, teacher and reader. For terms, address Mansion House, Plainfield, N. J. 9-2 1m

MISS JULIA JEHSAIN KETCHAM will continue her French school in the same house, No. 15, Church street, on and after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application. 8-27 1m

MISS JEANNETTE ATTEN, Teacher of PIANO and ORGAN, has returned to her former residence, Liberal street, Bound Brook. Residence, No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in Voice Culture and Music. Voice trial free at 10 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5 1m

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a new system of sight reading by the use of the Tonic Sol-Fa Method. Terms moderate. Address 70 East Front street. 9-3 2w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, Professor of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Clottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove Street) reopens on Wednesday, Sept. 17th. Special department for boys preparatory to entering the high school. Instruction given, care being taken to make school attractive. Pupils are interested in gardening with Hoe and Rake. Arithmetic and reading, History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany, Calisthenics daily. Kindergarten and primary TEACHER CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9-20tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, Will re-open on Tuesday, September 16, in the Kindergarten and Primary Building on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. B. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BORDEN SEMINARY, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children; will re-open Sept. 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. BORDEN, Principal. 8-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Switzer and Miss Dorcas Perkins will open a School and Kindergarten, 17 Ludlow avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $80; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $95. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices previously low. Some odd pieces less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

USE SCATTER-CORNS.

Scatter-Corns Kill Corns and Bunions. Scatter-Corns Relieve Instantly. Scatter-Corns Cure Quickly. Scatter-Corns Are Sure. Scatter-Corns Are Safe. Scatter-Corns Are Painless. Scatter-Corns Are Perfect. Scatter-Corns Are Unequaled. Scatter-Corns Are Unsurpassed. Scatter-Corns Are Unapproached. Scatter-Corns Are Unrivaled. Scatter-Corns Are Unparalleled. Scatter-Corns Are Unexcelled. Scatter-Corns Are Unsurpassed. Scatter-Corns Are Unapproached. Scatter-Corns Are Unrivaled. Scatter-Corns Are Unparalleled. Scatter-Corns Are Unexcelled.

W. H. ALBERTY & CO., Proprietors, N. Y.

To Protest Against the Recent Arrests.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 23.—The leaders of the Irish party in this city are agitating the question of holding a general observation to protest against the course of the English government in arresting Dillon and O'Brien, and to awaken a fresh enthusiasm among the friends of Ireland in this country. Should this convention be held it will be under the auspices of the Irish National League of America. Whether the convention is held or not speakers altogether upon the wishes of Mr. Parnell. The anticipated famine in Ireland owing to the failure of the potato crop is the primary reason for hurrying the convention along. The potato is the mainstay of the Irish peasantry, and the failure of the crop means widespread starvation and generally wholesale evictions.

Suicide as a Joke.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—John R. Clements, aged 56 years, a member of the printing firm of Fitmuly & Clements, this city, committed suicide at his place of business by shooting himself through the head. He left a note saying, "I am fond of a joke, but this is the last one I will try to crack." His body was found cold in death by one of his employes whose duty it was to open up the establishment. Dull business is thought to have been the cause of the act.

An Addition to the Fair Site.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The South park commissioners have decided to give to the World's fair people the use of Washington park for the great exposition. This action will give the World's fair officials the use of Jackson park, the midway plaisance, Washington park, or at least a large portion thereof, and the lake front. It is yet uncertain whether or not the last portion of the park will now be rejected, but it is not believed that it will be.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

30c bottle.....$2.25, per d z.

1 Cask, 19 dozen pints (carried safely).....15.00

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

30c bottle.....$2.25 per d'z

Vegetables and Fruit, fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.

Prices the lowest.

Designs the latest

Don't forget the Celebrated Blue Vertilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine State Pure Cream Cheese. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. O. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.00
Lantern Oil	.25
Odors	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.30

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down the prices of their work to correspond with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 19 AND 19 1-2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

PARK FIVE CENTS.

To any place along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will run perpetually a line for morning trains and will start afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business warrants.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the limits of the Borough.

Connect with the 6:05, 7:30 and 8:07 a. m. trains for New York. On the two first mentioned trains leave New York at 12 m. and 4:30 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:30, 8:30, 10:30 a. m., 12:15, 5:00, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 2:45, 5:45 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:45 a. m., 2:45, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 12:0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890,

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 5:54, 6:58, 8:04, 9:04, 10:07, 10:46, 11:37 a. m., 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. Sunday, 12:37, 1:37, 2:37, 3:37, 4:37, 5:37, 6:37, 7:37, 8:37, 9:37, 10:37, 11:37 p. m. Sunday, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Bound Brook at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Dunellen at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Bridgewater at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 6:45, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday, 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Leave Somerville at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Sunday, 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Leave Newark at 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m. Sunday, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 p. m.

Connections at Elizabeth for Perth Amboy and Intermediate points.

Connections at Newark with Pennsylvania Railroad for Pittsburg, Chicago and the West.

Connections at Elizabeth with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for Hackettstown, Scranton, Binghamton, Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Oswego, Niagara Falls and the West.

Connections at Elizabeth with Lehigh Valley Railroad for Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Geneva, Ithaca, Auburn, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and the West.

Connections at Elizabeth with Baltimore and Ohio Railroad for Washington, Cincinnati, St. Louis and the West.

Connections at Elizabeth with Philadelphia and Reading Railroad for Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Harrisburg, Williamsport, Sunbury, Shamokin, Mount Carmel, Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 10:00, a. m., 12:01, 4:31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 4:31 p. m. For Farmingdale, High Bridge Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 4:31 p. m. Sundays 8:00 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and intermediate points, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:00, 10:00, a. m., 12:01, 4:31 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 4:31 p. m. For Farmingdale, High Bridge Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 4:31 p. m. Sundays 8:00 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and intermediate points, Bethlehem, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 3:29 [illegible] 12:45, 2:29 p. m. Sundays at 12:45, 2:29 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1:37, 9:45, 11:5 [illegible] 2:45, 4:46, 5:36 p. m. Sundays at 1:37, 9:45 a. m., 2:29, 4:46, 5:36 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE HEREAFTER:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Brook way—7:30 a. m., to meet 7:58 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, Broadway L. 9th to Second place; to Crescent ave. to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet 8.38 a. m. train
3d do	9.0 a. m.	do 9.23 do
4th do	10.0	do 10.37 do
5th do	11.0	do 11.37 do
6th do	12.0 m.	do 12.06 p. m. do
7th do	1.45 p. m.	do 2.16 p. m.
8th do	2.45 do	To the Post Office.
9th do	3.30 do	meet 3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	4.30 do	do 4.59 do
11th do	5.45 do	do 6.07 do
12th do	6.45 do	do 7.07 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer avenues, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, and will connect as nearly as possible.

Stages will make return trips over all over routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.07, 8.30, 9.37, 10.37, 11.30 a. m., 2.08, 2.37, 3.30, 4.30, 5.37, 6.37 p. m.

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T. E. MCHUGH, NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY 21 1-2 West Front street. 8-7-1y

DE-IK-BL

FANCY BASKETS.

An Effective Decoration Described by Emma Moffett Tyng.

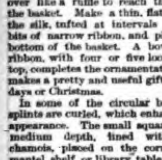
[Copyright by American Press Association.]

What woman, ever diligent with her dainty needlework on the piazza of the summer hotel at the seaside or among the mountains, can resist purchasing "just one more" each time the vender of fancy splint or sweetgrass baskets makes his good and temptingly spiebids his fascinating wares before her? In a few weeks baskets of all shapes and sizes unconsciously accrue. There is but little thought of their utility or future purpose, but for the present they are entrapping in their freshness of colouring and uniqueness of form. They are a nuisance to pack in the home coming, and after that what is their service?

The small, round baskets, delicately colored, pink, blue or brilliant yellow, bound about the top with sweetgrass, are just the convenient size for small pieces of linen work, with the accompanying silks, scissors, needles and small pin cushion. The oblong baskets of sweetgrass and splints can be used for gloves and handkerchiefs. Line these with pretty colored China silk by sewing a strip slightly full around the edge, just beneath the rolled finish, and turning it over like a ruffle to reach the depth of the basket. Make a thin, flat sachet of the silk, tufted at intervals with tiny bits of narrow ribbon, and place in the bottom of the basket. A bow of satin ribbon, with four or five loops on the top, completes the ornamentation. This makes a pretty and useful gift for birthdays or Christmas.

In some of the circular baskets the splints are curled, which enhances their appearance. The small square cards of medium depth, lined with silk or chamois, placed on the corner of the mantel shelf or library table, are excellent cigar holders.

The deep, narrow, flat shapes, with large round handles, are useful as wall



FANCY BASKET SHIELD.

pockets. Put a frill of inexpensive lace—Normandy or Pedora—three inches deep around the top and a full satin ribbon bow on the front. Pass a band of narrow ribbon through one side to strengthen one of the circular handles and hang over a small brass hook, beside the bureau or window casement. Unanswered letters, small papers, with items of future reference, find a safe receptacle in this pretty contrivance.

In a country home, where the surroundings are light, a large round basket, with circular handles tinted brilliant yellow, is used to hold a growing palm. The earthenware pot is placed in the basket and set upon a tiled hearth under the mantel shelf. It makes an effective floral decoration. The rich, glossy green of the great, drooping leaves is in fine contrast with the bright yellow of the basket, the rich mahogany of the tiles and the warm, brownish tint of the oak. It is a simple matter to lift the pot out to the piazza for its daily watering and its hour of sunshine and air. Later in the day it does duty again within doors as suggested, or upon cabinet shelf or center table.

The same round shield in smaller size in delicate pink or yellow, containing a pot of maiden hair fern or begonia, placed on a mirror or embroidered linen mat, is a beautiful center piece for the table at luncheon or dinner. The pink coloring gives a suggestion of La France roses, with a filmy veil of green in the fern leaves. EMMA MOFFETT TYNG.

Woman's World in Paragraphs.

New Grenada has made a great step for a Spanish American country. An American teacher, Miss Frances A. Caldwell, has been appointed superintendent of colleges in that republic. The South American republics are as far as possible modeling their systems of instruction upon the free schools of the United States, and they have appointed many Yankee school mistresses to highly lucrative and responsible places. Miss Caldwell will honor the office to which she has been appointed by spending most of her spare time at home to become an accomplished linguist, reading Latin and speaking French and Spanish fluently.

I am watching with much interest the evolution of woman's lower limbs.

There is a French telegraph station in the dominion of the king of Dahomey. The king had been growing uglier and uglier toward the operators there, till at last it was thought best to place an armed force at the station. This was done some two weeks, for one morning at 4 o'clock a large body of the barbarian king's soldiers appeared before the station and stormed it desperately. The fight lasted till 10 o'clock, when the civilized fighters, with their modern arms, triumphed and the savages were driven off. It was the king's own body guard, the famous Amazon regiments, that attacked and received the short and swift artillery fire from the station. The operator telegraphed this concerning them: "They were very fine creatures, fought like wild beasts, and were worth ten men."

ELIZA ARCHARD COLLINS.

USES OF THE HAIRPIN.

IT'S A MOST USEFUL ARTICLE, SAYS EMMA V. SHERIDAN.

What so Useful as a Glove Buttoner, to Fish Things Out of Little Cracks With, to Pick a Lock With, or in Fact to Do Up One's Hair With?

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

What would the country do without oysters? Where would mankind be if deprived of cigars, and what would become of the average woman without a hairpin?

She buttons her glove with it—that is really its great duty—her hair, as it were, holds it in readiness for such service.

AS A GLOVE BUTTONER.

She really cannot keep a glove buttoner, so you see her pushing under her hat brim for a hairpin. She does this in the cars, on the street, at Huyler's after her ice cream soda, in church—oh, anywhere. A glove buttoner may disappear at any moment, but one always has a hairpin.

Likewise she buttons her shoes with it—buttonhooks get lost, or they are "upstairs" or down—one always has a hairpin, though. To be sure a hairpin is rather cranky about buttoning shoes and gets twisted and the varnish comes off—but a hairpin is after all so handy; one always has one. By the way, the one with which she buttons her shoes really sticks by to the last—women have a way of thinking a hairpin won't show; so in goes that twisted, shiny one. She "really must get some hairpins," but that one lives long to betray itself under the edge of her bonnet.

A hairpin is not all it should be to pin a hat on with, especially when to make it long enough it is bent out into one straight piece; still hatpins do get out of the way—and one always has a hairpin.

Almost anything can be mended with a hairpin, and there is no use having a new clasp put on one's little bag—a hairpin will twist up and make it just as safe. Of course after a hairpin is twisted it breaks easily, but one always has a hairpin, so it makes little difference if it does.

Latch keys are forever getting left home when one goes to the theatre, but if anything will pick a lock a hairpin will, and one always has a hairpin.

John thinks nothing so good for cleaning out his pipe as a straightened hairpin. It's really better than a broom straw, and besides the broom may be away out in the kitchen, but one always has a hairpin.

There is nothing like a hairpin for chasing the dime or button small Dick dropped between the piano keys, and no broom can do the final cleaning of the parlor corners—a hairpin is the only thing. Then, too, it's so handy when the stationary washstand waste pipe gets stopped. A hairpin is the most convenient thing in the world for that sort of emergency and no delay, for of course one always has a hairpin.

When a leaf keeps turning over while one is enjoying a duet with George out of "The Garland of Song" book a hairpin used clothespin-wise keeps the leaf back beautifully, and no bother either, for one always has a hairpin. It's good in the same way for a book mark, and as for opening letters—when one overtakes the postman, Mr. Postman, how could we get the envelope open on the street except with a hairpin? and of course one always has a hairpin.

It's a convenient and at hand paper cutter always. Cards and pictures, too, that won't stick up in the mirror—a hairpin pushed in against them makes it all right; and how in the world would the average woman get the average cork out of the average bottle if it wasn't for a hairpin?

Sometimes it becomes necessary to apply friction instantly to a small spot on the shoulder or upper arm—rubbing through the sleeve does no good—the place must be scratched or insanity will ensue. And a hairpin is the only thing on earth that can put a woman's hair into disorder when she's in a street car, for instance, and has got to scratch her shoulder or die on the spot.

It's the only thing with which to turn over and hold an eyelid while one hunts for a torturing cinder, and, though the cinder blow into the eye in the desert of Sahara, one always has a hairpin.

Then, last but not least, a hairpin is so convenient for doing up hair—the average woman will bear me out though when I confess that that is usually the time when one hasn't got a hairpin.

EMMA V. SHERIDAN.

Pepper Pancakes.

Sift together one pint of flour, two tea spoonfuls each of white pepper and baking powder and one of salt; cut into the flour two heaping tablespoonfuls of butter, mixing smoothly; use enough milk to make a thick batter, and just before frying add the beaten white and yolk of an egg; fry the pancakes in enough good drippings of butter to prevent burning, and serve them, with any cold potted meat or with some pepper sauce in meat gravy.

JULIET CORSON.

MRS FRANK LESLIE'S NEW DRESSES.

How the Famous Publisher Will Guess Herself for Her Lectures.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

When a lady is possessed of exquisite taste and abundant means there is no limit to the beautiful garments she can have, or at least it would seem to one who had the good fortune to see Mrs. Frank Leslie's new dresses which she has just brought from Paris, and which are designed to be worn on her lecturing tour this fall and winter.

The first robe which was unfolded to my eyes, when I called on Mrs. Leslie the other day, was a picture of pale pink and silver. The petticoat is of pink crepe de Chine, draped in graceful folds, with tones of pink satin ribbon overlaid with hand made silver lace, and around the bottom of this looped up drapery is a four inch fringe of silver bullion.

The corsage is made so that the back forms a court train, and is of heavy pink satin brocaded in silver. It is cut V shape back and front, and edged with silver lace over pink crepe lisse, and the sleeves are of the brocade, left open on the upper arm, puffed quite high and finished with the silver lace and dainty bows of pink ribbon, and they are open enough to show the round, white arms within. The bottom of the sleeves have a row of crepe de Chine finished with the silver lace. With this Mrs. Leslie will wear fairy slippers of pink and silver, and her pearl and diamond necklace and parure.

The next is a superb corn colored dress of crepe de Chine and brocatelle. The skirt is of corn colored crepe de Chine, the full draperies being caught up on the right side by rosettes of turquois blue velvet ribbon, and the drapery is edged by bands of the most costly and beautiful trimming I have ever seen. It is in a flat band two inches wide, and is composed of close embroidery of gold and silver, with fire opals and turquoises nearly as large as peas set in in diamond pattern. This same trimming is lavishly used on the corsage, and encircles the forearm like a bracelet. The corsage, like the pink one, terminates in a court train, lined with gold colored satin and made of brocatelle, with a pattern of true lover's knots all over it in the shades of corn color. This corsage is low in the neck and has draperies of crepe. With this Mrs. Leslie will wear yellow faille slippers (No. 1, narrow, she takes) and a magnificent set of jewels in turquois and diamonds and pale blue enamel.

Another toilet to dream of is of black satin, rich and heavy, and brocaded with golden sheaves of wheat. The entire front is covered with a drapery of black tulle, hand embroidered in gold thread and fine seed pearls. All along one side are little gold pendants, and the bottom is finished with a bias band of black velvet, surmounted with the Grecian embroidery of seed pearls and gold. Under the edge of the skirt is a fluted ruffle of black tulle, and beneath this again a ruffle of pinked out silk, and this same exquisite finish is found on all of the dresses. The corsage to this is made of the embroidered satin and velvet, and is, like the others, low in the neck, but filled in with the daintiest lace. The sleeves are made of the black lace, and come to the elbows, where they are finished in keeping with the rest. With this Mrs. Leslie will wear her beautiful and famous emerald and diamond parure, which consists of a magnificent diamond necklace, with a pendant of emeralds and diamonds, and a brooch four inches long, in shape of a serpent, with no stones smaller than a pea. The emeralds are square. The earrings match, and bracelets and a ring, also an ornament for the hair.

One costume is of cream white satin of the richest quality, and this is hand embroidered over the greater part of the gracefully draped front in black silk and jet beads of the smallest size. The whole of the dress, in fact, is of cream white satin, but the most of it is covered with exquisite Chantilly lace, which is of a pattern that shows its perfection and beauty over the gleaming satin in a way to enchant the woman who sees it. This also has a low necked corsage in embroidered satin, with lace sleeves. A more tasteful and beautiful toilet could not be imagined. With this will be worn that matchless necklace of rubies and diamonds that has been so much admired, and which has to go with it bracelets, rings and ornaments for the hair. Mrs. Leslie may also use, at times wear with this her set of pearls and diamonds, which also has a diadem, as well as necklace, brooch, earrings and bracelets. I should have mentioned that this most tasteful toilet has a train in white satin, overwhelmed with the same exquisite lace. Only women can appreciate the beauty of this elegant robe.

Another magnificent costume is of white moss cord brocadelle, with the pattern of satin all one mass of splendid embroidery in gold thread and seed pearls and gold beads. These pearls are small, and worked closely and in irregular places and lines, producing a most effective and such also form a sort of fringe of pendants, and they gleam against the satin like little bits of moonlight. The corsage to this is of the gold brocadelle, and is cut low in the neck, and is filled in with the finest Mechlin lace. The sleeves are of gold spangled tulle and reach to the elbow. The corsage has a pointed vest front embroidered like the skirt, and, looking like the splendid jeweled corselets we see pictured as belonging to the time of Queen Bess. Probably the pearl and diamond parure will be worn with this.

A dainty costume for matinees, or perhaps receptions, is of white crepe lisse and black velvet ribbons, and over-laid with lace in wavy lines from top to bottom, and draped with a mingling of the crepe lisse and black, and it looks like cobwebs over lilies, or frost on the window, or some other delicate and elusive thing, too frail and beautiful to last, but a delight to see while it does. But I can't begin to describe all the beautiful dresses Mrs. Leslie has prepared for this tour; I have not half space enough.

THE MODERN MARTYR

As soon as brother leaves the house I jes' sits down an' lays
At yallow man an' smore dogs in grand big picture books;
I'm always fixed up pretty, an' my dresses are so neat
Then I'd be sure sure to spoil 'em if I went out on the street.
My ma is in society, an', though the weather's warm,
I daren't play out doors becos it Ain't Good Form.

I think that poor folks' children have an awful jolly time,
When I see them from the window—how they run an' jump an' climb!
An' they look their clothes jes frightful, an' they never seem to care;
I wish that I was with them as I watch them playing there.

But I'm mother's little lady, an' I know that she would storm
If I went out on the sidewalk, cos it Ain't Good Form.

—Pallander Johnson in Puck.

A Conductor's Life Not a Happy One.

Nervous Old Lady (taking her first ride on an electric)—Are these cars perfectly safe, conductor?

Gentlemanly Conductor—Oh, perfectly, madam.

N. O. L. (a few minutes later)—I feel a very strange sensation, conductor. Do you think it is the electricity?

G. C.—Oh, no, not at all; that is simply the motion of the car.

N. O. L. (on the conductor's next appearance)—Is the floor thoroughly insulated?

G. C.—Thoroughly, madam.

N. O. L.—And you have never had any accident?

G. C.—Never the slightest accident of any sort.

N. O. L. (after two minutes of quiet)—You are quite sure you have had no accidents?

G. C. (who unfortunately is human)—Well, madam, nothing worth mentioning. Three passengers and a horse were killed last week, and I lost a carload day before yesterday, but with the exception of a young girl and an old woman there has nobody been killed today.—Boston Times.

Vacation Episode.

"Maud, I should like to know the meaning of this reception."

"Mr. Hazard, you shall!" answered the proud country girl freezingly. "I have found you out, sir. That is all!"

"What do you mean, dearest?"

"Don't come near me, sir! Stay on the other side of that table. I have found out that you have been amusing yourself at my expense."

"For heaven's sake, Maud, explain."

"I know I am freckle faced, sir!" she said, with flashing eye, "but I did not think you capable of joking about it with your friends."

"I haven't done anything of the kind, Maud!" protested the young man.

"You have, sir! After you had—had said proposed to me last night, and I—I had said yes, and you had gone, I overheard you telling Mr. Belchamber out there on the front porch what glorious fun it was to go into the mountains in August and catch speckled beauties!"—Chicago Tribune.

Knew What He Was About.

New Boarder—That charming young lady whom I saw playing on the piano in the parlor, Mrs. Irons, is a sister of yours, I presume?

Pleased Landlady—No, Mr. McGinnis, she is my daughter.

"Is it possible! How very young you must have married!"

[New boarder gets best cut of roast beef, and his share of the pudding has all the plums.]—Chicago Tribune.

A Useful Present.

Happy Father—Glad to see you, Boggs; but what in the world is the ladder for?

Boggs—For the groom. Don't you suppose he will want to kiss his bride?—Munsey's Weekly.

Not at All Explicit.

Mrs. Lumkins (reading)—The poor man fell from the chimney before the eyes of a large crowd. When he was picked up he was suffering terribly, and his consequent demise was attended with awful agony.

Mr. Lumkins—*Did it kill him?*

Mrs. L.—Really, the paper doesn't say.—Lawrence American.

Poor Woman.

"Yes," sighed the young wife, "I married a professional humorist and I wish I hadn't."

"Why?" asked her friend.

"Because he reads all his work to me before he puts it in the paper."—Boston Courier.

How Could He?

Minnie—Now, Charlie, be sure to keep your word. I'll never forgive you if you don't.

Charlie (in a despairing tone)—How can I when I have given it to you?—Wee Shoes.

A Lesson with a Point.

"Say, Bronson, lend me a fiver, will you?"

"Why do you use slang, my dear fellow? Why do you say 'fiver?' Isn't the word nickel good enough for you?"—New York Sun.

Revenge.

"Why did you call for der perlice to arrest that tipsy man, eully?" asked a neighbor observing a bootblack.

"Cos der blake is wearin' feller shoes."—Boston Courier.

Polda.

"My pa's an Englishman."

"He's my pa. What's your ma?"

"She's an American."

"Well, Miss's a Bostonian."—New York Sun.

Really Fixed.

Tramp—Say, mum, your dog bit me.

Lady—Well, never mind, I'll wash his mouth.—Good News.

Begging the Question.

"Is it correct to say 'He don't go?'"

"Not if he does go."—New York Herald.

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CALL AND EXAMINE AND YOU WILL SURE TO BUY.

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SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

3000 dozen Mason jars, 80c per dozen. 360 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Pants Cutout Pins—Are you in the choir or front porch what glorious fun it was to go into the mountains in August and catch speckled beauties!"—Chicago Tribune. children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, and that all right prices and deliver goods everywhere Free of Charge.

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JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

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Handsome new all wool Serge, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

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PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1286

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 798.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. Cook & Brc. *LUMBER and COAL.*

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In store to suit the trade. This coal was bought early and by taking large lots I am able to sell cheaper than the market. The coal is already screened. The highest satisfaction. Telephone 116. Lumber constantly on hand. Teaming and yard moving done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two trades to choose. Our engraving is the approval of the Board of Health. Parties under contract to clean vaults, cesspools, etc., will please call at Post Master's office. Orders received at Post Master's office, Dunham's Store, Leave Garden and Fox St. premises, Office 83, Telephone call 33.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

JOTTINGS.

—The Old Ladies are arranging for a fair to be held in Amphion Hall early in November.

—The human body contains 7,000,000 pores. That's a startling number, but if you don't believe it, count them.

—City Judge Codington this morning exonerated Mr. Frank Lake's fine of fifteen dollars imposed last until to-morrow morning.

—DIXON'S Tourists, presented the drama, Rest Lynn at Amphion Hall last evening. The audience loudly applauded the play.

—Montezuma Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men, are arranging for a grand ball to take place in the Crescent Rink in October.

—A large party of young folks are to take advantage of the glorious weather and bright moonlight nights, by going on a bicycle ride Friday evening.

—The rural roads are now radiant with the rich yellow of the golden rod, and bright asters, dahlias and other Autumn flowers beautify the gardens.

—A new wrinkle of the Hudson, N. Y fireman is to answer an alarm on bicycles.—Fireman's Herald. This will give Plainfield's fireman something to think about.

—The Woman's Temperance Aid Society will meet in the auditorium of Asbury Hall, on Thursday 25th inst. at three o'clock. A full prompt attendance is desired.

—The grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club are being put in condition preparatory to the Club's annual tournament, which is to take place Sept. 30th, October 1st, 2d and 3d. .

—That enterprising clothier, Mr. Harry Warner, of No. 30 West Front street, has a new announcement in another column of interest to tasty buyers of clothing at bottom prices.

—Mrs. Sweeney, this morning complained to City Judge Codington that Mrs Bergen, a resident of East Third street, had been acting in a disorderly manner. A warrant was issued for her arrest.

—Howell Division, No. 97, Sons of Temperance, of this city, will leave here at about half-past seven o'clock to-night to pay a fraternal visit to Stet Division, Sons of Temperance, of New Brunswick.

—In a month or therabouts the hunter and fowl will be roaming through the country, and the farmer will be free'sd at the sight of lardown stone walls, ruined fences, scattered piles of posts and rails and general desolation.

—The members of Winfield Scott Post No. 21, G. A. R., held a regular en campment last evening, at Corinthian House, a former member of Ritter Post of New York city, was mustered in as a member of Winfield Scott Post Other business of a routine nature was transacted.

—Articles of incorporation have been filed with the Clerk of Union County, N. J., by the Knoxpe Pioneer's Association of Fanwood, organized September 2 in Excelsior Hall. The officers of the Association are: Thomas J. Nicoll, President; John Robinson, Vice-President; George Kyte, Secretary; William J. Lake, Treasurer.

—The air is now chilly with prophecies that we are to have a hard Winter. The latest reason given for this prognostication is that there is a great abundance of soft shell crabs this season. The connection between soft shell crabs and a low grade of weather may not be clear to the average intellect, but this is just as good as any other sign.

—The members of the Plainfield Gesang and Turnig Society enjoyed an evening sociable at their hall on Somerset street Monday night. One of the largest crowds that has ever assembled an affair of that kind was present. During the evening there was a prize waltz. The prize was a silver cake basket. It was awarded to Mr. Daniel Crowley and lady.

—Quite a number of guideboards at the crossroads throughout the county have become illegible, and strangers on the highway are put to considerable trouble on account of the neglect of the proper authorities in having them re-lettered. The law is very stringent in regard to this matter, but it seems that the penalty for neglect to keep guideboards in order does not have the desired effect.

—The New York Ledger for October 4th, is a mine of interesting fact and fiction regarding the South, both the New South and the Old. It leads off with a brilliant character sketch of Henry W. Grady, journalist, orator and patriot, written by Oliver Dyer, to which the effect on the New South of Grady's life-work is luminously explained. A crisp editorial by Mr. Marvelous Revival of Prosperity in the South" tells its own tale. The Old South is pictured on the opening installment of a Kentucky war story entitled "Reunited," the pen-product of a distinguished Southern officer. In "For Isabel," Maurice Thompson gives a sparkle of another sort. In Longfellow, James Parton tells the story of Cæsar Rodney of Delaware. An illustrated ballad by Thomas Dunn English and a story by Mrs. Amelia E. Barr are published in the same number.

It Attracted Everybody.

A handsome statue of St. Joseph, 9 feet tall, has been placed in the belfry window of St. Joseph's new Catholic church on Second street. The placing of the statue was finished yesterday and it was viewed by almost the entire population of the town.

The Postal Telegraph.

For some time past the Postal Telegraph Company have been erecting poles in this vicinity. A few days ago they invaded the borough and began digging holes on Willow avenue, Grove street, and Prospect place. The foremen of the company did not consider it necessary to obtain the consent of the property owners, but went on with the work on his own responsibility. Yesterday Councilman Sebring dismounted the men at work on the borough streets and took prompt measures to stop them. He sent word to Councilman Bergeman, the chairman of the Street Committee, and that gentleman notified the laborers to stop work. The manager of the company at first thought to treat the matter lightly, but when informed that if the men raised any poles the authorities would cut them down, he ordered the men to stop work. Yesterday the men filled up the holes that they had dug and thus the matter rests for the present.

The manager of the company informed a NEWS reporter that they supposed they had a right to do as by virtue of a franchise purchased from another company, in which single right was given. He did not propose to quarrel over the matter, and when he discovered opposition took another direction, in which there was none. He said also that he wanted public co-operation since he was doing a public service, which was being opposed by the Western Union Telegraph Company on those footgrade by them, because it would give the people lower telegraph rates, which would never be while there was a monopoly.

Attempted to Poison His Child.

Henry Hess is confined in the North Plainfield jail charged by his wife with attempting to murder one of his baby daughters. Mrs. Hess, in her statement to Justice Hardy, yesterday, said that her husband had been drunk for several days before he announced to her his intention of committing suicide. He poured a quantity of wine into a glass, filled it up to the brim with rat poison, and prepared to execute his threat. Just as his head bowed the fatal draught to his lips Mrs. Hess sprang forward and pleaded with him to desist. Determined in his drunken fury to wreck his vengeance in some way upon his wife, Hess snatched up his little girl and tried to make her drink of the poison. The little one had taken some of the poison when her mother snatch'd it from her hands. Almost at the same time and with superhuman strength had snatched the child from his grasp. By prompt medical treatment the baby's life was saved.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Young Men's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will debate upon the following question at their rooms Tuesday evening next. Resolved: That reading is more beneficial than observation. Affirmative; Vincent Rockwell, James Kimball, Charles Fernald. Negative; William Crawford, Walter Dobbins, Warren Rice

The regular weekly conference of Christian Young men will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Experienced will so far as they are able answer questions which bear upon the Christian life, practical work, Bible study, etc. These meetings are both interesting and highly instructive. All men are invited.

Election Booths for Union County.

Two hundred election booths will be required this fall to carry out the provisions of the new ballot law in Union County. The booths will be three feet square and six feet six inches in height. Each township and election district will have a half dozen or more of the booths. A Westfield firm, C. A. Smith & Co., are building them. Twenty-five thousand feet of dressed North Carolina pine will be used in the construction.

A Vegetable Freak.

Mr. L. J. Denton, of Denton's Hillside avenue nursery, has on exhibition at Randolph's city pharmacy an egg plant, which is a vegetable freak. When discovered it strongly resembled a human face, fat cheeked, long-eared and black, but without eyes or mouth. But with the aid of a penknife Mr. Denton has skillfully supplied the loss. Since then the egg plant has felt so human it smiles all day at the spectators at Randolph's

A Saloon to be Sold Out.

One week from to-day Sheriff Gissby will offer for sale at the Court House in Elizabeth the bar and fixtures of O'Neil's saloon on South Second street, together with chairs and tables, comprising the bar room furniture. Two barrels of whisky and other articles will also be sold. The sale is to satisfy a debt, August Streetwolf, being the complainant in the case.

A Good Suggestion.

A large and most excellent box has been placed at the depot for the reception of magazines and papers for the hospital. A lady went this morning to drop a nickel in the slot, but couldn't find the slot. She suggested that if one be added it might be the means of collecting considerable funds for the support of that worthy institution.

A Ten-Mile Spin.

On Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be a ten-mile bicycle run from Lambert's Hotel, St. George avenue, Rahway, towards Plainfield and return, open to members of various bicycle clubs in the vicinity. The race was arranged by the Elizabeth Wheelmen. The race is open to all amateurs.

Union County Convention.

The Democratic County Convention for the nomination of candidates for Assembly, which the convened in Union County will be held Oct. 7th, in Library Hall, Elizabeth. The primaries for election of delegates will take place Oct. 10.

—While engaged cutting wood this morning, the axe which Special Marshal Pangborn was using caught in a cloth line, then rebounding it from his grasp. In descending the blade struck him on the forehead. An ugly gash resulted.

COUNTY LEGISLATORS.

AN OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION TO REFUTE CHARGES.

The Books of County Engineer Dunham to be Examined.—The County Roads and Other Matters.

There was a special meeting of the Union County Board of Freeholders held yesterday afternoon. It was called for the purpose of settling on the position of the Commonwealth Water Company of Newark for the permission to lay mains on certain county roads recently paved with telford in Summit township.

The petition was read and there was a little opposition to the granting of the privilege, for the reason that it was claimed the roads would be injured by the taking up of the telford. A resolution granting the permission was, however, adopted, the company to be compelled to replace the pavement and keep it in repair for one year.

A matter in which there is considerable interest throughout the county is the recent publications in the New York World of charges against Engineer Dunham. The subject was referred to as a slander, and Mr. Trahon moved that in justice to Mr. Dunham and the board an investigation be made of the books of the engineer, and that a public statement be made of all the expenditures. The resolution called for a committee of six members to make the examination.

The resolution was adopted and Director Hubbard appointed as the committee Freeholders Trahon, Doty, West, Rolland Wright.

Mr. Jones offered a resolution which gave to the committee on the Morris avenue county road authority to build a stone wall along a certain section of the north side of New Providence for the purpose of preventing an embankment sliding down upon the roadway.

It was shown that the embankment was about forty feet high, and at a short elevation above the road there is a strata of quick sand and there was danger of the bank caving in. The township is required by the resolution to build a second wall in the rear of the first mentioned wall.

There was considerable discussion over the resolution, several taking the ground that it was a dangerous precedent, and that if the county built this wall petitions of a like character would come in.

A motion to refer the matter to a committee of the whole was lost, and a motion to lay the resolution on the table until the next meeting was adopted.

Mr. Doty then introduced a resolution giving authority to the Morris avenue committee to take the action necessary to prevent the washing away of the road at the hummock.

Several suggestions were made and after some discussion the resolution was adopted.

The Board then adjourned. — Elizabeth Herald.

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Cundy were the happy parents of a baby girl on Monday.

Mr Frank Smith of this city has returned from a pleasant trip to the White Mountains.

Miss Emeline Smith has returned to her home on New street from a ten weeks' stay at Westerley, R. I.

Mr. Edward Hann has again returned to his duties as letter carrier, after a fifteen days' leave of absence.

Mr. James Pope of West Fourth street has so far recovered from his recent serious illness as to be able to walk out.

Mr. Frank Smith has accepted a position in the Potter Press Works as time keeper. He will begin his duties about Oct. 1st.

Mr. Aaron M. Powell and wife returned last evening to Plainfield after a most enjoyable trip through Indiana and Illinois.

The Sporting Gazette of this week publishes an excellent cut of Mr. Thomas Keller of East Front street, better known in sporting articles as "Tee Kay."

Miss Bulkley, principal of the Plainfield schools yesterday spoke to the scholars of her travels in Egypt. Her address was full of interest, and was also very instructive. It is her purpose to speak every Monday of some country she has visited.

The following transfer of real estate is recorded at the county clerk's at Elizabeth, Jeremiah Manning and wife and Wm. M. Sandford and wife to John B. Mills, all of Plainfield, land on Sandford avenue, Plainfield, 80x198 feet. The consideration was $1,200.

William Hunt Cleaver, father of the Rev. J. H. Cleaver died at his home on Somerset street this morning. Deceased was ninety-two years of age and was well-known and highly esteemed in this vicinity. The funeral will take place from his late residence, Friday afternoon at two o'clock.

The marriage of Mr. C. S. Myers of North Plainfield, to Miss Helen F. Syms, a young society leader of Elizabeth, was celebrated in Elizabeth on Wednesday at four o'clock. The Rev. Edson W. Burr officiated, amid congratulations and best wishes from friends present. The happy couple left on the train for bridal trip. On their return they will reside at 20 Somerset place, this city.

Rev Chas. B. Mitchell, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, received word to-day announcing him to be bride of Mr. John Greasler of Pittsburg, Pa., who had received a severe paralytic stroke. Mr. Greasler is an elderly gentleman of large wealth, and has been for his long friend of Mr. Mitchell. He so much admired his good qualities that he had Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell accompany him on a trip around Europe last Summer, to pay-ing all expenses. Upon receipt of the news of the stroke Mr. Mitchell left for Pittsburg. Mr. Mitchell made arrangements with Rev. Dr. Hartley to occupy his pulpit Sunday, and took a train this evening for Pittsburg. It had been announced that his second wife was to have been given in marriage to Mr. Greasler. On account of the illness of the groom the wedding will be postponed, probably to the first Tuesday in October.

RULE OF UNCLE SAM.

Letters Addressed to Fictitious Addresses Not Deliverable.

There is a rule of the post office department which is not generally known. It prohibits the delivery of letters to fictitious addresses. It is designed to prevent flirtation even at the risk of necessitating the displeasure of wayward girls and erring boys, who use the mails for the dangerous but fascinating pastime of flirtation, and others who are engaged in correspondence of a character that induces them to conceal their names.

This puts a crimp on flirtation by the use of "Uncle Sam's" postal service, and illicit correspondence.

When letters are addressed to initials in response to newspaper advertisements they are delivered upon the production of the advertisement in answer to which they are written. The law also permits the delivery of letters addressed to initials when the number of street is given, or to a delivery box.

The post office people say that there are a great many women who come to fictitious letters that they are not in, and there are more interesting in their efforts to obtain the letters when refused them by the delivery clerk. Women are proverbially quick witted, and they have a good opportunity to exercise that faculty in asking for letters. Some of their excuses are very amusing.

Occasionally a story is told which has the stamp of sincerity. A caller will state frankly that she has asked a friend to write to her under a fictitious name, but, if she can't get the letter, will, all right; she is particular about them. It was simply the result of a little flirtation—innocent and harmless. Others have said that, when they have learned what the regulations provide, they would make no effort to get fictitious letters. They would much prefer to receive them in order to secure their delivery.

As a rule, the young women accept a refusal in a more contented spirit than the young men. The latter die hard. They clutch at every straw of hope, explain, argue and threaten by turns, and they tell all they know about the other party to the affair, where they met, under what circumstances, and how casual and accidental a happening it was. Of course the innocence of the affair is always given a prominent place in the recital, just as it that was doubted by the postoffice, instead of by any of the business of the postoffice. The postoffice doesn't assume any supervision over the morality of the public, at least, so far as the delivery of letters is concerned, but it has seen fit to make certain regulations which it conceives to be for the interest of the service. The purpose of the regulations is obvious. The mails should not only be kept free from fraud and deceit as possible, but postmasters must also be protected in the delivery of mail. If one person should be permitted to receive mail under different names, the identity of individuals would soon become confused and uncertain. A fictitious name adopted by a person might be the real name of another, and in the case of letters addressed to initials there can be no identification. The postmaster has to rely upon the word of persons presenting claims for them, and they are usually not delivered unless an advertisement is furnished calling for letters of similar address.—Ex.

Interesting Railroad Notes.

The new passenger station of the Central Railroad at New York when completed will probably be the most magnificent structure of its kind in the United States.

The new depot of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Jersey City will, when completed, be the largest passenger depot in the world. Its length will be 256 feet, which is seventeen feet longer than the St. Pancras Station, London, England. The arched roof will be ninety feet high in the centre.

The directors of the New Jersey Central Railroad Company are considering plans for extending the New York branch of the road to connect with the main line at Fanwood. The scheme most likely to be adopted is to cross Broad street, Newark, at an elevation and extend the road west to a point between Washington and Park streets, thence along the base of Clinton Hill, a suburb of Newark, to connect with the main line at Fanwood. It is intended also to build a branch road from Wyoming to Millburn, Livingston and Morristown for the purpose of opposing the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road. Another branch, to connect with Paterson over the Greenwood Lake road, is also under consideration.

Yom Ha Kippur.

The feast of Yom Ha Kippur, a Hebraic celebration, is being observed to-day by the Hebrews of this city. It is a general feast of explanation and penance in the Jewish synagogues and at the hearthstones of the people. It is the success of the New Year period and Day of Atonement. During Atonement Day a rigid fast is kept from sunset to sunset. The review of the day following the evening of the Atonement are solemn in the extreme. Prayers by the rabbis and the chants are interchanged with orchestral music in the synagogues, and appropriate hymns and the reading from the sacred scroll of the law are features of the day. The concluding feast of the month, five days later, is the feast of Succoth, or the Thanksgiving Day.—Ex.

Tuberculosis in Middlesex.

Considerable interest is being manifested among the farmers of Middlesex and Somerset counties over the constant increase of tuberculosis in cattle and cholera in swine discovered by the veterinary surgeons, and in fact by cattle and hog owners themselves. The statement is made that almost every herd in the two counties is affected, that the ravages of disease cattle and hogs are being slaughtered and marketed almost as fast as they are discovered to be infected. Veterinarian attribute the increase of both diseases to the large number of rainy days and resulting wet pastures during the past two years.

—Cleveland's admirers are to appear at Maple Hall to-morrow night.

This Date in History—Sept. 24.

790—Death of Poplin, king of Persons; born 714.
1555—Port Orleans, on the Hudson, now Albany, surrendered to the English.
1609—Death of Samuel Butler, author of "Hudibras;" born 1600.
1758—Birth of Aaron Burr, vice president of the United States; died 1836.
1826—Montgomery, Missouri, surrendered to Gen. Taylor.
1864—A secret convention of sixteen governors of states at Altoona, Pa., approved Lincoln's policy.
1869—A day memorable in Wall street as Black Friday.
1870—Roof at Hell Gate, N. Y., blown up.
1880—Death of Gen. D. H. Hill, famous Confederate fighter, aged 67.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 a m	2 p m	9 p m
1 Monday	69	82	71
2 Tuesday	69	82	70
3 Wednesday	69	82	70
4 Thursday	69	82	70
5 Friday	68	82	71
6 Saturday	68	82	70
7 Sunday	70	77	71
8 Monday	70	77	71
9 Tuesday	64	82	69
10 Wednesday	66	82	70
11 Thursday	67	79	71
12 Friday	66	82	71
13 Saturday	66	82	71
14 Sunday	67	84	73
15 Monday	67	84	73
16 Tuesday	67	86	77
17 Wednesday	68	86	77
18 Thursday	67	84	70
19 Friday	59	82	72
20 Saturday	59	82	72
21 Sunday	60	80	69
22 Monday	60	80	69
23 Tuesday	59	82	69
24 Wednesday	54	82	70

September, 1890.	7 a m	2 p m	9 p m
1 Monday	69	82	71
2 Tuesday	69	82	70
3 Wednesday	69	82	70
4 Thursday	69	82	70
5 Friday	68	82	71
6 Saturday	68	82	70
7 Sunday	70	77	71
8 Monday	70	77	71
9 Tuesday	64	82	69
10 Wednesday	66	82	70
11 Thursday	67	79	71
12 Friday	66	82	71
13 Saturday	66	82	71
14 Sunday	67	84	73
15 Monday	67	84	73
16 Tuesday	67	86	77
17 Wednesday	68	86	77
18 Thursday	67	84	70
19 Friday	59	82	72
20 Saturday	59	82	72
21 Sunday	60	80	69
22 Monday	60	80	69
23 Tuesday	59	82	69
24 Wednesday	54	82	70

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

—The season is now on hand when the careful mother will send the children out while the head of the family puts up the parlor stovepipe and the profanity attending that operation.—New Brunswick Home News.

Died.

CLEAVER—At his late residence, 46 Somerset street, September 24th, 1890, William Hunt Cleaver, aged ninety-two years.
Funeral notice Friday, 26th inst., 2 p. m, Interment private.

Cent-a-Word Column.

$120 will buy a Warwick perfection safety can be used by either sex. Riddes one month. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS 24-2

A GIRL wants situation at general housework in small family. 83 West Fifth street. 24-3

A NEW store and flats to-let, corner of Richmond and Third streets. Apply to Peter Cassidy, No. 307 East Front street. 23-6

FOR SALE—22 calibre Winchester repeating rifle, 25 inch octagon barrel, in perfect condition. Price $12. Address "Rifle," care of EVENING NEWS. 24-3

GYMNASIUM classes Plainfield Bicycle Club. Tuesday evening 8 to 10 o'clock, Thursday afternoon 3 to 5 o'clock, corner 2d and Park place. Boys' classes Saturday mornings, 9 to 12 o'clock, terms $6 per year. For admission or information apply to J. H. Cooley, M. D., Chairman gymnasium committee. 24-6*

LOST—Between Front street and Hillside Cemetery, a black cashmere shawl with a Paisley border. Please return to Peck's dry goods store.

WANTED—A nurse for growing child, and to assist with sewing. 54 Central avenue. 24-2

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three. Where another girl is kept. Must have good references. Call on Tuesday, September 30th, at 16 East Ninth street. 24-2*

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. References required. Apply at No. 1 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 17tf

WANTED—A bay horse, 14 or 15 hands high, age from 8 to 10 years. Must be sound and kind for lady to drive. Address C. D. L., care of E. O. Howell, grocer.

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse stock. Intelligence office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay. 99 West Front st.

H. SPENCER, Grocer and seedsman, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lima beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granite stone, rock and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure cider vinegar, finest grade ammunition.

MOHAIR, SHETLAND and fancy wool shawls, and shoulder capes, knit by hand, in the finest patterns, for sale at wholesale prices. Also, yarns given out to be knit. By Mrs. Charles Meyer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 9-5 1m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others, get a clean shave or hair cut at Charles Hann's old Barber Shop 96 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 8-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, beautiful palms, etc., for sale and to rent; also BUILDING STONE, RIDGE AND PAVING. Send for prices, at Dunham Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 6-24-1y

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, I am now prepared to do

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

in a careful and experienced manner. I would be pleased to have you call and examine my stock before placing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. DOTY,
Fine Tailoring, 41 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL

FALL AND WINTER OPENING

OF

MILLINERY and JACKETS,

Wednesday and Thursday, Sept 24 and 25.

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Surah CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 35c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Auffrachan and Plush Caps, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,

NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Everybody

Can be supplied for this week with a pound of the following of our famous 50 cent teas, receiving Six of granulated sugar free.

Special Mixed, (our own blend), Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan (pan fired), Uncolored Japan (basket fired), Young Hyson, Gunpowder.

The above are new season's crop, and will compare favorably with teas sold in other stores at 60 cents without any of the inducements.

Remember

We are the introducers of this system of conducting business in Plainfield, and do not have to pattern after any store through compulsion. In other words we lead all in best goods at lowest prices.

WATCH

Our advertisements and we will keep you posted.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES

IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR

LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,

STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.

We will have more to say about other lines later.

DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,

29 W. FRONT. STREET.

THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

MOY'S

Japan! Japan!!

The Great Mission Field Benefit

WARREN UNION MISSION.

The last of the Magnificently Illustrated Lectures by

PROF. DONALD DOWNIE, B. C. L.

The eminent foreign traveller.

Mission Chapel,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 25th, 8 p. m.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Children, 5 to 12, 15 cents. 25-2*

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Thursday, Sept. 25.

A massive monopoly, creating a new standard and hitherto not attempted in scenic perspective. Handsome as a rainbow unable to equal existing rascals during its recent New York engagement.

The CRAGGS

Dashing British; Grounded Gentlemen; Marvelous Acrobats.

W. S. Cleveland's

CONSOLIDATED MINSTRELS.

The prince of minstrels, Billy Rice, Boss Ring Master, Hughes the scholarly, Lyke the schoolyard, and over half a hundred talented sensations in conjunction with the reigning monarchs of the arena.

The CRAGGS—Darling British; Grounded Gentlemen; Marvelous Acrobats.

Two performances daily, rain or shine, $1,000 actual daily outlay. Doors are open Tuesday. Prices 50, 75 and $1.

AMPHION THEATRE, PLAINFIELD.

CHAS. H. HAND, Prop. One week, commencing

Monday Eve. Sept. 22d

Dixon's Tourists,

In a repertoire of favorite plays.

Monday eve, the Romantic Drama, "Earl's Heir." Tuesday evening, the moral and society play, "Hidden Hand." Wednesday evening, "Fatal Letter." Thursday evening, "Ten Nights in a Bar Room." Friday evening, "Under the Gaslight." Saturday evening, "Lost Lynne." Saturday evening, the great comedy drama, "Rosedale." Saturday evening, the clever comedietta "Eddie Moore, in his song and dance. Popular prices, 15, 25, 35c.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SEVENTH STREET.

W. HOSMER, MOTOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 63.

The free use of the pistol by some private detectives in the New York Central strike calls to mind a certain law of Indiana. This law prohibits the employment of private detectives in the suppression of industrial strikes.

The position of the British mechanic and trades unionist on the eight hour labor day is this: He goes in for it heartily, but he thinks it ought to come about through agreement between laborers and their employers themselves, and not by parliamentary legislation. This legislation he is opposed to.

Chicago has too much of only one thing, and that is her irrepressible smoke nuisance. That is the trail of the serpent over all her beauty. Perhaps the natural gas which will come to the city through pipes now being laid will do much to suppress this. It ought to be suppressed if there is gas enough in the Indiana fields to do it.

Are we to have nothing left of old story and romancing, absolutely nothing? It has been found that wherever in the desert of Sahara artesian wells are driven an oasis is formed. Pure, cool water gushes forth, and vegetation springs up as by magic. The French are driving many of these wells, and planting palm trees which will in course of time yield a handsome revenue. These industrious French are also building a railway from Algeria into the heart of what was the desert of Sahara, but will soon be that no more. Besides that the same people are seriously preparing to wipe out the barbaric kingdom of Dahomey and annex it to France. Then France, too, will have something to show in the way of African conquests. But there will be no more Sahara, no more women warriors.

Should Women Propose?

This new question promises to become quite as interesting as the old one whether marriage is a failure. In Bulwer's "Coming Race" it is the women who do the courtship and pop the question. Among flous and sparrows alike it is the female who chooses the mate that is most agreeable to her. The Boneses remains a true and faithful spouse to her chosen one for three years or more. Sometimes, naturalists say, then she shakes him and gets another one. She has the matter all in her own hands, or paws, and the lord of beasts has nothing to say about it.

Certain unterrified ladies in ... land, mindful of the ever increasing army of unwedded maids in the kingdom, now contend with much earnestness that women, not men, should do the proposing. Thus there would be more marriages and fewer old, maids and bachelors, though considering the divorce courts it does not necessarily follow that that would be an improvement. Women would stand a better chance of getting the men they want, while men could only sit bashfully by in a row and wait to be asked. Men have had a monopoly of popping the question for ages that are quite long enough, now let it be the other sex's turn, they say. There is one good result that might flow from it. The great mass of discontented and unhappy married ladies could not then blame their husbands for bringing them into misery. The misery would be of their own making.

A Bridge and Two Tunnels.

The project for building a bridge across the Hudson river between New York and Jersey City is rapidly taking shape. There is no reason, except the ferry interests, why a bridge and tunnel both should not be constructed between New York and Jersey. Even then the facilities for travel and traffic would be taxed. The tunnel is progressing quietly, not much being said about it. English capital is employed in it largely. Meantime the amount necessary to begin the construction of the great bridge has nearly all been subscribed and 10 per cent. paid in. Railroad and bank officials have taken the major part of the stock.

Another project still more imposing has taken shape in the fertile brain of Mr. Erastus Wiman. It is no less than a tunnel from Staten Island to Brooklyn. Brooklyn is now cut off directly from manufacturing interests, because of the expense and difficulty of communication with the rest of the island. A tunnel from the southern extremity of the island to Arlar Kill will connect with the tunnel. The tunnel will cross New York bay at a point some distance above the Narrows, where the forts stand opposite each other, one on Long Island, the other on Staten Island. It will strike South Brooklyn at Bay Ridge.

This tunnel will afford direct communication with Long Island for eight trunk railway lines, and the freight on coal alone for Brooklyn and the island will pay the interest on the whole cost of the tunnel, $6,000,000. German capital is said to be backing the scheme. The tunnel will have two tracks.

SPEAKER REED'S SPEECH

His Plea for the Lodge Bill at Philadelphia.

KEYSTONE REPUBLICANS MEET.

Pennsylvania State Clubs Elect Officers and Hold a Great Mass Meeting, at Which Prominent Party Speakers Are Heard—News from the Political World.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24.—The convention of Republican clubs elected the following officers Tuesday afternoon: President, Edwin S. Stuart, Philadelphia; vice presidents, John B. Robinson, Media; F. R. Jones, Philadelphia; A. H. Reber, Pittsburg; secretary, Robert S. Lindsay, Pittsburg; treasurer, Capt. William Thorn, Philadelphia; delegates-at-large to national convention, William H. McCleary, Pittsburg; John Taylor, Philadelphia.

The Resolutions Adopted.

The platform committee reported a set of resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, indorsing the national and state platforms of the party, the national and state administrations of which the Congressional party and the nominees of the party for state officers. Speaker Reed is commended for his genius and courage, which rescued the house of representatives from the control of Democratic filibusters. Republicanism in both the national senate and house are applauded for the passage of the McKinley tariff bill, and the speedy adoption of the federal elections bill is urged.

Speaker Reed's Speech.

In the evening a mass meeting under the auspices of the league was held in the Academy of Music, which was crowded. Speaker Reed, John M. Thurston, of Nebraska; Gen. Daniel H. Hastings, George W. Delamater, Republican candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, and Congressman Dolliver, of Iowa, delivered speeches. Speaker Reed said: "Until very recently I had feared that I would not be able to be with you to-night. The wicked have been very pungent for the last few days, and I did not know but that it would be necessary for me to go to bed with them—or without them. But all that is happily over. The Republican party was born fighting. Its very best history was made on the stump as well as on the field—civic as well as military. It is the very essence of its existence that it should to battle, for the Republican party means the forward movement of the people of the United States.

Democrats Not Visible.

"It has never been necessary for the Democrats to go anything. (Laughter.) We have just come from a scene which reminded men who were in Washington in the early days of the Republican party of the scenes which took place there at the beginning of the war. On the Democratic side of the house during the past week we have been treated to empty benches; the Democrats have not been visible. (Laughter.) I want you to understand the occasion which they thought demanded this magnificent uprising. The Republican party, so far as the house of representatives is concerned, has done what we regard as great deeds. The Democrats have proclaimed them very wicked deeds. We have passed a tariff bill which will secure the American market to American people. That bill has been the subject of denunciation on the part of the Democrats almost too bitter to be put on record. Accordingly when the bill and the principle it represents have carried desolation into every farm house in the country. It has covered farms in the west three deep with mortgages, and yet the Democratic members, while that bill was being passed, sat in their seats and were counted.

Another Bill "We Passed."

"We passed another bill. This was a bill which they said would ruin the principles of liberty. It meant ruin to homes. It meant despotism, and yet they sat there as sweet as summer. Had when it came to seating a negro simply because he had been elected, the Democratic side of the house was one vast wail departed. It is such little incidents as this that prevent the Democrats from pointing with pride to the history of their party. But the great thing in this world is the people. They make and unmake parties; they create history they govern and move, and the people of the United States are alone responsible for this government. This fall, very soon, there will be an expression of opinion by the people, not fair, free and frank expression, because in thirty congressional districts of this Union the opinions of the people will be suppressed. Now, when the column forms in Pennsylvania to be disorderly one of absentees? Your duty becomes all the more tremendous when you consider what will follow your lack of energy.

"Do you want a house which intends to transact business? It lies in your power alone. This is no longer a nation that can spend seven fifty-eight hours long. It wants business.

A Plea for the Elections Bill.

"If you believe that every man who is entitled to participate in this government shall cast his vote and have it counted it is your business to see that such a house is chosen as will sustain and back up the present house of representatives. A constitutional amendment declares that every male citizen is entitled to participate in the government. Is there any citizen sitting today in Mississippi a convention seeking to destroy the franchises of a large portion of the voting population. There has never been any denial of their purpose. Do you mean to allow the southern white man to absolutely monopolize all the government of this country? Everything depends on you doing your duty."

Various Nominations Made.

BOSTON, Sept. 24.—James M. Fox, of Cambridge, was nominated for congress by the Republicans of the Fifth district. Gen. Banks was a competitor for the nomination, but failed by some thirty votes.

KANE, Pa., Sept. 24.—In the Twenty-seventh congressional district convention Hon. Charles W. Stone, secretary of the commonwealth, was nominated to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Representative Watson.

HARTFORD, Sept. 24.—At the First congressional district Republican convention Gov. Congressman William R. Simonds was renominated by acclamation. There was no opposition.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The General county Democratic convention nominated Dr. Morris W. Townsend, of Bergen, for member of assembly.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The Third assembly district Republican convention renominated Ignatius Sargent, the present member of assembly. Sawmiller represents the Democratic.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Hon. Rudolf Johnson was renominated for member of assembly by the Third district Republican convention, held at Holland Patent.

JUDGE EARL NOMINATED.

Meeting of the Democratic State Committee of New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The Democratic state committee met at the Hoffman house and unanimously nominated Judge Earl for justice of the court of appeals. The resignation of John R. Voorhees as a member of the state committee was presented, but on the motion of Mr. Hinkley W. was laid on the table until the next meeting of the committee on Nov. 4, 1890. The following resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, it is most desirable and important that the full, united Democratic strength should be shown in the election of members of congress and assemblymen from the city of New York at the coming election; therefore,

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this committee that the democracy of New York city owe it to the democracy of the state and country to unite, without regard to factional differences, upon honorable and fair terms in the coming election."

"Resolved, That a special committee of five be appointed by the chair from districts outside of New York city to consult and advise with the various Democratic organizations in New York city in reference to such union, and to aid in bringing about the same, and that such special committee shall report its proceedings, the results of its efforts and its recommendations, if any, at some subsequent meeting of the state committee, for such action thereon as may seem proper in the premises."

A long address was issued to the people of the state denouncing the Republican party and the federal elections bill and ex-Senator T. C. Platt.

Detective Lynch Acquitted.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The trial of Detective Thomas Lynch on the charge of murder in the second degree in shooting Peter Stoddard was concluded and ended Tuesday and the prisoner was acquitted. The jury was out from 1:30 to 9:45. On May 9 Lynch, while attempting to arrest Stoddard, engaged in a fight with him—or with them. But all that is happily over. The Republican party was born fighting. Its very best history was made on the stump as well as military. It is the very essence of its existence that it should to battle, for the Republican party means the forward movement of the people of the United States.

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COOL AS A SNOW FLAKE.

Prisoner Birchall's Nerve Does Not Fail Him.

WEAVING THE WEB ABOUT HIM.

Evidence That Would Seem to Point to the Guilt of the Accused—The Grand Jury Refused to Indict Mrs. Birchall for Complicity in the Crime.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 24.—The grand jury refused to indict Mrs. Birchall for complicity in the murder of Benwell. At the opening of the second day of Birchall's trial the prisoner was as cool as ever. Charles Benwell, brother of the murdered man, identified the false teeth and plate, the pencil case and ring and keys placed in evidence as being the property of his brother. Patrick McGuire, who lives near the scene of the tragedy, testified that he was in the swamp on the Feb. 17 gathering tamarac bark between 10 and 11 o'clock within twelve feet of where Benwell's body was found. He did not see any body there, and said if there had been he certainly would have seen it.

The Finder of the Body Testifies.

Joseph Elvidge was next called. The witness was one of the two brothers who found the body on Feb. 21. He detailed the circumstances connected with the finding of the body and described its condition, there being a slight covering of snow upon it.

His brother George was with him. They saw two tracks; if there had been more tracks they could have been seen. The snow had not been disturbed around the body in any way. Witness then told how the next day he and his brother had found the cigar case holder and eyeglasses under the snow. In the cross-examination the witness said when Benwell's body was found his shirt front had the clean, stiff appearance of being recently laundried. The body looked as if it had been deposited there by somebody. The witness identified the clothing presented in court as that of the deceased.

The Telltale Cigar Case.

George Elvidge corroborated the evidence of his brother in the finding of the body and gave the time of finding it as about 11 o'clock, and said he remained by the body until his brother went and brought Mr. Habb. He had found the telltale cigar case, with "F. C. Benwell" written on it, by accidentally striking it with his ax. There had been sufficient snowfall to make marks discernible.

Constable Watson's Testimony.

Constable Watson went over the ground of finding the body and the discovery that pieces had been cut out of the socks, undershirt and white shirt. The witness stated that the clothing had been under lock and key all night and no one had had access to them. The witness identified all the clothing as that worn by the deceased. He told of an interview he had with the prisoner on Feb. 28, when he saw him at Swartz's shop, Princeton. The prisoner, after getting a description of the body, said it must be Benwell's. Prisoner told him he had left the deceased at the Falls, that he had gone to London and that he had just received a letter from deceased at London.

It Was "Him."

He then went to Paris with his wife. He returned next morning alone and went to view the body. Prisoner put his arm in that of the witness and leaned over and said it was "him." He then took out his handkerchief and wiped his eyes, and said he would spend any amount of money to find out who murdered his friend. Cross-examined, the witness said there was not enough snow on the body to make it unrecognizable. He saw no traces of the body being dragged over the ground.

A Slippery Fellow.

James H. Swartz, undertaker at Princeton, then testified to the interview had with the prisoner about Benwell, whom he said he had left at the Falls and had since received a letter from him at London.

When asked how the latter fact would his wife had it. When it was suggested they would go to his wife, he said it had only contained checks for the baggage, and probably was at the Falls.

Sexton Gregg testified that Birchall seemed confused and nervous when he viewed the body of Benwell.

THE DEADLY GRADE CROSSING.

Three People Meet a Terrible Death Near Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 24.—John W. Lattin, 78 years old; Wilson Vandewater, 42 years old, and the latter's wife, aged 40, all of Pleasant Valley, in this county, were instantly killed at the Central New England and Western railroad track yesterday. At the time the accident occurred they were seated in a two seated vehicle driven by Lattin.

The wagon was struck by the Boston express, which was half an hour late. Lattin was thrown seventy feet and Vandewater and his wife were thrown still further. All three were instantly killed and their bodies horribly mangled. The horse was killed and the wagon demolished. Mr. Lattin leaves property estimated to be worth $200,000.

A King at a Wreck.

ROME, Sept. 24.—A passenger train was derailed between Florence and Fresola, and five persons were killed and twenty injured. King Humbert and Queen Margherita, on learning of the accident, abandoned an intended trip to the races and visited the injured, doing all they could to alleviate the sufferings of the unfortunates.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

12 Park avenue.

Hotel Netherwood,

NETHERWOOD, N. J.

Elegant brick structure with all modern conveniences. Trains half-hourly morning and evening.

Frank P. Miller.

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NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The house committee on public buildings and grounds has authorized favorable report on the bill providing for a public building at Altoona, Pa., with an amendment reducing the appropriation from $130,000 to $90,000.

Charles Cruiser, of Easton, Pa., driver of the canal boat John Newport, was drowned at Spencerport, N. Y.

Two thousand miners at Tappan, Anhalan Silesia, have gone on strike. Trouble is feared and troops have been dispatched to the scene to preserve order.

A commercial panic prevails at Lisbon. The leading banks are in a precarious condition, and the crisis is imminent.

Agnes Robertson, one of the late Dion Boucicault's wives, has sailed from England for New York, where she will claim Boucicault's estate as against Louise Thorndyke, the dramatist's second wife. She will claim that Boucicault's second marriage was bigamous.

Iron and steel manufacturers from all parts of Europe and America have arranged for a convention at New York and in Pittsburg, and a general inspection of the mines and manufactories of the country. One thousand delegates will participate.

A Black Eye for the Fight.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—There is dismay in sporting circles at the refusal of the magistrate in the McAuliffe-Slavin case. The feeling among the lovers of the manly art is not merely one of regret at the probable fight between these two noted pugilists, but of apprehension as to the fate of boxing contests in the future. It is stated that Lord Lonsdale and others will shortly arrange to have the fight come off outside of England—probably in France or Belgium. But the necessity of resorting to such expedients is very discouraging. French law against prize fighting is as strict as the English law, as the annoying experiences of Sullivan proved. Belgium is almost as inhospitable, besides being more difficult to reach. It may be some time before the McAuliffe-Slavin affair is settled abroad, but all the difficulties. Meanwhile the pugilists are under £1,000 bonds each to keep the peace.

Comte de Paris Coming.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—There was a brilliant scene at the Euston Square station Tuesday when the Comte de Paris started for Liverpool on his way to America. All the royalist exile colony in England had gathered to see the comte off. The comte looked happy and confident, and may have been congratulating himself on his narrow escape from being smirched in the general mire of the Boulangist expose. The half dozen prominent Orleanists who accompany him on his trip seemed to share his buoyant spirits. The party were attended by an astonishingly large number of servants, and will travel in truly royal style. Cries of "Vive le Roi" went up as the train moved away, and the comte bowed gracefully to the English crowd. The surrounding the devoted knot of Frenchmen looked on curiously and wondered whether they were looking at a future king or merely a perpetual pretender.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and grey, 69c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 75c.

7 hooks, in same tan and brown (special), 85c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown 91.

The "Cluett" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors Scotch Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 15c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'S TEA.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stalls devoted wholly to training and boarding horses.

Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Beer Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,

28 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade.

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protection against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE,

No. 9 East Front street next to P. O.

"THE DAIRY"

Heads quarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farcy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE,

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Wholesale Wine

AND

Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLANTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all like a store's goods.

2nd—The fine purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges.

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 8 East Front Street.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner New. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand at Casey's warerooms day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1407.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

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A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES, IN READWEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 2 PARK AVENUE.

A QUORUM IN THE HOUSE.

Two Democrats Are Ousted by Colored Republicans.

BUT ONE DEMOCRAT WAS PRESENT

Exciting Scenes in the House During the Desperate Attempt of the Republicans to Secure a Quorum and Dispose of the Contested Election Cases.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The house proceeded in getting a quorum and the report of the elections committee unseating Venable (Va.) and Elliott (S. C.) and seating in their places respectively Langston and Miller, both colored, were agreed to without discussion. The conference report on the deficiency bill was discussed but not disposed of. When the house met Mr. O'Ferrall was the only Democrat present, and several roll calls were ordered before a quorum was procured. The scenes in the house during the endeavors of the Republicans to secure a quorum were tinged with excitement, and some of the incidents were amusing. When it became known that only two more members were needed to make a quorum and that Messrs. Milliken (Me.) and Mudd (Md.) were absent, there was much excitement among the Republicans.

Scouts Sent Out.

Scouts were sent out in search of them and soon the much needed members were ushered into the house. Their reception was not complimentary. Several members hissed, a marked contrast to the reception of Mr. Sweeney, who hurried to the house from the railroad station on his arrival from Iowa. Mr. Sweeney was greeted with applause on his unexpected appearance. Meanwhile Mr. Cheadle (Ind.), the Republican who made a speech in favor of the Democratic contestee in the case (Mr. Venable), had walked out of the house into the lobby and settled himself there on a sofa. Persuasions, threats and promises at first were all in vain. He refused to enter the house and answer to the roll call, but finally he agreed to allow himself to be counted so that a quorum could be secured. Another photograph of the sorry array of Democratic senators was taken from the gallery of the house for Republican campaign purposes.

Proposed Amendment to the Rules.

Mr. Payne (N. Y.) introduced a resolution amending rule 15 by adding the following clause: "Whenever on a yea and nay vote a quorum fails to appear on the second made under clause 3 of this rule there shall be a call of the house, and by order for the yeas and nays on the pending question shall at the same time be operative. The clerk shall call the roll and each member as he answers to his name, whether he voluntarily appears or is brought before the house under the proceedings of the call of the house, shall vote on the pending question. If those voting on the question and those who are present and fail to vote shall together make a majority of the house the speaker shall declare that a quorum is constituted, and the pending question shall be decided as the majority of those voting shall appear." The resolution was referred to the committee on rules.

A Grant Memorial Building.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—In the senate the resolution to investigate the treatment of women and children in mills and factories was referred to a committee. Mr. Hale introduced a joint resolution "that a memorial building which shall be a suitable monument to the memory of the illustrious soldier, the distinguished president, the patriotic citizen, U. S. Grant, in which may be established a military and naval museum, library, a hall sufficiently large for military, naval and civic rooms for the accommodation of the various associations of war veterans and the sons of veterans of the United States of America, and in the inner court may be placed to rest the mortal remains of U. S. Grant and other distinguished Americans, be erected in the District of Columbia under the supervision of a commission to be composed of the president of the United States, the secretary of war, the secretary of the navy, the commanding officers of the army and navy and the architect of the Capitol in accordance with plans adopted by said commission after public competition." House bill extending (by $15,000) the limit of cost for the public buildings at Hoboken, N. J., to meet requirements of site, was passed.

A Deadlock on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The conferees on the tariff bill did not meet Monday, but the Republican conferees held two protracted conferences. The first continued through the morning and resulted in nothing. The differences between the conferees on the part of the house and the senate have been narrowed down to the sugar schedule and binding twine.

Just before the second conference was held one of the conferees expressed the opinion that a compromise would have to be reached between the senate and the house propositions on both of the disputed points. A new conference will be held to-day. The senators from the western and northwestern states to the number of ten met and agreed to a protest against the proposition to put a duty on binding twine for the purpose of effecting a compromise with the house on sugar.

The general impression is that congress will adjourn before the latter part of next week and that it will probably not get away before Oct. 6.

Capitol News in Brief.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The house committee on naval affairs ordered a favorable report on a bill providing for the recognition of the services of Chief Engineer George W. Melville and the other officers and men of the Jeannette expedition. The bill provides for the advancement of Mr. Melville one grade and gives him increased pay. Suitable medals for the other officers and men are also provided for in the measure.

The committee on commerce, through Mr. Mason (Ills.) have submitted to the house a favorable report on the house bill to authorize the New York and Newjersey Bridge companies to build a bridge across the Hudson river between New York and a point in New Jersey near Jersey City.

The committee have already reported a bill granting a similar privilege to the North River Bridge company. Accompanying the report is an amendment to the bill adopted by the committee providing that the bridge shall not be located within one mile of any other bridges over the North River.

The Baltimore's Return Trip.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 24.—The United States steamer Baltimore, which brought the body of Captain Ericsson to this country, sailed Tuesday on her return to the United States.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued by William H. Coddington, one City Assessor, of the City of Plainfield, in the county of Union, to me directed, the undersigned on Monday, the 13th day of October, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the Court House in said City of Plainfield, will sell the lands, tenements and real estate, in the said City of Plainfield, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, that were assessed in the name of each person as is stated by the Common Council for the purpose, with the amount of tax set against each owner next to the description of land opposite his name, at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder for the City of Plainfield, will the lands, tenements and real estate hereinafter described, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the amount of taxes assessed thereon, together with interest thereon, and costs, including sum and all charges.

Allen, Samuel C h & land & acres 330 to 337
E Front street 70 30
Ashton, Clarence A h and lot 5 235-240 W Seventh street 90 10
Bolce—out of G 6 and 172 and 73 E Front st 100 00
" " lot 65 to 69 Dunellen avenue 4 6
Bonham, Mrs Jane Sixth avenue 4 6
Brewster, J Lotts Broadway 10 00
Bond, Solomon E lot 151 Jackson avenue 2 15
" lot 13 Sanford place 2 15
" lot 19 ..... 2 15
Hiven, Steward W out of Prospect avenue 2 15
Bogart, B F h and 1 252 W Sixth street 26 10
Bogart, Mrs Mary E h and lot 30 Fourth street 6 15
Bastedenbeck, Henr- lot 4 Prescott pl 2 15
Bastedenbeck, J H h and 1 ..... 2 15
Bundy, Henry h and 1 Elizabeth street 2 15
Code est of Elias h h and on screen 250 to 264 E Front street 210 00
Code, Jacob and est of Sarah h h and 18 Somerville avenue 4 20
Campbell, Mrs John O h and 1 52 E 5th st 19 05
Code est of Wm h h and 1 and 1 54 acres South avenue 32 70
Cox, Samuel lot 84 Kensington ave 2 15
Cuff, Lewis H h and 1 east of Belvidere avenue 3 45
Cozzi, Patrick h and 1 21 to 25 W 4 street 29 10
Colins, John P lot 59 W 4th street 4 50
Collins, Thomas lot 61 W 4th street 13 00
Conway, Mary h and 1 96 W 4th street 6 54
Cox, John S 2 lots 11 Front and 9 Lee pl 6 54
Craig, Wm 1 barn 2 h and 18 acres 256 to 260 Out west of Wash 1 and 1 54 acres South avenue 82 20
Chase, Mrs Mary lot 81 Kensington ave 2 15
Cuff, Lewis H h and 1 east of Belvidere avenue 3 45
Dayton, Patrick h and 1 21 to 25 W 4 street 29 10
Dalton, John P lot 59 W 4th street 4 50
Dillon, Thomas lot 61 W 4th street 13 00
Downey, Mary h and 1 96 W 4th street 6 54
Dunn, John S 2 lots 11 Front and 9 Lee pl 6 54
Doff, Adelia J 1/2 W 7th street 1 64
Hart, Carrie 2 lots 2 Jackson avenue 2 78
Hart, Carrie 2 lots 42 and 44 Netherwood avenue 4 26
Hart, Levi E 3 lots 30 to 34 Netherwood avenue 6 54
Hetherton, Rachel C 3 1 265-366 Arlington avenue 13 08
Hess and ..... lows h and 1 42 E Front st 20 10
Jones Emma A 3 lots 184-188 La Grande ave 6 54
" " lots 7 to 11 Ken ington ave 6 54
" " h and 1 13 Kensington ave 2 78
" with lot to Webster place 32 70
Jones, Emma J and 1 2 lots 9 La Grande ave 6 54
" " 1 lot La Grande avenue on left s of 4 26
Jones, Emma A 1 lot Lafrande avenue on left s of Berckman street 3 26
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HINTS FOR SICK ROOMS.

HOW TO FURNISH THE CHAMBER TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE.

The Arrangement of Light and Sunshine. Advantages of an Open Grate—Poisons from Wall Paper—The Choice of a Bed and Mattress—Have Light Furniture.

The room should be light and, if possible, sunny. Sunshine has a "royal touch" for curing diseases. The windows should have two sets of shades, light and dark. By drawing the latter the room may be darkened more readily and neatly than by pinning up a black shawl, and the sick one will get a more refreshing nap if the glare of the light is softened. Keep the air fresh and sweet. In addition to the windows it is well to have a transom or, still better, ventilators at the top and bottom of a room.

An open grate fire is the best mode of heating, and even if furnace or steam heating be used a slight grate fire improves the ventilation. Even in summer a small lamp may be kept burning in a grate to advantage. In mountainous districts one should, attention to the plumbing and draining must be careful. The plug should always be kept in and the bend at the top of the bowl stopped up as a precaution. Rather than get one whiff of noxious gas the pipes should be cut and sealed.

Paper or Walls and Floor.

If the walls are papered, be sure there is no arsenic in the paper. Have a sample examined by a chemist. Take care also that the figure is not annoying to the invalid. A painted wall is much cleaner, and is more easily kept clean by wiping with a damp cloth. The hardwood or painted floor seems to me best. Have rugs enough about, so that no disturbance will be caused by footsteps. The rugs should be frequently taken and the floor wiped with a damp cloth.

In gathering up and laying the rugs do not raise a dust, as it is very annoying, and, with a consumptive, may cause a fatal fit of coughing. All hangings should be made of "wash" fabrics. Woolen hangings serve only to collect dust, retain odors and interfere with free circulation of air. If a portiere seems advisable, it must needs be of heavy material, but keep it well shaken.

The bed should be long enough. Too short a bed is no uncommon occurrence, and produces much discomfort. A sofa or what parrot bed is best. It should be wide enough to turn or roll over in, yet so narrow as to allow free access to the invalid from either side. An open bedstead is desirable—that is, one in which the mattress is thoroughly exposed to the air. The metallic, iron or brass bedsteads are excellent in this respect.

Let the mattress be not too soft and free from lumps. Have it made over if necessary for comfort.

A Table and Call Bell.

By the bedside, within easy reach of the sick one, should be a little table or stand. On account of liability to accident from overturning things, this is best covered with a washable cover. Keep this fresh and clean. Avoid letting this stand get littered up, usually with solid medicine glasses and bottles. Wash the medicine glasses as soon as they are used and keep them with the bottles. The invalid should have some means of calling her nurse or friend. The best arrangement is an electric bell, with the push button at the head of the bed. This will do away with much tinkling of highly chased silver (plated) bells—more elegant than useful. To ring a toy bell fifteen times a minutes is not conducive to calmness of spirit.

Heavy, upholstered chairs are out of place in the sick room, with the exception of one for the invalid. Slat-back chairs are light, clean and durable, and do not retain odors. Nothing need be said in regard to the other furniture, such as bureau, wardrobe, commode, etc., except keep it clean. A screen is to the sick room what a pin is to a woman—ever useful. It should be be light, but not too heavy, and say five feet high. Its uses are many, and it is also artistic. It shields from draughts, from sight, from interruption, it may have a beauty in itself; it may hide a skeleton. A very handsome screen may be had at slight expense, and will soon pay for itself in comfort.

Make the room bright and attractive, keep it clean and homelike, and you will be doing much for the patient. Hang a quiet, restful picture upon the wall where the eye falls most frequently, and if the illness is of long duration change the pictures in the room occasionally. A growing plant also affords great pleasure to an invalid. If flowers are introduced let them be perfectly fresh, and of not too heavy odor.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Female Shoemaker.

You can't tell Mrs. Lena Gabriel, of No. 93 Baxter street, anything about footwear. She has an eye for a pretty boot, she can tell gout at a glance and pick out the perfect kids and calf at a blindfolded. Mrs. Gabriel is too modest to do her own trumpeting; her boots and shoes proclaim her glory. She keeps a couple of men in the workroom, and not only does the cutting and fitting but runs the store, buys the goods and manages, in her own way, to keep the profit side of the balance considerably lower than the debit weight. She is a fine looking, bright faced, brown eyed woman, who came from Rhineland in 1866 and has been a shoemaker and dealer ever since the death of her husband, a decade ago. It may interest the women of New York to know that the "pretty feet are the result of good shoeing." Put a baby foot in a snug, long, shoe that will hold the ankle, heel and sole firmly; give the toes play and room, and will have a model and grow into it." She advocates a parallelogram rather than a pointed sole for the child.—New York World.

To Cook Kidneys.

One who is accustomed to English cooking says if Americans understood how to properly prepare kidneys for the table they would not be regarded as unfit for food. Instead of being hard and leathery as it often is in English cook makes of it a most delicious dish. This is the way they do it: Take the kidneys, remove the skin, cut out the core, split them down lengthwise the side opposite the core, through the center, so that they will lie open. Season freely with pepper and salt, dredge in warm butter and while the butter is hot sprinkle the kidneys with freshly made white bread crumbs, and then pinch them on a skewer, so that the kidneys still remain open, and broil them for only or ten minutes at a moderate fire. The crumbs should be a nice golden color when the kidneys are sufficiently cooked.—Lewiston Journal.

By her will the late Mrs. Emily Pfeiffer, the well known English poetess, bequeaths, with the exception of a few legacies, the whole of her personal estate, £30,000, to the charitable and educational establishments she names.

About Saving Pennies.

I met a woman on the street not long ago. It was raining, and there was a blustering wind abroad, but she made progress a difficult thing. "Going to the train?" asked I.

"I wish I was," said she, "but I expect I shall lose it. I have to go around for my sugar."

"Why don't you buy your sugar in the store you pass on your way to the depot?" queried I.

"Oh, I can get it half a cent cheaper at So and So's," replied she.

I passed on, musing. If that woman buys ten pounds of sugar, thought I, she will save five cents, but she will lose her train, get a late supper, and perhaps contract acute indigestion. She will certainly wear out an extra cent's worth of shoe leather, and she will get wet and lose her temper with the buffeting of the wind. Is it true economy to take such a course? Would it not be better to let the five cents go, and cancel it with the gain in peace of mind and general comfort?

Don't you know that there are hosts of people who manage in this same way? They will chase all over the earth to save a penny, and get a per cent. per hour. They are always haunting auctions and cheap stores for special sales. Such people tire me easily. They are very uncomprehending in their disapproval of you and of me because we prefer to pay a penny or two more a pound for sugar and save our poor old bones, and they think us extravagant because we are too wise to seek to buy dollar value for a dime. In the long run I sometimes think the weasel knows more than the owl, although it may appear less wise on first and casual inspection.—Exchange.

Be Sure Your Chicken Is Dead.

Housekeepers do not always understand that a chicken, after the animal beat leaves the body, is not fit for food in less than twenty-four hours. During this time the muscles are stiffened by the rigor that succeeds directly after the departure of animal heat in all animals, and are longer than they are at any time previous. In Virginia and many parts of the south cooks kill chickens early with great rapidity, and plunge the pieces of chicken while they are still warm with animal heat into the frying kettle. This secures the tender, succulent flakes of fried chicken which are justly the pride of the old Virginia cook.

There is something repulsive to the northern housewife in serving up a fowl that was perhaps a few moments before strutting about, the pride of the yard. An equally good and tender dish of chicken may be attained by keeping the fowl till the muscles relax, and it is in prime condition for food. In fact only by the rapid process of frying can a chicken be cooked done before the muscles stiffen. This the southern cook knows, and she never attempts to fricassee or roast a fowl that has not been dead at least twenty-four hours.—New York Tribune.

Danger Signals in the Bedroom.

To those fair enthusiasts who are prone to the purchase of trifles I would say: Avoid too many chairs in a room. A vogue exists that get in the way and raise the temper and lumps on your shins. Avoid small tables which are so "cute"—those affairs that take up so much room and upon a couple of books or a vase that is in constant danger of upsetting. A friend of mine with a wife who insisted upon wicker rockers with dainty bead rests, and small tables with blue china, and who frequently had to get up nights for the paregoric, went down one morning after a night's groping for the match box and brought home a pot of phosphorescent paint, which he dabbed on all corners, points and edges of those dainty little rockers and center tables, decorating the match box, the bed posts, the gas bracket and door knobs, determined upon regaining the sleep and peaceful rest of the midnight cruise. And now at night the room looks like the ghost scene from "The Flying Dutchman." The phosphorescence follows all dark and silver, loose all night. But there's no more black and blue spots, and the toe romps fearless of the vicious chair leg.—Exchange.

An Interesting Witness.

"Is there a man in all this audience," demanded the female lecturer on woman's rights fiercely, "that has ever done anything to lighten the burden resting on his wife's shoulders? What do you know of woman's work? Is there a man here," she continued, folding her arms and looking over her audience with superb scorn, "that has ever got up in the morning, leaving his wife to sleep on and enjoy her slumbers, gone quietly down stairs, made the fire, cooked his own breakfast, sewed the missing buttons on the children's clothes, darned the family stockings, scoured the pots and kettles, cleaned and filled the lamps, swept the kitchen, and done all this, if necessary, day after day, uncomplainingly? If there is such a man in this audience let him rise up. I should like to see him!"

Away back in the rear of the hall a mild looking man in spectacles, in obedience to the summons, timidly arose. He was the husband of the eloquent speaker. It was the first time he had ever had a chance to assert himself.—New York Telegram.

Styles of American Beauty.

The close observer cannot but perceive that there are changes taking place in our established standards of beauty. For instance, the southern belle of to-day woman was formerly a creature of languorous movement, dusky hair, passionate, dark eyes, tall and queenly figure, with a clear blonde, devoid of high color, like a Cherokee rose, perfect in outline and energetic in movement, as are the traditional northern women. Those Americans of to-day who are the most admired abroad are a confirmation of these two leading types—golden haired and brown or black eyed, soft, smooth skin, with faint olive shading, little color, features sharply defined and the figure healthily rounded. — Boston Globe.

Starving Babies.

A New Haven medical examiner makes the somewhat startling statement that, on an average, he has ten cases a year of babies starved to death. He had one last week of a child dying suddenly, and investigation showed that it had been fed on some patent food, but had starved to death. It is the ignorance of the parents which is at the bottom of the trouble, he says; and, strangely enough, this particular kind of ignorance prevails more among the poor than among the rich. They have neglected to do than the poorer classes.—Exchange.

Boy Only the Best Fit.

If you propose to give your child a musical education get the best piano you can afford. It is a mistake to think an old instrument good enough to practice on. It may be as far as the mechanical part is concerned, but all the time the ear is losing its delicate perception of correct sounds, and the child is growing into the habit of practice to its tuneless and false utterance.—Lewiston Journal.

CHINESE EXECUTIONS.

HOW THE CONDEMNED ARE KILLED WHERE THERE ARE NO LAWYERS.

Nine Crimes Invite Capital Punishment. The Headsman Is Kept Busy — He Must Be a Trained Artist, Without Nerves.

There are in the Chinese criminal calendar nine crimes which are punishable with death, and the executioners of the several provinces have in consequence kept busy with the sword. The crimes are murder in any degree, rape, conspiracy, robbery, counterfeiting, kidnaping, forgery, assaulting parents and wife beating. The manner of execution is interesting, and the capital prisoners, like those in France, never know until the hour has almost arrived when they are to be taken out to meet death.

Chinese trials are never very long nor are the proceedings elaborate, and acquittals are infrequent. Immediately after the conviction of a criminal the death sentence is pronounced, and then the governor of the province is officially notified. He sets the day for the execution. All the condemned men are placed in one cell under a strong guard. The night previous to the day upon which they are to suffer all the men occupying the condemned cell are feasted and wined. A genuine banquet is served at the expense of the governor. The condemned men know that some of their number have been picked out to die the following day, but it is impossible to tell how many or who will be called out. So they all make the most of their feast and drink up all the wine, and generally wind up the affair by tumbling over on the floor and matting in a state of complete intoxication. It has been said that the wine and dinner were designed as a sort of "bracer" preparatory to the criminals' taking off. As a rule the banquet lasts until daybreak, and then comes the introductory to the tragedy, are enacted during the night in the cell, where the keepers and guards act as waiters.

At daybreak on the morning of the execution a "mayor" or marshal, accompanied by half a dozen soldiers, appears at the cell door with a list of names, which he solemnly reads off to the half drunken wretches. When he has finished he says:

"Goon hi ta koo" (I greet you on your ascension).

The cell door is then opened by the guards, and the soldiers, each picking out his victim, tie the cues many times together, and then begins to disrobe him. When the naked men have been stood up in a row, a short red cape is placed over the shoulders of each, and their hands are bound behind them with red cords, their feet are chained together, and ropes are tied around their heads at the line of the mouth. This latter answers a double purpose, as it makes a very handy and effective gag, and can be used with effect in lifting the head up. These preliminaries finished, the men are bundled into bamboo baskets like so many sacks of rice. The baskets are provided with ropes and with a pair of poles each of the soldiers carry them as they would carry sedan chairs.

A procession is formed outside of the jail. The soldiers, carrying the baskets, are followed by the executioner, sword in drawn swords. Immediately behind them is a man with an enormous gong, upon which he produces, with the aid of a padded drumstick, a series of tolling notes. These notes follow the regular cadence and the attaches of the court to the number usually of 100.

The beating of the great gong upon such occasions arouses the populace, and long before the parade of death moves the narrow streets of the town are lined with sleepy eyed citizens, anxious to see the baskets with their condemned freight.

In order to make as deep an impression as possible upon the people, these occasions are made as dreadful as may be. The march is at the slowest pace, the dismal tolling of the gong, sounding the death knell of the basketed criminals, is the only sound, save the shuffling of sandaled feet, which breaks the early morning stillness.

Upon the arrival of the procession at the place of execution, which is usually on the outskirts of the town, the corteges is surrounded by an imposing number of guards in waiting, in order to avert all possible risk of a rescue. The presiding magistrate ascends a platform and seats himself at a desk, facing the south. On the ground in front of him are a series of holes dug in the earth, each three feet distant from the other. The criminals are taken from their baskets and made to kneel before these holes, facing south. The people form a deep, solidly packed half circle at a respectful distance in front of the kneeling men, and the chief executioner steps forward with his sword poised in the air. Behind him are the other executioners ready to relieve him in case of an accident or if he should become tired before his work is completed. It not unfrequently happens that there are as many as six men kneeling in a row before him. He stands at the left end of the line, and, with his eye fixed on the magistrate, waits for the signal to begin the work that is to follow. The crowd know it because they see the stalwart form of the swordsman move slightly and plant his feet more firmly in the ground. The sword is raised a trifle higher, the double grip on the big handle tightens, there is a second's pause, and then the gleaming blade sweeps through the air in a downward, forward stroke. When it meets the neck of the victim it seems to halt for an instant, and then a spurt of blood, brief that it is barely perceptible, and with the impetus of its weight and swing the head rolls forward. The head of the victim topples forward, and as it falls into the hole prepared for it a fountain of blood spouts from the neck impelled by the final spasmodic throbs of the heart. Before its force is half spent the trunk of the criminal falls forward over the hole.

Before the convulsive twitching of the muscles has ceased the killer steps forward until he reaches the next quivering wretch and the performance is repeated. If he becomes tired while thus killing the heavy instrument of death he gives way to one of his assistants.

VOICES OF THE NIGHT.

Heard Through the Open Window of Our Bedroom.

Open house windows on still summer nights afford good entertainment for those sleepless individuals who spend their time kicking the sheet off and pulling it up.

"For heaven's sake, Maria," peals out a voice as startling as if from a church yard, "don't snore so loud. I've done nothing but toss and turn to keep you up ever since I came to bed. The neighbors will certainly think I am strangling you. Can't you put on the soft pedal a little? Ease up, my dear, till I get a couple hours' nap."

"Me snoring!" Maria replies, in sleepy disregard of grammar. "It's your own echoes you hear. I haven't had a wink of sleep. I can't sleep with you coming in at all hours of the night and turning up the gas full tilt to see if you had dampened your patent leathers. Me snoring! Never heard in my life, and you know it. You didn't know what you were about, anyway, when you came in. You said you had been down to Tody's, and there isn't any Tody's now. Think I'm a fool? You get into one of your stupid snooses and hear yourself snore, and then yell 'Maria!' Go to sleep, will you, and remember there's only one person snores in this family, and that's you!"

And a deadly silence reigns behind those windows.

"Mar-mar, is you here?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is you par-par?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is we goin' away to-morrow?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is I goin'?"

"Yes, darling?"

"Is you goin'?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is par-par goin'?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is we goin' in choo-choos?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is I goin' in choo-choos?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is you goin' in choo-choos?"

"Yes, darling."

"Mar-mar?"

"Yes, darling."

"Is we goin' to grannar's?"

"Shut that child up, will you, Helen, or I'll come in there." And silence falls on another happy nocturnal talk.

"Maud!"

"Yes," in eager shrillness.

"Are you awake?"

"Yes; are you?"

"Yes, I can't sleep."

"Neither can I."

"Wasn't he splendid?"

"Sh, sh! Your brother will hear us."

"Don't care if he does; he acted like a perfect brute to-night, to drag us home so early."

"Well, Ruth?"

"What?"

"Don't you think?"

"What?"

"Don't you think" (subdued giggle)—

"Do tell me what I don't think."

"Don't you think your brother" (snicker)—

"Don't be an idiot, Maud; what do you mean?"

"I think your brother is" (sound as of pillow rammed into mouth)——

"Maud Newbury, if you can't stop being a fool at midnight what hope is there for you?"

"All right, Ruthie; I'm going away next week and you can be as wise as you please, only I was going to say something that you might"——

"Well, what is it?"

"Why, I" (ecstacy of snickers)——

"Maud!"

"I know it."

"What do you know?"

"That I am a fool; but there"——

"But what?"

"But your brother is so very" (gyration of giggles)——

"So very what?"

"Why, so very" (chokes in a spasm of mirth)—a window suddenly bangs, and the sheet kicker is left in the summer midnight slough of silence again.—Lewiston Journal.

Wanted to Protect His Honor.

Farmer—Here, sir, is the butter I agreed to deliver.

Butter Buyer (taking his trier)—All prime, I suppose.

Farmer—Yes, yes; no need of running that iron thing through it.

Butter Buyer—Why, what harm would it do?

Farmer—Well, you see, it it should strike a stone that you've hit by chance the noise would grate on my sense of honor, sir.—Chicago Times.

Her Dower.

Astonished Clergyman (officiating at christening)—Please repeat the name of the infant again—I am rather deaf.

Parent—Mary-Barbara-Elizabeth-Parley-Akenside-Joanna-Perdunn-Williams-Finley-Young-Thompson-Pickle.

Clergyman (turning down at parent's dictation)—May I ask why you give the child such a remarkable name?

Parent—It's all we ever expect to be able to give her, sir.—Chicago Tribune.

In a Restaurant.

Husband—What are you going to order, my dear?

Wife—Something light—just one poached egg on toast and a cup of tea.

Husband—Waiter, will you take something light, too. Let me have two soft boiled eggs and a cup of coffee.

Wife—Why, dear, what's the matter?

Johnny (aged 5)—Does I'll have some thin' light, too. I does torn beef an' tablage will do me.—Exchange.

A Heavy Task.

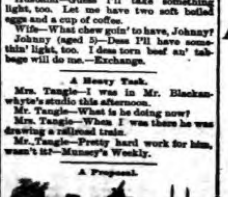
Mrs. Tangle—I was in Mr. Blackaway's office this afternoon.

Mr. Tangle—What was he doing now?

Mrs. Tangle—When I was there he was drawing a railroad train.

Mr. Tangle—Hard work for him, wasn't it?—Munsey's Weekly.

A Proposal.



Mr. G. Hackensack Dursley (who has long been walking an opportunity, decides the time has come at last)—Er—Miss Bud-get—er—I—I—I love you! Will you kiss me to-night in our plate-glass?

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a **Very Choice Stock of Shoes** for Fall trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some **Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.**

We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.

12 W. FRONT STREET.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 59c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c QUART ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1.35 and $1.75. **FIVE PER CENT. CASH.**

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.30 each. Jelly Tumblers, 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE, 126

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY,

V & W

We put on sale another lot of G-anite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen M ens 5-8 ish, 50c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flannels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tin ware and housefurnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body B russels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Housekeepers wishing to purchase rugs will do well to "map up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 59c., and new all wool Plaids, at 79c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUSINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT,

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES NINE 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 366 PAGES, 100 AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH, LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR SPECIAL ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-15-1y.

Joseph Krewson

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made of removing pianos.

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 62 Rose Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

24 and 26 floors, Box 1286

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chase stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE P. O. Box 793.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. Cook & Bro.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

97 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites special attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought and will be screened in the months best adapted to clean it at the mines, and will be delivered free from slate and stone. It is stored under cover.

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the best screens, enables me to make prompt deliveries. I am already given the highest satisfaction. Telephone 125. Orders left at office will receive prompt attention. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Telephone in operation. Our operations are approved of by the Board of Health. Postoffice address, Box 1286, Plainfield, N. J. Orders received at Fred Hann's, Randall's, Dunham's, Runyon's Pharmacy, Dr. Griffin's, Rogers Bros.' Shoe Store, Stanton and P. O.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

JOTTINGS.

—The Bachelors Club will hold a special meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—The special election on the amendment to the constitution is to take place next Tuesday.

—Walter S. Compton of North Plainfield has been declared a lunatic.—Somerset Messenger.

—Justice Nash has arrested a number of persons who have repeatedly refused to pay their poll tax.

—A gun lathe, weighing sixteen ton was cast in the foundry of the Pond Machine Tool Works yesterday afternoon.

—The members of the Plainfield Reform Club will hold their regular mid-week meeting at Reform Hall, this evening.

—Mr. Ed. Martin, the janitor at the main depot in this city, is to be married this evening to one of Plainfield's "dusky belles."

—Mantonomo Tribe, Independent Order of Red Men, are arranging for a grand ball to take place in the Crescent Rink in October.

—The concluding games of the Crescent-West End series will take place on the Crescent League grounds in this city next Saturday afternoon.

—The new electric crane to be used in hoisting castings at the Pond Machine Tool Works arrived by freight yesterday and will be put in position immediately.

—The Cleveland Minstrel troupe arrived in this city this morning. At twelve o'clock the company paraded the streets. A minstrel entertainment will be given in Music Hall this evening.

—A horse belonging to Richard Wortman, left standing on Somerset street at noon today, became frightened and ran away. The animal was caught before it succeded in wrecking the wagon.

—Charles Grender of North Plainfield applied to the Somerset County Court for a license to sell liquor by the wholesale. A remonstrance was filed against granting the application. It will be acted upon to-morrow.

—A wagon loaded with coal collided with a carriage occupied by Mrs. Read and her daughter on Somerset street yesterday afternoon. Mr. Lewis McIntosh was nearby and caught Mrs. Reed's horse. Mrs. Reed's carriage was only slightly damaged.

—In another column, Mr. N. M. Doty calls attention in his advertisement to the fact that he has now on hand a large stock of fine goods for Fall and Winter wear, which he proposes to make up in the custom tailoring trade as well and as cheap as can be done.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Alexander Stites of Mt. Bethel has removed his family to Millington.

Mr. William Wyckoff and family of White House will soon remove to Dunellen.

Mr. Charles W. Godyke has returned to his home in this city from a European trip.

Lawyer William A. Coddington and Miss Ida M. Wilson are to be married on the 8th, instant.

Mr. and Mrs. John Redman and son William of Mt. Bethel are convalescing from a siege of illness.

Mr. E. T. Frame of New York to-day took possession of Mr. Darling's house at No. 70 Prospect avenue.

Miss Eleanor D. Ouvost, formerly of this city and Mr. Frank Halstead were married at Jersey City, Tuesday.

The subject chosen by the Rev. W. R. Richards for his sermon next Sunday is "Why I am a Congregationalist."

Miss Lillie Chandler has returned from a European trip and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Augustus Sampson of Dunellen.

Mr. Percey Denton, the middle man of Cleveland's minstrel, is well-known in this city and his friends intend giving him a reception this evening.

Mrs. Shotwell and family, started on their return to their home in distant Dakota, last evening after a most delightful visit at her brother-in-law's, Mr. R. E. Anthony of Richmond street. Mr. Anthony went to New York and saw them safely aboard their train. Mrs. Shotwell intends to visit friends in Chicago and St. Louis before returning home.

Mrs. Susan Glasby, widow of James Glasby, and mother of Sheriff Glasby and Councilman Glasby, was 90 years old on Sunday. She is therefore one of the oldest residents of Elizabeth, and is enjoying fairly good health. Last evening there was a gathering of children and grandchildren in commemoration of Mrs. Glasby's birthday, at the home of her son, Councilman Jonathan T. Glasby, corner West Grand and Union streets. The occasion was an exceedingly agreeable one to all. Mrs. Glasby was most gratified over the kindly expressions and good wishes, and enjoyed the evening greatly. She has five children living.

Hens Committed.

Mr. Henry Hens was arrested this morning on complaint of his wife on the charge of attempting to poison his child. Special Marshal Coddington apprehended the accused and when he was arraigned before Justice Hardy he waived examination, and was committed to the Somerset county jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. Mr. Coddington took him to Somerville on the 1.39 p. m. train.

AN INSOLENT TRAMP.

He Attempted to Gain Admission to a House by Force.

Tuesday evening a man having the appearance of a tramp called at the residence of Mrs. Woolley on East Sixth street and rang the door bell. Mrs. Woolley upon opening the door inquired of the intruder what he wanted. His reply more than surprised her. He told her that he understood that she and her daughter occupied the house alone and that he wanted accommodations for the night. Mrs. Woolley said that she could not accommodate him, and ordered him from the premises. The fellow then became very insolent and rushed past the woman, thus gaining admission to the house. He opened an inner door and attempted to enter the dining room. There he stopped, however, as he was confronted by Mrs. Woolley's son-in-law. The young man demanded his business. The tramp became confused and could not answer. He was then thrown bodily from the house.

Residents in various parts of this city are continually complaining of the tramps who visit their homes daily, and either demand food in an insolent way or insult the person who opens the door. The authorities should take measures to put a stop to the influx of these vagrants.

Mechanical Drawing.

Classes in Mechanical Drawing will be organized at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Tuesday evening, Oct. 14th. Messrs. C.J. Robertson, and A. J. Guyett will again teach these classes which have been so eminently successful in past years. The classes of last Spring will have an opportunity to continue their study and a new class will be organized for the benefit of beginners. Any who have been irregular in their attendance.

The regular fall membership fee in the Y. M. C. A. entitles anyone to the above and any other privileges of the association.

The Bible Training Class for ladies will enter upon its fourth year of study at the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. All ladies interested are invited to be present at the meeting for the re-organization of the class.

Dunellen Notes.

Engineer J. R. McCall, who was injured last Friday morning in a smash-up on the N. J. C. R. R. near Spring street station at Elizabethport, has gone for a few days on a visit to his mother at Providence, R. I. It will be a number of days before he will be able to use his hand and arm.

Miss Florence A. Howard, of Dunellen, started yesterday on a visit to her sister, Mrs. D. W. Bryant, at Greenpoint, L. I.

Mrs. R. I. Roberts of Jamaica, L. I., is visiting her old friend, Mrs. A. H. Warden.

The funeral of Mrs. Asa R. Bush took place from her late residence on New Market yesterday. Interment was made in Jamesburg.

An Inhuman Mother.

Persons living on East Third street in the vicinity of Richmond were startled last evening by hearing a woman cry, "I have murdered my child." Investigation revealed the fact that the woman, who it is alleged, has continually under the influence of liquor, had pushed her little boy and he fell down a flight of stairs, landing in his head. Mr. Sylvester Sharkey and other neighbors ran to the child's assistance. The fall rendered the little fellow unconscious and he has been in a dazed condition ever since. A warrant will probably be issued for the woman's arrest.

Fire at New Market.

At about two o'clock yesterday afternoon, the barn and outbuildings on the farm occupied by James Voorhees, situated in New Market, were destroyed by fire. The flames were not discovered until they had gained a good headway and as there is no fire apparatus in the village, the efforts of the neighbors to save the buildings, proved unavailable. A large quantity of grain and hay, a wagon, harness and a chest of carpenter's tools were consumed. The fire is supposed to have been of an incendiary origin.

A Fine Paid Under Protest.

Mr. Frank Linke, convicted of selling beer to a minor, by inadvertence, as the jury was so well convinced of that fact, strongly recommended him to the mercy of the court, this morning paid under protest the fine of $25 imposed, deciding not to appeal. He emphatically declares that he is innocent, and that his counsel assures him the verdict on appeal would be reversed, but that he yielded to the advice of friends, and submits rather than have the bother of the suit.

A Brute Foiled.

A tramp yesterday attempted to criminally assault a ten-year-old girl named Wilson who was gathering golden rod near Netherwood. The child screamed pitifully and her cries brought to her assistance John Barlow, a laborer who was working in the vicinity. The brute then took to his heels and made good his escape. Mr. Barlow gave chase but the fellow disappeared in the woods in the vicinity. The girl was taken to her home.

Runaway on Front Street.

A horse belonging to Mr. Paul J. Loisseux of Chatham street, North Plainfield, became frightened on East Front street at about nine o'clock last evening and ran away. In turning the corner at Second street in which the animal was attached was overturned and Mr. Loisseux was thrown out. He escaped with a few slight bruises. The frightened animal was caught further down the street. No serious damage resulted.

Wreck on the Central.

Several freight cars were derailed at three o'clock yesterday morning on the Central railroad between the Cherry street bridge and Mulford's lumber yard, Elizabeth. Three cars were badly broken up, but fortunately no one was injured. The track was not torn up to such an extent as to materially delay travel.

THE WATER CONTRACT.

THE ALTERATIONS TO BE ASKED FOR.

Before a New Company Will Take Hold of it. Other Projects Talked of.

Plainfield, with its abundant supply of pure and wholesome water is still bothered by projectors of Water Works schemes.

Everything seems to be at a standstill in the matter of constructing the Water Works under the franchise and contract given to Mr. Charles Moore.

From the information gleaned it appears that the company, through its attorney, will ask for certain modifications of the contract on the ground that it will be impracticable to carry them out. If they can convince the Water Board, such body may recommend that Council grant the request.

This will open the whole question again for discussion and will mean virtually a new contract, which while it will not be so good for the city, will place the company in a condition where it may carry out the scheme at much less cost than by the present plan, and will enable Mr. Moore's creditors in taking possession to dispose of the stock and bonds of the company should they desire to do so.

It seems that the company's indebtedness to Hon. John Kean is about $15,000, which is exclusive of other indebtedness.

Before taking possession of the plant Mr. Kean and those to be interested with him propose to have the capacity of the wells tested, to see if it is what Mr. Moore claims it to be. The test is to be made by an outside engineer.

The company does not want to erect a stand pipe on the mountain, as the contract requires, because of the expensive machinery necessary, and because of the running expense attached to a train on the machinery to force water to a stand-pipe a mile or two away to such an altitude.

Instead it is desired to erect a stand-pipe near the wells to the proper altitude, that is, so that the water would never be lower than the highest building in Plainfield to be supplied. The amount of friction thus overcome would make a great saving in coal and power.

Next objection is made to the pressure of water demanded. It is maintained on the part of the men interested in the company that there is not a building in Plainfield the plumbing in which would withstand a pressure of 125 lbs. per square inch as called for. The pipes, it is said, would burst, and the houses be flooded. The request, therefore, will be made that this condition be modified.

It was at first intended to request that the rate to be paid by the city be increased because the price is, it is claimed, too low to pay expenses, but as that request was considered likely to stir up opposition it will not be urged.

The city will, however, be asked to waive *its right to buy the works at any time it* chooses to do so. This request will be made on the ground that investors will not touch bonds which may be called in at any time. Capitalists seeking investments prefer long time bonds, running, for instance, twenty years, but if they know just what to count on, will take bonds running for a less time. It is the fear that the city, after one, two, three or four years, will demand the sale of the works, to an interested syndicate, or to get a lower rate. This, the would-be investors claim, would make the investment undesirable, since the money worth six percent. at the time of the original investment, might not be worth over three per cent. when the city wanted to buy. The investor would thus be compelled to seek new investments, at half of his original advantage.

There are other objections which would virtually, if assented to, nullify the present contract. One capitalist remarked to a News reporter that "the contract is so carefully drawn that it is really overdrawn and unpracticable." Well, that may be capitalists' idea, but when the city has the matter under consideration again, it will not be likely to yield everything to suit those interested only in the scheme as an investment. The city must reserve rights to fully protect the taxpayers. This is a live question until it is settled in a way that will not even remotely jeopardize the taxpayers' interests, or even those who will be so reality, but might have to pay in increased rates for water supply from a company instead of as at present.

There is one other scheme likely to be brought before Council. It is understood that is fathered by one of the combine represented by Hon. Leon A. Ware, and has for its object ostensibly to have a system of water and sewerage combined.

This scheme is very plausible on its face but it is one which we are sure our citizens will vigorously oppose when we point out its character, as we will do after it is brought up. We regard it as the most villainous scheme of all, and think we can fully convince our readers at the proper time, that from its very inception—even to the law got through to operate under—it is full of hidden meaning calculated to arouse suspicion, but really in our judgment designed to boldly rob our taxpayers.

We do not think our citizens can afford to have anything to do with this scheme, at least until the law is amended.

Harkins is Deposed.

There was a time when Harkins, of Somerville, could pitch a ball that Plainfield players could not hit. That time is past. One can quite distinctly remember the time when Harkins, of Somerville, could fill over the plate with a ball that Plainfield batsmen could twirl over the plate. That time is also past. Harkins' of Somerville, was struck out twice, last Saturday, and then he said, behind pitcher Doran's back, that his rival "did not throw much of a ball." When Doran, of Plainfield, heard of Harkins' remarks, he offered to pitch when strikes over the plate and pay a good round sum to Harkins if he hit "only one of 'em." Harkins had not a word to say.—Central Times.

—Dixon's Tourists are to interpret the drama, "The Highland Lassie," at Amphion Hall to-night.

Base Ball.

About 2,000 anxious people, with but a single thought—who will win it?—witnessed the second of the West End-Crescent game on Saturday, at Plainfield. The first game had been won by the West Ends on the previous Saturday, at Somerville. That was not enough; to defeat the Crescents on their own diamond was the aim of the West Ends. As a sacrifice of some public belief to them for just and honest treatment did the Crescents try to prevent it. The manner in which the West Ends had pounded the leather around the field taught the Crescents that they must improve their batting. To do that *was their privilege*, but their *manner of doing* it is very questionable.

They engaged Doran of New Haven, the crack pitcher of the Atlantic Association, and by some method or means Tom O'Rourke, of the West Ends' first baseman and a heavy hitter, was induced to catch Doran, and only the day before the game Manager Mack received notice that O'Rourke was not to play with the West Ends. Such manipulation as that was not to be countenanced, and the justice loving members of the Crescent League (and they are not a few) joined in denouncing a course so absolutely unwarranted. The explanation offered was that Doran had agreed to bring a catcher, and that it was not known to be O'Rourke until too late to remedy the wrong. This may be true.

The manager of the West Ends was, however, equal to the occasion, and, to the surprise of many, who should show up in the left field for the West Ends but George Goar of the New York, Galligan in right and Berger on first base. Oh, what a fall (of hope) was there, my countrymen!—Somerset Messenger.

Sewerage System for Somerville.

The citizens of Somerville after many years of discussion and a thorough ventilation of the subject, have decided to put down a sewerage system. Various plans have been spoken of and frequent meetings have been held, but the final decision has been in favor of the small pipe system, like that in operation at Englewood, East Orange and other towns. The Board of Commissioners recently employed Carrol *Ph. Bassett, of Newark*, as the sanitary engineer, and the surveys and plans were made under his supervision, after which the system was admirably explained at a large meeting of citizens by H. H. Mitchell, who is connected with Mr. Bassett's office. The system comprises about four miles of pipes, and, bids having been received for the work, it is found the cost will be about $30,000. In order to carry on the work the Board of Commissioners have advertised for subscriptions to a series of five per cent. improvement certificates. The entire series will probably be subscribed for by freeholders of the town and will be receivable in payment for assessment for benefit. The work will be begun at once and will be completed by December 1. Small & Cerry, of New York, are the lowest bidders.

For Bicyclers.

As an exchange gratuitously gives the following hints to cycling tyros. It may be of interest to some of the numerous Plainfield riders:

"First get your bicycle.

Teach yourself to ride. Knowledge obtained by one's own efforts is more valuable than what others will tell you. That is because it costs more.

Make your first essay on a crowded street. If there are plenty of small children and a few trenches dug for sewer pipes, so much the better.

If you find it impossible to keep your balance at first, alight as gracefully as possible, but alight somehow. Then try it again. After a few trials you will be able to fall off with apparent unconcern, and a dozen bruises (also apparent.)

Don't try and beat the record for fast riding the first day you experiment.

Don't try to ride over a seven-rail fence or through a brick house. It takes an expert to do this correctly.

Don't take a header until you come to a grassy place."

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.
1 Monday	68	78	74
2 Tuesday	68	78	74
3 Wednesday	68	78	74
4 Thursday	68	78	74
5 Friday	68	78	74
6 Saturday	71	77	71
7 Sunday	70	77	71
8 Monday	70	77	71
9 Tuesday	70	77	71
10 Wednesday	70	77	71
11 Thursday	70	77	71
12 Friday	70	77	71
13 Saturday	70	77	71
14 Sunday	70	77	71
15 Monday	70	77	71
16 Tuesday	70	77	71
17 Wednesday	70	77	71
18 Thursday	70	77	71
19 Friday	70	77	71
20 Saturday	70	77	71
21 Sunday	70	77	71
22 Monday	70	77	71
23 Tuesday	70	77	71
24 Wednesday	70	77	71
25 Thursday	70	77	71

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the county clerk's office:

Samuel H. Hunt & wife to Amelia A. Hunt, lot on Hunt's Mill road, Bound Brook $600

Leland avenue, Middle 1

Charles J. Rice, Mary H. Lounds & Charles H. Lounds, executors & James P. Buckley, land on Second street, Plainfield, Middle 1,200

James Mason, Jr. & wife to Edward M. Bamford, of Plainfield, land on east Park place, Plainfield, Middle 1

Edward M. Bamford & wife to Charles Manning, land on west 3d st, Plainfield, Middle 1

—At the Warren Mission chapel on-night, commencing at 8 o'clock, an opportunity will be afforded to all those who desire to see the great illustrated lecture on Japan, by Donald Downie, D. C. L. Those who have already seen views only upgraded mechanical effects will be used. Mr. Downie furnishes the highest testimonials from the press and pulpit, and those who hear him cannot be disappointed.

This Date in History—Sept. 25.

MARIA CONE.

1776—Birth of Mrs. Felicia Hemans, poet; died 1835.

1857—Gen. Havelock marched to the relief of Lucknow, in India, where an English force had taken refuge and was defending itself against the hosts of Nana Sahib gathered around the city. The heroism of the garrison during the siege of the place, and the gallantry of the relieving troops at this point, for it was well known that the defender of the garrison to the Sepoys meant massacre. On his arrival Havelock fought his way through the Sepoy army and reached Lucknow. The siege continued, however, until the coming of Sir Colin Campbell, and it was not until the 19th of November that a Scotch girl on the ramparts of Lucknow caught the sound of the Highlanders' pibroch in the distance. It was then that Sir Colin's army burst through the lines of the besiegers and rescued the garrison and inhabitants. The shocking incident has been made the basis of one of the most stirring dramas on the stage.

1864—Lincoln suspended habeas corpus writ and authorized severe measures against disloyal persons.

1864—Gen. Diaz proclaimed president of Mexico.

1890—Death in London of Miss Cook, poet (author of "The Old Arm Chair"), aged 71.

A Fraternal Visit.

About thirty members of Howell Division, Sons of Temperance of this city went to New Brunswick in stages last evening to pay a fraternal visit to Stet Division of that place. After meeting both Division adjourned to Welcome Division's room where the visitors were royally entertained. At about midnight all present partook of a substantial collation, after which the Plainfielders started for their home s in this city well pleased with the pleasant evening they had spent.

To Our Subscribers.

When you return from your Summer outing notify us at once, so that your paper, if sent you by mail while away, may be taken from the mail list and delivered at your home by carrier.

Cent-a-Word Column.

$120. will buy a Warwick perfection safety can be used by either sex. Ridden one month. Address "Bargain," care of EVENING NEWS. 24-3

A GIRL of 18 would like situation in small family. Is good worker, quick and bright. Address "S. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 24-3

A GIRL wants situation at general housework in small family. 83 West Fifth street. 24-3

A NEW store and flats to-let, corner of Richmond and Third streets. Apply to Peter Cassidy, No. 307 East Front street. 23-6

FOR SALE—Cheap—Building lot, four minutes from Bevans station. Small amount cash. Balance instalments or mortgage. Address "W. R.," care of EVENING NEWS.

FOR Sale—Cheap—A self-feeding base burner parlor stove, nickel base and trimmings, nearly new. 57 Grandview avenue. 9-25tf

FOR SALE—Baby carriage. Enquire No. 17 Chatham street.

FOR SALE—32 calibre Winchester repeating rifle, 25 shots. Will be barrain; in perfect condition. Price $12. Address "Rifle," care of EVENING NEWS. 24-3

GIRL for general housework. Must be strong and competent, and have references as to honesty. Good wages. Address "Girl," care of EVENING NEWS. 23-4

HOUSE TO LET furnished or unfurnished. Ten rooms, furnace hot and cold water to range. Rent low. Apply to Cornelius B. Perry at Mrs. West's, Front street corner Church street. 23-3

I WOULD like to trade a fine shot gun and ammunition belt for safety bicycle. Address S. Wilson, care Lock Box B. 23-3

SITUATION wanted by girl as nurse and to do general housework. Good reference. Call at 37 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Must be good cook and laundress. Call 20 Willow avenue.

WANTED—A nurse for growing child, and to assist with sewing. 54 Central avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of three, where another girl is kept. Must have good references. Call on Tuesday, September 30th, at 16 East Ninth street. 24-26

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

WANTED—Girl for general house-work. Reference required. Apply at No. 7 Myrtle avenue, North Plainfield. 9 17-1

WANTED—An active, honest man. Salary $100 monthly if suitable, with opportunities for advance, to represent locally a responsible New York house. References. Manufacturer, Lock Box 1593, N. Y. 3-13 m-t 1y

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsley's, also a lot of Greenhouse plants. Insurance office, connected with Mrs. Lindsley. 16 West Front st.

GYMNASIUM CLASSES in Plainfield Bicycle Club. Ladies' class Thursday afternoons 3 to 6 o'clock, terms $5 per year. Gentlemen's class Saturday afternoons, 2 to 10 o'clock, terms $6 per year. For admission or information apply to J. H. Conger, M. D., Chairman gymnasium committee. 23-3*

H. SPENCER,
Grocer and confectioner, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lunch served every day, choice groceries and provisions, wholesale and retail, cook and glassware, flower pots, etc., pure table vinegar, canned goods summer prices.

MORAIN, SHETLAND
Pony for sale, gentle, and shoulder mane, both by hand, in the finest pasture, and will be exhibited on Front street, Plainfield, during the dog show week. By Mrs. Charles Mayer, 54 Pearl street. Call and see samples. 23-3m

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and others can get a good cheese or meat lunch out at Charles Hann's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Orr. 6-24-1y

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
and plants, beautiful colors for fall planting, at low prices; also BULBOUS ROOTS AND DEUT. Send for descriptive catalogue, at Dunn's Nursery Box 397 Middle avenue. 6-23-1y

For BEST Bargains in Stoves, go to DENCKLAU'S, 76 West Front Street. A $14 Stove for $12.50. A $12 Parlor Stove for $10.50. Everything Else in Same Proportion. Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept 24 and 25.

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Merino Hose and Infants' CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Everybody Can be supplied for this week with a pound of the following of our famous 50 cent teas, receiving 3lbs of granulated sugar free.
Special Mixed, (our own blend), Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan (pan fired), Uncolored Japan (basket fired), Young Hyson, Gunpowder.
The above are new season's crop, and will compare favorably with teas sold in other stores at 60 cents without any inducement.

Remember We are the introducers of this system of conducting business in Plainfield, and do not have to canvass after any store through compulsion. In other words we lead all in best goods at lowest prices.

WATCH Our advertisements and we will keep you posted.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES
IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR
LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,
STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.
We will have more to say about other lines later.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT. STREET.
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be
As Low as Any in the State, considering quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Tailoring, 48 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats
DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.
Best Goods for the Least Money.
HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.
U. B. Crane,
12 Park avenue.

ELECTION.
Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the several wards and districts of the City of Plainfield, N. J., on
TUESDAY SEPT. 30, 1890.
To vote for or against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of this State, as agreed upon at the last session of the Legislature of this State.
The polling places will be as follows:
First Ward—At Hoagland's Express Office, North avenue, opposite the depot.
Second Ward—At Grannel Rink, corner of Second and Plum streets.
Third Ward—At John J. Sharp's carriage factory, West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
Fourth Ward—First District—at Albert Hess Company's House, Madison avenue, between Somerset and Second streets.
Second District—At the store room of John T. Price, corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.
Polls open at 6 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m. By order of JOSEPH R. CONGER, City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., September 17th, 1890.

Japan! Japan!!
The Great Mission Field Benefit
WARREN UNION MISSION.
The last of the Magnificently Illustrated Lectures by
PROF. DONALD DOWNIE, B. C. L.
The eminent foreign traveller,
Mission Chapel,
THURSDAY, SEPT. 25th, 8 p. m.
Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 35 cents. Children, 5 to 12, 15 cents.

MUSIC HALL, M.H.A.
TO-NIGHT
A massive monopoly, creating a new standard hitherto not attempted in amusement enterprise. Hundreds as a result unable to secure standing room during its recent New York engagement.
W. S Cleveland's
CONSOLIDATED MINSTRELS.
The Original Stars of all Nations, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Hughey Dougherty, Lyle Seabert, and over half a hundred minstrel notables, in connection with the reigning sensation of the age, the
CRAGGS—Da Ing British; Graceful Gentlemen Marvelous Athletes.
The whole aggregating $1,000 actual daily outlay. Seats on sale Tuesday. Prices 50, 75 and $1.00.

AMPHION THEATRE, PLAINFIELD.
CHAS. H. HAND, Prop. One week,
commencing
Monday Eve. Sept. 22d
Dixon's Tourists,
in a repertoire of favorite plays.
Monday eve, the Romantic Drama "Kathleen Mavourneen." Tuesday evening, the moral and society play "Lost in London." Wednesday matinee, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Wednesday evening, "Fast Living." Thursday evening, the laughable farce "Muldoon's Picnic." Friday evening, the thrilling Irish drama "Shamus O'Brien," introducing the clever orchestra Leader Master Frankie Dixon in song and dance. Popular prices, 15, 25, 35c.

Plainfield Evening News.

ONE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, BY

W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

Tornado Lore.

In The Forum Lieut. John P. Finley sums up the attainments science has thus far made in the investigation of tornadoes. They may occur at any place in America east of the 105th meridian, and at any time, though they are most common in the period from March 1 to the end of September. May is the worst month in the year for them. They form when warm, moist air begins to flow underneath a stratum of colder, dryer air. These whirl over and upon one another and produce the tornado.

There are local signs of a tornado's approach usually long enough beforehand for persons to protect themselves from it, so far as protection is possible. There are deathlike stillness and oppressive heat. Detached clouds scurry through the sky toward a common center. In the west and northwest appears a dense bank of black cloud. Sometimes is heard the roar of the wind in the vortex of the tornado cloud. The approaching tornado cloud of dust, rain, etc., is generated by the vortex of whirling air and is funnel shaped, with the small end toward the earth.

The tornado forms in the northwest and passes toward the east and northeast. To run away from it one must travel in the direction opposite to that which it takes. Its usual time of appearing is the hottest portion of the day, generally from 3:30 to 5 in the afternoon. Finally, no structure that mortal man can build is able to withstand its violence. The best houses in tornadic regions are wooden ones, from the fact that when they fall they do not fall so heavily. Tornado caves such as Lieut. Finley describes below will save lives, and should be attached to houses in regions where such storms are frequent. He recommends strongly tornado accident insurance policies for both life and property. Tornadoes average about 150 a year in this country, and occur just about as often as they have done ever since their number was first recorded.

The underground retreat is described as follows:

> The tornado cave offers absolute security to life and little more than the price of labor and space it for that purpose. This retreat may be constructed as a cellar cave or as a dug out. In the former case an excavation is made in the west wall of the cellar, on a level with the floor, and is caught underground a distance sufficient to prevent the overlooking of the cave when the purpose to secure the cave. The overhanging earth must be supported by heavy timbers, and then arched over with masonry of brick or stone. This outer protection removes the roof in reverse, and is proof against any serious damage to it by falling timber or heavy masses of debris. The excavation is made [illegible] wall, and is provided with strong doors, one facing from the west, a[illegible] the doors away from that side. The dug out is a tornado cave up to necessary requirements, with any building or houses are not furnished with cellars and, moreover, a tornadic cave is sometimes required where there are no houses, as in the open fields where they are not so situated as to make connection with the cave practicable.

The Mannerless Sex.

It is thus that Oscar Fay Adams characterizes women in The North American Review. Has Mr. Adams, being an eastern man, never seen the men pelting over one another to board a New York city elevated train morning and evening, and knocking both men and women out of the way, that for making the sweeping assertion that men in public would not be allowed to treat one another for half an hour as women habitually treat their own sex. If not, then Mr. Adams should go and look at them. No gorillas in an African jungle, no pigs tumbling over one another at a feed trough were ever more regardless of the rights of others. To follow Mr. Adams' own expression, such behavior would not be tolerated half an hour in any interior or western city. Yet it goes on unchecked, unrebuked even, day after day, year after year, in the metropolis of the United States.

Meanwhile, that the ladies may know just what Mr. Adams charges specifically against them, we copy the following items:

> First—The indifference with which a woman will contemplate the fact that the convenience of others has been sacrificed to her caprice. Very observable in young women.
>
> Second—The needless delay a woman often causes in making her appearance when visitors have called upon her. Most commonly noticed among women who are no longer classed as girls.
>
> Third—The unwillingness of a woman to wait for another to finish speaking before beginning to speak herself. Characteristic of nearly all sex.
>
> Fourth—Her failure to appreciate the importance of an engagement. Most noticeable among women who have the fewest social duties.

Chicago, with the vast grain and animal producing region around her, the lake at her front and the lumber regions across and along the lake, looks confidently forward to the time when she will be the metropolis of the country and New York its seaport. London, say Chicagoans, is the largest city in the world, yet it is not much of a port. Liverpool is the seaport of England. Paris, with over two and one-quarter million inhabitants, is not a seaport. Neither is Berlin nor Vienna, each with a million and a quarter population. So what is to hinder Chicago from becoming the largest city in America?

"Maine ought to stop voting in September. It is a bad season of the year," says The Boston Herald.

KENNEDY HEARD AGAIN.

His Sensational Speech Expunged from The Record.

REBUKED, BUT STILL DEFIANT.

The Ohio Legislator Said His Speech Might Be Blotted from The Record, but Would Be Remembered by 60,000,000 Americans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—In the house Mr. Miller, of South Carolina, was sworn in. A resolution from the foreign affairs committee calling on the president for information about the killing of Gen. Barrundia was agreed to. A resolution from the judiciary committee directing that Mr. Kennedy's celebrated speech be excluded from The Record was agreed to. Mr. Kennedy defended himself in a long speech. The French spoliation claims bill was considered, and finally was nonconcurred in—111 to 87—and a conference was ordered. Senate bills were passed giving Mrs. Fremont, Mrs. McClellan and Mrs. Crook pensions of $2,000 a year each.

Mr. Kennedy's Defense.

Mr. Stewart (Vt.), from the committee on judiciary, reported a resolution directing the public printer to exclude from The Record the speech of Representative Kennedy (O.), made Sept. 3, criticising Judge Jeffreys.

Mr. Kennedy requested to be heard in his own behalf. At first there was a disposition shown to refuse him this request, but after Mr. Boutelle (Me.) had declared that it would be an outrage to deny him the request Mr. Kennedy was accorded the floor for twenty minutes. Mr. Kennedy said that he had asked the committee on judiciary either to let his speech appear in The Record entire or to strike it out entire. He was willing to stand before the people of America on that speech, believing that the people of this country in their first judgment and in their sober second judgment would approve the words he had uttered. He had no parliamentary body in the land that represented the people of the United States so fully as the body to which he belonged.

It Had Been Heard from the People.

If the people of the United States were not to be heard on this floor, on what floor, he asked, could they be heard? He had received from the country It had been charged by a few persons that he had given aid and comfort to the Democratic party. He exhibited clippings from newspapers throughout all America and in all that list he said there was not one single Democratic paper which had approved his speech. But there were hundreds and hundreds of clippings from Republican papers, and with one or two exceptions, they approved his utterances. He also had letters from every section of the land from Maine to California and from the lakes to the gulf indorsing his speech. He was willing to stand before the people of the country and wait for their indorsement. The party to which he belonged had pledged itself in its platform and during the campaign to perform certain duties and fulfill certain promises.

His Reasons for Speaking.

One of those pledges, he said—the first and greatest of them—was that the Republican party would put on the statute books of the land a law for the protection of every citizen so that he could go to the ballot box, deposit his vote and have it counted. It was because his party had failed to do that that he had stood upon this floor and spoken of the pledges and broken promises. This house had performed its pledges.

It was not the fault of the house that the pledges had not been redeemed and he had a right to say this here or elsewhere. He had made speeches on this floor which had sunk into the hearts of the people. They sank into the ocean and were lost forever. But he had at least made one speech on the floor that the people had heard. The house might blot it from The Record and sweep it from existence, but it could not blot it from the quickened consciences of 60,000,000 people of America.

To Follow Lincoln's Lead.

He could not, he said, rival the words of the great emancipator, but with the single talent God had given him, he would stand on this floor or anywhere defending the rights of the poor, down trodden and oppressed. He had stood for five years on fifty battlefields to testify his devotion to the cause of liberty and unity. And for twenty-five years since, whenever opportunity presented itself, he had stood in behalf of liberty, justice, equality, a free ballot and a fair count.

Others might seek the plaudits of the powerful and the great, but as for him, he would stand with the people on the side of the plain people whom Abraham Lincoln had loved.

He Avoided the Question.

Mr. Stewart said that the gentleman had not uttered one word touching the real question. Nobody questioned the gentleman's ability to defend the principles of liberty and nobody challenged the record he had made in defense of that principle. The question was whether in the speech, which was in spirit and substance a bitter and savage arraignment of the co-ordinate branch, was a violation of parliamentary law and of the privileges of the house. If, as the gentleman said, the people of the country were under the impression that this sort of assault had been correctly made the unanimous judgment of the house ought to correct that impression. In response to a question by Mr. Boutelle Mr. Stewart stated that it was proposed to expunge the entire speech called forth by—

—retort from Mr. Boutelle that in expunging the entire speech the gentleman was expunging part of the Republican platform. The previous question was then ordered—yeas, 161; nays, 86—and the resolution adopted—yeas, 150; nays, 86.

In the Senate.

The senate passed a resolution directing the heads of the state, treasury, war and navy departments to prepare bills based on the recommendations of the various conferences. Senate substitute for the federal court bill was passed, also senate bill to pay to the personal representatives of Capt. John Brisben, $93,180, found due to him by decree of the court of claims in 1867.

The Federal Court Bill.

The federal court bill as it passed the senate provides for the appointment by the president of an additional circuit judge. It creates in each circuit a circuit court of appeals to consist of three judges, and which is to be a court of record, with appellate jurisdiction.

A term is to be held annually by the circuit court of appeals in the several judicial districts at the following places: First circuit, Boston; Second circuit, New York; Third circuit, Philadelphia; Fourth circuit, Richmond; Fifth circuit, New Orleans; Sixth circuit, Cincinnati; Seventh circuit, Chicago; Eighth circuit, St. Louis; Ninth circuit, San Francisco, and in such other places in each of the above circuits as said court may from time to time designate. The first terms of said courts are to be held on the second Monday in January, 1891, and thereafter at such times as may be fixed by said courts. No appeal, whether by writ of error or otherwise, is to be hereinafter taken or allowed from any district court to the existing circuit courts, and no appellate jurisdiction is hereby or shall be exercised or allowed by said existing circuit courts, but all appeals by writ of error or otherwise from said district courts shall only be subject to review in the supreme court of the United States or in the circuit court of appeals established by the bill.

THE WORLD OF POLITICS.

The State Ticket of the Union Labor party in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—The executive committee of the Union Labor party met in secret session here. When the doors were opened it was announced that it had been decided to place the following ticket in nomination:

Governor, Theodore P. Ryndor, of Centre county; lieutenant governor, Justus Watson, of Tioga county; secretary of internal affairs, Henry K. Fuller, of Blair county.

A ratification committee was named and a platform adopted.

Eight gentlemen who claimed to be entitled to admission as members of the executive committee, but who were refused admission to act as such met after the adjournment of the committee and denounced Mr. Ryndor and his associates.

Representative McAdoo Defeated.

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 25.—Congressman McAdoo was defeated for renomination in the Democratic convention yesterday. The nominee is Edward F. McDonald, who was ousted from the state senate last winter because it was alleged he had been counted in. The official figures announced at the end of the first ballot were: McDonald, 141; McAdoo, 9.

Corporation Attorney Hudspeth nominated McDonald in a strong address, in which he characterized as a disgrace the outrage in action of the state senate in rejecting McDonald and appealed to the convention to vindicate the honestly elected senator by making him its nominee and electing him to congress. Counselor Wilam D. Daly, of Hoboken, nominated Mr. McAdoo, whom he declared was the best representative the state ever sent from Hudson county, and asked, "Are you today, after his ability to the party, going to crucify him?" Counselor John A. McGrath applauded Mr. McAdoo, but declared it was time to make a change.

Governor Brackett and Tenement Clothing

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—In reply to the recent letter to gubernatorial candidates of John Crowley, secretary of the executive board of Clothing Operatives' National union, Governor Brackett writes that if elected he shall recommend that the legislature investigate Mr. Crowley's allegation that the New York tenement house clothing manufacturing system is injurious to Massachusetts workmen and menacing to the health of the people. He would ask the question as to whether or not he would order the state board of health to prohibit the sale in this state of such tenement made clothing, the governor says he is advised that the power to effect such prohibition rests only with the board of health of the city of Boston. If it is shown that these goods are liable to spread the germs of disease, the legislature will doubtless enact measures necessary to mitigate the evil, which measures he should exert his authority to enforce.

Other Nominations.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 25.—William Elliott, who was unseated by the house of representatives Tuesday, has been renominated by acclamation by the Democrats of the Seventh district.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Republican congressional convention of the Thirty-third district, at Lockport, nominated George A. Davis.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 25.—The Twelfth district Republican congressional convention nominated Francis W. Rockwell. Resolutions indorsing his work in congress and Speaker Reed's course were adopted.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 25.—The Democratic congressional convention of the Fourth district has renominated Hon. Robert E. De Forest, of this city, for congress.

Another Gubernatorial Candidate.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 25.—Thirty committees of the Prohibition state committee met here and nominated John D. Gill, of Westmoreland, for governor, to take the place of Charles Miller, who declined. Mr. Gill was present and accepted the nomination.

Two Men Killed by a Whale.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—The captain of the fourth officer of the bark Maggie Mac, just arrived here, reports having spoken the whalers Jonn and Winthrop. On Aug. 19 the Winthrop sighted a large whale, and two boats were sent after it. As soon as the whale was struck by harpoons it wrecked both the boats by striking them with its tail, killing the principal of the men killed and another had both legs broken. The John and Winthrop had eight whales.

A "Green Goods" Man Arrested.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 25.—Jacob Bush, of many aliases, one of the most dangerous "green goods" men in the country, has been arrested here and held to await the action of the United States authorities on charges of using the mails for fraudulent purposes in attempting to defraud the government. Two of Bush's victims, John E. Bethia and William Atkinson, merchants, of Salem county, S. C., were also taken into custody.

Sentences of Editors Reversed.

DUBLIN, Sept. 25.—Judge Waters, of the Waterford sessions, has reversed the sentences of three months' imprisonment at hard labor imposed upon Editors Fisher, Redmond and Spencer for plan of campaign speeches at Wakefield. The prosecution was badly conducted, and aroused unfavorable comments from the court. The result is thought to be damaging to the government's prestige.

Literally Roasted to Death.

TREMONT, Pa., Sept. 25.—A violent explosion occurred in the Pegeridge colliery, near this borough, Wednesday. The invalids workings were set afire and the force of men had all they could do to extinguish the flames. Benjamin Ward, of Branchdale, was killed by the explosion, having been literally roasted to death. James Lewis and Albert Miller were horribly burned and may die.

A Hidden Lady's Suicide.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Sept. 25.—Miss Mary Justice, an unmarried lady of 50 years, living at Mechanicsville, committed suicide by hanging. The cause is not known.

DAVITT'S GRAVE CHARGE

The Government's Alleged Plot Against Mr. Parnell.

IT HIRED RED JIM M'DERMOTT.

Editor Michael Davitt Claims the Dynamite Outrages Were Inspired by the Government for the Purpose of Ruining Ireland's Champion.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Michael Davitt will begin in his paper, The Labor World, of today his series of disclosures to the effect that the fabric of political events which began with the dynamite explosions at the house of parliament, the Nelson column in Trafalgar square and the underground railway some years ago, and ended with the Parnell commission, was the result of a deep laid conspiracy on the part of the British government to destroy Parnell and the national movement together. Mr. Davitt goes to the root of the matter in divulging the secret history of the great dynamite conspiracy. He shows that it was only after the hiring of James McDermott, or "Red Jim" as he was nicknamed, that the dynamite outrages really began. He says:

What He Will Establish.

"We shall establish by indisputable evidence all the charges we now make—namely, that one James McDermott, of Brooklyn, organized the dynamite plots in Cork and Liverpool in the year 1883 by the aid of money furnished him by the British consul general in New York and the officials in Dublin castle.

"That McDermott supplied dynamite to his dupes, Feeney, Mooney, Deasy and others, and then betrayed them to the police, using the dynamite in their possession as proof of their guilt.

"That McDermott by his own confession and over his signature admitted that he was cognizant of and a party to the dynamite outrage which occurred in London.

"That Francis, the head of the Irish constabulary detectives, was involved with McDermott in the dynamite schemes in Ireland.

"That McDermott was sent from New York to Montreal in 1883, with the knowledge and consent of the British consul, to organize a dynamite plot in that city."

Davitt's Strong Promises.

Davitt goes on to state that a female agent of the police visited Dublin in 1883 and offered money to different men in that city if they would consent to engage in a plot to blow up the house of commons. The article continues:

"We undertake to make good each and all of these charges on oath by witnesses who shall be examined before any tribunal or committee of investigation the home secretary may choose to name for that purpose. These charges must not and shall not be shirked. The ends of justice demand an investigation.

Called Back by the Government.

The story begins in October, 1882, and introduces McDermott as an employe of the British consul general. It describes how he and another spy got into O'Donovan's Rossa's office and stole all his papers, which they delivered to the consul, and then the British authorities enlisted the McDermott be sent to England. The narrative breaks off with the arrival of McDermott at Liverpool, where he was met by an emissary of the Dublin castle secret service.

Arrested at the Altar.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 25.—William J. Pray, a young man well known in South Brooklyn, who lives at No. 525 Fifth avenue, stood before the bar in the Butler street police court yesterday attired in his wedding outfit. By his side was Mary Ida Hillyer, an attractive girl of 16 years, who charged him with having deceived her under a promise of marriage. Pray was about to be married to an estimable young woman named Bungard on Tuesday night, when Miss Hillyer interfered and caused Pray's arrest, and he was locked up in the Fifth avenue police station on a warrant issued by Justice Tighe.

SOMETHING GREAT JUST PUBLISHED. CARNAUD BROS. PLAINFIELD, N.J.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger
Prices the lowest.
Design the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Four Vee tilator

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Sure Cure for Corns. Stiffness and Soreness of the Feet. Sold by druggists. Prepared by W. H. GILDERSLEEVE, Chemist, 92 Nassau St., New York.

Rest a Tonique to a Hotel Room.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 25.—The remains of William F. Young, a mechanic employed by the Winchester Arms company, were discovered lying on the bed in a room in the Merchants' hotel yesterday. The man had been dead for two weeks at least in the opinion of the medical examiner. Young was a man of irregular habits and the coroner's jury brought in a verdict of the death of the deceased was accidental. The door was broken in and the decomposed remains of Young were found on the bed. What caused death is an open question. Young indulged in a great spree occasionally, and it is thought he may have taken poison.

At Odds Over Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Sugar is the only remaining point of difference in the tariff bill. The duty on binding twine is still about 2½ cents, but it is generally understood that the duty will be fixed at ¼ per cent. per pound and accepted in this form by both houses. The members of the conference committee had a little scrap of a bolt by the Republican senators who advocate free binding twine or anybody else. They say that no Republican member of the house of representatives will vote against the party with the object of killing the bill, and that the talk of doing so is mere bluff. If there is real trouble it will be over sugar.

"The Boltsat Spider" Fined.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—In the municipal court, Ike Weir, "the Belfast Spider," was arraigned on the charge of having evaded paying his carriage fare and with having assaulted Thomas H. Roberts. Weir showed no signs of the encounter, but Roberts had some ugly black marks on his face. Weir was discharged on the complaint of evading carriage fare by reason of a variance between the allegation and the proof. On the charge of assaulting Roberts he was found guilty and fined $25 and costs. He appealed and was held in $200 for trial in the higher court.

American Mechanics Choose Officers.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 25.—At the annual session of the Connecticut Order of American Mechanics, the following officers for the ensuing year were elected: National councillor, Charles H. Jewett, of New Haven; secretary, Thomas P. Chapman, of New Haven; secretary, John Seaver, of Philadelphia; treasurer, Joseph H. Shinn, Camden; marshal, E. E. Hill, of Milford, N. H.; protector, G. D. Lndiam, Jersey City, N. J.; doorkeeper, John Welty, Alliance, O. The next annual session will be held at Troy in September, 1891.

A Coke Workers' Combine.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., Sept. 25.—The Knights of Labor and the National Progressive union of the coke regions have united, and the organization will hereafter be known as District No. 1 of the United Mine workers. The coalition of the two bodies makes an organization of 20,000 members. They will be governed by one set of division officers. The amalgamation is the result of a conference held here last evening.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and grays, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and slate, good value, 79c.

5-hook, in slate, tan and brown (special), 87c.

6-hook, in black, tan, slate and brown, $1.

The "Gladys" English walking glove, every pair warranted, $1.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c skein.

Saxony, all colors, 10c per hank.

Best imported Berlin wool, 10c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE B'EA.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables erected wholly to training and boarding trotters.

Terms made known upon application.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N. H. Guttman's

19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Rose Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,

32 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH AND AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. Parties and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware. Lamps etc., in great

Mrs. Martin's

MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate the shade,

WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR, OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Itsequal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a protective against moths. For sale at th Fancy Goods Store of

C. E CLARKE

No. 9 Par Front street next to P. O.

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Farcy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer.

AND DEALER IN

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

Bought—Sold—Repaired.

Bargains for all—No. 9 Somerset street.

ONE HAIR MATTRESS—A Special Bargain. 8-21-1y.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

FIVE POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all it is season's goods.

2nd—The first part of hours will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed.

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING AND TINNING

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 10 Third street, corner Second. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME

SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.

WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.

NATHAN HARPER, " "

ELIAS R. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE.

P. O. BOX 1497.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

18 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER,

AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate erasure given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

L. M FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,

All Qualities,

All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

18 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 5 PARK AVENUE.

AN ALIBI FOR BIRCHALL.

That Will Probably Be the Prisoner's Defense.

FORGING THE CHAINS OF GUILT.

A Strong Case Founded Upon Circumstantial Evidence Solely Is Being Made Out Against the Accused by the Legal Gentlemen of the Crown.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 25.—Impassive as a man of iron, Birchall listens while link by link the chain of evidence connecting him with the murder of Benwell is forged. At the opening of the third day of the trial Dr. Taylor, of Princeton, described Benwell's wounds. The murderer had held his pistol so close to the back of Benwell's head that the hair was singed. Manager Burnett, of the Great Northwestern Telegraph company, Buffalo, N. Y., identified a telegram Birchall sent to himself. Postmaster Woodruff, of Niagara Falls, Ont., swore that Birchall rented a postoffice box in February for six months ending Aug. 18.

Meteorological Testimony.

Professor Wolverton, manager of the Meteorological observatory, Woodstock, testified to the condition of the weather during the week of the murder. His records showed the temperature to be above freezing on the morning of Feb. 17, the supposed day of the murder, slightly below freezing that night at 7. Rain and sleet during the night, snowing and drifting on Thursday and below freezing on Friday, when the body was found.

An Attempt to Steal the Body.

Sexton John Greigs being recalled swore that at 10 o'clock Wednesday night succeeding Pelley's identification of the body at the time when Birchall was in custody, a buggy drove up to the cemetery and stopped. He drew the blind to let the light shine out and the buggy was driven away rapidly. He suspected that somebody had come to steal the body. James Hull, lumber merchant of Princeton, testified that Birchall told him that he (Birchall) had parted from Benwell at the Falls, Benwell going to London, and that Benwell had sent him here from London a letter containing checks for baggage.

Constable Watson and Undertaker Schwarz previously swore that Birchall had told them the same story. Witness asked Birchall if he had the envelope of the letter from London showing the name of the hotel Benwell stopped at. He replied in the negative.

Birchall Said "No."

Capt. Cox, of Paris, swore that Birchall gave him the same explanation as to Benwell's disappearance which he gave Hull, Watson and Schwartz. He told Detective Murray the same story, showing that he had planned to tell the same story to several people, thus making corroborations to protect himself. Cox asked Birchall if he suspected who killed Benwell. He answered, "No." George Phemister, manager of the Niagara Falls (Ont.) telegraph office, identified the telegram sent by Birchall, who told Phemister that Benwell had from $80 to $100, that he had seen him last on the Grand Trunk platform at the Falls, and that Benwell went to London, whence he sent the latter containing paper and checks for baggage.

Lord Somerset" Then.

George Hersee, farmer, near the scene of the murder identified the prisoner as the man who introduced himself to witness in 1889 as a son of Lord Somerset. He drove a two horse carriage. Next day he arrived with a four-in-hand. Somerset then told Hersee he had been in the vicinity before. He asked about Mud Island side which Benwell's body was found, said he knew the place and had been guiding there some four years before. Joseph Piggott, farmer, living near Hersee's place, next identified Birchall as "Lord Somerset."

Birchall Asked No Questions.

Chief Young, of Niagara Falls, Ont., described Birchall's arrest. "I have a warrant for you. Prepare to come with me," said the chief. "All right," replied Birchall, jumping out of bed and asking no explanation. Connor O'Day, writing expert of the British American college, Toronto, identified Birchall's handwriting in many documents in evidence, among them were the famous Mellersh letters on pupil farming and the agreement between Pelley and Birchall to go into farming partnership as follows:

The Farming Partnership Agreement.

Memorandum of agreement made this 18th day of January, 1890, between D. R. Pelley, of Walden Place Saffron Walden, on the one part, and J. R. Birchall, of Niagara Falls Ont. on the other part, to the effect that the said D. R. Pelley agrees to reside with the said J. R. Birchall and assist him to the best of his ability in the discharge of said J. R. Birchall's business for the space of one year to date from date of agreement.

Also D. R. Pelley agrees to pay the sum of £100 to be invested by the said J. R. Birchall in his business such sum to be returned together with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. in event of the said D. R. Pelley not electing to stay longer than one year. The consideration received by the said D. R. Pelley for services and lodging, household necessaries and extras, use of horse, carriages, traveling expenses in Canada and the United States, and 5% per cent. of the payment in the business of the said J. R. Birchall arising from all or any sales whenever made.

D. R. PELLEY.

The document is dated Jan. 14, 1890.

An Alibi for the Prisoner.

Fully half the spectators during the afternoon were ladies. Not an inkling of the defense was gathered from cross-examination. Blackstock's strange remark that Birchall was not in this country in 1888 opens speculation that perhaps an alibi may be aimed at.

A Heavy Blow for Birchall.

A very important discovery in the Birchall case was made by Government Detective Murray during the day. It will be remembered that a great sensation was made after Benwell's body was identified by the discovery of the name "F. C. Benwell," on the register of the Commercial hotel, Brantford, Ont., date of Jan. 13. The identification of the names was remarkable, and Birchall's lawyers relied upon the circumstance in shaking the crown's case. Archibald Nyma and Baird Murray, both living at Brantford at the time of the murder, confessed to Detective Murray that the entry was made for a lark. Two fictitious entries were made, one "F. C. Benwell, Bristol, England," and another, "F. W. Bagves, Europe." This is a heavy blow for the defendant.

Autograph Lowers His Record.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—A good crowd witnessed the two trotting events at Belmont Driving park. The feature of the day was the performance of the stallion Autograph, by Alcantara. In the first heat of the $250 class race he lowered his record from 2:20½ to 2:18¼.

LAWS OF NEW JERSEY.

[By Authority.]

CHAPTER CCXCV.

An Act to provide for submitting proposed amendments to the constitution to the people thereof.

Whereas, certain proposed amendments to the constitution of this state have been agreed upon at the session of the legislature of this state at which this act is passed, and at the session next preceding, agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house of the legislature thereof, and entered on the journals of said legislature, with the yeas and nays taken thereon and referred to the legislature then next to be chosen; and whereas, the said proposed amendments have been published as required by the constitution; and whereas, in the legislature next after that in which the legislature now in session, and by a majority of all the members elected to each house; and whereas, the constitution of this state requires the legislature to submit such proposed amendments as have been agreed to as aforesaid to the people at a special election to be held for that purpose only; therefore,

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the state of New Jersey, That on Tuesday, the fourth day of November next, an election shall be held in the several townships and wards of this state, at the place or places in each of said townships or wards where the last preceding election for members of the legislature was held, and in the manner to enable the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislature to vote for or against each of such proposed amendments to the constitution.

2. And be it enacted, That the judges of election in the several townships and wards of this state shall be in session on the thirtieth day of September next, shall be the judges of said election, and shall open the polls at or opened and closed at the times now fixed by law for opening and closing of polls at the annual election in the state, and the said election shall be conducted by the same officers and in the manner, as nearly as may be, as is now provided by law in conducting the annual elections in this state, unless otherwise directed in this act.

3. And be it enacted, That at such election each voter may vote a ballot on which shall be written or printed, or partly written or partly printed, in the form following, namely:

For all propositions on this ballot which are not canvassed with ink or pencil, and against all which are so cancelled.

For the proposed amendment to art cle four, section seven, clause two, subdivision three, which reads as follows, "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs" by omitting the words "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly in joint meeting; they," so that the same shall read "2. Judges of the court of common pleas and of the orphans' court for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired terms only."

4. And be it enacted, That each of said propositions shall be canvassed in vote cast for each proposition thereon not cancelled with ink or pencil, and against each proposition so cancelled, and return thereof shall be made accordingly by the judges of election.

5. And be it enacted, That all persons entitled to vote in this state by members of the legislature at the time of said election shall, in their respective townships and wards, be entitled to vote at the polls there for, and be entitled to vote for members of the legislature.

6. And be it enacted, That after finally closing the poll of such election, the judges of election aforesaid shall canvass the ballots given, relative to each of the said proposed amendments to the constitution, and thereupon shall set down in writing the whole number of votes given for each of the said proposed amendments, the names in the words in which the same respectively are expressed, herein before given, and the whole number of votes given for and each of the said proposed amendments as aforesaid, and shall certify and subscribe a statement of the result of the same, and cause the same certified to be delivered by a messenger appointed by them to the secretary of state of this state within one week after said election, who shall forthwith file the same in his office as an official paper.

7. And be it enacted, That it shall be the duty of the governor to summon to attend him, on the second third or fourth Tuesday next after one or more of the members of the senate, who shall not hold an office under the senate commission, or be civil or military, at the hour and place to be named in the notice, to receive, audit and examine the board of state canvassers, and to ascertain and determine the votes given for and against each of said amendments, and the said board of state canvassers shall proceed to perform the duties imposed upon them according to the provisions of the act entitled "An act to regulate elections," passed April sixteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, so far as the same may be applicable to the said act, and declare which of said proposed amendments have been adopted, and shall forthwith deliver a statement of the result as to each amendment to the secretary of state of this state, to be filed in his office as an official paper, and any proposed amendment which by the determination and declaration of the board of state canvassers shall appear to have received the votes in favor of a majority of said proposed amendments, have been adopted by the people.

8. And be it enacted, That this act, together with the said proposed amendments, shall be published at least three weeks in one newspaper, and once each week thereafter by law, on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety, to publish the laws of this state, and the same shall be published in the said newspapers for four weeks next preceding said election once in each week, and no other publication shall be made in any newspapers, but neglect or failure to publish as aforesaid shall not impair the validity of the said amendments if the people of said state shall furnish a copy of this law to the editors.

9. And be it enacted, That the same notice of the election provided for by this act in the townships and ward of the state shall be given, and the same proceedings be had in case of the annual election for members of the legislature.

10. And be it enacted, That all officers of election who shall assist in conducting said election shall receive the same compensation, and be paid in the same manner as now provided by law for the payment of the said election officers.

11. And be it enacted, That no law respecting the registration of voters shall be applicable to the election provided for by this act.

12. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved June 7, 1890.

[Proposed amendments to the Constitution to be submitted to the people.]

Amend article iv., section vii., clause ii., subdivision 3, which reads as follows, "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs," by omitting the words "regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties, and by changing the word "offices" to "officers," so that the same shall read, "appointing local officers or commissions to regulate municipal affairs;"

Amend article iv., section vii., clause 2, by omitting the words "shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly in joint meeting; they," so that the same shall read: "2. Judges of the court of common pleas shall hold their offices for five years; but, when appointed to fill vacancies they shall hold for the unexpired terms only."

9-4-new-t

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the report of Edward C. Mulford, Jeremiah Manning, and Joseph A. Hubbard, the commissioners appointed by the common council of the City of Plainfield to make an estimate and assessment of the benefits and damages arising to property owners, and to the public, by reason of the opening of Orchard place from its present termination to New street in said city, was on the day of the date hereof filed in the office of the subscriber, the City Clerk of the said City of Plainfield, and is open to the inspection of the public, and will be presented to the Common Council at a meeting to be held on the seventh day of October, next, 1890.

J. R. COWARD,
City Clerk of the City of Plainfield.

Dated September 17, 1890. 9-19-2

NEW FIRM

N. B. Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

S. B. SMALLEY, | 94 SOMERSET ST.
H. H. BROKAW |

MOY'S

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to harness the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AV.

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF AARON B. MYER, Deceased.—Pursuant to the order of George T. Parrot, Surrogate of the County of Union, this is to give notice, that the subscriber, Administrator of said deceased, notice is hereby given to the creditors of said deceased to exhibit to the subscriber under oath or affirmation their claims and demands against the estate of said deceased within nine months from this date or they will be forever barred from prosecuting or recovering the same against the subscriber.

MARGARET L. MYER, Administratrix.

Dated July 7th, 1890. 17 9 th

EXECUTOR'S SEITLEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that the account of the subscribers, executors of Mary Jane Field, deceased, will be audited and stated by the Surrogate, and reported for settlement to the Orphans' Court of the County of Union, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next.

JOHN F. GRIFFEN.
ROBINSON FOCHE.

Dated August 12, 1890. 8-14-th

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in **Elocution**, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1096.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8-2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **Piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tested from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street.

MISS L. E. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music on the system of Dr. Louis Lombard, music tau method of singing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Leipsic method of sight reading. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. Home 89 9-3 5w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; Dan'l Gregory Grotzschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Geography and Botany. Object lessons during the first year. FRENCH CLASS IN CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 26m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

The Fall Term will open September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss M. B. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY,

28 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. M. C. BODMAN, Principal.

9-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sydney and Miss Norton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

AT

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $50, worth $95. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture, Carpets and Stoves.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices to suit the times. Some odd pieces less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

R. O. HOWELL.

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
Per bottle.....$2.25, per doz.
1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imported style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
Per bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

Our Fall Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

825 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lantern Oil	.35
Oilers	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	1.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Warner would ask for their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. Trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 12 PARK AVENUE.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Every order will be executed as rapidly as the business justifies.

My stage runs from the depot along Front street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits on call.

Stage will leave the depot, 7.30 and 9.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 n. m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington street. Those trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m. Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 9.05, a. m., 12.15, 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 1.45, 5.30 and 9 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.30, 6.30 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 8.40 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.58, 7.49, 8.39, 9.08, 9.58, 10.08, 11.08, 11.38, 12.08, 12.38, 1.08, 1.38, 2.08, 2.38, 3.08, 3.38, 4.08, 4.38, 5.08, 5.38, 6.08, 6.38, 7.08, 7.38, 8.08, 8.38, 9.08, 9.38, 10.08, 10.38, 11.38 p. m. and 12.08 night.

Leave New York at 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.00 night.

Sunday at 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.00 night.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.38, 6.09, 6.39, 7.30, 8.00, 8.39, 9.39, 10.09, 11.09, 11.39 a. m., 12.09, 12.39, 1.09, 1.39, 2.09, 2.39, 3.09, 3.39, 4.09, 4.39, 5.09, 5.39, 6.09, 6.39, 7.09, 7.39, 8.09, 8.39, 9.09, 9.39, 10.09, 10.39, 11.39 p. m. and 12.09 night.

Leave Newark at 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45, 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. and 12.15 night.

Sunday at 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.45 p. m. and 12.15 night.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.50, 8.47, 9.48, 10.47, 11.48 a. m., 12.50, 1.48, 2.45, 3.47, 4.48, 5.47, 6.48, 7.50, 8.47, 9.48, 10.47, 11.48 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.15, 7.20, 8.17, 9.18, 10.17, 11.18 a. m., 12.20, 1.18, 2.15, 3.17, 4.18, 5.17, 6.18, 7.20, 8.17, 9.18, 10.17, 11.18 p. m.

Sunday at 8.45, 9.47, 10.47, 11.47 a. m., 12.47, 1.45, 2.47, 3.48, 4.47, 5.48, 6.47, 7.48, 8.47, 9.48, 10.47, 11.48 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.08, 10.07, 11.08 a. m., 12.10, 1.08, 2.05, 3.07, 4.08, 5.07, 6.08, 7.10, 8.07, 9.08, 10.07, 11.08 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.30, 7.45, 8.52, 9.53, 10.52, 11.53 a. m., 12.55, 1.53, 2.50, 3.52, 4.53, 5.52, 6.53, 7.55, 8.52, 9.53, 10.52, 11.53 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

7.45, 8.52 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua 7.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 8.09 a. m. for Phillipsburg, 11.10, 11.53 a. m. for Manch Chunk 9.09 a. m. for Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon 1.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 2.45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon 4.30 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon 5.45, 10.15, 10.54 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon 6.30 p. m. For Flemington, 6.38 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, 8.00 p. m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Saucon 8.45 a. m., Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8.15 p. m. High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 9.05 p. m. For Easton, 9.45 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., 10.45 p. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Saucon, 11

WOMAN AND HOME.

LIVES AND CHARACTERS OF FRENCH WOMEN OF THE EARLY SALONS.

The Beautiful Fad—A Word to the Busy Girl—In the Sick Room—Women of High Culture—The Advanced Condition of Woman—The Friendships of Girls.

The traits which strike us most forcibly in the lives and characters of the women of the early salons are sufficiency and sensibility—sufficiency of their minds, run through their literary pastimes, and gave a distinctive flavor to their conversation. It was these qualities, allied to a decided taste for pleasure of the intellect and an innate social genius, that led them to revolt from the gross sensualism of the court, and form upon it new lines of society that has given another complexion to the last two centuries. The natural result was at first a reign of sentiment that was often overstrained, but which represented, on the whole, a reaction of morality and refinement.

The arts and beauties of the salon lines may have committed a thousand follies, but their chivalrous codes of honor and of manners, their fastidious tastes, even their periods of sentimental fiction, written often, though sometimes rather bizarre, tributes to the virtues that lie at the very foundation of a well ordered society. They had exalted ideal of the dignity of womanhood, of purity, of loyalty, of devotion. The heroines of Mlle. de Scudery, with their endless discourses upon the metaphysics of love, were no doubt tiresome sometimes to the blase courtiers as well as to the critics; but their lofty and fine spun sentiments charmed the grand Conde in his cell at Vincennes, the eloquent Flechier, the ascetic D'Andilly at Port Royal, as well as the romantic prelate who sighed over their fanciful dreams and impossible adventures.

They had their originals in living women who reversed the common traditions of a Gabrielle and a Martin Dubarree, who combined with the intellectual brilliancy and fine courtesy of the Greek Aspasia the moral graces that give an poet a fascination to the Christian and medieval type. Mme. De la Fayette painted with rare delicacy the old struggle between passion and duty, but character triumphs over passion and duty is the final victor. In spite of the low standards of the age the ideal woman of society, as of literature, was noble, tender, modest, pure and loyal.—*Amelia Gere Mason in Century.*

A Word to the Busy Girl.

I want to speak a little speech to the girl who is very near my heart—the girl who has to work for her own living. I had the pleasure of attending the convention of the Working Girls' societies at Cooper Union, New York. I have never seen a brighter, braver, more womanly set of girls in my life, and I realized more than ever the great number of women who are wage earners, and I felt a great thrill of thankfulness that they all looked so clean hearted. The thing that I who does her work well, who earns her money honestly, is always willing to pay for what she gets, but who, because of this boom that has been devoted to the daily toil, very often pays more than she needs because there is so much she cannot do herself.

In the evening hats that have been strained all day are too tired to watch a needle as it goes in and out a darn, or freshen and steam the trimming that is to go upon a hat! The consequence is that the mending is left forever undone and a milliner is paid for a new hat. Now, in every city in the United States there are women who want to earn money, who say they do not know how to do it, and yet who are unfortunate in the art of sewing and mending. Any girl would be willing to pay a proper price to have the gown which is torn, the stockings that are worn, the gloves that are ripped, the hat that is getting dusty and worn, made to look as good as new, but who shall do it?

Unfortunately, the society is at hand to look after this, and dependence must be placed upon a stranger—if the stranger can be found. Among the numerous women who want to earn a little money why doesn't one start just such a business as this? Fresh braid can be put on a sacrt, it could be given a cheerful brushing, the torn pocket mended, fresh hooks put on a belt, and, behold, it is the very thing wanted for wear during business hours or on rainy days. A suitable price should be asked for work of this kind, and I firmly believe that the mender who started properly would find it necessary to advertise for assistants. Let some one in one of the Working Girls' clubs or in a group of King's Daughters find the worker in this special line, and the worth and thrift recommend her to all the girls who want to have the one stitch put in that will save the other nine.—New York Letter.

The Beautiful Fad.

It is said that every woman has her fad, and I know of one whose fad is that of being beautiful. The first time you meet her you will think she is lovely—very likely you will enthusiastically declare to all your friends that she is lovely. By and by when you become better acquainted with her it will gradually dawn upon you that it must require hours to do her elaborate, marvelous complexion, and persuade each one of those brown hairs to lie in its proper place on brow and neck; you will also notice that she always appears stiff and uneasy and afraid to move lest she should disarrange something; she even smiles with care, although sweetly and with wonderful play of her eyes, because smiles bring those little, detestable wrinkles about one's mouth.

Yes, you have seen her at receptions, and leaning back languidly in her carriage, and walking slowly on the street, I know—but stop—have you ever seen her at the "pretty woman" before breakfast? Did you ever see her walk briskly and energetically, as if she had some business in the end in view, instead of going to it? Did you ever see her leap upon a horse and gallop away for the pure love of riding? Did you ever see her go off, in short boots and a shirt waist, for a day's outing in the woods? Did you ever hear her speak with expression or enthusiasm? No, you never did—and after a while you will become so bored with that little set smile, and that low, soft monotone, and those careful, mincing movements that you will wonder how you ever thought her beautiful. But, then, we all have our hobbies, and as hers is such a harmless one, do not be too hard upon her when you find her out.—Wide Awake.

In the Sick Room.

A lady whose husband was very ill called upon the famous surgeon, Sir Morell Mackenzie, who was in attendance upon the patient.

With many tears and sobs she begged him to call her husband to account at once. She knew that the doctor was sure that he could never recover. Indeed, she had left from the first that he had no hope of him, and so on through the whole gamut of lamentations.

"Good now, doctor," she concluded, "I beg of you to tell me the truth. Is there any chance for him?"

"No," said Sir Morell. "The fact is, your husband is being killed, not by inches, but by feet."

"Oh, I knew it, I knew it," sobbed the lady, "but what is it that is killing him?"

"His wife," replied the doctor gravely; "and if I were in his place I should want to get out of it as quickly as possible."

The visitor dashed the tears away and stood in the center of the room the very incarnation of dignity and power.

"Thank you," said the great practitioner with his most courtly bow and sweetest smile, "that is not your most agreeable expression, but it is vital and characteristic. Take that back to the sick room, and when you recover from your indignation if you will try to infuse a little more into it I think we can pull your husband through. But no skill can fight successfully against the chronic depression of the patient's nearest and dearest companion."

"But my heart has ached so," the lady remarked apologetically, as she hurried away possessed now with a new idea.

"Make your heart obey your will, madam," said *the doctor*, "and *your eyes* and your lips and your hand, and remember that an excess of sympathy is a thousand times worse for a patient than indifference."—Eleanor Kirk in Youth's Companion.

Friendships of Girls.

If you write a letter to a man friend don't put in black and white that you are "his forever," or that you send a great deal of love, even if it be only in jest, but remain either his "very cordially" or "very sincerely." Sincerity and cordiality are possible even with acquaintances that do not demand either love or an affection that is to last forever. If you do not know how very ill bred it is to give or permit familiarities in word or pen from either men or women. Learn to keep your personal affairs to yourself. Learn to believe that your first name can only be used by those connected with you by ties of blood, or having the right given by a deep love. Believe me, you will never regret your self respect as shown in this way, and you will never cease lamenting permitting a too familiar intercourse, that in the future will rise up before you like a skeleton at a feast.

A perfect friendship is like a rose; after the time of its glory is passed the leaves may be thrown into a jar, covered with spices and *salt to bring out the fragrance* forever, and be a delight to you wherever it is. A friendship that is too familiar may also be likened to a rose, but one that early loses its leaves; they fall upon the ground and no one treasures them enough to gather them up and keep them as a memento of days that have gone by. For awhile there is a sickly sweet smell, and then they are blackened and discolored and fall to pieces from them. Conclude then, in forming your friendships, to make those only that can, when time separates you, leave behind them a fragrant memory for the future, and one that will not cause a blush to come upon your face.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Women and High Culture.

It may reasonably be asked, says a distinguished physician, what is the outcome of the community at large, what will be the effect on women, and through them on future generations, of the prolonged mental strain to which they are now—partly voluntarily, partly owing to the suggestion and the inducements held out to them by the conditions of modern society? Will it not hurt their constitutions? Will it make them a bag of bones, with body and mind alike blasted and ugly?

Will it render them less maternal, or make them the mothers of a feeble and degenerate race, prone to epilepsy and insanity? Will it, by unequally inviting

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD P. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

JOTTINGS.

—Uncle Tom's cabin at Amphion Hall to-night.

—Spring overcoats feel very comfortable these evenings.

—The Hotel Netherwood will close for the season to-morrow.

—Crescents vs. West Ends to-morrow, weather permitting.

—The tax rate of Hillsborough is $1 per $100; the dog tax is 40 cents.

—This weather is pure, crisp and bracing, and the nights seem made for sleeping.

—The Borough Common Council will meet in regular session on Friday evening.

—The lawn ball season is about over ended and bowling will soon be all the rage again.

—Next Tuesday you will be called upon to vote for or against the constitutional amendments.

—A new style of men's watch chain represents a shoe lace with a shoe-buttoner for the bar.

—A freshly made tar stain can be removed by rubbing it with lard and washing with soap and water.

—The members of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society entertained their friends at an evening sociable in T. A. B. Hall last evening.

—The Cleveland Minstrels at Music Hall last evening had an audience which half filled the hall. The entertainment was excellent.

—"Jack" Doran, the pitcher and "Freddie" Jones, the Crescents, catcher, are practicing daily, prior to the game of ball with the West Ends on Saturday afternoon.

—Dunckiau of 76 West Front street has something unique in the line of stoves which he elsewhere advertises, and of which he has the exclusive agency in this section.

—The following will be the batting order of the Crescent nine to-morrow: Hatfield, r. f.; Martin, s.s.; Lafferty, 3b.; Schoneck, 1b.; McIndoe, l.f.; O'Rourke, c.f., Jones, c.; Lee 2b.; Doran, p.

—Some one has discovered a new remedy for sunstrokes. It is very simple; all that the intending voyager has to do is to take quinine for a week or two before he sails and have his stomach filled over and over with on land.

—The Democratic County Convention for the nomination of candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners of Union County will be held Oct. 14, in Library Hall, Elizabeth. The primary for the selection of delegates will be held Oct. 10.

—Some little caucusing has arisen as to what ballot boxes must be used at the coming State, congressional and county elections, the attorney general has given his opinion that the patent ballot boxes must be used, the law providing no others.

—To-morrow will be the last day on which the United Tea and Coffee Growers' Association will present three pounds of sugar with a pound of tea, and as they wish their friends to take advantage of the inducement, they take this method of informing them.

—A temperance meeting will be held in Hope Chapel this evening at 8 o'clock. The services will be conducted by the Rev. G. K. Reveal. The temperance club promises to make everything as comfortable as possible. They cordially invite everyone to attend.

—Among the cases set down for trial in the United States Circuit Court which opened at Trenton, on Tuesday, are two from Somerset county, viz: Theodore R. Hodge executor, vs. the Lehigh Valley Railroad Co., and Abbie Van Doren vs. the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co.

—Dixon's Tourists will present the drama, "Uncle Tom's Cabin" at Amphion Hall this evening. To-morrow afternoon a special ladies matinee will be given, when "East Lynne" will be presented. Saturday evening, by special request, "Ten Nights in a Bar room" will be the attraction.

—Wednesday night the first frost of the season made its appearance, and the manometer may be looked for to follow right along. The day scientists tell us, congeals into frost at 40 degree above zero. Yesterday morning the thermometer was down to 40 in some localities, but the average was about 43 degrees.—New Brunswick Home News.

—A large assembly Sunday witnessed the dedication of the new hall, located at Chimney Rock of which they are all so proud. The interior was handsomely decorated and the bright sunshine lighting up the surrounding scenery made all seem in unison with the happy hearts of the people present. Addresses were made by Messrs. J. B. Cleaver of Plainfield and W. W. Jordan of Round Brook, Wm. H. Ayres, Chas. M. Nabb, Geo. Le Maire, W. B. R. Mason, and others. The stirring speeches made a marked impression on all. Gov. Brown did the honors. Rev. W. W. Jordan pronounced the dedicatory benediction was invoked by Rev. J. B. Cleaver and all joined in singing "Old Hundred."—Somerset Messenger.

The Complainant Non Est.

A few days ago Mrs. Sweeny appeared before City Judge Codington and complained that Mrs. Patrick Burgen of East Third street was acting in a disorderly manner. Mrs. Burgen has since been apprehended and her case was set down for this morning at ten o'clock. When that hour arrived, however, the complainant failed to put in appearance, and thus the matter rests.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF.

The State Association's Meeting at Trenton.

The State Firemen's Relief Association met in Trenton Wednesday with about 400 delegates present representing 97 companies.

The receipts for the year were $1,396.85, and disbursements, $1,164.39.

A resolution was adopted that the Legislative Committee ask the Legislature to allow the subsidiaries to invest any money outside the loans that are governed by Saving Banks.

The next meeting will be held at Atlantic City.

The following officers were elected: President, Bird W. Spencer, Vice Presidents, David M. Fowler, Haddonfield; Wm. Jefferies, Burlington; Jos. V. West, Long Branch, L. M. Morford, Newton; W. M. Heath, Hackensack; Edward M. Jackson, Belleville; Herman Walker, Guttenburg; Treasurer, John McKinney, of Jersey City; Secretary, Horace H. Brown, of Newark; Assistant Secretary, W. Exiell, of Newark; Financial Secretary, T. G. Tower, of Bloomfield; Sergeant-at-Arms, Philip Freudenmeacher, of Trenton. Delegates from this city were in attendance.

They Visit Plainfield Council.

A delegation of members of Fireside Council, R. A. headed by their energetic Regent, S. W. Reese, paid a fraternal visit to Plainfield Council last Monday evening. The whole delegate on from the Regent down went fully prepared to keep up Westfield's end of the "big talk," and if they did not take the Plainfielders by storm it was because there was something wrong with the air—the water —or the state of society. We are informed; however that every thing was all right, and that the whole delegation created a very favorable impression in the minds of their Plainfield brethren. Song and story, speech and recital, followed one another in quick succession to the great gratification of their hosts, till they wonderingly remarked that there seemed no limit to the talent of their Westfield guests. Messrs. Grant, Pearnell, Smith, Reese and Moore especially, we hear, covered themselves with glory. A clam chowder followed the reception, and both hosts and guests lingeringly retired from the scene, glad at the opportunity of thus exchanging so pleasant and fraternal a greeting.

The following list of names of those who went is a sufficient guarantee of a good time, outside of the well-known hospitality of the distinguished Council they visited: S. W. Reese, C. D. Fedder, A. F. Grant, R. J. Crosby, Wm. C. Barton, Andrew A. Smith, A. E. Pearnell, C. B. Johnson, Jr., W. V. Wyckoff, C. B. Day, R. P. Moore, J. E. Townsend, C. C. Dilts and E. S. Brokaw.—Westfield Leader.

A Farmer's Predicament.

James Edmunds, a farmer of Rahway, went to James R. Sayre & Co.'s place of business on Centre street, Newark, yesterday to get a wagon load of lime for his land. They gave him some wet lime mixed with the dry, and as soon as he moved off with it the lime began to slake. The load soon began to boil over the top of the wagon, and the wagon left a long white wake on the stones down Broad street to Fair street.

Here he was stopped by Officer Burke and taken to the Police Headquarters. The lime kept on boiling over all the time. With the aid of some rugs and a rope the top was kept on, and he continued his journey. By the time he reached Rahway, Edmunds had only about a quarter of the original quantity left.

Women His Victims.

A fraud has been going round the country working his game as an agent of the Domestic Sewing Machine company. His plan is to go to a house and representing that he will sell a sewing machine for $25 on the installment plan, and will give $15 for an old machine. The woman gladly jumps at this chance of parting with their old machines and getting a new one so cheaply, and gladly pay a deposit, receiving in full a written guarantee that if they do not like the new machine when it arrives the money will be refunded. Of course, the new machine never arrives.

And the Band Will Play.

It is said that the Somerville West Ends will bring a brass band with them tomorrow afternoon. It is rumored that when the West Ends appear on the diamond that the band will not play "Annie Laurie" nor "Down West McGinty," but that the air will resound with "See, the Conquering Hero Comes." It is further stated that when the Crescents show themselves on the diamond the band will play "The Dead March from Saul."

Jr. O. U. A. M. Officers.

At a meeting of Franklin Council No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., held last evening the following officers were elected:

Councilor—C. T. Coleman.
Vice Councilor—L. Donawan.
Conductor—H. R. Pope, Jr.
Warden—C. Taynor.
Asst Recording Secretary—D. S. Donawan.
Inside Sentinel—H. C. Davis.
Outside Sentinel—W. H. Hardy.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

To Y. M. C. A. committee men. A meeting of all the committees of the Y. M. C. A. will be held at the Association rooms Monday evening next, Sept 29th, at 8 o'clock. After a general conference in regard to improved methods of work, the committees will meet by themselves to perfect plans for future work. It is important that every committeeman should attend.

Cigarettes Result Fatally.

Willie Major, an eight-year-old boy living near Bound Brook, died Tuesday from excessive cigarette smoking. Last Saturday he made cigarettes from the silk of green corn. This he wrapped with newspaper and smoked a number of them. On Sunday he was taken ill and became delirious. He had every symptom of brain fever and died in convulsions.

More Arrests for Carting Without a License.

Yesterday warrants were issued for the arrest of Councilman Hetfield and John M., his brother, doing business under the name of Hetfield Brothers, charged with carting without a license.

John was apprehended and pleaded not guilty. The Councilman was not found, and it was said that he was out of town. The police were on the lookout for him to-day and expected to secure him.

In the case of John, Judge Coddington, before whom he was taken, set down Tuesday, Sept. 30th, at 10 a. m., as the day for trial.

The employes of Hetfield Brothers were recently arrested, tried and adjudged guilty for carting without a license, but Judge Coddington suspended sentence, stating that it was on the ground that he believed them innocent of intent to violate the ordinances, and that they were simply obeying the orders of their employers, who upon conviction of the offense, were the ones who in his judgement, ought to be punished. Councilman Hetfield acted as counsel for the employes.

The complainant is John Krewson, the same as in the former case. He is a licensed cartman, and the evidence will be identical with that upon which the Hetfield employes were convicted.

Mr. Krewson at the time of making the original complaint desired it against the employers, but addressed the judge to refuse to take it against them, though willing to take it against the employes. Judge Coddington published a letter afterwards in THE NEWS and personally assured us that he had been misunderstood, and in consequence misrepresented.

Mr. Krewson reluctantly made the complaint against the employes, feeling that it was the employers who benefited by the offense and should be punished, but being determined to see whether the city would protect its licensed cartmen from those unlicensed, he concluded to adopt the only course he believed open to him under the circumstances.

When he read the Judge's declaration of being misunderstood, he, at his earliest convenience, renewed his complaint. It was made last Wednesday. Judge Coddington thought it was to submit it to Corporation Counsel Marsh, upon whose approval it was issued yesterday as stated, Councilman Hetfield meanwhile having disappeared, though of course it is not to be inferred that he had received notice of his intended arrest and had disappeared in consequence. He just happened to be out of the way.

We have now given the particulars of the case. Of course Mr. Krewson will not be permitted to be prosecutor, judge and jury, in a combine methods, but the councilman, when arrested, can be sure of a fair and impartial trial.

If the full penalty is imposed we suppose the Hetfields will be required under the ordinance to pay into the city treasury $900 at the rate of $10 for each offense, assuming that the number of times the offense is alleged to have been committed can be proven. So it will be seen that it is a very important matter for the city.

PERSONAL.

Mr. James A. Sangston has returned to this city after a brief stay in the Adirondack mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Schwed are expected to return to their home in this city from their wedding tour this evening.

Mrs. Jacob Blumm has returned to her home on Somerset street from a week's stay with friends on Long Island.

Miss Clara Denton of Hillside avenue is expected home from Malvern, Chester County, Pa., next Tuesday. Miss Denton has been away for a month.

About thirty friends gathered at the home of Mrs. Kittie Reed on Liberty street Wednesday evening and were elaborately entertained by Miss Reed.

Mr. R. Lescrenier, the Washington Valley humorist, is suffering from neuralgia which has effected his right eye, thus compelling him to abandon business for the time being.

Mary O'Brien, aged about 16, daughter of Dennis O'Brien of Second street, died on Tuesday of bleeding at the nose, and was yesterday interred in Plainfield.—Somerset Unionist-Gazette.

Miss May Flanagan, daughter of Policeman Flanagan, entertained about thirty of her friends at her home on Liberty street last evening. Music and singing were features of the occasion. All present apparently enjoyed themselves.

August, the five-year-old son of Charles and Mary Durrier, died suddenly at the home of his parents on West Fourth street yesterday afternoon of inflammation of the bowels. The funeral will take place from his parents' residence to-morrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

On Wednesday afternoon last, the Rev. Charles B. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. church in this city, united in marriage Miss Josephine Schenck of New Market and Mr. William Van Cleve of Brooklyn. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's parents in the presence of a number of relatives and friends of the family.

A merry party of about fifteen young ladies and gentlemen left the residence of Miss Ethel Green on West Eighth street last evening and indulged in a moonlight run to Westfield. Upon arriving at that place, the party repaired to a hotel and partook of light refreshments, returning to their homes in this city at about half-past ten o'clock.

Miss Gussie Vooht, daughter of Mr. Jacob Vooht of Dunellen street, North Plainfield, and Mr. Felix Stark of Spruce street were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents at six o'clock Wednesday evening. The Rev. C. B. Mitchell, the pastor of the M. E. church, performed the ceremony. Only the immediate members of the family were present.

A Fatal Fall.

William Hall, a carpenter, whose home was at Fanwood, fell from a house he was erecting for John Wardell at Scotch Plains on Monday and broke his neck. He died about two hours after the fall. The unfortunate man fell about twenty-five feet.

BASE BALL.

Comments on Saturday's Game From Exchanges.

Well, the West End club has won the series with the Crescents, and the base ball cranks of both towns are playing last Saturday's game yet. There were rumors and rumors during the week as to what sort of a game in the shape of a battery the West Ends would run against, and up to Saturday it may here be said that it was a masked battery. It was learned then that the Crescents had secured Doran or the new Haven club, and, what was the bitterest dose of all, our own O'Rourke, who, in the three games played with the West Ends previous to this series, had done magnificent work, and had become one of the idols of the association. The knowledge of Doran's work in the Atlantic Association during the past season, in which he has several times eloed out the opposing team with a single hit, operated to somewhat intimidate the West Ends, but with their usual "do or die" policy, Manager Mack went on a "rushing" tour and secured the service of Gore, the great batter and centre fielder of the New York Players' League club. This acquisition more than atoned for the loss of O'Rourke and the West End members experienced quite a reversion of feeling when they learned of it.

Doran pitched a grand game for the Crescents, striking out the West Ends' heavy batters with ease up to the eighth inning. Harkins although hit hard during the innings, was very effective at critical stages when a safe hit meant one or more runs. Carbonell almost immortalized himself by throwing out two runners at the plate who attempted to score from second base on single hits. The Crescents had no chance to make any specially brilliant plays, as their put-outs were all of the easy kind, and the hits made by the West Ends were all clean ones, though discouragingly few.

Was ever a side retired as quickly as the Crescents in last Saturday's game?

After Saturday's game Manager Liggett of the Crescents advised first-baseman Wiegand to take the first train away from town. He has since been released.

The latest news from the scene of carnage is that Doran, O'Rourke and Duffy are to be added to the Crescent team next Saturday. Duffy is a catcher from the Newark club.

A very courteous letter from the Crescent management has been received, asking that the series be suspended to two games, all to be played at Plainfield. The West End Association will not consent to any change of the original schedule.

It is extremely gratifying to note that the utmost good feeling now prevails among the players, and perfect order is maintained. As long as this continues the games between the two clubs will be one of the greatest attractions in Central New Jersey, to say nothing of the financial benefit to both.

A large number of enthusiastic West Enders paraded the streets of Plainfield last Saturday night with brooms, etc. They hired a drum corps and came to Somerville where they indulged in another parade and a bonfire. As the procession moved around the hose-tire a telegram of congratulation from the Rahway Athletic Association was read.—Unionist Gazette.

The high toned Crescents cut a pretty figure last week in connection with the West End game. Their "Base Ball" by the W. E.'s the week previous, they began to scheme to cripple the West Ends for Saturday's game, and by their peculiar tactics, so well known here, they induced some of the West End team to desert. When Saturday arrived the W. E.'s found themselves short two men. As usual such methods never pay and the West Ends's secured George Gore the celebrated professional and by his great hit in the eighth inning four runs were secured and the game won by a score of 5-4. Exit Crescents.—Rahway Advocate.

List of Advertised Letters.

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for the week ending September 24, 1890:

Allen, Mrs Hannah O
Auld, Mrs Andrew
Baker, J
Bellamy, W A
Bailey, Wm
Bailey, Mrs H
Brown, Geo Alfred
Cahill, John
Cooper, George
Cunniskey, Miss
Carvin, Annie M
Denton, Miss B E
Elting, Miss Mai C
Elmore, Jr, Mr
Ellis, Mrs C W
French, P J
Field, Miss M
Gifford, Miss E C
Green, Rose
Gunning, Patrick
Hedgwood, Sarhor
Hornicke, Mr
Johnston, Wm E
Krick, Henry
Kavanagh, John M
Latin, Mrs J A
Laison, Sophia
Morse, Mary
Moore, Miss Lillie E (2)
Martin, L J
Martin, Miss Minnie (2)
Paterson, Arthur
Phillips, Miss M A
Roberts, Mrs M
Riker, Laura
Randolph, Josephine
Smith, Murray H
Smith, Mrs E C
Wolfe, Miss E L
Wolcott, Joe
West, Mrs W F

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

H. R. POPE, P. M.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	8 A. M.	12 M.	4 P. M.	8 P. M.
1 Monday	67	74	74	72
2 Tuesday	67	74	74	72
3 Wednesday	67	74	74	72
4 Thursday	67	74	74	72
5 Friday	67	74	74	72
6 Saturday	67	74	74	72
7 Sunday	67	74	74	72
8 Monday	67	74	74	72
9 Tuesday	67	74	74	72
10 Wednesday	67	74	74	72
11 Thursday	67	74	74	72
12 Friday	67	74	74	72
13 Saturday	67	74	74	72
14 Sunday	67	74	74	72
15 Monday	67	74	74	72
16 Tuesday	67	74	74	72
17 Wednesday	67	74	74	72
18 Thursday	67	74	74	72
19 Friday	67	74	74	72
20 Saturday	67	74	74	72
21 Sunday	67	74	74	72
22 Monday	67	74	74	72
23 Tuesday	67	74	74	72
24 Wednesday	67	74	74	72
25 Thursday	67	74	74	72
26 Friday	67	74	74	72
27 Saturday	67	74	74	72
28 Sunday	67	74	74	72
29 Monday	67	74	74	72
30 Tuesday	67	74	74	72

—It is thought that the Somerset county Grand Jury will finish its labors this afternoon. Over sixty cases have come before it. Mostly petty, but an unprecedented number.

Rutgers's New Class Officers.

The junior class of Rutgers College selected the following officers Wednesday: President, Clifford Henry Strong, Montrose, Pike Had-am, N. Y.; vice-president, William V. D. Stronr, New Brunswick; secretary, Harry W. Fuller, Bayonne; treasurer, Marcus G. Sears, New Brunswick; assistant letter historian, Edward L. Wyckoff, Warwick, N. Y. The class day officers are: Orator, Bernard C. Mason, New Brunswick; poet, James C. Stout, New Brunswick; historian, Cornelius D. Vreland, Little Falls; presentation of memorials, Samuel A. Johnson, Morristown; prophet, John H. Raver, Brooklyn; presenters of mementos, Charles W. Hubt, Greenwich, N. Y.; address to undergraduates, F. Reid Miller, Sacramento, Cal.; ivy orator, Joseph C. Castner, New Brunswick; planting the ivy, William F. Mers, Somerville; ivy ode, Harry R. Danner. Pale-ictine oration, A. Whitaker Hopper, Spring Valley, N. Y.; address to president, H ward A. Reynolds, New Brunswick, and master orator, Walter C. Sampson, New Brunswick. The class of '90 decided to hold no supper, but instead presented the college with police physical apparatus worth $200, which arrived yesterday and was placed in Professor Van Dyke's department. It consists of spectrometer with Thollon prism and refraction plate with Foucbau electric regulator.

Ball Players Arrested.

Yesterday afternoon a number of young boys indulged in a game of foot ball in a field on East Fifth street. During the course of the game the ball was accidentally kicked into the street. While the boys were engaged battling for it, a lady driving a flighty horse happened to pass. The excitement on the street frightened the animal and it attempted to run away, but the driver succeeded in stopping it before any serious damage resulted. A policemen, however, arrested several of the boys and they appeared before City Judge Codington this morning and were discharged with a reprimand.

Rogers Bros.

Have just bought a large stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes to sell at $3.00, but on Saturday they are going to start them off at $2.50. Now do not let this pass, but go and get a pair. Saturday will be a big day for them.

Married.

HAMILTON—YOUNG—In the Dunellen Presbyterian church, Sept. 25th, William J. Hamilton to May S. Young, by the Rev. D. W. Shellenger.

Died.

DUYIER—In this city, Sept. 25th, August, son of Charles and Mary Duvier, aged 5 years.

Funeral service from the residence of his parents 154 West Fourth street Saturday afternoon at 2.30 p. m. R*

Cents-a-Word Column.

A GIRL of 15 would like situation in small family. Is good worker, quick and bright. Address "S. L.," care of EVENING NEWS. 25-3

A GIRL wants situation at general housework in small family. 83 West Fifth street. 24-3

A NEW store and flats to-let, corner of A Richmond and Third streets. Apply to Peter Cassidy, No. 207 East Front street. 23-6

FOR SALE—A young parrot. Fine talker. Can be seen at 73 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE—Small house, five rooms. Ten minutes from depot. On main street. Price, $2,100. Address P. O. Box 697. 26-3

FOR SALE—Double heater, in good order. 11 West Fifth street. 26-3

FOR Sale—Cheap—A self-feeding base burner parlor stove, nickel plated trimmings, nearly new. 57 Grandview avenue. 9-25tf

FLATS to let on Somerset street. In first class order. Enquire of P. M. Bird, 107 East Front street. 26-3

FOR SALE—22 calibre Winchester repeating rifle, 25 shot, octagon barrel, in perfect condition. Price $12. Address "Rifle," care of EVENING NEWS. 24-3

GIRL for general housework. Must be A strong and competent, and have references as to honesty. Good wages. Address "Girl," care of EVENING NEWS. 25-4

HOUSE TO LET furnished or unfurnished. Ten rooms, furnace hot and cold water to reliable parties. Rent reasonable. Apply to Cornelia B. Perry at Mrs. West's, Front street corner Church street. 25-3

I WOULD like to trade a fine shot gun and a set of ice skates for a bicycle. Address S. Wilson, care Lock Box I. 25-3

TO LET—Furnished room to gentleman, without board. Address M., care of EVENING NEWS. 26-3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-19tf

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale by Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse and bedding plants, now ready for sale. Orders left at Mrs. Lindsay, 16 West Front st.

GYMNASIUM CLASSES at the Second Baptist church. Ladies' class Thursday afternoons 2 to 4 o'clock, terms $12 per term. Boys' classes Saturday afternoons, 2 to 4 o'clock, terms $5 per term. For schedule or information apply to J. H. Cooley, M. D., Chairman Gymnasium committee. 25-6t

H. K. SPENCER.
Grocer and undertaker, 70 and 72 Somerset street. Lemons, bananas, fresh every day, oranges, fresh every week. Fine groceries, meats, rock and gingerales. Every pure, choice cider vinegar, finest grade assortment.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
and all others, you can get shaves or hair cut at Charles G. Mauk's Barber Shop 24 Somerset street, next to Smalley & Co's. 6-4tf

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and greenhouse plants, bedding plants for fall planting now on hand; also BUILDING LOTS, HIGH AND DRY, cheap and on easy terms, at Daniels's Nursery, No. 127 Middle avenue. 6-29-1y

Rogers Bros.

Have just bought a large stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes to sell at $3.00, but on Saturday they are going to start them off at $2.50. Now do not let this pass, but go and get a pair. Saturday will be a big day for them.

For BEST Bargains in Stoves, go to DENCKLAU'S, 76 West Front Street. A $14 Stove for $12.50. A $12 Parlor Stove for $10.50. Everything Else in Same Proportion. Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept 24 and 25.

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State.
Special Bargains in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 39c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Bouclé CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Lorrain Carpet 35c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Caps, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Everybody Can be supplied for this week with a pound of the following of our famous 50 cent teas, receiving 3lbs of granulated sugar free.

Special Mixed, (our own blend), Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan (pan fired), Uncolored Japan (basket fired), Young Hyson, Gunpowder.

The above are new season's crop, and will compare favorably with teas sold in other stores at 60 cents without any inducement.

Remember We are the introducers of this system of conducting business in Plainfield, and do not have to pattern after any store through competition. In other words we lead all in best goods at lowest prices.

WATCH Our advertisements and we will keep you posted.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
20 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES
IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, 18 OUR
LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,
STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.
We will have more to say about other lines later.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
22 W. FRONT. STREET.
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be
As Low as Any in the State,
considering quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats
DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.
Best Goods for the Least Money.
HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.
U. B. Crane,
12 Park avenue.

ELECTION.
Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the several wards and districts of the City of Plainfield, N. J., on
TUESDAY SEPT. 30, 1890.
To vote for or against the proposed amendment to the Constitution of this State, to be agreed upon at the late session of the Legislature of this State.
The polling place will be as follows:
First Ward—At Council Room, Engine House, North avenue.
Second Ward—At Crescent Rink, corner Front and Park avenue.
Third Ward—At John J. Sharp's carriage factory, West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
Fourth Ward—First District—At Abel Hess Company's House, Madison avenue, near Grove street. Second District—At the store of John T. Fritz, corner of South Second street and Muhlenberg place.
Polls open at 6 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m. JOSEPH H. CORWIN, Jr.,
City Clerk.
Plainfield, N. J., September 17th, 1890. 9-20-1y

Winter Is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to locate the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES
If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to training and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms made known upon application!

Plainfield Evening News.

ONE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET,

W. ROBINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT THE CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 61.

The Technical High School.

The human race having stuffed itself with books till one-half of the civilized community is short sighted, and the other half must take to spectacles before it is middle aged, now begins to find that perhaps it has had too much of a good thing. Instead of cultivating all the powers alike it has cultivated the memory alone, and has learned all its school lessons simply with a view of remembering them long enough to recite them. That done the book learning fades out of the person's mind, and leaves him nearly as well off as it found him before he began to be learned.

What a man learns with his hand and eye, however, stays by him, and he is only half a man that is like the German professor who understood fourteen languages, but had to call his wife to nail a plank upon the garden fence where a pig had rooted it off.

We begin to understand that education must be through the eye and hand to the brain, and that the eye and hand must first be educated or much that comes after is useless. With this knowledge has come, in response to a universal want, the technical high school. It begins where the common school leaves off. It teaches the child geometry, algebra, physics, political economy, etc. But its main—perhaps best—teaching is manual. The student learns technical drawing and wood and metal work and practical mathematics. When he leaves the technical high school one year's special training will enable him to take a high place in any of the mechanical or scientific walks of life. He is educated all around.

This is the high school of the future, the one that must supersede the present public high school, with its Latin, Greek and ancient history. Private technical high schools have been established in various parts of the country. The Pratt Institute at Brooklyn is an excellent type. Others of the same kind are the manual training schools of Cincinnati, St. Louis and Chicago. But these schools are so crowded that it is impossible to accommodate all the pupils that apply to some of them, even though tuition must be paid in them, while the public high school is free. It shows unerringly the drift of popular sentiment, and the public high schools must sooner or later adapt themselves to this sentiment.

Useless Big Ships.

Now for a good many years we have been hearing about the scantiness and helplessness of the American navy, contrasted with the power and strength of European war fleets. The tremendous size and tremendous engine power of the monstrous battle ships of Italy and England have been periodically set before us till we all know about them. Oh, yes, we all know about them.

But now an appalling secret has leaked out. Through Capt. Lord Charles Beresford, of the British navy, we learn that so far as England is concerned, these great whales of ships that have cost a mint of money are no good on earth. They do to lie in harbors and make a fine show when Emperor Billy visits his grandmother, but that is all.

Some of them would not hold together long enough to cross the Atlantic if the weather should be a bit rough. They can make no speed at all, and they burn in one month fuel enough to warm all the poor in London for an indefinite time. So far as battering down New York is concerned they are as harmless as a pogpun. Let us breathe once more. The English newspapers are commenting severely on these "startling facts."

But they make Americans feel comfortable. Ericsson always contended that small swift ships which could be easily handled were the most formidable for war, and it looks as if he was right. Our moderate sized new cruisers are in the right direction.

John Burns, who desires to be the world's labor leader, made a great mistake at the Liverpool trades union congress. He took no pains to conciliate or obtain the good will of anybody. He launched his thunderbolts at the heads of even his associates who crossed his will without mercy. The only real progress ever made must be accomplished through harmony and good will, and civility is a debt we owe to every human being.

A large number of Hungarians lately left this country to return to their native land permanently. They said they could live as well there as they do here for far less money, while they do not have to work so many hours a day in Hungary. It is a fact that American work is harder than any other civilized people. But what of it? This is a great country.

With all the British money invested in America, and with the Canadian Pacific company in control of a railway through the United States from Detroit to San Francisco, war between us and England would be a very twisted an affair.

A DECISION UPON SUGAR.

Binding Twine Is Now the Only Disputed Point.

ANOTHER SCANDAL IN THE HOUSE.

The Postmaster is Charged with Having Speculated in His Official Capacity Upon Mail Contracts—He Will Be Investigated—News of the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The Republicans conferees on the tariff bill adjourned at o'clock last evening without completing their work. It is stated that only binding twine is now in doubt. The sugar schedule is fixed and the rates agreed upon, it is understood, are those given to the United Press by a member of the Louisiana delegation—a fraction over 2 cents per lb. No. 16, Dutch standard, a duty of five-tenths of a cent a pound on all above that grade, a bounty of two cents a pound on sugar above 90 polariscope test, and a bounty of one and three-quarters cents on sugar between 80 and 90. The conference report may be presented to the house today.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The senate passed house bill to establish a port of delivery at Peoria, Ills.; senate resolution extending for one year time for payment on land claims in cases of crop failure; senate bill requiring the United States to defend homestead titles where land is claimed to be mineral because of phosphate deposits and other minerals; senate bill to authorize the acquisition of lands for coke ovens and other improvements and for right of way for wagon roads, railroads and tramways in connection with coal mines.

Business in the House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The house discussed and agreed to the conference report on the land grant forfeiture bill. The conference report on the bill to establish a public park on Rock creek, in the District of Columbia, was also agreed to; granting a pension of $100 a month to the widow of Gen. Hartranft.

A resolution to investigate charges of speculation in office made against the postmaster of the house was agreed. The bill defining the duty of the sergeant-at-arms of the house was passed; also the bill appropriating $1,000,000 to enable the secretary of the navy to purchase nickel ore material for the nickel steel armor, and some minor measures.

Another House Scandal.

Mr. Enloe's resolution concerning the postmaster of the house recites that it is alleged that the postmaster of the house, Gold. White, whose duty it is to let contracts for the carrying of the mails, let the contract to one Samuel Culbertson for $1,000 a year on the condition that Culbertson should pay to Wheat $150 a month out of the money received from the government for his services, and that Wheat did receive said sum for nine months, and directing the committee on accounts to investigate these charges and such other matters as appertain to the administration of the postoffice of the house of representatives.

Mr. Hopkins (Ills.) further suggested that the resolution be made broad enough to include an investigation of the action of the last postmaster in regard to the same matter. Mr. Enloe said that if any gentleman had evidence that there was anything wrong in the action of the late postmaster he would have no objection. Mr. Houk (Tenn.) protested that time should be given for amendment. If a Republican had been stealing let him be exposed and punished. Let no one seek to shield him. Mr. Hopkins said that there was no attempt to shield any one, but the postmasters of the last and of the present house were so interlaced that one could not be investigated without the other. Mr. Struble (Ia.) suggested that Silcott was also interested. Mr. Hopkins' amendment extending the investigation into the practices of the postmaster in the Forty ninth and Fiftieth congresses was adopted and the resolution as amended agreed to.

The Silcott Affair Again.

Mr. Payne (N. Y.), chairman of the special committee appointed to investigate the Silcott defalcation, reported by the bill defining the duties of the sergeant-at-arms. It enables the sergeant-at-arms to make a requisition directly upon the treasurer for the pay and mileage of members and constitutes him in explicit terms a disbursing officer, limiting his compensation to his present salary. Under the present system the members are required to give written receipts in advance of the actual payment of the salaries by the treasury. This custom is an ancient one and is utterly at variance with any sound business principle. Upon the recent defalcation of Silcott the attempt was made to give these receipts a force and effect unknown to any previously announced principle of law. It was claimed that members by giving notice were estopped from claiming thereafter unpaid salaries.

The courts promptly decried the payment of the salaries to the members who had given those receipts. The present bill remedies all this. It authorizes and requires payment to the sergeant-at-arms upon his requisition. It is only when the payment is actually made by this officer to the member that any receipt can be required. A bond in the sum of $50,000 is required. The passage of a bill appropriating $250,000 for the construction of new buildings and enlarging the military post at Plattsburg, N. Y.

Drowned at Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 26.—H. C. Patterson, of the firm of Patterson & Co., No. 307 Market street, and residing at No. 272 Locust street, Philadelphia, was drowned at the foot of Massachusetts avenue, in this city, last evening. He had gone out bathing at half past 4 p. m., and when near the iron pier was seen to throw up his hands and sink. Two men who were near by put out in a boat, but he went out of sight before they reached him. He was afterward recovered with a boat hook and heroic efforts made to resuscitate him, but without avail.

Jewett's Record Lowered.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—J. B. Connolly, of the Tremont Athletic club of this city, on Thursday lowered the world's amateur record for hop, step and jump of 44 feet 8¼ inches, held by Harry M. Jewett, of Notre Dame university, Indiana. Connolly covered a distance of 44 feet 10¾ inches.

A Train Derailed.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 26.—Thursday noon the engine, tender and one car of the Boston Harbor express left the rails just as the train neared this city. Some of the passengers were shaken up, but no one was injured. The delay was about two hours.

IN THE POLITICAL WORLD.

Governor Hill Talks at the Lockport Fair—Miscellaneous Nominations.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Governor Hill opened the fair at Lockport with a speech that was enthusiastically received by a large assemblage. The governor then paid a graceful tribute to the memory of Lockport's citizens, the late Governor Washington Hunt, who was the first governor that he ever saw. The governor then told the farmers that he was not going to lecture them farming. The proprieties of the occasion did not demand an exhaustively agricultural address. All classes were represented at the fair. The governor here referred to Chauncey Depew's advice to the farmers to embark on their banner in addition of the government to levy taxes upon the farmer for other classes. Governor Hill did not enlarge on this idea to any great extent, as he said it was a political question and he considered it unjust to impose his ideas on an unpartisan occasion. He said the question should be observed from a broad and patriotic view rather than from a narrow, selfish view. The demands of the farmers should be for new outlets to their barrels of products and the removal of taxes by

CLUBS VS. SHILLALAHS

Many Heads Were Broken in the Tipperary Row.

JOHN MORLEY'S INDIGNATION

He Was Greatly Incensed at the Brutal Conduct of the Police at the Trial of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien—Timothy Harrington One of the Injured.

DUBLIN, Sept. 26.—Patrick O'Brien, who was arrested at Cardiff on Tuesday, was brought to this city Wednesday and placed in prison. Late that night the Nationalists learned that he would be conveyed thither by the morning train Thursday, and they at once made preparations to give him worthy escort. Much to the surprise of the authorities a large delegation of prominent Nationalists boarded the train at the same time that the officers appeared with O'Brien. Among these were John Morley, who has been in Ireland for some time studying the Irish question; John Dillon, Alfred Illingworth, member of parliament for Bradford; T. M. Healy, Commoner Harrington and several others.

Charged by the Police.

On the arrival of the train at Tipperary the Nationalists started for the court house in a body. At a street corner they entered into a conversation. While they were standing, in no way disturbing the peace there, they were ordered by the police to move on. John O'Connor, member of parliament for South Tipperary, took very vigorous exception to this order, and showed his contempt for the police by calling upon the crowd—which by that time had become large—to give three cheers for John Morley. The cheers were given with hearty good will, much to the exasperation of the police, who thereupon charged upon the group and attempted to force it to move forward. In the melee that followed the policemen did not hesitate to use their batons. One burly constable aimed a blow at John Morley himself, but John O'Connor, who stood near, warded it off.

They Met Their Shillalahs.

The Nationalists then continued their way slowly toward the court house. As this was the day fixed for the trial of the arrested Nationalists the streets of Tipperary were full to overflowing. Nationalists thronged to the town, many of them carrying the national weapon—the shillalah—and they proposed to use it if provocation would arise. Early in the day it became known that still another arrest had been made. The victim was Thomas J. Condon, a member of parliament for Tipperary East. He was also brought to Tipperary.

When the hour for the sitting of the court arrived the authorities decided not to open the doors to the general public. The crowd did not take kindly to this treatment, but pressed forward, trying to force a way into the court house. The police stoutly resisted, using their clubs freely. Many of their blows took effect, but the crowd did not yield instantly.

It Was a High Old "Shindy."

For fully five minutes there was a stand up fight between the now excited throng and the police. However, the crowd finally was gradually forced back and the police succeeded in maintaining a clear space in front of the court house. The leaders of the crowd continued to make vigorous protests against being excluded from the court house, and the police were subjected to jeers and hoots. Numerous angry and wounded victims of their recent onslaught. During the conflict many persons were wounded with blows from the policemen's bludgeons. One of the most serious cases was that of a man, some of whose teeth were knocked out and forced into his throat. Several men were so badly hurt as to require surgical attendance.

Timothy Harrington Hurt.

Among the wounded were Timothy Harrington, member of parliament for Dublin, and a Mr. Hallis. Both received heavy blows on their heads. They made their way into the court room as soon as they could, but by that time their hair and coat collars were saturated with blood, and they presented a pitiable spectacle. Their appearance in court created a sensation and lent emphasis to the complaint which Mr. William O'Brien was making to the court of the brutality of the police.

John Morley's Plea.

Then John Morley arose and addressed the court, manifesting great agitation. He earnestly appealed to the court to protect the populace against the wanton use of the club by the police. Meanwhile the Nationalist leaders continued to appeal to Col. Caddell, the presiding magistrate, to reverse his decision to keep the doors shut against the public, and at last he ordered the doors thrown open. The room was at once packed.

A Pretty How-de-do.

At the outset Mr. Dillon objected to being tried before Resident Magistrate Shannon. He said that a personal encounter with Shannon at Cashel. Shannon had grossly insulted him. He urged, therefore, that there would be manifest impropriety in Shannon's sitting at the present trial.

Mr. Shannon refused to admit the validity of Mr. Dillon's objections. He declared that he would perform his duty without bias. William O'Brien also objected to Shannon. Shannon had already tried him three times on similar charges. The sitting in the present case, O'Brien said, was an indecency and an insult. The magistrate answered O'Brien's objections in the same way that he had disposed of Dillon's.

Then, despite the protests of the prisoners, the crown's attorney was permitted to make observations in the charges against Dillon and O'Brien.

The amending of the warrants will enable the government to include new charges in the complaints. The unexpected action, permitted by the magistrates at the opening of the court and without notice having been given to the defendants, is regarded as an evidence that the government proposes to conduct the case in an arbitrary and high handed manner, and that the court is ready to lend its aid in that direction. The procedure of the defense shows a determination to keep the case before the country as long as possible, with a view to making capital for the Nationalist cause.

Mr. Morley's Appeal Had Weight.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Daily News' Tipperary dispatch says that a marked change in the demeanor of the police followed when Mr. Morley appealed to the court. Several voices were heard crying, "Come and save the people." It was evident that the police did not desire to upset the English commoner with discourtesy.

Germany's Minister of War.

BERLIN, Sept. 26.—The Post announces that Gen. Leszczynski has been appointed Minister of war.

A BIG PITTSBURG CRASH.

The Iron City Bridge Company of That Place Financially Embarrassed.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 26.—The Iron City Bridge company is financially embarrassed. An attachment to the amount of $193,281 against C. J. Schultz, owner of the Iron City Bridge works, has been served upon the Oliver Iron and Steel company by W. B. Rodgers, representing the Oliver Iron and Steel company. The Iron City Bridge company had built some large iron structures for the Oliver company, and there is still a balance due on the contract and upon this the attachment was laid. In court the judgment of $193,281 against the Iron City Bridge company was formally entered on public records. The story of the embarrassment is as follows:

The Oliver Iron and Steel company were endorsers on notes from the bridge company, which were to fall due at different times. The bond given was that in case of failure to pay those notes as they came due a judgment by Oliver's creditors was to be entered against the bridge company. This company defaulted on the first note of $9,677, due Sept. 19, hence the judgment for $193,000. The Iron Oliver company has issued attachments on everything possible due the bridge company, and they are simply protected. The Iron City Bridge company is a large buyer of iron. Many large bridges all over the country have been erected by it. Mr. Schultz was one of the heaviest stockholders of the Mount Oliver incline. Dividends aggregating over 40 per cent. were declared last year on its stock. Recently he disposed of his interests to the Pittsburg people, who in turn transferred it to Sellers & McKee. No statement has yet been made of the liabilities. The principal creditors of the firm are Oliver Brothers, Carnegie & Co., Jones & Laughlin and Lloyd & Sons.

BUCK TELLS WHY.

He Says Keefe's Injury Lost New York The Pennant.

BUFFALO, Sept. 26.—In an interview Buck Ewing, of the New Yorks, attributed the loss of the pennant by his club to his pitchers. Keefe's injury, he said, had made a vast difference. When the championship season is over the New Yorks and Bostons will make an exhibition tour of the New England states. With regard to the purchase of the Cincinnati club, Ewing said there was nothing definite yet, but that the Players' league is after that club. The Players' league has secured the best material in the Brooklyn National club, he said, and that practically kills that club. With it out and Cincinnati also, the National league cannot last long.

Asked whom place Cincinnati would take, Ewing said he didn't know as yet, but it would not be Buffalo's. Buffalo, he said, is a better ball town than Pittsburg, Cleveland or Brooklyn, and the receipts prove it. We cannot make a ten club circuit, and something will have to drop, but I shall not vote to drop Buffalo. To my mind Brooklyn is our weakest point. Give Buffalo a team that can win half its games at home, and it is a good town. If a change is made anywhere the poorest town will have to go. Sympathy or sentiment will not cut any figure in such a question.

Mr. Blaine's Return to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Secretary Wharton received a dispatch from Mr. Blaine telling that he left Bar Harbor for Washington. The report of Minister Misner on the killing of Gen. Barrundia will be sent to the house of representatives in response to the resolution of that body. One of the first subjects of conference between the president and Mr. Blaine will be the nomination of three gentlemen to represent the United States on the international railway commission which will meet in this city early next month for the purpose of initiating a survey for a trunk line of railroads to connect the systems of North and South America. Cablegrams have been received from various Pan-American countries announcing the appointment of commissioners to represent those governments, and they are now on their way to the United States.

Hon. George B. Loring Sued.

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—District Attorney F. D. Allen has brought suit against Hon. George B. Loring and Hon. Frank Jones to recover upon a bond for $30,000 signed by these men named as sureties of John D. Sanborn. He appealed to the United States supreme court from a judgment of the circuit court in a suit brought to recover $10,000 with several years' interest, money paid to Sanborn under a mistake of fact by the government, which supposed that the former was entitled to the money as an informer in the matter of the collection of a legacy tax upon the estate of the late Gen. J. E. Wool. It was afterward discovered that Sanborn was not entitled to it, and after several years' litigation judgment for $9,000 was entered against him. He did not satisfy the execution, hence the suit upon his appeal bond.

Weather Indications.

Cloudy and warmer, with southerly winds, followed to-morrow by an increase of temperature.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Our Fall Stock of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT STREET.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

National League.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 10; Boston, 5. Errors: Pittsburg, 1; Boston, 4. Batteries: Nichols and Beckley; Sullivan and Madden.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Base hits: Cleveland, 6; New York, 11. Errors: Cleveland, 2; New York, 2. Batteries: Young and Zimmer, Sharrott and Clark.

Players' League.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Base hits: Pittsburg, 10; Brooklyn, 7. Errors: Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries: Staley and Fields, Weyhing and Kinslow.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	1—6
New York	0	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	0—8

Base hits: Buffalo, 6; New York, 8. Errors: Buffalo, 3; New York, 4. Batteries: Cunningham and Clarke, Crane and Brown.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	1	2	0	1	3	0	1	1	1—10
Boston	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4—8

Base hits: Cleveland, 17; Boston, 14. Errors: Cleveland, 5; Boston, 8. Batteries: Dowsld and Butcliffe, Gumbert and Kelly.

American Association.

At Toledo—

Toledo	0	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0—5
Baltimore	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0—4

Base hits: Toledo, 11; Baltimore, 9. Errors: Toledo, 2; Baltimore, 3. Batteries: Smith and Sage, Gerhardt and Townsend.

Atlantic Association.

At Lebanon—Lebanon, 11; Newark, 8. Base hits: Lebanon, 20; Newark, 9. Errors: Lebanon, 2; Newark, 4. Batteries: Smith and Winkleman, Fitzgerald and Murphy.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The suicide of Victor Lee Johnson in Brooklyn, it is believed, resulted from business worriment. The young man had a romantic history and did not know his name until about a year ago.

John Liebrecht, of Baltimore, is suing William H. Evans, a rich man, for $75,000 damages for alienating his wife's affections.

George P. Whitney, of Albany, pleaded guilty to the charge of falsifying entries in the books of the First National Albany City National bank and acknowledged misappropriating about $17,000. Judge Cox sentenced him to seven years in the Albany penitentiary.

Mr. Parnell has fixed Oct. 6 for the meeting of the Irish Nationalist party at Dublin. In his call for the meeting he says that a line of action will be declared which will be a guide and a signal for the Irish people at home and abroad.

Hon. Sam Randall Dead.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Hon. Samuel J. Randall died at his residence in this city at 7:30 this morning. He had been ill for some time with typhoid fever, but his condition was not considered alarming until Wednesday, when he began to sink rapidly. He was conscious to the last and retained his mental faculties to the end. Mrs. Randall, his daughter, Miss Randall, and his son, Horace Randall, were present when he died.

Samuel J. Randall was born in Philadelphia, Oct. 10, 1828. He was educated in the public schools of that city, and after graduating began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1851, and began the practice of his profession. He was elected to the thirty-second congress as a democrat, and was re-elected to the thirty-third congress. He was defeated for the thirty-fourth congress, but was elected to the thirty-fifth congress, and has been re-elected to every congress since, with the exception of the forty-seventh congress. He was speaker of the house of representatives during the forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh and forty-eighth congresses. He was a member of the committee of ways and means during the forty-ninth congress.

What the Canal Men Want.

BUFFALO, Sept. 26.—At the session of the Canal and Harbor Protective union a resolution calling on the legislature to appropriate not less than $250,000 for the repair of the locks and harbors of the Black River canal was unanimously adopted. A resolution was passed indorsing the action of the Northern Boatmen's association in asking the legislature for an appropriation of $750,000 for the improvement of the Champlain canal. Other resolutions were carried as follows: Calling for the building of state elevators at New York and Buffalo; demanding the enactment of a law providing for the maintenance and operation of free piers at New York and bulkheads in New York and Buffalo; calling on the legislature to relieve canalboat owners of the necessity of insuring their cargoes. Congress to be asked to declare the Delaware and Raritan and Chesapeake and Delaware canals public highways in order to get rid of unjust canal tolls.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.—Instruction in **Elocution**, classes or private lessons. For terms, address MISS. ALBERTI, P. O. Box 1066.

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lesson in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON, Teacher of **piano**. Gives lessons either at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice trial from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS L. R. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Conservatory of Milan, and the Leipsic method of Germany. Will also form a class in Harmony. Address 73 East Fifth street. 9 3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street. September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S Boarding and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 30m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For private circulars address MISS E. S. KENYON, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY. 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children. ... will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. R. C. DINGEE, Principal. 6-18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrange avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

AGENCY FOR

Kodak Cameras,

ALL SIZES.

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

He Could Not Live Without Her.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—John Neer, 25 years of age, committed suicide here under exceptionally tragic circumstances. Two weeks ago he married Miss Annie Hall, and the couple went to housekeeping in a small dwelling in which he and his wife met their death. Shortly after moving into the house Mrs. Neer became ill, consumption grew worse, and Tuesday she died. After his wife's death Neer acted like a man bereft of all hope and ambition. He sat up all night and early in the morning went out for a few moments to take a walk. When he returned he went direct to his wife's room and finding no one there went out to the back yard, removed the lid and took off his wife's wedding ring, placing it upon his own finger. A moment later a shot rang through the house. He had sent a bullet through his brain with unerring aim and death was instantaneous.

Buffalo Bill Most Expleits.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The question as to the treatment of the Indians who have been abroad with Buffalo Bill will be considered by an inspector from the Indian department at Washington, when the Indians are landed from the steamer Wieland today. This action is influenced by the stories of ill treatment that have been told by straggling red men who have been coming home by ones and twos for some time past.

Hon. John Jay Injured.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Hon. John Jay, ex-United States minister to Austria, was knocked down by a cab at the corner of Forty-second street and Vanderbilt avenue, at noon and seriously injured. Mr. Jay was taken to St. Luke's hospital where everything possible is being done to make him comfortable. He is bright and cheerful and suffers comparatively little pain. Mr. Jay is 73 years of age.

NEW FIRM

N.B Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS, POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 34.

N. B SMALLEY, } 94 SOMERSET ST.
H. H BROKAW }

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imported style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2,25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFOR'IA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Shade Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

108 PARK AVENUE.

Safety Bicycles

AND SUNDRIES.

Lanterns	$2.50, $4.50, $6.0
Bells	2.50
Lubers Oil	.35
Odes	.50
Wrenches	.75 and 1.00
Duplex Whistles	.50

Geo. W. Morrison,

21 WEST FRON STREET.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good will of Mr. Jas. P. Warner, would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

20 20 AND 22 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

PARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

The horses are known to be of the best, and every trip will meet attention and speedy transit.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the demand requires.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits, 10 cents.

Connect with the 6.59, 7.30 and 8.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 p. m. and 4.35 p. m. return trips connect with the 11.45 a. m. express. Meet the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave orders at residence, 10 Somerset street.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—6.40 a. m., 12.15, 2.20, 5.20 p. m.
Close—7.00 and 11.00 a. m., 1.00 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.40 a. m., 2.20, 5.20 p. m.
Close—7.30 a. m., 4.0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6.30 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.39, 5.54, 5.58, 6.09, 6.29, 7.06, 7.30, 7.58, 8.00 8.15, 8.37, 8.57, 9.26, 9.30, 10.05, 11.00 11.30, a. m. 12.01, 1.47, 2.07, 3.30, 3.45, 4.07, 4.35, 5.07, 5.22, 6.22 6.56 8 52, 9.28, 10.25, 11.28 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 6.44, 8.10, 8.58, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m. 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 6.30, 6.45, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 midnight 4 p. m. 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p. m. 12.15,

FROM MARION HARLAND.

WHAT SHE HAS TO SAY CONCERNING WALL FLOWERS.

They Are of Many Varieties—The Predominate the Most Common—The Blindness of Men Who Sometimes Pass by the Sweetest of Women.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

The Indians call pursley "the white man's foot." It follows the squatter as surely as the domestic fly, and dies out with the decline of civilization.

The human wall flower may be said to sprout in the track of fashion. With the first social entertainment among "our best people" of the infant settlement, be it apple bee, quilting or sugarin' off, the perennial plant is set against the walls or in the outermost borders. It is the same generically with the sumptuously apparelled rows that line upper ten ballrooms in Boston, New York and Chicago.

The specimens are presumably "flowers" or they would not be in society. Weeds and kitchen herbs are not suffered to live in show parterres. When Mrs. H. O. Tomsand or Mrs. M. Aire issues cards to a ball she selects people who will grace and enliven or add dignity to her assembly. The wall flowers does none of the three. The neglected ranks of bidden guests in the background of the pageant that honors the purse and position of the hostess must be an eyesore to her, if only because they imply unfortunate selection of materials or mismanagement of them when they are collected. As a point of equity, attention and consequent enjoyment of the occasion should be fairly distributed. The evidence that this is never done lies in the immutable fact that the wall flower, like a father thing, "springs eternal"—and, it may be groaningly added, everywhere.

While the genus is the same in all climates and under whatever exposure, the species vary so widely as to afford opportunity for curious study.

The most common is the predestinate wall flower. She bears the same relation to the rest that the June dog rose does to Lamarque, Marechal Neil and Jacqueminot. She is the original and indigenous stock. She is not pretty; she is not rich; she does not dress well; she is only a tolerable dancer, and very far from being a tolerable talker. Usually she is what the society man denominates "a monosyllabic girl." Why she should always go wherever she is invited, and most surely into the most brilliant gatherings, where her disabilities will be most conspicuous, is as much a peculiarity of the species as strong scent pertains to the gaudies color or prickles to the thistle. Stars may fall and belles faint by the way. She is to be counted upon and in as certainly as the caterer and his bill. "Semper paratus" should be the legend embroidered upon her one less pocket handkerchief. Nobody is so kept, ready to go, and—poor thing! more than ready to be amused when she is there, if the ghost of opportunity be offered her. She must extract some juice of pleasure from the husky entertainment of sitting against other people's wainscots and baseboards, looking at other people's dancing, and hearing the hum of talk not addressed to herself. Else her penalty would be reversed, and herself suffer a home change into a house leek.

That this does not happen is one of the curiosities of human conduct. Our predestinate wall flower is oftener amiable than captious, and cannot suspect what a gravelly particle she is between the teeth of the smiling mistress of ceremonies, and with what sinking of heart she sees her appear in the dressing room door, or her acceptance "with thanks" would not be a foregone conclusion. She comes in, timidly sometimes, at others bashfully, but never deprecatingly. Generally she radiates the mild complacency of one who knows herself to be welcome. To this she not infrequently joins the benevolent persuasion that in accepting dear Mrs. Gay's invitation she confers pleasure upon the sender and distinction upon the crowd.

Having taken her seat she rarely changes it. If the waltzer tramples her toes she receives his apology more or less graciously. He is a comet, her firm steady shine of a planet. Let us hope for her speedy discovery of the truth that it is the leaden luster of Uranus, so faint and ineffectual that the world would not miss its withdrawal from the solar system. Dickens tells us that Mr. Jellyby found a comfort in leaning his head against the wall. The friend to social hilarity is ready to beg for some shendaliers to compound with which to mix balcomine and treat paper hangings, that may warm off from contact the predestinate wall flower.

To the gallant of whatever age she is a heroine. The woman of defenseless and uncorruptible hospitality has a habit of telling off relays of men to talk with each of the species as lark in corners of her well patrolled parlors. Having determined, with the compunction overlying as one of the devoted band, she stationed him with the sotto voce pledge of relief in fifteen minutes, and straightway forgot him in the distraction of her duties. Drifting irresistibly into his neighborhood she was awakened to a perception of her inhumanity by catching an agonized glance from the brave fellow, who had held the post for sixty mortal minutes. Since that night he has been known among his confreres as "Casabianca."

The hardest part of it all is that hostly duty involves the endeavor to transform the wall flower and by culture put into the semblance of a popular blossom. The cling of the clematis to the mouldings of her waits is a tacit reflection upon the caretaker's kindly offices, or upon her tactful ability. In the promotion of this the hostess nearly always makes the effort indirected, and altogether always fails. For never was it known that the predestinate wall flower changed her nature or ways. No zone or season can affect other than unimportant variations, such as, we will say, the turn of a leaf or the flicker of a shade.

The species—belle passe (queen chrysanthemum)—is high colored and in habit spasmodic. As the main stalk of a plant often upbears a stiff bloom, dull in tint and formal in arrangement, while lateral shoots display the effervescence of the rose and the gorgeousness of the tulip, so she who has once known how to attract and captivate may hope for other, if semi-occasional, successes in the same line. Elderly men who recollect her as "an uncommonly fine girl" revive sentimental remiuiscences of their common youth by "just a turn or two for the sake of auld lang syne." Very young and against their will sheepish fellows find her easier to talk to than the belle of later seasons and far more indulgent of gaucherie and self-esteem. One of them is apt to marry her if she is matrimonially inclined. As a wife (and as many women marry well at thirty-five as at twenty-two) the belle passee glows into continuous bloom that sometimes surpasses the crude beauty of youth. She is susceptible (measurably) to the influence of changed soil and fertilization.

More difficult to classify and to account for upon any established principle of human horticulture is the wall flower who becomes and remains such against everybody's expectation.

I have in mind a family of three sisters, who are well educated, well born and well bred and absolutely good looking. Accompanied by a presentable mother and once in a while by the wealthy father, who denies them no pleasure, they go to the Hygeia in February, to Saratoga in July, to Mt. Desert in August and to Florida in December. They dress tastefully, are not taciturn or prudish, and dance gracefully when chance sends them partners—a rare occurrence. For the stamp of the germs upon them, the bells and pastures the new signify for them only other walls and renewed neglect. Belles declare them to be "ever so nice," but cannot tempt their own admirers to catholicity of devotion. Hostesses say they are "charming, only—the men haven't the taste to appreciate real worth."

For my own part I know them to be genuine women, sensible and lovable, so superior to the average butterfly of the ballroom that I never see them, in party or picnic, that I am not reminded of the groan of my colored "man my," when she heard a lively and beautiful spinster jollily avow that she had passed her thirty-third birthday.

"Lawdy! lawdy! lawdy! what is de men about?"

I know two other sisters, the only unmarried members of a large family of boys and girls, and beyond question the most attractive of them all in manner and appearance, who are now respectively 35 and 37 years of age. Neither of them has ever, within the knowledge of her oldest and most intimate acquaintance, had the suspicion of an admirer. Their social position is unexceptionable, and they are to be seen at all manner of routs, doing each "season," winter or summer, with cheerful fidelity. Nobody asks them to dance or to go in to supper except upon the insistance of the hostess. At the seashore they are, like babes in the wood, left to their own devices to construct social entertainment. They are never invited to drive or stroll, or even to look at the moon from the balcony. Yet, with their own sex, they are exceedingly popular, are adored by a large constituency of nieces and nephews, as church workers, leave nothing to be desired by priest or parish. Still, the fatal wall draws them to it, and robs them of available charms as the fabled mountain drew the iron bolts out of the sailor's boat and wrecked him in the very harbor.

What social vivisectionist can explain the enigma of the non-analyzable wall flower?

Slighted by men for women who have not one tithe of her moral or mental worth, or to the unprejudiced eye one-half her personal comeliness, each public appearance tends to fasten the stigma the more firmly. She becomes herself aware of her reputation it is her fate. Nothing succeeds like success, and nothing fails so disastrously as prejudged failure.

Of the pretty trio of sisters I mentioned just now a flippant correspondent wrote to a New York paper, disguising the names, for safety's sake, under initials: "They look with plaintive patience upon the brilliant scene. Their large eyes, the fixity of the smile upon their silent lips, their whole demeanor says: 'We are failures! We know it! We would help it if we could. But, Kismet!'"

A plain old dame, whose husband's money and ambition had brought up and educated six fine looking sons and three pretty daughters, was asked why the brothers, one and all, married early, while the sisters remained single.

"Why, you see," said the good creature, a ludicrous blending of shrewdness and maternal concern proverbializing and homely speech, "the boys, they can ask! The girls, they can't!"

Until the situation is modified the wall flower, however redolent of virtues, however gifted with real loveliness of mind, will continue to follow the footprint of tyrannical fashion.

If she be a genuine woman, with right perception of the values of life, she owes it to herself, her order and human nature to recognize by action, not by word, that the blare and glare of the assembly room are not her rightful exposure. There in a corner and there are seen for everything which the ground affords, she has put fade his garden. The showy side of the world is the least worthy. When a deep hearted, full hearted girl finds herself habitually overlooked in places where she could satisfy lower natures common sense dictates to her either a timely avoidance of the mortification and misconstruction incident upon a false position. There is no written or oral code obliging her to appear where she is not appreciated and where she neither gives nor receives pleasure.

Marion Harland.

FREEDOM OF RELIGION.

LIMITATIONS OF THE GUARANTY GIVEN BY THE CONSTITUTION.

It Was Not Intended to Protect a School or Sect Which Under the Guise of Religion Counsels Practices Contrary to Good Morals.

The supreme court of the United States has decided that a territorial statute which exacts from every person as a prerequisite to registration as a voter an oath that he is not a bigamist or polygamist, and does not belong to any order which teaches, advises, counsels or encourages bigamy or polygamy, is constitutional.

Bigamy and polygamy are crimes by the laws of all civilized and Christian countries. They tend to destroy the purity of the marriage relation, to disturb the peace of families, to degrade woman and to debase man. To extend exemption and protection from punishment for such crimes would be to shock the moral judgment of the community. To call their advocacy a tenet of religion is to offend the common sense of mankind. If they are crimes, then to teach, advise and counsel their practice is to aid in their commission, and such teaching and counseling are themselves criminal and proper subjects of punishment, as aiding and abetting crime are in all other cases.

The word "religion" has reference to one's views of his relations to his Creator, and to the obligations they impose of reverence for his being and character, and of obedience to his will. It is often confided with the tenets of worship of a particular sect, but is distinguishable from the latter. The first amendment to the constitution, in declaring that congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or forbidding the free exercise thereof, was intended to allow every one under the jurisdiction of the United States to entertain such notions respecting his relations to his Maker and the duties they impose as may be approved by his judgment and conscience, and to exhibit his sentiments in such form of worship as he may think proper, not injurious to the equal rights of others, and to prohibit legislation for the support of any religious tenets, or the modes of worship of any sect.

It was never intended or supposed that the amendment could be invoked as a protection against legislation for the punishment of acts inimical to the peace, good order and morals of society. With man's relations to his Maker and the obligations he may think they impose, and the manner in which his expression shall be made by him of his belief on those subjects, no interference can be permitted, provided always the laws of society, designed to secure its peace and prosperity and the morals of its people, are not interfered with. However free the exercise of religion may be, it must be subordinate to the criminal laws of the country, passed with reference to actions regarded by general consent as properly the subjects of punitive legislation.

There have been sects which denied as a part of their religious tenets that there should be any marriage tie, and advocated promiscuous intercourse of the sexes as prompted by the passions of its members. And history discloses the fact that the necessity of human sacrifices, on special occasions, has been a tenet of some sects. Should a sect of either of these kinds ever find its way into this country, swift punishment would follow the carrying into effect of its doctrines, and no greater indulgence would be given to them as religious beliefs, their supporters could be protected in their exercise by the constitution of the United States.—Opinion of Mr. Justice Field.

Part of a Day.

An illustration of the maxim that the law does not regard part of a day is shown in a case where a note payable on a given bank is presented for payment at 11 o'clock a. m., and funds being wanting the note is protested for non-payment, and the maker of the note provides funds at the bank shortly before the close of banking hours, and contends that he should not pay the protest fees for the reason that money was at the bank to pay the note on the day when due.

In such a case the law holds that the maker is in default. By the promise to pay at a certain bank on a certain day the maker is bound to have the money there appointed at all times within the banking hours on that day, so that if the note is presented five minutes after the bank is opened in the morning and payment is refused, the promise is broken, the note is dishonored, and if protested without presenting it again the protest fees must be borne by the maker. If, however, the maker can find the holder of the note at any time before the close of banking hours, and tenders him the face of the note, he may thereby save the honor of the paper and the usual fees of protest.

What Becomes of Them?

A friend in the country apologized to Foote for not keeping an appointment by explaining that he had been at the funeral of a deceased attorney of his acquaintance. "What!" said Foote, "do you bury attorneys down here?" "Why, certainly," said his friend; "what do you do with them in London?" "When an attorney is dead," replied Foote, with great solemnity, "we recognize by law and leave the body all alone by itself in a room, with the door locked and the window wide open, and when we go in in the morning he is always gone." "But what becomes of him?" "The carrion birds carry away." "Don't know; but there is invariably a strong smell of brimstone left in the room!"—Galaxy.

How the Path.

"And so you have received a divorce from that vagabond husband of yours, Mrs. Smith?"

"Yes, I am glad to say that I have."

"Didn't you feel quite overpowered when you heard the decision of the judge?"

"Not exactly. I felt sorter unnerved, so to speak."—New York Sun.

Business Was Dull.

Two peddlers met by a nine story tenement house in New York.

"How is business, Aaron?"

"Very good indeed. And how is it with you?"

"Judge for yourself. This pack weighs a hundred pounds. A woman just called me from the top story of that tenement. I managed to get up, and found her with a baby in her arms. When she saw me she said to the interesting infant: 'There he is now; so if you're not good he'll carry you away in his pack.' She didn't buy anything, but I was sold. Business, Aaron, is very bad indeed."—Philadelphia Times.

Not So Very Chilly.

Mamma—Hadn't you better come in now, dear?

Gladys Herbean—Oh, mamma, such a love-ly night. Mayn't I stay out a little while longer?

Mamma (solicitously)—It's getting quite chilly. Have you anything around you?

Gladys—Oh, yes; lots!

Mamma—Very well, then.—Life.

How the World Wags.

Average Man—What has become of that old fool Wilkins—used to call himself a colonel or something?

Citizen—He happened to own a piece of land on which oil was found and is now rich; lives in a palace on the avenue.

Average Man (some hours later)—Hello! That looks like Gen. Wilkins.

Another Citizen—Yes, that's the general. Do you know him?

Average Man—Yes, indeed. The general and I are old friends.—New York Weekly.

All Right in the Circumstances.

Gladys-Maud (aged 10)—Grammar, how y' spell bear'ly?

Grandma—B E A S T L Y, darling, but it's not a nice word for my pet to use."

Gladys-Maud—Well, I don't care, I've got to write to mammer and popper, 'n I want to tell 'em about the weather."

Grandma—Oh, very well, pet."—New York Tribune.

Comforting.

Old Gentleman (at his daughter's wedding)—My dear, I don't see how I am to get along without you.

Bride—Never mind, pa. Since the ceremony was performed my husband has confessed that he hasn't enough saved to go to housekeeping, so you may not lose me after all.—New York Weekly.

A Guide in the Dark.

"You brought a piece of Limburger cheese home last night, John?"

"I did, dearest."

"Why in the world did you do it?"

"I knew I would wake up hungry in the night, and I wanted to know where to find the pantry in the dark."—Boston Courier.

Bills and Bills.

Jagway—Travers had a bad accident the other day. He was going down to Long Branch on the boat, when his hat blew off. Had a hundred dollar bill inside the rim.

Robinson—Phew! what a loss.

Jagway—No. It was a tailor's bill.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Two Bills.

First Resorter—That mosquito just came up and presented its bill to me as cool as could be. I never had anything sting me so.

Second Resorter—That's nothing. Wait till the landlord does the same thing.—America.

Prison Employment.

Governor (to latest arrival)—You will have to work while you are here; but if you wish it you may follow any occupation suited to your capacity. What is your profession?

Convict—I am a comic singer.—Chatter.

But They Grind Exceeding Fine.

"Poor fellow! But why did you reject him in such a summary way?"

"Well, he's the editor of that Moonshine Magazine, and rejected one of my poems once. I just thought I'd let him know that two can play at that game."—Life.

Antipathy.

Clara (to Charlie, who is noted for various unsatisfactory attempts at whiskers)—A mustache seems to have antipathy to your face.

Charlie—Yes, it does seem a little down on it.—Philadelphia Press.

An Unfortunate Way to Put It.

Mrs. Gossey—Of course, Mrs. Filton is a friend of mine, but don't you think she is just a little bit common?

Mrs. Kindleigh—Yes, she might be more particular in the choice of friends, I think. —Washington Star.

Too Innocent.

Young Wife—I want a box of sardines. Are you sure these are fresh?

Dealer—Yessum. Caught this morning.

Young Wife—I think you'd better send two boxes.—New York Sun.

She Deserved It.

In a jewelry store: "I love you," said the bronze figure of Venus to a Jurgenson watch, "because you have such an open face." And the watch ran down and kicked her.—Jewelers' Circular.

No Doubt About It.

"So Jack is married, eh? Do you think he'll get along well with his wife?"

"I'm quite sure he will. They sang in the same choir for two years without quarreling."—Lippincott's.

Not Half Crazy.

Tom—Did Thompson really say I was half crazy, Jack?

Jack—No, he didn't. He isn't so generous as that.—Epoch.

At a Salon.

He—Have you read "Evangeline?"

She—No, but I saw it played, and I think he played rather, Mr. Rice, probably did.—Chaff.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a Very Choice Stock of Shoes for Fall trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some Very Good Goods at Very Low prices. We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS,

13 W. FRONT STREET.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Parlors attended for Ladies, 66 Rose Second street, corner of Washington.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qts., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. MASON'S Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 25c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE. 126

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular prices.

300 dozen 2d wax jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Outing Flan nels are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 75c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 37c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 45c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 60c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "map up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool Serges, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUBINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT, SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALITY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

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WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLD'S ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 9X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 500 PAGES, 199 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 30 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in German and French under the instruction of MR. F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. 1-16-tf.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer ence is made

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80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to or from the city or country places in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

FOR TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES range, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1288

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Cheesman Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Good for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

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50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

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LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

in sizes to suit the trade. This coal was mined by my whole mine crew in all cases, prior to close it at the mines, and it is therefore unusually free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping cars, enables me always to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is delivered in the most careful manner possible. Telephone 129. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

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Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two teams in operation. Our motto is to please. Leave orders at my residence, Front street, corner of Grove, Plainfield, or at the Post Office, Dunellen. Orders may be left at Jones' Grocery, Dunellen, or at Jones' Grocery, Grove street, Plainfield. P. O. Box 89, Plainfield. 1-17

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 26th, 1890, it was resolved that the several townships and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual places and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
1st Ward	725 votes.	15	delegates.
2d "	175 "	3	"
6th "	338 "	7	"
7th "	262 "	5	"
9th "	153 "	3	"
Linden	222 "	4	"
Total		37	

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
3d Ward	249 votes.	5	delegates.
4th "	206 "	4	"
5th "	564 "	12	"
Union	147 "	3	"
Springfield	94 "	2	"
Summit	210 "	4	"
Cranford	140 "	3	"
New Providence	55 "	1	"
Total		34	

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—			
1st Ward	116 votes.	2	delegates.
2d "	139 "	3	"
3d "	296 "	6	"
4th "	128 "	3	"
City	51 "	1	"
Plainfield—			
1st Ward	250 "	5	"
2d "	250 "	5	"
3d "	295 "	6	"
4th "	275 "	6	"
Fanwood	129 "	3	"
Westfield	283 "	6	"
Total		45	

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

JOTTINGS.

—It is said that powered rosin sprinkled over a cut checks the bleeding at once.

—A thief stole about three bushels of onions from Mrs. Leib at Greenbrook on Monday.

—The Non Secret Endowment Order will be instituted in the Knights of Pythias room Wednesday evening.

—The Sunday night service at the Methodist Episcopal church has been changed from 8 p. m. to 7.30 p. m.

—Square-toed shoes for men are to be revived, and patent leather is to be worn more generally than ever before.

—The game of base ball between the Crescents and West Ends, which was to have taken place this afternoon, was postponed until next Saturday on account of the weather.

—The Saturday evening gospel and prayer meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held as usual at their rooms, No. 73 West Front street. Mrs. W. J. Ford will lead. All are invited to be present.

—Mrs. N. P Drake of North Plainfield was indicted this week by the Somerset county Grand Jury for cruelty to children. She was arraigned in court yesterday morning, pleaded not guilty to the charge and furnished bail for trial next week.

—There were 179 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 197 in the preceding week and 193, 193, 105 and 205 in the corresponding weeks of 1889, 1888, 1887 and 1886 respectively. The total number of failures in the United States January 1st to date is 7,668, against 8,986 in 1889.

—It is now claimed that the arrest of John H. Bedell, one member of the firm of Bedell Bros., of this city, on the charge of Constable Belcher, is sufficient, in the eyes of the city, for the firm for violation of the ordinance in carrying without a license. The arrest of one employe, was not, however, considered sufficient and it is difficult to understand how one is different when it is against the employer. It is said that Bedell Bros. will employ Mr. Krewson, the complainant, if it should even meet the rule of impartial justice.

—The President of the Women's Temperance Aid Society is ill and still absent from home, but the prompt response to the "call" by the First Vice-President, Mrs. Quigley, for a meeting by "Thursday" at 3 p. m., at the Second Reformed church, indicates an increased determination to work for the cause to which the members are pledged. The meetings will continue every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., and at 4 p. m. a mothers' meeting every Thursday at 3 p. m., which is in the auditorium of Reform Hall. The cause needs the aid of every Christian.

PICTURESQUE PLAINFIELD NO. 6.—THE JOB MALE LIBRARY.

WHO WILL SERVE.

An Official Announcement Concerning the Election Officers.

The following, emanating by authority of the committees, gives the true situation concerning the election officers, and settles the question as to who will serve on the Boards on Tuesday next as well as at the other elections:

The law which provides for the submission of the constitutional amendment directs that the elections officers who are in office on the thirtieth day of September shall conduct the election to be held on that day.

Those officers who were elected last year were legislated out of office by the fifty-eighth section of the new election law and as such can not perform no duties.

There are now two sets of election officers in some of the cities who will be in office on the thirtieth day of September. One of these was appointed by the city council and the other by the County Board. In the townships there is but one set.

The boards appointed by the city council are directed to hold all elections in their respective cities, except the annual election to be held next November. They are therefore the proper officers to act on September 30th.

The officers appointed by the county board being the only ones in the townships will conduct the election to be held on that day.

The officers who are to hold the election in November will not be disqualified because they may constitute the board acting in September.

Any old election officer who has received by mistake the ballots sent out should immediately forward them to the proper officials as above specified.

Base Ball.

The Plainfield papers deserve credit for their nice accounts of the ball game. The excitement is so great that it would not require much to make bad blood, and the newspapers, as well as the general public, should strive to prevent this.

The Crescents have secured two professional players from Pittsburg and three from Brooklyn for to-morrow. This, with the assistance of the Norwich pitcher will make a very strong team for our boys to face.

The Plainfield News employed an old base ballist to write up the game on Saturday. We didn't have an old one, but we had a young one who gets there every time, and always gives a fair and impartial report of the game.

Come off, Mr. News; did you not make a mistake in the whistle from Somerville? Was it not a dirge for the death of the Crescents?—Somerville Democrat.

The blowing of steam whistles for the fire Saturday night was heard in Plainfield, the citizens there thinking it came from Somerville, where the people were hilarious over the victory of the West Ends.—Bound Brook Chronicle.

Hunters Must Not Trespass.

The prospect for shooting game this Fall is said to be better than for several seasons, as quail and rabbits are reported to be plentiful in some localities. Gunners are already to be seen in the fields, and not unfrequently regard sign boards forbidding hunting, fishing or trespassing on private lands as of little account.

No man has the right to go upon the premises of another, whether for gunning or other purpose, without the consent of the owner, and every person so doing is a trespasser. Although it is customary for persons to enter upon the grounds of others for the purpose of fishing, hunting and gunning, yet they have no right to do it without the consent of the owner. Being a trespasser he must get off the premises, and must not stand upon his going. He must move off as fast as he can, but he need not run. If he refuses to go the owner can use as much force as is necessary to put him off, even if it results in the death of the offender, but you dare not use more force than is absolutely necessary.

Washingtonville Notes.

David Sutton Mundy, who some months ago suffered a stroke of paralysis, died Thursday afternoon at his home near Springdale. He was the first person to be "laid away" in the new Washingtonville Valley in Pleasant, having a day during the 40 years he suffered. The funeral occurred this afternoon at the M. E. Church, Rev. Frank Haggerty officiating. Mr. Mundy was aged, as was reported Tuesday, by friends from New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, New Brunswick, Plainfield and other localities. Mr. Mundy was a native of Ireland, where he has lived for 61 years, five years and one daughter, Mrs. Sutherland was aged 50 years and 6 months. Mundy was aged 50 years and 6 months.

The Republican Platform.

The following is the platform adopted by the Fourth District Congressional convention, which was held at Somerville last week:

Resolved, 1. That this Convention, voicing the sentiments of the Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of New Jersey, commends the wise and sagacious administration of President Harrison.

2. That we commend the wisdom of Congress in passing the Tariff (known as the McKinley) bill, and believe that this wise measure will be the means of giving new life to many languishing industries, and put in motion great enterprises which will benefit the laboring classes; that it will be of substantial value to the farmers of the country who have not been receiving the prices they should receive for the products of their farms because of too low duty on all classes of agricultural products.

3. We approve the proposition of reciprocity for international commercial exchange with the counties of this continent, which, if properly and wisely conducted, will first as outlet for our farm products and manufacturing industries into new markets not now thoroughly developed.

4. We believe in a free ballot and a fair count, and while it may be wise and best that the Election bill which passed the Lower House of Congress, and which is now before the Senate, should go over until the next session, nevertheless, we are in the recent election held on September 1st in Arkansas, that such a law is imperatively demanded, and that Federal aid must be invoked if the elections for National officers in the South are to be in harmony with our Republican form of government; we call upon the next session of Congress to protect the voters of this country from the evil influences of those men who delight in robbing voters of their constitutional rights.

5. That we commend the action of Congress in passing the Silver bill which will give an increased circulating medium needed to meet the demands of our growing population and business; we believe that the volume of money in circulation was insufficient for the people to properly carry on the legitimate trade of the country, and that the apprehension of the money lenders that the increase of silver would be dangerous to the best interests of the people will not be relised.

6. That we fully and unqualifiedly endorse the action of Congress for the wisdom displayed in passing the Pension laws; that too much cannot be done by the people of this country for the noble men, who, nearly thirty years ago, went forward to battle for America's freedom; that it was by their might and power the Nation lived, and the generation of to-day is enjoying the fruits of their valor, suffering and patriotism, as will future generations unborn.

7. That we bail with delight the admission of North and South Dakota, Washington, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming, into the family of States, an act which the Democratic party represented in Congress opposed with all its power.

8. We extend to the Republicans of Maine our hearty congratulations for the success they achieved at the election held last week, and applaud their zeal in sending back to the Lower House of Congress Speaker Reed by such a tremendous plurality against the opposition of the entire Democratic party of the country.

9. We pledge our hearty support to our nominee for Congress, Richard F. Goodman of Sussex.

Has a Needle in His Foot.

Thursday evening Mr. John H. Carney of the firm of Carney Bros., while walking across a room in his house, stepped on a needle which penetrated his foot. In attempting to extricate it, the needle broke off. A painful foot is the result, and unless the needle, which is still in Mr. Carney's foot, is extracted serious results may follow.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Joseph Morrison has returned to her home in this city from a five weeks' visit in New York State.

Miss Belle S. Pettibone, formerly of this city, but now of Yonkers has returned from a short visit to friends here.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

What Will be Done by Religious Societies To-Morrow.

(Notices of religious services are published under this head free of charge, but it is necessary that they be handed in before noon of Saturday to insure insertion the same day. It is preferable to have them reach us the day before.)

Services will be conducted in the Bethel Mission at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Mr. Walter Wynants will speak at the W. C. T. U. Four o'clock meeting Sunday afternoon.

Services at No. 6 East Front street tomorrow. Lecture Rev. II., commencing at 7.45 p. m.

Preaching of the Gospel of the Grace of God Sunday evenings at 7.30, at the Jackson schoolhouse, Terrill road.

The Rev. W. R. Richards will preach at Hope chapel on Sunday evening, the 28th inst. Services commence 7.45.

Grace church. Hours of service: Early celebration, 7.30 a. m.; morning prayers and sermon 10.30 a. m.; evening prayers at 4.30.

There will be services at the First Presbyterian church at 10.30 a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. E. P. Ketchem.

First Unitarian church, Second Place. Rev. Hobart Clark pastor will preach. Service at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 11.45 a. m.

Services to-morrow at the New Market Reformed church, Rev. Mr. Oehlers pastor, at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.

Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6.30 p. m.

Rev. J. S. Taylor, D. D., of the church of the Heavenly Rest, will preach in the Memorial chapel at Washingtonville Sunday evening. All are welcome.

German Lutheran services at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 73 West Front street to-morrow at 10.30 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. W. Koehler of Cranford, N. J.

Methodist Episcopal church, Sunday school at 10 a. m. Rev J. L. Hurlbut, D. D. will preach at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Epworth League meeting at 6.45 p. m.

Meetings at Reform Hall under the auspices of the Woman's Temperance Aid Society every Sunday, at 9.15 a. m. and 4 p. m. The cause demands your attention.

Crescent avenue church, Rev. Wm. R. Richards pastor. Services at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2. 30 p. m. Seats free at the evening service.

The First church of Christ Mr. J. B. Cheever will preach. Morning theme Luke 24-46; 47. Evening second John ninth. All are welcome to attend all these meetings.

Mr. W. D. Murray will conduct the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A., Sunday at 4.15 p. m. "I Am The Light of the World," John 8:12 is the subject. All men are invited.

Two services will be held in the German Reformed church on Craig place, to-morrow. One at 10.30 a. m. and the other at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome.

Reform Hall will be open to-morrow for the cordial welcome of all attenders at 9.15 a. m., basement parlor, and 4 and 7.45 p. m., main auditorium. Varied and interesting exercises in the evening.

Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Asa Reed Dills, at 10.30 a. m. Subject: "What Shall We Do." Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. All are welcome.

Service will be held to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church as usual, at 10.30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The pastor, the Rev. Cornelius Echoes will preach both morning and evening. A welcome to all.

The Church of the Holy Cross, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy rector. Early celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m. Vesper service at 5 p. m. Congregational church, West Second street. Service at 10.30 a. m. The subject of the pastor's sermon will be: "Congregationalism: Is it Scriptural? If so, what grounds for; and what special obligations it involves." Sunday school at close of morning service.

Rev. Warren Minton Sunday pastor at 2:30 p. m. Song service with singing and an address by the Rev. Mr. Ferrell, editor of the Christian Observer. Evening service at 7:30 o'clock by Mr. Frederick Brown. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All invited.

A Beautiful Piece of Agate.

Prosecutor Charles H. Winfield, of Hudson county, N. J., is said to have paid several thousand dollars for a beautiful specimen of agate from Chalcedony Park in Arizona. The agate is to be placed in a monument over the grave of his first wife in Hillside Cemetery, at Plainfield. It is about a foot high and a foot wide, and is finely cemented in its bed, hollowed out to a depth of two inches in the top of the stone. On all sides but that facing the street the finest is left in its natural state. The exterior side is highly polished, and shows a bewildering num of colors of every shade in which the rain bow colors can be combined.—The Jewelers' Cardogue.

—A portable crystal palace is the elegant showroom of Darlington's American Cut Glass at thirty-six Murray street, New York. Rich designs for gifts.

Fanwood Briefs.

S. W. Miller spent the week in Washington.

Miss A. Marshall, of Brooklyn, is spending a few days at the "Pines."

Twenty-five new arrivals have been admitted into the school this term.

Cards are out for a number of societies to be given during the coming week.

The new club car, the "Fanwood," travelling a new carpet, and will soon be on the rails.

The Fanwood small boy and the chestnut, have commenced their annual war-fare.

A large load of picnickers from Newark, who had been enjoying themselves at Scotch Plains last Sunday, were thrown down a steep embankment near Springfield while on the return journey and a number of the party received severe injuries.

At the club house Wednesday evening,—"indian night"— the members bowled, and ended the evening with progressive euchre. Mrs. A. C. Downer, Miss A. Fenta, Mr. Henry Todd and Chas. Todd carried away the prizes of the evening. There was a good attendance.—Westfield Standard.

Correct Version.

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"
"I've an ad for THE NEWspaper of Plainfield sir" he said.
"An ad for THE NEWspaper asked not amazed.
"Why, of course, that's THE NEWspaper of Plainfield, sir," he said.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	7 a. m.	2 p. m.	9 p. m.	Daily Mean.
1 Monday	63	76	70	70
2 Tuesday	59	84	68	70
3 Wednesday	62	84	72	73
4 Thursday	62	83	67	70
5 Friday	63	87	72	74
6 Saturday	71	71	74	72
7 Sunday	67	78	70	72
8 Monday	70	83	73	75
9 Tuesday	66	82	72	73
10 Wednesday	64	82	68	71
11 Thursday	61	79	61	67
12 Friday	61	79	61	67
13 Saturday	62	78	64	68
14 Sunday	63	78	66	69
15 Monday	63	80	68	70
16 Tuesday	63	80	68	70
17 Wednesday	64	84	67	72
18 Thursday	67	77	66	70
19 Friday	62	80	68	70
20 Saturday	61	82	70	71
21 Sunday	62	82	70	71
22 Monday	61	80	66	69
23 Tuesday	61	80	66	69
24 Wednesday	64	83	65	71
25 Thursday	62	82	68	71
26 Friday	62	82	68	71
27 Saturday	63	82	68	71

Cent-a-Word Column.

A SUPERIOR combination hot water and hot air heater. Cost $450, and will sell for $300. Apply at 20 Grove street. Conservatory and dwelling. At John Schenck machine works North Plainfield. 9-27tf

A GIRL of 16 would like situation in small family. Is good worker, quick and bright. Address "B. L." care of EVENING NEWS. 26-3

A NEW store and lean to-let, corner of Richmond and Third streets. Apply to Peter Cassidy, No. 207 East Front street. 26-6

BOARD—Pleasant rooms with or without Board in private family, location very desirable. Terms moderate, 49 Somerset, cor. Craig place. 27-3*

DOG LOST—A yellow and white long haired and long tailed dog. Answers to name of Prince. Finder return to 104 Central avenue between 7th and 8th streets.

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 32 West Front street. 27-1f

FOR SALE—Small house, five rooms. Ten minutes from depot. On main street. Price, $2,100. Address P. O. Box 687. 26-3

FOR Sale—Cheap—A self-feeding base burner stove, nickel trimmings, nearly new. 57 Grandview avenue. 9-26tf

FOR SALE—My handsome property, of sixty four acres. E. B. Clark, 179 West Front street. 11-9-ostf

FLATS to let on Somerset street. In first class order. Enquire of F. M. Bird, 107 West Front street. 26-3

GIRL for general housework. Must be strong and competent, and have references. Good wages. Address "Girl," care of EVENING NEWS.

I WOULD like to trade a fine shot gun and ammunition belt for safety bicycle. Address H. Wilson, care Lock Box I. 26-3

TO RENT—Three rooms for light housekeeping in a private family. Address "A" care of EVENING NEWS.

TO LET—Furnished room to gentleman, without board. Address M., care of EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—An experienced grocery clerk, man 6 furnish best of references. Address V. Q., care EVENING NEWS. 27-3

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-19tf

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsey's, also a lot of Grandview avenue lots for sale. Inquire of premises. 9-27tf

GYMNASIUM CLASSES
Physical Regular Drill. Ladies' class Thursday afternoon, 2 to 3 o'clock, terms $12 per year. Boys' classes Saturday morning, 9 to 10 o'clock, terms $6 per year. Gentlemen's class Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, terms $10 per year. For circulars or information apply to J. H. Conley, M. D., Chairman gymnasium committee.

H. K SPENCER,
Grocer and undertaker, 76 and 78 Somerset street, likes home trade every day, cheap, cash and prompt delivery. Choice butter, eggs and cheese. Choice pork, sausage, spare ribs, home made sausage. 26-3

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS
Can get their groceries, flour or grain and coal at Charles D. Baum's Harlan Station, corner Somerset street, next to Sunday & Co's. 6-24-3

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES
And plants, and to please those BUILDING SITES, RICH AND DRY, can be supplied at Donaldson Nursery. No. 197 Rahway avenue. 9-6-3

POWLSON'S.
No. 9 Somerset street.
A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, nearly new. PRICE $60. 6-21-tf

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment. We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

GRAND ANNUAL
FALL AND WINTER OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and JACKETS,
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept 24 and 25.

Largest and finest display of trimmed and untrimmed HATS in the State. Special Reception in each Department. A Good Ladies' Corset 25c, worth 50c. Full line of Children's Cashmere and Scotch CAPS at Lowest Prices. Heavy Ingrain Carpet 25c. Heavy Rag Carpet 17c. 4-4 Oil Cloth 25c. Fancy Matting 12 1-2c. Ladies' Astrachan and Plush Capes, Jersey and Broadcloth Jackets, in endless Variety.

I. H. BOEHM,
NO. 7 WEST FRONT STREET.

Everybody Can be supplied for this week with a pound of the following of our famous 50 cent teas, receiving 3lbs of granulated sugar free.

Special Mixed, (our own blend), Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast, Japan (pan fired), Uncolored Japan (basket fired), Young Hyson, Gunpowder.

The above are new season's crop, and will compare favorably with teas sold in other stores at 60 cents without any inducement.

Remember We are the introducers of this system of conducting business in Plainfield, and do not have to pattern after any store through compulsion. In other words we lead all in best goods at lowest prices.

WATCH Our advertisements and we will keep you posted.

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association
LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE.
29 WEST FRONT STREET.

ONE OF THE BEST LINES
IN OUR MEDIUM PRICE SHOES, IS OUR
LADIES' $3.00 WELTS,
STRICTLY COMMON SENSE and Medium Opera Toes.
We will have more to say about other lines later.
DOANE & VAN ARSDALE,
29 W. FRONT. STREET.
THE ONE PRICE BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have an elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best make, with patent anticlinker grate at $12.50. Fancy parlor stoves at $16.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. BENCKLAU.
76 WEST FRONT STREET.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting at moderate prices. Call and see the Electric Air Tite Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

HAVING RECEIVED MY
Fall and Winter
STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for fine
CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE
By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be
As Low as Any in the State,
considering quality and workmanship.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
N. M. DOTY,
Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Fall Style Hats
DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.
Best Goods for the Least Money.
HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.
U. B. Crane,
19 Park avenue.

ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the several wards and districts of the City of Plainfield, on

TUESDAY SEPT. 30, 1890,

next to the day of the general election for State officers, at the last session of the Legislature of the State.

The polling places will be as follows:

First Ward—At the Engine House, Richmond street, between Second and Third streets.

Second Ward—At Crescent Rink, corner of Front and Park avenue.

Third Ward—At St. John J. Sheriff's carriage factory, West Front street, near Park avenue.

Fourth Ward—First District—At Alfred Hoyt Company's House, Madison avenue, near Front street. Second District—At the office of Jacob Cox, Jr., Esq., corner of South Second street and Madison place.

Polls open at 6 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

JOSEPH R. OGDEN,
City Clerk.
Plainfield, September 25th, 1890.

SINGER
Safety Bicycles.
SOLE AGENT,
Geo. W. Morrison,
(At Randolph's Drug Store.)
21 WEST FRONT STREET.

MOY'S

Winter Is Approaching,
And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to inclose the feet in a warm pair of
SHOES
If you are in need of one, as article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and desirable line of Fall and Winter Goods.
John J. Kenney,
COR. FRONT ST. AND PARK AVE.

NOW OPEN
THE NEW
CLUB Stables
on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.
C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
given to trotting and road horses. Stables devoted wholly to training and boarding purposes.
Terms known upon application.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:00 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SUNSET STREET.

W. HOUGHTON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD N. J. LOCK BOX 1. TELEPHONE CALL 42.

Lieutenant Kopp, of New York, is another person who has found out whether electricity will kill.

Mrs. Kendal, the actress, is a shrewd woman. She has been able to make a better professional advertisement out of her domestic infelicities than other actresses make out of their divorce suits.

Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, of the first congressional district of Ohio, declines a renomination on the ground that he is too poor to engage in politics long, and must now make a living for his family. And yet Ben has been a member of five congresses. Think of the opportunities he has had!

Boucicault.

For the past fourteen years the merry, warm hearted old actor regarded himself as an American and a New Yorker, and it was in his favorite New York he breathed his last. Though his father was a Frenchman, there was no truer Irish patriot ever born than Boucicault. Those who have heard him sing "Wearing of the Green" on the stage, and have seen him wrought up to a high pitch of excitement while singing, perceived readily enough it was more than mere stage emotion that so moved him.

From the time he wrote his first play, "London Assurance," at the age of 19, when the ladies of the company that first played it crowded around him and kissed him at the close of the triumphant first night, Boucicault had unbounded success as a playwriter. "Colleen Bawn," "Arrah-na-Pogue" and "The Shaughraun" have had such runs as few plays could boast in the time they were written. As an actor Boucicault was scarcely less successful, although he did not gain the stage till he was 30 years old. His greatest triumphs were won in delineating Irish low life. But for all his success, pecuniary and otherwise, the old actor did not die a rich man.

Long may his plays keep his memory green!

The End of a Sensation.

It is enough to make that splendid old aristocrat Alexander Hamilton shake the sod from above him and rise out of his grave to contemplate the story of his grandson, Robert Ray Hamilton, the most wholly sensational story of the time.

Robert Ray Hamilton was handsome, gifted, wealthy. Every advantage that three could give were his, and the additional one that he belonged to one of the finest old families in America, for, say what we will, blood does tell. Mr. Hamilton was highly respected and believed to be a man who held himself above the ordinary temptations to which the gilded youth of cities delight to yield. But he was not above the amusements of a man about town. He was like all the rest, only he was quieter about it.

Perhaps the publicity he afterward attained was no more than might have been expected by a man who does wrong on the sly. Well, all the world now knows, at any rate of his marriage to Eva Steele, the fraudulent baby, the stabbing of Nurse Donnelly by Mrs. Hamilton in a hotel at Atlantic City, N. J., the exhibition of Nurse Donnelly at a Bowery freak museum for months afterward, the imprisonment of Mrs. Hamilton for two years in the penitentiary at Trenton, where she is still serving out sentence, and finally the suit for divorce by Ray Hamilton on the ground that the marriage came about through false pretenses on the part of Eva.

That was the status of the sensation up to Aug. 25, 1890. Ray Hamilton, with the clear grit that comes of good blood, had resolved to begin life over again and make something of it yet. He had gone west, away from cities, out where nature brings sweet peace to her weary children whether they have a sensational story or not. Hamilton's ranch was forty miles away from a post-office. There, with a few chosen friends, he was happier and more useful than he had ever been before probably.

The ranch is in Bingham county, southwestern Idaho. One Friday morning he started on a hunting excursion alone. Days afterward its body was found in Snake river, his spurs tangled in the long grass at the bottom of the stream. This apparently had pulled him under and drowned him, as if a fiend had been pursuing him steadily, and lost no moment in the opportunity had extended its skeleton fingers and drawn him down. It is a coincidence that the day of his death was within three days of one year from the time when at Atlantic City Mrs. Hamilton stabbed Nurse Donnelly.

What do people most talk of in connection with this tragedy? Well, they are wondering what will be its effect on the suit against the woman in the penitentiary. They are wondering whether she will now be adjudged his widow and get the income of a third of the $400,000 he left. Mrs. Hamilton, we are told, "will try to bear up."

THE DEADLOCK IS OVER.

Conference Report on the Tariff Bill Completed.

THE LAW TO GO INTO EFFECT OCT. 6.

Duty on Binding Twine Is Put at Seventenths of a Cent Per Pound—The Senate Reciprocity Features to Become Operative on Jan. 1, 1892.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The conference report on the tariff bill, completed Friday, provides that the new law shall go into effect Oct. 6, 1890. The senate reciprocity feature is changed to Jan. 1, 1892, but the date for it to go into effect has been changed from July 1, 1891, to Jan. 1, 1892. The duty on binding twine of all kinds is put at 7-10 of a cent per pound, and the provision for this article is made to apply to binding twine made in part from tajolo or tampico fibre, manilla, sisal grass or sunn.

The Sugar Schedule.

The sugar schedule provides that all sugars not above No. 16, Dutch standard, all tank bottom, all sugar drainings and sugar sweepings, syrups of cane juice, melada, concentrated melada and concrete and concentrated molasses and molasses shall be placed on the free list.

This is the house provision subject, however, to the restrictions of the reciprocity feature, which empowers the president to suspend this free admission of sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides under certain conditions.

The Bonded Period.

The conference changed the time for the bonded period to go into effect to Feb. 1, 1891. The provision relative to the bonded period allows merchandise deposited prior to Oct. 1, 1890, to be withdrawn at the present rates of duty before the time the period goes into effect. It is also provided that when duties are based upon the weight of merchandise deposited prior to Oct. 1 the duties shall be levied upon the weight of the merchandise at the time of its withdrawal.

No Tariff Confession Wanted.

In the internal revenue features of the bill nearly all the house provisions of the bill are restored. The provision removing all restrictions on farmers and growers of tobacco in regard to the sale of leaf tobacco are restored, and a proviso added that the farmer sending to market a package of any internal revenue office, a statement of his sales, etc. A fine of $500 is provided for violation of this provision. The conference committee struck out the senate amendments providing for a tariff commission. The tax on smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff is placed at 6 cents per pound. Opium manufacturers are taxed $10 a pound upon opium manufactured in the United States for smoking purposes, and only persons who are citizens of the United States are permitted to engage in its manufacture. The senate amendment providing that all special internal revenue taxes shall become due July, 1891, is retained.

Changes in the Free List.

In the free list a number of changes, most of them of no material interest, were made. Raw and unmanufactured bristles were stricken from the free list in conference.

The house provision placing on the free list American caught fish, except salmon caught in the waters of Canada, etc., is reinserted. The senate provision concerning pure mineral waters is allowed to remain. The paragraph covering ores of gold, silver and nickel contained in matte is retained, with a proviso that the duty on the copper contained in them shall be one-half cent. Among the other senate amendments that were agreed to by the conference committee are those covering plaster of paris and sulphate of lime unground, potassies, seeds and sulphuric acid.

The conference inserted paragraphs providing for the free admission of feathers and downs for beds, pelt ries and other usual goods of Indians passing the boundary line of the United States, tin ore, tinstarite and tin in bars, blocks, pigs or granulated until July 1, 1891, and thereafter as otherwise provided for works of art by American artists residing temporarily abroad.

More About Sugar.

The sugar schedule is amended so as to grant a bounty of 2 cents per pound on sugar testing between 80 and 90 degs. polariscope test and 2 cents on sugar testing not less than 90 degs., from July 1, 1891, to July 1, 1905. The bill as amended and passed by senate and house granted a bounty of 2 cents per pound to sugar testing 90 degs. and over. The conferees agreed to the senate amendments extending the bounty to maple sugar and providing that no bounty be paid on less than 500 pounds. Sugar above No. 16, Dutch standard, is to pay 1-10 of a cent per pound duty and 1-10 of a cent additional, if the country exporting or producing it charged an export duty. Machinery for the manufacture of beat sugar is to be admitted free until July 1, 1893, and any duty collected on such machinery imported since July 1, 1890, shall be refunded. Glucose is retained at the house rate—three-quarters of a cent. The sugar schedule is made to take effect on April 1, 1891, with a proviso that during the month of March sugars may be refined in bond without payment of duty, and transported in bond and said in bonded warehouses under the provisions of existing laws.

Other Schedules.

The schedule covering imported tobacco and manufactures of tobacco is left as it passed the senate. In the earthenware and glass schedules the house conferees succeeded in retaining nearly all the house items intact. Fancy glass is made dutiable at 60 per cent. ad valorem; colored glass bottles at 45 cents per dozen for pints, 15 cents for quarters and 30 cents per gross for bottles holding less than a quarter of a pint. Most of the house provisions relating to the metal and cutlery schedules are also retained. The reduced rates of the senate on copper and firearms are retained. In the spirit schedules, brandy, cordials, liquors, etc., and spirituous beverages or bitters containing spirits are made dutiable at $2.50 per proof gallon; bay rum, $1.50 per gallon; champagne and all other sparkling wines, $6 per dozen in quart bottles; ale, porter and beer in bottles, 40 cents per gallon.

Flax, Cordage and Wool.

The rate on undressed flax is fixed at 1 cent per pound; on tow of flax or hemp, one half cent per pound; on cables, cordage and twine, except binding twine composed wholly of manilla or sisal grass, 12½ cents per pound; on cables and cordage made of hemp, 2½ cents per pound; tarred, 3 cents per pound; cotton bagging, valued at not more than 6 cents per square yard, 1 6-10 cents; valued at more than 6 cents, 2 1-2 cents. Two important changes made by the senate in the wool schedule were allowed to remain. These provided that the duty on scoured wool should be 50 per cent. of wool worsted or the like of animals, valued at not more than 30 cents per pound, shall be dutiable at two and a half times the duty imposed on unwashed wool of the first class, and in addition 35 per cent. ad valorem, and the duty on woolen or worsted clothes of the same standard shall be three times the duty imposed on unwashed wool of the first class.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Amendments Made by the Senate to the Reciprocity Section of the Law.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The senate agreed to the conference report on the bill to establish Rock Creek park in the District of Columbia. House bill appropriating $1,000,000 to purchase nickel for armor plates was defeated without action, as was also the bill to amend the law to prohibit the importation of laborers under contracts. The fifth section of the contract labor law, which provides that the act shall not apply to professional actors, artists, etc., was amended by inserting before the word "artists" the word "musical or other."

Mr. Carlisle moved to substitute for the words "regularly ordained ministers of the gospel" the words "regularly ordained or licensed ministers of religion," and said that without that amendment the bill would exclude Jewish rabbis, which was agreed to.

Mr. Dawes passed a resolution appointing a sub-committee of five from the World's fair committee to investigate progress in World's fair matters.

A resolution was offered providing an investigation of the charge that the house postmaster keeps on the rolls at $100 a month one Bradley, a stenographer of the government printing office, who, it is said, pays $65 a month to the postmaster's son.

Mr. McKinley presented the conference report on the tariff bill, and gave notice that he would call it up today.

LIKE THE LECONEY MURDER.

Mrs. Miller Shares Annie's Fate and Probably by the Same Hand.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 27.—A startling murder, peculiarly resembling in many features the cruel butchery of Annie Leconey a year ago, stirred the people of the same vicinity last evening. Annie Miller, the pretty wife of John Miller, a young farmer, was found with her head almost completely severed from the trunk, partly concealed in a clump of bushes a half mile from her home.

That she had had a frightful struggle for life was evident at every turn. Though the rain had beaten down, it had not obscured the indentations in the earth. Her left hand had been caught in the teeth of her assailant and shockingly bitten.

Mrs. Miller had gone to Moorestown in the morning and was returning to her home. She got off at Merchantville, and took a short cut across fields and a piece of woods.

Little Nellie De Hadroy and her brother passed Mrs. Miller on the road between 2 and 3 o'clock, and they saw her walk to the edge of the woods. About a hundred yards ahead of her they saw a negro also enter the woods. That was the last seen of Mrs. Miller alive. She failed to appear at the farm house, and a searching party soon discovered the awful truth.

Francis Lingo, a burly negro, against whom there was a strong chain of circumstantial evidence in the Leconey murder, and who was the first man arrested for that crime, had been at work on the farm, but early the morning he quit work on account of the rain, saying he was going to Philadelphia.

He did not go, and was found at his house last night. He answered the description of the man the children saw go into the woods. He was arrested and taken to Merchantville. A piece of his blue flannel shirt found at the scene of the murder was fitted into a torn place in his sleeve, and he identified the fragment. He was committed to the county jail. Coroner Stanton took charge of the case and empaneled a jury of farmers to hold an inquest. Mrs. Miller leaves three children.

Robbery, coupled with a horrible mania to kill, seems to have been the motive. Mrs. Miller's pocketbook was missing and that was all. The city is greatly excited, and the stories of the murder of Annie Leconey have been revived, coupled with the present horror. It is now believed that Lingo is after all the fiend who killed Annie, and not her uncle, Chalkly Leconey, who was tried for the deed.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

Prince Bismarck and his secretary, Herr Bucher, are busy on the book at Varzin in compiling memoirs of the events in which the principal figure while prominent in affairs of state.

Lawyer Roger Sherman, who tried so hard by legal means to save the life of William Ketzmler, has taken a second step toward saving the Japanese murderer. Jugigo, now imprisoned at Sing Sing. Mr. Sherman has cited Warden Brush, of Sing Sing prison, to appear before the United States circuit court in Brooklyn, to show cause why he should kill Jugigo by electricity. He claims that under the treaty, Jugigo is a citizen of Japan, and is not amenable to the laws of the United States.

A Much Married Man.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 27.—In the police court Augustus W. Clark, a dark complexioned, well dressed man of 40, who claims to be a mining agent and to belong in Everett, was held in $800 bonds for the superior court on the charge of bigamy. It is charged that four months ago he married Miss Catherine Adams, of Chelmsford, and that it subsequently transpired that he had previously married a woman named Sarah Jane Fannie Sherman at Richford, Vt. It is said he has several other wives living. Clark failed to furnish the bail required.

Ex-Senator Emery Opens the Revolt.

BRADFORD, Pa., Sept. 27.—Ex-State Senator Lewis Emery, jr., fired the first gun of the independent Republican revolt in the state against Candidate for Governor George W. Delamater here last night. Senator Emery spoke for three hours, reviewed his well known charges against Mr. Delamater and presented his alleged documentary proof thereof.

Jourdan & Co.'s Liabilities.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 27.—At a meeting of the creditors of William H. Jourdan & Co., coal dealers, who have failed, a statement was read showing liabilities to be $141,000 and assets $90,000. The assets are included $105,000 in bad debts. A committee was appointed to confer regarding the firm's affairs.

Meldrum Convicted Again.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The jury in the second trial of Charles McGrivaine for the murder of Grocer Lane, in Brooklyn, has delivered a verdict of murder in the first degree.

DEFENSE IN NAME ONLY.

The Very Weak Case Made by Birchall's Lawyers.

FEEBLE STRUGGLE FOR AN ALIBI.

Getting Suspicion on Two Hard Characters Who Were Seen by Many Witnesses About the Neighborhood Before and After the Murder of Benwell Occurred.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 27.—The trial of Birchall is rapidly nearing an end, and despite the damning proof against him, Birchall is as cool, nonchalant and self possessed as any man in the court room. As the beginning of the fifth day the prosecution gave more evidence of Birchall's presence near the scene of the murder on the fatal day and then closed its case.

The Defense Opens.

Mr. Blackstock then opened the case for the defense. He said: "We entertain very strong opinions as to the insufficiency of the crown's case, but will not discuss that at present for obvious reasons." He introduced the certificate of Birchall's marriage in England to Florence Stevenson on Nov. 19, 1888, proving that if in England then he could not have been in Blenheim swamp in October of that year, as one witness testified. John Rush was the first witness for the defense. His home commands a view of the place where Benwell's body was found. He described tests made by Detective Bluett. Placing a boy on the road even with where Benwell's body was found the witness looked from his bedroom window and he could see the boy perfectly, and also from the outside of the house. He said on Tuesday evening, Feb. 18, he heard two shots in the swamp, one a minute or two after the other, and directly after two men came out and went west.

Neither One Was Birchall.

John Friedenburg testified that he gave a ride to two men on Feb. 17, about 10:30 in the morning. They were going east in the direction of Blenheim swamp. Witness swore neither one was Birchall. James Atkinson, hotel keeper at Drumbo, when asked if he had seen any suspicious persons during the week of the murder, said he had; that Robert Caldwell and George Barker came to his hotel at 5:30 or 6 o'clock Thursday morning, Feb. 20. Barker wore felt boots and rubbers; Caldwell wore common overshoes over boots. It should be remembered here that evidence was drawn out early in the case from Undertaker Sowarts that he saw in the woods near the body tracks made by moccasins or overshoes. Detective Murray had Barker and Caldwell under suspicion at first and followed them and tried to arrest them when Birchall diverted his attention.

Continuing, witness said Barker and Caldwell were worse of liquor. Their buggy was muddy. Adam Oliver, living eleven and half miles north of Princeton and four miles from the spot where the body lay, swore that two men called at his house either Tuesday or Wednesday morning of that week at 3 o'clock and asked the way to Princeton and said they were buying horses. He saw but one man, who said:

Two Parties of Men Abroad.

"We want to get to Princeton," and witness concluded the other man was in their rig, which was standing at the gate. The man used good language and did not swear. It seemed evident that the defense was trying to prove that two parties of two men were abroad that week, the party at Mr. Oliver's being pleasant spoken and the other boisterous. Mrs. Oliver said she was one of the two men who called on Oliver. The crown's counsel, however, showed that Oliver, in his statement at the inquest, swore the man he spoke to kept swearing repeatedly.

A Good Witness for Birchall.

Samuel Stroda, of Princeton, saw two men at his father's hotel at Princeton on Thursday, the day before the body was found. They were Barker and Caldwell, and they said him they came from Drumbo. He swore he saw the men on the Saturday after the murder, and the tracks of two men leading from the road to within a few feet of where the body was found. They started from the marks made by a rig, and back by another course to the rig. He was on the coroner's jury, and closely examined the tracks. He said they were larger than if made by Benwell's boots, and looked as it made by moccasins. He said it would have been impossible for a man to carry his own weight over the fallen trees and brushwood. He said the tracks were not fresh ones and went within four feet of the body.

Nevertheless Mr. Osler made him admit that he was satisfied about the tracks sufficiently to sign the verdict implicating

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

18 North Avenue,

Fine Groceries,

PLAINFIELD N. J.

DRINK THE THREE R TEA.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Door Streets.

Mrs. Stephenson,

25 WEST FRONT STREET,

is still making her famous

FRENCH & AMERICAN ICE CREAMS

and Water-Ices, Fancy Puddings, etc. For Lunch and Weddings supplied with everything requisite.

SILVER TO LOAN.

Also Crockery, China and Fancy glassware Lamps etc., in great

"THE DAIRY"

Headquarters for

Fresh Creamery Butter,

Eggs, Milk, Buttermilk, Fancy Cream and Cottage Cheese. CANNED GOODS in every variety.

DELICATESSEN

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. CALL and EXAMINE.

Corner Madison avenue and Front street.

FRANK LINKE,

(ESTABLISHED 1866.)

Wholesale Wine AND Liquor Dealer.

BOTTLER OF BALLENTINE'S CELEBRATED

EXPORT ALE AND PORTER,

Phillip Best's Milwaukee Beer,

AND DEALER IN

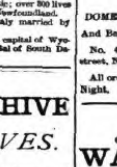
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN PORTER

And Bass Ale for hotels and private families

No. 43 West Front street, 179 Somerset street, North Plainfield, N. J.

All orders delivered Free of Charge Day or Night.

This Date in History—Sept. 26.



1777—British occupied Philadelphia.
1815—Holy alliance entered into between Austria, Russia and Prussia, by which they bound themselves to be governed by Christian principles.
1832—Death of Daniel Boone, Kentucky pioneer; born 1735.
1840—Louis Napoleon took his seat in the French national Assembly.
1850—Liberty of the press restricted in France.
1854—The allies occupied Balaklava in the Crimea.
1861—War fever in Missouri.
1870—All Frenchmen between 20 and 25 years of age called to arms in France.
1873—Prince Jerome Napoleon joined the Republican party in France.
1879—Fire destroyed the greater part of Deadwood, Dak.
1881—President Garfield buried.
1884—Death of Wm. W. Corcoran, aged 64; formerly president Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

This Date in History—Sept. 27.

1627—Birth of Rousset, famous French preacher; died 1704.
1788—*British troops arrived in Boston.*
1789—Birth of George Cruikshank, famous caricaturist; died 1856. Much of Cruikshank's work would be judged crude if measured by modern standards, but he possessed great knowledge of human nature and facility in expressing the emotions with his pencil. His illustrations of Dickens' works, especially, best known in America of any of his works.
1825—First railroad in the United States completed.
1840—Thomas Nast, the artist, born.
1854—Loss of the steamship Arctic, over 300 lives lost by collision in a fog off Newfoundland.
1862—Princess Maria Pia of Italy married by proxy to king of Portugal.
1869—Cheyenne selected as the capital of Wyoming, and Pierre as the capital of South Dakota.

THE BEE HIVE

KID GLOVES.

4-button, embroidered back, in browns and tans, 49c.

4-button, embroidered back, in brown, tan and black, only 75c.

7 hook, in tan, tan and brown (special), 89c.

Foster Hook, in black, tan, slate and brown 98c.

The "Windy" English walking glove, every pair warranted, 98c.

WORSTEDS.

Zephyr, all colors, 5c per ca.

Germantown wool, 10c per hank.

Best imported Saxony wool, 12c per hank.

Louis Callman,

40 WEST FRONT STREET.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.,

WILL LEAD THE

STOVE TRADE

this Fall, as they have in the past.

Stock will be larger.
Prices the lowest.
Designs the latest.

Don't forget the Celebrated Hour Ventilator.

Greatest Stove on Earth

A full line of Fall and Winter stock on hand. Horse Blankets and Robes.

Mrs. Martin's MAGIC

Renovating Fluid,

will take out grease from any kind of goods, no matter how delicate or costly, WITHOUT CHANGING THE COLOR OR LEAVING A SPOT.

Its equal has never been found for cleaning carpets and clothing. It is a sure preventive against moths. For sale at the Fancy Goods store of

C. E. CLARKE,

No. 2 East Front street next to P. O.

WE SELL THE

Best Selected Goods

THAT CAN BE

PROCURED

Intelligent people know that the best goods cannot be sold at the same prices as goods of inferior quality.

Buy the Best

And you will not be disappointed in either price or quality.

R. W. RICE & CO.,

Emily and Door Streets.

P. CASEY & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

16 WEST FRONT STREET,

Residence No. 25 Third street, corner Dove. Everything pertaining to the business always on hand. Calls answered day or night.

THE DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Is now receiving deposits payable on demand, with interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

JOHN W. MURRAY President.
WILLIAM WHITE, Vice President.
NATHAN HARPER, " "
ELIAS E. POPE, Treasurer.

Mechanics, Attention!

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR WORKING PANTS, OVERALLS, JUMPERS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, WORKING SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC.,

LARGEST STOCK!
LOWEST PRICES.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

46 WEST FRONT STREET, Next to Laing's Hotel

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Dealer in BEST

QUALITY COAL

YARD AND OFFICE

SOUTH AVENUE,

P. O. BOX 1467.

Upper Lehigh and other choice coals on hand.

YOU CAN GET

SCREENS FITTED TO YOUR WINDOWS

for 15 cents per square foot

AT NO. 30 SOMERSET STREET,

Also jobbing of all kinds.

Hardwood work a Specialty

DICKINSON

12 PARK AVENUE,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, AND

OPTICIAN.

King's Spectacles and Eye-glasses.

School Supplies

of all kinds

New and Second Hand BOOKS

OLD BOOKS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Pencil box or Pocket slate eraser given with each purchase of $1 or more.

A. W. RAND,

NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING-OUT SALE OF

WALL PAPER.

The purpose of which is to dispose of our entire stock, and renew it exclusively with the new patterns of the coming season.

25 POINTS WORTH CONSIDERING.

1st—Our stock is very large, carefully selected, and all this season's goods.

2nd—The early purchasers will have a larger stock to select from, and will get the choicest bargains.

3d—Prices will be the LOWEST ever offered bargains being offered daily below cost.

SALE CLOSES SEPT. 1st.

A. D. Van Sciver,

OPPOSITE DEPOT. 47 NORTH AVE

CHOOSE the BEST

Perfect Parlor Stoves

and

Othello Ranges,

Choice Timothy Seed,

Furnaces, Ranges and Stoves, repaired and cleaned.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

HARDWARE, PLUMBING & TINNING

A. M GRIFFEN,

Telephone Call No. 6. East Front Street.

WANTED!

TO BUY SOME OF THE BARGAINS ADVERTISED

Parlor Suites $45, worth $85; and Bedroom Suites $20, worth $35. Also wanted to sell Parlor, Dining, Bedroom, Library and Office Furniture at a small margin.

Having received our new fall styles of furniture are prepared to offer them at prices remarkably low. Some odd pieces less than cost.

Call and secure some of the low prices that are being offered by

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

L. M. FRENCH,

Fine Carriages,

All Styles,
All Qualities,
All Prices.

OUR REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Excelled by None

16 AND 18 SOMERSET STREET.

Job Printing of all Kinds Promptly, Neatly and Cheaply at THE NEWS' Job Department.

A FINE

Assortment of

GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHINGS, LATEST STYLES IN HEADGEAR, ETC.

Eugene M. Laing

No. 6 PARK AVENUE.

M'AULIFFE WASN'T IN IT.

The Mission Boy Knocked Out in Two Rounds.

SLAVIN THE DEMON OF THE RING.

McAuliffe Seemed to Have a Walk Over in the First Round, but He Was Completely Used Up before the End of the Second and Last.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The much heralded mill between Slavin and Joe McAuliffe came off at about 5 o'clock this morning at the Ormhode club. Slavin knocked McAuliffe nearly senseless on the floor inside of seven minutes, though the contest was fierce while it lasted. It was scarcely worth calling a prize fight. In the second round Slavin got in three of his powerful right handers, which completely used up McAuliffe in this time. The police did not interfere, for the date was kept a close secret. Ticket holders were given the tip yesterday afternoon, but no announcement

FRANK P. SLAVIN.

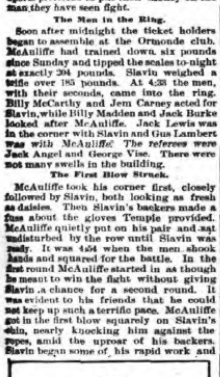
got into the newspapers. The news was made known at a few sporting clubs about town during the evening and caused a brisk betting, which began even, but grew steadily in Slavin's favor. The British sports preferred to put their money on the man they have seen fight.

The Men in the Ring.

Soon after midnight the ticket holders began to assemble at the Ormonde club. McAuliffe had trained down six pounds since Sunday and tipped the scales to-night at exactly 204 pounds. Slavin weighed a trifle over 185 pounds. At 4:38 the men, with their seconds, came into the ring. Billy McCarthy and Jem Carney acted for Slavin, while Billy Madden and Jack Burke looked after McAuliffe. Jack Lewis was in the corner with Slavin and Gus Lambert was with McAuliffe. The referees were Jack Angel and George Vise. There were not many swells in the building.

The First Blow Struck.

McAuliffe led his former first, closely followed by Slavin, both looking as fresh as daisies. Then Slavin's backers made a fuss about the gloves Temple provided. McAuliffe quickly put on his pair and was undisturbed by the row until Slavin was ready. It was 4:54 when the men shook hands and squared for the battle. In the first round McAuliffe started in as though he meant to win the fight without giving Slavin a chance for a second round. It was evident to his friends that he could not keep up such a terrific pace. McAuliffe got in the first blow squarely on Slavin's chin, nearly knocking him against the ropes, amid the uproar of his backers. Slavin began some of his rapid work and



JOE M'AULIFFE.

tried to force the pace, but McAuliffe met him at every point. He kept cool and came out at the close of the first round very little worse for the wear, although he was blowing slightly.

First Blood for McAuliffe.

First blood was awarded to McAuliffe, and in fact during the round Slavin seemed to have no show whatever. At the end of the prescribed three minutes Charley Mitchell jumped up excitedly and offered 500 to 450 on McAuliffe with the takers so greatly was the confidence of the Slavinites shaken. But in a prize fight, as in other things, it is always the unexpected which happens, and never surely in the annals of prize fighting was there such a surprise as that reserved in the second round.

McAuliffe Lost His Head.

When the second round was called the American boy began to lose his head and his confidence. He dodged all around the ring like a novice, and seemed afraid to stand up squarely to Slavin's right handers. Slavin followed him up and watched his chance. When McAuliffe ducked his head he gave him a whack under the ear which brought a stream of blood and laid the American flat on the sawdust. This was the real knock down blow, on which lots of money depended.

This blow seemed to drive McAuliffe furious, and he lost his head when he should have been cool. In less than half of the ten seconds limit allowed for such incidents he was on his feet again hammering away at Slavin as though he meant to kill him. McAuliffe's blows, though very wild, were effective.

A Waiting Match.

For one minute after the second round began blood was flowing freely from the heads of both men and streaming over their chests and shoulders. For a few seconds Slavin took his measure and began to hammer McAuliffe with his right hand *only*, scarcely taking care to keep his left on guard. If McAuliffe had stood his ground and put in some skillful left hand work, for which Slavin gave several opportunities, instead of hopping around the ring like a cricket, the result might have been different, but he appeared to lose courage and failed to utilize easy chances, and let Slavin chase him around the ring, pommeling him as he pleased.

Slavin the Demon of the Ring.

The second round had still nearly one minute to run when McAuliffe was laid sprawling on the sawdust totally unable to rise in ten seconds. He had to be assisted to his corner. The fight was declared over and Slavin's friends rushed into the ring, lifted him on their shoulders amid immense cheering. Slavin is a perfect demon in the prize ring, and any American who comes here to fight him and who must be a first class left hand hitter, as Slavin gives lots of opportunities away by the too frequent use of his right hand. McAuliffe failed to take advantage of this weak point; in fact, he seems than most left handers from the beginning. In the second round he failed in every way to sustain the complete confidence his backers had professed to have in him. The match was for $5,000.

The Australian's Record.

Frank P. Slavin was born in Maitland, N. S. W., twenty-seven years ago, and has been at various times during his life a blacksmith's helper, a gold digger, a hotel keeper and an instructor in the art of self defense. He defeated many of the lads in Queensland before his friends urged him to challenge Peter Jackson. They were matched about a year before the negro sailed for this country, but for some reason a climax was not reached. Some months later they were matched for an eight round contest, but Slavin injured his wrist and forfeited his first deposit to Jackson.

Jack Burke, of England, was twice beaten by Slavin, once in eight rounds and the last time in two. He went to England about a year ago and fought a fourteen round draw with Jem Smith, who was then the champion. This affair was one of the most disgraceful in the history of the ring. Both sides had gangs of roughs at the *ring*. The Smith contingent was the stronger, and the fight broke up in a riot. The Pelican club subsequently recognized Slavin as the champion of England.

WATTERSON'S NOVEL ALLEGATION.

The Well Known Editor Makes Strange Statements at Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 27.—In a speech before the Massachusetts Reform club last evening at the Hotel Brunswick, Henry Watterson, of The Louisville Courier-Journal, forcibly and eloquently defended the south against the charge of hostility to the north. He said that ever since the termination of the war there has existed at the north a body of public men who persist in holding to the white people of the south purposes and a character wholly foreign to them. According to them the average southerner is a cross between a feudal lord and a modern bandit, while the poor black man is pictured as a patient martyr, abased and menaced in his person, cheated of the fruits of his labor and deprived of his legal right to vote.

He was here, he said, to put his foot upon the falsehood that the people of the south are doing anything or have done anything that the people of the north would not have done had their places been exchanged. In truth, as he saw it, the Republican leaders of 1890 have exchanged places with the secession leaders of 1860. "Behold," he said, "in Mr. Doctrinaire McKinley, Mr. Doctrinaire Yancey; in Mr. Agitator Reed, Mr. Agitator Toombs; in the grim egotism of the president, the disdainful isolation of Mr. Jefferson Davis! Behold in the unyielding assertion of the constitutional right of the negro to vote and to have his vote counted, the unyielding assertion of the constitutional right of the master to hold his slave to his service beneath the shadow of Bunker Hill monument!

"Behold in the restrictive dogma of protection, the short sighted aims and narrow spirit of the doctrine of secession! It is just as impossible to make a southern negro a white man as it is to make a northern white man a negro; though that is the miracle the Republican leaders are trying to work. In many parts of the south the negro has no conception of the meaning of a vote. If he cannot sell it, it possesses no value to him. Left to himself he ceases to take any interest in politics."

Mr. Watterson welcomed Mr. Blaine into the ranks of the free traders, though the secretary of the state was more advanced than he (Watterson) in that direction.

TWO MORE VICTIMS.

Havoc of the Deadly Electric Light Wires in Massachusetts.

WISCHENDEN, Mass., Sept. 27.—Edward Tryan, aged 18, and George Barnard, aged 20, were instantly killed last night by an electric light guy wire coming in contact with an incandescent circuit on Pond street. The wire had been taken from the Boston and Albany depot to allow a building to be moved, and was left hanging in a coil by the side of the road.

Both young men had hold of the wire, Barnard's hands were badly burned, and it is supposed that Tryan attempted to assist him and himself fell a victim. Word was telephoned to the station, where the current was shut off so the men could be released. Both men belonged in Granville Corners.

Weather Indications.

Fine weather, with northwesterly winds, is indicated.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

[illegible] EAST FRONT ST. RENT.

GEN. GRUBB'S PREFERMENT.

Given the Mission to Spain — Other Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The president has sent to the senate the name of Gen. E. Burd Grubb, of New Jersey, as minister to Spain. The mission to Spain, Mr. Grubb was recently a candidate for governor of New Jersey on the Republican ticket, was defeated by Hon. Leon Abbett, the present incumbent. It is understood the president has named Edwin H. Conger, of Iowa, for the Brazilian

GEN. E. BURD GRUBB.

mission, and the following postmasters: John R. Palmer, Westport, Conn.; S. Burdick, Alfred Center, N. Y.; S. H. Johnson, Clayton, N. Y.; S. Andrews, Franklinville, N. Y.; H. P. Horton, Philmont, N. Y.; Charles B. Wesley, Long Branch, N. J.; R. A. Lee, Keyport, N. J.; A. M. Row, Clearfield, Pa.; Frank H. Britton, Corry, Pa.

A YANKEE SCHOONER SEIZED.

The David Crockett in the Canadian Courtesy Clutches.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 27.—A special dispatch from Charlottetown, P. E. I., says: The American fishing schooner David Crockett has been seized in Souris for violation of the fisheries law. The seizure was made by Capt. Mackenzie, of the Dominion cruiser *Critic*. The *David Crockett* is now in charge of a prize crew. No particulars have been received.

United States Consul General Frye has received a dispatch from the owners of the David Crockett, Messrs. James G. Parr & Brother, of Gloucester, Mass., asking him *to investigate the seizure*. The consul general has telegraphed to the consular agent at Georgetown directing him to take charge of the case.

Governor Hill Speaks Again.

BUFFALO, Sept. 27.—Despite the drizzling rain 8,000 people gathered at the Franklinville fair ground Friday and vigorously cheered Governor Hill, who delivered a speech in which all reference to politics was carefully avoided. The governor reviewed the life of the farmer and advocated small farms. Next he presented the scheme outlined in his last message for the improvement of country roads, which was greatly appreciated and warmly applauded by the large audience. In the course of his speech of an hour's duration the governor good naturedly chaffed the *members of congress and Fifth avenue* farmers for their lately manifested interest in agricultural affairs. The governor then made an appeal for the co-operation of all citizens in securing the enforcement of the local reform law, and strongly advocated as a complement thereto a system of compulsory voting.

The Jews in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 27.—The governors of the provinces which the Jews inhabit and several members of the government have been appointed as a special commission to consider the position of the Jews in Russia.

Educational.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in **Elocution**, classor private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alice L. Post, P. O. Box 1008.

MISS JEANNETTE MATTISON,
Teacher of **piano**, Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS,
Solo Soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice will be in her studio on Monday, at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM
will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15th. Circulars sent on application address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS F. F. BABCOCK
will *take pupils in piano and vocal* after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches music on method of singing, as taught by the Itali, of Milan, and the Logic method of Giovanni Bay rg. Will also form a class in of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street. Harmony 9-3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON,
pupil of Professors Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT'S
Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care is taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English History, Physiology, Zoology, Art and Botany, Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS IN CHARGE OF A COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 20w*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.
Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss R. S. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

BODMAN SEMINARY.
No. 29 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Mrs. S. C. Bodman, Principal. 8 18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 37 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

First Class Caterer,

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

[illegible] Corn Killer on North[illegible] removes [illegible] Corns, Bunions and Warts. [illegible] Sold by all druggists. Price 15 cents. [illegible]

He Could Not Live Without Her.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—John New, 21 years of age, committed suicide here under exceptionally tragic circumstances. Two weeks ago New purchased the battery and paraphernalia in which he and his wife met their death. Shortly after moving into the house Mrs. New's complaint, consumption, grew worse, and Tuesday she died. After his wife's death New acted like a man bereft of all hope and ambition. He sat up all night and early in the morning went out for a few moments to take a walk. When he returned he went direct to his wife's room and finding no one there went over to the ice box, removed the lid and took off his wife's wedding ring, placing it upon his own finger. A minute later a shot rang through the house. He had sent a bullet through his brain with unerring aim and death was instantaneous.

Buffalo Bill Must Explain.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The question as to the treatment of the Indians who have been abused with Buffalo Bill will be considered by an inspector from the Indian department at Washington, when the Indians are landed from the steamer Wieland today. This action is influenced by the stories of ill treatment that have been told by straggling red men who have been coming home by ones and twos for some time past.

Hon. John Jay Injured.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Hon. John Jay, ex-United States minister to Austria, was knocked down by a cab at the corner of Forty-second street and Vanderbilt avenue, at noon and seriously injured. Mr. Jay was taken to St. Luke's hospital where everything possible is being done to make him comfortable. *He is bright* and cheerful and suffers comparatively little. Mr. Jay is 73 years of age.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good?

The Society Leader!

Four Inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. 33 COND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTRY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B SMALLEY, H. H BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.
20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.
1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imprinted style)...15.00.
EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.
(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).
20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz
Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.
NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.
Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Plains Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible. Consistent with first-class work. Fair and solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 10 AND 10 1/2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Stages will run to time for morning trains and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class line.

New horses will be established as rapidly as the business justifies.

My present route is from the depot along Park avenue to Washington avenue. Beyond the borough limits by request.

Connect with Arr. of 6:3, 7:20 and 9:37 a. m. trains for New York. Arr. 12:10 and 12:37 and 3:3 p. m. Return trips go direct to Washington avenue. Leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.
Arrive—7:30, 9:45, a. m., 12:15, 2:30, 5:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 and 9:30 a. m., 1:45, 5:30 and 8 p.m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.
Arrive—8:30 a. m., 3:45, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 4:0 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.
Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:30 p. m.

E. E. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 29 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 3:36, 5:44, 5:48, 6:40, 7:40, 8:37, 9:36, 10:36, 11:36, 12:36, 1:36, 2:36, 3:36, 4:36, 5:36, 6:36, 7:36, 8:36, 9:36, 10:36, 11:36 a. m., 12:36 p. m. Sunday at 4:36, 5:45, 7:00, 7:45, 8:45, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 p. m. Arrive at New York at 5:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m., 12:30 a. m. Sunday at 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 p. m. Passengers for Monmouth connect at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07, 12:07, 1:07, 2:07, 3:07, 4:07, 5:07, 6:07, 7:07, 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07 p. m. Sunday at 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07 a. m., 12:07, 1:07, 2:07, 3:07, 4:07, 5:07, 6:07, 7:07, 8:07, 9:07, 10:07, 11:07 p. m. Arrive at Somerville at 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45 a. m. Sunday at 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Passengers for Monmouth connect at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 7:45, 9:00, 11:00 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:45 p. m. Sunday at 9:00 a. m., 5:45 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 9:45, 11:30, 1:40 p.m. Sunday 8:45 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Williamsport and Scranton.

For Lake Hopatcong, High Bridge Branch Bunon, Lopatcong, Phillipsburg, Oxford, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. for Flemington D. L. & W. R. R. Sussex, Sparta, Hancock Junction, Andover, Netcong, Stanhope, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua and Scranton.

Upper Lehigh, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1:30 p. m. For Dover, Rockaway, Hibernia, Wharton, Reading, Allentown Reading Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc., at 1:34 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Sussex, Sparta, Hancock Junction, Andover, Netcong, Stanhope, Hopatcong, Reading, Harrisburg etc., 1:30 p. m. For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Quakertown, Bethlehem, Allentown, etc., etc., 6:00 p. m. For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton, Philadelphia, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 6:00 p. m. For Lake Hopatcong, Sussex, Sparta, Andover, Netcong, Stanhope, Hopatcong, Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 6:00 p. m. Sundays at 7:45 a. m. for Easton, Wilkesbarre & Scranton; 8:45 a. m. for High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Intermediate Stations; 5:45 p. m. for Easton, Allentown, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua and Scranton. For Lake Hopatcong, Sussex, Sparta, Allentown Manch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 12:07, 1:36, 3:36 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8:00, 9:00 a. m. 12:07 p. m. Arrive at Long Branch at 11:00, 12:00, 1:00, 3:37, 5:37, 7:07, 9:05 p. m. Sunday 9:50, 11:30, 12:30 p. m.

For Atlantic City 3:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m.

For Pleasure Bay 3:37, 8:00, 11:00, a. m. 1:00, 3:37 5:37, p. m.

ROUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:12, 7:45, 8:07, 9:08, 10:18, 11:08, 11:30, a. m., 12:08, 1:08, 2:08, 3:08, 4:08, 5:04, 6:08, 7:08, 8:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:08 p. m. Sundays at 7:12, 8:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:08 a. m., 12:08, 1:08, 2:08, 3:08, 4:08, 5:08, 6:08, 7:08, 8:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:08 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:12, 9:08, 11:30 a. m., 2:08, 4:08, 5:04 p. m. Sundays at 7:12, 9:08 a. m., 2:08, 4:08, 5:04 p. m.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. M. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—WILL GO THROUGH

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broadway—Will s. to meet 7:36 a. m. train. Route—Hillside and Rahway Ave., Broadway to 6th st. to Second place; to Crescent Ave.; to Park ave.; to Depot.

2d trip	8.12 a. m.	to meet	8.32 a. m. train
3d do	9.00	do	9.20 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.27 do
6th do	11.46	do	12.06 p.m. do
7th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.20 p. m. do
8th do	1.46	do	To the Post Office
9th do	2.50	do	3.10 p. m. train
10th do	4.00	do	4.20 do do
11th do	5.45	do	6.07 do do
12th do	6.45	do	7.05 do do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nue, North Plainfield, corner of Front street, above 7th, and make same connections.

Stages will leave Somerset street, at every corner, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 a. m. 12.37, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m. In the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

M. A. BIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, near 5th and 6th. Telephone Call 41. 1-87

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive prompt attention and strictly first-class workmanship. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Goods left at the Post Office will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. BROWN, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 BROAD

Builders Cards.

JOHN ARBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Corner Second and Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O. Box 1544.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 811

T. E. MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
31 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner east street. Address
E. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

G R Musgrave
Carpenter & Builder
Jobbing promptly tended to at
66 West Front st.
Opposite M. E. church,
RESIDENCE, 52 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder

Jos. T. Vail,
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect place. P. O. Box 982.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 94 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. B. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 106 West Front street.

F. A. DURHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also Mechanical Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering and Surveying attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners, Deeds, Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

OSCAR F. TEALE,
Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 23 and 24. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TIDSWORTH,
Life Insurance
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS.
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, pic-ws, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Farvis iron wagon. John F. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
31 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS can be purchased at Edgewood Park, corner east street. Address
E. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to E. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 300 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

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MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN
42 North avenue.

M. M. Dunham,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
No 7 East Front Street

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.

Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co.
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manger.

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 24 Arbor avenue, North Plainfield.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Carey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET
and 28 Park avenue
P. O. Box 259,
FURNITURE AND FIRE
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered trucks. Furniture sent to any part of the city or country. Pianos moving a specialty.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

A Dainty Idea in Spatter Work—Curtains with a Border of Feathery Ferns.

Beautiful soft curtains for a bedroom or boudoir may be made from fine Swiss muslin ornamented with a border of feathery ferns. A writer in Decorator and Furnisher tells that all that is required to make these is muslin enough for the curtains, a tooth brush, a fine tooth comb, some jet black ink and a quantity of ferns, smoothly and thoroughly pressed. To make the curtains first measure off the required length of Swiss muslin for each window, allowing enough to fall gracefully to the floor. A border of ferns is then made in "spatter work" down each curtain.

Spread an old sheet smoothly on the floor and tack it tightly and firmly. Then lay a length of the curtain material down upon it and pin it securely to the sheet at each end, stretching it enough to prevent wrinkling or creasing. Next take your pressed ferns and arrange them gracefully down the side of the curtain to form a border. They may be fastened in place by pins or fine tacks. Cover all the curtain except the border where the ferns are fastened with an old sheet, an old table cover or anything that will protect it. Dip a tooth brush or fine nail brush into some deep black ink, then comb the ink out over the fern border with a fine tooth comb. This will make tiny black spots or "spatters" of ink all over the ferns and border. Do it as evenly as possible. When you have finished leave till thoroughly dry. Then carefully lift the pins from the ferns, remove them and take the curtain from the floor. You will then have a dark border band with pure white ferns out upon it. You must do each curtain separately.

These curtains will look lovely when finished. They will also be found very serviceable, as they can be washed and ironed without fading. But no soda nor bleaching compound should be used in the washing. They may be hung with white oak poles out, or with portieres. Tidies, pillow shams, bureau covers and bed spreads may be made to correspond.

A Handsome Linen Insertion.

A pretty insertion is made by drawing out a number of threads for about three-quarters of an inch. Secure the threads in groups of five and then work a fine buttonhole or hem stitch in groups of five threads. These are to be worked in "spiders" like those employed in other lace and guipure, using four groups for one "spider." Fasten on at one end with a long needleful of fine or medium flax thread. Pass the needle over two groups and under 1; turn back under next group over 1, under 2, and draw rather tight; then proceed as in darning under 1, over 1, until the "spider" is large enough. In the same manner the other spiders are made in "spatter work" down each curtain.

Spread an old sheet smoothly on the floor and tack it tightly and firmly. Then lay a length of the curtain material down upon it and pin it securely to the sheet at each end, stretching it enough to prevent wrinkling or creasing. Next take your pressed ferns and arrange them gracefully down the side of the curtain to form a border. They may be fastened in place by pins or fine tacks. Cover all the curtain except the border where the ferns are fastened with an old sheet, an old table cover or anything that will protect it. Dip a tooth brush or fine nail brush into some deep black ink, then comb the ink out over the fern border with a fine tooth comb. This will make tiny black spots or "spatters" of ink all over the ferns and border. Do it as evenly as possible. When you have finished leave till thoroughly dry. Then carefully lift the pins from the ferns, remove them and take the curtain from the floor. You will then have a dark border band with pure white ferns out upon it. You must do each curtain separately.

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Vases to Colored Faiences and Glass.

Hall vases in colored faience, blue and red, have the form of trumpets, cut off so as to give a wide flat top. Set in this are three fast high and have a wreathed decoration in relief. They are intended to hold a few stalks of spiky flowers such as fleur-de-lis, gladioli, tall lilies or bulbous hocks.

Another form of garden or piazza vase, mentioned by The Jeweler's Circular, is a large shell mounted on a pedestal in ribbed red faience. Large but low bowl like vases are made in imitation of small gray mosaics cut by a band of floral decoration.

For smoking rooms quaint shaped vases in colored glass are mounted in spreading bases. The fans are decorated in relief with Watteau figures and landscapes.

Broiled Fish.

To broil a fish you must have a clear, bright fire and the gridiron must be well greased, either with melted butter or nice drippings free from salt. The fish should be turned but once. Mackerel is a very delicately flavored fish and therefore should be cooked in the following manner: After cleaning and washing the fish well chop up a little parsley and mix it with salt and a small piece of butter. Lay this inside the fish. Then take a sheet of paper, butter it well and roll the fish up in it, fastening it with two or three pins. Lay it on the greased gridiron and broil it in the usual way. Remove the paper previous to serving.

Cabbage Salad.

Boil the heart in salted water till tender, but not too soft. Then drain well, and set in a cool place, or on ice, first pulling the leaves apart so that no wet lurks within. Make a dressing with the raw yolk of an egg, a tablespoonful of salad oil, two tablespoonfuls of cream, two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, and a salteaspoonful each of mustard, salt and pepper. Chop the cabbage, add to the mixture, and garnish with slices of tomato.

A Piece of Home Made Furniture.

A substantial and quite handsome looking bit of furniture has been evolved by an amateur carpenter, which is as follows: Procure a box with a firm, strong bottom and sides about eight inches deep. In each corner of the box cut a hole 2 by 3 inches. Into these holes fit four legs of 2 by 3 pine wisely planed, and fasten the sides of the box firmly to these legs, which should project about six inches above the box, as shown in the cut. By joining a curved piece to the projection of the legs graceful arms are made for the chair. This latter should be about twenty inches from the floor.

A BOX SEAT.

Now cover the box with a thick, soft cushion and drape the sides. The arms and legs may be either handsomely covered with enamel paint or draped to match the seat.

Chocolate Meringues.

Six ounces sugar, two and a half ounces chocolate powdered, three whites of eggs. Whip the whites very stiff, then lightly stir in the sugar and chocolate. Make them on a sheet of thin white paper in a moderately heated oven.

To Polish Mahogany.

A good polish of mahogany color may be made by taking two ounces of beeswax and dissolving it in a pint of turpentine over the fire. Add two spoonfuls of vinegar, two of sweet oil and two drops of Indian red to give it a mahogany color.

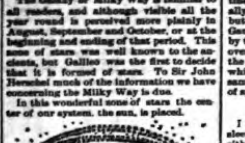
SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

INTERESTING KNOWLEDGE PRESENTED IN BRIEF AND POPULAR FORM.

The Wonderful Phenomenon Known as the Milky Way, Which Is a Marked Feature in the Sky at This Season. What Scientists Have Thought of It.

The Galaxy or Milky Way is familiar to all readers, and although visible all the year round is perhaps more plainly in August, September and October, or at the beginning and ending of that period. This fact is well known to the lay citizens, but Galileo was the first to decide that it is formed of stars. To Sir John Herschel much of the information we have concerning the Milky Way is due.

In this wonderful zone of stars the center of our system, the sun, is placed.



THE MILKY WAY.

It was supposed to be divided as in the diagram here given, the inner portion being the stars seen in their thickness, and the outer ring representing the stars viewed in the direction of the length and breadth. But afterward Herschel modified his opinions somewhat, the Milky Way, and Professor Nichol, among more recent astronomers, says:

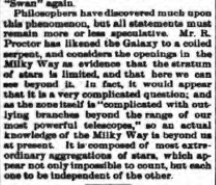
"It is only in the most careless glance that the Milky Way appears a continuous zone. Let the naked eye rest thoughtfully on any part of it, and if circumstances are favorable it will soon resolve either an accumulation of patches and streams of light in every conceivable variety of form and brightness."

The Milky Way has its greatest breadth in the "Swan," and in the "Eagle" constellation it divides itself. In the "Southern Twin-light" the zone is brightest, and in the "Southern Cross" the hole or space, termed by the sailors the "Coal Sack," is very distinct. It then contracts and expands, and where is in Argo another gap. Then it is lost for a space, then it branches out, and soon crosses the Equator, dilates, contracts, opens out again and so returns to the "Swan" again.

Philosophers have discovered much upon this phenomenon, but all statements must be more or less conjectural. Mr. R. Proctor has likened the Galaxy to a coiled serpent, and considers the openings in the Milky Way as evidence that the stratum of stars is limited. What lies beyond we can see beyond it. In fact, it would appear that it is a very complicated question; and that the sense itself is "complicated with the lying branches beyond the range of our most powerful telescopes," so an actual knowledge of the Milky Way is beyond us at present. The theory is advanced that the ordinary aggregations of stars, which appear not only impossible to count, but each one to be independent of the other.

Magnets and Magnetic Substances.

Magnetic substances contain the two magnetisms, but in a neutral state; that is to say, holding each other in check by their reciprocal action; such substances are iron, steel and, to a far less extent, nickel and cobalt. There is no connection between magnetic substances and magnets: in the latter the two magnetisms in each molecule are separated, and each produces a separate effect; while in magnetic substances the magnetisms are combined and produce no effect.



AN INVISIBLE LINK.

According to Gaunt a magnetic substance is distinguished from a magnet as follows: A magnetic substance has no poles; if successively presented to the two ends of a magnetic needle it will attract both equally, while one end of a magnets would attract the one but repel the other end of the needle. Magnetic substances also have no action on each other, while magnets attract or repel each other as like or like poles are presented to each other.

When a magnetic substance is placed in contact with the poles of a magnet—the north pole, for instance—this acting attractively on the south magnetism of the substance, and repelling the north magnetism, it follows that in this body a separation of the two is effected, or, in other words, a magnet is produced, for if any piece of soft iron—an iron ring, for example—be presented to a magnetized bar the polarity of this ring is supported, but it acquires the property of supporting the second, then this second a third, and so forth. Remove the bar, and the invisible link which unites the innumerable chain is broken, and the rings separate.

The Moon's Influence on the Weather.

In Nature commenting on an article on the influence of the moon on weather by Dr. G. Meyer says that although such influence is very generally believed in among the people, the author thought that with the materials furnished by synoptic charts he might safely assert that the moon has no influence whatever on the weather. He gives tables extending over a number of years which seem to show the influence of the moon in lowering the height of the barometer in January at the time of full moon, and in raising it during the first quarter. The author, however, points out that, considering the article, potato rot that a similar result has been independently arrived at by Capt. Jamieson, one of the officers of the Indian observatories. The cause either or any other is not perceptible in other months.

Electric Wires and Storms.

According to The London Electrical Review, it has been for some years the practice at the Berlin post-office for the employes to make a note of storms and magnetic disturbances, direction of storms, length, etc., and the result has been to show that the wires are affected by storms, being entirely free from the influence of magnetic storms, are much less liable to disturbance than the overhead wires, and on the other hand that disturbances from lightning are much less serious in these wires than in the overhead system in the vicinity.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

An Item of Interest to Smokers—How It Affects Men and May Be Overcome.

As stated in The British Medical Journal Dr. Gautrelet, of Vichy, claims to have discovered a method of rendering tobacco harmless to mouth, heart and nerves without detriment to its aroma. According to him a piece of cotton wool steeped in 4 to 10 per cent. solution of pyrogallic acid inserted in the cigar or holder will nearly render all possible ill effects of the nicotine. In this way not only may the general ally admitted evil of smoking be prevented but a direct gain of the living, which in Dr. Gautrelet's experience is sometimes caused by tobacco, and such lighter penalties of over indulgence as headache and furring of the tongue, may be avoided. Citric acid, which was recommended by Vigier for the same purpose, has the serious disadvantage of spoiling the taste of the tobacco.

A Cure for Sleepless Babies.

I have found an unfailing remedy for sleeplessness in my children in fresh air, either taking them to it or introducing an abundant supply into their rooms. Taking them out is the surest way. My nurse, when baby was 2 weeks old, was bewildered by so healthy a creature never sleeping in the daytime, and used every means in her knowledge to cause sleep, but without success. At last I insisted that my recipe should be tried. She should take him into the garden. So she bundled him up and then tried for a hundred times over his face. I objected—that would not do. She would protect his face with a sunshade, but he must have air. So out he went, with his great blue eyes wide open to look at the world.

Hardly had she crossed the threshold when the eyes were closed, and he had the sweetest and most peaceful nap he ever enjoyed in his life. I think one cause of sleeplessness in nursing babies is that their mothers take too little refreshing exercise in the open air. If I failed to be in the fresh air some time each day when I was nursing a baby I was always sure to reach it the increased fretfulness and nervousness of the child. A pleasant walk, or if too threesome, sitting out of doors for even fifteen minutes, is enough to impart to the milk a quieting, healthful quality, says a mother in Babyhood.

People Who Believe in Pie.

In answer to the question whether oatmeal is preferable to pie as an American national food Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes is credited with the following: "I suppose the best answer I can give to your question is to tell you what is my own practice. Oatmeal in the morning, as an architect lays a bed of concrete to form a base for his superstructure. Pie when I can get it; that is of the genuine article. There is a very odd prejudice against pie as an article of diet. It is common to hear every form of bodily degeneracy and infirmity attributed to this innocent favorite food. I see no reason or sense in it. Mr. Emerson believed in pie, and was almost indignant when a fellow traveler refused the piece offered him. 'Why, Mr.——,' said he, 'what is pie made for?' If every Green Mountain boy hasn't eaten a thousand times his weight in apple, pumpkin, squash and mince pie, call me a dumpling. And Col. Ethan Allen was one of them—Ethan Allen, who, with the mouth of a cannon, wrench off the head of a wrought iron nail with his teeth."

Hints About Caring for the Hands.

Borax water is good for washing the hands. Coarsely ground oatmeal is a fair substitute for soap in washing the hands. White unscented soaps are the best, as the highly scented soaps are usually made of inferior fat. A solution of borax and will remove fruit stains from the hands, but it must not touch an abraded surface. After washing and drying the hands thoroughly, glycerine and spirits of camphor in equal parts mixed together is good to rub over them. Cocoanut oil is a pleasant application. Sewing gloves two sizes too large is helpful in preserving the hands. One should have an old pair of gloves to take up ashes in, to sweep in and to wear in all dirty work that permits the wearing of gloves. If gloves are dipped in not very hot linseed oil they become waterproof and may be worn while washing. Frequent vigorous rubbing of the hands will promote circulation and keep the skin in good condition.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

Tennis Clubs—Brief Hints and Answers to Questions Often Asked.

A tennis club, when well organized and managed, is an addition to a country neighborhood, and tends to rendezvous for meeting friends. Tea is usually served about 5 o'clock in the club pavilion; its management is generally undertaken by each lady member in turn, and is very acceptable both to the players and the onlookers. Cakes, fruit and cream are provided by the lady who specially provides the tea on each successive day. After a club has been some little time in existence, and if it can boast of good players, matches are often arranged with neighboring clubs, or tournaments are got up among the members, and add to the excitement and interest. In some clubs the members are required to wear a particular badge or ribbon, but this is not always a satisfactory arrangement, and it is best to let them please their own individual taste as to dress and color worn.

Antiseptic Properties of Coffee.

Popular Science News quotes a German medical journal to the effect that it has been demonstrated by a series of experiments at the Berlin Institute of Hygiene that coffee possesses very decided antiseptic properties. Several kinds of bacteria were experimented upon and it was found in all cases that their growth was interfered with by adding a small quantity of the infusion of coffee to nutrient gelatine, while in the pure infusion all bacteria were rapidly destroyed. It is believed that the constituents of the coffee the antiseptic principle is due. The caffeine certainly is but slightly active. The tannic acid is more so, but probably the substances which are most active are those formed during the roasting. It is an interesting fact that a cup of coffee is actually cleaner than a pound of milk from micro-organisms for a week or more.

Points to Make a Note Of.

A widow needing only silver goes in for pale heliotrope, and there are so many lovely shades of the latter to choose from that it would be in better taste to wear one of these rather than the bold white.

"No cards" is to convey that neither wedding cards nor cake will be sent.

No well bred person ever puts or scents an eau de cologne bath are sacred in the eyes of even the humblest of us.

Because a friend is polite do not think that his time is valueless.

It is not usual to offer the cup to a lady by the gentleman who is helping her, but he or she should always be offered to a lady when her safety, comfort or convenience seems to require it.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

The Wonderful Fresh Blood Plant Discovered by Professor Mott's Party in 1845.

On the eternal peaks where winter reigns, and cold and frosts their icy splendors shed, Are drops of blood as rich as rubies or gems.

This lynchburg blossom rests its head.

A pyramid of tiny specks of deepest red.

Forming a cluster of delicate, dazzling stains, A shower, bright phantom, born of ice and fire.

Flashing pale rich glimpses of crimson light.

The wonderful specimen in the case of the museum discovered by the naturalist of the late Col. Fremont's party in 1843, is aptly named Sarcodes Sanguinea (blooded flesh), the first discovery of the living, which in Dr. Gantrelet's experience is sometimes caused by tobacco, and such lighter penalties of over indulgence as headache and furring of the tongue, may be avoided. Citric acid, which was recommended by Vigier for the same purpose, has the serious disadvantage of spoiling the taste of the tobacco.

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The Largest Tank in the World.

According to The Allahabad Pioneer the largest reservoir or artificial lake in the world is the great tank of Dhobar, twenty miles from that of Sadpur, Rajpootana, which covers an area of twenty-one square miles. The masonry dam is 1,800 feet long by 80 feet high, 80 feet wide at the base and 15 feet at the top.

Scenes of Garfield, Grant and Arthur.

Scenes of Garfield and Grant are found at Cleveland, O. U. S. Grant's body is placed in Riverside park with national honors. His tomb overlooks the Hudson. Chester A. Arthur's body lies inside the city limits in Rural cemetery, Albany.

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a **Very Choice Stock of Shoes** for Fall trade. These were bought long before the Rise in stock, and will give you some **Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.**

We know the people appreciate what we are doing. Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

13 W. FRONT STREET.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.35.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. **FIVE PER CENT. CASH.**

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per doz. Gasoline Stoves gallons, delivered, 75c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 126

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen Mason jars, 80c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Oatmeal Plaid—we have just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 65c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Centre Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that sold for 45 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 27c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 65c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome new Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS—All-wool, fast color, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

Handsome new all-wool Serges, beautiful colorings, at 75c.

ELEGANT New Stripes, in all wool, at 50c., and new all wool Plaids, at 75c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUBINBERRR, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments,

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS :

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPAEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLDS ATLAS AT THE 5 & 10c STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 9½X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 500, PAGES, 100 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 20 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in

German and French

under the instruction of

MR. F. F. HELLWIG,

at reasonable rates

Call at 18 East Fifth street between 6 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-16-1y.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Tunis J. Carey, to whom refer once is made.

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to and from all parts of the city and those in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered by

DR. GRIFFIN,

will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Diseases, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Rooms at residence, Leading, 65 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipe, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors, Box 1036

Crushed Stone.

The undersigned having leased the Chase Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any size at short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

RESIDENCE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE

P. O. Box 798.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK.

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 93.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

50 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In sizes to suit the trade. This coal was bought early and in large quantities, and is now to offer it at the prices, and it is a feature unsurpassed by any from state and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which are furnished with steam elevators for handling coal. This with the use of the largest and finest screens in the city enables us to fill orders in the most prompt manner. Orders left at office, 50 Broadway, or at the yard, Telephone 126. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two dollars per wagon load. Our contract is reasonable. Orders left at Post Office, Plainfield, or at our Yard, Front street, near Somerset, will receive prompt attention. Telephone No. 126.

PLAINFIELD

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD F. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 26th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

in accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
1st Ward	725 votes.	15	delegates.
2d "	173 "	3	"
6th "	330 "	6	"
7th "	232 "	5	"
8th "	177 "	3	"
Linden	223 "	4	"
Total		37	

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—			
3d Ward	249 votes.	5	delegates.
4th "	208 "	4	"
5th "	584 "	12	"
Union	147 "	3	"
Springfield	94 "	2	"
Summit	210 "	4	"
Cranford	140 "	3	"
New Providence	55 "	1	"
Total		34	

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—			
1st Ward	116 votes.	2	delegates.
2d "	139 "	3	"
3d "	266 "	6	"
4th "	138 "	3	"
Clark	40 "	1	"
Plainfield—			
1st Ward	250 "	5	"
2d "	259 "	5	"
3d "	225 "	5	"
4th "	278 "	6	"
Fanwood	139 "	3	"
Westfield	283 "	6	"
Total		45	

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Conventions in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

PERSONAL.

Policemen Cooney and Flanagan have been confined to the house for several days past by illness.

Mr. William Lee, the popular third baseman on the Crescent ball team, was recently married to Miss Fitzgerald of East Third street.

Messrs. Fred Jones, S. McIndoe, John Martin and M. Gregg, members of the Crescent base ball team spent yesterday with friends in this city.

Mr. M. J. Whalen who was for a number of years employed as a clerk in Mr. J. J. Kenney's shoe store, left Plainfield this morning to accept a position in a retail shoe store at Stapleton, Staten Island.

Card are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Annie Hoxinger and Edward Hand both of Scotch Plains. The ceremony will take place at the residence of the bride in Scotch Plains on the 8th inst.

Mr. Frank Wolff of West Front street this morning wears and exceedingly broad smile in addition to his moustache. The cause of the aforesaid smile is the arrival of a little girl who first saw light yesterday morning. The little one has come to stay. . Both mother and child are doing well.

An Old Offender.

Between one and two o'clock Sunday morning, Michael Cox and several of his friends visited McVey's restaurant on North avenue and ordered clam chowder. Cox was under the influence of liquor and after the chowder had been served he assailed the waiter, Mr. W. W. West, with vile and indecent language, threatening to waylay him and "do him up" when no policemen were visible. Mr. West became alarmed and called Policemen Kiely, that officer arrested Cox and this morning when he was arraigned before City Judge Codington, he pleaded guilty to the charge of using profane and indecent language but denied the charge of being under the influence of liquor.

Mr. West was sworn and he testified that Cox had all the appearances of a drunken man and that his actions were those of a person who had imbibed too freely. Mr. Horton McVay corroborated Mr. West's testimony.

Cox was sworn and made a denial of the charge of drunkenness. Judge Codington, then addressed him in substance as follows: "You are an old offender and you seem to be a regular nuisance to the police and the public in general. It therefore becomes my duty to deal with you according to law. The ordinance under which you are charged with provides, for the offense with which you are charged, a fine of ten dollars, but as you have been convicted according to the evidence, a fine of $100 or 60 days in the county jail or both. I therefore will impose upon you a fine of three dollars, and also commit you to the county jail for 30 days."

DEFENDING THE WRONG.

THE AWKWARD POSITION OF THE CITY'S LEGAL ADVISER.

As Shown in His Ingenious Effort, as Counsel of the Police Board, to Defend That Which Is Indefensible in Either Law or Morals.

At the beginning of this year President Moffett and other members of the constituted portion of the Common Council directed Chief Carey to arrest any proprietors of saloons found violating the city ordinances.

The indiscriminate manner in which licenses had been granted to sell liquor caused general alarm, and the direction to Chief Carey was to him an agreeable surprise.

Within a month afterward, [while Chief Carey, at midnight, was standing on the corner of Front street and Madison avenue, giving instructions to policeman Gose, they saw a light emanate from the saloon at Miller's Hotel, and both crossed the street, and peered through a portion of the ground glass doors which had been carelessly left uncurtained and discovered drinking at the bar the very Councilmen—including the President himself —who had urged the Chief—as if he needed any urging—to arrest any saloon keeper found violating the ordinances.

If the Chief did not involuntarily exclaim "You arch hypocrites!" it was evidently not because he didn't feel such language suited the occasion. He immediately opened a side door of the saloon and pounced in upon the Councilmanic trio, ordered the saloon closed, and at the same time expressed his contempt for such hypocrisy in the gospel:

"You, gen lemen (!) are setting the citizens of Plainfield a fine example. You make the laws, expect me to enforce them, and yet are the first to violate them."

We have the Chief's word—and we believe his simple word in this community would outweigh even the oaths of those who were responsible for the more disgraceful conduct that followed—that he used no profanity of any kind, in ordering the Councilmen out and the place closed.

They suspended him from office on the charge of "using obscene, profane and indecent language," while in the discharge of his duty, supporting their testimony by that of those whom we do not suppose can be regarded as other than bar-room loafers, the Councilmen acting as prosecutor, judges and jury.

Mr. Carey, through his counsel, Mr. Frank Bergen, declined to testify in his own behalf or recognize the jurisdiction of such a court, but appealed the matter to the Supreme Court before whom it is at present.

Mr. Craig a Marsh, as corporation counsel, was forced into the awkward position of defending the Police Board in such proceedings, and it is the defense which he has been filed and is now before us. Mr. Carey's appeal was filed several months ago.

Corporation Counsel Marsh always can be counted upon to get out of a case all there is in it, and a little more sometimes, and he has managed to get a belief of fifteen pages of paper out of this case that will be admired for its ingenious argument in defense of a foriorn hope, but it cannot be admitted that this brief in question is unanswerable. It would be a parody on the science to admit such. He allows legal points such as one might expect from an astute lawyer. But these cobwebs wont entangle our judges into permitting a man to be an accuser and a judge and jury in the same case.

Mr. Moffett, one of the officials Mr. Carey caught in the barroom at unlawful hours conniving at the violation of the law, was the accuser. He brought forward the charge and signed it, and then constituted himself a judge to decide upon the truth of his own complaint against the man he regarded as a bitter enemy.

This is how Mr. Marsh tries to get around that point:

THE FIRST REASON ASSIGNED.

The most important question sought to be raised by the prosecutor is that contained in the first reason assigned.

"If it were true, in any just sense, that Elmore D. Moffett acted at one and the same time as party and judge, the proceedings would be utterly indefensible, and his vote would, of course, be a nullity. The case, however, shows that while Mr. Moffett did sign the charges upon which action was taken, he did so merely in believing that he was merely performing the ministerial act of reducing to writing the complaints against the prosecutor then already made by other parties.

THE CHARGES.

The charges preferred had been made to the Board before Mr. Moffett became a member (see pages 9 to 15), and Mr. Moffett swears that he had no personal knowledge of the facts (see page 38 et on the trial) with a mind free from bias, prejudice or personal opinion adverse to the defendant on the charges preferred that he had not participated in the action that he had no animosity against Mr. Carey, and never had had that he had reason to believe that the charges would be true and what would be the result until he had heard the evidence and that if he had not been a member of the Board he would have rendered a verdict of not guilty.

If a complaint is made to the Board, constitutes a different mode of procedure would have been adopted. But it is not necessary to submitted that assuming Mr. Moffett's testimony to be true, the proceedings in this respect would not be void. Everybody simply because Mr. Moffett did not adopt the circuitous method of preferring charges that he had no animosity against Mr. Carey, and never had had that he had reason to believe that the charges would be true and what would be the result until he had heard the evidence and that if he had not been a member of the Board

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 31 SOMERSET STREET.

E. W. HOWLAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS A WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS. PLAINFIELD, N. J. LOCAL 204. TRANSPOSE CALLS 46.

A Boy's Suicide.

Irving Alberts was a bright schoolboy who lived in Hackensack, N. J., with his father and five brothers. He was a favorite with teacher and schoolmates, and stood near the head of his class. He had not a bad habit. Out of school, when not playing, he helped his father and brothers with the housework, since there was no woman in the household to do it. Irving seems to have had no young associates, good or bad, and no fun to speak of. Yet, good boy and obedient son as he was, his father often scolded him very harshly. After Irving was dead the latter, weeping bitterly, said he had scolded the boy for his good. He thought he ought to do it on general principles, though there seems to have been no occasion for it.

One evening not long since Irving sat studying his lessons as usual. Mr. Alberts told him to stop and clean the room and do some housework. Irving did not do it to suit his father, who thereupon reprimanded him severely and made him do it over again. The boy obeyed in silence. They remembered afterward that he made not one word of reply. Then Irving sat down and learned his lessons for next day. He left no unfinished school book lessons when he went into the next world, however many other lessons he might have been taught by his father. The sum of gentleness, of patience, of sweet temper and family love. But these had never been taught to him, never were to be.

Irving finished his school work, and his father and brother heard him go to the woodshed. They thought nothing of it, and presently, at 9 o'clock, the brother called his father, "the youngest and the favorite, did not come in. The brother went to bed also, leaving the back door open. After a little while he felt so uneasy that he arose and went in search of the boy. What he found was announced in the agonized cry that rang through the house, "Father, father, Irvy has hanged himself!"

He was quite dead when they cut him down. A good spirited, broken hearted lad. The accumulated weight of years of scolding, work and study had borne him down, and he put himself out of the world rather than be scolded longer and live a life that had no joy in it. Awful remorse and sorrow will pursue the father through the rest of his mortal existence.

Yet other parents will go on treating their children as Irvy Alberts was treated to the end of the chapter, and think themselves good, virtuous fathers and mothers all the while, entitled to all love and reverence from those children. Do they ever realize what such a life as Irving Alberts led means to a boy or girl?

Gerrymandering.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger (Rep.) has this to say about the redistricting bill introduced into congress from Ohio:

Congress is asked by the Ohio delegation to act not one congressman of that state by returning to another. It is said, however, be a dangerous precedent for congress to act in this matter. Every body agrees that gerrymandering is wrong, but every party resorts to it when it gives them temporary advantage of the legislature of the state. It is thought to be a genteel way of disfranchising the opposition, but some genius has given a much larger representation in congress than their votes entitled them to have.

Under the law which gushed the Democrats are expected to get more than their fair proportion, using congress would interfere to restore an unjust balance. The Republicans, in the name of popular government in other cases, but partisans resent the application of the principle to their own flesh. In these days of electrical science gerrymandering of any kind should be robbed of its power. Just as against the setting in each congressman a vote and a fraction proportioned to the majority cast for him, electrical machines being connected with the voting, so that the result of a vote and may vote could be recorded in a few minutes. Then it would only have to look after the machines and the bosses to make the house of representatives truly reflect the will of the people.

The New York women factory inspectors have found that factory work is more poorly paid, heavier, more taxing and far less healthful than house-work, yet girls cannot be coaxed or driven to do kitchen work. They say it is because young women in domestic service are looked down upon and snubbed by everybody, those for whom they perform the service included.

Where are the Green Mountain boys, and what are they about? The state of Vermont has diminished in population in the last decade. She has eighty-one fewer inhabitants than she had in 1880. This better than anything else tells the sad story of the farms of New England.

Yet there are ways of making even New England land pay if they could only be discovered.

Frederick Douglass, United States minister to Hayti, says of the colored race, "We are raising doctors, lawyers and divines, and all we ask is to be let alone and give us fair play."

We hear that peace reigns in Central America once more. But before this report gets safe through the country there will probably be another revolution.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS

Resume of the Business of the First Session.

IT HAS BEEN AN IMPORTANT ONE.

The First Congress in Many Years Controlled by One Party in Legislative and Executive Branches—Notable Changes in Existing Laws—The Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The record of the first session of the Fifty-first congress is an important one. In the senate debate on the tariff bill was brought to an end only by an agreement on the part of members of the majority that the federal elections bill would not be called up during the pendency of the tariff measure. The useful work accomplished by the session is of especial interest because it is the first congress in many years in which one of the two great parties has had control of both the legislative and executive branches of the government. A decrease in rates of customs duties has practically been brought about, a number of important changes in existing law having been agreed to in conference and approved by the house and senate and by the approval of the senate and the president.

The Fight Over Reciprocity.

The feature of the new tariff law which has attracted widest attention, and which been greater significance from the fact that it is destined for a time to create a division in the Republican party, was the provision for the establishment of reciprocal relations between the United States and the Latin-American countries. This idea, which was first suggested to past years by Senator Aldrich and other statesmen, was brought very prominently to the notice of congress and the country by a letter of the secretary of state, addressed to congress by the president urging the necessity of requiring some concessions from Latin-American countries for the free admission into the United States of sugar and other of their products. The recommendation was ignored by the house of representatives, and the subject left to be settled from time to time by the senate and agreed to in conference between the two houses.

Silver Legislation of Congress.

Next in importance to the new tariff law is the silver legislation enacted by congress. On July 14, 1890, a new law went into effect providing for the issue of coin certificates based on gold or silver bullion, with a requirement that the secretary of the treasury should purchase 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion each month. The bill as it passed the senate was a practical free coinage bill, but the conferees on the part of the two houses agreed upon a compromise, the principal feature being that while the majority in both houses favored free coinage the compromise was rendered necessary by the fear of an executive veto. The effect of the new silver law was an immediate advance in the price of silver, culminating at a figure higher than any known in 20 years.

The Soldier Remembered.

The promise of the Republican party made in the last campaign that more liberal pensions legislation should be enacted was fulfilled in the passage of the disability pension act under which a pension of $12 a month is given to every soldier who is now disabled from whatever cause. The applications received under this law during the month of August were in excess of the pension office force that it was necessary for congress to vote an additional appropriation for the employment of nearly 300 clerks in that office under the war record division of the department of war. The *addition of four new states to the flag* made by the admission into the Union of Wyoming and Idaho. Early in the session of congress a law in restraint of trusts and combinations was enacted. No opportunity to enforce it has yet occurred and, as it was generally supposed at the time of its enactment, its value cannot be estimated at this time.

A general land grant forfeiture act, the result of many years' discussion in the two houses of congress, has passed congress and will go to the president for signature today. *It provides for the forfeiture at all* land grants which have failed to aid in the construction of railroads opposite portions of the road uncompleted at the time of the passage of the law.

The Louisiana Lottery Law.

The question of lotteries having been brought to public attention by the effort of the Louisiana Lottery company to obtain a charter in North Dakota and later to obtain a renewal of its charter in Louisiana, the president made the matter the subject of a special message to congress in which he transmitted a bill proposed by the postmaster general to prohibit the transmission through the mails of lottery advertisements, lottery circulars and of newspapers containing lottery advertisements. This bill was passed promptly by both houses without modification and without material opposition, and was signed by the president.

After a lively controversy congress passed a law creating a national commission and establishing the World's fair at Chicago. As a result principally of the prohibition which shuts American meat, and of certain markets abroad a law was enacted prohibiting the exportation of adulterated articles of food and drink and enjoining the president to prevent the importation of impure or adulterated articles of food. An important feature of the present session was the defeat of the Blair educational bill in the senate. It had passed that body in several other congresses and its passage was quite unexpected.

Other Important Laws.

Among the less important laws enacted by this congress are the following: Requiring the superintendent of census to collect statistics of forests and manufactures of same; increasing the pension of those totally and permanently helpless to $72 per month; providing for an assistant secretary of war; providing for an assistant secretary of the navy; authorizing the president to cause the promulgation of such quarantine regulations as he may deem necessary to prevent contagious diseases from one state to another; granting certificates of discharge from the military service of the United States to persons in the war of the rebellion; providing to Canadian vessels the right to use the Sault Ste. Marie canal; providing for the admission free of duty of the effects of actual settlers returning from foreign countries to the United States; providing for the appointment of a public printer; providing for the appointment of a librarian of congress; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of railroads; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of labor; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of immigration; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of pensions; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of patents; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the general land office; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of navigation; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of statistics; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of education; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of agriculture; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of mines; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of forestry; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of fisheries; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of weather; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of standards; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of census; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of immigration; providing for the appointment of a commissioner of the bureau of labor

BY WHAT FIEND'S HAND?

Lingo Accused of Killing Both the Annies.

MRS. MILLER'S AWFUL MURDER.

Evidence That the Negro Is Responsible for the Butchery of Annie Miller and Perhaps of Annie Laconey Seems to Steadily Increase—Later Developments.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 29.—The evidence against Francis Lingo, who is in the county jail here for the murder of Mrs. Annie Miller, is so strong that it seems almost impossible that he can be other than the guilty man. Public Prosecutor Jennings and his detectives are working on no other theory, and they have procured additional evidence each day. Lingo, however, does not seem to be much troubled with the case that has been made out against him, denying some statements which can be proved by several witnesses, and admitting or awkwardly explaining others which are very damaging.

The details in the case have heretofore been very mysterious in their conversations with newspaper men and their stories have been misleading.

When She Was Last Seen Alive.

The evidence now points to the author-ities that Mrs. Miller was last seen alive about 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. At that time she was entering a clump of scrub oaks just outside of Mechanicsville in a negro quarter of the town known as Matchtown. She was going to her home, about a mile distant, and the road led through heavy bush, with no houses in sight. Her body was found about three-quarters of a mile from the point she had entered. The doctors have decided that the broken bone found on it were made before her throat was cut.

Lingo Cannot Establish an Alibi.

Lingo fails to fully account for his time on the day of the murder from 1 to 4 o'clock. This is the period in which the murder was committed. Six witnesses have been found who are ready to swear that they saw him in the bush near the body, which was recovered, will be taken to Madison, Wis., where her father, ex-Governor Mills, of Wisconsin, resides.

Congressman Vanz Renominated.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29.—Hon. Richard Vanz was renominated for congress by 1,000 of his fellowmens of the Third district in an enthusiastic meeting at National Guards' hall Saturday night. There were very few followers of McAleer present, and they remained very quiet.

Kentucky Constitutional Convention.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 29.—The constitutional convention Saturday acted for the first time upon one of the resolutions that have been piling up for consideration. It refused to provide that capital punishment shall be inflicted only within the penitentiary walls.

Weather Indications.

The weather prophets say to-day cloudy and slightly warmer, with variable winds.

He Killed Himself in a Cathedral.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—During Sunday morning's service at St. Paul's Cathedral the worshipers were startled by two pistol shots in quick succession. After the excitement had subsided it was learned that a man in the congregation had committed suicide by shooting himself twice with a revolver. The suicide's name was Eadon, but nothing further concerning his identity nor the cause of the tragedy could be ascertained. The man seemed to have been destitute and half starved, and it is conjectured that he was some unemployed and despondent wretch who sought by his tragic self destruction to call attention to the existence of such cases, and thus possibly lead to the relief of some of his surviving fellow sufferers.

Winter is Approaching,

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue. C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stable is worked wholly to training and boarding per week.

Terms made known upon application.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

124 EAST FRONT STREET.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Condensed Telegrams Gathered from Various Places.

The president has nominated Edgar B. Bailey to be collector of customs for the district of Hartford, Conn.

Gen. Abram Duryea died Sept. 27 at New York of paralysis. His wife and daughter were at his bedside when he expired. He was 70 years old. Gen. Duryea had the most distinguished military record. He was colonel of the famous Seventh regiment forty years ago. When the late war broke out he raised a regiment in honor of Gen. the Duryea zouaves, and served brilliantly at the great battles of Cedar Mountain, Chappahannock, Spotsylvania, Thoroughfare Gap, Antietam, Chancellorsville and Mount Mountain. He was made brigadier general for his gallant services.

The census office announces the population of the following Pennsylvania cities, with increases since 1880: Bradford, 10,478; increase, 1,291. DuBois, 4,187; increase, 2,418. Lockhaven, 7,395; increase, 1,305. Williamsport, 27,107; increase, 6,173.

Edward F. Reilly, clerk of the county of New York, died at his residence Sept. 28 of Bright's disease. He was 35 years of age and had served in the senate and assembly.

Lieutenant Governor Jones says he is a candidate for the governorship of New York state.

James J. Madison, son of a Quaker Gap (Pa.) millionaire, after squandering a fortune in dissipation, shot himself a few minutes before he was to have been married to Miss Adela Winthrop.

A Washington special says: The administration has it is believed in official circles in Washington, decided to recall Minister Mizner for his action in the Barrundia affair.

Rev. Dr. W. L. Phillips, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Wilkesbarre, Pa., has accepted a call to the First Congregational church in New Haven, Conn. He will be succeeded by Rev. Dr. Boyle, now pastor of the Park Avenue church of New York city.

A Mother's Shocking Suicide.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 29.—Mrs. Ezra H. Judd, wife of the proprietor of several cheap restaurants, committed suicide Sunday morning by blowing her brains out with a revolver. Her children were in the room when the deed was committed. Mr. Judd had left a moment before to prepare a breakfast with which she had found fault. The bullet entered Mrs. Judd's head between the eyes and she fell to the floor dead. Her 13-year-old boy picked up the smoking revolver and, running around by Mr. Judd's attention to one of his cooks, is said to have been the cause. Mr. Judd left the city directly after the suicide was committed.

POWLISON'S,

No. 9 Somerset street.

A Mobsguey, roller-pump combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $30. 8421 1y

NEW FIRM

N.B.Smalley & Co.

DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

POULTERY AND FISH.

Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

N. B. SMALLEY, H. H. BROKAW } 94 SOMERSET ST.

R. O. HOWELL,

THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE, 20c bottle.....$2.25, per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints(imported style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for fine groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—AND—

Park Avenue Grocery,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest quantity."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Elm Creek dairy. Fresh eggs and creamery butter a specialty. Please call and examine goods and prices.

P. M. Demarest,

128 PARK AVENUE.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter Wagner would inform their customers, and the public generally that they are now prepared to supply all orders in any quantity, and guarantee satisfaction in every respect, but respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Orders left at the store will receive prompt attention.

Marsh & Ayers,

NO. 20 AND 22 PARK AVENUE.

This Date in History—Sept. 29.

1321—Dalton (Dante's) the Florite (town).
1758—Birth of Admiral Horatio Nelson, hero of the Nile; died 1805.
1829—Maj. Gen. Archibald, U. S. A., born in Cayuga county, N. Y.
1841—Gen. Marshall S. Howard, of Tennessee.
1855—The Russians assaulting Kars were defeated with great loss.
1864—Atlanta, Ga., fell into rebel hands.
1874—Potter convicted at Chartres, France, for five murders.
1877—Death in Paris of Henry Maigne, famous military caricaturist.

An Alleged Murder on the Yorktown.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—The steamship Yorktown has arrived here, 108 days from New York. Thomas Weston, ordinary seaman, Boatswain James Weston was lost overboard during a squall July 1. A boat which was sent out to attempt his rescue was capsized, but the crew were saved. James Carr, a seaman, has lodged complaint with the police that Weston's death was caused by the second mate, Thomas Nolan, deliberately cutting the line to which Weston was holding while over the ship's side doing some work that Nolan had ordered him to do during the storm. Three other sailors corroborated Carr's statement.

It Will Be a Naval Event.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Considerable interest is manifested in naval circles over the results of the bids that are to be opened at the navy department on Wednesday next for the construction of three great battle ships and a swift triple screw steamer for the navy. About $18,000,000 have been appropriated for these vessels, and the country thinks the state construction are sufficiently favorable to induce bids from all active vessel builders. It is not unlikely that the vessels will be divided among the bidders, as Secretary Tracy is anxious to have them completed as soon as possible.

Little, But, Oh, My!

ain't it good!

The Society Leader!

Four Inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

N H. Guttman's

12 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

SINGER Safety Bicycles.

SOLE AGENT,

Geo. W. Morrison,

(At Rudolph's Drug Store.)

21 WEST FRONT STREET

Educational.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Mme. Alberti, P. O. Box 1069.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHSON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, Soprano Soloist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Studio hours 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 70 East Front street. 9.5 1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application. Address 15 Fifth avenue. 8 2w

MISS L. R. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches in accordance with the method of Mathias of the Irish, of Milan, and the Lysee method of Germany, etc. Will receive a class in physical culture. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harmony. 9 22w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stellanoss and Whitney, will resume her studies in vocal culture, at her residence, 160 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Prof. Frederick Boscovitz, New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethenwood, N. J., and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago Ill. 9 2m*

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 28 Cook place (long Grove street) reopens Wednesday, Sept. 17th. Pupils of seven years of age or under, kindergarten is given, care to be taken to make school life attractive. Pupils and interested visitors from the city are welcome. French and English History, Physiology, Geology and Botany, Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. Also a CLASS FOR LARGE GIRLS, COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 9 20m*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY, For Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Wednesday, Sept. 17th. Kindergarten will reopen on Monday, Oct. 6th. For particulars address Miss E. R. Kenyon, Principal. 7 19 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY, No. 7 East Front street, for young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss R. C. Dibble, Principal. 8 18-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sterling's School for Girls and Little Children, at 12 Locust avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

18 NORTH AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of Plainfield.

Will take passengers to and from all morning and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is an opportunity to give a thorough trial to secure your patronage.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the demand requires.

My present route is from the depot along Somerset street to Washingtonville. Beyond the borough limits to order.

Leaves Allen's for N. Y. at 7.30 and 9.37 a. m. Station for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 m. and 4 p. m. return trips go direct to Washington Park, Front and Somerset. Leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Orders left at Somerset Street Post-office.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.00, 9.00, a. m., 12.15, 2.25, 5.00 p. m. Close—7.30 and 9.00 a. m., 1.45, 5.00 and 8.00 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—9.00 a. m., 5.00, 6.05 p. m. Closes—7.30 a. m., 6.2 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 4.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 10.45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street
Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.56, 8.05, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 a. m., 12.56, 1.56, 2.56, 3.56, 4.56, 5.56, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 6.56, 7.56, 8.56, 9.56, 10.56, 11.56 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 6.56, 8.05

A BARGAIN BY LETTER.

HOW A CONTRACT MAY BE MADE BY CORRESPONDENCE.

Conditions of Offer and Acceptance, When Such May Be Withdrawn—Medium by Which Acceptance Should Be Sent to Bind Party Making the Offer.

When a contract is made by letter or telegraph the question occurs, at what time or by what act is the contract completed?

The law in this country may be summarized thus: *If A writes to B proposing to him a contract, the proposition remains open until it reaches B and for such time afterwards as would give B a reasonable opportunity of accepting the proposition, unless before B accepts A withdraws the offer by a subsequent letter or by telegraph. The offer may be withdrawn by A at any time before acceptance, or may be withdrawn before the proposition reaches B. For example, if the proposition was sent to B by mail, a telegram revoking the offer which reached B before the letter would prevent B from holding A by an acceptance after receipt of the letter.*

It is not, however, withdrawn until a notice of withdrawal reaches B. This is the important point. Thus if A in Boston writes to B in New Orleans, offering a certain price for a hundred bales of cotton and the next day alters his mind and writes to B withdrawing his offer, if the first letter reaches B before the second, although after the second was written and mailed, B has a right to accept the offer before he gets the letter withdrawing it, and, by his acceptance, binds A; but if B delays his acceptance until the second letter reaches him the offer is then effectually withdrawn.

It may likewise be withdrawn by a telegram which reaches B before he has accepted the offer; but if a telegram or letter revoking the offer for any reason fails to reach B his acceptance will bind A although made after the time when in due course the letter or telegram revoking the order should have reached him. The principle underlying this rule of course is that A selects his means of communication, and if it fails him he must of course be responsible.

It is a sufficient acceptance on the part of B if he writes to A declaring his acceptance and puts his letter into the post-office, if the offer was by mail; or if he delivers to the telegraph company a message declaring his acceptance, if the offer reached him by telegraph, and the acceptance in either case is binding upon A, although the letter or telegram may fail to reach him. The acceptance is complete by depositing the letter in the postoffice or the message at the telegraph office.

But if the offer be by mail and the answer by telegraph, or vice versa, the contract is not complete until B's acceptance reaches A. Applying the rule that when a person has chosen his means of communication vouches for it, it would follow that *if the acceptance sent by telegraph of an offer which came by mail failed to reach A*, the latter would not be bound by the acceptance.

The Power of Example.

At the conclusion of a nuisance case the *judge summed up*, enlarging at portentous length on a definition of the offense and the various elements that were required in proof of it, until the jury became thoroughly tired of listening to him. When he had concluded he said:

"I will retire while you are deliberating on your verdict, which requires much consideration; but I hope you understand the various points I have submitted to you."

"Oh, yes, my lord," said the foreman; "we are all agreed that we never knew before what a nuisance was until we heard your lordship's summing up."—Solicitor's Journal.

An Uncertain Description.

We commend to conveyancers the following specimen of legal acumen copied from the records in the office of the auditor of Washington county, Ohio. In a conveyance of land is embodied a bill of sale of some live stock, and the description of the two kinds of property is rather droll. The following is copied verbatim from the records:

"Also that certain lot of land on the Columbia bottom, bounded by land owned by Alexander and others. Also a white bull and twelve hogs west of the meridian line."—Green Bag.

"Failure" and "Suspension."

"Failure" in a business sense means permanent inability to meet one's engagements. "Suspension" is a temporary inability to pay liabilities as they become due. A failure is always a suspension, but a suspension may not be a failure. In ordinary speech, however, a temporary delay in payments by a solvent firm owing to a financial crisis in the money market or to some sudden and unexpected embarrassment is called a suspension. Absolute bankruptcy or insolvency is called a failure.

A Court Room Reverie.

As unto the fire the tinder stick,
So the judge is to the crier;
Your favorite servile is kindled;
Passive, slave to tears; in dog
Of the front he keeps the doorsmile,
Keeps the tinder, fanning lawyers,
Dull, of kindred stuff and nature,
Well inflate and sagacionate,
In their blaze and heat to revels.
Say, not all they heat and smiling,
Oft are the sharp and cutting sayings,
Wishing he were in the bottom;
And when your sticks and when crushed
What heat and sagacity and smiling,
And clamors and sing the burning,
Are the last sage remarks to bind the fury?
And put out the song of justice?
And when yourself and fellow
Are at length consigned to ashes,
And the jury in the author
Before the Gods which was the stupidest—
Which was the best stick, judge and saying,
Always glowing, never burning,
Was another set of lawyers
Who knew him, one quiet going,
And another "case" in general,
Set on burning and consuming,
Heaven knows and the dumb's alone.

—The Green Bag.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FOR THE ESPECIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Mysterious Experiment in Which Animals and Other Objects Are Burned Out of Paper with a Glowing Flame Almost as if Cut With Scissors.

A writer in Golden Days tells of a very entertaining experiment which he once saw performed in public. His description of it shows that it is simple enough for any boy or girl to successfully undertake it.

The lecturer held up a sheet of paper to which he touched *the still glowing wick of* a candle just blown out. Instantly the paper began to smolder, and it smoldered up and down in a narrow line until it had written "The Union Forever," which was the very last thing one would expect it to do.

AN ELEPHANT SKETCHED WITH FLAME.

Then other sheets of paper were taken, and on some patterns were burnt out, on others animals were drawn. On the last there appeared a very fair sketch in stencil of the room in which the lecture was given. This was mysterious. The papers were handed for examination, and though some were held up to the light no pattern could be found on them.

"It is easy enough to prepare such papers," said the lecturer. "Take some saltpeter, a common salt known sometimes as niter, sometimes as nitrate of potash, sometimes as potassic nitrate—all mean ing the same thing—and dissolve it in water till the water will take up no more. In fact, make what is known as a saturated solution of it. Then with a wooden point—such as a match end—use this solution as an ink, and draw the pattern on such unsized paper as you see. Any paper will do, but the unsized paper will not show the mark when the liquid dries, which it very soon will do. But if there is no mark, how are you to know where to start from? Make a pencil mark at the spot. When you are ready apply to the mark a glowing stick like this. You will see the burning spread right and left until the ends meet, and you have a result like that!"

And out dropped an elephant.

Fremont the Pathfinder.

With the death of Gen. Fremont there has passed away from the land a singularly adventurous life, and whose fame is identified with the development of this country. Fremont was born on Jan. 21, 1813, in Savannah, Ga. In 1841 he married Jessie Benton, daughter of the famous Missouri senator. From this time dated Fremont's greatest exploring exploits. He led a number of expeditions to the Rocky mountains, and explored that region and the section beyond, giving to the world its first accurate information of what was then an unknown wilderness.

Fremont has the credit of having captured California from the Mexicans in 1846. For these services he was [illegible] lieutenant colonel by President [illegible] and chosen governor in 1847.

Ward Fremont was court martialed refusing to obey the orders of Gen. Kearny, and he was convicted, but with a recommendation to clemency. President Polk remitted the penalty, but Fremont resigned from the army and organized an expedition at his own expense to find a practicable route from the Rio Grande to California.

Later on Fremont was elected United States senator from California, and in 1856 he was nominated for the presidency. In 1861 he was appointed a major general and served through the civil war. He was governor of Arizona from 1878 to 1881. In April, 1890, congress passed an act authorizing the president to restore him to the army and place him on the retired list with the rank of major general, which was done. Fremont was a type of the early explorer and frontiersman, and with his death the type may be said to be extinct.

An Ornament Little Girls Can Make.

Do you want to make a pretty ornament of the milkweed pods? If so buy a yard and three-quarters of colored silk veiling. Fold it double, making two pieces at each end, with two raw edges of the goods in the middle, and sew the selvage edges together. Make a row of herring bone or fern stitch, with embroidery silk all around the outside edge; then fill each end with milkweed seeds and plumes, close the two raw edges in the middle, tie a ribbon around them, attach tassels at intervals of an inch apart on each end, and hang the beautiful thing on some picture bracket or projecting shelf. The milkweed pods should be kept unopened until put inside the veiling; then remove the outer husk and liberate the plumes; the brown seeds will settle in fanciful shapes around the edges.

Spending the Day in the Country.

WE DO JUST WHAT WE PLEASE.

For "Quack!" says the duck,
And the hen says "Cluck!"
And the children all say "Pleasure-day!"
And John mills the cow,
And Tom feeds the sow,
And we're happy as happy can be.
—St. Nicholas.

When a lady accompanied by a gentleman wishes to enter a store or other public place he will hold the door open and allow her to enter first if practicable. A gentleman should never pass before a lady anywhere if he can avoid it, and never without an excuse.

Why, to Be Sure.

"I've a mind to try it, anyway," mused old Birdseye over his newspaper.

"What's that? What's that, Joshua?" asked dear old Mrs. Birdseye, as she loomed over her spectacles. "What's that you're a mind to try?"

"Why, a cure for my dyspepsy, flamaker. It's just been readin' here that the Rev. John Eberly cured himself of dyspepsy by livin' on one square meal a day for the last thirty years, an' he's hale an' hearty today at 67."

"Now, Joshua, don't you go to doin' any such foolish thing as that. I think a great deal of the ministry, an' I ain't sayin' that they don't know more'n I do, some on 'em, but if that man had been sensible an' lived like other folks it stands to reason he might have been 75 *for* all we know."—Chicago Times.

A Bad Scare.

Farmer (surprised by a camera fiend)—Geehosaphat, I guess I'm a goner! But who'd hev thought of meetin' the one sarpent up here in Pennsylvany!—Munsey's Weekly.

Mind Reading.

Dingues—Hello, Shadbolt! How are you? By the way, Shad, have you seen that big alligator down at——

Shadbolt (cutting him short)—No, Dingues, I haven't seen it, but I know what it was going to lead up to. Alligators have hides, their hides make nice leather, the leather is made up into pocketbooks, and pocketbooks hold money. I haven't a cent to spare this time. Good morning, Dingues!—Chicago Tribune.

A Joke.

City Editor (to Funny Man, cautiously)—Say!

F. M.—That's me. What is it?

C. E.—Want a joke?

F. M.—Yep.

C. E.—About Central America?

F. M.—About anything.

C. E. (in a whisper)—Well, don't give me away, but just announce that the Salvadorians have Gautemalan, will you?—Washington Star.

The Supply Never Diminishes.

Thinpurse—Dear, dear, Maria! I don't know what we are coming to or how poor folks are going to live. Ice scarce, coal scarce, small fruits scarce and prices going up every day. Dear! dear!

Mrs. T.—Well, thank heaven! there is one thing we have plentiful.

Thinpurse—And what is that, love?

Mrs. T.—Cheek.—Chicago Times.

They Clung to Him.

"I cannot believe," she murmured, "that you have shut yourself up in a misanthropic contempt for all of the world and mankind. I am sure," she went on, "that if the truth were only known some things are very near to you."

"Yes," he said as he thought of the weather; "my clothes."—Washington Post.

A Young Woman's Will.

Sweet Girl (pointingly)—You haven't been here before for five evenings.

Young Nicefello—The last time I was here you told me never to dare call on you again.

Sweet Girl—Did I? Then you were very rude not to stay away a week.—Good News

A Little Linguist.

Aunty—Wouldn't you like to study languages, Bobby?

Bobby—I can talk two languages now, aunty.

"You can? What are they?"

"English an' baseball." — New York Weekly.

He Would Make It Longer.

"That's a long note that man is blowing on the clarionet," said a department clerk to his room mate.

"Yes," was the reply; "if I were the police judge it would be longer. It would be a thirty day note at least."—Washington Post.

Hash for Hicks!

Hicks—Really, Miss Henderson, you are a perfect poem in that dress.

Miss Henderson (desiring to turn the conversation to other channels)—Have you read Tennyson's "Maud?"

Hicks—No; I hate poetry.—New York Sun.

Generous.

Brizzy—He's the most generous man I know.

Dizzy—And why?

Brizzy—He purposely says foolish things every day, to give his friends a chance to be witty at his expense.—Chatter.

Deferred.

He—Oh, Ethel, promise me you will be my wife.

Ethel (who is packed up to go away for the summer)—No, George, I cannot; at least not until my return in October.—Washington Star.

He Wanted the First Courses.

"Please, ma'am, can't you give me some dinner? I haven't had a bit all day."

"But you have a big pie there in your pocket."

"That's for dessert, ma'am."—Harper's Bazar.

Innocent.

"Who wrote the Psalms?" asked the superintendent severely.

And then a little girl in the infant class began to cry.

"It wasn't me, sir," she said.—New York Sun.

Tastes Differ.

Stern Father of the Girl—I saw you kiss my daughter as I passed the parlor awhile ago, and I tell you right here I don't like it.

Young Man (smacking his lips)—You may not, but I do.—Epoch.

Not the Imported Article.

Lady—I want a girl.

Keeper of Intelligence Office—I have fifty, just from Ireland.

Lady—Yes; but I wish a domestic.—Lovell Citizen.

Military Reasons.

First Kentuckian—Where did Maj. Jones get his title?

Second Kentuckian—He used to be drum major of a brass band.—Burlington Free Press.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

STYLES THAT FIND FAVOR WITH FASHIONABLE WOMEN.

Attractive Models for Bodices Described, with an Illustration of a Charming Evening Bodice—A Promenade Costume, Simple but Effective.

The increased attention now devoted to the making and trimming of the bodice, rendering it the most prominent feature of the costume, has resulted in peculiarly happy effects. A charming bodice for evening wear, of French design, is here illustrated. It is semi-high, in Louis XVI brocade, cut with the stripes slantwise to meet in a point at the center. Butterfly bows finish the point of the waist and elbows. The sleeves are in white lace like the chemisette, which forms a plaited stomacher with a frilled heading, displaying the points of the lace, in keeping with those framing the vacant space. A Medici collar rises at the back of the neck band.

AN EVENING BODICE.

An exceedingly pretty and becoming bodice worn by a young girl at a recent wedding was of bright pink crepe de Chine, made with a gathered bodice, confined by three rows of narrow silver galon to form a cornelet, with rows of the same around the collar. The sleeves, which were full at the top, were drawn in from the elbow to the wrists by a series of rows of galon, with equal space between each. Around the lower part of the skirt was a similar trimming. With this gown was worn a white straw hat with white curled feathers.

One of the newest bodices is pointed at the back, to which the fullness is sewed; around the waist is a loose girdle. The front is full from the shoulders, crossing over an underdress of lighter color. The sleeves are puffed to the wrist, with long oblong pads hanging over.

The tailor like costume shown in the cut was recently made by Worth as a promenade dress. It is unique and most attractive in its simplicity and elegance.

PROMENADE DRESS.

The high straight bodice and skirt are in suede colored cloth, crossed with wide and tapering bands of otter cloth. A sash belt in black moire falls with fringe ends to the hem of the skirt. The coat sleeves are apparently fastened with gilt buttons.

Watering Place Gowns.

Among pretty French styles of dress designed by Felix, to be worn at fashionable watering places, the following are the latest:

One dress was black net embroidered, with moss rose buds scattered over it. On the lower part of the flat skirt was a black silk or satin band, are three rows of narrow moss green velvet; the draped bodice is of the same net, and sleeves made full and high, with ruffles of the velvet and pink gauze. The bonnet is of moss green gauze, with moss roses; parasol of the same net as the dress, and bouquet of roses at the top.

Another made in the same style was of black batiste with cherries all over it; straight skirt and bodice finished with a black band, black straw hat with a bunch of cherries outside; parasol the same as the dress, with a bunch of cherries at the top.

Another dress was pale blue batiste, open *at the side to show shells of Irish* guipure over pink batiste. This collar was a wide one of same.

Very stylish was a suit in ecru batiste with a blue band around the skirt, an embroidered ecru sailor collar and a blue jacket made long in front and short at back. These suits can be made in any color.

Pale Shades of Green.

Pale shades of green are popular evening colors now. There is a run on reseda, sea de Nil and Nile green. These shades are becoming to blondes or brunette. A stately looking gown was in sea de Nil armure silk, with no sort of trimming or drapery on the skirt. The bodice was of the most complicated description, though. There was a handkerchief drapery of chiffon in front, pink velvet sleeves rucked across, a pink velvet girdle round the edge of the throat and a necklace of chiffon, forming be neath this. By the way, bodices are much trimmed round the edge now with frills, ruches or ribbons.

Write in the third person them, "Mr. and Mrs. Jones have much pleasure in accepting Mr. Brown's invitation for Thursday, the 15th," or "Mr. and Mrs. Jones regret that a previous engagement will prevent their having the pleasure of accepting Mr. Brown's kind invitation for 7th inst."

GIVEN AWAY.

WEBSTER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA OF USEFUL INFORMATION AND WORLDS ATLAS AT THE S. & M. STORE. CARDS ARE TRANSFERABLE, AND WERE $30. WORTH HAVE BEEN PUNCHED OUT, THE HOLDER OF EACH CARD SO PUNCHED WILL BE ENTITLED TO THIS BOOK WHICH MEASURES 6X12 1-2 INCHES AND IS 2 1-2 INCHES THICK, AND CONTAINS 508 PAGES, 188 FINE ILLUSTRATIONS, 30 FINELY ENGRAVED MAPS, AND IS HANDSOMELY AND DURABLY BOUND IN MOROCCO CLOTH. LAMPS, CROCKERY TINWARE, TOYS, GAMES AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS ARE RECEIVING OUR BEST ATTENTION.

J. C. Allen, 44 West Front Street

PURE DRUGS.

At RANDOLPH'S City Pharmacy

Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.

Quinine and Glycerine Hair Tonic

We Guarantee for dandruff and falling out of the hair.

L. W. RANDOLPH,

21 West Front Street.

CLOSE FIGURES.

Strange to say we have only been in Plainfield six months, and during that time our trade has increased wonderfully, but of course we don't want it to stop here. We are bound to double it this Fall, and to do this we have selected a **Very Choice Stock of Shoes** for Fall trade. These were bought long before the rise in stock, and will give you some **Very Good Goods at Very Low prices.** We know the people appreciate what we are doing Come and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,

12 W. FRONT STREET.

We Offer You Goods Low.

HAMMOCKS 50c, $1.15 and $1.25.

Window Screens Adjustable 35, 40 and 45c.

MASON FRUIT JARS 85c GEM ICE CREAM FREEZERS, 4qt., $2.25.

Gasoline Stoves, $4, $6 and $8.

CROQUET $1, $1.25 and $1.75. FIVE PER CENT. CASH.

1qt. Mason's Fruit Jars, 90c per doz. Screen Doors, $1.20 each. Jelly Tumblers 40c per dozen. Gasoline five gallons, delivered, 25c.

PIERSON HARDWARE COMP'Y,

No. 42 WEST FRONT STREET. TELEPHONE 198

SOMETHING NEW TO-DAY.

V & W

We put on sale another lot of Granite Iron Ware, consisting of tea kettles, coffee and tea pots, stew kettles, etc., and will sell them at half regular price.

300 dozen Mason jars, 50c per dozen. 300 jelly glasses, 35c per dozen.

Dark Cutting Pinafores are just the thing for children's school dresses and for ladies' house wear. Price 12c.

Have you tried our 25c. five button kid glove. 'Tis a good one.

To make room for new dress goods we have taken out of stock and put on Our Bargain Table 25 pieces of 36 and 40 inch goods, that were 40 and 50c per yard. Price now 25c per yard.

Have you tried our 37c Black Hose for ladies?

Don't forget that we keep most everything in the way of crockery, tinware and housefurnishing goods, sell them at right prices and deliver goods every where Free of Charge.

VAN EMBURGH & WHITE

NEW FALL CARPETINGS!

JUST RECEIVED, including a few rolls of the 75c quality Tapestry Brussels, offered at 60c.

A few rolls of the 90c Tapestry Brussels, offered at 80c.

A handsome 5 frame Body Brussels, offered at $1 and $1.10.

Note—Anyone wishing to purchase Carpets will do well to "snap up" these RARE BARGAINS. They will not last long, and cannot be duplicated.

NEW FALL INGRAIN GOODS—New Colorings, new Scrims, new colorings, 60c quality at 50c.

ELEGANT New Stripe, in all goods, at 50c, and new all wool Plaids, at 70c. Something very desirable.

A splendid assortment of Black Goods, plain and fancy effects. The prices are VERY LOW.

Everything new and fresh and cheap, at

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

PIANOS, SHEET MUSIC, ORGANS

BRADBURY, BAUS, DUBINBERRE, JACOB BROS., PIANOS, NEWMAN BROS., ORGANS

Cash or Installments.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS

TO RENT

SECOND HAND PIANOS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY

THOMPSON PARK,

No. 23 East Front Street.

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery.

LARGE ASSORTMENT!

NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES!

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

GARRET Q. PACKER,

23, 25 and 27 Park avenue.

CLASS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS in *German and French* under the instruction of MR F. F. HELLWIG, at reasonable rates Call at 18 East Fifth street between 8 and 9 o'clock p. m. 1-18-tf.

Joseph Krewson,

Successor to Truth J. Cleary, to whom refer and by whom

Furniture Express

80 WEST FRONT STREET.

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCK.

Furniture carefully and promptly removed to all parts of the city or anywhere in the United States by express or freight. A specialty made in

Moving Pianos.

ELECTRICITY

and ELECTRIC BATHS, as administered BY DR. GRIFFIN, will cure

Rheumatism,

Nervous Complaints, Skin Disease, Womb Complaints, Catarrh, Constipation, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases generally. Consultation Free. Female attendant for Ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington.

FOR

TINWORK

PORTABLE and BRICK SET FURNACES ranges, pumps, sinks and lead pipes, go to

R. THORN'S,

No. 2 Park Avenue,

2d and 3d floors. Box 1288

Crushed Stone

The undersigned having leased the Chez Stone Crusher, is prepared to furnish Crushed Stone of any grade, short notice at Reasonable Prices. Stone for Walks and Carriage-Drives a Specialty.

P. T. B. NEVIUS,

OFFICE, 97 JACKSON AVENUE P. O. Box 762.

ALFRED D. COOK. ROBERT H. COOK

A. D. COOK & BRO.

LUMBER and COAL.

Corner of Park Ave. and Railroad, Plainfield

Cannel Coal

a specialty. Lumber and coal all under cover. Telephone No. 98.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle,

27 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper hangers

Wall Papers, Painters' Supplies, Brushes, etc

L. A. Rheaume, Ag't,

80 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTH STREET,

Invites especial attention to his stock of

LEHIGH AND HONEYBROOK COAL,

In order to suit the trade. This coal was bought early when prices were low, and may be taken to clean it at the mines, and it is therefore of equally free from slate and stone. It is stored under

Waterproof Sheds,

which has furnished with steam elevators for loading and screening. This, with the use of the patent self-dumping wagon, enables him to fill orders in the most rapid manner. The coal is fully guaranteed to give complete satisfaction. Telephone 120. Lumber constantly on hand. Turning and scroll sawing done in the best manner at short notice.

PLAINFIELD

ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY

JONES & CO.

Work quickly and thoroughly done. Two tanks in operation. Our work approved of by the Board of Health. Further orders can be left at drug store, corner of Second and Park Place, or at residence of by Lewis, Cornelius and Fay 33 professors. Office 32; Telephone 32.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Third Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union.

For Congress,
HON. AMOS CLARK,
of Union county.

Fourth Congressional District.
Comprising the counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

For Congress,
RICHARD P. GOODMAN,
of Sussex county.

Union County Republican Convention

The Republican County Convention will be held in Library Hall, Elizabeth, N. J., on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1890,

at 2 p. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senator, Sheriff and Coroners.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.

THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.

At a meeting of the Union County Republican Executive Committee, held Sept. 26th, 1890, it was resolved that the several wards and townships of the County of Union, hold their primary meetings to elect delegates to the County Convention, the Assembly Convention, and also to elect two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township, on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1890,

In accordance with this resolution the Republican voters of Union County are requested to meet at their usual place and elect delegates, to the ratio of one delegate for each 50 Republican votes cast at the last general election, for Governor, and one delegate for each fraction of the same over 25; each ward and township to have at least one delegate.

Also two members of the County Executive Committee from each ward and township as above stated.

The number of delegates to be elected under the above apportionment from each ward and township is as follows:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
1st Ward	725 votes.	15 delegates.
2d "	175 "	3 "
6th "	338 "	7 "
7th "	232 "	5 "
8th "	177 "	3 "
Linden	202 "	4 "
Total		37

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Elizabeth—		
3d Ward	349 votes.	5 delegates.
4th "	208 "	4 "
5th "	584 "	12 "
Union	147 "	3 "
Springfield	162 "	3 "
Summit	210 "	4 "
Cranford	140 "	3 "
New Providence	55 "	1 "
Total		34

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

Rahway—		
1st Ward	116 votes.	2 delegates.
3d "	298 "	6 "
3d "	298 "	6 "
4th "	138 "	3 "
Clark	102 "	2 "
Plainfield—		
1st Ward	259 "	5 "
2d "	259 "	5 "
3d "	235 "	5 "
4th "	276 "	6 "
Fanwood	129 "	3 "
Westfield	283 "	6 "
Total		45

The Assembly Conventions will be held at the call of the chairman of the last Convention in their respective districts.

AMOS CLARK, Chairman.
THOS. M. BELKNAP, Secretary.
Elizabeth, September 24, 1890.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Thomas Chamberlain has returned to his home in this city from a trip abroad.

Mr. H. B. and Miss Wells of Washington avenue, North Plainfield, are visiting Boston.

Miss Boice has returned to her home at Bound Brook from a pleasant visit at the residence of Dr. Charles H. Thorn on West Front street.

Mr. O. G. Irving, who for several years past has been employed at the Electric Light works in this city, resigned his position yesterday and left Plainfield this morning to accept one in Pittsburg, Pa.

The Hon. Foster M. Voorhees of Elizabeth visited this city last evening and explained several clauses in the new ballot reform law to a number of Republicans, who had assembled at Republican Headquarters.

Maggie May Mairs died at the home of her step-father in North Plainfield yesterday. Deceased was fourteen years of age. The funeral will take place from late home, 186 Grove street, to-morrow afternoon at half-past three o'clock.

Mr. Frank McCluskey, one of the popular employes of the Fond Machine Tool Works, was married on Thursday last at St Bridget's Catholic church at Millbury, Mass., to Miss Margaret Louise Quinn of that place. The Rev. William Gogan performed the ceremony. Mr. James Ellis of this city acted as best man. Miss Anna Kennedy of Worcester was the bridesmaid. A reception followed at the residence of the bride's brother, after which the happy couple left for this city and are residing on Fond place. Mr. and Mrs. McCluskey received many handsome presents.

Annual Reception.

Cyprese Commandery will hold its annual reception at Amphion Hall, West Second street, Thursday evening, Oct. 30th. The following commanderies have been invited to participate:

DeMolay, No. 1, of Camden, N. J.; Damascus, No. 5, of Trenton, N. J.; Ivanhoe, No. 5, of New York; Mount Calvary, No. 1, of N. Y.

The affair is in charge of a Committee of Arrangements whose names are annexed:

William Douglass, P. C.; A. W. Brown, G. C. G.; Sir Lewis Randolph, Sir James Fox Sanders, William Jones, James Comstt Nathaniel Cook, Austin Sperlock, Charles Barber, James Walker, George Van Blake and James Long.

The Hatfield Case Adjourned.

The case of the city vs. Hatfield Bros., who are charged with carting without a license, came up before City Judge Cobbledick this morning. [Counselman Walter Hatfield appeared as counsel and asked that the case be adjourned over. October 15th, was the day set for trial.

MANY MARKSMEN MEET.

The Big Tournament at Dunellen To-Day.

The sixth annual tournament of the Middlesex Gun Club opened this morning at the Club grounds, which are situated between this city and Dunellen. The meeting will be a notable one in the annals of the sporting year, and it is expected to surpass all previous attempts of the Middlesex Club at providing sport for both Eastern and Western marksmen.

This Jersey Club has won a National reputation among sportsmen for the fine entertainment furnished very Autumn on its Dunellen grounds. The Club possesses fine from a handsome house. The Club grounds comprise many acres of level turf, upon which stretch away dozens of cleverly arranged traps.

Scores of sportsmen arrived at the Club headquarters in this city last night. They are a well-fed and jolly looking set of sturdy men browned by wind and weather, and quick of sight and hearing. They were eager for to-day's stunt, knowing as they do that the man who has the steadiest nerves, the keenest eyesight and the quickest arm will win both money and the honors of sportsmanship.

Over $1,000 in guaranteed purses and averages will be shot for during the four days which the tournament covers. In addition to this amount numberless small sweepstakes and private matches will be shot off at blue rocks and live pigeons. To-day and Wednesday inanimate targets will be utilized to exemplify the art of shooting at moving objects, singles and doubles. For the best averages made during these two days special purses will be awarded.

The live-bird shooting will begin Thursday, and the programme of the day's fine drawing card for the sportsmen of the whole country There are few tournaments where live pigeon shooting is allowed. The officers of the Middlesex Gun Club have always prevented any practices of cruelty upon their grounds, every wounded pigeon being at once killed by a murdered specially for that purpose. With such shots as "Charlie" Budd, Dr. Carver, J. R Stice, Brantingham Quinby, D. Terry, Chas Smith and Tee Kay before the traps, however, but few pigeons live more than a moment after the gun's discharge.

The Association rules will govern this season's events, which are open to the world unconditionally. On Friday a $300 guaranteed purse, sweepstakes, twenty-five live pigeons, will be open to the world. This is the principal of the tournament and moneys won on it will be divided as follows, all surplusages added: 40, 27 1-2, 17 1-2, 10 and 5 per cent. If there are less than twenty entries then the following will be the divi-ion: 40, 30, 20 and 10 per cent. The shooting began at 9 o'clock this morning.

A Lost Man.

A rather curious wanderer is at present sheltered in the family of John Thompson, on Morris avenue, Summit. He is a man about sixty-five years of age, who has been lost. He gives the name of Frank Roche and was brought from Swansea, England, two weeks ago, by his son. The man does not know the name of this son's place of residence, and merely points out the house, a house numbered 105 in a secluded neighborhood in the vicinity of a home for fatherless children. He says his sons, of whom there are four—Frank, Richard, John and Walter—are plasterers working in the vicinity of Orange. He started Tuesday morning to visit one of them, lost his way and continued walking all day until nine o'clock at night, when he entered the Thompson house. He is evidently a simple-minded old man unaccustomed to the ways of this country, who paid no attention to the name of the place to which he was taken upon being brought from the steamer, and is so thoroughly lost that the chance of soon finding his relatives is very slight.

Another Lie Nailed.

The Press, last night, in its flaming head lines quotes the Corporation Counsel as stating in his brief that Mr. Carey did not deny that he was guilty, and then proceeds to convict itself of misrepresentation by printing the brief itself. Precisely what Mr. Marsh says on that point is the following: "In the reasons assigned for reversal, it is not denied (doubtless because this court would not weigh the evidence that prosecutor was in fact guilty as charged."

It will be seen that the Corporation Counsel did not say or imply what the Press attributes to him. Mr. Carey did deny that he was guilty, and it is so stated by the Board of Police in their return to the court. The point the city attorney makes is that the Supreme Court would in this case not weigh evidence that could be offered on that point, and therefore Mr. Bergen very properly did not attempt to overturn a well settled rule of law.

"Daddy-long-legs" in a Ball.

A curious natural phenomenon was noticed in this city Sunday. A gentleman while walking through his garden saw a living ball of "daddy-long-legs," as they are commonly called. There were hundreds of the insects in the lump, which was the height of an ordinary man's head. Their long legs were tangled in a seeming inextricable mass. The animal warmth of their tiny bodies probably induced the insects to huddle so closely together.

JOTTINGS.

—The Union County Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor is to hold a convention in Trinity Reformed church, Friday evening, Oct. 10. Addresses will be made by Rev. W. H. Shermer of Elizabeth, and Rev. George H. Payson of Rahway, the latter on the "New Epoch." Papers on topics of much interest will also be read.

—An Exchange tells of a young swamp on a river excursion who plunked himself in view of the brass band and began to suck a bonne. As every one knows, the sight of a lemon will make one's mouth water, and that is just what the musicians wish to avoid. The horror of the boy assembled on the balcony, the remonstrances of the players, and finally they had to stop to drain their instruments. The youngster claimed he could stop a band every time.

First Rehearsal of the Choral Society

Notices have been sent to the members of the Plainfield Choral Society to attend the first rehearsal of the season of 1890 and 1891, on Monday evening, October 6th, at Vincent chapel. From what we can learn there will be a prompt response, for we believe, generally speaking, the members are ready and willing to begin the work of the season, which promises to be an interesting one, as we understand the subscriptions have been more liberal than in previous seasons, showing conclusively that if the management will but carry out the same policy through the coming season that characterized them when they produced "The Messiah," the society will never lack for sufficient support.

It is understood that formal announcement will be made at the first rehearsal of the plans that are about being perfected for the season.

JOTTINGS.

—What comfort postmore politicians take in trifles.

—The Bocrum Commos Council will meet in regular session next Friday evening.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Warren Mission chapel will meet this evening.

—Commencing, Sunday, November 2d, a mission will be conducted by Jesuit priests in St. Mary's church in this city.

—The Plainfield Reform Club will hold its regular mid-week meeting in Reform Hall next Thursday evening at eight o'clock.

—To-morrow evening at Amphion Hall, the Plainfield Cornet Band will give a band concert which will be followed by a comedy.

—The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the Hope chapel will hold a sociable in the chapel to which everybody is welcome to-night.

—The members of Franklin Council, No. 44, Jr. O. U. A. M., will leave this city in stages to-morrow night for Somerville, where they will institute a new Council.

—Bishop O'Farrell of the diocese of Trenton, who resides in North Plainfield is attended, visited Sayreville Sunday and dedicated a new Catholic church at that place.

—Captain Grant last night notified all the liquor dealers that it would be necessary for them to close their places of business to-day from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m., it being election day.

—"A Harvest Home" is to be given at the Vincent chapel to-morrow evening for the benefit of the Evona mission. You will be made very happy by the people there, if you attend.

—Captain Grant yesterday took Michael Cox to the County jail at Elizabeth to serve out a thirty days' sentence imposed by City Judge Cobbledick for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

—A convention of the Universalists of New Jersey will be held Wednesday and Thursday at the Church of Good Shepherd, at Summit avenue and Grand street, Jersey City. Addresses will be made by prominent clergymen.

—The sentiment of Edsall's new advertisement in to-day's News is bright and cheerful and will interest all who are in need of goods in the line mentioned. Enterprising houses in our city should be encouraged and to build up their business interest.

—Sunday ball playing on the outskirts of the borough has almost entirely ceased, through the efforts of the Marshals. The few who persist in playing in defiance to the Marshals, should bear in mind that they are liable to arrest, and that no mercy will be taken and an example made of them.

—County Clerk Crowell will on October 7th send to the various election boards of the new registry, poll and canvassing books, together with statements and blank oaths for the boards and poll clerks, that are to be used in the November election. This is in conformity with the new ballot reform law.

—The council of the Jr. O. U. A. M. are trying to change the name of the order. The name as it now exists, leads the uninitiated to infer that it is a labor organization, bound together to create strife and discord between employers and employes. It so decided by a majority of the councils, the organization will be known as the Order of United Americans.

—Let farmers and all others beware of sleek-tongued strangers who come to them and offer to purchase their produce. The country is full of smart swindlers, and, depend upon it, they will beat you out of money if you deal with them in any way. Sometimes they come as farm buyers and sometimes as borrowers of money on mortgages. Have nothing to do with strangers in the line of business.

—There are many absurd things made in these days as "fancy farmers." As a matter of fact "fancy farmers" are a great aid to successful agriculture, for they make experiments, try to get the best seed, stock, tools, machinery and fertilizers, and thus lead the more conservative farmers to adopt better and more profitable methods. When it not for these "fancy" husbandmen many of our best and most profitable breeds of stock would not have been introduced on our farms.

—The Bound Brook Chronicle learns with deep regret that, in the discharge of their duty, some of the members of the fire department of that town borrowed a coil of hose belonging to the Raritan Woolen Hose Company.

—The girls of Bethlehem, Pa., have formed an Anti-Students' Club, and agreed not to receive attentions from the students of the Lehigh University. The idea is a good one, and might be followed by the girls of many other college towns. The fleeting students are by no means the good graces of the girls of college towns, cut out the unfortunate "townie" and then have the college widows to wear the willow. Poor college widow! It's high time she struck. There are a number of Philadelphia, who are students at the above named university.

RUNNING BASE BALL CRAZY.

Two Little Jersey Towns Packing Their Teams With Stars.

New York may boast of its metropolis, Massachusetts may point with pride to its Beantown, Pennsylvania may laud its Quakertown, and Connecticut may extol its Puritanical Fun City, but New Jersey can with pride call attention to two little towns close to each other that can give points to many of the older and larger places regarding the interest and excitement pertaining to base ball games.

Plainfield and Somerville are intense rivals in base ball. A person residing in the former place can not nowadays meet a friend residing in the other village without something is said regarding the ability of each club to try to meet the other. The agitation became so great that it was finally decided that the issue should meet in a series of three games for the championship of Northwestern New Jersey. Big posters, with flaming letters in colored ink, were sent in to conspicuous places in both towns, announcing that the Crescents of Plainfield and the West Ends of Somerville would at last try to vindicate the good name of their respective hamlets. The interest was so intense that excursions between both cities had swept almost everything before them up to that time.

The day for the first game came at last. It was Sept. 13. The nine young players of Plainfield boarded a local New Jersey Central train, and was whirling away to the place where they expected to win fresh laurels. They were accompanied by great throng. One train could not accommodate them all, and it took several trains to get the whole Plainfield contingent to Somerville. The people crushed and fought for admittance to the ball grounds until life in such a mob was almost unendurable. From miles around came the crowds, and there was apparently no end of the stream that kept pouring in at the gates.

The game began. What followed turned the little town of Somerville very nearly inside out. The demonstration was almost indescribable. The struggle for supremacy was tenaciously fought, and neither side was the winner until nearly the last inning. When the last man in the ninth inning had been retired the Somervilles were ahead, 2 to 1.

That Plainfield had a strong team was plainly evident. A hasty conference convinced the leading Somerville citizens that their team needed strengthening. A scheme was evolved to get some professional players. They went about it very quietly, but for all that the Plainfield people heard of it, and decided that they must win. A committee was at once despatched to a little town near the border line of Pennsylvania, and here was found a South Park pitcher, who by the promise of a good round sum yielded, and said he would be on hand the next Saturday. Then the committee came to New York and secured a pitcher of National reputation.

The next Plainfield-Somerville contest was on Saturday, Sept. 20th. This time the game was played in Plainfield. All Somerville followed in club down. More money than was put up on the first game was bet on the game. When the teams appeared on the field there was indubitable curiosity shown by the crowd as to the character of the different players. When the Somervilles went to the bat a big, broad-shouldered lad sauntered into the box for the home team. With his left hand he began to give a sample of his extraordinary curves. The people had never seen anything like it before. The inning over, somebody whispered to his companion that the pitcher was Doran lately suspended by the New Haven club. Immediately the information was flashed to the crowd that Tom O'Rourke was catching Doran's delivery.

The make-up of the Somervilles was an enigma to almost everybody. There was George Gore, Jack Parnell the old-time professional; John Galligan of last year's New Haven and Colchester team of the defunct Brooklyn Association team.

But is is another defeat for the Plainfields. Doran pitched the best game ever seen in these parts, but the Plainfield's first baseman made the errors that lost the game. He was the captain of the team, and better things were expected of him. He was told when the game was over that he was wanted no more. The score was 5 to 2 in favor of the Somerville, the score up to the eight inning being 2 to 1 for the Plainfield.

The next game to have been played last Saturday at Plainfield, but rain prevented it. The Somervilles brought along the town brass band, and they were expecting to have a glorious time. Gil Hatfield of the New York Club (P. L.) had remformed them. It was expected that the Plainfielders that Lew Schenck, the big professional first baseman, would play for them, but he failed to come.—N. Y. Sun Sept. 20th.

A Romance in Advertising.

A brief romance, as concealed in the advertising columns of a newspaper, is thus related by Brooklyn Life:

(Edition of May 1st, 1889.)

WANTED—Tandem Bicycle, or Tricycle, in good condition. Will pay cash for a good machine. Address, [illegible] 8 a.m. to 9 a.m.

(Edition of October 15th, 1889.)

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. John Thomas to Miss Annie Hidewell, both of this city, Rev. A. L. Goodman officiating.

(Edition of August 15th, 1890.)

FOR SALE—A Tandem Bicycle, in fairly good condition. Terms cash, or will accept new Perambulator in part payment. S.A.D.L.E. Address J. T. [illegible]

Hunters Must Heed the Warnings.

There is a good outlook for gunning sport this Fall, if we may judge from last Winter's game crop and the preservation of game.—Gunners are already to be seen in the fields, and they not unfrequently disregard the sign boards which warn them not to trespass on private grounds. The law clearly makes it an act of trespass to go upon cultivated or uncultivated lands for any purpose without permission, and the owner is entitled to recover actual damage for such trespass.

The Thermometer Record.

The record of the thermometer at Stelle's drug store for this month is as follows:

September, 1890.	8 a. m.	12 m.	4 p. m.	8 p. m.	Max.	Min.
1 Monday	63	66	67	73	74	63
2 Tuesday	64	68	70	72	75	63
3 Wednesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
4 Thursday	65	68	70	72	75	64
5 Friday	65	68	70	72	75	64
6 Saturday	65	68	70	72	75	64
7 Sunday	65	68	70	72	75	64
8 Monday	65	68	70	72	75	64
9 Tuesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
10 Wednesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
11 Thursday	65	68	70	72	75	64
12 Friday	65	68	70	72	75	64
13 Saturday	65	68	70	72	75	64
14 Sunday	65	68	70	72	75	64
15 Monday	65	68	70	72	75	64
16 Tuesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
17 Wednesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
18 Thursday	65	68	70	72	75	64
19 Friday	65	68	70	72	75	64
20 Saturday	65	68	70	72	75	64
21 Sunday	65	68	70	72	75	64
22 Monday	65	68	70	72	75	64
23 Tuesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
24 Wednesday	65	68	70	72	75	64
25 Thursday	65	68	70	72	75	64
26 Friday	65	68	70	72	75	64
27 Saturday	65	68	70	72	75	64
28 Sunday	65	68	70	72	75	64
29 Monday	65	68	70	72	75	64
30 Tuesday	65	68	70	72	75	64

This Date in History—Sept. 30.

480 B. C.—Death of Euripides, tragic dramatist; died aged 74.

166 B. C.—Pompey the Great, Roman general, died aged 58.

1630—Boston named after Boston, Lincolnshire, England, from which place came many of the settlers.

1732—Birth of Jacques Necker, financier to Louis XIV; died 1804.

1745—Frederick the Great victorious over the Austrians in the battle of Soor, his object being to hold Silesia, then under the dominion of Maria Theresa.

1781—Siege of Yorktown begun by the American and other Gen. Washington; Cornwallis captured Oct. 19.

1800—Treaty of peace concluded between France and the United States.

1875—Archbishop John McCloskey, of New York, made the first American cardinal.

1889—Discovery of gold in Canton, China.

Something for Gardeners.

An exchange says: "To keep cabbage from cracking break the roots, by pulling it up slightly. This will check its rapid growth for a week or ten days, and stop the heads from splitting; after it has set root again it will grow the more rapidly, and we are told the heads will often grow twice as large. This remedy for preventing cabbage from cracking is not generally known, and it is worth a trial."

—This is the time of year to repair the sidewalks, and it is to be hoped that work will be commenced at once, and thus insure good walks during the Winter.

Died.

MAIRE—In North Plainfield, Sept. 29 1890, Maggie May, daughter of the late Joseph Maire and May Fann, aged 14 years and 6 months.

Funeral services Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 1st, 1890, from the residence of her step-father Lawrence Fann, 186 Grove street, at 2.30 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. 2t & C t *

STILES—In this city Sept. 28th, Mrs. Hannah Stiles, aged 46 years.

Funeral services from the residence of her sister, Mrs. David Pancoast, 35 West 5th street, on Wednesday, Oct. 1st, at 2.30 p. m. 1t*

Cent-a-Word Column.

A SWEDISH GIRL wants a situation as waitress and chambermaid. Good city reference. Call at No. 47 Second street for two days, between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. 30-2

A SUPERIOR combination hot water and hot air heater. Cost $450, and will sell for $275. Not sufficient capacity to heat conservatory and dwelling. At John Schenck's machine works North Plainfield. 9-27tf

CORNER of Netherwood avenue and Front street, desirable house and barn to let. Two rooms, all improvements. Apply at City Mills. 29-3

FIRST CLASS table board at reasonable rates at 23 West Front street. 27-19

INTELLIGENT, active, steady young man, to do sampling. F. W. Miles, Somerset street, near Johnston Drive.

TO LET—Desirable house. Nine rooms, convenient to Pond Tool Works. Apply at City Mills. 29-3*

TWO large sunny rooms with board. 30 Watchung avenue. 30-2

WANTED—A position as grocery clerk in store or on wagon. Address, X. Y. Z., care of EVENING NEWS. 30-2

WANTED—An experienced colored woman as cook and laundress, in small family. Good wages. Call Wednesday at 97 Rockview avenue.

WANTED by an unmarried Englishman, position as coachman. Thoroughly understands his business. Address E. J. A. care of EVENING NEWS. 30-2

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Call at 179 West Front street. 9-12tf

Special Notices.

CELERY PLANTS for sale at Mrs. Lindsay's, also a lot of Greenhouse and bedding plants. Intelligence office, connected by Mrs. Lindsay. 29 West Front st.

CLAIRVOYANT. Persons having entirely recovered from her severe illness, is now able to see her patrons again on and after Wednesday, October 1st, 1890, at No. 5 Somerset street, Room 4 one flight up. From 2 to 9 o'clock p. m. Ladies, 50c; Gents $1; Children $1. A cordial invitation to be remitted all day. 30-1w*

GYMNASIUM CLASSES in Plainfield Bicycle Club. Ladies' class Saturday afternoons, 2 to 5 o'clock. Gents' class Tuesday and Thursday evenings, 7 to 10 o'clock, terms $6 per year. For further information apply to J. H. Cooley, M. D., Chairman Gymnasium committee. 26-3*

H. N. SPENCER, Grocer and Confectioner, 76 and 78 Somerset street. Lime beans fresh every day, choice groceries and provisions, white granulated sugar, 5 lbs. for 25c., choice Rio coffee, 25c., pure cider vinegar, finest grade sugarhouse molasses.

NORTH PLAINFIELDERS and others can get a clean shave or neat hair cut at Chas. Gilbert's Barber Shop 94 Somerset street, next to Bradley & Co's. 6-6tf

TREES, SHRUBS, VINES and plants of every description, beautiful pelargoniums for sale and to hire; also BUILDING SITES, HIGH AND DRY, three miles from the city. Apply at Dixon's Nursery No. 127 Hillside avenue. 9-20-1y

POWLSONS, No. 9 Somerset street. A Mahogany, rolling-top combination desk, self-locking. PRICE $40. 9-21 1y

EVERYONE KNOWS

When we advertise a Bargain we mean it, and everyone who has been to any of our Bargain Sales has found everything as we said. But this is the Greatest Bargain of all. We bought a large stock of

Ladies' Goodyear Welt Shoes,

And we know we are **Overstocked.** So to reduce our stock we shall sell them at **$2.50** for this week only. Also four cases of

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER TIP SHOE

in widths from A to D at **$2.00.** You can see this is a great bargain, and if you miss this chance you are to blame. We are not. We do splendid repairing. Try us and see for yourself.

ROGERS BROS.,
19 WEST FRONT STREET. CASH AND ONE PRICE.

NOW FOR BUSINESS!!

The "vacation" season is over. Employer and employees have returned with renewed health and cheerful spirits.

All are ready for business, and desire to engage in the Fall and Winter campaign, assuring all who favor our establishment with a call that they shall have the very best service that it is possible to render.

And it affords us great pleasure also to be able to announce that our buyer has been "wide awake," and secured for the inspection of the citizens of Plainfield almost the largest assortment of new and desirable Fall and Winter goods of all descriptions that it has ever been our privilege to offer.

The "Prices" are the Lowest and the Quality "Best."

Edsall's, 20 West Front Street.

WE HAVE GOT IT AT LAST!
Nicaragua Coffee

Our First Shipment Direct from the Plantation has Just Arrived.

Nicaragua Coffee in point of flavor is one of the finest brought to this market.

It is less harsh than Rio, much more pungent than Java, while the price at which it is furnished gives it a decided preference over both.

Consumers of Coffee will find it suited to most tastes. It only requires acquaintance with its merits to make it an established favorite.

Don't forget that we handle every kind of Tea and Coffee that grows, receiving shipments of the latter fresh roasted twice weekly.

Have you tried our Get-nine Elgin Creamery Butter?

United Tea & Coffee Growers Association

LEADING TEA, COFFEE AND GROCERY STORE
39 WEST FRONT STREET.

NEW ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have just received our Fall and Winter stock of clothing which we confidently assure you is the finest, largest and best assortment ever shown in this city. Call and examine, and you will be sure to buy. No trouble to show goods. Courteous treatment.

We have everything suitable for men, youths and children, direct from our New York House, and at the same bottom prices as formerly.

Werner's Mammoth Clothing House, No. 30 West Front Street.

Make Home Beautiful,

We invite attention to our Complete and Carefully Selected Stock of

FURNITURE.

PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING SUITES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS FURNITURE.
WINDOW SHADES.

Geo. H. Fairchild,

21 and 23 EAST FRONT STREET

All kinds of repairing and upholstering done at short notice.

HARVEST HOME
Fair and Supper,

To be held in

VINCENT CHAPEL,

Thursday Evening and Friday Afternoon and Evening.

For the benefit of the

Evona Mission.

Admission 10 Cents. Supper 50 Cents, including admission.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

Friday, October 3d.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT.

The Distinguished Artiste,

MISS JOSEPHINE CAMERON,

Supported by her own Company, presenting *Herman Merrivale's London success,*

"Forget-Me-Not."

Magnificent wardrobe designed and made by Worth of Paris

PRICES—25 50, 75 and $1.

Seats on Sale Wednesday.

Fall Style Hats

DUNLAP, YOUMAN and MILLER.

Best Goods for the Least Money.

HATS, SHIRTS and TRUNKS.

U. B. Crane,

19 Park avenue.

MUSIC HALL. M.H.A.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Monday and Tuesday

OCT. 6th and 7th.

Jefferson & Taylor's Great Aquatic Spectacle

"A Dark Secret."

With the original cast, scenery and realistic effects. The new Harbor Scenic Scene, real boats, racing yachts and steam launches on a river of real water. Georgie Hosmer, the popular oarsman, in the winning shell. The Herbert Bros., three heroical gymnasts in the world. The Meehaven Quartette in vocal selections. The realistic drowning scene, the sensation of a lifetime.

Prices 25, 50, 75 and $1. Seats on sale Friday.

Amphion Theatre

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

WEDNESDAY Evening, Oct. 1st

Grand initial entertainment given by the PLAINFIELD CORNET BAND. The programme will consist of singing, dancing, tableaux, &c., &c., concluding with a hot

"THE THREE MARRIED MEN."

in which Mr. Martin J. Dixon and Miss Jessie Wallick, of the Tourist Company, appear, assisted by local talent.

Prices 15, 25 and 35. Tickets on sale at Gutches'.

Brass band parade on the same evening previous to the entertainment.

Special—Violin Solo by Prof. P. L. Conde.

HAVING RECEIVED MY

Fall and Winter

STOCK of Foreign and Domestic Woolens, selected especially for the

CUSTOM TAILORING TRADE

By a careful and experienced buyer, I would be pleased to have you call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. As to prices they will be

As Low as Any in the State,

considering quality and workmanship.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

N. M. BOTT,
Fine Tailoring, 43 North avenue. Opposite C. R. R. Depot.

Having now completed my FALL STOCK, I cordially invite my friends and patrons to inspect the finest and most complete assortment of

Stoves and Ranges

now in town. I have on elegant line of large Kitchen Stoves, best make, with patent self-feeders at prices as low as many poor stove $15.50. Ranges at proportionately low prices. Call and be convinced. No trouble to show goods.

CHAS. F. DENCKLAU,
76 West Front Street.

N. B.—Special attention given to plumbing, steam and gas fitting in modern proper. Call and see the Simplex Air Tite Stoves, the greatest parlor stove made.

Plainfield Evening News.

THE NEWSPAPER OF PLAINFIELD AND VICINITY, IS PUBLISHED AT 4:30 O'CLOCK EVERY AFTERNOON, AT NO. 11 SOMERSET STREET.

F. W. MORANSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AT TEN CENTS PER WEEK, OR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE, AT $5.00 PER YEAR.

ADDRESS ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS TO THE PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS, PLAINFIELD P. O. BOX 302 L. TELEPHONE CALL 62.

The sub-committee on mines and mining in the World's fair directory have petitioned for a separate building in which to place the mining exhibits of the country. They remind the directors that our mineral deposits are one of the greatest sources of the country's wealth. This is true. Our miners have drawn more European gold to the country than any other one investment—more money than the unfortunate individuals who invested in their stocks ever got out again, or ever will get.

What a lot of inconvenience would be avoided if Canada and the United States were one nation, say the annexationists. No more trouble in Behring sea, since brother could fish alongside of brother in the common sealing grounds, and both would be interested in maintaining the law; no more loss through American railway shippers patronizing the Canadian Pacific, and thus evading the interstate commerce law; no more jealousy and tariff recrimination in the live stock and dairy business. Canadian journals would not sound the tocsin of jubilation when the duty had been placed so high that no Montana sheep could enter Manitoba, and vice versa. Canada must be annexed, say enthusiasts on both sides of the line. Meantime The Quebec Telegraph, a government organ and staunch supporter of Sir John Macdonald, has come out emphatically for political union with the United States, saying that the welfare of Canada depends on it.

• Fie, Fie, Ladies!

We regret to learn that all is not harmony in the camp of our friends the anarchists. We regret that those two widely known martyrs, Mrs. Lucy Parsons and Mrs. Christine Spies, mother of August Spies, are not deporting themselves as shining lights should, but in a way that brings discredit on the sacred cause of anarchy. Martyrs should be above money, but these two are not.

Anarchists have not much money. They pour too much of it down their throats at the corner saloons where they fan the flames of their wrongs into fervent heat. Still, to the credit of the anarchists be it said that they undertook the support of Lucy Parsons and Mrs. Spies, paying them each $20 a month out of the funds that did not vanish down their throats. Besides, the dusky Mrs. Parsons got $8 a month for each of her two children. One of the little anarchists died, but Lucy still claimed the $8 a month after it was in the world of spirits.

Mrs. Spies has five grown children whose united ages amount to 130 years. If they are not old enough to support her among them, the Central Labor union thinks it is time to find out the reason why. Mrs. Lucy Parsons owns two houses and lots, she gets money from her husband's book and from lecturing. Besides that she keeps a gentleman boarder, who ought to be giving the money he pays her for board to his children and sick wife. Great heavens, Lucy! Is this any way for a martyr to act?

The Potato Crop in Ireland.

"There is nothing between the people and starvation this coming winter," reports Healy, the Irish patriot.

The potato crop has proved an absolute failure in nearly all the counties. In the south and west the crop was damaged by late frosts. But the crowning disaster came when, owing to long continued wet and cold weather over the island, the dreaded blight set in and ruined all. The few potatoes that are left are so small and watery that they are unfit for more than to feed pigs.

About a hundred and fifty years ago the potato came into general cultivation in Ireland, and it was expected to prove a great boon, from the fact that it would grow where grain could not be planted. The potato gradually became the fashion, till it was cultivated to the exclusion of almost everything else, and became the main reliance of the common people of the whole island for food. When now the crop fails, therefore, it means distress to all Ireland.

That is what it means this year. Americans must help their friends across the sea by contributions of money, food and clothing. The world is too civilized now for one portion of it to be allowed to go hungry. Happily we are so far humanized that when hunger and calamity overtake one nation, the others put their hands into their pockets and help the stricken one. So it will be now. Much of this strong, prosperous nation of ours has been built up by the aid of the merry, industrious Irish emigrant. So let all join hands and help save old Ireland.

There is one state in the Union in which a majority of the voters cannot read their own ballots. That is Louisiana, the lottery state.

Smokeless powder has been tried and found to be a little too good. It shows perfectly to those on the defensive every movement of the attacking army.

DEATH HIS DOOM.

Birchall Branded as the Slayer of Benwell.

HE MUST DIE BY THE ROPE.

"I Am Not Guilty of Murder," Said the Condemned Man.

The Great Murder Trial at Woodstock, Ont., Ends in Victory for the Crown, and John Reginald Birchall, Must on Nov. 15, Yield Up His Life for That of the Friend He Shot in the Back in Blenheim Swamp — Birchall's Counsel Admitted That He Was a Knave, but Denied That Blood Was Upon His Hands. The Masterful Summing Up of Attorney Osler for the Crown — The Judge's Charge Was Strongly Against the Prisoner.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Sept. 30.—The famous Benwell murder trial came to an end at 11:30 o'clock last night and resulted in the conviction of J. Reginald Birchall on the charge of murder in the first degree.

The court adjourned at 9:55, but the jury did not go out. They remained in their seats and a guard was set over them. The crush of people was terrific. Outside it was almost impossible to get through the throng. Judge McMahon said quietly that he would come into court at 11:30 to hear the verdict, if reached at that time.

Judge McMahon was into the court at 11:30 and at once inquired if a verdict had been reached. The foreman of the jury replied in the affirmative. The judge sent for the prisoner and in a short time he was brought in, heavily ironed and placed in the box. The court was crowded to suffocation. When called upon the foreman arose and said the verdict was "Guilty." Mr. Birchall stood as he said that, but he spoke, and all in turn said "guilty." Then Judge McMahon addressed the prisoner, ending with the question whether he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him.

"I am Not Guilty."

All eyes were focused upon him. He gazed unflinchingly at the judge as he spoke, his voice was firm, his features composed, his glance as resolute as at any time during the long trial.

He said simply, "I am not guilty of the crime as charged."

Intense silence reigned through the court room. People held their breath to hear his words. His voice had a full, round sound without a tremor in it.

Judge McMahon then sentenced Birchall to be hanged in Woodstock jail yard Nov. 14, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Birchall was led out through the crowd as composedly as the most phlegmatic man in the court room.

Mr. Blackstock's Address.

The address of Mr. Blackstock to the jury for the defense was remarkable in that the attorney attacked the integrity of his own client, but alleged that no disbonesty did not prove that he was capable of murdering Benwell. He claimed that the prosecution had made no case against his client and asked the jury to give Birchall the benefit of the doubt. He said the prisoner's case was crippled at every turn because the prisoner was not able to stand the examination. He evidently had more than the prisoner was on trial, the country's institutions were on trial, whether we shall return to mob law or whether the newspapers or the jury shall try cases.

Trying to Discredit Testimony.

Mr. Blackstock said that Conductor Poole was mistaken as to the relative size of Birchall and Benwell, and said that Birchall would be measured to prove it; that he was mistaken as to their relative complexion and clothing. He told the jury to stand against accepting testimony not maliciously false, but honestly false. He referred to the enormous number of persons that Policeman Hay and News-Agent Duffy meet in the course of a year, and asked how it would be possible for them to remember any particular ones. He asked what motive under heaven there was for Birchall to sell Duffy his name was Smith. He pointed out discrepancies in the testimony of these two people, and insisted their evidence must be accepted with great care. Mr. Blackstock endeavored in the same way to cast discredit on statements made by Mrs. Lockhart and Choate concerning seeing Birchall and Benwell on the train. He endeavored to have the jury discredit their statements because there were discrepancies in them. Reaching Eastwood, he took up the evidence of Alice Smith. He sought to throw discredit on her statements because she did not at once recognize Birchall, but asked him if he was Somerset or Dudley.

The Murder a Mystery to Him, Too.

Mr. Blackstock evidently tried to prove that Birchall was not at Eastwood with Benwell on Feb. 17. He read extracts concerning a number of witnesses to show that heretofore many witnesses were agreed and yet were mistaken. He laid the greatest stress on this point, the pivotal point of the defense.

He dwelt strongly upon the salient points of the defense, the condition of the body, the bruises, the lack of mud on Benwell's boots, though Birchall's boots were muddy; the wandering about the country of suspicious persons during the week of the murder, and all other somewhat vague but suggestive points in the line of the defense, including the fact that these two men with money in their pockets passed many eating houses on the way, according to the theory of the crown, and that Benwell died with an empty stomach. He said the murder was an inscrutable mystery to him as to the jury, but prophesied that the mists would be cleared away by time. Mr. Blackstock spoke five and one-quarter hours. Mrs. Birchall was much affected by the address, but Birchall, who had listened calmly to all that was said, was as self possessed as ever.

Mr. Osler's Summing Up.

Mr. Osler began at 8:30 p. m. and spoke four hours. It was a pitiless arraignment of the prisoner. Step by step he traced the line of evidence from the time the Birchall-Benwell party left England. He showed how Birchall was in Oxford county in 1888, and became acquainted with the locality in which the body was found. Soon he came to the famous correspondence, including the letter written to Benwell's father three days after the murder. He said that Birchall deliberately lied in these letters, that there was no farm, no horses, no sale, no stock, all these specious tales were told to throw dust in the eyes to Canada, and that the letter of Feb. 20 was written to induce Col. Benwell to send £500. He told the jury there was no other possible explanation to these mysterious except the Blenheim swamp tragedy.

Not Written by a Fool.

"I would have you bear in mind," he said, "two important things. The false identity between the Dorchies and the object of the murder. That letter to Col. Benwell was not written by a fool. Nancy Dorchies was not the writer for £500 with the knowledge that Benwell was abroad in the country with equal postal facilities. The man who wrote that letter knew that Benwell was still in doubt, and that his hand would never more put pen to paper." Then Mr. Osler went into a series of questions, throwing into bold relief the statements in Birchall's letter of Feb. 20 that Benwell had taken counsel with a barrister in London; that he had practically left Benwell to several persons: "What are these persons?" he asked. "Produce one such man to whom he introduced Benwell. That man's testimony in the witness box would set Birchall free. What does Birchall mean by the firm of Birchall & Benwell? He means to be able to get the money. For one partner can get letters for the firm from the postoffice. He intended to forge the signature.

"And what a lurid light all this throws on the similarity of the signature at the Stafford house in Buffalo Sunday night before the murder! Where was Birchall on the 15th of February? We cannot hear him speak? With whom was he in company on that day? If he was shut up away from people, where was he? He dare not speak."

Deceit Was Everywhere.

Mr. Osler declared that he would have a right to call for the conviction of the prisoner on the testimony of the signature at the Stafford house in Buffalo Sunday night before the murder! Where was Birchall on the 15th of February? He dare not

THE HOUSE'S SCANDAL.

Investigation of the Charges Against Postmaster Wheat.

WHERE UNCLE SAM'S MONEY WENT

Large Profits on a Mail Contract—An Employe Who Did $67 Worth of Work and Drew $83 of It to Young Wheat—Strange Doings.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The investigation into certain charges made against the official character of Mr. Wheat, the postmaster of the house of representatives, was continued by the house committee on accounts. Representative Caswell (Wis.), representing Mr. Wheat, called the attention of the committee to the act making appropriations for the house postoffice, and contended that the phraseology of the act gave the postmaster the absolute right to use the whole amount ($5,000) appropriated for carrying the mails. The phraseology of the act had been changed a few years ago so that the postmaster was allowed to use the whole sum or "so much as may be necessary." Representative Spooner, the chairman of the committee, submitted a statement made by the clerk of the house, to show that the full sum had been appropriated annually since the Forty-third congress.

Ex-Postmaster Dalton Testifies.

Mr. Dalton who was postmaster of the house during the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses, testified that he had not considered any of the $5,000 as a perquisite for granting the contract. He had found that the contract could not be thoroughly carried out for less than the full appropriation, and he had given the contract for $5,000 to Mr. Culberson, who was his father-in-law. He had advanced about $1,800 to Mr. Culberson to purchase the horses and wagons to carry out the contract. Mr. Culberson had not paid him the full amount advanced, but had recently deeded him a lot to cover the sum remaining due. The witness said that he had had a conversation with Mr. Wheat about the time the latter became postmaster concerning the contract for carrying the mails and had told the latter how the contract had been granted.

Postmaster Wheat asked the witness if he had not assured him that Mr. Culberson "could give him $150 a month out of the mail contract and it would be all right." "Never, sir, never," was the reply.

Young Wheat's Alleged Soft Snap.

William K. Bradley testified that he had been sworn in as a messenger in the house postoffice in March last, but had never done any work there. Mr. Wheat's son had come to see him and had asked him if he wanted to make a few dollars by being sworn in as a messenger in the house postoffice to serve for a few days until a man from Dakota could arrive to take his place. The vacancy was caused by the discharge of an employe named Denny. Young Wheat agreed to give him $5 for serving for the few days. He served for three weeks and drew about $67 which he turned over to young Wheat with the exception of $5. Young Wheat had secured him an *indorsement on an application for a government* position as a further reward for his services. Wheat had then come to him again and asked him to represent a man named Frank Hall in the postoffice and he had agreed to do so. He drew $67 for representing Hall.

They Compromised on $10.

He asked Walter Wheat to divide the money but he refused to do so, and in the presence of Postmaster Wheat they had compromised on $10. The postmaster said something about having Mr. Caswell withdraw his indorsement if he insisted on having the money divided. The witness had been discharged from the postoffice, the reason being given that the propriety of having a substitute in the postoffice had been questioned.

What Wag Very Angry.

Walter Wheat, the witness said, had promised to do his work in the postoffice as well as the work he (Wheat) was doing.

W. H. Cadell testified that he had been an employe in the house postoffice. Mr. Culberson had told him how the mail contract was carried on and the witness had talked about it. Mr. Wheat was very angry, and wanted to know if the witness had given information about the contract to members of congress and newspaper reporters. The witness expected to be discharged at once, but was two months afterward transferred to the folding room. Witness said that the postmaster was overbearing to his employes.

Samuel Rosmer, assistant postmaster of the house, testified that he knew Walter Wheat was doing the work of two men. The postmaster, he said, was perhaps a little severe on his men. The witness knew of no instance where any employe of the postoffice had paid part of his salary to Walter Wheat. Several employes of the house postoffice testified that Mr. Wheat had always treated them well.

Went Down on His Knees.

J. E. Haven, another employe, testified that Mr. Wheat had been severe on him, and that Mr. Culberson had told him that Mr. Wheat did not allow enough money for the contract. Mr. Culberson, the witness said, had told him that he had paid Mr. Wheat over $700, and after the publication of this fact in the newspapers Walter Wheat had come to his room and begged Culberson on his knees to take back the money and hand it over to a third party, naming Samuel Fisher.

The chairman laid before the committee a letter from James M. Fisher stating that he had not agreed to take charge of the $700 of the contract money until charges made against the postmaster by an employe named McCord, a son of Congressman McCord, had been over. Fisher personally testified that Culberson had told him about paying $150 a month to Mr. Wheat out of the contract money. Walter Wheat had, the witness said, also admitted to him that his father was receiving $150 a month from Culberson. Mr. Enloe called the attention of the committee to the fact that there was no testimony that Fisher had agreed to receive the $700.

Mr. Culberson, the ex-contractor for the house mail, repeated his conversation with Walter Wheat, in which the latter, the witness said, had suggested that the witness take the $700 back and place it in the hands of Mr. Fisher until the charges brought against the postmaster by young McCord had been settled. The witness denied that he had told Mr. Haven that Walter Wheat had gone down on his knees and implored the witness to accept the money.

The Perquisite of the Office.

Representative Caswell took the stand and stated that Mr. Wheat was a constituent of his. He had been told by Dr. Fisher, who was assistant postmaster of the house under the Democratic administration, that there were perquisites to the postmaster's office amounting to between $6,000 and $12,000. The witness had told Mr. Wheat of this conversation and had looked over the statute relating to the mail contract appropriation with Mr. Bright, Mr. Wheat's counsel. They had concluded that if any surplus remained out of the $5,000 appropriated for the mail carrying that it should be turned into the treasury.

Richard J. Bright, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the senate, testified that Mr. Wheat had come to him for legal advice about the contract made with Mr. Culberson. Mr. Wheat had turned his money paid him by Mr. Culberson to the witness, and the latter had turned it into the treasury and obtained a receipt.

Young Mr. Wheat Explains.

Walter Wheat, the postmaster's son, testified to his conversation with Culberson about the contract. Culberson assured him that there was nothing wrong in the postmaster receiving $150 a month from him out of the mail contract money. Culberson, the witness stated, said that the money was his (Culberson's) and he could do what he pleased with it.

The witness suggested that the money paid the postmaster be placed in the hands of a third party until it should be ascertained whether the postmaster was entitled to it. Culberson said there was no necessity for this. The witness had not mentioned Mr. Fisher as the third party. In regard to the contract with Bradley, the witness said that at his father's request he had taken the place of a discharged employe, Denny, until his place could be filled. He worked extra in Denny's place and thought he was entitled to some pay for it, so he agreed with young Bradley to draw the pay, giving him $5 for doing so. His father, witness said, saw nothing wrong in this. He had given Bradley $10 at another time. The work that the witnessed performed in Denny's place did not conflict with his other work in the office.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The senate debated the conference report on the tariff bill, but took no action. A vote will probably be reached today.

THEY WANT THE FRANKLIN FUND.

The Heirs of Poor Richard Desire to Break His Will.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—In the orphans' court a petition was filed by the heirs of Benjamin Franklin praying that the sum of $160,000 now held by the board of city trusts, and known as the "Franklin fund," be turned over to them, the ground for the claim being that the provisions of Franklin's will are in violation of the law and therefore void. Under his will, probated in 1790, Benjamin Franklin bequeathed in trust to the cities of Philadelphia and Boston each the sum of £1,000, to be loaned in the form of loans at 5 per cent. interest to "married young artificers" not over the age of 25, to assist them in establishing themselves in business. Franklin had in view the accumulation of a large fund for the purposes specified in his will as the expiration of the period of 100 years, the remainder to be reinvested for another 100 years, the same provisions applying to Boston and Philadelphia.

The first 100 years having elapsed the city of Boston has swollen the nucleus of the bequest to about $4,000,000, but the Philadelphia fund has only reached about $160,000. The object of the suit is to compel the distribution of this fund to the heirs of Franklin descended through his only daughter, Sarah Franklin Bache. It is estimated that there are over fifty of the heirs in this city and vicinity. The contest is based on several grounds, among them what is known as the rule of perpetuities in common law. The law does not provide for the vesting of a legacy beyond the period of twenty-one years after the death of the legatee, except funds devoted to charity. It is distinctly claimed that Franklin's plan did not contemplate charity from the fact that interest was charged in the bequest, and it is to be decided in this city before steps are taken to secure the fund held in Boston, but notes has been served upon the trustees of the Boston fund to prevent any disbursement of it pending litigation.

Winter is Approaching.

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to insure the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES.

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

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Terms made known upon application.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

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LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT ST. STREET.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' Leagues.

At Buffalo—

Buffalo	3	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	5—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Buffalo, 12; Boston, 2. Errors: Buffalo, 7; Boston, 3. Batteries: Crane, Haddock and Kuehne; Conway and Murphy.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	0—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Pittsburg, 10; Philadelphia, 5. Errors: Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries: Galvin and Fields, Knell and Hallman.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	5—6
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Cleveland, 14; New York, 5. Errors: Cleveland, 1; New York, 2. Batteries: O'Brien and Snyder; Ewing and Brown.

At Chicago—

Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Chicago, 8; Brooklyn, 5. Errors: Chicago, 3; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Baldwin and Farrell; Weyhing and Kinslow.

National League.

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 11; New York, 8. Errors: Cincinnati, 2; New York, 2. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Sharrott and Buckley.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2

Base hits: Chicago, 9; Boston, 1. Errors: Chicago, 9; Boston, 3. Batteries: Hutchinson and Nagle, Nichols and Bennett.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 6. Errors: Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 6. Batteries: Anderson and Decker; Vickery, Gleason and Schriver.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0—5
Brooklyn	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0—6

Base hits: Cleveland, 6; Brooklyn, 11. Errors: Cleveland, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries: Beatin and Zimmer, Lovett and Clark.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players'	National.
Cleveland	300	300
Pittsburg	822	822
Chicago	746	746
Cincinnati	612	612
Buffalo	800	
Totals	3,280	1,980

American Association.

At Columbus—

Columbus	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—6
Rochester	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Columbus, 8; Rochester, 6. Errors: Columbus, 1; Rochester, 0. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor; Weyhing and McGuire.

At Louisville—

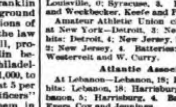
Louisville	1	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	8
Syracuse	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

Base hits: Louisville, 6; Syracuse, 7. Errors: Louisville, 3; Syracuse, 3. Batteries: Stratton and Weckbecker, Keefe and Fitz.

Amateur Athletic Union championship game at New York—Detroit, 1; New Jersey, 8. Base hits: Detroit, 4; New Jersey, 7. Errors: Detroit, 2; New Jersey, 4. Batteries: Codd and Walsh, Westervelt and W. Curry.

Atlantic Association.

At Lebanon—Lebanon, 18; Harrisburg, 11. Base hits: Lebanon, 18; Harrisburg, 11. Errors: Lebanon, 8; Harrisburg, 4. Batteries: Swift and Evers, Cox and Jennings.



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MISS JOSEPHINE MATTISON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Best of reference. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, pianiste, organist of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice trial from 11 to 1 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street. 9-5-1m

MISS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will resume her lessons in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application, address 51 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. F. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal music after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches a unique method of singing, as also that by the Italian Milan, and the Logier method of piano. Address 73 East Fifth street, Harrison. 8 22w

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, Soprano, Concert and Oratorio Steffanone and Albites, will resume lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 109 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Steffanone, of New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J., and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Chicago, Ill. 18-29w

MISS FAWCETT'S Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department thorough instruction is given, care being taken to render school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children on American and English history. Physiology, botany and geology. Lectures daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (PRIVATE.) 8 23tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY. Will re-open on Thursday, 18 September 18. The Kindergarten will reopen on Wednesday, October 1st. For particulars address Miss E. E. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18-1m

RODMAN SEMINARY, 25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. Miss R. C. DUDLEY, Principal. 8-13-2m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS And KINDERGARTEN. Miss Sylvester and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 Lafayette avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH

PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Canada Does Not Want the Schooner.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—An Ottawa special says: From what can be gathered in official circles here in regard to the report of the government cruiser Critic has made a serious mistake in seizing the American fishing schooner Davy Crockett at Souris, P. E. I., on the 20th inst. The commander of the Canadian cruisers were instructed to avoid making seizures unless under exceptional circumstances. It was the wish of the Dominion government that every cause that might raise a dispute over the Atlantic fisheries should be avoided this year while the Behring sea question was in the balance. The captain of the Critic has been requested to explain his action at once, and if there is a possible chance of clearing the seized schooner it will be done.

Two Deadly Explosions.

TORONTO, O., Sept. 30.—An explosion at the Acme Nobel powder works on the opposite bank of the Ohio river from this place completely demolishing the works and killed Ralph Bullock, who was making glycerine. Pieces of the building were thrown across the river. Loss to the owners, Milliken & Hagen, about $6,000.

BUCKEYE, N. D., Sept. 30.—The boiler of a steam thresher exploded here, killing Osmund Knutson and Charles Stein.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Scat Corn Killer on Earth; prepares Harden Corns or Bunions in three applications; is safe; makes walking a pleasure. Sold by druggists. Mailed, 15 cents. Manufactured only by W. H. MISNER & Co., Newark, N. J.

Little, But, Oh, My!

size's it good for

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Four Inch Havana Cigar with Sumatra wrapper for Five cents, at

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19 W. SECOND ST.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ask for them. They are good.

NEW FIRM

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DEALERS IN

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS,

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Sugar Cured Hams a Specialty.

TELEPHONE CALL 14.

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THE NORTH AVENUE GROCER,

PRICE TO CONSUMERS.

EUREKA MINERAL SPRING GINGER ALE.

20c bottle.....$2.25. per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen (plainor imported style)...15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLIAN TONIC.

(A healthful and delicious beverage—a mild laxative).

20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz

Vegetables and Fruit fresh every day.

NO. 57 NORTH AVENUE.

Opposite depot, the headquarters for first-class groceries.

JUST RECEIVED.

Canada Apples !!

NEW CALIFORNIA APRICOTS,

A CHOICE LOT AT A LOW PRICE.

Estelle, Taylor & Neuman,

79 BROADWAY.

DEMAREST,

—THE—

Park Avenue Grocer,

OUR MOTTO—"Lowest prices consistent with good quality and honest dealing."

PURE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

EXCELSIOR SUGAR-CURED HAMS

FERRIS BONELESS BACON.

Sole agent for the celebrated Pine Orchard Farm Creamery. Please call and examine goods and prices

P. M. Demarest,

126 PARK AVENUE.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter V. Weaver would inform their customers, and the public generally that they are only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

Marsh & Ayers.

NO 19 AND 19 1/2 PARK AVENUE.

Allen's Stage Line

FARE FIVE CENTS.

To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

Two cars will be established as rapidly as the business requires.

My present route is from the depot along Second street to Washington avenue. Beyond the borough limits as usual.

Connect with the 6: 9, 7:30 and 8:37 a. m. and 4:30 p. m. trains from Jersey City and the 9 a. m. and 6 p. m. return trips go direct to Washingtonville. Along the route which leave Jersey City at 11 a. m. and at 6 and 9 p. m.

Leave corner Front and Grove streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE

8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7:20, 9:40, a. m., 1:25, 5:40, 8:30 p. m.
Close—7:00 and 9:30 a. m., 1:25, 5:40 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND EASTON MAILS.

Arrive—8:40 a. m., 2:40, 6:30 p. m.
Close—7:30 a. m., 6:30 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9:30 to 10:30 a. m.
Mail closes at 6:45 p. m.

E. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5:37, 6:45, 7:45, 8:40, 9:40, 10:37, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m., 12:40, 2:40 a. m. Sunday, 5:37, 6:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 a. m., 12:40, 2:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Leave New York foot Liberty street at 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m., 12:45, 2:45 a. m. Sunday, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m., 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 p. m. Express trains for Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, New Brunswick, Princeton Junction, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Plainfield, Westfield, Fanwood, Scotch Plains, Netherwood, Grant Park, Roselle, Elizabeth, Newark and New York. Accommodation for Newark, Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, New Brunswick, Princeton Junction, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bound Brook, Somerville, Bridgewater, Dunellen, Plainfield, Westfield, Fanwood, Scotch Plains, Netherwood, Grant Park, Roselle, Elizabeth, Newark and New York. Passengers for Newark changeon at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6:45, 7:00, 8:07, 9:40, a. m., 12:00, 1:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:13 a. m., 4:40, 8:40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7:00, 7:40, 8:40, 11:00, 1:56, 3:40, 5:40, 8:40 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:13 a. m., 4:40, 8:40 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5:45, 7:00, 8:07, 9:40, a. m., 12:00, 1:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40, 11:40 p. m. Sunday at 5:45, 8:13 a. m., 4:40, 8:40 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

For Phillipsburg, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

5:00, a. m. For Phillipsburg, Branch Easton, 8:09, a. m. For Flemington D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Saugerties, Mauch Chunk 9:40 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Wyoming Valley, Upper Lehigh, Dryhon, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 1:59 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 3:40 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Branch Easton, 4:54 p. m. For D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Saugerties, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Reading, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Wyoming Valley, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre, 5:40 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 6:40, 8:40, 9:40 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Branch Easton, 10:40 a. m. For Flemington D. L. & W. R. R. Easton, Saugerties, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Reading, Shamokin, Williamsport, Scranton, Wyoming Valley, Upper Lehigh, Dryhon, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 11:40 p. m. For Phillipsburg, Branch Easton, 12:40 a. m. For High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk, Reading and Harrisburg, 2:40 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua and Pottsville, 2:40 a. m. For Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7:37, 8:05, 11:00, a. m., 12:07, 1:52, 3:37 p. m. Sundays at 8:37, 9:46 a. m. For Asbury Park at 7:37, 8:05 a. m., 12:07 p. m. Sundays at 8:37, 9:46 a. m. For Ocean Grove at 7:37, 8:05, 11:00, 11:05 a. m., 12:07, 1:52, 3:37, 7:03 p. m. Sundays 8:37, 9:46, 11:05 a. m., 7:03 p. m. For Atlantic City 7:37 a. m., 1:00 p. m. For Pleasure Bay 7:37, 8:05, 11:00, a. m., 1:00, 3:37 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 7:37, 8:45, 9:09 a. m., 12:58 p. m., 12:07, 1:52, 4:36, 5:36, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:37, 9:46 a. m., 12:07, 4:36, 5:36 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 7:37, 9:46, 11:58 a. m., 4:36, 5:36, 8:00 p. m. Sundays at 8:37, 9:46 a. m., 4:36, 5:36 p. m.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

J. E. WOOLVERTON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE—STRICTLY ON TIME:

Fast trip from Hillside ave. and Broad way—7:00 a. m. to meet 7:08 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave. and Broadway, 8 th ave., to Depot, thence to Crescent ave., to Park ave., to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.23 a. m. train
3d	10.00	do	10.07 do
4th	10.30	do	10.37 do
5th	11.00	do	11.07 do
6th	11.45	do	11.52 do
7th	1.00 p. m.	do	1.15 1.26 p. m.
8th	2.45	To the Post Office.	
9th	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th	4.30	do meet	4.51 p. m.
11th	5.45	do	5.57 do
12th	6.45	do	6.57 do

Stage will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, and Rockview and Mercer ave nue, North Plainfield, according to time above time table, for connection with trains.

Stage will make return trips over above route, leaving Depot at 7:30 a. m., 8:38 a. m., 9:45, 4:45, 5:36, 7:36 p. m. Sundays at 11:00, 9:45, 4:45, 5:45 p. m.

Horses and Carriages kept expressly for hire at all hours. Orders left at Higgins' Livery Stable will receive prompt attention.

Horses a specialty, for gentlemen and ladies' driving. Also for the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates.

H. A. DIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, rear 5th and 6th. Telephone Call.....1-367

Having purchased of Henry C. Drake the business known as the

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

14 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the most reliable manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage. Orders left at the store or at my residence will be promptly called for and delivered.

C. A. SNOWS, Prop.

Kline's Extracts,

Pure Fruit Flavors.

Carey's Fire-Proof Storage Warerooms.

I have the best, the cleanest, the largest and most thoroughly ventilated rooms in town, now ready to rent at the most reasonable prices.

TRUNKS, SEWING MACHINES and STOVES STORED FOR 25 cents per month.

CAREY'S FIRE-PROOF BLOCK,

CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

COAL LUMBER And Builders Supplies

LOOMIS & RICE

49 B'DWAY

Builders Cards.

JOHN ABBOTT,
Practical Carpenter and Builder, Estimates cheerfully furnished. Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview Front streets, Plainfield N. J. Specialty—First-class work. Interior Hard Wood Work. P. O Box 1544.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 877

B. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evergreen. P. O. Box 1293. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

Miscellaneous Cards.

ABEL S. TITSWORTH,
Life Insurance
procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

BARGAINS.
In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

T. E. MORGAN,
NEWSDEALER, STATIONERY
21 1-2 West Front street. ETC.,

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS
can be purchased at Edgewood Park, home rest street. Address
H. F. M. CHASE,
Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

Real Estate & Insurance

Edw. C. Mulford
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
MONEY TO LOAN ON 1ST. MORTGAGE
45 North avenue.

G R. Musgrave
Carpenter & Builder
Jobbing promptly tended to at
66 West Front st,
Opposite M. F. church,
RESIDENCE, 53 Madison avenue.

John P. Emmons
Successor to Emmons Bros.
Mason and Builder

Jos. T. Vail,
REAL ESTATE
AND
INSURANCE.
DEALER IN BLUE STONE FLAGGIN
49 North avenue.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 451.
W. J. Pearson, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 34 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

Professional Cards.

CLARK & REID,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MAHSE,
Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

E. R. VOORHEES, D. V. S.,
Veterinary Surgeon. 20 West Fourth avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours, 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 3, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44. Residence 104 West Front street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, also County Engineer, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Further east to all parts of the country. Residence, 11 West Fifth street.

JACKSON & CODDINGTON,
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of East Front avenue and Second street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect 287 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

Louis B. Coddington
(Successor to Tunis J. Covey.)
NO. 24 WEST FRONT STREET
and 32 Park avenue
P. O. Box 233.
FURNITURE AND FEE
EXPRESS
Satisfaction guaranteed. Large covered wagons. Goods sent to any part of the city or country. Please favor us with a call.

Geo. Conover,
FURNITURE AND FREIGHT EXPRESS
Furniture moved
To all parts of the city or country. Large covered trucks.
Pianos Moved
with care. Satisfaction guaranteed." Office 21 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 30 Sumner avenue, North Plainfield.

Wm. A. Woodruff,
INSURANCE
AND REAL ESTATE.
Money to Loan on approved security Front street and Park avenue.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co.
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLATER, Manger.

THE HOUSE'S SCANDAL.

Investigation of the Charges Against Postmaster Wheat.

WHERE UNCLE SAM'S MONEY WENT

Large Profits on a Mail Contract—An Employe Who Did $67 Worth of Work and Drew $67 of It to Young Wheat—Strange Doings.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The investigation into certain charges made against the official character of Mr. Wheat, the postmaster of the house of representatives, was continued by the house committee on accounts. Representative Caswell (Wis.), representing Mr. Wheat, called the attention of the committee to the act making appropriations for the house postoffice, and contended that the phraseology of the act gave the postmaster the absolute right to use the whole amount ($5,000) appropriated for carrying the mails. The phraseology of the act had been changed a few years ago so that the postmaster was allowed to use the whole sum or "so much as may be necessary." Representative Spooner, the chairman of the committee, submitted a statement made by the clerk of the house to show that the full sum had been appropriated annually since the Forty-third congress.

Ex-Postmaster Dalton Testifies.

Mr. Dalton who was postmaster of the house during the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses, testified that he had not considered any of the $5,000 as a perquisite for granting the contract. He had found that the contract could not be thoroughly carried out for less than the full appropriation, and he had given the contract for $5,000 to Mr. Culberson, who was his father-in-law. He had advanced about $1,800 to Mr. Culberson to purchase the horses and wagons to carry out the contract. Mr. Culberson had not paid him the full amount advanced, but had recently deeded him a lot to cover the sum remaining due. The witness said that he had had a conversation with Mr. Wheat about the time the latter became postmaster concerning the contract for carrying the mails and had told the latter how the contract had been granted.

Postmaster Wheat asked the witness if he had not assured him that Mr. Culberson "could give him $150 a month out of the mail contract and it would be all right." "Never, sir, never," was the reply.

Young Wheat's Alleged Soft Snap.

William E. Bradley testified that he had been sworn in as a messenger in the house postoffice in March last, but had never done any work there. Mr. Wheat's son had come to see him and had asked him if he wanted to make a few dollars by being sworn in as a messenger in the house postoffice to serve for a few days until a man from Dakota could arrive to take his place. The vacancy was caused by the discharge of an employe named Denny. Young Wheat agree to give him $5 for serving for the first few days. He served for three weeks and drew about $67 which he turned over to young Wheat with the exception of $5. Wheat had secured him an indorsement of his application for a appointment position as a further reward for his services. Walter Wheat had come to him again and asked him to represent a man named Frank Hall in the postoffice and he had agreed to do so. He drew $67 for representing Hall.

They Compromised on $10.

He asked Walter Wheat to divide the money but he refused to do so, and in the presence of Postmaster Wheat they had compromised on $10. The postmaster said something about having Mr. Caswell withdraw his indorsement if he insisted on having the money divided. The witness had been discharged from the postoffice, the reason being given that he (witness) was guilty of having a substitute in the postoffice had been questioned.

Wheat Was Very Angry.

Walter Wheat, the witness said, had promised to do his work in the postoffice as well as the work he (Wheat) was doing.

W. D. Cadett testified that he had been employed in the house postoffice. Mr. Culberson had told him how the mail contract was carried on and the witness had talked about it. Mr. Wheat was very angry, and wanted to know if the witness had given information about the contract to members of congress and newspaper reporters. The witness expected to be discharged at once, but as two months afterward transferred to the folding room. Witness said that the postmaster was overbearing to his employes.

Samuel Bowser, assistant postmaster of the house, testified that he knew Walter Wheat was doing the work of two men. The postmaster, he said, was perhaps a little severe on his men. The witness knew of no instance where any employe of the postoffice had paid part of his salary to Walter Wheat. Several employes of the house postoffice testified that Mr. Wheat had always treated them well.

Went Down on His Knees.

J. E. Haven, another employe, testified that Mr. Wheat had been severe on him, and that Mr. Culberson had told him that Mr. Wheat did not allow enough money for the contract. Mr. Culberson, the witness said, had told him that he had paid Mr. Wheat over $700, and after the publication of this fact in the newspapers Walter Wheat had come to his room and begged Culberson on his knees to take back the money and hand it over to a third party, naming James Fisher.

The statement before the committee a letter from James M. Fisher stating that he had not agreed to take charge of the $700 of the *contract money until charges made against the postmaster by a messenger* named McCord, a son of Congressman McCord, had blown over. Fisher personally testified that Culberson had told him about paying $150 a month to Mr. Wheat out of the contract money. Walter Wheat had, the witness said, also admitted to him that his father was receiving $150 a month from Culberson. Mr. Enloe called the attention of the committee to the fact that there was no testimony that Fisher had agreed to receive the $700.

Mr. Culberson, the ex-contractor for the house mail, repeated his conversation with Walter Wheat, in which the latter, the witness said, had suggested that the witness take the $700 back and place it in the hands of Mr. Fisher until the charges brought against the postmaster by young McCord had been settled. The witness denied that he had told Mr. Haven that Walter Wheat had gone down on his knees and implored the witness to accept the money.

The Perquisite of the Office.

Representative Caswell took the stand and stated that Mr. Wheat was a constituent of his. He had been told by Dr. Fisher, who was assistant postmaster of the house under the Democratic administration, that the latter were perquisites to the postmaster's office amounting to between $5,000 and $12,000. The witness had told Mr. Wheat of this conversation and had looked over the statute relating to the mail contract appropriation with Mr. Bright, Mr. Wheat's counsel. They had concluded that if any surplus remained out of the $5,000 appropriated for the mail carrying that it should be turned into the treasury.

Richard J. Bright, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the senate, testified that Mr. Wheat had come to him for legal advice about the contract made with Mr. Culberson. Mr. Wheat had turned over the money paid him by Mr. Culberson to the witness, and the latter had turned it into the treasury and obtained a receipt.

Young Mr. Wheat Explains.

Walter Wheat, the postmaster's son, testified to his conversation with Culberson about the contract. Culberson assured him that there was nothing wrong in the postmaster receiving $150 a month from him out of the mail contract money. Culberson, the witness stated, said that the money was his (Culberson's) and he could do what he pleased with it.

The witness suggested that the money paid the postmaster be placed in the hands of a third party until it should be ascertained whether the postmaster was entitled to it. Culberson said there was no necessity for this. The witness had not mentioned Mr. Fisher as the third party. In regard to the contract with Bradley, the witness said that at his father's request he had taken the place of a discharged employe, Denny, until his place could be filled. He worked extra in Denny's place and thought he was entitled to some pay for it, so he agreed with young Bradley to draw the pay, giving him $5 for doing so. His father, witness said, saw nothing wrong in this. He had given Bradley $10 at another time. The work that the witnessed performed in Denny's place did not conflict with his other work in the office.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The senate debated the conference report on the tariff bill, but took no action. A vote will probably be reached today.

THEY WANT THE FRANKLIN FUND.

The Heirs of Poor Richard Desire to Break His Will.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—In the orphans' court a petition was filed by the heirs of Benjamin Franklin praying that the sum of $100,000 now held by the board of city trusts, and known as the "Franklin fund," be turned over to them, the ground for the claim being that the provisions of Franklin's will are in violation of the law and therefore void. Under his will, premised in 1790, Benjamin Franklin bequeathed in trust to the cities of Philadelphia and Boston each the sum of £1,000, to be invested in the form of loans at 5 per cent. interest to young artificers not over the age of 25, to assist them in establishing themselves in business. Franklin had in view the accumulation of a large fund for the purposes specified in his will at the expiration of the period of 100 years, the remainder to be reinvested for another 100 years, the same provisions applying to Boston and Philadelphia.

The first 100 years having elapsed the city of Boston has swollen the nucleus of the bequest to $1,000,000, but the Philadelphia fund has only reached about $100,000. *The object of the suit is to compel* the distribution of this fund to the heirs of Franklin, descended through his only daughter, Sarah Franklin Bache. It is estimated that there are over fifty of the heirs in this city and vicinity. The contest is based on several grounds, among them what is known as the rule of perpetuities in common law. The law does not provide for the vesting of a legacy beyond the period of twenty-one years after the death of the legatee, except funds devoted to charity. It is distinctly claimed that Franklin's plan did not contemplate charity from the fact that interest was charged on the loans. The suit is to be decided in this city before steps are taken to secure the fund held in Boston, but notice has been served upon the trustees of the Boston fund to prevent any disbursement of it pending litigation.

Winter is Approaching.

And in order to keep warm and comfortable it is necessary to dress the feet in a warm pair of

SHOES

If you are in need of such an article it will be to your advantage to call at my store and examine my stock, as I have just received a new and fashionable line of Fall and Winter goods.

John J. Kenney,

COR. FRONT ST. and PARK AVE.

NOW OPEN

THE NEW

CLUB Stables

on West Sixth street, near Park avenue.

C. C. Brower & Co., Proprietors.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

given to trotting and road horses. Stables leased wholly to training and boarding purposes.

Terms made known upon application.

Our Fall Stock

of children's and boys clothing has just arrived. The goods and prices are right. Come and see them.

Schwed Brothers,

LEADING CLOTHIERS,

7 EAST FRONT ST. BRICK.

THE BASEBALL WORLD.

Players' Leagues.

At Buffalo.

Buffalo	1	0	0	1	0	0	5	0	4—7
Boston	3	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	0—7

Base hits: Buffalo, 10; Boston, 7. Errors: Buffalo, 7; Boston, 3. Batteries: Cunningham and Mack; Radbourne and Murphy.

At Pittsburg.

Pittsburg	1	0	1	0	2	0	2	1	0—7
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Pittsburg, 11; Philadelphia, 4. Errors: Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 1. Batteries: Staley and Fields, Knell and Hallman.

At Cleveland.

Cleveland	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0—3
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Cleveland, 14; New York, 5. Errors: Cleveland, 1; New York, 2. Batteries: O'Brien and Sutcliffe, Ewing and Brown.

At Chicago—

Chicago	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1—5
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Base hits: Chicago, 9; Brooklyn, 4. Errors: Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 1. Batteries: Baldwin and Farrell, Weyhing and Kinslow.

National League.

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Cincinnati, 11; New York, 8. Errors: Cincinnati, 3; New York, 4. Batteries: Rhines and Harrington, Sharrott and Buckley.

At Chicago—

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Base hits: Chicago, 5; Boston, 1. Errors: Chicago, 0; Boston, 2. Batteries: Hutchinson and Kogle, Nichols and Bennett.

At Pittsburg—

Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	1	5	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—8

Base hits: Pittsburg, 4; Philadelphia, 9. Errors: Pittsburg, 7; Philadelphia, 6. Batteries: Anderson and Decker; Vickery, Gleason and Schriver.

At Cleveland—

Cleveland	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0—5
Brooklyn	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	0—6

Base hits: Cleveland, 6; Brooklyn, 11. Errors: Cleveland, 3; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries: Beatin and Zimmer, Lovett and Clark.

The attendance was as follows:

	Players'.	National.
Cleveland	30	300
Pittsburg	500	321
Chicago	749	1,000
Cincinnati	—	612
Buffalo	600	—
Totals	1,239	1,933

American Association.

At Columbus—

Columbus	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—5
Rochester	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Base hits: Columbus, 9; Rochester, 4. Errors: Columbus, 1; Rochester, 6. Batteries: Chamberlain and O'Connor, Barr and McGuire.

At Louisville—

Louisville	1	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0—6
Syracuse	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1

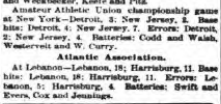
Base hits: Louisville, 6; Syracuse, 7. Errors: Louisville, 0; Syracuse, 3. Batteries: Stratton and Weckbecker, Keefe and Pitz.

Amateur Athletic Union championship game at New York—Detroit, 3; New Jersey, 1. Base hits: Detroit, 4; New Jersey, 7. Errors: Detroit, 2; New Jersey, 4. Batteries: Codd and Walsh, Westervelt and W. Curry.

At Toronto—

Atlantic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Toronto	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—1

At Lebanon—Lebanon, 18; Harrisburg, 11. Base hits: Lebanon, 18; Harrisburg, 11. Errors: Lebanon, 0; Harrisburg, 4. Batteries: Swift and Evers, Cox and Jennings.



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Safety Bicycles.

SOLE AGENT,

Geo. W. Morrison,

(At Randolph's Dyed Store.)

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ELOCUTION.

Pupils received in Elocution, classes or private. Terms reasonable. Address Miss. Alberta P. O. Box 1066.

MISS JEANNETTE MATHESON, Teacher of piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to scholars. Best of references. No. 147 Somerset Street.

MISS BLANCHE FELLOWS, soloist soprano of the First Presbyterian church, is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils in voice culture and method. Voice tried from 1 to 3 p. m., at her residence, 74 East Front street.

MRS JULIA JERMAIN KETCHAM will receive pupils in voice culture after Sept. 15. Circulars sent on application address 31 East Fifth street. 8 2w

MISS L. V. BABCOCK will take pupils in piano and vocal after Sept. 15th. Miss Babcock teaches on the method of singing as set forth by Randall Miller, and the Lyrics method of Geo. Bridge. Will receive a class in Harmony. Address 73 East Fifth street, Plainfield. 9 3 2w*

MRS. J. L. ANDERSON, pupil of Professors Stefanone and Childs, will receive lessons in vocal culture, at her residence, 109 West Front street, September 23rd. Mrs. Anderson refers among others, to Professors Stefanone, New York; Dorsey W. Hyde, of Nethewood, N. J.; and L. Gaston Gottschalk, of the Lyric School, Boston. 15-2w

MISS FAWCETT, Kindergarten and School, 48 Craig place (near Grove street) re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 17th, 1890. In each department of thorough instruction is given, care being taken to make school life attractive. Simple and interesting readings with the children. Also French and English History, Physiology, Zoology, and Botany. Calisthenics daily. Circulars on application. FRENCH CLASS in CHARGE of a COMPETENT TEACHER. (NATIVE.) 8 30tu*

PLAINFIELD SEMINARY.

Will re-open on Thursday, September 18. The Kindergarten will re-open on Wednesday, September 17th. For circulars address Miss E. S. Kenyon, Principal. 7-18 3m

RODMAN SEMINARY.

25 East Fifth street. For young ladies and children, will re-open September 17th. French and German taught by the Berlitz method. MRS. H. C. DINGEE, Principal. 8-15-3m*

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND KINDERGARTEN. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls and Kindergarten, 17 LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street, will reopen September 17th, 1890.

First Class Caterer.

ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH PROMPTNESS and DISPATCH.

STEPHENSON'S

42 NORTH AVENUE.

Canada Does Not Want the Schooner.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—An Ottawa special says: From what can be gathered in official circles here the captain of the government cruiser Critic has made a serious mistake in seizing the American fishing schooner Davy Crockett at Souris, P. E. I., on the 26th inst. The commander of Canadian cruisers were instructed to avoid making seizures unless under exceptional circumstances. It was the wish of the Dominion government that every cause that might make a dispute over the fishing industries should be avoided this year while the Behring sea question was in the balance. The captain of the Critic has been requested to explain his action at once, and if there is a possible chance of clearing the seized schooner it will be done.

Two Deadly Explosions.

TORONTO, O., Sept. 30.—An explosion at the Acme Torpedo company's works on the opposite bank of the Ohio river from this place completely demolishing the works and killed Ralph Schoff, who was making glycerine. Pieces of the building were thrown across the river. Loss to the owners, Milliken & Hagen, about $6,000.

BUXTON, N. D., Sept. 30.—The boiler of a steam threasher exploded here, killing Osmund Knutson and Charles Stein.

USE SCATTER-CORNS

Best Corn Killer on Earth; removes Hard and Soft Corns or Bunions in three applications; pain, soreness or cutting; keeps the feet comfortable; 15 cents at druggists. Sent by mail for 20 cents. Manufactured only by

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The Society Leader!

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129 W. SECOND ST.

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20c bottle.....$2.25 per doz.

1 Cask, 12 dozen pints (imported style).....15.00.

EUREKA SARSAPARILLEAN TONIC.

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P. M. Demarest,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Marsh & Ayers

Having bought out the entire stock, fixtures and good-will of Mr. Peter O'Connor would inform their customers, and the public generally that they do only first-class work and charge no fancy prices, but put down everything as low as possible, consistent with first-class work. A trial solicited, etc.

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To any point along the route within the limits of the Borough.

Will take passengers in time for morning and noon and will meet afternoon and evening trains.

All I want is encouragement to give a thoroughly first-class stage line.

New routes will be established as rapidly as the business warrants.

My present route is from the depot along Front street to Westfield and Grantwood. Beyond the borough limits, $1 extra.

Connect with the 6: 9, 7.30 and 8.37 a. m. trains for New York. On the 8.37 and 12 n. m. and 4 p. m. trains from New York to Plainfield.

Leave the trains which leave New York at 11 a. m. and at 4 and 6 p. m.

Leave corner Somerset and Front streets.

Comrade E. K. Allen.

PLEASE CUT OUT FOR REFERENCE 8-5-1y

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

NEW YORK MAILS.

Arrive—7.30, 8.00, a. m.; 12.15, 2.00, 5.30 p. m.

Close—7.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.30, 6.30 and 8 p. m.

SOMERVILLE AND RARTON MAILS.

Arrive—8.30 a. m., 2.45, 6.30 p. m.

Close—7.30 a. m., 4.40 p. m.

Direct mail to Trenton and Philadelphia at 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Office open from 9.30 to 10.30 a. m.

Mail closes at 8.40 p. m.

R. R. POPE, P. M.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty street

Time-table in effect June 22 nd 1890.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield at 5.37, 5.54, 6.36, 6.54, 7.30, 7.36, 7.56, 8.30, 8.45, 8.55, 9.37, 9.38, 10.05, 11.05, 11.30, 12.05, 12.30, 1.05, 1.30, 2.05, 2.30, 3.05, 3.30, 4.05, 4.30, 5.05, 5.30, 6.05, 6.30, 7.05, 7.30, 8.05, 8.30, 9.05, 9.30, 10.05, 10.30, 11.05, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 5.37, 6.54, 8.00, 8.55, 9.38, 10.05, 10.30, 11.05, 11.30 a. m. Leave Somerville 5.45, 6.03, 6.44, 7.03, 7.38, 7.44, 8.04, 8.38, 8.53, 9.45, 9.46, 10.13, 10.38, 11.13, 11.38, 12.13, 12.38, 1.13, 1.38, 2.13, 2.38, 3.13, 3.38, 4.13, 4.38, 5.13, 5.38, 6.13, 6.38, 7.13, 7.38, 8.13, 8.38, 9.13, 9.38, 10.13, 10.38, 11.13, 11.38 p. m. Sunday 6.45, 8.03, 8.53, 9.46, 10.13, 10.38, 11.13, 11.38 a. m. Leave Bound Brook 5.55, 6.13, 6.54, 7.13, 7.48, 7.54, 8.14, 8.48, 9.03, 9.55, 9.56, 10.23, 10.48, 11.23, 11.48, 12.23, 12.48, 1.23, 1.48, 2.23, 2.48, 3.23, 3.48, 4.23, 4.48, 5.23, 5.48, 6.23, 6.48, 7.23, 7.48, 8.23, 8.48, 9.23, 9.48, 10.23, 10.48, 11.23, 11.48 p. m. Sunday 7.55, 9.13, 10.03, 10.56, 11.23, 11.48 a. m. Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 7.00, 8.07, 9.42, a. m., 12.50 p. m., 3.08, 5.38 p. m. Sundays at 5.45 a.m., 4.05, 7.31 p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND LAKE HOPATCONG.

Leave Plainfield at 7.00, 7.40, 8.00, 9.35, 10.50 a.m., 12.50, 3.08, 5.38 p. m. Sunday 8.00 a. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

5.45 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

7.00, a. m. for High Bridge Branch Easton, 8.05, m. for Flemington, 8.07 a. m. for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk 9.42 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Delton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton 5.45 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc., 5.38 p. m. For Dover, Rockaway, Succasunna, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua Shamokin, Wilkesbarre, Scranton Reading, Harrisburg, etc., 6.38 p. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, 7.00 p. m. For Flemington, 8.38 p. m. For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk and Harrisburg, 8.00, p.m. for Easton, Bethlehem and Allentown Sundays 5.45 a. m. For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, 9.13 a. m. For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown and Mauch Chunk; Tamaqua Shamokin, etc., 8.05 p. m. For Dover, Rockaway, Succasunna, Mauch Chunk and Pottsville 8.38 for Easton, Bethlehem Allentown Mauch Chunk, Reading, Harrisburg, etc.

LONG BRANCH, OCEAN GROVE, ETC.

Leave Plainfield at 7.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 2.07, 3.31, 5.31 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8.12, a. m., 4.30 p.m. For Perth Amboy 7.37, 8.00 a.m. 2.07, 3.31, 5.31 p.m. Sundays 8.32, 7.05 p.m. For Keyport 8.32 p.m.

For Atlantic City 7.37 a. m., 1.00 p. m.

For Freehold 8.37, 8.00, 11.00, a. m. 1.00, 3.31 5.31, p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE

For Trenton and Philadelphia at 1.17, 5.15, 8.20 a.m., 12.56 m., 2.10, 4.30, 5.46, 6.54, 8.30, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.45, 8.20 a. m., 2.10, 4.08, 5.46, 8.55 p. m.

For Baltimore and Washington at 1.17, 5.46, 11.2 a. m., 2.10, 5.45, 6.54, 10.40 p. m. Sundays at 1.17, 5.45, 8.20 a. m., 2.10, 4.08, 5.46, 8.55 p. m.

H. S. HAUGHWOUT, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Higgins' Stage Line

TO BE RUN ON THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE-STRICTLY ON TIME:

First trip from Hillside ave. and Broad-way—7.30 a. m. to meet 7.56 a. m. train. Route—Hillside ave, and Broadway, Broadway 1 mile, to Second place; to Crescent ave.; to Park ave. to Depot.

2d trip	8.15 a. m.	to meet	8.33 a. m. train
3d do	9.15	do	9.33 do
4th do	10.00	do	10.27 do
5th do	11.00	do	11.24 do
6th do	12.00	do	12.27 p. m. do
7th do	1.00 p. m.	do	1.26 do
8th do	2.00	do	2.15 & 2.28 p. m.
9th do	3.30	do meet	3.51 p. m. train.
10th do	5.00	do do	5.20 do
11th do	6.00	do do	6.27 do
12th do	8.46	do do	7.08 do

Stages will also leave Plainfield avenue and 7th street, North Plainfield, according to the above time table, for Plainfield depot.

Stages will make return trips over all or one routes, leaving Plainfield depot as follows: 8.32, 9.32, 10.15, 11.30 a. m. 1.26, 2.26, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 p. m.

Stages will be at Carriages kept expressly for pleasure and calling purposes, to ride or drive to Funerals, Weddings and Parties.

Horses driven by the hour, day or week.

Horses after 7 o'clock in the evening, for Private parties, at moderate rates,

H. A. HIGGINS, Prop.

Stables on Sycamore street, between 5th and 6th. Telephone Call. 2. 1-27

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AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

24 East Front street, I desire to inform the public that from this date all laundry left will receive careful attention and prompt delivery. It will be done in the best possible manner. I respectfully solicit your patronage, assured by past success that it will be promptly called for and delivered.

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CORNER OF FRONT AND GROVE STREETS.

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Successor to Emmons Bros.

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W. J. PIERSON, No. 15 Vine street. H. E. Gayle, No. 84 East Second street. All work promptly attended to.

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Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Offices corner Front and Somerset streets.

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Veterinarian, No. 29 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 9 to 10 a. m., 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 p. m. Telephone call 44 Residence 104 West Front street.

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procured in any reputable company. Office North avenue, Plainfield.

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In wagons, carts, fertilizers, plows, harrows. Call and see the improvements on the Parvin iron wagon. John P. Wolfe, Race street, North Plainfield.

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DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS

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Plainfield, N. J., or apply to R. C. Mulford, Real Estate Broker. Call and see them. 500 feet above the sea level.

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To all parts of the city or country. Large covered wagons.

Pianos Moved

with care. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office 31 North avenue, opposite depot. Residence 64 Sackett, corner Seventh. Plainfield.

THE BELLES OF LONG AGO

LILLIE DEVEREUX BLAKE TELLS OF FAIR ONES OF OTHER DAYS.

Miss Emily Marshall, of Boston; Elizabeth Patterson, of Baltimore; Maria Ludlow, of New York; Octavia Walton, of New Orleans, and Others.

[Copyright by American Press Association.]

In a vision of fair women the beautiful belles I remember myself or who have been described to me by mother and grandmother reach back a century. First on the list is the famous Emily Marshall, of Boston. Her picture and a sketch of her life appeared in a recent publication, and I will only add here an anecdote related of her by my grandmother.

Miss Marshall was an exquisite blonde, with fair hair worn in natural curls, and a skin tinted like a peach blossom. She was one day walking on Broadway, New York, her white dress trimmed with blue ribbons, a wide straw hat shading her lovely eyes, when a sailor hurried up to her and asked her to please tell him where to find the Battery. With charming sweetness she gave the information and walked on. To her surprise at the next corner she met the same man, who asked the same question. Thinking she had not spoken plainly, she again pointed out the direction more distinctly and strolled on. At the third corner she once more met the sailor, who breathlessly put the thrice repeated query.

This time the young lady said in surprise: "I have twice answered that question. Did you not understand?"

"Oh, yes, miss, I understood," he answered, "but I would run round a block all day if I could see your pretty face at the corner."

He had made the circuit of three sides of the square while she had walked one, merely in order to gaze again on her loveliness.

The beautiful Elizabeth Patterson, of Baltimore, who married Jerome Bonaparte, the brother of the great Napoleon, must have been a radiant young creature at the time of her wedding. She was a veritable "daughter of the gods, divinely tall and most divinely fair." Her hair was chestnut, her eyes hazel, her complexion cream tinted. Her figure was perfect, and all the graceful outlines were plainly disclosed by the costume of that day. The extreme of the empire dress was then worn, short of waist, with skirt reaching only to the ankle, and so scant that there was just room to step in it.

Her wedding dress was of thinnest India gauze, heavily embroidered. Entirely without starch, it clung to every curve of her exquisite young form, as the underclothing was of the scantiest description, consisting, it was said, of only one long garment of mull. A cousin of my mother's who was present at the ceremony, when asked what the bride wore, said:

"I could have put all the clothes she had on in my waistcoat pocket."

It should be remembered that the waistcoat of that day had more generous pockets than the vest of today. I've never since classic times has any costume so scant of drapery been worn.

So let us think of the beautiful girl—as lovely a vision as ever wedding morn as has greeted mortal eyes since the days of Diana—remembering her thus rather than as the deserted wife, whose long life was shadowed to its last hour by the sorrows that wrecked her early hopes.

Quite of a different type was Maria Ludlow, of New York, a dainty, laughing, captivating coquette, who reigned in the early half of the century. Golden haired and blue eyed, she was one of those beings who are all men admire that see her, drawing masculine creatures to her as inevitably and as blindly as the scintillating flash of the electric light lures all that flies to destruction.

She was once visiting at a country seat on the Hudson in the summer days of more than fifty years ago. Of course every young man within the sphere of her influence was more or less in love with her, as was the case with Tom and Sam, staying at an adjoining place who were especially under her spell. One morning it was proposed by the girls in this family that they should make up a little picnic party, and that each one should go over and invite Maria.

At once Tom and Sam were both on their feet, ready to perform the pleasant duty of escorting her. Each regarded the other with jealous eyes, and as neither would let the other go alone they put a side saddle on a horse and started together, leading the animal.

The girls left behind wondered how the fair Maria would manage to keep the peace between her two lovers and almost feared some angry outbreak; but by and by the trio appeared, coming slowly down the woodland path, the sunlight and shade flickering over the pretty flushed face of the belle, who was seated on the horse, while on either side of her walked Tom and Sam, and, behold, each man was radiant with happiness!

How had she managed to content them both? Her waiting friends took the first opportunity to question her apart.

"Oh," she laughed, "it was very easy. Sam, you know, is a tailor's fellow and Tom is a great tailor, so I chatted with him, and that made him happy, but I let Sam, who was on the other side of the horse, hold my head."

Poor, pretty Maria! Her gay career was cut short, not by the orange flowered gates of matrimony, but by the cold portals of the tomb. She died while yet in the flush of her youth and beauty, and nancy a manly tear fell on her bier. In the course of time most of her lovers forgot her and were consoled by others, but Sam remained a bachelor through many long years for her sake.

The last of the remarkable belle that our country ever produced was Octavia Walton, of New Orleans. A small woman, with plump figure and expressive dark eyes, she had no especial good looks, and yet probably no girl ever aroused it so absolutely as she did. "Miss Walton has come" was information that threw men into a flutter, and wherever she went she was surrounded by a crowd of adorers.

It was said that her father was repeatedly offered free accommodations at the hotels of fashionable watering places, because wherever he came with his fascinating daughter an air of unmistakable fashion was given to the place, and so many young men would flock thither that the success of the establishment would be assured.

What was the secret of her charm? Flowers strewed her way; attentions of all sorts were lavished upon her. It was said that she received a hundred offers of marriage. What was the subtle magnetism that made her outshine all other women? She was not beautiful nor especially witty. My mother once asked a cousin who was utterly devoted to her what was the magic that made Miss Walton so attractive. He thought a moment with puzzled brow, and then said:

"I don't know, unless it is that she is so good natured."

This was probably the explanation of the mystery. She was a woman of great amiability and unparalleled tact. She knew how to make the people about her happy, how to say the right thing to each person, and was remarkably unselfish. On one occasion on board a steamboat, when she had half a dozen officers in attendance, she left them all to sit for an hour beside the reclining chair of an invalid, to while away a little of his suffering with her bright chat.

After several years of bethship Miss Walton married Dr. Levert, and was for a long time a social leader. Then the war deprived her of her fortune, and her later years were troubled with struggles, but to the very last she retained the graces of manner that made her famous.

Susan Pettigrew, of Charleston, S. C., was another celebrated southern belle before the war. She, too, was not especially beautiful. As she said of herself, she was "not pretty, but lots of style." Her figure was good, her gray eyes sparkled with intellect and she had admirable taste in dress. But it was as a wit that she especially shone, and her bon mots were quoted far and wide. Few of them survive. They were of the events of the day, as sparkling and as evanescent as the bubbles that danced on the waves of the bay in those vanished afternoons.

In the days when Charleston was the leading city of the south, and the St. Cecilia balls were the events of the season, before the war had come to destroy the ancient regime of southern society, as Miss Sue Pettigrew, and afterward as Mrs. Henry King, this graceful, brilliant woman was a power.

During the war and for some years later Olive Grossbeck, of Cincinnati, and Emily Schomberg, of Philadelphia, were each famous as being the most beautiful woman in her city. Season after season these two radiant women were each the sovereign of her own circle. Miss Grossbeck was tall and majestic, with dark hair and eyes. Miss Schomberg was of medium height, with round figure, blue eyes and brown ringlets—the one reigning as a stately queen, the other winning as a finished woman of the world.

The years went by. Scores of suitors wooed them, and still they remained unwedded, visiting the watering places in summer and queening it in the cities in the winter. It seemed as if each was reluctant to resign the scepter she had swayed so long, but matrimony at last caught them in its silken lure, and the crown of fair maidenhood was resigned for the bridal wreath.

LILLIE DEVEREUX BLAKE.

SARA BERNHARDT IN NEW YORK.

She Gives a Queer Order to a Modiste and Displays a Temper Not on the Ritz.

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A characteristic story has been related to the writer that is interesting in more ways than one.

It appears that a few years ago a well bred French girl fell in love with and married a French officer. The latter dying soon afterward, the young widow, having no means of support, applied for a position at Worth's, the famous Parisian milliner, and as a supposed expert was assigned to one of the departments in the establishment. Practically she was inexperienced, but she hoped to obtain, enough knowledge of the business to enable her to go elsewhere, and as a pupil of the great master of fashion secure a patronage of her own. For a week or two everything passed off well, but one day the superintendent gave her as a task the plaiting of a peculiar piece of goods that required great skill. The young debutante went about it with trepidation, and her hands trembled as she plied the needle. Looking up from her work she caught the sharp eyes of one of the forewomen watching her intently. "Ah! you are no modiste," exclaimed the latter; "you do not know your business. Why have you come here?" "In order to learn it, madame," was the tearful reply. "I wish to go to America and become a modiste there." "Then you shall, ma chere ami; I will teach you myself."

In due time the object of the young widow's ambition was achieved, and she found herself in New York, engaged in fairly profitable work. A few months after her coming Sara Bernhardt also arrived here. One morning the latter found upon her dressing table a letter from the Parisian modiste asking madame as a countrywoman to allow her to make any alterations in her costumes that might be required during her stay in America, adding that it would be of immense advantage in her business to be known as Miss. Bernhardt's costumer.

Much to her surprise and delight the next morning's mail brought a reply from Bernhardt, with a request that she would call at the hotel at a certain hour. Responding punctually to the summons she was shown into the apartments of the divine Sara, and found her in full costume standing before a mirror, apparently enraged and tearing her passion to tatters.

Taking no notice of the young woman's arrival the tragedian went on with her rehearsal, for such it was. She stripped her long white gloves from her hands, stamped upon them, pranced around the room, tore her hair, and, in short, frightened the poor little modiste, who expected every moment to be seized and dashed upon the floor.

When this display of temper was over Bernhardt turned to the young woman, a smiling face, and extending both hands gave her a warm welcome. Then, looking at her coquettishly, she said: "Yes, quite pretty, and I want you to do something for me; I wish you to make me a bonnet, and yet not a bonnet, a mantle, and yet not a mantle, a sleeve, and yet not a sleeve; you understand? That is my order."

Her visitor looked nonplussed for a moment, and then with all her French naivete she replied: "Oui, madame. Madame is an artiste; I also am an artiste; I know what you want."

"I wish to wear my bonnet in the garden where I go to find my lover. I do not want him to see my face until I am ready for it; then, by a sudden movement, I wish him to recognize me —you understand?" "Oui, madame, very well." The French woman made her adieu, when Bernhardt rushed impulsively after her and exclaimed, "Ah, mon Dieu, I forgot a wreath of flowers, a long garland—something original!" And with this remarkable order the visitor took her departure.

The "bonnet, yet not a bonnet," the "mantle, and not a mantle," the "sleeve, yet not a sleeve," with a wreath of Marguerites, were brought in a few days for the inspection of the fair Sara, and proved not only acceptable, but, as a woman would say, "enchanting." In her delight Bernhardt threw her arms around the now happy modiste, and exclaimed: "Yes, you are indeed an artiste, and I am your friend for life. You shall go to Paris with me and I shall make your fortune! Here, take my purse, and until we leave this country together use my name to your own advantage."

A few months later Bernhardt kept her word, paid all the expenses of the woman who had thus served her, and on arriving in France gave her such an introduction both among French and Americans as insured her substantial patronage. G. W. M.

The Fashions of Paris.

Paris magasins are now doing a thriving business, particularly with the American buyers, who are beginning to fit forward their houses, and some notably beautiful costumes are shown. The pannier and hoops are slyly introduced, and flounces and foot ruches and volantes of several styles are seen.

Some lovely dinner and reception dresses are seen, of two of which I furnish pictures. One is of pink surah, richly embroidered in black chenille, with sleeves, corsage drapery and side panel

DINNER AND RECEPTION TOILETS.

in black Spanish lace. Rich satin ribbons form flots on each side at the hips. Black dressed kid gloves are worn with this.

Another is of pale blue surah front, opening over a finely plaited fall of Mexico Chine, and with a rich galloon of Persian coloring along the two front breadths. The waist is made with a vest of the crepe and white lace, ornamented with the same kind of galloon. The back of the dress is en train of wine colored faille, and the front sides are also of the same, making altogether a most elegant toilet.

A handsome promenade costume is made of slate gray faille cloth, richly embroidered in black silk and gray of a lighter shade than the material. There are great black gros grain bows, with jet and silk pignets, and the embroidery is also carried out on the pointed basque and on the pretty cape, which is worn with it. The sleeves and collar are of velvet.

Another very stylish home dress is of flexible camel's hair in prune color, for

HOME AND PROMENADE COSTUMES.

young lady, and it is open in the back, with a jersey fitting corsage trimmed with braiding, which also is used on the underskirt which shows slightly beneath the drapery.

The newest fancy in trimming the fall bonnets and capotes is to have them represent as closely as possible the helmet of Mercury, with the wings standing out as if ready to fly away.

PILATE'S JUDGMENT.

RECORD OF THE SENTENCE PASSED AGAINST JESUS OF NAZARETH.

The Near Accordance Between the Records Given in the Historical Document and Those Stated in the Gospels. Discovery of the Record.

The following is a correct transcript of the most memorable judicial sentence which has ever been uttered by human lips in the annals of the world. This curious document was discovered A. D. 1280, in the city of Aquill in the kingdom of Naples, in the course of a search made for the discovery of Roman antiquities, and it remained there until it was found by the commissaries of art in the French army of Italy. Up to the time of the campaign in southern Italy it was preserved in the sacristy of the Carthusians, near Naples, where it was kept in a box of ebony. Since then the relic has been kept in Conchiglio Caserta. The Carthusians obtained by petition leave that the plate might be kept by them as an acknowledgment of the sacrifices which they had made for the French army. The French translation was made literally by members of the commission of art. Denon had a facsimile of the plate engraved, which was bought by Lord Howard, on the sale of his cabinet, for 2,890 francs.

There seems to be no historical doubt as to the authenticity of this document, and it is obvious to remark that the reasons of the sentence correspond exactly with those recorded in the Gospels. The sentence itself runs as follows:

Sentence pronounced by Pontius Pilate, Imperial Governor of Judea, that Jesus of Nazareth shall suffer death by the cross. In the seventeenth year of the reign of Tiberius Cæsar, and on the 25th day of March, in the most holy city of Jerusalem, during the Pontificate of Annas and Caiaphas, Pontius Pilate, Governor of the Province of Lower Galilee, sitting in judgment in the presidential chair of the prætor, sentences Jesus of Nazareth to death on a cross, between two robbers, as the numerous testimonies of the people prove that—1. Jesus is a misleader. 2. He has excited the people to sedition. 3. He is an enemy to the laws. 4. He calls himself the Son of God. 5. He calls himself falsely the King of Israel. 6. He went to the Temple followed by a multitude carrying palms in their hands.

It likewise orders the first centurion, Quirinius Cornelius, to bring him to the place of execution, and forbids all persons, rich or poor, to prevent the execution of Jesus. The witnesses who have signed the accusation against Jesus are: (1) Daniel Robani, a Pharisee; (2) John Zorobabel. (3) Raphael Robani, (4) Capet. Finally it orders that the said Jesus be taken out of Jerusalem through the gate of Tournea.—Kolnische Zeitung.

Deodands.

According to ancient custom whatever chattel was the immediate occasion of the death of any reasonable creature became forfeited to holy church, and was applied before the reformation toward obtaining masses for the soul of the deceased.

These forfeited articles were called deodands, from Deo-dandum (to be given to God), and Britton tells us in his "Pleas of the Crown" that the intention of the forfeiture was that nothing which was the immediate cause of so awful an event as the death of a rational creature should seem to go unpunished; but this assertion of the early lawyer has been much disputed, for the law allowed no deodand upon the death of an infant under years of discretion—thus favoring the idea that the intention of these forfeitures was simply to procure the means of conducting a religious ceremony after the death, and for the benefit of the soul of the deceased; for no mass or other purgation was necessary upon the death of an infant.

The rules relating to deodands are not by any means free from obscurity, either as to their origin or intention. If anything without motion was the cause of death only that part of it immediately connected with the death was forfeited; but if the body was actually in motion the whole of it became a deodand.

Thus, when a man climbing into a cart at rest, fell off the wheel and was killed, the wheel only was the king's property; but when in another case the cart was moving at the time of the accident, the whole of it, with its load, was forfeited.

The golden rule about these forfeitures was, "whatsoever moves to the death is a deodand," and in the quaint old book called "Termes de la Ley" it is thus expressed:

Whatsoever moved to kill the dead
Is deodand and forfeited.

The most curious illustration of this rule is to be found in an ancient case where a man fell from a mill wheel into the stream and was drowned. Every part of the machinery actually in motion at the time was declared to be a deodand; that at rest, not.—Green Bag.

Three of a Kind.

In one of the interior counties of Maine a case was called that had long been in litigation. The chief justice, who at that time was plain Judge Peters, thought it impracticable to keep the suit longer in court, and so proposed a method to refer the matter. After due deliberation they assented, agreeing to refer the case to three honest men. With a grave smile, in perfect keeping with judicial dignity, Judge Peters said that he would have involved certain legal points which would require one of the referees, at least, to have some knowledge of law; therefore he would suggest the propriety of their selecting one lawyer and two honest men!—Solicitors' Journal.

Dr. Johnson's Prayer for a Law Student.

This unique petition was written Sept. 26, 1765:

Almighty God, the giver of wisdom, without whose blessing human arts are vain, without whose bleasing words are ineffectual, without whose influence the mind is dark, grant me, if it be thy will, to retain such knowledge as may qualify me for the profession to which I am destined, to preserve me from all corruption, to direct my intentions, and prosper my endeavors to the good of mankind, and grant that I may on that knowledge which I shall acquire so study and live as may ever administer, for Jesus Christ's sake. Amen.

One More Ball.

"Well," said an Irish attorney, "if it plase the court, if I am wrong in this I have another point that is equally conclusive."—Irish Law Times.

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